THE

ENGLISH URDU

TRANSLATORS COMPANION,

IN THE BONAN CHARACTER.

1116

MUNSHI DURGA PRASABO

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PHINTED AT THE MEDICAL HALL, BENARES.

MAY BE HAD OF

HARBANS DAYAL, PIARI KALÁN, BENARES.

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All rights Warred.

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PREPART

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The legal sense in which a word or phrase is used, has, for facility of reference, been distinguished by putting the sense "Law" within parenthesis opposite to the meaning.

The addition of occasional illustrative sentences and phases with their translations, will, it is hoped, prove an aptroble, relative large collection of idiomatic phrases, with their appropriate Urdu renderings, marks an important feature of the work.

To enhance the value of the Computation, repieus ad historias useful Latin and other foreign terms and phrases have been made to it, and foot-notes calculated to help the native students have been given.

. Simplicity of language has been studion-ly observed every in cases where Arabia or Passian words have now horsens to familiar to be avoided or changed without the risk of making the senso unintelligible or observe.

The occasional use of familier Hinds wads will it as hep-of be only looked upon as an additional advantage.

To suit the convenience of all classes of reaches, the next in a have, as a rule, been given in the Roman character, and acceptare of transliteration, so as to ensure correct pronouncities of the Urdii and Hinrif vocables, has been nimed at the sighous.

Nothing has been left undone to make the work acceptable to the public,—proviouslarly to the junior and other officers in the Civil Service; to the Advocates and other legal practitatores of a nected with the High Courts and the courts subordinate to them to native Judicial officers in every Department of the service; Civil, Oriminal, and Revenue; to the Translators completed a public officer; and to such students of English as may be setting desirous to train themselves as by it translators, or more otherwise stand in need of a good English-Urdü Dictionery for practical apurposes.

Prognent no has been made of the Kirber's Emilish and Hudusting Dictionary Iv. Fallen's New English Hudustant

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and Ambie words. In all them summed have a aplets, I true was

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To my kind indocriters, upon whose putiones I have back targety to draw wave souding out the first portion of the work in August, 1854, I must sincerely applicates for this long ligh alregether max-subble dring.

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Humanes, Plant Kalau,

Humanes, Plant Kalau,

DURUA PRASAD.



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^{*}When initial, place the mark f.) before the rosel, and when smal, after it.

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THE

ENGLISH-URDU

TRANSLATOR'S COMPANION.

A.

Abandon, v. t. 1.—Bid-kul tark k.; kulliyatan chhor d.; tamām tar dant-bardūr h.; baz and ; kist so laphw (ta'alluq yā wasta) bi l'kul abhor d.; tark k.; chhor d. To chandon a hopolesa enterprise—Kistaise kar-i aham ko bi l-kul oblor d. lis

man kam yahi ki mumod maho. [mhhor

was "Reflected, and generally in a bad sense;" Hickory,

To elemine one's off to stee-Apolityth broughtfar badt med fald, both for teach upon he is tord mad b, bidli spur gibit mad he rube.

Abandaned, p. et. I. I see la gair no bel kulubbay dees ha; be-chirky; njay An alesdonie villega - the chirky what were mener' posto bashindan as use

b) | kul chhopdiya bo L.-.'Adı, musulan badı ka ; nilıkyst (bahat hi) bad; jo gunâh kurne

rated an rule : nish hark hi juko nadharus Li umined na ho; mardad, chaupate []iske sadharas ki ummed na ho
An abandored routh - Alse mai junch jo borsyi ka adi ho; nish isal bal junch

An abundance from - Alse uni junes jo burny ka aut no; was uno de junes.

Abundancent, s. 1 - Hi l-kal althor d.; turb-i mutlaq; yak-qalum dantburdari, althor d. 3 a chhor diya jauk-

2.—Kisî da'we ya haqqi ri'kyati se dad bardari; kisi alsa shakhs ku apri khwahish se chlor d. jisse kiyi rishta-i kliss hu, masalsu jura

khamao ya larku ko.

Almie, r. t. 1. - Girthnä; kam k.; tekhtif k.; was' ya minhà k.; bur-tar halat ya bure shumar khoan durjo wagaira se ghala-kar adua halat wagaira med kar-d.

To mosto a domand – Ris' motalaba ko ghatana (kam ya tukhiti k.)

2.—(Leve) Zžil k.; nest-o nichūd k.; săqit k. (kerd. To alair a public nusana.—Kid ana Philiph-bakit l'awam ko nest-oug-bād

3.—(Lan) Kiel shai mad karat k.: kiel chie ku ghajé d.

Lugacion are liable to be obaced, entirely or in proportion, upon the deficiency of ansata-adacabilistantan affick to the libral was past and billing ye insuliabilists and billing the insuliabilists and billing the insuliability and the second billing the second control of the second c

To udate a ten.—Kint rocked to bid but 38 bishqadar obbey d. 7% uni M k.

Abata, " I Tibel jank; kam hojana, t pt ya webit teen ben Trojana; mbital pur h

This print professed at least of effect on fights of the his classes have his hand in the first of the high

2 (Inm) Kal'ndam hojint sapt hojine, not to just evilation blumarch page, liktly u skil hojine; booket tak har out his ale tom nakus

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A legacy to a charge class not noise by the abla to some of who kinds he was all the beautiful abla to be abla by a collaboration of the collaboration of th

Abatoment, v. 1.— Ki i ton randi ja tahlil dili olumbi hisa met dipik jet i (nikulwa yazirwa dipi jana).

2. Kaim (taklifit ya inbitat) jishe tang 38 dard ne u

3. Minhay), ban', an i-madrers; solvinger, policide de servers kar dire funcia (chafa dire fanta), que qu'ha hope celes d'al millone kam kar di fanci kami printis.

4. (Lande Singlet, ranklitin kin pilo, energie errar, had bet, ort. Albrovanto, or a Muchitumi k., the chiki; shiftener ye director medical kin market ka

Abbroxintion, a 1.- Mulhtume l, 34 ghat ma, islands

2. Kimi lita ya 'tistat ki wali mit il prod tiere man dea providet ka lia'd rah jawa y wali limit ya limist jo bira pira kito di ja jak ota man kiyo jawah i a ga

Oxf for Oxford; U. S. A. for I noted Section of America

Abdicate, v. t. 1. Kiel shul ki nishut intilipse and der we deat to be the highest another without dishort dishort dishort and interest in the high indication derivative dishort dish

2.—Miadi mu'ayana ko pahlo wa bila alahai estiska ahati bila rast-mandy 'ata kumudgan ke kisi 'uhda ya sipura dan sa kara ko hi l-kul cidog d.; taj i shahi ke ba qa'ida muutani kara ka pahis

takht so kulliyahan kanāra kade li.

3. - Lacda'wa kar-ko ghar ao hhārij kar d. (nikāl d.), 19.09 1310 k. apno beys ko; muhjubu lirs (wirdat so mahrum) k. [[10.0]]
Abduct, v. c. (Thou ya zabur dastī so bhāgā to tanā jimā jida tarki par ti

Abduction, w (Law) Kust barke klassib na bolig vi enga a er me ka tar it.
ya barmala tashaddud ke zarie so blaga le jana (enkal le ja i)

Abductor, n. Woh shakhs jo kisi lujke ya nh ludiy waga m no terebou khwah ba-zari a i-tergio-dihi ya teshaddud bisya Logaco, bisaga io-jano-w.; nikal le-jano-w.

Abet, v. t. 1 — Imdad ya taqwiyat ao anbara d.

"Formerly used in a good, but now chiefly in a had, seems," Webster

2.—(Law) Jurm ke irlikāb men taqwīyat selih yā turyib d. hiro li bahkānā; igwā k.; kiel li'l-i-mujrim ana men l'auat k.; anasta ;i-se angekāta yā kharā) k.; sikhāna-parhāna. Abelment, v. (Low) l'aint; irtikäb i-jurn khwäh fi'l-i-mujrin-ana meh i aint taigib yli solah wagaira.

distinct of an offence- l'anat i jurn.

Addition of an abstract - Canal mon Caust; kief jurm ki targib dilit ki targib, abstract by conspincy - Canal ba mashwara, apas men bambah kareke kin jurm ka irtikah ki targib d.

Abetted, p. p. (Law) lisks under targib ya taqwiyat wagaira di goys ho; mu'an fili; jis men unabal di payi ho. [1917] ho

The offence abetted—durin i mu'anofili; web jurm jieke karne ke torgili di Abetter, n. (Lam) Mu'in ya mu'awin-i jurm; mugwi; bahkane w.; web shakhs je duste ke jurm ke murtakih hone ke liye (uske karne ke liye) bahlawa khwah tergih madad ya taqwiyat de.

Withter.

Aboyance, m. (Imm) Qandu ke rii ao kisi shai ki ummed ya usha intistr; ta'utuli; iltiwa, ma'dumiyat i 'unat; kisi umr kik uniltari ya chand toa tak ma'dum tahut ya'ui waqii' men in ana

for "Intendity, refer to each organ long time with the month open. Expertation in contemplation of law, e.g., when there is no person in whom an inheritance can vest, its said to be in absence, i.e., in expert arous the law always considering at potentially existing, and ready to vest whenever a proper owner appears." Also, "suspension or temperary estimation." Rendering History.

To be, exceede, in elegance Multarile, ya nebud pomicina diiwa mwa enbug Abida, n. 7. 1 — Ta charusa (kial jingah par rulung umakan puzin be; rubuu, mukupat di birya. L

I. Kim knottent yn belet mod raldt godain yn maelett rulmu;

mustagd aur la tajum rahud; barabur gaun rahus.

To adde by a contract - beer and about (qual a queen) per still qualem raint. To adde by the readence of a witness, or by the decision of a court - Kiel wards by about data in "additable facials par have k, for per harabor quien rains klowch take parbonds k)

Abide v. t. 1. - Kwi ka muntazir rahna, ki i bat ko liye musta'ld ya

Smidderahme; mticar men taluis

2. - Salma, har dacht la ; kast halut und exhit-quilum rahus; exbr ko kith tuhammui la ya mutahumuni la.

or stand to; as to atake by a promise to adhere to, maintain, defend, or stand to; as to atake by a promise or a friend; on, to suffer the consequences; as, in abide by the event, that is, to be used on permanent in a particular condition." Webster.

Ability, p. 1.—Qüluliyat ; llydqat ; selähiyat ; quwwat ya tăqat—'dan 6. 1860 ki woh silini ho ya jismäni; lmisiyat ya gunjâsh ; taqat husas ; ya sar wagulen ka ha-qadar-i kati rahna.

3. ...(Law) lightiyar ya iqtidax i qanani; ba's umur ke karne ka iqtidax

ya istihajiq, salahiyat-rasima.

The testator's ability to give away his property council by doubled alight meh shubha nabih ho-saktit ki musi ko ujud jae diyi ke mantagit kao di us kā iķhtiyar i gandin hadl tha.

Opposed to disability.

3 .- pl. Zihni täqat , qabiliyat ; liyaqat.

AR INITIO, (Lat.) Shuru' so; ibtula au; pable se; ann se. These proceedings are void ab inten - Yab kai tanaly the shirt of his or had adam Abintestato, a. (Law) In shakha hilk wasigat mara ine neka tarka with satan pano w.; bila wasiyat maras w.

Abintestate, n. (Law) Woh shakhs jiska kist aise mutawalla ku tarka

wirdsatan mile jo koyî wasiyat na kar-gaya he.

Able, a. 1.—Kafi junami togat r. w., neo khith zihof ja jednäm quinna i ho; lãiq yā luyiq; fâiq; qābil.

2.—Ma'ishat ya ma'ash-ikasir r.w.; si-latita'at : sahib i ii a'ash ;

ahl-rjae-dād, zi-maqdur; sālub r-mandur; mustati.

3.—(Law) disc inteler ya quidilyat i quinci ilog qandat salabiyat r. พ. : ๆฉักแบลน เกลเลียง

4 - Jiso kusi qismi ki qilbiliyat ya salahiyat ha.

Ablution, m. Dhond-kinn-ident farkizet mediade ke angun ber tekang mest t Jism kā dhonā, gual, mhān.

Abnormal, a, Calule ke mutable nahiti; hist gamen ya seesde ke khilist, be-qu'ida; be-sarishta; be catata-

Abode, n. Jao-qiyan ; muskan ; jav-kukunat , rahm ki jasah.

Abolish, v. t. Wight mile de; band k.; mannet k., marrakh musterada ya nest-o-na-bud k.; ka l'adam k.; maad h.; phir gain na caine d

(4) "Applied chiefly and appropriately to regulablical last a, is six set a rites, customs, and institutions. Weither.

Abolition, a. Istirdad; tardad, manoaklas; manopalis istinals ugas d., mita d.; dür-daf'k.

AB ORIGINE, (Lat.) Jar so; bunyad so; shurti so.

Abortion, n. Isquit-hamal, hamal ha and k.; pet glid d.

Abortive, a. -1. Jo khām midd ho ya kham ki hātest rund zuhar med awe, jiski banawat naqis ho, jirmen katu yati im ho, pa-o kuchir sud (natijn ya natu) na ho; racyan; hofanda; locku: jezo kushir hāsil na ho, la hāsel.

2 .-- Muzil-i-hamul; jiese mont i-hamat ho; jinsa pet per par.

Abortus inchicines - Aist danneit june ingat-i-haumt he. luharla h Abound, v a Babut ya bari kusrat no hi, babut hi jari hi, beling hi Where su abounds-Jahai gunah bahut he.

2.—Migdar i-kasa r.; kasrat se rakhna ya hone; umranina, binasa

Followed by with or in.

Fishes abound in the point - Us talab men machilly the liber, therear or beats. The pend abounds with fisher - With talab machility in as interaction.

About, prep 1 -- Kisi shai ki bahari taraf sath pur ya weke apar i sha ron-taraf; gird-ba-gird; har chahar-taraf; gird. 2.2-Kisi ko mukhtalif hisson wan; utraf i mukhtalifa ruch; ja ba

jā; kisī jagah men; sārī jagah men.

3. - Kiel ke razdik va garch ; dar par pahla, naralk : fagah waat on migdar wagerra ke libas se mindik, quith; queth partir, robb will su; kins a lush; thork balut, kamildarlib.

Much used in mexact or approximative digeneral ." Webbs d - Kist kan med magritt vå liga ling; krit fill kir kerni fort gang ta'nl va imada.

What are you about ! Then his kare to is nearly light to " Then had keet about " He is about to that . With in spray, par tought of should have with his abou hun chalità har ; natib harkt with ranna his

5. Nichat: hab men; dur hab, mutabiling; habet.

He knows nothing about that matter . I el at he mades tooks tooks eller the not I talket use him ble mallem rection has

bout, ada l. Sab tomi's har chahas tainf, charas triaf

2 -- Greder men; leader men; cherry man, dance men.

-letting withing that jugate, to be ju, tout thereth, closely religible

Billet ya dargo mara garder operitrigarile, tubbandanga

This wall is not object as high to that With iterat quick dark order upon palitie har oful ki wob.

5, - Differ theral's sellent early her wife loss lake,

To sugar bout or Vin . ' It , will , i took he a , side of then dad.

The holest address to heart, I there you wanted as a stall a come any any few has position chana, kao manda ka mat k hirablete &

To go about they being this at you; try in puneto of a constant the landwork by litime, included by litims are tigue. bove, men 1.

come the heart that he were

I balan I bu

2. Bobut , klarit, bath Lar, kist toll man afant; fickt tulifat bakut : This is about ruth, to be underter Vale und authorate he I Short her factually rough under the 進むさ lar with

He is where totalitation . Usbr tabilat is reductablend had be wish tain man maked

3. - Kini dasio ki itinbut ta dad mojdar ya datju mon aiyana.

bires, ade. 1. Mary i balk men, aklah men, asman men ya sendir se. 2. - Falsilo men magadian ; palite; apar.

Taigan ; Erny bein thin (althor) mound, the und - noch band those work cai'l' i machings a nike, whyl'st i-mutarakking held

B. Jidla tar; balk dust, a'la; akbar, inthe 36 lightishr med dilare He appropriate to the court educe. Once related in the most parent a hir a

aborg all . Sah ku úpar, sah häten pur mugablam, Jumla khazalar pri mujad. claur; 'niait khuntia, khil seten; mer belion me bugli kar (yangpar untrajinh).

so " don " is often used objets ally as an adjective by counting the word mentioned, quoted, or the like; as, the above items." Webster.

bove-cited, a. Mulmwwala i bila; jiaka ziki pahle bua; jiska hawala unar divi suca. likha Kaya. hove-mentioned, a. Mazkuru-a-ade; mashaqu r zike; fiels hal malic

BUFO, (Lat.) Anda hi ar, aburd' bi se, thirds hi se, breast, ad. Ek dogro ke bagal men; pahla bajadhin; hara-pahla; bara-

bar alaa kiyo huye; barabar.

Abridge, v. A. L .- Chluck k.; am chloda k.

2. Makhtasar k.; alt'ız la ıpllut (mike isti'mid meh kisinti k. par kludkse men mazman ke qamı r.; kludkar k.

3. Kum leit glinhamt, ki i diai man lound (taifil) k.

4. Mahrdin h.; malgub k.; le lend, qui h.

Followed by of.

To abridge our at his rights - Ki i ho not o burn ; -e notic ou be

Abridgment, a. 1 .- Knini; takhtif; abaţina.

2. Kist kitali ka khulasa (ikhtir u b

Abroad, ad. 1. -Khula; wastaf men chr tab; lumba, refereray? men dür tak; tang hulbil ke andar band nehin

2. -Makan khahan ya Lisi ghiri huyi pugah ke bebur , merelan mere.

3 - kef malk ke halfal ke halar; gan gan mulken vich, or par des; parker mulken area. The ji medan ke linkin er mentar al l k Abrugato, r. t. 1811 hakan kin se menerah ke, bermier wah (1881), s ur

Wer "Applied to the repeal of laws, destees, the abolition of established

customs, &c. H. Aster.

Abrogation, n. Though; thikim a ranger to hisken so moment his (afficial). About to a. 1. This phops, bullet much thinks, hasted so ulder new your homeway.

2. -Yakayak; dafatan, he ittila',

3. Be sai; be mel; see men ob murmon obbig har dasse merena yakayak shuta' kurdiya jab. It ind ku be gab. Inf it is Abraptly, ad Pimp va; yakayak; bila titiki dibi; ma'mah in ma ki Abroad, n. i (Law) Ru pash h.; chhipbaithne, lish h

"We "Used copressity of persons who wildraw to recoil a frish

process." Widiter.

An absorbting dubtors Madyun like posh; with modyun be chile bothy h. . Third or absorbed - Fauth ya kunik

Absence, a. 1.—Kisi jagah par ja kial ke sith na rahad, na pa i ja suhbat ke lihas se dur par rahas; gaibut; mangad ea i hea

Speak wall of one in his absence—Kim he called made aske off a bloom have

2. - (Leen) Chair házert; 'adam manjúdzit; j-nátráthe ko leze 'askibst men na rahvá.

In the absence of - Ba balat i-adam manifety; gail has

by remain of absence - the weight gray bition; marginal chitties his radice by most have

3.– Kusi shai ka na homi ya na raima.

The absence of evidence—Subat (shahadat) ka calls. [16, 53m]

4.—Jo chizek manjād bedi unkli taraf tawajiniene karne; in: kentene , Absent, a. 1.—Çarr-hazir; manjād nabda; noban; ken josele se karner yz wahān par nabāt; sātir yā subbut men nebah; gan mala naba

2.—Be-khabar, un logon ki taraf jo manjad h di ja ismi subbateis

kî guft-gû par gair-mutawajih.

Absent, v. t. Gur-hazir hojáná; kisi ko sámne na ana. i andar dár citales jálla ki bákam ámud o-raft na he-rake.

The defendant has absented him all - Mudda's 'alaste gate howe her gaya.

Used with the recipioral pronoun.

Absentse, n. Woh shakha jo apue mulk mansah 'uhde ya bazima : man sabi vagarra m gair haur ho. [(uske maijad na rahne ki wijh se) ABSENTE BEO, [Lat.] (Lom) Chinki muddica 'ulath gan hava the

Absolute, o. Kanil, mathey; mushaut nahin; goir mushrut; bilisahart ya qaid; qat'i, nitiq [psi

Absolutely, ad. By they channel; beloqued colorest; be likely yaquid their absolutely importables be that each light meaning, could chanker, to keet he do not be called.

Absolve, v. t. Kier for dam ye zambez dan re bari h.; eldarina; bariya zezaman k; h.a aba bar e a apat di jidas baba kayi bariya tawan dali hor kisi majem ka takte sa etdariana

ABSQUE HOC, [Lat] (Lev) It yer iske, he ude.

has been alleged and is repeated." If rouse.

Abstain, w. i. The colors, kinder had durigned keep pathol keep ginetick, and "I well cludy to denote a restraint apartic passions or appetites."

111-12-1

Abithomenes these and Suited personants business kepitumber of thithese and dollars. The dollars abit of the persons and personal personal superior of the second of the s

Abstruct, n. l. Khula-i, impitablish, and wain; intikhah,

2. Thous charoit a tabeliste selme It habit.

To community a pully it an elic echibicant. How anomalica part tolk liteka under montalalis par his given h

finding of title (Lie 1 - Alikizat his tauta aliq subut ke wampai ka hital Ask t an kayazat ka msikiale ja mili tent ka anlan sa ba'aling rakkiri.

Abstruct, et 1. Kan tehen ungun ka khulan ke; mirkhab ket muntukhub honana; ikin ar ke (ko hye ohup chap to long

2 Nikāl lenā, china had, diete ke māl mod ar ajme surtleķhāz

Abstract, a f. heat nor charge alahula; juda.

2. Mushkil; mughaj; chian kar mkala link.

Absterd, a Nafau Lum' ke kinkt ; jo būt hūdiyu a nazar mod sahih ho us ke khilāf; 'aqi ke khilāt': un bāteh ke khilāf jo 'un 'aqi ke muto' nihq hon; dalāda 'aqil ke bar 'aks; bebūda; lajā'ni; nā-ma'qul, rās alih ko bar 'aks.

Absnedity, w. 1. Happost ya 'wol be khalaf h.; rac saib be bur 'nka h.; behadagi; na nadquleyst; 'aman-rommanbat.

The absencing of this argument senset be deuted—Is dail it behinden (unreadinities) so laker nabih he sakit.

2. Hehrida bat; som i Ahdaf l'aql.

In this cense, it has a plurat.

Abundance, a. Bahut h.; ifat se kafi h.; hari ziyadati; kasrat.

Abundant, a. Bahut; währ; mälämäl; kasir; bahut bi käil; kasrat sa.

There is abundant proof in this case—Is mugaddame nich subiit behat fenilitingly hal. [see; miliyat his

Abundantly, od Pürä-pärk; ba-tare-i-kaff; bahut kuchlı; ifrat so; kassat

Aluse, a. t. Kisi shai ku luru (nā munast) tau h per retināl k. inskā 1911 mal-1 had k.); 1911 māl-1 had k., luru tarnh pur king men lānā. Loru niyat sa (magad 1 na jarz ko hvo khuāh lorum 1 le jāj kāra men laus

To aduar power or authority. Marpharab 34 iklit yar his basers for A khor-nich Rod.

2. Rupa black kalind; bad kalind; o'd; d., doobien, di'd k, ford willak k.; burn tand, or barrin k.; in languat k; be 'irwi k

Abuse, v. 1. - laternal charle annul clarge entermonde burthe 38 meti mal; magazed charje men metimal

Abuse of law - Qundn ka 'smal i be ja-

Abus of lawful unthouty - therefore a like had been a stack.

2. - Bura (klardh) dastür; rawaj t-lad.

3.-Badvabani; dushmanı; pah; nakht kelami.

Abusive, a. 1.—Galiyan d. u.; sakht kalanirk, u., bari tarah prah 200 a.

2. - Dushman-Amer; jismen galiyan hen ya jisse we parda hori.

Abusite words . Cializan, kalanat a ducham anes

Abut, to i. Kincha ham enstrult hi, ak hi iffinfe par ratua, kon an mila rahuf ya nake mustuali hi.

The states.

Academy, n. l.- Ilmi tr'im ki woh jayah jo ruthe ka libik an masterang ya college aur 'am madense ka wast (bleh) men ho.

2.— Umda qism ki talim ki jagah ; odloge ya university.

8. Woh sale log jo 'umuman 'ulion wa funda hinah keda kasa 'isa ya fan ki carraggi ke liyo bahan mutung hon.

4.--Woh jugah juhan fundu khwah ket ehuthat inn ki artiyat wa Accede, v. i. Manan k.: qubul k.; induna : raai h., jo kuchh dutta kahe uso manna.

[woh juh muji men awi

Accelerate, v. t. 1.—Bh'is-i ta'jil h.; kisi ehm ki midnet um tiki b. ki To accelerate the death of a person—Kisi shahabi halakat menta jil ku a in b.

2 - Kisi shai ki neli ya mu'muli bu aqqi mon medad di (neka barhana). | khitir w lona ; qabid k.

Accept, v. t. 1.—Jo kuchh diya ya penharah kita jan nar khingta 2.—Manzur k.; tasilm k.; männä, qahul k.; paria k. ipila k. To accept a plea—Kisi 'nar ko tasilm k.; kisi 'nar ko manna ya qahul k.

I accept your proposal -- Main turnhart tajwiz (turnhart lahns) manager karts han

3.—Sakārnā yā'nī mauzūr kur ke rupage ke dene kā wa'da 4.

To accept a bill of oxolonga—Kisi bundavi ka sakārna ya'ni nas mansai ker ke zar-i-hundavi ke dene kā wa'da k.

To accept service (Lato)—dan knyt hukm-usina wagara te, sainta ta bill na huk c ho us hālat men uskā zābita ke mutābiq ta'nıd honā mennir kardenā.

Acceptable, a. Manzar kiye jane ya khushi ka sath hya jane ke qabili jisse pane wale ke khushi he; khush-kun; pasandila; khush-kyinda.

cceptance, a L.—Qabil k.; klinsh ho kar lonā; khanda-peshāni se lona; mangiri

2.--Sakrnyı ya sakürna ; yıs ahakba par hundavi likhi jawa naka 16 amr ka musur-o-qobiil k, kı jab hundavi ki miti pajegi (muddat klistin hogi) hun iska dam de denge

To regulate a hill of exclusing after an optanorm Kirl lumilari, his makarin ka

baid modul kit kin hungari par matra piriha berlit likuur.

3,-Sakari huyi hundi,

the ackert hundle lend.

To receive another's acceptance in payment—Kiel enpage he chukteman daspe

4.— Ijāb; qabūl; turīm; būt chit yā shusat kā manstir k, jisse mu'āhada pakkā ho jāc aur muta'sqidain por uski pa bandi lazīm ho; kist kharid kihoyi yā aist chīz kā lonā khuah panā jo farispi-sūm wa'do ka ba-mujih bhojo yā dowo.

5. (Line) Kisi disre ke ti'l khuah mu'ahade ke ba-zari'a kisi apno

fi'l ke tedon k. jiste avl til'il ke fi'l la på banda lavim swe.

A principal's taking the rest reserved on a lease, and by his agent, is an accorpance of the forms of the lease, and bunds the porty-Riss diff he approximate it like buye pages to repaye his look taking behavil's pages involven was his our uske of bound take par lasen in her.

coeptation, a Main; mathins; his tall he markery mains.

To take a much in the legal acceptation when labe he wales maint names had so affect the a mic salual loss

cooss, n. l. - lianas (; published); given; paifu; duful. — [jan-paux. To have e vess to a court - Red 'addian tak rackst rekhua; kiel kachahari meh To gain occas to a porson - Kisi abahha tak paladebna (increas rackst ratus ya lahasah ha) — (ki ratusa baha).

2.-Khi shar tak pahinichno ki rada jā nekt rāh; kahin pahinichno

fi. - Ham binturi, ham khwalif.

Lecessary, a. Sa Accessory, (a.) Lecession, a. 1. - Manairi wa shirkat.

2. -leafa; nfezieh: barbitt; bashi; jo chal barheyi jawe; jo mila-

kar siçada kişa jawe.

I. - (Law) liusal i māl kā wah tarīq jinko zarī'e ze kizī zinī majaş zarī ...hai kā mālik jumen bālidņī ya mihnat ka zarī'e ze afzājah ho juzw i-izāla-zhuda yā taraciqī yālta kā haqq rakkhe jur zhart yah haz ki na elmi ki haciyat tabdīl na ho jāo--musulan gāc kā mālik neke bachthe kā mālik hotā hai par anpār ku mālik ko na eharāh ki milkiyat hāsil nahīn hotī jo dāsrā shaḥhs urī angār ne taiyār karo.

4.--Julia; marnad-nashini; bādzbāhi taklu par bailinā; kisi rutbo

ya mangab par pahunchua.

Accessorial, a. Ma'ra i-jurm ke muta'elliq.

Accessory, a. Mu'in; madad gar; sbarik; kiel natije ke paida karne men madad d. w. ya kwi asi fa'il ki taht men 'amal k. w.

War Usually in a bad sense.

Accounty to a crime-libaried juna; jo sleakits hist jurns mad sturik by you sahara do.

Accessory, n. (Lim) Woh shakhe jo kisi jurn i-sangin men stacik ha yang go woh irtikani jurm ke waqt manjud na rabi ha par masheara hukmerani ya ikhike waqi'at wegara men shirkut rakhta ha.

Accessory before the fact—Wall shalls be press tone by wast veryfal no rate to pur name kind to jurn before per America here beared note moth mother notally that make the wall of here as here durat shalls murtahileform he, mula ya shard gall as wage's jurn.

Acressory after the fact-. With shakks jo kiel mayrin be jun beith kar specyakkia abbijus rakkha ya saa mastad khwah tusatti da.

Accident, n. 1.—Ittifaq; waqi'a; hadisa; majara; woh hat jirke hono ka khuyal ya uski ummed pablo so na ho.

An unavoidable an adout—Itilia i un guair; web hat jo obtrendrebis her'ar. By arrident—Itiliagan; heab-intelay; itiliagen; itteng no: negah.

Accidental, a. 1—Titifaci; jinka wuqu' nagahan ho; jo ma'nisti tase par zuhur men na iwe.

An accidental double—Mary I littlich; littlich inneshad) word; vors i se c'ajst 2.—Läsung nalifa; milayut sardvi imlyii.

Accidentally, ad. Itilfagan; attifagi ya ittifagiya; hadeletafagi ndga han; yakuyak

Accommodate, v. t. 1 .- Kiel ko bash i-hal ya mutabi, k.

We ought to accommodate ourselves to change through the change his live high their until ko underly burch,

2.—In shai ki khwaltish ya sururat ho ya jo shai didin ko liza matlub ho uska bahani pubulichana.

To accommodate a friend with ladgluge—Kin dust be thalmone the descriptional kat thakana (toold a land) has d.

3.—Tai k.; tashya k.; raf k.; itiliag haring,

To accommendate differences starting a next his jumper night of

4.—Rupayo ques de kar mutad k ; ques d.

Accommodation, n. I.—Woh abul jisse knyt dativaj rat ha zā arām frehus, khwāh subulai hāsil bo ; jo shai āram ko hyu baham palaudativi jāc.

Used chiefly in the plural,

2.—Tastiyan ikht lilat (niză'); sulh; munăfajat; mol ; sofiz 1 ; ref dâd. 3.—(a) Dast-gardân ; udhār ; qare i-mogh jesse akser tsebut litan

hotā hai,

(d) Farzî hundî jo hahan rastanı-zar ke liye tikle zare sakarı jão aur wāqi'i usko rupaya kisî dana ko adi man na diye ginen, bal ki farzî girinda-i-qarz kî subülat ko liyo qarz mutasan war huit.

"An accommodation bill or note, one to which a party has just his name without consideration, for the purpose of hearthting or accommodating some other person who is to provide for the bill or make when due." Bytes—Webster.

Accompany, v. t. Kisi ke säth yä ham-rah jäna; säthi ya rafiq ist tarah kisi ke pas rahna; kisi so suhbat r. ya uska sath rahua. Accomplice, z. (Lose) Sharik-i-jurn; woh shakha je jurm ke karne men kisi ka sath da.

#32" "Followed by which before a person; as, A. was an accomplice with B. in the murder of C." Il cooker.

Accomplicity, n. (Inw) Jurra men sharik rahna; shirkat-jurn.

Accomplish, v. t. Para k; anjam d., busil k, takmil k.

To accomplish an und. Koya maqual pard (hā al) k., ked mag...d ke anjām ko pahahrlikus. [hhalo]

Accomplished, p. a. Kisî sifat men pürk ; kamil, 'alim ; fāzil ; muhazan , Accomplishment, n. t.—Anjam; ts'mil ; huzul ; maqani , ta'mil ya ifa ikamil ; kisi bāt ka pürā k. yā mjām ko pahmiehanā.

2. Ta'lim be mice se zihat fasibit ya atwar ki khida ; tah. Il.

Accord, n. 1.—Razā mandi; ittifaq; tāc khwābish ya kār rawāyi men bahami ittifaq. [ap (as khud) ho.

2. - Marst, inglast; khwalush; bi r raghal tubrik; harukat jo apehi

\$27 " Used of the will of persons, or the natural motion of other backers and preceded by over "History.

To do up act to one a new nervel - Reikā kayt lil aprī. It marzī se ka kaja kau apra bi applet se ("da rajbeit k., kiei kūn ko ip to āp (be diere ke kuhe) k.

A. Ittifaq; met, mutboque; chrant ha baham manaah tuur

par not r.

A. .. (Law) Im do foreg men talear ho unkā kļau men rāst ko jānā nur muņan ke talalī kā wa'da k. juson hā'd tha i-va da pitir utlinh milute ho nakti : tastīga i bahami.

Apport, v. t. 1. - Mul 3.2 multi kurana juan do shukhaon men j tashiya ya

ruf dich kara d jame malishat ya tahihim men.

2.—Donk, 'niå k.; kapib ya munanbeamaji kat d. To mont permusion or exection—Ijeset d. 38 maneur k.

3.-Mutabiq ket mawaily ket ek olds ko daari chis ki tarah hard.

I ollowed by he.

Accordance, n. Mutalinget; muwafaqat.

In accordance with—lie mutatoqui: marville; mutabie; bash; ba majib. In accordance with orders—Nachu bhukur, bashillor'u bukur; hokur (irebad) ke mutable; ba ta'mit i-buku

According, p. a. mulahagi munafiq.

the mullib; ru m.

According to (a perpendituosal phrase)—Kiel ke inutridig ya munifug hash; decording as (in selection) phrases)—Jaka ki; jis tarah par; jo kuchh.

Accordingly, ad. Kiel ke mutäbiq ya muwafiq; alsi tarah ki kiel aungma'lum ke khilaf na ho; ohunanchi; chambaki; kiel düsrî bat ke libaz so; jasa ki chahiye.

The plaintiff was absent, and the court accordingly throw out the claim - Mudde't haste on the chunauchl adalas no make de we kharij kar dija.

Account, n. 1.--Hal; bailiyat; vaqi'at ya mu'amalat ka bayan.

A detailed aerouns—Maldroussesses; westewas kaidyet; tatelly bayen, muelectric kniftyst; beens.

A brief or encrinet account - Hall-brukhkerer; kelfigat i-mukhkerer; thepten hall

2. Io wijih ya subab kisi majara ki nishut buyan kisi jewoh, muhasaba; jawab.

He has given no animiatory account of his consuct. Cana you take ke key sugal gaint i itunusa bayan ashin kiyo.

2. -Wajh : anbah ; hhujal ; liban ; wasto ; hhatir.

the paramet of which has eather the colors of the wall who are colors on

On combinageousses Kiet ki majle so; List he plath my he a ko leze, hos he shates,

4.- Hisab ; lekhá ; mu'amalitti-moph meh jam' kh treh ká hozib

A credit account-fileshi jam'; jam' ka hisakifokkat.

A dobit account - Heat i flurch, thou b his blad ja leits.

A cash credit account. Nacidi jam' kā hisāb.

Account current, or a current or running account—("halfd bloke ya likhi; roz-marre ha heab; jo hiadh band na hua he,

A private account - Hierbi khangi, nij ka hugh.

A rough account - Kharra; haderha hiesh.

A partnership account - High a haukkat,

An account of gurrent demands - Tauxi 'that

An account of balanems - Taiter's languy &.

An around of receipts and bilanous High i washing, fact exact has,

An arrowar of receipts and charges -dane'disach; bushi jan wa kinech; hundan auc khurch la hisab.

To open an account-links gain k.; lekhit delne.

To adjust or notice an account—libely int dat k, this is but k, a neglect. To beleave an account—law klarch villand ys burniar k, itself december k.

biest ki bidh milane.

To draw up an account-Jum' kharch likbus; bishb bish kar darues k.

To keep an account—Histor rakhing ya murattab k.

To execute an account - Histo intolut.

To place to the account of a param. Kist he had much libbat type to he had To write off an account. Head we had he high he high than easier to rabbee. Lekke me nikel 4.

To debit, or credit, in an account—dam' khareli med likhus, yem is have ky 5.—Tashkhis; rāv; khayāl; mame.

They are nothing in his account—Uaki tashkhis (usht useer) used not a the (kuchh nahid) haid

6.—(Pl) Hisab-kitab; lekha.

Adjustment or actilement of accounts— Tashya i high; hash hash wall

Annual adjustment of accounts-Helbitest; history salides.

Abstract of accounts - Gosh-wars I-hisab.

Village accounts - Hisab t-debi; gniw ku hisab.

Rendiviou of accounts—Tasliya i-break; hi.db samiliand, libert it. [k.; tai k. To make up accounts—Rudb muratiak ya danust k., tasliya ke hye hisek isigar

J.—Waq'at; qadr; faida; naf'a; nisa natiga jis ko 'uncla sarnajir zakot (jiski qadr kur sukou).

A man of account - Zi-qadr slinkbs.

To turn to account. Paids uthken; munished h.; munished h.; acholida natejo nikulus ya haril k.

Kaf Called also an action of account

Account, s. i. 1,--iinshi sampirina (buylaina yā butland); lokhā k ; hisab-kitāb kī mufaesti karliyat batland.

An officer must account with ar to the tree arer for manay received—lately had ki after zar-iowand shad; ki hiash hasaarsh ko zasafas da.

2 .-- Wajah layan k.; sabah zahir k. ya butlana,

With for.

Carelessues currence for fulure - Na han-yald ki wajh gallat hal.

3.—Javāb dihī k.; jis shakhs ko zumno koyi bāt ho mski mahat uskā jawāb dih h. (khwāb uski haifiyat ya uske wujāh bayan k.),

How do you account for the boarst or much rappey — Itee tupsys ht magazat his instant tutabate by a jowab has forki hadiyat from hya bayan kasha ba)?

Accountable, or 1. day to did, mahasater da ; muckhasa dar; simple dar; ji iku kisi baje ke ru be ru jawab didi karai para.

Benevium is a countylle to first for his windows—Apins carry ha like har shakla himid ha jawah din him

2. Jisko histo samjhanë sur apne filitic ja ya zarar rasani ki iwaz sara bhugutna ya tawan dena pare,

Accountant, u. Muhäribi hisäl-mewis, jani kharch-nawe; jis shakhs ke zumme hisäl-kitäl ho.

Accountant process - Work affared alia flake to allugum nab affared a matube ke lussed hield, hi algebra he ginko zomno bisko ka kundus.

Village germentant - Muhamb todeht; patwart.

Account-book, n. Hishly ke kitali; balif; khuta.

Accordit, v. t. l'inder k., l'innad k.; liburosa k.; mu'iamad-alaib samajlina.
An accordited a cont.—Mukhtat-i-mu'ibar

Accretion, (Law) (a) Darya-barke ki walls no sannu kā milne.

(6) Woh faida jo kisi wāris ko is wajh se ho ki uskā sharīk wāris wirāsat ke liye bāqi na rahe; woh faida jo kisi mauhūbdahū ko is sahab se ho ki uskā sharīk mauhūbdahū apne hizso ke lene ke liye rah na jāc

before the testator, the legacy devolves to the survivor by right of accretion." Webster.

When did the cause of action accrus in that case?—Us magaddams men waiti nalish hab paids hogs?

2.—Honicojako africh nofa ya kilaire ka ; upajna ; pakla b. Much profit has accresed to that banker—Us muhijan ko bara nafa bust. Accumulate, v. t 1.-Jam' k , ekstihā k., batornā ; farāham k.

2 — Dher lagānā, dher ke dher jam' k.; ambār k.; tūda k.; pāļua.

To accumulate wealth - Daulat jam' yā okaṭthā k

To accumulate earth or stones-Mitti ya jutther ke aller lagana.

Accumulate, v. v. Bahut barh-jānā; bahut hī ziyāda ho-jānā; kasrat so ho-jānā ; qad shumār yā migdāi men baih-jānā.

Evils accumulate—Burāryāh bahut barh jāti (kasrat so jam' ho-jāti) haih.

Accumulation, 2. Ijtima'; jam' k. yā jam' ho jānā; jo kuchh jam' yā ekattha ho-jae.

Accumulation of arrears—Ijtima-i-baqaya; baqiyat ku kasret se jain' ho-jada.

Accuracy, n. Sihhat; durustī; galatī se baiī h; sachāyī khwāh kisī qā'ide yā namūne ke mutābiq thik thik h.; woh sihhat jo natija-i-ihtiyāt ho. .

Legal accuracy - Sihhat-i qānūni , qānūn ke mutābig durust h.

To contest the legal accuracy of a decision—Kisi faisale ki sibbat i-qualiti par The value of testimony depends upon its accuracy - Simhadat ju quiar sadique se mutabagat rakkhe utni hi usko wagʻat hogi.

Copies of legal documents should be taken with accuracy-Ministrib hal ki wasaiq-i-muta'alliqa-1-qanun ki naqloo ia tarah *uuu*rat*teb hon ki uunnei.* Kaluti wāgi' na ho

Accurate, a Sahih; durust, thik; khatā galatī yā nags so banī; jo kuchh asl men ho thik usi ke mutabiq; kisi qa'ide namune ya shal-lmu'aiyana ke mutahiq.

"We speak of a thing as accurate with reference to the care bestowed upon its execution, and the increased correctness to be expected therefrom " Webster.

Accusation, n. I — Kisī jurm kā ilzām yā ushī tuhmat lagānā ; kisi fill-ibe-jā yā be-msāfī kā muttaham k.

 Woh bāt jīskā ilzām kisī par lagājā-jāc; kisī jurm kā da'wā; woh bayan jis men kisî jurm kā da'wa ya ilzam shamil ho.

Accuse, v. t (Law) 1 — Ittihām ilzām yā tuhmat lagānā, mutiaham k.; mulzam qarar d.; kisi shakhs ki nisbat yah kalina ki usne fulan jurin kıya bai, 'adalat ke mansab khwah hukm-nama-ı-sar karı ke zuri'e se kısı jurm kā ilzām lagānā; qānūn kī khilāf warzī kā muttaham k.; darkkhwāst yā istigāsa-i-zabānī khwāh mukhbirī ko rū so kisī ki nisbat yah zāhir k. ki usse fulān jurm huā hai.

"Followed by of before the subject of accusation." Webster. To accuse a person of a bailable or non-ballable offence-Kisi shakhs par jurm-i qābil-i-zamānat yā nā-qābil-i-zamānat kā ilzām lagāns

To accuse falsely - Jhūth yā nā-haq tuhmat lagānā , nā-heq phaisānā ; tūfān lagana ; sesar k

An accused person—Mulzam yā shakha-i-mulzam; mudda'ā-'alaih; mustagās 'alah; Woh shakirs jispar istigasa kiyü-jüe.

2.—Qusür-wār thahrānā; ılzām d.; dosh lagānā; malāmat k. ecustom, v. t. —Kasrat-i-isti'māl se mānūs k.; 'ādī k.; 'ādat dālnā; khū-gar k.; bān lagānā; muhāwara k.; karte karte kisī kām men manj-uthuā.

Accustomed, a. Jiese kasest i isti mil ke ba'is une ho jae; jizki tabi'at 'alli ya khugar ho jae; ma'nodi, i cam

Ache, r. r. I. Pakhua; dard k.; prana; durd men mubiah rahna; bording durd k. Idukhta bol

harfilier claire k. [chikhka hii]
The hone goden — t"ahr an duce har a hii troke ear toch claire hii ya centa wat

2. Rample colonic can uthand, botat he can others; musibat takif your new value, congruin h., dakir h.

His board nekes. Unkit the nehr. it could be incommon 34 taked much half

Ache, n. Dard: part; dard jo baraber inha (quin rate.).

Achieve, e. c. l. - Anglan ko polanichéma; takmil k; past k; akhir tak lechalue; khátimo ko polanichéma; takmil k; past k; akhir tak le-

Doeds achieved by valuer. Were been so divertise are so unlike kips should.

**** "Appropriately need for the client of clients valde by the hand

or bodily exertion " Branks.

2. Kuchtelt (na't ya tudenat) ku untho men pana ya takail ke, konlusti su lakul ke

Achievement, n. 1. Augen; huest; pind k ; plud.

Thought worth has object - taken of ord kanajam ya lunul (pink h. ya bangha). [m byn jac

2 - Kayı başa köne i jar alı mereli ka böne ja köne jarant yö dileri Acid, a. Khaçarı taralı i talklı; penedi sarka kö sa mara haş uluk, ja elakları merekeni nerikerini mellen haş ta.

teld finite in time, a school and in hand a hand then hearth thinks ohis And, in I. - Anyt Chatti white hope they potential has blindays; trivall,

g. Touth

Addity, m. Pall ha; the sha, klusters, barna pan; hurushat; tons.

Acknowledge, v. t. 1. harar k; and all h.; manna; haque ya nali namajhna.

2. (Lin) had il't ha bu turr i mu'aiyant i qanun qabiil k, taki tisha

lawar atlit her jan ; mansan b ; traffin k.

To autrominize a dead influe component authority whise wante to hikim is malas in rates of the think.

3. - Shuki gasker he sath quint he; kist alian he in faur tsame built'

To not newledge a larvage - Kint both that his thicke govern he shift had been applied it indicated the characters and he

To arkanalidge the receipt of a gift. In kindth he four balkheidsh ke mile unlik pend slanktige ke men tanta k. 34 take pane ké insolik ir wa ramjir b.

4.—Qabul k.; opär k. ya mopr h ; mu'tard h. ya l'tiräf k. jisse kmäyatan yah ma'luta ho ki mogu ko upad gunah gäri ki khabar hal.

5.—Kinî ko nemî kurke marmê; kisî ke khuzusiyat ke sath ya kisî khas haniyat men qubûl k.

To communicate a committee tarke he mished yet habite hi yah be hamara buja hal fuche bajaiyat i-farasadi medi baslim h.)

Acknowledgment, n. 1.— Label k.; iqlel; lqrar; i'tu'ak. [manud.-2.—Khususiyat ke sath ya hizi khda husuyat sa taalim k. ya

- 3 Jo kuchh nafa pahunchā ho use qabūl karke uskā shukriya adā k.; izhār-ı-ihsān, adā-i-shukr. [yā kiyā jāe
 - 4.—Kısî 'ınāyat shafaqat yā mihrbānî ke badle nich je kuchh diya
- 5.—(Law) Apne fi'l-i-khās kā is garaz se manzūr ya qubūl. k. ki woh qānūnan jāzz mutasawwar ho.
 - 6.—Rasīd, wusūl-yābi; pahunch.

To endorse acknowledgment of a notice—Kisi ittila'-nama ki pusht par (pith par yā uske pīchhe) ittila'-yābi hkhnā; ittila'-shud (muttala'-shud khwah muttala' huā) hkhnā

To sign an acknowledgment - Rasid par dast-khat k.

[se kuchh

A COMPTE, (Fr.) 'Ala-l-hısab; ba-ifa-i-juzwî; jis qadar dena ho usmen Acquaint, v. t. 1.—Ba-khūbī wāqıf k, khūb āgāh k; mānūs k.

2.—Kisī ko ittilā' d.; muttala' k.; wāqıf k.; āgāh k.; jatānā.

"With is used before the object" Webster.

Acquaintance, n. 1.—Wāqifiyat-i-kullī yā tumma; ba-khūbī yā achichhī | tarah jūnnā; khūb shināsāyī, āshnāyī; ba-khūbī jān-pahchān.

2. Woh shakhs yā ashkhās jin so koyī khūb wāqif ho; āshnā; woh shakhs yā ashkhās jinse ba-khūbī jān-pahchān ho.

**In this sense, the word admits a plural: acquaintance and acquaintances are both in use " Webster

Acquest, (Law) Jāc-dād jo ba-zarī'a-i-kharīdārī khwāh hiba yā aur turah par hāsil ho lekin wirāsatan na mile

Acquiesce, v 2 Taslim k.; 1āzī h.; qubūl yā manzūr k', itidāq k.

Acquiesced in - Manzür kıya gaya ; bila-ta'arruz qabili kiya-gaya.

The measure has been acquiesced in — Weh tajwiz bila mukhalafat manaür kī-gayī Acquiescence, n. Taslīm; iqbāl; manzūrī; kisī shai kā khāmoshī yā sukūt ke sāth (chup-chāp) manzūr k, razā-mandī; chup-chāp māu-lenā Acquire, v. t. Paidā k.; hāsil k.; apnī koshish yā mihint se hāsil k.; kasab kar-ke hāsil k.; kamānā.

"To gain, by any means, something which is in a degree permanent, or which becomes vested or inheient in the possessor. A more temporary possession is not expressed by acquire." Webster.

Acquired, p. p. or α. Paidā kiyā huā, hāsil kiyā huā, maksūba; mihnat yā aur zarī'e se milā huā

Self-acquined — Maksūba-i-khās yā zātī; apnā paidā kiyā huā; apnī kamāyī kā. Acquined by one's ancestor — Maksūba-i-mūris; mūris kā paidā kiyā huā.

Acquirement, n. Hāsıl k. yā jo kuchh hāsıl kıyā jāe, tahsīl; jo bāten kisī ko zātī hāsıl hon ya'nī Khudā-dād na hon.

"Skill in music and painting is an acquirement, while genius is a gift of nature, and so on" Webster.

Acquisition, n. 1.—Hāsil k. yā husūl; pānā; paidā k.

2. Shai-i-maksūba yā mahsūla, hāsil kī-huyī chīz; kamāyî; tahsīl. Acquisitive, a. Hāsil karne par māil, māil-ba-husūl.

An acquastice person or disposition—Woh shakhs ya tabi'at jo ashya ke hazil karne par mail rahe.

Accult, v. t. 1 .- Kiul farz jurm ittihum ya almbho so bari k.; be gunah thahrana, khalis ya mba k . chlor d.; ribayi d.

The assessment deposition the presenter advanced no temble's 'slath he jurns so war " bullowed by of belong the object." Webster

To acquit a person of a charge - Kent shakha ho kies Hantu as but k. 2.--Kar rawayi k ; mbah lujana.

南疆" Used rotlerively.

The prisoner's pleader arguitted hierarlf well in that rase-II, magachame men vakit i muddid staite as khub karrangii ki (upul tayih khub mbalia).

ACOULT, (Fr.) Farig khati, wordlyshi ki med.

Acquittal, (Low) Barant: ribaye; makhlad, cafaye; kiel jurm ke lizam so júri ki tajwis vá 'wlálat ko huku se bari kíva jena (k. (mját d.) Acquittance, n. 1. Gara (dnin) ya kisi ddero mu'ahada ya fara so bari

2. - Qaban I wurdt; tang hhati ya fir kheti; safi minu; bu haqi bi rasid jism phir mutahda na he-athe, woh pawishta jisa dain ya kisi ki yaftani ka ida hasjan i catal tua

Acre, n. Ekur, 1840 gar mutalda' pumm.

hn.

Acresce, a. Ehngh manual't tailed; inquilar kul samin char ke hisab se Across, prep. 1 - 14 pur no un par; se tarul so un tarul tak; histikul is janih se uz jamb tak ; bud kul fara mon.

A bridge is had survey a river - Hargh hard in johr no na johr tak (bamasu unkt terk med) juil landen jäsä kar

2. Rich so kata huä; kist tarah ka sawiya paida karta huä; aga; A limpasang seros andher - lik khat je diverkhat kubid majitandalkal-jao

Act, v. s. 1. - 'Amal k., kam k.; karna; haratna; kat rawayl k.

To act in a pear upped butterly on Keel pleaking he had no white he

To ass judicially a listance i bekens a addict kain his famal philippidas his linkim ki turah kam k, ibar e ma li, 34 km enwayi k.), To get up rose hite bound & , angues the part & ; kies he caretabile his bin he pa-He has noted up to his normanicous along about quil he posts klyb tistab you kira tha would be kira)

2,-Quewat ke kam med lama; amal k. flats hat,

The ebomoule goes upon final. At the spot growest he goes he niebat him med Act, v. t. 1. - Kuruk; anjam d. [anjāui d

To not new's part - Jo kuchie agme ko karna lin uno k.; spink fara (spink kitu) 2.- Kief ka kan k.; ki a ke mansab ja uski haisiyat ikhtiyar k.

To ace the here-Junal hand he have he; jo butth junan ward he karea children want it.

Act, n. 1,--Fi'l; 'amal; ham; le he-chukt he ya hoth he. A criminal act - Fill-1-majeun ana; sina kum jiska karna jurm ho.

An intentional or a voluntary act - [PI-t-iradi, fil i-bi-t-irada; wob fil jo koy? anni khwahish se kare.

An apridental ner- Fi'l : ittifitt.

The explosion of an ass—Turket MI; kiel kiel kiel ka na k. (unke ober d.) 🔸 "In general, art denotes action completed; but proceded by the it denotes sneomplete inthin." Webster

The thief was taken in the very act of stealing - Woh chor choil kar-hi rabi thā ki pakṣā-gayā (ya'nī chorī kā kām ķhatm na huā thā kr woli pakṣā gayā).

Act of God (Law) - Woh nagahani ya hadisa jismen insan ko dakhi na ho yi jiske wuqu' ki koyi wajh-i-khas bayan na ho-sake; sfat-i damani, lilat-i samāwi : nāgahānī. |tahrn 'adālat men na ho

Act in pais (Law)—Woh bat jo 'adalat ke bahar ki-jae aur uski visbat koyl 2.—Qānūn , āyīn ; ekat , jamā'at-1-wāzi'ān-i-qawānin kā faisala.

3.-Wāqı'ī h, asl men h. yā wojūd r

"Opposed to a possibility, or possible existence." Webster.

Actron, n. 1.—Harakat; tāsīr; quwwat; zor.

"Action, when produced by one body on another, is mechanical, when produced by the will of a living being, spontaneous or voluntary" "Action is opposed to rest." Webster.

2.—Kām, 'amal; kār; fi'l; tarīq, tarz-o-tarīq; harakāt wa saka-

nāt; chāl; chāl-o-chalan yā chāl chalan.

3 —(Law) Nālish; da'wā, istihqāq kā pesli k.; woh mutālaba jo kisī 'adālat men pesh kıyā jāwe; muqaddama.

A real action - Jee-ded-i-gair-mangula ke istilique ku da'wa, woh nalish jismen mudda'i jāc-dād i gair-manqūla ki haqiyat ki da'wā l aro.

A personal action—Woh nähish jismen kisi dain ya anjam-i-dara-i-asti khwaii uskî 'iwaz men khisare ya kisî zatî ya malî nuqsan ke mu'awaze kû du wa kiyā jāe.

A mixed action - Woh nalish Jismen jao-dad-i-gair-manqula anr kisi nuquan

ke khisāre kā da'wā kiyā jāc

A civil action - Woh nähish jo kisi khās shikhs yā ashkhās ki jūnib se nar-i qarze yā ķhisāre ke dilā-pāne ke liye dāir kī-jūwe; māl ke dilā-pānc kī nālihu. A criminal action—Kisi jurm ki nālish

A penal action - Tāwān ke dilā-pāne kī nālish; woh nālish jumon nise tāwān ke dilā-pāne kā da'wā ho jo tv'ziran gāim kiyā-gayā ho.

The basis of an action - Manat-1-da'wa, madar-1-nalish, nahsh ya da'wa ki bunyad. [kii sabab.

A cause of action - Bina-i-da'wa; wajb-i-nahah; bina-i mukhasamat; nalish A joinder of causes of action—Kayi bind 1-de'we ha ek men shamil klyt jand (unkā shumūl), shumūl-1-bināhūi i-mukhāsamat,

A misjoinder of causes of action - Kayī binā i da'we kā be-jā tarīq par ek men mılāyā-jānā (unkā shumūl i-be jā)

4.—(Law) Istihqāq-i nālish; nālish karne (rujū' yā dāir karne) The law gives an action for every claim-Qunun he ru so har ok da'we ki nısbat istihqaq ı-nalish hasil hota hai.

5.—Jang men sıpāhıyon kā muqābala 'ām isse ki khushkî men ho yā tarī men; larāyī; jang.

Actionable, a. Nähish ke qabil; jismen (jiski nisbat) qananan nähish ho-sake; jismen nālish kī gunjāish ho.

To sall a man a thief is achonable—Agar koyî kisî ko yah kahe ki bû chor hai to aske is kahns par nähish ho-saktī hai.

An actionable wrong - Woh mazerrat jiski nisbat nälish ho-sake.

Active, a. 1 .- Jismen 'smal ki quwwat ya sifat ho; jisso tabadala hu: uses discon men amai ya harakat ho.

19 "Opposed to parrise, that receives action." Webster.

2. Jo hamneha kuchh keya kare; musta'ul; chust-o-chalak; militafi; musiff; jo hamashn kam men laga raho.

An native officer - Music'el afear, with afear jo humenta kam klyk kars.

3. Jamen hual 34 konhad dar bür bo; 'noali; khayali nahih: hed shing opten lipsk sani

()prosed to the ulative.

Addire capital or wealth - Bupaye palar; vir I naud wagaira; woh mal jiasa bilatakalluf rupayo khaje kas ke unheh tijurat ya aur kam men laga saken.

Action commerce - Pijaint ju boy i gamm niges in jahideon par kare.

Actual, a. 1 .- Hagigi; waqr'ı; asli; nafsu l'amrı; paka wujud asl men ho; jo enclimach has ho ca hers ho; jo umed men sya ho.

We "Opposed to Polantial, for the virtual, or theoretical," Webster. An arteal citios whale join , to juin while while unit all ho.

Manduda : hal, takujuda : 11 m waqt ha fakujud ho.)

The neimed estustion of the country - Marik he halve jo is mark hal, male ki halat I manginla

Actually, ad. Durant; largest men; wani's.

A DATO, (Lat) Aj hi taribh no, ia wout no. lawe ; bila unid. A DISCRETION, (br.) Haster after the, jaish (jo knobh) dil mon

AD DAMNI'M [Lat.] (Low) Mali beikhusara ka juzw i akhir jlamah mudda'i sur i khazin i mutada'niya ki tu'dad bayka kuria hui; khiearnd-mutuda'wiya bi in'ilad ftatirmon. ADDRADIM, (Lat.) Web abat jive berhana (trad ya izaki k.) ho;

Addret, v. c. Kisi kanı men uput tayın 'a-latan massat' k. Skisi buru kam med kamesha lego rahoa.

"Now employed only in a bad sense." Weleter.

tto is addicted to russ - Webba-liks 'adi hai (hursyr meh hampshe luga rabikhai). Addition, n. 1.- leafa; buthte; beaut, to kuchh buthaya jano.

2 -- (Lore) Legali ya kintab jo kin shakha ka nam par naka mansab pesha ya nukanut ha shiri kurno ku liyo talla kiya jawu : r. ff .

John Doe, May , Richard Row, Gent. ; Robert Dale, Mouon,

Thomas Way, of New York.

Additional, a. Vaid; muzid; nitua manjad ho uske siwa aur; izafa

shalifidat. kiya hua : barhaya hua. Additional evidence-Muchalat-Imasul; shalidet imanfida ke 'ulawa aur

Address, v. 6. 1. - Nam o-nizban likh d. ; patü-thokana likh-kar bhojna yk rawkus k. -- juisa khat ka.

2.—Kisa ki taraf mukhisab ba kar kuchu kabua; sabsai khwab dar khwast wagama ko sari'e se kim as sail h.

3,—Kisi arhatiya wagarra ka putu sa randna k.

The ably was addressed to a merchant in Paltimora - Wab jakas Baltingra rood ok saudā gar ka palo un rankua kryā galā

I'v address one's said to ... Has it i haraf grubbbhab ho-kar knobb bahnd sin gufferi k.

Address, n. 1.—Zabānī guftgū; muaddabāna payām; tahnīyat shukrīya yā 'arz wagaira.

2.—Bol-chāl, dūsre se bāt-chīt kā tarz.

3.—Khat kā sar-nāma; maktūb ilaih kā nām wa lagab ba-qaid-i sukūnat, patā; thekānā; patā-thekānā.

4.—Hunar-mandī ; chustī ; chustī wa chālākī ; tezī. [tahrīrī.

5.—Bā-zābita guftgū yā dar-khwāst—'ām 1880 ki zabānī ho yā Adduce, v. t 1 —Pesh k; dākhil k; guzrānnā, hāzir lānā; sāmno kard.; yah kahnā ki fulān shakhs yā shai yahān maujūd hai maqbūl ho. To adduce evidence or proof—Shahādat yā subūt pesh k (dākhil k.)

To adduce witnesses-Gawah guzrānna, gawahon ko la-kar yah kahua ki

hamāre gawāh hāzir ham.

2.—Hawāla d; batlānā; pesh k.

To adduce an authority - Koyī sanad batlānā; kiel sanad kā hawāla d.

To adduce an argument—Dalil ya baha pesh k (lana)

Adducible, a. Peshī (pesh hone) ke lārq ; jo posh ho-sake ; qābil-i-idķbāl ; jise dāķhīl kar-saken [karne ke lāiq nahih ladi

This document is not adducible in evidence - Yah wasige subilt men posts

Addnetion, n. Peshi, pesh k., idkhal, guzranna.

Ademption, n. (Law) Tansīkh-r'atīya, kisī 'atīya bakhshish yā hila-r-waslyatī wagaira kā rad (mansūkh) k.

Adept, n. Woh shakhs jo kısı fan ya hunar mon khüb milur ho; jo shakhs kısı fan se bahut hi waqıl ho. [o-kamal jinta hua. Adept, a. Khüb mahır; kisı bat ko mhayat 'umda tarah par ya tamam-

Applied to persons.

Adequacy, n. Barābar ham-andāz yā kāfī h; kisī khās maqsad ke liye kāfī h (kifāyat k.). [ham-andas h.

The adequacy of one one to the expenditure—Amad o kharch ka barabar y*
Adequate, a. Masāwī, ham-andāz, mutābiq yā muwāfiq; bas; bakhūbī kāfī.

The punishment should be adequate to the offence—Chāhiya ki sazā ham-andāz i-jurm (uske barābar yā uske liye khāb kāfi) ho.

AD FINEM, (Lat) Akhīr tak; khātime tak; anjām tak.

Adhere, v. i 1 — Läse kī tarah chipaknā, khūb simal-jānā yā chaspāni ho-jānā; lag-jānā; saṭ-jānā; wasl ho-jānā.

Wax adheres to the finger - Mum ungli men lag-juta hal.

2.—Qāim rahnā; sābit rahnā, sābit qadam rahnā; lage rahnā; zātī ittifāq khwāh 'aqīde usūl yā rāc ki mutābaqat ki wajh se lā tajum (jon kā ton) rahnā.

To adhere to a statement or an opinion—Kisi bayan ya rae par sabit-qadam rahna (usko na chhorna ya usi ki parrawi k.).

Adherence, n. 1.—Lag-jānā, chaspān h.; simat-jānā.

2.—Lagāwat meh mazbūtī, wafā-dārī; ta'alluq men sābit-qadamī. An adherenes to a party or an opinion—Kisī farīq kī jāmb-dārī med yā kusī — me par sābit-qadam rahnā; jis farīq kī tarai bo-jānā yā jo rās gāim k. usko na chhornā. [lu'ab-dār shai.

Adhesive, a Chipeline w ; viznet jane w chaspin hone w koyi

An adhesier atamp -- Tikut i ahaspinulani ya'ni woli mulirdise tikah jo kisi kagaz gar upar ar chaspin (wool) kur dij s jās.

AD HOC. (lat.) In garne so; is madead he live.

AD HOMINEM, (Law.) Aid bahs jo mulchatab ku usul par lihan karka qaim ki jac. - (nek khwali ke kulam. Adiou, ad. Khuda haliz; khurrbad; dostoù ki judayi ko waqt baham

Autou, not National data, "Printing, to detail at Junayi ko Wante Dallam AD INFINITUM, (Lat.) He payan; la intida; jisha khutima na ho. AD INQUIRENDUM, [Lat.] (Law) Tehquit ko wasto; woli hukm-

nama i adalat jiske zari'e so tahqiqit ba hukm diya jao.

AD INTERIM, (Lat.) Is a me men; is darmiyan men; is 'arsa ya bioh men; itne men quar waqi'i mila hua nahin; ham sar-had.
Adjacent, a. Nuzdik; qurib; muttasil; ham danda; danda-menda; nuzdik

"Things are adjacent when they his near to each other without actually touching," Webster,

Adjament landa - Atain thant-danche (harn var-lend),

Adjoin, s. s. Mila h.; suutinall h., laga h.; kiel ko ba'd hi ya usae mulhiq h. [hi 35 usae laga hus.

Adjoining, p. a. Muttual; multiq; milk huk, laga huk; kim ka ba'it Adjourn, s. L. Multuvi k; aluses den par yk bila-tu'alyun-lajyam mangal r

To adjourn an enquiry—kin tahungk ku dane din par yi bakqald ingrikh Adjourn, v. s. Kuoldi der tak hani ha multavi tahkim jana masalan di din sa darro din tak ya arpada dinon tak khwah bilsata'ajyun itarihi; nan'an i quwanun in ijian ya hadalat ka kani khwah tafrih ko liyo multavi inkkha jana ya bar himat h.; 'adalat ka bar khasi h.

The court of a trious at a colonia - telal et cline level har blake burge

The court experied size die, or without day - Adalai bile-teingun balyam backbad hugi; 'addat bar khast bagi par nike hise i symba ka liga kaga din maqarat na hua.

Adjourned, p. n. 1. Multavi rakkla gaya; jo duore waqt tak multavi rakkla gaya bo; multavi duom.

2 .- Jo hassarl'a erkens har

An adjourned maring of a court - little indication in the party on he ya'm ek narrhaha hocker hest duste due tek unitari rahkha paya ho, 'adalah ka ma'muli ijina nol ti

the "Opposed to the idited or equilibria sorsion," Webster,

Adjournment vs. 1.— litikā; bar klastupi; kisi dūsre roz yā waqt-iāyinda par ķhwāh lulā qaid-i aijum multavi kiyā jaus.

2. - Woh anam inmir kid 'adalat wagara kā kām hand raba; kāmoh ke . ''.' 1.'. | hant med 'adalat ki tajwiz se dilanā, Adjadge, a t. 1. - ihlanā, 'adalat hi tajwiz se dilanā; nizā' yā takrār kī

To selfunge purposition - Ushan dilank

2. -- Falsal k.; tajwie k.; tai k. The come was adjudged perfectley -- Well unuquidants had fained hargays.

S. a. Hukm i tand d. (shdir k.)

To adjudge an offender to double-Kin' majrim he sugisment (plumis) has

Adjudicate, v. t. Faisal k ; 'adālat ke mansab se tahqīq wa tajwīz k. Adjudicate, v. t. Kisī shai kī nisbat 'adālat-āna tahqīqāt wa tajwīz k.

The court adjudicated upon the case—Us muqaddams men'adulat no tabujqui wa tajwiz ki

Adjudication, n 1.—'Adālat ke mansab so talıqıqat wa faisala k.; ıntisāl; talıqıqat wa tajwiz.

2.—Faisala-i-'adālat, 'adālat kī tajwīz yā uskā hukm

Adjust, v. t. 1.—Thik k.; manzūn k.; kisī ke mutābiq yā uske hash-i-hāl k. [knr-d.

2. Tartīb d.; qā ide ke mutābiq banā d ; kisi silsile par gāim 3.—Tasfiya k.; tai k ; raf k , kisi bāt ko is taiah par k. ki akhīr

men donon farīq rāzī ho-jāwen; niptānā.

To adjust accounts or differences - Tasfiya-i-hisāb yā nizi' k.

To adjust annicably—Bā-khudhā (bāham yā āpas men) tasfiya k.; kisi bāt ko āpas men sulh kar ke (samajh-būjh ke) tai k

4.—Kısı ale (dür-bin wagane) ke azja ko apnı apnı jagab par kard.; sudharna, thikthak k

Adjustment, n. 1.—Tasfiya: raf'dād; niptāw.

Adjustment of accounts - Tasfiya-1-hisāb.

Amicable adjustment - Apas men tashiya, rni dad-i-bahami.

2—Kisī dūr-bīń wagaira se alo ke sab ajzā kā apno apno thokāno kar d. tāki woh āla i'stimāl men āsake; tartīb, durust rahuo ki hālat. To be in or out of adjustment—Kisī dūrbīń wagaira kā murattab yā gairmurattab rahnā.

AD LIBITUM (Lat.) Hash-khwāh; jaisī khushī ho; jaisā jī chālie.

AD LITEM, [Lat.] (Law) Muqaddame ke liye; niza' ke liye.

A guardian ad litem — Wali-i daurān-i mnqaddama; woh shakhs jo hisi muqaddame men mudda'ā-'alaih-i-nā bālig ki taraf se jawāb dihi-i-nālish ku liye bahukm-i-'adālat wali muqarrar kiyā-jāc.

Administer, v. t. 1.—Denā

To administer an oath—Half d; qënun ke mutabiq qasam khilang.

2.—Denā; baham-pahunchānā, tagsīm k.; pahunchānā.

To administer justice—Insuf k .'adl-gustari k .; munsifi k ., dud d ya dud-gari k

To administer medicine - Dawā d., dawā bāntoā yā taqsīm k.

To administer relief - Chara-sazī k.; subok doshī k ; hag-rasī k.

3.—Ihtimām k. yā chalūna—jaise sar-kātī kāmon kā; kisī shat ko apne ihtimām yā apnī nīgrātī men nafāz dīlānā yā tiskā bartāw karānā.

To administer the law — Qanun ki ta'mīl k yā karānā; manshā-i qanun nādz k. yā karānā, qānun ko nafāz dilānā (jāri karānā).

To administer the government—Umūrāt-i-sar-kārī kā ihtimām k.; sar-kārī kāmon ko chalānā, apne ihtimām yā apni nigrānī men ijrā i-kār i-riyāsat k.

4.—(Law) Kısı aıse shakhs ke tarke kā band-o-bast k. jo wasiyat-nāma na likh gayā ho yā jisne wasiyat-nāma likhā ho par koyī wasī muqarrar na kıyā ho.

To administer the estate of a deceased person - Kisi mutawalfa ke tarka ka

minister, v. i. 1 .-- Madad d.; kiel shai men mu'm h.; kiel shai ki taraggi kā ba'is h.

2. Muhtamm ka kam k.

A administers upon the estate of II. - Bakar he tarke he liftimize Zaid karta bai dministration, n. 1. ~(Law) (a) Kisi mutawaffa ko turke kā ihtimām usko wasi ki jamb se.

The management of the estate of a deceased person by an executor, the strictly corresponding term excution not being an use " Webster.

(b)--[khtiyar-1 qandnî ke rû so kisî alse shakhal-mutawesî'a ke tarke ka ihtimam wa inaram jo koji wasiyat-nama chhor-har na mara ho ya jiska koyi wasi-i-majaz na ho.

Administration with the will annexed - Is Warst so Ikhtiyar lihtimum-liftedad i matrūka i mutavelia samejhus chāhiya par us hālat man ki mūsi na koyî wasî muqarrar de kijû bo yê wasî mar yayê bo khwah nê qêbil bo yê ta'mil i-waniyat so ueko mka hu hhwah in qinin ki ane keel wajii se wasi ka tomeror beskar by me. isibilpiam-istarka.

An administration bond - light namn i ibtimami tarks i mutawalld; that awer (c.) - Ikhtiyar ja mansah i ihimam; tarka-i-mutawaffa ko ihimam ka ikhtiyürnin iliki ijdent. iva scoad i mubiantical ath k. (dens).

To grant administration, or letters or verificate of administration alkhings. En " It is more usual to say lothers of administration." Affactorer --Webster.

Administration paper - Whilm I are.

Sattlement administration paper - Wallbir Lara I band a bast.

2. Intizam; ihtimam, nazmo nazq; hukumat; hukmarant; kui

'uhde ya khidmat k.i meiram; umur i riyasut ka intisam.

3. Woh kul ashidas jinko qawanin ka mitas aur umur (sarkari ka ihtimam sipurd ho; gavarmint ka ijrayi hasa ya'ni wah alibkir jinke zimme ijrād ahkām sipiud ho.

4 - Dena; pahmichānā yā baham-pahmichānā; kantnā; tagam k. Administration of justino-118 i.d.; adl gustare; legal to had not last t.,

mumilia dad gart.

Administrator, n. 1. "(Low) Sarburah kar; sarburah; muhtamun; munsarim; woh shakha juso shtunam i tarka i mutawatta hakita imajāz ne muta'alliq kiyā ho; woh ahakir jo kizi also mutawallā ke mal-i-matruka ka ihtimam kare june wasiyat nama na likha he khwah jiskā wasī lāiq na ho,

2. – Muntazim; woh shakhs jisko zommo har qism ke qayanin ka nafaz-dilana ho 'am isso ki woh muta'alini i huquq r-ashkhas hon ya

'adālat khwah umur-i riyāsat yā mazhab so.

Administratrix, n. Muhtamima; woh 'aurat jo kisi aisa shakhs ke tarke kā ihtīmām kare jisne apno marne ko pahlo wasīyat nāma na likhā bo; woh musummat jisko sauad-i-muhtamimi 'ata huyi ho.

Admirable, a. Hairat ke qabii; is qadac omda ki uske dekhne ya ounne se istijab to ho par usi ke sath us shai ki nisbat pasandadagi qabe yā ta'xīm ke khayālāt bhī paida he-jāch.

Used of persons or things.

Admiration, n. 1.—Isti'jāb; tabī'yat kā woh josh jo kisī nayī nādir barī yā nihāyat 'umda chīz ke dekhne se paidā ho, kisī shai kī nisbat hairat jiske sāth hī us shai kī nisbat pasand qadr chāh yā ta'zīm ke khayālāt bhī paidā hon

Admire, v. t. 1.—Ta'ajjub yā achambhe se lihāz k.—khusūsan qadr.

dānī 'nzat muhabbat yā pasand ke sāth 2 — Barī qadr k; bahut barā samajhnā.

To admire one's talents-Kisī kī hyāqat kī barī qadr k.

Admissibility, n Manzūi yā dākhil hone ke lāiq h, taslīm ke qābil h.; jo manzūr yā taslīm ho-sake, jise qabūl kar sakcii; pazīrāyī ki salā hiyat r. (pazīrā yā maqbūl ho saknā). [rāyī ke qabil h).

The admissibility of evidence—Shahādat kā taslim yā manzūrī ke laiq h (paz. Admissible, a. Manzūrī ke qābil, taslīm yā paz'īrāyī ke lāiq, jo qahūl

ho-sake; wājib; jāiz.

Admission, n 1.-Dakhil k. ya dakhil h

2 — Iqbāl; ıqrār; woh bāt jo qabūl kījāwe.

An oral admission - Iqlal-1-zabānī

A documentary admission - Iqbal-1-tahret ya kagani.

Admission of a claim-Iqbal-1-da'wa, da'wo ka qabal ya taslim k.

An admission of guilt-Jarm kā gabūl k. . 19rūr-1-jurm.

3 —Kısı aisi bahs wagarra kü manzür yü tuslim k. jo bakhübi sülnt na ho; manzüri; taslim

4 —Bār yābī; dakhl; guzar; andar jāno bi jūzat; msāyi; pahunch;

nazdīk jāne kā ikhtiyār

Admit, v. t. 1 — Dākhil k.; andar jāno d.; bhītar āne d.; kisi jagah ko andar jāne kī ijāzat d.; kisi sarishto mon guzur-pāno yā bār-yāb hone d., nazar yā khayāl men jagah pāne (paithne yā dāķhil hone) d.

2.—Sahīh ke taur par qabul k; taslim k.; jānz r.; sauh sa-

majhnā; sach kai-ke māunā, mānnā; manzūi k

To admit a claim - Kisī da'we ko taslīm k., iqbāl-i da'wā k.

To admit one's guilt—Iqi Iri-mujrimi k, apai maji ini ku maqir h.; apai jum qabil k [yi jain.

To admit in evidence—Subūt meņ manzūr k. yā lenā; shahadat meņ taslīm k.

3—Kısı maçam men jane kā haq sabit k.; jisse kahin guzar kā istihqāq hāsil ho.

A ticket admits one into a play-house—Tikat ke zari'e se kisi kā haq nāchghai men jāne kī nisbat sābit hotā hai (uske zari'e se woh wahāh jā saktā hai)

4.—Kisî bat ke laiq h; kisî amr kî salahiyat r.; kisî bat ka rawa r.

In this sense, of may be used after the verb, or omitted." Webster.

The words do not admit of such a construction—In alfaz kī yah ta'bīr nahīš bo-saktī.

Admonish, v. t. 1.—Kisī qusūr kī nisbat jatā d.; (uskā hāl hatā d.);

āhistər vē mulāimat ac lainat-malāmat (sar-zanish yā chashu-numāyī)

kar-c. - 11 - 1

2. - Yn. t i olij i nasih h.: tambih k.; nasihat k.

3 —Sikhlana batlana ya husayat k , khabar d , muttala k.

Admonition, n. Narmi ka sath fahmaish; dost ana nasihat ya sarganish; kiel queur ya galati par nasihat; jen batan ka k. farz ho unkî ta'lun; un baton ka zikhlana julla k. wajih ko; tambîh; hi · davat : rale numayi.

way " Admonition is prospective, and relates to moral delinquencies; its object is to prevent further transgre han," Il cheler,

Ado, w. Shor o gut; dhum dhem; takhf, mahuat; qahahat; zahmat. thoughal, "acalard, carmy and

To make a great ada about triffer - Khafif khafif hithor ki nisbat bahut shoro gui me hant (but a ditast uthing)

Adopt, v. t. l. - God lend, mutab.wing k ; farzundi men lena; ras-nashin k.; ras haithalna, hele aur waris ki tarah apae khandan med lena.

To adopt a child. Kier both ko mutalment k, final limit. 2 - Pasand k.; ddittyht k.; manna; chun har lena.

To a logica more use or pieu - k.e. t. this 32 mapsaler kā iķbilyar k, ya karnā.

Adopted, p. a. Mutalianna binnya hua i god hja hua

An adapted more edicted extent op eas a protal grants, ear nantalis. Adopter, n. Mittaliania lamino u.; go i lone u.; telmitat koninda.

Adoption, n. 1. Tubniyat, in on him; firmuli men liya jana, pisarkhwandagi; mutalemad betand; Led leak.

2. m. Kist nast zu gest zelekli lät kå ikkligår på gabal k. Adoptive, a 1. Vinintanta k. n. ; ged l. w.

2. - In midulinaria kish pro (god bys jul), AD EEFEREN IIUM, (Lat.) Tajwe't mazet ke lige; aar bhi gear ke livet plur so samujum bajum ya molim ka nasto.

AD REM, (Lat.) Biar justa; just mebat mayand ho mi ke muta'alliq.

Adult, a, linky ya babya; wak mart 44 'norst 10 para god nur puri

taqut ko pahumba ya pahambu ho; wob shar paki balidgi aur quwant pare but ke palinheli got he. Adult, a. Smullbulüg ka palvancha bua; püre qad aur püri tüqat

ko pahuncha baa. jā# An adult person - West, aligher greated house "nurse" for nion i holog ke political An while plant - Wale from the for part part book has constitte beights. Adult by majority - Hairya i bur arm,

difull by puborty - limbya I be claimagh.

Adulterate, r. t. Kr.: sh ii men na pa ohlesh mila kar nas kharab kar-d ;

ämezish k.; khidā k.; kimiah k lmen amerish k.

To adulterate a drug or modural proparation - Rist chara lamatead ya murakkab To adultrists outs less of food and defuk . Ching plus hi chizon mon americal k.

Adulteration, n. Ameznat ; mniawat ; khariji chisod ko mila kar khota

Adultstor, n Woh shakha je roza kë mëgrim ho; wih shakha jo kisi met mai-maukuha (bydhi "anist) se kolodyl kare jo ushi sauja na ho; säni; sink-kar; obbunala. (tiska dag apue apur lagagarho). Adultarons, a Zina ka mitta'uliu ; mpaska mujrim; jiane zina kiya li

Adultering intercention Adults; 12 jain galiteaht

Adultery, n Zinā, harām-kārī, chhinālā; āshnāyī, āshnāyī-i-nā-jāiz, rabt-i-mujrim-ana jo kisi mard aur 'aurat ke ma-bain ho jinmen so ek kî shadî huyî he ya denon ki

AD VALOREM, [Lat.] Mālīyat ke mutābiq.

An ad valorem duty - Woh mahsul ya rusum jo kisi shai ki muliyat ya qimat par fī-sadī (saikare) ke hisāb se adā kiyā jāc.

"In opposition to a specific sum upon a given quantity or

number." Webster.

Advance, v. t. 1.—Pesh k : zāhirk., batlānā; dekhlānā; ijāb ke liye pesh k.

To advance an argument or a plea-Koyī bahs yā 'uzı pesh k.

To advance a claim - Koyī da'wā k yā pesh k

 Āge barhānā, sāmne ko āge chalānā, āge k. yā lānā; taraqqī. d; aur bare nutbe par k

3 - Kisi ke jald barhne ya taraggi pane ka ba'is h.; madad d.,

imdād karke āge barhānā, taraqqī d.

4 -Pahle se d , udhār yā r'tibār par d.; māl ke milno yā kam ke ho-jane ke pahle d.; peshgi d.; age ya agti d., kısı sarınayo tataf so d men kuchh d.

5.—Düsion ki taiaf se d.; wāpas pāno ki minmed par düsia ki Advance, v. i 1.—Āge barhnā, āge chaluā; ago jānā. hin men.

2.—Kısı bab men afzaish ya taraqqı k — jalse'ilin qad danayı yı

3.—Rutbe 'uhde yā qadr-o-manzīlat men barlinā

Advance, n 1 - Age barhna, samne ki taraf jumbish k.; pahuneli,

2.—Taraqqı-ı-zıhni ya jısmani; akhlaq wa adab ya ham-jinson men tarraqqî.

3 —Qīmat-i-zāid yā manāfi'. [(barbti dain) ya manahi. An advance on the prime cost of goods-Mal ki asli lagat par quant i zaid

4 — Peshgi, jo kuchh pahle (agtā) diyā jāe; mu'āwaze ke (khwāh rupaye ya mal ke) milne ke pahle punji (sar-maye) ke liye ya qara ki taur par kuchh d ; woh mal ya rupaye jo unke mu'awaze ko milno ke pahle ımdād-ı-kharch ke liye diye jācu.

Advances for purchase of produce - Dadni.

Advances for work-Pesbgī; agtā

Advances to tenants - Taqāvī.

In advance-Āge, mā-qabl, sāmne, peshgī; mu'āwaze ke pāne ke pahle; jab kîsî sharîk-ı-tijürat ne apne parte se ziyada diya ho.

Advance, a. Jagah yā waqt ke lihāz se muqaddam

Advance payment - Woh rupaye 10 wājihu-l-adā hone ke pahle diye jāuh

Advancement, n 1.—Taraqqı d ya pana; taraqqı; barhtı, tarjın pana yā murajjah kiyā jānā.

2 —Rupaye-passe kā peshgī d.; rupaye jo peshgī diye jāci.

Advantage, n. 1 — Koyī hālat bāt maūqa' yā zarī'a jo naf'a yu nek-nāmī khwah kisi amr-i maqsūd ke husūl ke liye khās taur par munāsib ho; meuga', dāon; wasīla; zarī'a, faida hāsil karno kī suhūlat. 2 - Galaba, fauq yā fauqīvat, jīt.

With of or over.

To get the advantage of or over another—Kirl diere par gülib dus ya usko meglub k ; kesi diere se jit jünü (usko dabā lenā)

3.—Halat ki buzurgi ya woh hat jisso yah kaifiyat paida ho; faida; uaf'a; yait, manfa'at; intifa'.

4. -- Woh amri zaid (koyi amr bat) jisse düsre par galaba ho.

Advantageous, a. Nuli', findo ku; faldo ko halal karno ki subulat ya nuka manga' d. w., naf'a lukhah; mufid; k u annad; sud-mand.

Adversary, n. Woh shakha ja mundhudat ya muzahomat ki niyat so dusro so ru-gardan ho; haiq-i-mukhalif so ek; dushman; 'ndu; khasu; mudde'i ya mudde'i-'ahith; faru-i-sani.

The advorsary - Shattan; iblie.

Adversary, a 1.—Mukhalif, kini ditere ka khiliff; mutazād.

2.—(Law) Jismen fariq-isstnt ya fariq i mukhālif ho.

An adversary suit—Magabalo ki palible functional ke magabalo med utilish.

**F" "In distinction from an application, in law or equity, to which no opposition is made." If these.

Adverse, a. 1. Khilif; makhalif ya mukhilif-ana; mi-munang; ulta; jiska hanal bajanih i mukhilif ho.

An adverse decision - Mukhalif ya na munaing fairale.

An adverse purby "Farm t-multicher form I fire, modila't yr mudda'a'alaile Adverse winds-Tad-i mukhalif, alp hawn; n'i-muwalig bawk,

2.—Klimihish ka khilaf; muzir; ranj dih, taklif dih; ufat-ink, bad-bakhi, kam-bakhi; na-mas'ad; mimber-ink.

An adverse fortune - that bullets; munchat.

Adverse viconnetones .- Taklif ki halet; musitat ki kalfiyat.

Adverse possession (Low)—tyckse i mukhatif dan; jawahad i gur-mangala ka mu kakal qabaa u-tawarent 11680 yoli paya jaw ki qabax uu jawahal ki nisbut laapyut ka da'wa rakhta baa. [ke hinda ba

Adversely, ad. Bu turz-i muklutlif; muklutlifünu; jo khuähish yä marri Adversity, a. da kam yähi mun mäni ho; jiski wajh sa khwähish püri na ho sako; woh mujura yu wo majure jisku sathi tu hari hari takliton ya musibaton hon; musibut; äfat; taklif.

Advert, v. i Mukhātih ya mutawajjih h.; lihāz k; dil yā tawajjuh ko

pherna; khayal k.; zikr k.; mazkter k.

With the

To advers as a arcomalance—Rist ame ke taraf mutawajjah b. ya nshā sike k Advertence, n. Tawajjah ; ithén; khayal ; re'ayal ; pās.

With advertence to—the blane; he khayal; he 'nexar; he ri'dynt, frodeher bhejng. Advertise, v. t. 1.—k isi ka ritille' ya khubur d.; muttala' k ; agah k.; sue 155° "Followed by cy before the object of information." History.

To advortise a min of his line - Kirt shakha iso unki naugani ki khahar d.

2.—Mushtahar k.; i'isa k.; kisi bat kî ittilü' awam ko d.; kisî shai ke farokht ya kisî ohîz kî barāmud wagaira hone kî garaz su uskî kaifîyat mushtahar k. 'ām-isse ki kaifîyat-i-mushtahara likhi bo ya chhapi.

To advertise a property for sale by anction—Keef joo-did he mikes he live much taken k. (much taken be-mikes k.).

To advertise a runaway – Kiel firstl ki girifbiri ka liya caki kalilyat "mashtshar

Advertisement, n. Ishtihar; ittila'; khabar, ittila' ko liye i'lan, woh mukhtasar kaifiyat jo ittilä ke liye kisi akhbai men chhap-dijae ya lıkhkar khwäh chhäpkar kısī jagah par lagü-dijüe. Ike liye di jāq.

Advice, n. 1.—Salāh, mashwara yā mashwarat; īmā, iāe jo 'paiiavī

To take advice-Düsron se mashwara k yā rēc lenā

To apply for advice—Rāe yā mashwara chāhnā yā uskī darkhwāst k.

To apply to a lawyer for legal advice-Kiы qānūn dan se qānūn ke muta'alliq rāe yā mashwara chīhnā. talah k

To ask one for professional advice - Kisī shakhs se uske peshe ke muta'alliq rae To give advice-Salāh d ; mashwara d. , is garaz se rāe d. yā batlanā kr usī ke mutābiq 'amal kiyā jāc. [karfīyat kī rttīlā'.

2 — Ittılā'; khabar; samāchār; kısī mu'āmale yā mu'āmalāt kī Commonly in the plural.

Advisable, a Salāh kī bāt, qarīn i-maslahat; munāsib; salāh-i-waqt, 'aql'kī bāt, jiskā k munāsib ho

Advise, v. t 1 — Kisī ko salāh d.; mashwara d.; aisī rāc batlūnā 10 pairavī ke lāiq ho (jispar 'amal k qarin-i-maslahat ho.)

I advise you to be cautious—Main tumben salāh detā hūn ki khabar-dār raho, merî yah rāe hat ki tum hosb-yār iaho

2.—Kısı ko ıttila'd; muttala'k, waqıf k, agah k, batlana.

"Followed by of before the thing communicated" Webster The merchants were advised of the risk-Un saudagaron ko khatre (jokhim) kī ittilā' dīgayī thī

Advise, v. i Khūb gaur k yā sochnā, fikr ke sāth sochnā.

To advise with —Rae lene ki garaz se kisi se mashwala k ; shura k., salah lena Advisedly, ad Jānbūjh-kar, samajhbūjh-kar, qasdan; 'amadan; bi-lırāda, sochbichār-kai; ihtiyāt ke sāth, dil-jam'ī ke sāth.

Adviser, n 1 - Salāh d. w., mushīi, nāsih.

A legal adviser -- Qānūn ke muta'alliq salāh d. w ; vakīl ; mukhtār, kaunsalī , A medical adviser—'Ilaj ke muta'allıq salah d w., daktar; tabib; hakim; baid.

2.—Bahkāne-w, targīb d w.; mugwī, igwā k w., ubhārne w.

In a bad sense

Advocate, n. 1 -- Woh shakhs jo kısı kı taraf se hakım ya 'adalat ke rū-ba-rū kısī mu'āmale men suwāl-o-jawāb kare; kaunsalī, bāristar

2.—Hāmī; shafī'; jo bahs yā dalīl karke kīsī kī hīmāyat yā pāsdārī kare. rawāyi kare

Judge advocate—Fauji kachabrıyon men woh shakhs jo mudda'i ki taraf se kār-Advocate, v. t. Kisī ke haq men suwāl-o-jawāb k yā 'uzrāt pesh k;

kisī hākim ke rū-ba-rū khwāh 'awām ke muqābale men dalīlen pesh kar-ke bachānā, himāyat k.

Afar, ad. Dür par; dür se; dür tak.

"Used with from preceding, or off following." Webster. He was seen from afar - Woh der (fäszle) se dekhā gayā thā

Í saw him *afar off*-Main ne uge dúr par dekhā.

Affable, a. To batchit men takallıf na kare; jo düston se ji khol-kar gufigü kare; khaliq; be takallıf ya jisnen takallıf na ho; ba-munusi ya muruwat dar; jo düston ka kahna mane.

" Usually applied to superiors." Webiter.

Affair, a. Kisi qirm kû kām ; jo kiya jao ya kiya jano wala ho.

Webster. (Ph) -(a.) 'Ummant nuclimalit; bar ternit ke kim.

Ruman affecte .- Admi (mode) ke mu'amelita.

Political officier - Ma anulated mulkt.

(b.) Kin shakha i unhid ba kar a bar ya usko tu'alluqut. His afteire are subarraseed—11 dia kar-a-bar munterbar (absar) hai.

(c.) Baten; halak; karn här ya ta'nllugat ki kuniyat – [mint.

(d) Shrkari ta'allingst ann unka ilitamsen, mu'senal et-i-gavarllo is at the head of alteles - rekari ta'alliqui non unke dituism med wob sali par islà dist habandal shor ball

An affair of honour . We de latte perde abole our mone patie so talinly a har kokin model chancer of the en ki but keetat have he live bu.

Affect, v. l. Mineau li turec'h that pur mark, ya une paleudulienk; kist shal moù mar paleune ad ka bagaryar v tabaddul k

To offere injuriously as Aran is a program to a fluid of a rubbe duling a size and publish to be a new tool of the control of

2. - Nahir minutel k.; him k., sirut hanana; mai shaki sahir medi banana ju jihili ya u-ii ma ha, bananat k.

Traffert igniration - Romanet or la thor white he an fan bound, tojahul i hist Ana ka jan he an jan he

S.—Ill par east parlà k ; ill themis; del ha bila d; del par laguit; Affectation, a do bak and vi parteculu par la deke chitriar karno ya debbiano di koshi-li; finitiar do'un, addi'n i tend; zahire bandwat; galardiri; jbuthi unnaleh [k. w. ja jebili (asli) in ho.

Affected, p. a. 1. Number of deep by "All; is then be rakhing ha die wat 2. - Ash mahin, I long inches, gar n. it ya gar hidge, je lumawat

ki han par ho, iddi ayi,
Affenting, ya a dia man didi juda padik kerne ki quwwat ho; jinga did
hilatha; jinka asar t dalat par ho; pan dard; maanir, - [wob rahu-

Affection, n. 1. Safet ya kha upat po an chat a jula na ho sakt jishush 2.—Kisi hika shai ki inizi da ka minisi; khwahish; mmi, ragimb 3.—Mustahkam mak khwahi; malmbhat; sar garmi ya pyar ke sath lagawat.

W" "Now generally followed by page " Il fitter.

Affeotionate, a. 1. -- Jesman best muliablest ho, so kiel ko habut chaho; jo kiel ko dil so pyer kare.

Applied to per one

2.—In mubabbat hi rab se bu; pasa rambabbat ya shih zahir bu; jisao nok-khwabi zahir bu.

Applied to things.

Affeer, v t (Law) Kisī qism kā khud-ikhtiyārī tāwān yā jurm-āna qātm k. yā usko ghatā-kar ek ta'dād-1-khās mu'aiyan k ; kisī mu'āmale ko hālāt ke mutābiq takhfif kar-ke koyī ta'dād-1-mu'aiyan qāim k.

Affiant, n. (Law) Jo shakhs half-nāma dākhil kare.

Affidavit, n (Law) Half-nāma, likhā huā bayān jo half se tasdīq kiyā jāwe, woh tahrīrī bayān jo kisī hākim-i-majāz ke iū-ba-rū half se tas dīq hokar uspar muzhir ke dastkhatsabt hon, iqrāi-i-halfī, bayān-i-halfī

"It is always made exparte and without cross-examination, and in this differs from a deposition. The term is also applied to statements made on affirmation" Webster

Affinity, n. 1 — Qarābat (rīslīta) jo shādī ke zarī'e se paidā ho, qarābat-ī

"In contradistinction from consanguinity, or relationship by blood." Webster.

2—Gäyat darje kā ittifāq, barā mel; mutābaqat, mushābahat; lagāw; ta'alluq, rabt. [kām d. yā mustahkam k.

Affirm, v. t 1.—Qāim r.; bahāl r.; manzūt k; jon kā ton rabno d., istili-To görm a judgment—Faisala bahāl r

2 - Kahnā; bayān k; muqir h.; amı-i-wāqi'i ke taur par kahnā; yaqin ke sāth kahnā, yah kahnā ki fulih amr sahih hai.

Opposed to deny.

Affirm, v 2. 1.—Yaqin ke sath kahna ya bayan k

2—(Law) Kisî hākim yā 'adālat-i-majūz ke rū-ba-rū yalı samajhkar īmān se sach kahne kā wa'da k. ki agar sach na kahenge to daroghalfī kī sazī pāengo; iqrār-i-sālih ke rū se adā-i-shahādat k.

Affirmable, a Jo yaqın ke sath kaha ya zahır kıya-ja-sake, jise yaqını taur par bayan kar saken.

Followed by of

Affirmance, n. 1.—Bahālī; manzūrī, istihkām.

The affirmance of a judgment-Kusī faisale kī bahālī.

In affirmance of—Kısı shai ki babāli (uska qām yā barqanīr rakhne) ke liyo yā use bahāl (qām yā barqanār) rakh-kar.

2.—(Law) Jo fi'l tansīķh ke qābil ho uskī manzūrī.

Affirmant, n. 1 — Yaqini taur par bayan k. w.

2.—(Law) Jo half ke 'ıwaz men ıqrar-i salıh ko ru se bayan kare.

Affirmation, n. 1.—Bataur räst ke kahnä; sacheliä qaiār d.

Opposed to negation or denial.

2 — Woh bāt jo kahī jāe; bayān; izhār; qaul.

3 — Manzūrī; bar-qarārī; bahālī; jo kuchh kıyā-gayā yā hukm dıyā-gayā ho uskā qām r.

4.—(Law) Jis shakhs ko îmānan half lone se inkār ho uskā iqrār i sāljh ke rū se bayān k. aur is bāt kā yād rakhnā ki datog bayānī kī hālat men ham ba-jurm-i-darog-halfi mustaujib-i-sazā honge.

In law an affirmation is equivalent to an oath.

A salound application - Ique I halfe; igrar i shilh.

A ample affirmation - large i-make. mation by withers alubi-talihital.

Applied to precomption clams. M. L. iffix, v. a kail mon lagana ya sabi k., akhu men milana ya barhana.

To affix ano's sent or signature to an instrument - Key dest-away ke akhir mon apro mulu ya apro dastkhal sabt k,

2.-Kısı tarah par lagană; chrispăń k.; āwezań k yā laţka d.

To affect notice to one's deer - Itali' nime kit kin ke da wase par chaquin k. (lagit d. khwith twesth k).

Affluence, n. Kisi shai ki kasiat, kisi chiz ka bahut (ifiat so) b.; mil-o-, mata' kā ifrāt so h ; daulut kī ziyadatī.

Affluent, a. Māl-a-matā' so bhard-pārā; danlat so bharā; kadra l-māl. Afford, v. t. 1. - Paula k. ya upjana jame phal manah' ya matiju.

The earth affords grain - Zamm galla public karti hai (uses gall a paide hata hai)

2.-- Dena; 'ata k., baklahna

A good life apords consolation in old ugo - Nek rindagt burdage man panityst r kinter date hair unke ko ski heretun preper mete dilejum'e intre luge, luis

3. - Manaff samet (lulă ungsân) de ya hech sakna; fuide se sath (bila khisten) firoldit ki istilant r.

A can affind that cloth at a loss price than 11-11s happe to Zand hu-matest Bakur ka kum ganut jan boodi nekta test.

4. -- Kisi kharch kā istarah mutahammul hosakna ki apmi jagdåd ko knoth muzarrat na jadunolo; kharoli kar saknå ya uthasakuā; kiei kharch kā legh utbā aknā,

He can afford twenty respects mouth in charity - Web khalets much has employed mali-nua kharch kut salita hai,

5. - Jo chiz kharid kijawe uski qimat ko ada karno ki safahiyat r. (use de-sakna.)

He can afford to purcture this beek. Woh is kithly to usk quant do kar king i has sakin had (tiske by greant kharid has sakin has,)

Affray, n. (Luw) Hangdoon, larayî; danya; do ya zaid shakhesî ka nisî jagalı larna jahân 'awam ate jato hon aur uz larayı ve logon ke dilon inen khauf paidā ho-jāc.

*A fighting in private is not, in a legal sense, an affray," Blackstone -- Webster.

Affoat, ad or a. 1 .- Bahta hua; tuirta hua; pani par chalta hua.

The ship is afford. Jahre pant par challe the har (bahta chald juta hai)

2 -- Mutaharrik; ek jagah so düsri jagah guzar k. w.; jada-ja phailā huā.

A rumour is afout-Khabar plasile hai; afoth hat; jā ba jā sludeā hai; gaugā machā hat.

3. - Gair-mustahkam; be-salat; he-thekane; jiska bera parte w. koyî na ho; jo be chalane wale ya khene wale ko chale; jo begair kini alsar ya rah-dekhlane wale ke chale.

Our affairs are all affoat—Hamare kār-o-bāt bi-l-kul guir mustahkam ham (bi-l kul be-thekāne yā be-daul chal rahe ham), unko bere kā pāt karne wālā koyī nabīn ha

"As an adjective, this word always follows the noun." Webster.

Afoot, ad. 1.—Pıyada-pa; pa-pıyada, paidal

Opposed to riding

2.—Daurān-i-kāi men; jiskī nisbat takmile (anjūm) ke minisūbo ho rahe hon

A design is afoot, or on foot—Fulān būt kā mansūba ho rahā hai, fulān amr kī bandish ho rahī hai (uskī takmil kā mansūba yā tanaiyya ho rahā hai)

Aforementioned, a Jiskā zikr kisī tahrīr yā takrīr-i-wāliid men ho-chukā ho, masbūqu-z-zikr, awwalu-z-zikr; muzkūi a-i-bālā

Aforenamed, a. Jiskā nām pahle liyā gayā ho; nām-burda, mausūm. Aforesaid, a. Jiskī nisbat kuchh pahle kuhā gayā ho, māqablu-z-zikr, mutazakkira-i-sadr, muhawwala-i-bālā, jiskā bayān kisī jiuzw-i-muqaddam men ho-chukā ho [wujūh se A FORTIORI, [Lat] Ziyāda-tar qawī wajūh ke sāth; ziyāda-tar mā'qūl

A FORTIORI, [Lat] Ziyada-tar qawi wajuh ke satu; ziyada-tar ma'qal Afraid, a Khaut-zada; dara-hua, mukhawwaf.

"This word expresses a less degree of feat than terrified or frightened It is followed by of before the object of fear; as, to be afraid of death" Webster.

Afresh, ad Az-sar-ı-nau, phir se, mujaddadan; naye sar se; waqfa ke ba'd, ek martaba band ho-kar phir [wālā, kisī ke bu'd āne wālā After, a. Waqt ke lihāz se kisī ke pīchhe, ma'-ba'd; āyinda, āgn āne-

"In this sense, the word is often combined with the following noun, as, in after-ages" IVebster

After, prep 1.—Jagah ke lihāz se pīchhe; ba'd.

They sat one after another-We ek dusie ke pichhe baithe the.

2.-Waqt ke i'tibar se pichhe; ba'd

After dinner. - Khānā khāne ke ba'd.

"This word often precedes a sentence as a governing preposition" Webster

After you have done that, do this-Jab tum woh kar-chuke tab yah kare (uske karne ke ba'd yah kare)

3.—Kisī ke ta'āqub men yā uske pīchhe pīchhe, kisī kī talāsh men To go after a person or thing—Kisī shākhs yā chiz kī talāsh men jānā (usko dhāndhte phiroā).

4—Kisī kī taqlid par; kisī ke partaw par, kisī ko dekh-kar; kisī dūsrī shai ke mutābiq

To make a thing after a model—Kisi namine ki taqlid par (uske mutābiq) koyi chīz banānā

5.—Nisbat yā ba-nisbat; bābat, bāb men, mādde men. [pūchhnā] To enquire after a friend—Kisī dost kī nisbat istifsār k. (uskā hāl daryāft k. yā Þīter, ad. Pīchhe, ba'd,

Long after - Bahut der ba'd; bahut dinon ke ba'd, bahut hi pichhe.

fter-all, ad. Sab baten par lihāz (khayāl yā gaur) ke ba'd; bi l-jumla; fi-l-jumla, ba-bar-hāl [aur

gain, ad. 1.—Dusti martaba; do-hara; phir; ek martaba (daf'a yā bāi)

"All the uses of this word tarry in them the ideas of return or
repetition." Webster:

Give it back again - Ine phir waper do (ya'nı ek martuba wapan de chuke ho phir wapan kare).

Give him as much again ... Use utof hi any ya phir do (ya'u'i jisqadar use ek bar diya gaja hui usiqadar ok bar any do).

2.-Kisī ke badle yā javāb men; plar so.

Bring me word again - Mere pås phir khabai läo (ya'ni jo khabar main temhari ma'rifat bhejtā hūn uske jawāh men mere pās phir khabar läo).

Again and ayam - Mutawater; bar-bar, barba; phir phir, takrar ke sath; mu. karrar; sikarrar; kayi maetaba; padham; ba tanatur

against, prop. 1.—Banim; bamuqabala, par; kisi ke khilaf

To brong an action attainst a present - kest par ya tiske majabalo med nalish k.

2.—Kinläf; bar-khiläf; bur-ake; unitazād; mutäbig nahīn.

A decree against law - Quantu he khiles dign.

8.—Ba-muqabala; muqabala men; use taqabul khwah mukhalif janamb ya ushkhas ka izhar bota bei.

Twenty rutes against ton - Das ramin ke sougabale men bis raen.

4.—Khiläf jiese miar-i nuqean ya musthat khwah kiei bat ka khwahish ke khilaf hona mu'lum hota hai.

This change is against us - Yah tabadala ham logoù ke hillst hai (hamare liye muzir ya humari huwahish ke hillst hai).

5 - Kısı bat ke tahaiye men; kisi bat ki unmed par.

Great preparations are making against his son's weshing "Uske bete k) shadt ki bari truyfiri he relatival (uske tehniye men ya uski mamed par bare bare saman he rahe hain).

.go, a. 1.—'Umr; sin.

2.—Sum-t-shu'ür, woh 'umr jismeh tardız hüsil ho; bulüg. faz. To be of age-Sum-l-shu'ur (tamis) ko pahuhchuz, balig k. ya buluz ka yahuhch.

3.—(Law) Bulug; woh zamāna jiswaqt qanān ke rū se koyī shakha ba'z fi'l khud kar-sake yā apne bāp mān khwāh wali kī hukumat se barī ho jās.

Ziedagi kā pichhlā lussa; burhāpā; pirī; sin men buzurgī.

5.—Tawārīķh men koyi ķhās zamāna jiskā muqabala dūsre zamānon se kıyā jāe.

6.—Sau baras; ek sau baras kā zamāna; sadī.

.ged, α. l.—Purānā; būṛhā; bahut dinon kā; jo goyā apue ma'mūlī waqt tak rah-ohukā ho; sm-rasīda; sāl ķhurda yā sāl-ķhurd; sāl-dida.

Applied to animals or plants.

2.—Jo kuchh 'arse tak ziuda rah-chukā bo; kiel 'umr kā.

Aged three yeam—The haras kā; jishi 'nuft tin sal ki ho; je tin haras tak filchuka ho (zinda rahā ho.)

Agency, n. 1.—'Amal; kām, kār-pardāzī; iqtidāt kā kām men lānā; wasīla, zatī'a [o-bār supurd ho-

2 - Ārbat; arbatīve kā kām; us shakhs kā kām jiso dūsro kā kār-

Local agency - Mahkama 1-augaf.

Agent, 2. I.—Jise 'amal kā iqtidār ho; 'āmil; fl'il.

2.—Kārinda; 'āmil; nāib; muķhtār; gumāshta; arhatiyl; woh shakhs jiske ta'alluq dūsre kā kār-o-bār ho.

An authorized, or a duly constituted, agent-Mukhtär-i-zi-ikhtiyär yā majāz

A recognized agent - Mukhtär-1-maqbüla

3 — Jismen asar ya natija paida karne ki quwwat ho.

Aggravate, v. t. 1 — Žiyāda burā yā sangīn kar d., aisā k. ki mu'āfī yā tahammul ke qābil bahut kam rahjāe, barhā-d.

The alleged motive aggravates the offence—Jo wall bayan ki gayi hai usso furm ki sangini barh-jātī hai.

2 -Baihākar kahnā; mubālage ke sāth bayān k.

Aggravated, p. p. o. a Sakht, sangin; jiski burāyi ya sakhti barh-gayi ho An aggravated offence—Jurm 1 sangin

A case of an aggravated nature - Muqaddama i-sangin.

Aggravating, p. α. Burāyī sakhtī yā sangīnī ziyūda k. w.

Aggravation, n. 1.—Sakatī yā saugīnī kā barhānā; aur burā k.; badtar yā abtar k, kisī iil-i-bad yā be-jā par izdiyād (uskī taraqqī); ishti'āl yā jurm-i mazīd; woh bāt jisse kisī jurm yā balā kī taraqqī ho.

2.—Kısı be jā nā-munāsıb yā gair-jibillī amr ke bayan yā izhār men mubālaga

Aggregate, a Majmū'ī; kul; jumla.

The aggregate testimony of his witnesses proves the plaintiff's claim—Mudda'i kā dā'wā ueke gawāhon kī shahādat i-majmü'i se sābit hotā haī.

Aggregate punishment - Sazā-ı majmū'i; kul sazā.

The aggregate value of a suit-Kisi nalish ki kul maliyat.

Aggregate, n. Majmū'a, jumla

In the aggregate—Bi-l kul, mujmalan, ijmālan; sab kā sab.

Aggress, v i. Pahle hamla k.; khusūmat shurū' k.; chhernā yā chhor chhār k., jhagrā yā takrār shurū' k (uskī bunyād dālnā); pahle mārpīt k. yā hamla āwar h.

Aggression, n Khusumat kā ibtidāyi fil; chher yā chher chhār; pahlī yūrish, zarrar-rasānī kā pahlā fil yā woh fil-ibtidāyi jisse kisi lagāyi

yā takrār kī bunyād qāim ho.

Aggressive, a. Dushmanî kî bunyad dalne-w.; takrar shurû' k w.; jo pahle takrar shurû' kare; jiskî taraf se chher shurû' ho; bani i-takrar ya khusûmat

Aggressor, n. Bānı-ı-fasād; woh shakhs jo pahle takrār shuru kare; woh shakhs jiski taraf se khusūmat takrār yā mār-pīt shuru ho; jo pahle yūrish kare.

"An aggressor is censurable for beginning or giving rise to quarrels; an assailant for actually making an assault, and for the mischief which he does. An aggrassor may only threaten violence but an assailant contails at a W

lggrieve, v. f. Ranj d.; satānā ; zarar pahmichāna ; zulink.; tang k.; izā d. Au aggrieved party—Fariq i-mazltim, situm nasda (zarar natda) shakhs.

lgitate, v. t. 1. Dawandol kar-d., uthal-pathal kar d.; khub hila-dolad.; aist hild d. ku nicho upen ha jac [muntashir k

2 — Pareshān k.; muztarīb k.; garbarā d.; intishār men dālnā yā

S.—Sar-garmî se balıs k.; munăzara k.

4—Har ek puhlû ko daklma; har tarah par sochuā; dil men phor-phārkar samajima; kisi amr ki nisbat kayî qism kā khayul k ; gaur-o-taammui se handish hāndhnā.

ignate, a (Law) Jihat-i pidarī se mansub; jihat-i-pidarī kā garābat-

dar; jiskā silsila-i-qarābat zukūr so ho.

ignate, n. (Law) do kisî se uske bûp ke zaiî'e se rishta rukkhe; bûp kî taraf rishta r. w. [se ho.

Ignation, n. Rishta jo sirf jihat i pidar ya silsila i zukur ke sari e EF "As distingui had from ragnation, which includes descent in both the male and female lines." Which is

lgo, ad. Guziā; bliā, lini; gayā; mungazī hus.

kgroo, v s. 1...-Ittifaq k.; muttafiqu-r råe h.; ok tarah kā hayān k ; mel yā ittifāq r.; muttatiq h ; baham nol jānā ya il,htviaf eldior d ; ek ho-jānā.

The witnesses agree on this point—Is our ki metal. given mailation I began The assessors do not agree as to the guilt of the second—Maissia ki majrimi per assess log multilaguer the maint hair.

The court agrees with the jury - 'Aitlit our abilition i jury ki is ek in hai

2.—Qubul k.; manear k , ravi h.; pasand k.

Followed by to.

To agree to a condition or term - Kiss short ke manghe k.

5.—Qaul-o-quiar k.; apas men tui k.; shart k.; igrae k.; räst-ruju' h.
The publies were apreed as to the torms—Furgain no wok sharten apac men
tal karli thin.

[kur lenk (unko apac men tai kar-lina)

To agree on articles of partnership.—Sharākat ki sharton ki nishat qaul o-qaiar Ifo had ogreed with him for a rupos a day.—Usits ness it yaum ok supayo ki shart kar-li thi.

4.—Mutābiq h.; mushābih h.; ok dasre 1.1 mānind h.; ok tarah kā (yak-sān) h. [nahīn hai

The picture does not agree with the original—Woh shabin as as mush shab.

5.—Tasir ke lihaz so muwafiq h. ya muwafa jal k.; kisi ki tandurusti ke liye murid h.

[ke muwafaqat nahih karti

The same food dose not agree with every constitution—Ek in gree har shakles igreeable, a. 1.—Munasib; hash-i-hal; muwafiq; kisi ke liye mauson, gair-mutasad; khilaf ushin

2.—Jo dil ya hawas-i-khamsa ko pasandida ho; khush-ayand; achchha ya bhala; khush-nima. [achcha bo.

Fruit agreeable to the tasta—Khush-saiga phal; phal jiska mash khure meg Agreeable manners—Khush-khulqi; hami akhilaq; achehe tariq. — frique greeably ad l. Muwadq, murabiq, hash; bamujib; ba-ittibal-as ya Agreeably to orders—Hasbulhukm; hukm ke mutābiq; ba-ittībā'-i-hukm (hukm se yā hukm ke rū se)

Agreed, p. p 1 -Ek dil; ek rāe; muttafiq.

2.-Manzār; maqbūl.

The proposition was agreed to - Woh tsiwiz mauzur ki gayi (maqliul huyf)

Āpas kī razā-mandī se tai—masalan koyī mu'āhada yā saudā.

The terms were agreed to or agreed upon—Woh sharten (ya'ni kisi mu'āhade wagaira kī sharten) āpas kī razī-mandī se tar huyīn.

Agreement, n 1.—Ittifāq-i-lāe, yak-dilī; ittifāq; rāe bayān yā kār

rawāyī wagaira men ittifāq (mel yā muwāfaqat)

2.—(Law) (a) Iqrār, qaul-o-qarār; qarār-madār; mu'āhada; 'ahd; shart; do yā zāid shakhson ke damuyān āpas men qaul-o-qarār, (mu'āhada-i-bāhamī)

(b)—Woh navishta jisse amr-i-tai-shuda sähir ho (yah sähit ho ki

kaun sī bāt muta āqıdain ke mābain qarār pāyi); iqrār-nāma.

A settlement agreement - Iqrar-nama-i-band-o-bast

An agreement to abide by an arbitration or arbitration award.--Iquar nama isalisi, panchayat ka iquar-nama; sahsi ya fusala-i salisi ki pa-bandi ka iquar pama

An agreement to abide by one's act-Hasr-nama.

To enter into, or make, an agreement - Mu'ahada ya quul-o-qarar k.

Agricultural, a. Zuri'at ke muta'allıq, kisht-kini (kheti) se 'aliqa r. w ; zamin ke jotne-bone se nıshat r w.

The agricultural class - Mazāri', kāsht kār log; jo log kheti karen

Agrigulture, n Zırā'at, kāsht-kārī; khetī, kisānī yā kisnayī; woli bunar yā 'ilm jismen bare bare qat'āt i-arāzī kā jotnā-bonā zamīn kā taiyār k. fasl kā upjānā aur kātņā aur maweshī wa ghore wagaira se jān-waron kā rakhnā dākhil hai.

Agriculturist, n. Kāsht-kār; kisān; kheti k w.; mazāri', khetihar,

Aid, v. t l'ānat k.; madad d.; sahārā d., mu'in h.; mu'āwanat k. yā muā'wn h.; madad-gār h ; kisī maqsad ke anjām khwāh kisī burāyī, kī madād vā uske daf'a karne men himāyat k [doshī.

Aid, n 1.—Madad, i'ānat; pushtī; sahārā; himāyat; chāra-kār yā šubuk 2.—Woh shakhs yā shai jisse madad mile (jo mu'in ho yā madad

de); madad-gār; mu'āwin.

To pray in aid (Law)—Jis haqiyat men kisi fariq ka haq pahunchta ha neki hifazet men i'anat ke liye us fariq i zi-haq ka abarik k.

"The petition for this purpose is called aid-prayer." Blackstone-

Aider, n. (Law) Woh shakhs jo urtikāb-i-jurm men madad yā sahārā de; mu'īn-i-jurm, jurm ke wuqu' men targīb d.-w., mujrim-i-darja-i-duwum. [kar) bandūn yā tīr wagawa chalānā

Am, v. i. 1.—Nishāna lagānā; kisi kī taraf khūb dekh-bhāl-kar (sādh-To aim at an enemy — Dushman par nishāna lagānā yā chalānā.

2. Kısı maqsad ke husül ki koshish k.; kisi bat ka mansha r.; koyi amr markur r.; kisi bat ko chahna ya uski koshish k.

"Followed by at before the abject." Wedster

Aim, v. 4. Chalana jaise koyi hashiyar ghusa ya war; kisi khas shai ki

taraf ruju'k, jaise koyi lanz ki bat wagaira.

kim. n. l.— Nishāna lagānā jaise tir wagaira kā; kisī chiz kā kisī khās shai ki taraf is guinz so jhukānā ki us chiz kā zarb yā asar us shai par pare masalan neze zarb yā bāt kā. [pahuāchānā manzūr ho.

2.—Nishāna; amaj gāh; woh ehar jiskā mazrub k. ya jispar asar

3,-Maqsad; rīšda; manīstim.

kir, n. l. -- Hawk; kur. -- thadi. [halat.

2.—Garmî sardî ya tarî wagaira ke lihaz se kura-i-badî ki keyî khûs. A damp air—Hawê-i-martub.

The morning our-Subh ki haus.

3.—Chaltī hawā; bād-i mutaharrik; hawā jo dhīme dhīme ebale; khalīf hawā [ho-jānā; khul jānā.

4.—Ifshā yā parda-daif; zahān zad h.: i'lūn; logni ko ma'lūm The story has taken air — Won hāt ifshā ho-gayi (phal-gayi khal-gayi ya logoù ko ma'lūm ha gayi khwāh phūt gayi).

Wind is used in like manner.

5. - Kist shakhs ki quan i-khis ki ahitwan ya surat khwah uska tariq ya uski chab dhal. [ghamand.

6.--pl. Masna'l tarly; bandwat; gurür ki unmäish; takabbur,

To put on airs - Bandway her ixhise i takabbur k.

To take air - Khul jana; tach ho jana; 'am ho jana; 'awam ko ma'lim ho jana; chluga na rahna; huwa h.; phat jana.

To take the ofe - Nühar (maidin ki taraf) nikal-jänä; pa-pisäda yä gliare par samär hokar maidin ki taraf nikal-jäna; hawa khäne ke hyo maidin ki taraf nhale jänä [khol d

tir, v. t. 1.— Thandhi karna täzapi bakhulme ya hawa ki safayi ke liye To asr a room—Kamre ko bawa d (parm k. ya dhap d

2.—Rutübat ke dür karne khwäh garmi pahuichäna ki garaz se ary, a. l.—Hawa se nishat r. w.; bädi, bulandi par hawa nich.

2.—Jiski tarkih hawa se ho

3.—Hawa ki manind; hawa sa ya si; gair mijassim.

4.—Houst; belunyad; belunda; abus; na chiz.

5.—Zinda-dil; khush dil. (men hawa ke jane ki gunjalsh ho.

6.—Johan hawa khul a-nko; khula ya khula hua; hawa-dar; jis-kin, a. 1.—Sulbi rishta r. w.; nasab ko zari'e se qarabat r. w.; goti.

Used of personn.

The two families are near akin-Yah donoù gharane nazdiki goti hain (we baham qarabat-i-qariba-i-sultu rakhte hain).

2.—Ham-khāsīyat; jismen ķhilqī rabt ho; jismen ta'alluq-1-asiī ho.

"This adjective is used only after the noun." Webster.

larm, u. 1.—Khauf; woh achambha aur dar jo klistre ki dahshat se paida he.

To cause alarm to a person—Kisi shakha ko khauf med dalad. [(\$250 d.). To rase an alarm, or give the clares—Khatha ki ittila' ka liye shor machaba 2.—Lafayi ki talabi; lafayi ya jang ke liye bulahat. 3.—Kısı qism ku shor ya kısı tarah kı awaz ya ıttıla' jisse kisi aise khatre ku i'lan maqsud ho jo nazdik ho.

Alarm, v. t. 1.—Khatre kî khabar yā ittilā' d.; hoshyār kar-d. tāk; hīfāzat kī koshish kījāe.

2 —Khatre ke khauf se hanan k. yā achambhe men dālnā; khauf se pareshān kard.; āfat kī ummed se fikr-mand kard.

Alarmed, p p Khauf se mutahaiyar; jo khatic ke nazdîk pahunchue ke ihtimāl se hoshyār yā musta'id ho-jāc, āfat ke nāzil hono kī ummed par fikr-maud.

Alarming, p. a. Jisse dar paidā ho; khauf paidā k. w; jisse khatre kā khatkā ho-jāe, khauf-angez.

Alert, a. Hoshyar; nigran, khabar-dar, nihayat bedar.

On or upon the alcet—Chaukas; hoshyār; chaukannā; is būt kī hifāzat r w ki dushman yakāyak tūt na paie yā koyī khatre kī būt posh na ā-jāc.

ALIAS, adv. [Lat.] (Law) 'Urf; mā'rūf yā mausūm ba-ism-i-dīgar; jiskū dūsrā nām fulān hai.

"A term used in legal proceedings to connect the different names of a party who has gone by two or several, and whose true name is, for any cause, doubtful, as, Smith, alias Simson." IVebiler.

ALIAS, n [Lat] (Law) 1.—Guiftārī kā hukm-nāma-i sānī, woh hukm-nāma-i-sānī jo hukm-nāma-i-awwal kī mī'ād ke guzar-jāne ke ba'd pahle hukm nāme kī ta'mīl na hone kī wyh se jānī hiyā jāc.

2 — Düsra nam, iddi'āyî ya banawat ka nam, farzî nam.

ALIBI, [Lat] (Law) Aur kabîn; kısî düstî jagah, manga'a-waridat par jurm ke waqi' hone ke waqt na rahne ka bayan ya'uzr.

A plea of dibi - 'Uzr-ı'adam-maujūdagi, malanın kā yah 'uzr ki jıswayt jurma kā honā bayān kiyā jātā har uswaqt ham mauqa'-ı-wārdāt par na the.

To plead, or set up, an alibi - Mulzam kā yah 'uzr k kı wuqü'ıl- jurm ke waqt ham aur kahîn the, jurm ke waqı' hone ke waqt apna mauqa'ı waridüt (jās-i-mājare) par na rahnā bayan k.

To prove an alabi.—Kisi mulzam kā yah sābit k. ki waqt-l-wuqli'a-juim woh mauqa'-i-wāridāt par na thā lihāzā woh juim i-'āid-shuda kā murtakib nahīn ho saktā thā; kisi mulzam kā irtikāb-i jurm ke waqt jāo i mājare se apnī 'adam-maujūdagī sābit k.

Alien, a. 1.—Gair mulk sar-zamīn yā riyāsat kā, ajnabī; be gāna; gair sar-zamīn yā mulk ke bāshindon yā ri'āyā se ta'alluq r w.

2.—Jiski nau'iyat bil-l-kul mukhtalif ho; mugar; mukhalif;

gair-muta'allıq; munasabat na r w.

Alien, n. Ajnabī, par-desī; jo dūsre mulk men padā huā ho yā wahān se ta'alluq rakhta ho; kisī mulk kā rahne w jiskī paidāish dūsre mulk men huyī ho lihāzā usko us mulk ke shahriyon ke huquq hāsil ne hon jahān woh sukūnat rakhtā ho [gunjāish r. Alienability, n. (Law) Intoāl ka gābil homisiāl hā salāh rat

Alienability, n. (Law) Intiqal ke qabil h ; intiqal ki salahiyat ya Alienabile, a. (Law) Qabil-intiqal; mumkinu-l-intiqal; jo düsre ko bai' wagaira ke zarre se mii sake; jisko düsre ke hath bech saken (muntaqui karanker)

Alienate, v. t. (Law) 1.— Muntaqil k.; intiqal k.; kisi haqiyat ya jaodad ko dusro ki taraf muntaqil k.; kisi haq ya milkiyat ko intiqal ke zari'o se dusro ko d.

To allanate by gift, mortgage, or sale... Hiba ribn ya bat ka zari's sa muntaqil k

2—"Pablat klifoch foul : mubabbat obhor d.; jisso pable mubabbat va dosh rahi ho usee bo i tinavi k. ya u'uda h ; mugdirat ikhtiyar k. Alienation, n t.—(Lum) lutiqal; intufil i baqiyat; aprijac dad khususan

jae-dad-i gair manqula kā jaiz taruq par (qautin ko mutahiq) dusre ko de-d.

A permanent alienatum, or an alienatim mada in perpetuity - Intiquita damī (dawimi); wob mitiqal ja hame-dia ko liye kivā jas.

A temporary obvention - Intique i chand rosa ya 'arisi ; intique intigation adi.

A private alienttion - Intigal i khangt

A collusive or francialent alienation - Intentia vasishi ya furchi.

2. - Montaqui hono ki halat ; intiqal. [ikhtiyar k.

3.—Dil ya muhabbat kā khmch lenā; gan banjānā yā mugārat Aliense, a (lono) intujā dār; muntaqil ilah; woh shakha jiski taraf (19ko pās yā hīth) koyi baqiyat muntaqil higayi bo—masalon mushtarī wagara.

[muntaqil karo

Alienor, n. (Lan) lutiqui kuninda; noh shaklir jo jär-däd dusro ko Alimony, a (Lane) Wedi näiru nedige ja kist anga ko neske elimihar ki jär däd ya ämadunt so lor halat i teläg ya halihulugi khwali taläg ya halihulugi ki näli-ih ke dantan mon dilaya jäwe.

ALIGNDE, [Lat.] Kiet duare shakhs th dusit jagah se.

Alive, a. L. Munda; murda nahin, jun; si hayar; ba quid i-hayar.

2.—Zauda; ku l'action matrit; järt yä näht; jiskä 'amatelur ämad hotä ruho; just ni dan kar-rawayi hoti ruho; jiski mi'äd guzri na hot jo mat o nähud na ho gesa ho, jiskä woj bi akqit na hua ho.

To keep a decree above. What that he alie to ya nathe co

The process has been kept office - Wolf hukta-nama jari rakkha gaya bai (wolf kel kelam home malifi paya).

3 - Khush , yillifi dil , bashzhadi.

d. dom logoù ká hastat se mujio harakat k. sähir ho : chahalpahal. jasar ho.

5.- Inko dil parkim hat ha kluyel hosaka i jiski talifat par jaki

Followed by he.

6.- Saro 'Alam (Johan) men : tamām duniyā men; jumla ashķhāsetbaiya logām men.

if By way of emphasic and always following the noun it qualifies."

Wedster.

All, a. Kisi ta'dad i majmu'i so har ek ya bi l-kul; kisi ahai ka kul miqdar jumla danran ya darja ya uaki kul wus'ut ya sifat; sab; taman; bi-l kul; sari

All the land - Kul (arit ramin , Jumla arka.

All the year wilnested exil; wil their or wil ki, wire hit which which all the

my, thy, his, ner, poor, there? Webster,

"All is collective. All men means a body of men taken together."

Worcester.

All, ad Bi-I-kul, kulliyatan, taniam-tar, saia, sab kasab; niliayat hi; bahut hi

All one—Ek hi yā wahi; bi-l-kul ek hi bāt; jis men natīje ke blisz se kuchh All the better—Bi l kul bibtai, az bas bihtar; kisī düsie atur kī nistat woh amr jiskā zikr pesh ho iķhtilāf ke i'tibāi se nihdyat hī bilitar; kisi düsie se bi-l-kul achehhā (achehhā hī achehhā), itnā yā tribā hī aur achehhā.

At all - Babut hi kam, kuchh bhi, zasa bhi, kusi stuat se.

"A phrase much used by way of enforcement or emphasis, usually in negative or interrogative sentences." Webster.

He has no ambition at all—Use kuchh bhi (zarā bhī) hausala nahih hai; woh kisī sūrat se sāhib i-hausala nahīn hai

Has he any property at all !- Kyā ske pās kuchh bhī jāe-dād hai?

All, n. Kul ta'dād muddār jā jumla; samūchī chīz yā shai; har ek shai jo kisī dūsrī shai mon dākhil ho yā usse ta'alluq iakkhe; sab kā sab; sārā; jumla

Allay, v. t. 1.—Sākin k., thaudhā k.; dhīmā k.; dabā d; firo k.
To allay civil commotions—Mulki danga-o-fasād ko dakād (firu k.)

2.—Ghatānā, takhtīf yā kam k.; zād k.; raf' yā dūr kar d. [kar-d)
To allay grief or pam—Ranj yā dard ko kam kar d. (uemen takhtīf k yā uso dūr
Allegation, n. 1 —Bayān; 191ār, 12hāt-1-yaqīnī.

Enoneous allegations of fact - Ami-1 waqi'i ke galat bayanat

2—Woh bāt jo vaqīnī taur par bayān kī yā kahī jūc; woh bāt jo kisī amr ke wujūb yā ma'zarat men pesh kī-jāwo, 'uzr; ma'zarat.
3.—(Law) Kisī fatīq-i-muqaddama kā bayān yā 'uzr.

Allege, v. t. 1.—Bayān k ; zālnı k.; mazbūtī se kalmā ; tayaqqun ke sāth kalmā ; pakkā kar-ke kalmā.

To allege a fact - Koyî waqi'a istrhkan ke süth bayan k.

2.—Pesh k jaise dalīl 'uzr yā ma'zarat; hawāla d.

To allege the authority of a judge—Kisi jaj ki sanad pish k (ya'ni uski tajwiz wagura par istidili k, ya uska hawala d)

Allegeable, a. Zāhir karne ke gābil (gābil i-izhār); pukhtagī se bayān kiye jāne ke lāiq, jiss yaqīn ke sāth kah saken.

Allegiance, n. Woh farz jo ra'zıyat par apue badshāh yā rıyāsat ki jānıb ho; bādshāh yā rıyāsat se wafā dātī kā fatz; wafā dātī, namak-halāli.

Alleviate, v t. Halkā k ; kisī qadar hatā d. raf' yā dūr k ; ghaṭānā ; kam k ; takhfīf k ; aisā k ki ziyāda-tai āsānī se bardāsht ho-sake jaise ranj dard fikr yā sazā wagana. [ek tarah kā h

All-fours, n. pl. Baiābatī, yaksāniyat; ham-palka h.; mauzūniyat; To be, or to go, on all-fours — Jumla umūr meň (har tarah par) mushābih yā muwāāq h; hū-ba-hū (thīk thīk) dūsre kī mānind h; tashbīh i-tāmma r, khatīf sī khatīf bāton men bī-l-kul mushābahat. r., barābar h.; ham-palla h.; har tarah par mauzūn h.

The ruling cited by the plaintiff is on all-fours with that relied upon by the defendant—Irs nazir kā hawāla mudda'i ne diyā hai woh hā ba bā (ṭhīk thik) usī nazīr hī māmad hai jispar mudda'ā 'alaih ko istidlāl hai. [saktī. Ko muils can go on all-f

Kin tashbih men tashbih i taman quhit ho

Alliance, n. Do khāndānon men shādī ke zarī'e se bāham nisbat kā b ; qarābat yā rishta i-nisbatī. Woh ittihād rābita yā rifāqat jo do riyāsaton ke mā-bain 'ahd-o-paimān wagaira ke zarī'e se ho. Rabt yā rābita ; woh ittifāq yā ta'alluq jo khāndanon riyāsaton yā shakhson men bāham ho.

men baham no.

ALLOCATUR, n. [Lat.](Law) Woh saund jo alılkar-i-majaz is mazmun se do ki fulan muqaddame men isqadar kharcha 'adalat se dilaya
gaya (jaiz rakkha gaya).

Allonge, n. Woh kagaz jo bill of exchange wagaira ke zail men is garav se laga diya jawo ki jab asli kagaz ki pusht par 'ibarat-i-intiqil wagaira likhue ki jagah na rahe to usi kagaz-i-wazl-shuda par 'ibarat-i-intiqal wagaira darj ki jawo.

Allot, v t 1.—Qur'a-andan ke zarî'e se taqsîm k. ya bantna.

2.—Jude jude hisson men bantna; alag alag bautna; 'alalıda 'alahıda taqsım k.; har shalche ke uska hissa taqsım kar-d.; taqsım k., bantna; ba-taur hisse ke d.; 'umunan d; muqarrax k. ya thahrana.

Allotment, n. 1.-Taqsim ba zaria-rqur'a; jude jude hisson par taqsim.

2.--Jo kuchli bānt diyā jāo; woh bissa jo taqsīm ka rū se diyā jāo; batwāra; bhag; bakhra, jo kuchli muqaddatāt so thabre yā Khudā klijanih so chār ma obar milo. [muqariar ho.

3 -Woh juzw hissa ya jagah jo kisi khis kam ke hyo alahda Allow, v. t. 1.-- Manzur k.; tashin k.; qabid k.; man lona; iqrar k. ya muqir h.; iqbal k.; turitd ma k.; qat'd kulam na k.; kat na d.; i'tiraz na k.; mukhalatat na k

To allow a claim - Kisi da'we ko qabul k. (ushi tardid ya uspar i'tiraz na h)
To allow the truth of a proposition - Kisi bat ki sachayi ko man Isaa ya
taslim k.

[ki; manaur ki, dena

2.—Rawā r.; jaiz r.; wājih qarār d.; kieš arar ko wijtīb ko taslīm. The law allows it—Yah dīt qanun med jaiz rakklit gayt hei (qānunan rawā hai) To allow an appeal—Apil mangur k

3.—Bardasht k.; tahammul k. ya mutahimmil h.; sahna.

4.—Mu'āwaze kī tarah khwah ri'āyatan atā k (donā); kwī ko hye mugarrar kar-d.

5.—Mnjrš d.; minhā kard.; waz' ya kam kard.; ghaṭā d.; kisī

shai ki kami ke 'iwaz ya uske badlo men kuchli oblior d.

To allow a sum for tare — Jis bartan men keyl chiz he uske wazn ke badie men us chiz ki qimat sa kuchh chuor d. (ghata d. ya mojre kar-d.)

Allow, v. i. Taslim kar-lenā; rijāyatan chhor d. ghatānā yā kam kar-d. Allowable, a. Qābil-i-manzūtī yā jawāz; gar-mamnū yā mamnū nahīn; nā-jāiz yā nā-munāsib nahīn; nawā; mubāh; 10 ba-taur sahīh aur munāsib ke mānā jā-sakc.

Allowance, n. 1.-Manzuri; 'ată; taslim; ijāb.

2.—Tankhwäh; mawajib; mushahsra; kafaf; wajh-i-ma'ash; nano-nafa; jo kuchh muqarrari tsur par khane kupre ke liye diya jae; jo kuchh muqarrar ko; sharh-b-nu'niyan; ujrat; ajura.

Workester An allowance is gratuitous, siki may be paid in any form."

A daily allowance - Rosins.

A personal allowance—Tankhwäh-i-zātī ; jo kuchh mushābara wagaira kisī ko uskī zāt ke liye diyā jāc. [diyā jāc

A deputation allowance—Bhattë; jo kuchh kahin ta'nat houe ki wojh se kisi ko. An allowance to the ex-proprietor of a landed estate—Malik-ana; nau-kar.

3 —Rukāwat se āzādī; rok yā zabt kū na rahnā; ri'āyat.

4.—Ijāzat; manzūrī.

"Usually slight approbation." Webster.

5.—Takhfif; rı'ayat; minhāyī; nazar-andāzī. [shumār na k]

To make allowance for a shortcoming—Kisi naqs ko nazar-andāz kar-d (uskā 6.—Baṭṭā; kardā; mulk ke rawāj ke mutābiq māl ke pūre wazu

6.—Batta; karda; mink ke rawaj ke mutaoiq mai ke puro wazn se jisqadar māl bartan ke wazn aur kharāb yā sare-gale māl ki 'iwaz kam (minhā) kar-diyā jāe; kamī; ghattī; minhāyī.

Alloy, v. t. 1.—Kısı shar ki asliyat ko usmen koyi kam-qimat chiz mila-

kar ghatā d.

2.—Kam kar-d.; kharāb kar-d.; bigār d.

Allude, v. i. Kināya k., kisī aisī shai kā hawāla d. jiskā zikr sarīhī na huā ho; ishāratan zikr k.; nisbat r.; dūr dūr kī hālon sochākar ishāratan batlānā; kisī shai kī taraf kināya k. (uskā liawāla ishāratau d.)

This story alludes to a recent transaction—Yah bayan ak hal ke mu'amale se nashat rakhta har, is men ek hal ke mu'amale ka mkr hai.

Allure, v. t. Apnī taraf khamchne (kashish karne) kī koshish k.; kisî bhalāyī ke wa'de par (chāhe woh bhalāyī aslī ho yā zāhirī) apnī taraf rāgib k.; kisī khush-kun yā qābil-i-pasand shai so apnī jānib māil k.; phuslānā; lobhānā.

Allusion, n. Kināya; ishāra; zikr; hawāla; kisī aisī bāt kā hawāla jiskā

ma'lüm honā farz kar-lıyā jäwe par uskā zıkr sarīhī no bo.

Alluvial, a. Daryā se niklā yā banā huā; us bālū yā miţtī wagaira se muta'alhq jo daryā kī wajh se par jāe.

Alburial land — Arzzı-i-darya-bazər ya darya-bar-zmad; erözı-i-neu-barar ya naubar-zmad, dıyara ya diwara; kachhar, woh zamin jo darya wazarra ke bahaw so mitti par-kar ban-jac.

Alluvial increment-Vide supra.

Allavion, n. (Law) Arāzi-i-daryā-barār; zamīn jo daryā so bar-āmad ho; zamīn jo pānī ke zor se daryā ke kanāre āhista āhista miţţi par kar barh jāwe.

"The civil law gives the owner of land a right to that increase which arises from alluvion, which is defined an insensible increment

brought by the water." Cowell-Worcester.

To accrue by alluvion - Darya-barar h.; darya se nikalna.

Ally, v t. 1.—Shādī ke zarī'e se do khāndānon (gharānon) yā 'ahdopaimān wagaira ke tawassut se do bādshāhon khwāh riyāsaton ko ek kar-d. yā uumen bāham ta'alluq karā-d.

2.—Mushābakat wagaira ke zarī'e se do chīzon men rabt paidā kar-d. Ally, n. Woh bādahāh yā riyāsat jo dūsre bādahāh yā dūsrī riyāsat se

ahd o-paimān ke zarī'e se rābita-i-ittihād rakkhe; rafiq

Almanac, n. Jantri; pattra; taqwim.

Alone, a. I.—Akelā; tanhā; jarīda; mujarrad; be kisī ham-suhbat ke; begair kisī mūnis (ham-dam yā rafiq) ke; be dūsre ke yā be dūsre ke rahe.

"Spoken of one." Worcester.

"Applied to a person or thing, and following its noun." Webster.

2.—Dūsron se alag; dūsron ko shumul men nahin; auron kī 'adam-manjūdgi men.

"Applied to two or more persons or things, when separate from others, in a place or condition by themselves." Webster.

3.—Hī; mrā; sirf; mahs; akelā.

Iliai.

To God alone praise is due—Khudā bī (sirī Khudā) ke liye hamd (ta'rīf) wājib To let alone—Jahād kā tahād yā joù kā toù rahne d.; ohher-chhār na k; bālati-maujūda men rahue d.; jaise kā taisa rahne d.; apne bī taur par chhor d.; be hāth lagāye chhor d.

Alone, ad. Judagana; 'alahida; ap-hi-ap; mujarrad. [barabar. Along, ad. 1.—Tul men; lambayi men; lambayi ke lihaz se kisi ke The troops murched along the bank of the river-Sipahi barabar days ke

kanara kunare abala jata tha.

2,-Age ko; ago ko barhta hua; barabar age ki taraf.

Let us walk along -An ham talialtr chale chalen.

All along—Sari iali, jiaqadur Maila tak jāo un med tamām yā bi-l-kul.

He wont home, weeping all along - Woh sair rait (rait bhar tamam rait ya tamam raste med) reis ghar ku guya.

Along with—Kini ke ham-rah ya sath; sath-adih; kin ke shamil ya sath ha. Go along with us—Ifan logoù ke sath ohste.

"Sometimes with is omitted." Webster,

Come slong my friend -At dost more saith in chale ac. [alag; juda.

Aloof, ad. 1.—Fāsile par lekin itul dür ki nazar pare; thori dür par; To stand aloof—Thori dür par khare rahns (yanı isqadar fizile par khare rahns ki wahān nazar pahuńch azko).

 Kisi mansübe men sharik nahin; ihtiyät ki nazar se kisi fi'l men shirkat so munkir; jis amr ki nisbat hujjat pesh ho usse dur.

Already, od. Kisī khās zamāna i hāl istiqbāl yā māzi ke pable; is waqt yā us waqt; kisi khās yā mu'aiyan waqt par.

He has gone already - Woh jarchuks.

"It has reference to past time, but may be used for a future past." Webster.

When you shall arrive, the business will be already completed, or will have been completed already—Jab tum pabuhohoge kām tamām buš (ho-chukā) rahegā.

Also, ad. Isi ya usi tarah; bhi; isko siwa; kisi ke 'alawa; niz; ham;

jo shai muqaddam ho bi-l-kul usi ki tarah.

Alter, s. s. 1.—Kisi shai men kuchh badal d.; kisi bah men mukhtalif kar d.; kischh kuchh badal d. par bifikul nahin; tarmim k.; qadrsqalii tabdil k. 2,-Bi-l-kul yā bahut kuchh tabdīl k.

To alter an opinion - Kisī rāc ko bi l-kul yā kasrat se tabdil kar d.

"In general, to alter is to change partially; to change is more generally to substitute one thing for another, or to make a material difference in a thing" Webster.

Alter, v. i Bā'z bā'z bāton men mukhtalif ho-jānā; tabdīl ho-jānā;

i badal jänä.

Alterable, a. Tabdil ke qābil; tagaiyur yā tarmīm ke lūiq.

Alteration, n. 1. Tabadala; tagaiyur; kısı khās amr men badal d.

2.—Tabdīl; tagaiyur, tabaddul; radd o-badal; tabādala; un sifaton kā zāil yā hāsil h jo kisī shar kī sūrat yā aslīyat ke liye zarārī na hon Altercation, n. Takrār; hujjat, zabānī jhagrā; barī jharpā-jharpī; qīl-o-qāl; jis takrār men garmī yā gussa dekhlāyā jāc.

Alternate, a. Ek ke bā'd dusrā ane wala ya hono wala; birī būrī se

hone wālā, bāhamī.

Alternately, ad. Bari barī se, ek ke ba'd dūsrā.

Alternative, a. Do chizoù men se ek ke pasand ka ikhtiyar d. w ; jismen yah ikhtiyar ho ki pasand k. w. do chizoù men so ek ko pasand kar-le; do-gana

An alternative charge - Fard-i-jurm-i-do-gana; aisā lard i jurm jistosti do jurm

qām kiye jāwen aur unmen se jis ek juim ko chāhen qām rukkhen

Alternative, n Do chīzon ke mā-bain ek ko pasand karne kā iklitiyāi tāki agar ek pasand pare to dūsiī kā tark kar-d. lāzim āwe; woli shar jo pasand kī-jāwe yā chhor dī-jāwe; chāra, tadbīr, chāra-kār.

To pass judgment in the alternative—Ba sabila-badaliyat faisala sittlir k, faisale men yah hukm d ku agar fulan amr ki ta'mil na ho to usko badal

('Iwaz) men fulān bāt kī-jāwo

"When two things offer a choice of one only, the two things are called alternatives" "In strictness, the word can not be applied to more than two things, and when one thing only is offered for choice, it is said there is no alternative." Webster.

Although, con; Yah sab farz kar-lo, yah sab man-lo; agar aisa-lii ho; sab kuchh taslim kar-lo, tasawwur karo ki; woh sab qabal kar-lo;

bā-wujūde ku; go, agar-chi

"Although, Though These words differ only in one respect; although is the stronger and more emphatic of the two, and is, therefore, usually chosen to begin a sentence, as, although I have many competitors, I still hope to succeed" Webster.

Altogether, ad. 1.—Ek sāth ho-kar; bi-l-ijmāl; bi-l-ishturāk, miljulkar. 2.—Bi-l-kul; kullīyatan; sāre kā sārā; tamām-tai; sab kā sab;

bilā istisnā.

Always, ad 1.—Hamesha; zamāne ke lihāz se barābar shurū' se ālihir tak; paiwasta; hamwāra.

2.—Kisī zamāna-i-khās men hamesha; augāt-i-mu'alyana par barābar. kan ek kan d. Amalgamation. n. Ikhtilāt; do yā zāid mukhtalif chīzon ko hābara milk

2. Pare ko kisî dîterî dhat men milana. Amass, v. t Dher ki dher jam'k.; tuda k.; ambar k.; keyi chiz bahut

sî ekatthî k ; batorna; miqdar ya ta'dad ke libaz se ifrat se jem' k. Ambassador, n. Safir: cichi; nthayat bare ruthe ka wazir jo ek riyasat kī taraf so ba-taur i qāim-magām kār-rawāyī ko līye kisī ditarī riyāsat

men ta'nat kiya jac. {shubhe kā h, Ambiguity, n. ishtibāh; ibhām; kun lafz yā 'ibārat ko ma'nī men Ambiguous, a. Mushtabah ; mubham; muzabzah ; mashkük - /ala-l-khusüs

woh lafz va 'ibarat jisko mafliam (ma'uj) men shubha ho, Ambulatory, a. 1.—Mutahanik; ek-hi jagah par mustaqi nahia. An ambulatory court - 'Adal'st-i-mutaliarelk ya'nı wolı 'adalat jiske iklitiyarat

kā nafāz magāmāt-i-mukhtalifa men ho.

2.—(Law) Jo qantuan mustahkam na ho balki mumkinu-t-tabdil ho, nskî harsivat qanûn ke rû se badal suke A will is ambulatory until the testator's death-Isb tak now na ware quain

ke ril se wasiyat nüma unustahkani nahlii hotā balki poh tabdil kiyā-jā-saktā hai.

"So of the return of a sheriff until it is filed." Webster.

Ameliorate, v. t. de m. e. lilhtar k. ya h ; taraqqi d. ya pana.

Amelioration, a lithteri; turaqqi, bhalayi; aur achelila k. ya h.

Amenability, { n Zimma dari; munkhuza dari; jawab dih h.; jawab-Amenableness, f dihi; mustanjib i baz purs h. Amenable, a. Muhusaha dar; jawah dih, zumma dar; qabil-esasa; jiski ta'zir ho-anke; jiase baz purs ho sake; mukhaza dar.

Amenable to law-thing ha jewah dib ; gandom simma dar.

Amenable to jurisdiction -- Ikhteyer i bukamat ye 'alsego ke tabi'. Amend, v t Tarmina k.; galati ya aur naqu rafi karke sudharna;

marammat k.; kuchh hadal kar aur achehbā k.; kamī pūrī karko durust kar-d.; jo kuohli nikalä jän uski jagah par düsri shai qaua karke aur achelihk banà d. Amendment, n. 1.—Turmim; schhat; durasti, sisā tahádala jisso bihtarī

ho; kisī mags kā dafīya; burānyoù ke tark karno se chal-o chalsa kī durueti. 2 .-- Woll tarmim jo kist masawwada i qanuu men kuchh barba-

kar badal-kur ya chhor kur ki jawa

3.-- (Law) Kisî kar rawayî i 'adahit khwah mudda'î ya mudda'a 'alaih ke 'uzrat ya 'ndalat ke jan kiye huye hukm-namo men galati ki sihhat.

| taltifi; mukafat.

Amends, n. pl. Kisī nugsān ya nags kā badlā ya nekā pūrā k.; mu'āwaza ; To make amende for a loss - Kui nuqehni ka badla ya mu'awaza d.

Amendment of plaint - Tarmim i arel-da'ws.

A MENSA ET THORO, [Lat.] (Law) Woh talaq jismen zanj aur zanja (mard aur 'aurat) ham bistari aur ham ta'aini (ek sath sone aut khané) ke i'tibar se 'alahida ho-jaen per shanhar apoi ranju ko khana-kapra divakare.

" "A separation or divorce which does not absolutely dissolve the marriage," Burrill - Workester.

Amerce, v. t. 1.—(Law) Jurmāna k.; tāwān-i-naqdī 'āid karke sazā k. par us tāwān kī ta'dād qānūn men mu'aiyan na ho balki 'adālat ki iatiză-ı-răe par mauquf ho.

The court americal the criminal in the sum of two hundred rupecs - 'Adelat ne'

us mujrım par do sau rupayə jurmada kiye,

2.—'Umūman sazā k.

Amercement, n. (Law) Woh tāwān-i-naqdi yā jurmāna jo mujrim par 'adālat kī igtīzā-i-rāe ke mutābig 'āid ho.

"It differs from a fine, in that the latter is, or was originally, a fixed and certain sum prescribed by statute for an offence; but an amercement is arbitrary" Webster.

Amiable, a. Pyar ke gahil; 'aziz rakhne ke laiq; pyana; jiski chah karsaken; margūb; dil-fareb; khush-numā; jo bhalā mā'lum ho; jisso

dıl ko khushī ho.

Amicable, a. Sulh jo, dost-ana; jo takrar ki khwahish na rakhta ho, jo sulh aur dosti par māil ho.

An amicable adjustment or settlement of differences-Ikhtilafat (nize') ka sulha-bahami ke sath raf' ya tai k.; sulh i-bahami so kisi takrar ka raf' hojānā, kisī nīzā' kā tasfīya ba-zarī'a-i-sulh i-bāhamī

The parties have come to an amacable adjustment of their differences - Parigain

ne apnī nīzā' kā taslīya sulh-i-bāhamī sa kar-liyā.

To be on amicable terms or to have amicable relations-Dontona n; irtibat yā muhabbat r ; bāham sulh aur muhabbat r. Amicable action (Law) - Woh nelish jo bis-raza-mandi-i-fariquin is garaz so ki-

jāwe ki kisī amr-i-qūnūn-i-mutanāza'a-tīh kā tastiya 'adālat sa ho-jūo-

Amicably, ad. Sulh se yā sulh-joyī so; dostāna; āpas mon tāzī-rujū' hokar; bā-khudhā kī razā-mandī se. Inipta-leud.

To settle amicably-Sulh so tai ya raf-daf' k.; apas men samajhinijh-kar AMICUS CURIÆ, [Lat | (Law) 'Ādalat kā dost bihtarākhwāh ya hawākhwäh; khair-khwäh i-'adalat.

To appear in a court as an amicus curle-Kisi 'adalat men khair khwah-i "adālat ke taur par jāna yā hāzir rahnā.

"A stander-by or member of the bar who informs the judge, when doubtful or mistaken in matter of law." Tomlins-Worcester.

Amiss, a. Be-jā; 'aib ki bāt yā ma'yūb; silsile ke khilāf; khilāf-i-qā'ida; nā-munāsib; be-uslūbī kī bāt, gair-mustahsan,

"This adjective always follows its noun" Webster.

Amiss, ad. Aise tarīq par jo munāsabat rāstī qānān yā masāh ke khilāf ho; ba-tarzi-nā-munāsib; sachāyī ke bar-aks; qānun ke mutābiq nahīn; mujrim-ana tarīq par.

Amity, n Shakhson jama'aton ya qaumon men 'umuman dosti; rabtzabt; mel ya meljel; kaj-fahmi nahin; ittilag; nek-khwahi.

Amnesty, n. Woh fi'l jiske ru se koyî bat bhula dijawe; riyasat ke muqābale men riāyā ke jurmoniki am mu'ati yā is qism ke afirijarālm kā i'lān yā ishtihār.

imount, v. i. 1.—Ba-ta'dād i-ijmālī h.; jumla yā bi-l-kul h.; sab milke h.; judī judī raqmon yā miqdāron ke ekjā kiye jāne se kisī tā'dād-imajmū'i ko pabunchuā.

The messe profits do not amount even to a hundred rupees - Zard-wesilst sab milke be to'ded ek san rupaye ke bhi nahin hal (nekî majmil'i te'dad ba-qader ek san rupaye ke bhî cahin hal!

2.—Natīja ya tāsir r.; barābar yā ham-waq'at h.; māhasal tāsīr yā natīje ke lihāz se kisi had ko pahunchnā; sab bāton ke lihāz se koyī natīja padā k.

The testimony of the pisintiff's witnesses amounts to nothing-Madda'i ke gawahoù ki shahadat ka kuchh natih nahih hai. | Inabin hota.

Mere words do not amount to an amount—Sirf hat ka kahna hamle ke barabar Amount, n. I — Jumla; majmü'a; kul ta'dād; pūrī migdār; do yā ziyāda raqınoù yā migdaron kā majmū'a; jam'.

To the amount of - Ba gudar; ba-ta'dad; ta'dad yn migdar mon.

2.—Khulasu; mezmūn; manshā; natija yā hāsil; kul mā-hasal; lubb-i-lubāb.

The amount of the testimony address on behalf of the complainant is this... To shahalat mustages he facili as peak here had usha kholasa (hasil natus ya kul ma basal) yah hur.

The amount of what he said was this - To knowle used kaha uska khulksa

(manshin ya lubbif-lubab) yah tha.

Ampie, a. I.-Bakhābī kāfī; balnut kāfī; bahut; ifrāt so; mālāmāl.

There is ample evidence in this case. Is mugaddaine men subsit malamal (babut kate) hat.

2.—Mukhtasar nahii; mutawwal; mufassal; musharrah.

An ample narrative—Bayan ya kailiyat i mufassal ya musharrah ya'ni khulusa nabis. [wasi'; bara

3.—Lamba chaura; mighler was at ya gunjalsh wagaira men hara; ** "Ample implies larganoss, producing a sufficiency or falness of supply for every want." Webster.

Analogous, a. Nishat r. w.; kiel düsre ke mushābih; düsre ki māuind; ham-shakl; ham-qālib; kuchh kuchh mushābahat yā nishat r. w.

Followed by to

Analogy, n. Nisbat; mushābalat; munāsabat; jab bātoù mon aur tarh par bi-l-kul lkhtılat ho to unke mā bain kisi kisi bāt yā natījo men ittifāq yā mushābalat; qarīna; bāton kā milānā.

By analogy - Qarine se; baton ke unlane se.

"When both the things which have an analogy follow a preposition, that preposition must be between or betweet; as, there is an analogy between plants and animals, or between customs. When one of the things precedes a verb, and the other follows, the preposition used must be to or with; as, a plant has some analogy to or with an animal." Webster.

Analysis, a. Rist murakkab shai ke mukhtohif ajzā kā judā judā k.; List būt ke jude jude hissen par lihtz; kist masmūn ke makhtahif ajzā kī judāgāna tafitah. On an analysis of the evidence adduced—Shahādat-i-posh-shuda ke ajzā-imuķhtahfa par lihāz ke ba'd

Analyze, v. t Kisī murakkab shai ke mukhtalif ajzē ko alag alag k.; kisī bāt ke jude jude hisson par lihāt k.; kisī mazmūn ko ajzā-l mukhtalifa kī taftīsh judāgāna k.

To analyze an evidence—Kisī shahādat ke kul hisabū ko is garaz se alag alag k ki har ek hisse par judāgāna lihāz kiyā jūwe

Ancestor, n 1.—Woh shakhs jiskī nasl so koyī paidā ho 'ām isac ki jihat-i-pidar se ho yā mādar se aur das pusht kā fasl ho yā sau kā, jad; bāp-dādā, purkhā, dādā-pardādā, ājā-parpājā; nānā-parnānā.

2.—(Law) Woh shakhs jo jāe-dād i-gair mangūla par kisī ke pahlo qābiz rahā ho, woh shakhs jisse koyī mīrās hāsil ho (mile); mūris.

The correlative of heir.

Common ancestor - Mūris-1-E'lā, do yā zāid asliķbās kā mūris-1-wāhid yā mushtarak

Ancestral a. Jaddi; bāp-dādā kī; maurūsī, ābāyī; mūrison se taialluq r. w yā mūrison se pahuichā huā (milā hua yā hāsil-shuda).

An ancestral estate—Jāc-dād-i maurūsi; bāp dādā ki jāc-dad; milk-i-maurūsi, taūrīson ki haqīyat; woh haqiyat jo murison se wurast ku pahuncha; milān

Ancestress, n Mūrisa; woh 'aurat jisse haqq-i-wirāsat yā mīrās hāsil ho.
Ancestry, n 1.—Mūrison kā silsilā; silsila-i-āhā-o-ajdād; woh log jinso
paidāish kā aslī silsila qāim ho

2.—Khāndān-i mu'azzas se honā; 'ālī nizhādī; sharāfat-i hasah-o-nasab. [maujūd thā

Ancient, a 1.—Qadīm; purānā, jo agle zamānon men wūqi' huā yā 2 —Jo bahut roz se ho (qāim ho); qadīm; derīna; kuhan-sāl.

3—Jo bahut dinon yā zamāna-i-sābiq se ma'lum ho; jadid nahin. From encrent times—Zamāna-i-qadīm se, qadīm se; āge se; salat sa, pahla se Ancient lights, (Law)—Khirkiyān (darīche jharckhe jā raushandān wagaira) jo bilā muzāhamat qā'm bokar tasarrul men iahi hon aur jinko imtidād i qānūni ke zari'e se sabāt bāsil ho gayā ho.

"In general, ancient is opposed to modern and old to new, fresh, or recent. When we speak of a thing that existed formerly, which has ceased to exist, we commonly use ancient. But when the thing which began or existed in former times is still in existence, we use either ancient or old." Webster.

Ancillary, a. Kisî ke mātaht; kısī ke zer-ı-hukumat; tāhi'.

Ancellary administration (Law)—Wob sanad-1-muhtamımi jo asl sanad i muhtamimi ke zamime ke tauı par us mulk med häsıl kijawe jahan jas-dad i mutawaffa waqı' ho.

Anger, n. Gussa; gazab; khishm.

ANGLICE, [Lat.] Angrezi zabān men yā Angrezi teriq par; ha-tarz-ı-Angrezi—masalan Livorno, anglece Leghorn, ya'nı Livorno jisko Angrezi men Leghorn kahte han.

The murder took place in 1286 Fash, Anglice 1879 A. D. Woh quite annual can 1286 Fash men jiski mutificaqut Angrezi men san 1879 Iswi se hoti hai

ngry, a. 1.— (jussa mon); gazah-nāk; khishm-nāk; ishti'āl ki hālat mon); chin-ba-jabin; lāl-pilā; chipha huā; khijhlayā huā; jhunjhlāyā huā.

"Followed generally by with before a person, and at before a

thing." Webster.

2.-Jisso gussa zăbir ho; jisso gusso ki 'alamaten pâyî jiton.

nimadversion, n. Jo kuchh chashm-numkyi ya nuktu chini ki nazar se kahā jāe; malāmat; sar-zanish. [yā kuchh kahnā, inimadvert, v. i. Nukta-chini yā chashm-numāyi bi nazar se lihāz k.

Followed by upon.

Animosity, z. Klinsumat i-shadid; sakht 'adawat; aisī dushmanī jiskā

izhār wāgi'i hojde.

ANIMUS, [Lat] Irāda; nīyat; tabrat; dil; maqsad; manshā. ANIMUS FURANDI, [Lat.] (Law) Chori ki niyat yā uska irāda. ANIMUS TESTANDI, [Lat.] (Law) Wasiyat karno kā irāda.

Annex, w. t. I -- Milann; shamil k.; kist sharko akhir mon kuchh shamil kur-d.; munsalik k., natthi k.; laga d.

The annexed papers - Kägesat i munsalika; web kagazat je kin dilare kagaz ko galib bandhe lage ya natthi hek.

2.—Kist chholt chia ko kisi hart ohis men shamil kar d. (milad.). To annas a province to a kingdom-Kist office he kisi salimah men shamil kard.

3.--Natije ke taur par kiel se muta'alliq kard, : sath lægåd. jaise koyl natija.

To answer a promity to a problem ton-Khai limited he such in make taking the lags of yalo yalo daking de ki ugar fulsin amer jo man' kiya jata hai wuqu' men nyaga to maki yah takair (ansa) hoga.

Annexation, a. Shumul; than; milaja khwah shamil kiya jana.

Annihilate v. t. 1. - Nest kar d.; km shai kā wujud nihā d.; bāqi rahne na d.; kuchh bhi indue in d.; uafi kar-d.

2.—Kiel shar hi aurat ya un khūs khūs bātoń ko zāti kur d. jisse us shai kā wojud phor qātur un rahe; bar bad k.; jar so nikāl d.; istīsāl k.

though the timber may still exist; to annihilate a house by demolishing the structure." Webster.

Announce, v. t. 1.—Ittilä-j-län d.; mushtahur ya r'lan k.; kisi obiz ki ittilä bär-i-awwal d.; jatänä. [thi

Was the auction sale announced i—Kyā us nilam ki ittlai 'nwam ko di-gayi | 2.—Kisi mazaita kā hukm sadir k.; hukm-i-'adālai ke zari's so qarār d.
The sourt has announced the auction sale to be valid—'Adālai no us nilām ko jūis garār diyā hai (yū apus hukm so jāis thahriyā hai).

Announcement, s. 1.--Izhar-l'am; ittila' i-am; ishtihar; i'lan.

2.—'Adabat ke hukm ke zarr'e se kisi hat ka qarar d.
Annoy, v. t. Iza pahunchana; taklif ya rauj d ; satana; chherna; "diq

Anaoy, v. z. iza panunchana; takni ya rauj û ; sacana; oznejna; din k.; keyî fî'l bar-bar karke ningan pahunchina ya muntashar k.; dukh d. lpahunche; taklif dibi; rafjida h.; web bat jisse ranj To do an act to the annoyance of others—Assa fill k. Jissa auroù ke ranj pahunche

To cause or give annoyance-Izī taklīf yā rang pahuochānā khwāh d.

Annual, a. 1.—Sālāna, sāl men, sāl kā yā sāl kī; sāl ko hisab se.

What is your annual income?—Tumhārī sālāna āmadani kyā hai (sāl men
tum ko kisgadar āmadanī hoti hai)?

Annual interest - Salana (sal bhar ka) and; ad ke hisab so sad

2.-Jo har sāl wāqi' ho (zuhūr meń āwe); sāl sāl h. w.; sālāna.

An annual festival - Woh tewhār jo har sāl ho yā wāqī' ho.

3.—Jo sırf ek sāl yā ek fasl tak qāım rahe ; jısko har sāl badalnā pare, jıskī tajdīd sāl-ba-sāl karnī pare.

An annual plant-Woh darakht jo ok sal ya fasl tak rahe (jise har sal badain=

pare).

An annual lease—Patta-i-yak-sāla; jis patte kī mī'ād sirf ek haras ho jā jisko har sāl badalnā (tabdil yā tajdīd k.) paro.

Annually, ad Har sal; sal-ba-sal, sal-dar-sal; salaua; jo har sal 'and kare (palte)

Annustant, n. Sālāna dār; woh shakhs jisko koyī raquin-i mu'aiyan har

sāl mile yā uske milne kā bag ho.

Annuity, n. Sālāna yā sāliyāna; woh wazīfa jo sāl sāl mile; woh raqam jo har sāl wājibu-l-adā ho aur mī'ādī ho yā lifu-hayātī khwāli dawāmī, wazīfa-i-sālāna

Governments often borrow money upon annuality, i. e., for a certain sum advanced on loan, the government contracts to pay the lender a specific sum for life, or for a term of years." Webster.

Annul, v. t Ka-l'adam k ya gur-valiz qarar d; batil rad ya mustarad

k.; maugūf k, uthā d; faskh k; mansūkh k.

"Used appropriately of laws, decrees, edicts, decisions of courts, or other established rules, permanent usages, and the like, which are made void by competent authority." Webster.

To annul a decree—Digiī mansūķh k

To annul a conviction and sentence passed against an accused pirson—Jo tajwiz i subūt-i-jurm wa hukm-i-sazā ki-i mulzam ki niebat sādir huā ho usko mansākh (mustarad) k.

To annul a lease or settlement-Kīsī thīke yā band-o-bast ke faskh k. (kal-'adam k. yā gair-nāfiz qarār d)

account w. Am Berr-many detect of

Annulment, n. Mansūkh kiyā jūnā, mansūkhī; tausikh; infisākh; tardīd; ibtāl; shikastagī, tor-diyā-jānā.

Anomalous, a. 'Am qa'ide ya tariq ke khilaf, khilafi-zabita, be-qa'ida.
Anomaly, n. Be zabitagi; be-qa'ida bat, be-sarishtagi, 'am q'aide ke khilaf h.; qa'ida-i-amma se inhiraf.

Anon, ad, 1.—Jald; thore 'arse men, turant, fauran, jhatpat.

2 - Dūsie waqt; phir; ba'z auqat, waqt-be-waqt; kabhī ya kabhī kabhī; gahe.

Ever and anon-Ab-tab, jab-tab, kabhi kabhi, aksar; tawatar ke sath; barha.
Anonymous, a Re-nam ka gum-nam- woh kagaz jusmen likhus-walo
ka nam likha na ho

An anonymous petition: - Outo name 'arm', distillewast-libe-usin, with lar khwast jumen sail his nam na ho

ver, v t. 1... Kist suwäl taqrır hayan ya delil wagaira ka tahriri ya banı jawab d. : jawah d.

The witness was muchic to answer the question put to him-Io sawil us graph so puching gays whis justile wole na do sake.

2 — Jawah : ma'qui ya shati d.; tardid k.; jawah-dhi k.; mujib h. The respondent has fund to unswer the appellant or his arguments—Respandent ne applicate to tardid na ki fuske dulad ka ma'qui jawah na diya.). To answer a claim—Tardid i da'wa k., da'wa ka jawah d.

3.—Pürā k., anjām k.; jo umr magsūd ho uskā k.; magsad kā

oar-lana; ta'mīl k.; wafa k.; adā k ; donā.

This will not unsuer my purpose.—Lose ment magend part un hogă (meri mutlabelestiri na hogi.).

He answered my slaim upon him-Merà da'wa jo upar tha use usuo wala kiya.

4.—Hamandaz h.; harahar ya kiz turz i kafi h.; hash-i hal h.; kisi ko mutahiq h.

The access a does not answer our expectation — Garadar ham logen kn ummed the usks mutable (hamometer) kiensyste na buy:

8.—Muquinle ka budh d.; paltad.; jaind bartua apai nisbat kiva jac wanabi usko badha men kurua

Blows will answer blows - Chuse Le badle glides ingetige

newer, v. i. i .- Jawab; d ; Jawab men likhna ya kahna; mujib h.

There is none to answer - towach d. w. koji nahan hai.

2. -- Hisab samihană; muniordu d; zamma dâr h.; jawab dah ya muakhaza dâr h.; mulasaba dâr h.

"Followed by to before the person, and for before the thing for which one is hable" Walster.

The agent must corner to his principal for the collections of rent made by him—Zerne hai hi kirinda jo zer-f lapin wheal hare uskā muhāraba apus tiga ko de.

3.—Karger h.; kam-d.; jo maqead ho uskā bardānā; asari-nek

paida k.

4.—Barabar h.; kali h.; diero ki tarah kara d.; munasih h., hasb-i-hal h.; munasahat r.; hamandaz h.; diero ko mutahiq h.

Answer, n. 1.—Kisi auwāl datīl yā bayan wagaira ko jawāb men jo kuchh kahā yā likhā jāc; jewāb.

2.—Woh hat jo kust dusti hat ko 'twaz mon ya uski wajh so ki-jawe

3.—(Law) Tardid; fariq-i-mukhālif ko bnyān ki tardid; jawāb-i tardidi; wāqi'āt-i-muzhora-i foriq-i-sāni ki tardid men jo wāqi'āt boyān kiyo jāwen; mudda'ā alanh kā tahrīrī jawāb; gawāh kā jawāb, woh bāt jo kisi suwal ke jawāb men gawāh bayān kare.

Answerable, a. 1.—Mumkinu-t-tardid; jawab deno ke qabil; jiska nawab diya ja saka; qabil-a-tardid; tardid pazii; jisko rad kur-aaken,

jisko mita-saksú.

" It usually implies that the answer may be satisfactory."

2 — Jawāb-dih; zimma-dār; qābil-i-bāz-purs; muākhaza-dār; jisko muhāsaba denā pare; jisko dain yā nuqsān wagaira ko qism se kuchli denā pare.

An agent is answerable to his principal—Kärinda apno üqi ka muakbaza-där

hotā hai (use spne āgā ko muhāsaba denā partā hai).

To be answerable for a debt or for damages - Qurz ya khisare ke done kā zāmma-dār h. (uske adā karne par mejbūr kiyā jānā).

3.—Masāwī, barābar; ham-andāz; mutābiq

The success is answerable to my desires—Kām-yābī merī khwāhish ke barābar hai (jīs qadar main ne chāhā thā utnī hī kām-yābī huyī)

4.—Shāyān; lāiq, munāsib; mutābiq, ham-miqdār; hasb-i-hāl

An achievement answerable to the preparation for it—Kisi kain ka uske saman ke mutabig ya hasb-i-hal anjam pana.

Antagonist, n Mukhālif; fatīg-t sānī; farīg-i-mukhālif.

Antecedent, a Aglā, sābiq kā; muqaddam, jo zumāne (waqt) kr lihāz se pahle ho.

Opposed to subsequent.

Antecedents, n. Halat təriq ya affal-ı-sabıqa, kisi shaklıs kü sabiq tariq ya uske guzashta halat; kısi ki kariyat-ı-maziya

Antecessor, a. (Law) Woh shakha ja kusi arūzī par ruske qābuz-i-būl ka pahle qābiz rahā bo; arāzī kā qābuz 1-sābuq

Antedate, v. t. Tārīkh 1-maqaddam likhnā; jo sahīh sahīh tārīkh ho uske pahle kī tārīkh likhnā; āge kī mitī likhnā—jaise kisī linudī par

To antedate a deed or a bond—Kisi wasiye ya dast-awez par elei tarikh likhua

jo uskī takmīl-a-wāqi'i ke waqt se muqaddam (pahle) ho.

Anticipate, v t. Pesh-bandî ya pesh-bînî k., dür-andeshî k ; kisî bat ko pahle se samajh-jana, pahle hî kar-tawayî kar-ko manî' h. ya baz r ; kısî düsre ke pahle kar-rawayî kar-ke usko kar-rawayî se baz r.

Anticipation, n 1.—Pesh bandī, pesh-bīnī; jo būt āyinda houe wālī ho usko pahle se khayāl kar-lenā yā samajh jānā.

2 - Hifz-i-mā taqaddam; ınsıdad, ımtina'; kişî bat ki girift pahlo

hī kar-lenā; kisī bāt kī taraf pahle hī se ķhayāl dautā d.

To do something in anticipation of a certain event.—Kisi aim kā flyinda par wuqu' men ānā samah-kar kisi bāt lā k

3.—Woh khayāl jo asl haqīqat ke ma'lüm hone ke pahlo dil med padā ho-jāe; kısı bāt kā pahle se khayāl, kisi amr kā kuchh kuchh khayāl pahle hi se dil med ānā (guzarnā).

Antinomy n. Do qawanin men baham ıkhtılaf ya ek hi qanun ko do hisson ya dafat ka do tarah ke mazmun r. jisse ek düsre ki baham tardid ho.

Antipathy n Dil kā ikhtdāf; kisī khās aslī yā khayālī shai kī maujūdgī se nafrat; karāhiyat; bad-hazzī.

Opposed to sympathy.

Antiquated, p. a. Purānā; kuhna; matrūku l-istl'māl; gair-murawwaj; gair-nāfiz; jo na māne jāne lie sabab se wājibu-t-ta'mīl na ho.

Antiquity, n. 1. - Zamān i salal; agle zemāne; agle din; woh wagt jise bite (guzre) bahut din huje.

2 .- Qadim zamáne ke log; qudamã; nelo log; sübiqia.

3.—Qadāmat; purāna h., bahut duem kā h.

A family of great unriquity - Bris pursue gharans; khambin jo bahul rimon se chals sin ho

4-(pl.) Qadīm smatus ki shissh ja bāqī rahjāsh; purāna gālīda aur destār.

Anvil, n. 1. -- Nihayi; amdan.

2.—Koyî shar jispar sarti pare.

To be on the anull—Mubibase med (zeri bake) h.; banno ya tziyar bone ki hälst men h.—masslan kayı kajwır jo bo 14hı bo (pesh bo) par pulkta (pakkı) na huyı bo.

Anxiety, a Kusi äyinda hono wali ya gair-mutahaqqaq bat ki nisbat ta'allaq ya likr jirso dil men nihayat bo-quaan rahe; tikr; ta'allaq; andesha.

Anxious, a. 1. Fikr mand; he chain, be-parie; kusi kyinda ya lamellim bat ke mebat mbayat hi fikr e. w.; nise hace-bais men ki delke sadma rahe.

Way Applied to persons,

2 - Fikr se bharr hnú; jisku sáth fikr lagi raho; jis men dil ko garár na rahe.

Applied to things.

"It is followed by for or about before the object." Webster

Apart, ad. 1. Jugali he lilide as juda; alag; this par; handre nur logon so furq ya pare.

2.--diagrad istrictly thistynt ke libäs so juda.

3. Inda juda; alax alax; ba talkrin; 'alabida 'alabida.

4. - Cat' masar ya kan bat ka nasar andaz kar-ka; kisi düsri bat ko obboy-kar; kisi aur bat par tibaz na kar-ko; kisi aur bat sa alag juda ya 'alabuda.

Apartment, n. Makan ka kaya kamra; makan ka qat' (khand) jo aur

qu'at (khanden) se diwar isfasil wagaira ke zurl'o se juda ho.

Apisco, ad. 1.—Har ek ho; hur ok hu hyo. 2— Fi; ok ek; ek ok kā; furdan ferdan.

Apologize, v. v. Ma'zarat k.; kisi bāt kī niebat 'uzr-khwāhī k.; kisī amr kī niebat kah-kar yā likh kar ma'zarat k.

Followed by for,

Apology, n. Ma'zarat; 'uzr khwāhī; jo bāt he-jā yā nā-wājib khwāh nā-qātul-i-pasand ma'lūm ho uski nisbat ma'zarat-i-zabānī yā tahrīrī.

To make an apology - Vide Apologies.

A POSTERIORI, [Lat.] Dalli-1-inni; bahs kā woh tarīq jis men dalli natīje se sābit he. [kapre latte.

Apparel, a. Pabinus ke kapte; posluk; libās; pārchu-l-poslukāni; Apparent, a. 1.—Numāyāh; zābir; sai; gair-mushtabah; gair-mashkāk; jis men shak shubha yā hujjat ma ho. 2 — Dekhne yā āsānī se dekhe jāne ke qālul; jo likh se dokh pare; jo nazar ke sāmne ho.

3.-Jo änkh se dekh pare par asli yā sachchā na ho; zāhirī.

"In distinction from true or real." Webster.

Herr apparent, (Law) – Wali-'ahd, wārīs 1-tā]-o-taķht; asā warīs piekā haqqı wirāsat us hālat men ki woh apne mūris ki wafāt ke hā'd zinda rahe sāti aur bātil na ho sake, wārīs jo haiyu l-qāim rahne kī hālat men apne murīs ki marne ke ba'd fauran aur lā-kalām uskī haqīyat kā wārīs ho-jāc

"In distinction from presumptive heir." Webster.

Apparently, ad. I — Sarīhī; sāf sāf, yaqīn ke sāth; fāsh fāsh.

2.—Zāhir men, ba-zāhir; dekhne men; bādiyu-n-mazar men.

A man may be apparently friendly, yet malicious in heart—Mumkin hat ky koyî shakhs zāhir men dost-āna bartūw rakkhe par dil men, kins takhtā ha

Appeal, v. v. & v. t. I — (Law) Apīl k; murāfira-1-sānī yā sālis k., kisī 'adālat-1-asgar (adnā darje kī kachahrī) ke faisale se nārāz hokar kisi muqaddame ko 'adālat-1 akbar (Ilā darje kī kachahrī) men faisale yā tahqīqāt-1-mukarrar (phir se tuhqīqāt karāne) ke hye uthwā lejānā; kisī dūsre ko apnā munsif yā sālis qarār d khwāh uskī muusifī yā sālisī par hawāla k

Do you wish to appeal to the High Court?—Kyā 'Adillatu-l' 'aliya Hüyi Korţ men apil karne hī tumhāti khwāhish hat?

Has the presence appealed from the sentence passed against him?—Kyn us quidt no us hukm-i-saza se jo uski neshat sudir hun hai nu na hoku apil kiya hun? The munsif's decree has not been appealed against—Munsif ki digri ki narazi se apil nahih hun hai.

To appeal on a matter of fact or a point of law-Kiel amr-i-mute'alliq-i-waqi'at ya ganun ki mebat apil k.

2.—Kısî shakhs par kısî bahs kā faisala hawala k.; kısî shahadat khwah waqı'at ki tardid ke liye kisi düsre ko apna munhasar 'alaıh banana (uski taraf ruju' lana), kisî düsre par bataur gawah ko hasr k.

Appeal, n. 1.—(Lan) (a) Apīl; murāfa'a-i-sānī yā sālis; kisī chlioto hākim (adnā darje kī 'adālat) ko faisale se nātāz ho-kar haro hākim (ā'lā darje kī 'adālat) ke ijlās mon phir se tahqīqāt yā tajwīz ko hye muqaddame kā uthwā le-jānā.

A civil appeal - Apīl-i-sīga-1-dīwānī.

A criminal appeal - Apil-1-fauj-dārī ; sarkat.

A revenue appeal - Apīl i-sīga i-māl.

A areas areas areas and a litter with a litter of fulsala-i-ma-taht ki nisbat

A regular appeal - Apīl 1-'ām

A special appeal - April i-khās.

A summary appeal - Apil-i-sarsarī (sarāsarī).

A miscellaneous appent—Apil-i-mutafarriga; woll apil jo siga-i-mutafarrigat men dair kiya jile. [murafa a latini.

A first opposit Apil 1-ewwal with spil 10 bildsyl famile at name in ho

A second appeal - Apil-i-downer (she); jo apil s'dalat-i apil i-matcht ke faisalo ki naravi se ruju' kiya jue; muratu'a baslis.

An appeal from, or against, a decree-Kini digri ki mirasi as apil; apil ba nārāsi-i diesi Irmin ya odlin kiya gaya.

On appeal - Har tiled i appl; 'unda I appl; jab appl bout; appl bone par; jab marala'a-

In appeal.—Bugas upil tanti; upil moti: unrefile'n atim ya atim moti.

To file, instituto, lodge, make, or profut, an appeal - Apil k.; murafa'a-i sani ya adlia k.; apil dağlıil ya ruju' k.; apil dair k

To be open to appeal-incil isopel h; maratish is interest with his ke lifty h; aird hous ki spil ho sake; apil (murala'n i sân ya i she) ki gunjih h c.

An appeal has from a decree or an order-Kisi digri ya hukin ki narazi se apil ha saktii lini.

(b.)—Ajāl kī kār-rawāyi; noh kar-rawāyi juko zori'o so apil ko sīgo men 'ad'alot-i-asgar so 'adhlat i akhar men muqaddama uth-jao.

(c.) - Marala'a-i-kani ya salie ku istiliquq; apil katne ka haq.

There is no appeal in this ever-Is minucleane med upit ushed be taken is munaklama tuch istilique i spil nahin hal.

2. – Kini so kiel bat ki darkhwant; kini ne nobit ya faleda ki istid'a; kisi sa mdu mhrhani 'mayat ya ringat ku dar-khawasi; kisi per ba-taur gawah ke hase ya intidbil (neko apan gawah buhani mamid va gaim k. khwah garar d.).

3. -- Isti anat; madad; charajoyi

To make an appeal to arm . . Hathiyar on maded chiline, ituala-ba-jang h.,

lapus par must del he; hathigar he waste or chiter joys k.

appealable, a. And ke getel ye then; Juka and he sake; in famile ke live adalet i akter men utha liya ji seko; qahil-i murafa'a reani ya sīlis; jis rechapil kī ganjālsk ko.

kopear, v. i. 1. - Samme h.; mazar anh; madd-t nazar h.; nigah ko ra-

ha rd (ago ya samme) h ; dokh parna.

2.-Ma'llim h.; samajh parna; samajh med dati, sahit h.; thaharna; záhir ya numáyán h.; shahádat se záhir h. já záhic kiya jānā, wāzih ya Anhkārā h.

From the evidence on the record, it appears that the case is false-Shahidati manjudaci mist er estat hei hi yah maqeddano jhuthu hai.

3.—Zahir meh (ba shakl-i-zahir) h.; asi meh (haqiq itan) na h.

4.—Hāzir anā; kisi tinga ko mawājaho men (usko iti ba-iti) khara h, jako 'adalut med mutakhasimain ya vukala wagara khwali un eshkhas kā jinkī nislet taliquat we tajwīz pesh ho; muhaseba deno khwah faisain suunn ko liye kisi daara ko aya (rü-bu-ru). Lua ya hazir h.; apne se kizî bare ke aye khaya h.

The defendant being railed did not uppear - Mudda't shirt public gaya par

woh häzir na üyu.

For whom do you appear in this court !- Ap is 'adulat men kisk taraf se ayo baia ?

To appear to person or by a pleador—dealeton yà vakalaten, bâsir b.; Ch ans s ya apuï taraf se kisi vakil ku psali k.

I appear as an amicus curies—Main ba cour khoir khwathy adalah ka aya

Appearance, n. 1.—Nazar ānā; sāmne ānā; ānkhon se dekh parnā.

2 -Sūrat, jo kuchh nazar awe ya dekh pure.

3 —Shabāhat yā mushābahat-i-zāhnī; zāhnī sūnat; numāish; shakl-i-zāhnī, shakl-i-iddi'āyī ya'nī aslī nuhīn; ganīna; ihtimāl.

So far as appearances go. To all appearance—Zähir moń; ha i'tahār-i sūrat-izāhirī, jahāň tak qazīn i-quyās h.u., jahāň tak qarīna hau; jis qadar qijus ko wus'at hau; jahāň tak quyās mugtazī hai

4—(Law) Fariqam se (minjumla unke) kısı fariq kā 'adālat men ānā (hāzir h.); hāziri-i-'adālat; jo fariq-i-muquddama ba zuri'a i saman talah huā ho uskā asālatan yā mukhtār wagama ko zuri'e se 'adālat men hāzir ānā; woh fi'l yā kār-rawāyī jiske zari'e se mudda'ā 'alah (fariq-i sānī) apnī tayīn 'adālat men hāzir kare masalan jawāb-i-da'wā wagaira

Personal appearance-Haziri-i-asalatan; ap hasir ana.

To enter, make, or put in, an appearance—'Adalut mon hazir li ya hazir ana, nalish ka janab dakhil k ; jawab-i-da'wa guzianna.

Appellant, n (Law) Apilint, apil-kunında, wah shaklıs jo apil karo; murafa'a-ı-sani ya salıs k w.

* "Opposed to respondent or appelled." Burill - Warcishr.

Appellate, a (Law) Apīlon ke muta'alliq ; apīlon kī samā'at ka iķhtayla r. w.; apīlon ke sunne (unkī samā'at) kā majāz.

This case is appealable—Yah muqaddanaa qabili apil hai (ismoi murafi a-

1-sanī yā salis ho saktā hai)

Appellate jurisdiction—Ikhtiyar-ı sama'ni-ı apil, apilok ke aunne ka ikhtiyar.
Appellate court—Apil ki kachahil, 'adalat-ı-apil, woh 'adalat jibko upilon ki sama'at kā ikhtiyar ho; 'adalat-ı-mui afa'a-ı-sani ya salis.

Appellee, n Siga-1-apil kā mudda'ā 'alash , raspāndant.

"Opposed to the appellant, and more usually termed the respondent" Burrill-Worcester.

Append, v. t. 1.—Lagānā; latkānā; aisī taiah par lagānā ki jo ahar lagāyī jāe woh lataktī rahe, mansalik k., āwezāh k.; jornā; malhiq k. There is a seal appended to that deed—Us wasīqo men muhr lagī hayī haa (ya'nī usmen lagī latak rahī hai).

2.—Shāmil k.; kisī aslī shai men kuchh tāidan lagā d. (barhā d.

yā us par izāfa kar-d.); tatmime ke taur par lagā d.

Appendage, n. Koyi shai jo kisi asli ya bari shai mon laga dijao (us par barha dijae ya izafa kar-dijae) go uska shumul zaruti na ho jatse bat-amada kisi makan men.

Appendix, n. Tatımma; zamīma; jo kuchh kısi kıtāb wagaira men shāmıl kar-dıyā jāe par uskā shumūl kıtāb ke takmıle ke liyo zarūrī na ho.

"Distinguished from supplement, which is intended to supply deficiencies, and correct inaccuracies." Webster.

Appertain, a s. Muta'allıq h.; 'alaqa r.; ta'alluq r.; nisbat r.; asl taur par ya haq ke zaıı'e se ta'alluq r.; rawaj ke ru se muta'allıq h

Appartenance, n. (Low) Jo kuchh kisi düsri ahai ke muta'alliq ho; zamima; weh shar jo apne se barh-kar kisi düsri ahai se mili ho; weh chhoti chhoti 'māraterējo kisi bari 'mārat se ta'alluq rakkhoù;

hagg-i-murür ya arazi ke muta'allıq anı koyi haqq-i-asaish jo usi ke sath muntaqil hojac; hur qism ki 'imarat bag wagaira aur asaish ke huquq jo kisi arazi se muta'allıq hoti.

Appetite, n. 1.—Jism ya dil ki kisi khushi ka pura hone ki khwahish.

2.—Khune piuc ki khwahish; ishtihu; hhukh pyas; aklo-shurb

ki talab.

3.—Kisi hat ka bara shanq; koyi qawi khwahish.

4.—Shang kī chīz; jis chīz kī khwāhish kī-jae; shai i-matlub; woh shai jiski nihāyat tamannā (ārzú) ho.

Apple, n. Seb kā darakht yā phal; seo.

Apple of the eye - Ahkh hi putli; mardum-a-chashm.

Apple of discord - Takrar aur hazad ka ba'is; woh shan jiski babat jhagra aur dah ho; niza'i 'am ka sabab.

Apples of Sodom - Ek qiam ka phal jo ba-qaul-i-musannifin-i-ashiq dekhue men khush-nums (bhala) ma'lum ho par torne per dhush aur khuk ho-jae.

Appliance, n. 1.—Leganā ; kato men lānā ; isti'māl. [āla. 2. Woh shai jo lugāyī yā kām men lāyī jāc ; tadbīr ; upāc ; zarī'a ;

To use various appliances—Bahut si taibirea k.; turah tarah ke upke k, mukhtalif diat ka kam men kasa. [layi]kea.

A machine with its appliances—Kalaur woh church jo nake anth kam med Applicability, n. Ta'alluq; itlaq; munasahat; muta'alliq ho-sakad ya muta'alliq hone ki salahiyat.

Applicable, n. Muta'alliq; qābal-bitlāq; jiskā atlāq be-sake; chaspāb; muussib; jo kisl amr se nisbat rakkho; muustid; hasb bbāl; jo dūsre par lag sake.

Imilas.

To be applicable. Muta'alliq h., ta'alluq r.; itlaq r.; cheapan h; lagna; Is the ruling cited by the picader opplicable to this case? Kya woh nazir jisha hawala vakil ne diya hai is muqaddame se muta'alliq hai?

Applicableness. v. Manaūniyāt; itlāq kī salāhiyat; dūsse par lag saknā; itlāc : rounāsabat.

Applicant, n. Säil; darkhwäst-kuninda; darkhwäst d. w.; jo shakhs darkhwäst guzräno (mustad'i ho).

Application, n. 1.-Ingana; rakhna; isti'mal ya isti'mal men r.

The application of excellingth to a diseased limb-Hiddat Jalan ya amas wegalra kero karne wali dawacii ka ne uzw par lagana ya rukhua jis meh 'arisa lahio ho.

2.-Jo obiz lagāyī yā rakkhe jāo.

The pain was removed by this application—Is chir he lagune ya takhne se daid jata raha.

3.—Darkhwäet; suwäl; 'arzī; istid'ā; iltimās; 'arz-mā'rūz.

An application for execution of a decree, or to enforce, or execute, a decree --Darkhwast-i-jra-i-dign; dign; jan karane ki darkhwast.

An application for permission to one as a pawer, or in formal paweris—
Sign-i-mullial med nalish ki ijäzat ki durkhwäst; mullis-dua nalish korus
ki ijäzat ki darkhwäst.

This order was passed upon his application—Yah hukm uski darkhwast y usks moved par huse uski iltimis ('arz pa'rūs) par yah hukm diya gaya.

To file, make, present, or put in, an application—Darkhwäst d (gustünnä yö dakhil k), suwal d; 'arsi d.

4-Kısı tadbir kā kām men laua, tadbiron kā k.

5.—Khub dil lagana, dil-o-jan se (khub) tawajjuh; mihnat; tandihī; bahut bi khauz-o fikr.

6.—Itlāq; ta'alluq; mutābaqat yā 'adam mutābaqat khwāh munāsabat yā gau-munāsabat ke daryāft karno yā tamsil ki garaz se kisi amr 'kā ek amr-i-khās kī taraf jhukānā yā uskā hawāla d.

The pleader cited a ruling and left the court to make the application—Us vakil ne ek nazīr kā hawāla dekar uske muta'alliq yā gair-muta'alliq hone kī tashkhīs 'adālat par chhor dī

Apply, v. t. 1.—Rakhnā, kisī chīz par r.; lagānā.

To apply the hand to the breast. - Hath sine par r.

To apply medicaments to a diseased part of the body-Badan men jahan 'anza ho wahan dawaon kulagava (mon lana.

2.—Kisi khās kām meh lagānā (istr'māl k. yā līnā); lagānā; sarf To apply a sum of money to the payment of a debt—Qarz chukāna meh kisi rupaye kā lagānā (sarf yā isti'māl b).

The profits were applied towards the improvement of the village-Zar-i-mannafi' mauza' ki taraqqi men serf kuya (laghya) gaya.

3.—Kısı shai ko munāsib chaspāń yā muta'allıq samajlı kar kam men lānā; hasb-1-hāl (munāsib khwāh muta'allıq) qarır d.

The court was wrong in applying the principle of caveat emplor to this name—
Is muqaddame so mushtari hishyar bash ke usul ko muta'ulliq qarar deno
men'adalat ne galati ki.

To apply the testimony to the case-Shahadat ke muqaddame se muta'alliq qarar d. (uska itlaq muqaddame par k.).

4.—Khūb mutawajjih k.; mihnat yū tawajjuh ke sūth masrūf aur mashgūl k., jhukānā; lagānā; dil lagānā.

Apply yourself to the study of law-Qinun ki tahail men apni tayih khub mutawajjih karo.

Apply. v. i. 1.—Munāsib hash-i hāl yā chaspān h.; mutābaqat r.; kuchli talalluq yā mushābahat r.; milnā; thīk h.; durust ānā; rāst ānā; sādiq ānā.

This argument applies well to the case - Yah bahs us maqaddame par khub sādiq āti hai.

The features of this case equally apply to that—Is muqaddance ki shaki us muqaddance ki shaki se barābar milti hai.

2.—Istid'ā k., darkhwāst k.; multajī h.; kuchh pāne ke liye sāil h.; multamis yā sail h.

To apply to a person for aid-Kief shakhs se maded hi darkhwast k. (madad maigna).

Appoint, v. z. Hûkm d.; mustahkam tajwīz k.

Appoint, v. t. 1.—Muqarrar kf; hukm ke zari'e se yā hash i di-bahamī muqarrar k, mu ayan k.

The court has appointed a day for the hearing of critoinal appeals—'Addlet no stub-i-fan; duri hi cama'at he live sk din mogerne high hai.

The parties to the case have appeared an arbitratur. Parigan i-magaddama ne hash-least munch i bahami ek sälis magarur kipa hai

2.—(Lau) Qian k.; mahdad k.; kim ju lād manigala kā mtigālaāma ke ikhtijar ke rā sa nayā inticān '. j. e r i . koyt shar palde ātī rahī ho uske 'iwaz mon usās koyī nayā masraf qāim k.; kisī nāya kām ku liya makhsas k.

3 .-- Hukm d ; Iraliad k.; hidayat k.; farmana.

4.—Muqarrar k ; makhatis k.; khusasiyat ko satli qaim ya mu'aiyan k.; alag kar-d.

5. – Kisi mansah ('ulide) ke hye nam-zad k., (nepar muqarrar ya

' māmūr k.); nasab k.; qām k.

6.—Har tarah kā sās-a sāmin kar-d.; jo kuchh sarūr ho us sab kā muhaiyā kar d : sās-a sāmsa kar-d, ya durust kar-d

" Used in this sense chiefly as a participle." Worrester.

The array was well appeared to being the authors on that durast the (uske edge author that the durast is not mulicipathe).

Appointee, n. 1. - Jo shakha muqarrar kiya jäs

2.—(Law) Wok shakhs jake haq men kisi jaadad-i-nuntaqilshuda ka azsar i nan intizim kaene ko liye (jäzat-nama likha jäo. Appointment, n. 1.—Taqurim; ta'siyan; muqarrar ya nam-zad k.;

kisi 'uhde par inuquerar ya maab k.

The appointment of dates roots with him—"Tarthhou ka tagareer (mugarrar k.) usho singuo but.

He errod by the appointment of unsuitable men-Kamunauh shakhasi ke tagarrur men usus grinti kr.

2.—Kisi naukari ya 'ahdo wagaira par muqarrar (mamur) rahua; 'uhda; mansah, mani; jagah,

What is your appointment? That his 'alids par unquerar (mamile) hat

3,--Wa'da; qual o qurar; apas ki mtisam; apas raci muttafiq bokar kisi bāt kā thahrā lenā.

The arbitrators have much an experiencer to meet to day - Salison no apas men muttafiq he has apper jalso ha din hi magarear kiya hai.

4.—(Law) Jo kuchli kharrat ko liye hiba ya wasiyat kiya jawa ya da-diya jaw. Woh wasuja jo kisi i wasiya jawa zarte se jao-dad i-intigal-shuda ko kisi sari il wasi il i laye jane ki nisbat likha jao. [ke liye muqarrar ho

5.--Jahāz yā fanj kā sāzo-sāndan; jo kuchh kāna men läye jāno

6.—Mushāhara; talab; tanķhwāh; muvšjih; wazīfa.

"Properly used only in the plural."

They are anxious to have their undivided rights apportioned—We chalite hain ki unke huquq-i gair-munqasima andāz-i-munāsib par taqsim kar-diya jāen.

They wish to have their duties apportioned - Wo chante hath ki unke farais

kī tafrīq unke mābam ker-di-jāwe.

Apportionment, n. Munāsib miqdāron yā hisson par taqsīm; taqsīm ba hisas-i-wājib, kisī jāc-dād yā haqq-i gair-munqasiwa ko taqsīm kar-ke har ek mālik ko uskā hissa-i-wājib d.; jāc dād ko is tarah par taqsīm k (bāntnā) ki har ek zī-haq ko hissa-i-wājib mile.

Apposite, a Nihāyat muta'allıq; bahut hī munāsib, jiskā itlāq bakhūbī hosake; thik chaspān; hasb i-hāl; lāiq; mauzūn; jo thik thik lage;

jo bahut hī rāst āwe.

Followed by to.

hısab se galle ki qimat lagana

This argument is very apposite to the case—Yah dalil is muqaddame so nibayat (bahut) hi muta'alliq hai (13 par nilayat 1534 551 hai).

Appositeness, n Munāsabat, mauzūniyat; muta'allıq h yü rast anā.

Appraise, v t. Qīmat lagānā, kisī shai kī mālīyat tashkhīs k. (uskā takhmina k.), ānknā; kūtnā; kūt k., un shakhson kī ma'rifat jo khās us kām ke liye muqarrar hon kisī shai kī mālīyat kī tashkhīs k. Appraisement, n. Tashkhīs i-mālīyat, takhmina-i-qūnat; kut; qīmat

lagana, ta'anyun-n-maliyat

Appraisement of the money equivalent of crops-Kankut; sharh-i-nayd; ke

Appreciable, a. Jiski waqi'i qadr ki-ja-sake, 'umda; ma'qul.

Appreciate, v. t Qadr k; mol k.; wājib yā sahīh taur par tashkhīs-i waq'at k.; qadr dānī k.; 'umda samajhnā; kisī shui ki waq'at ma'līm k.

Appreciation, n Liyaqat waq'at ya akhlaq wa adab ke mufa'alliq kisi

aur 'umda sıfat kī tashkhis-ı-wājib, qadr yā qadr-dānī.

Appreciative, \ a Jis men qadr-dānī yā qadi-shināsī ho; jo wājib taur Appreciatory, \ se kisī amr kī 'umdagī kī tushķhīs kare; jisse qadr-shināsī zāhir ho, jisse qadr-dānī pāyījāe

An appreciative audience - Sami'in-i qadr-shinas.

Appreciatory commendation - Ta'rif pase qudi-dani zahir ho.

Apprehend, v t. 1.—Giriftar k.; pakarna; hukm-nama-i-mahküma-i qanun ke zari'e se giriftar k., tahqiqat wa tajwiz ko liye pakarna, hirasat men kar-lena.

The criminal has been apprehended by the police—Us mujrim ko ahl-karan-apulis ne giriftär kíya bai.

2.—Samajhnā, dil men khayāl k.; tasawwur k.; sochnā; khayāl

k.; bāwar k. lekin yaqīn-i-kāmil na r., tajwīz k.

3 —Khauf khānā, kisī bāt kā shubha yā khauf r ; darnā ; ihtimāl r.; andesha i.; kisī bāt kā khutkā r.; kisī musībat i āyinda kā ishtibāb yā khauf r.

To apprehend a loss or damage - Kisi nuqsan ya khatre ka khani a.

Apprehend, v i Sochnä; bāwar k.; khayāl k.; samajhnā; tasawwui k, apnī rāc men samajhnā

pprehension, a. I .- Griftari; pakarna; qanun ke mutabiq hukm name ke zarî'e se giriftar k.

The three excepted after his apprehension - Pakre jano ke ha'd chor budg gaya

2.-Rās; khayāl; tajwiz; kisī bat kā aise subūt kī bunyād par bawar k jo dil par galaba patda kare par yaqin dilanc ke liye kafi na ho. juudrika. 3 .- Samajh, baton ko khayal men lane ki quwwat; quwwati-

4.—Khauf; andesha; thitinal; woh khauf wa intishar jo kisi ane wali musibat ke khayal se paida ho; hyında ki burayi ke khayal

se dil med bharosă na rakhuâ aur be chain rahnă.

Apprehensive, a. 1 .- Darne-wala; budī (alat ya musībat) kī ummed r. w.

Followed by of

2.—Andesha r. w. ya audesha-mand; ihtimal r. w.; bawar karne par mail.

Apprentice, n. Shagird; woh shakha jo tahriri 'ahd-o-palman ke zari'e se kisi kārī-gar wagaira ke yuhān nekā hunar ya pesha sikhnā kuchh 'arse ke hve ikhtiyar kure nur jiski ta'lim us kai khann-dar par farz ho.

Apprentice, v. t. Kisi ahlı hirfa ya kar khana dar wagaira ko yahan ta'llin ke liye 'and o-paunan ke bi'd sipurd kard. (baithal d.),

Appriso, v. t littla d.; agati k.; waqif k.; zabani khinah tahrir ke zario se muttala' k.

Ka Followed by al.

Approach, v. i. 1 .- Jagale ya wait ko lilida no nazdik ana ya jana; nazdík vá garrb pahunchna; nur nazdík áná.

2.—'Ilm wagaira ke l'talar se kisi hadd-i maqaud ke qarib pahudch-

na; garib garib a jana.

Approach, n. 1.- Pahunch; queh; unzálk ana; amad. 2.--Rasiyî; bar yabî; nazdik pahunchue ka mauqa'; muqarrabî

3. -Woh räh jung kisi 'imärat tak rasäyi ho; woh räh jo shāri'-i 'am yā sarak wagaica sa kiai makān ko jāti ho.

Approaching, p. a. Nazdik ane-wala; juski amad qarib ho; jiska qurb

botā jātā ho; jo age barletā ate ho.

Approbation, n. Manzari; pasand; khash-niidi; tayid; kisi shar ki munăsabat kisiqadar khushi ya razanandi se taslim k

"Approbation is a state, approval is an act. The former denotes the feeling awakened in the mind; as, the approbation of the wise The latter denotes the sentence or decision by which the mind approves ; as, the plan received the approval of the committee; his conduct merits the approval of the world at large." Webster.

Approbatory, a. Jisse khush-núlí záhir bo; jismen pasandidagi yá

manzuri ke kalimat likhe hon.

Appropriate, v. t. 1 - Apnā kar-lenā; kiel shai se dūsroń ko mahrūm karko uso apak band lond; kist shai ki nishat apak istihqeq-1 khas tasawwur kur ke use apue kam men lana ya uska da'wa k.; khud muhasarrif h.; apue nij ke kām mon hinā; khad tasarruf k.

He appropriated the money to his own use -- Wood as rapays to approximate this time med Myk usper haud muteserrif holt yd Jako gene apus bank ligh),

2.—Auron se mustasnā kar-ke kisī khās shakhs yā kām ke hya 'alāhīda yā mugariar kar-d.; kieī shakhe yā kār-i-khās ke liyo makh-

Appropriate, α. Makhsūs; kisī khās kām yā shakhs ke liye makhsūs? hasb-i-hāl; munāsib; lāiq; qism-i-khās se; khnsūsiyat ke sath ta'alfpar ki kist ko hasb-i-hal ho,

Appropriately, ad Munasib taur par; munasabat ke sath, also taur Appropriation, a 1.—Aur sab ko mustasnā kar-ke kisī ķbās shukhs yā kām ke liye 'alāhida yā muqarrar k.; kisī khās kām yā maqsad men lagānā, sarf-1-khās, tasarruf.

Forcible appropration – Zabar dastī se appā kar lenā (apue tazarruf yā zari i khās men lānā), gasab k., dāb baithuā.

Wrongful appropriation - Tasarruf-i-nā-jāiz yā be-jā

2 — Woh rupaye jo kısı khās kām ke lıye 'alalııda kar-diye jāen,

3.—Jo rupaye madyūn apue džiu ko de unkā un muta addid ruqum-i-dain se jo yaftani-i-dain zımma-ı-madyuu hon ok taqum-i-qata men jam' yā mahsūb h.

Approval, n. Manzūrī; pasand. Approve, v. t. 1.—Kisī bāt se khush h.; kisī amr ko achehhā samajhnā; kisī bāt kī mnnāsabat yā 'undlagī ko taslīm k; pasand k.

I approve the measures taken by you - Jo tadbirch tam no kin mak! mungsabat yā 'umdagī ko ham taslim karte hain (uuse main khush lidh ya we mujhe pasand ham)

2 — Pasand yā ījāb ke qāhil k yā sāhit k.

 (Law) Kısı shar ki harsiyat ko uski müliyat ya uske manafi' men taraqqi dekar barhana, taraqqi d.; aur achchha banana.

4.—Sarıshte ke rū se manzūr k.

To approve the decision of a court-martial - Fauji 'addiat he faisale he sariahte ke rū se (bā-zābita) manzūr k

"This word, when it signifies to be pleased, is often followed by of, in which use it is intransitive; as, I approve of the measure. But the tendency of modern usage is to omit of; as, I approve the measure."

Approved, p. a. Pasandīda; maqbūl; jo pasand yā manzūtī ke qābil thahrā (sābit huā) ho; bar-guzīda; jo kasautī par kas-gayā ho, jo imuhan men thahar-gaya ho.

Approvement, n. (Law) (a)—Mulzamon kā apne jurm se iqrār aur apnî khās mu'āfī ke hye apne sharîkon kā muttaham k. aur unpar (unke khilāf) gawāhī d

"The term, in this sense, is no longer in use; it corresponds to what is now known as turning king's evidence." Webster

(b.)—Arāzī kī haisīyat kī taraqqī, zamīn ko gher-kar (uspar chār-diwārī wagaira banā-kar) mazrū'a banānā,

Approver, n. (Law) Gawäh-1-sarkārī, woh shakhs jo khud appo jurm se iqrār kare aur apnī mu'āfī (barāat) ke liye dūsre shakhs ko mulsam qarar de-kar uspar gawābi de.

ppurtenance, n. Samo as Appertenance.

lopurtenant, a. (Law) Muta'alliq, nisbat r. w.; mansab; 'ariz.

A right of way appurtenant to land or buildings - Hagg-i-murar (amadeo raft

kā istilnjān) jo samu yā 'maratod so mula'allin ho.

Common oppurtenant (Law) -- Wole haqq izmerin wagaina jo kasi arazi sa muta-'allıq bo sur jiskā da'na sirê qadamat ya shudamad ki bunyad par kisi 'akya-i-kbās ke qiyas-i qannui por he-sake.

A PRIORI, [Lat.] Dalii 1-limmi; with tare-1-babs jismen mitija dalil so sabit ho ya koyi waqi'a i-ma-ba'd kisi waqi'a-i-ma-qabi se mustambat

ho, tajrībe ke pable; qiyāsan.

APROPOS, ad. (br.) 1 .- Manga' se; wagt se.

2.—Zimnan; kisi mazuutu se muta'niliq; barjasta; bar-mahal.

"A word used to introduce an incidental observation, suited to the occasion, though not strictly belonging to the narration." Webster. Apt. a. 1. - Munžsib; hasbidal; jana ki chaliye, manzūi.

2.-Mail; ragib, Luq; jinki mebat koyi bat bo sako.

Leed of things.

3.-Mail; 'adatan mail, aksar ragih; amada.

War Used of persons.

4.-Tniyar; musta'id; chalak; toz.

Aptitude, n. t. - Kisi khar ann ki taraf asli ya aisi ragimt jo ba tadrij dil men paida ho jau; kisi khas 'amal ya natijo ki taraf mailan.

2. Am beton he live mundeabut; har amr ki salahiyat. 3 .-- Inrbiyat-pasiri; kist shai ke jald sikh lone hi quwwat.

Aptness, n. 1,---Munisabat; muwafaqat; kisl aunt ke liye manzin ya munăsib h.

2.—Ragbat; khwähish; muilan.

Used of persons.

3.—Tos-fahmī; biton ke jald samajhno ki quwwat; tarbīyat-pazīrī; kisi hät ke glatpat nikhjäne ki guwwat.

4.-Mailan; kısı taraf ruju' b.

Used of things.

Arable, a. Qabilu z-zira'ut; mumkinu a-zira'at; jiso jot saken; jismen hal chala sakon; qulba-rāni ku laig.

Arable land -- Ardas 1-qabilu-x-sits at; woh ramin lise jot saken (jismen hal

chal-sake).

Arbitrary, a. 1.—Khwāhish yā iqtizā-i tāc par maugūf; he-qā'ida; jiskā madār kisī qā'ide par na ho; kisi qā'ida-i-mu'aiyan ke mutābiq nahīh. An ardstrary decision—Fassala jo mujawwiz apni iqtiza-i-rāc ke mutābiq karde (jiske sädir karna meh kisi qī'ide kī pā bandi na kī-jās).

2.—Khud-mukhtār; mutlaqu-k'unān; khud-sar; jo kisī gānān kā

pā-band na ho; jispar koyî hukumat-ikhāriji na ho.

An arbitrary prince, or government—Mutlaqu-l-'ināh bādahāh yā riyāsat."

8,-Ashya ki nau'iyat par qam nahin bul-ki maha mara ya pasand par mauguf; khud-ikhtiyari.

Arbitrate, v. t. 1 — Sālisī k; panchāyat k., sālis h. yā sālis kī tarah 'amal k.; sālis kī haisīyat so sun-kar feisal k.

The parties ought to select some men to arbitrate their case—Farigam ko chahiyeki apne muqaddame men sahsi ke liye chand shakhada ko muntakhad kareb.

2 —'Umuman faisala yā tajwīz k.

Arbitrate v. i. 1.—Famala k , tajwiz k ; wara-nyara k. ; do-tük kar-d

2.—Panch (sālis) kī tarah kār-rawāyī yā trijwīz ('amal yā faisala) k. Arbitration, z. (Law) Sālisī, panchāyat; do faiīq kī takrūr kā tasliya minjānih un shakhson ke jinko faiīqain khud nām-zad karen.

"This may be done by one person; but it is usual to choose two or three; or for each party to choose one, and these to name a third, who is called the umpire. Their determination is called an award." Webster.

Arbitration-Bond, n. Panchāyat-nāma; iqrār-nāma-i-sālisī; hasr-nāma; woh wasīqa jiske rū se mutanāzi'in (nizā' yā takiār karne wāloù) par sālison ke faisale kī pā-bandī farz ho.

Arbitrator, n. (Law) Šālis; panch; munhasar-'alaih; woh shakks jise farīqam-1-mu'āmala apuī mīzā' ko tasfīyo ke wāste muntakkab karen; woh shakhs jisko uskī be-ta'allugī kī wajh se kisi nizā' kā tasfīya farīqam kī razā mandī se sipurd kiyā jāc.

To act as an arbitrator - Sälisi k , pauchāyat k.; sālis-āns 'umai k.

Archives, n. pl. I — Woh jagah jahāu kāgazāt-i-sarkāri rakkhe jaweh; daftar khāua-i-sarkārī; puiāne nawishte yā kāgazāt kī hifāzat kī jagah. 2 — Woh kāgazāt i-sarkārī jo wāqi'āt ke subūt ko liye ihtiyāt se rakkhe jāweh, purāne (qadīm) nawishte jā kāgayāt.

Arduous, a. Jis meń sakht mihust dar-kār bo; barī masliaqqat kā; dushwār; mushkil; diqqat-talab.

Area, n. Raqba; tūl wa 'arz; lambāyī-chaujāyī; 'imārat kī jis qadar zamīn bilā-ta'mīr chhor dījāe; sahn; maidān.

An irrigated area - Raqba-1-ab-pashi

Local area - Raqba-i-arazi.

An assessed area - Raqba i-band-o-basti; woh raqba jirpar māl gurāri lagayi-gayī ho.

A culturable area - Raqba-i-qābilu-z-zmā'at

A cultivated area, or the area under cultivation—Raqba-i-mast d'a; jis qu'ex zamin joti-boyî jäe.

An uncultivated area-Raqba-i-gair-mazrū'a

An assessable area - Raqba-1-qābil-i-tashkhis i jam'; raqba jispar māl-guzārī lagsake.

A revenue, or rent, paying area - Raqba-i-mal-guzari ya lagant.

A statement of the area of an estate-Raqba-bandi.

Argue, v. i. 1.—Bahs k.; dalīl k ; kisī tajwīz tadbīr yā rāc kī tāyīd kāwāh tardīd ke liye 'aqlī wojūh qām kar ke pesh k.; wojūh -1 'aqlī par mubāhasa k.; dalīlen lānā yā pesh k ; kisī usūl yā wāqi'a kī tāyīd men wojūh pesh k.

A orgues in favour of a measure, B arques against it—Zaid kiel tejwiz ki täyid meh wujuh-is'an'il posti karla hai aur Bikar neki tardid ko wujuh nikäliä hai.

2.—Mubāhasa k.; kisi sa mubāzira k ; jhagarnā; jo kuchh koyī danā kaho neke khilāf dalīl pesh k.; taqrīr k; kahuā sunnā; bahs men jhagarnā

Followed by with.

The pleader argued with the expresors without convincing them — Us valid no expression as multiplease kith par unki dil juni ne huyi.

Argue, v. v. 1.—Baha k.; dalīl k.; mubābasa k.; tagrīc k.; hujjat k.; dalād se sāhit kurne ki koshish k.; kisi amr ki nisbat 'agli dalīlen lānā (peah k.).

The case was well arrued before a full court - Os muquidams men 'addiat i-

kāmii ('adālat ko kul huklām) ke rū-ba rū ķirīb balis buyī

2.—Sant ra zahin k.; kisi bat ki wajh dekindna, natije se sabit ya zahir k.; kisi amr par dalalat k.

All this argues a guilty knowledge in the accused—Is sub so unitern he 'ilmi-mujeum-ans-abit hote hei; yeh ash is but par dulated karte had (dat hea)
ki mulana ko 'ilm i mujeum and the.

3 -- Wojah-i 'aqli se targib d., wojah se q'il k.

To argue a man into a diffarent opinion - Kim shakha ko wujih i'aqli sa qali kar-ke uaki ise hadal d.

Argument, a. 1.—Inhe; dell; hujjat, woh 'agli delli jo kust amr ke sahüt men perh klijün; sähit karne kü zanl'a; jo dalil kisi büt ke sähit ya büran künane khwah uzki nisbat dil per yagin diline ke liye pesh klijiwe.

Followed by for or against.

2.—-Kul kithe ka khulasa ch jo mazhmin us med hoù unke 'unwan; kist taqvir ya tahete ka meneka.

3.-Mubahasa, munazera; tagrir; silsila-i bahs.

Aryumentatire a l .- Huffat se bhara bua; dalail (dalilon) se bhara

An argumentative discourse - Mudelist tagrir,

2.—Sabit k. w.; musbit; dal; dalālat k. w.; j. kist amr par dāl ho yā dalālat kare; jisse kojī bāt sābit bo; jisso kisī amr kā subūt bāsil ho.

The adaptation of things to their uses is argumentative of infinite wisdom in the Creator—Chizoù LE muke mastef he hash-i-hel hous Khaliq hi be-had danayi per dalajat karta hal.

3.—Bahs kā 'ādī; dalīi kā shāig; hujjatī; mubāhase par māil.

Applied to persons.

Arise, v. i. 1.—Paul. h.; zuhur men ana; wujud-pazir h.; aburu' h.; quim h.; bunyad parua; jar bandhua

When did the cause of action eries in this case ?— In mugadiame men bunk imultifarmat kah paids hoyi (sukur men kyi ya qaim hoyi)?

Minchiele often arise from foolish jests De-wuonli ke thatthoù as akant represent paids hoti hal 2.—Bar-āmad h., tulū' h.: mkalnā, ufuq ke ūpar ānā jasse āftāb yā māhtāb (sūraj yā chānd) kā

3 -Bistar yā ārām-gāb se uthnā, letne baithne yā kisi anr ārām

kī hālat se uth-khare h,

4.—Uthnā; balandī par jīnā; ūpar ko charbna, su'ud k.

5 —Paidā h.; khorā h , ubharnā , uṭhnā.

Dissensions arise-Jhagre khale hote hain.

- Arm, n. 1 -- Bāzū, bānh, msān ke jism kā woh hissa jo kandhe so hāth tak hotā hai
 - Darakht ki shākh (dāl).
 - To keep or hold at anm's length, or at arm's end—Hamle so baz r; isquiter may dik ane na denā ki usse khatre kā ibtimāl ho, dūi r; bahut mānūs na hone d; bahut rabt-zabt karne na d

To work at anm's length - Kisi kām kā is tarah k ki nese kuchu naf'a na ho ya aisi hālat men kār-rawāyi k, jo filidə bakhah na ho.

Arm, v. t 1.—Hathıyar-band k.; musallah k., älät-i harb (larayı ke hathiyaı) d

2.—Mazbūt k., hifazat yā bachāw ke zarī'e baham pahunchanā

3.—Taiyar k.; durust k.; bana-kar sijil k. ya kam ke laiq kar d

Arm, v i Hathıyar bandhna; musallah h ; hathiya laganî ya lagadona, hamla ya uske dafiye ki tadbir kardena.

Armed, p = a. 1 — Hathıyaı lagaye; musallah; sılah band, hathıyaı band; harba-band, bıfazat (bachaw) ki tadbiren kıye huye.

2 - Woh shai rakhtā huā jisse quwwat tāqat yā kar-guzāri baih

Jawe, har tarah se mazbūt

Arms, n 1 — Hathiyar, silāh, harbn; ālāt-i-jang, ālāt-i-harb, ālāt-i-zarb wa daf,

- 2—(Law) Hathiyār yā koyī chīz jo gusse kī halat men koyī shakhs apne hāth men is griaz se le-le ki usse dūsre ko māre yā uspar choṭ kare; hathiyār yā uu koyī chīz jisse koyī shakhs kusī ko māre yā uspar choṭ pahunchāye
- 3.—Jang, larāyi; wob juwānmardī yā mardānagī ke kām jo larāyi men kiye jien.

To be an arms-Lorayi men masruf rahul ya uske sarran men rahua.

To be under arms - Hathıyar laga kar larayi ke hiyo talifar rahna; jang ke hiye musallah wa musta'id rahna

To arms'—Chalo laro' Chal kar jang kato' Hathuyar uthan! Is 'tharat se yah zahir hota hat ki mukhatab se kaha jata hat ki hathuyar uthakar ahalo laro.

To take as ms - Hamle ya bachaw ke wiste hathıyar uthana (musallah ya hathıyar-band h).

Army, n. 1 -Fauj, lashkar, sipāh.

2—Kasrat, amboh; hujūm yā barā hujūm; kisī shai kī ta'dād-rkr. bahut yā bahut sā.

paren es d. nind se jaga d. khwab se be-dar k. ublarak ubrana.

Arraign, r. s. 1. (Lam) Kon mulmm ka 'adalat ke ru ba ru kisi ilzam ya pum-l'aid shuda ki jishb dibi ka bya pish ya khaja ki; ago kar di, pesh k.; silsile ke mutabiq pesh k., kisi ilsam ki nishut 'adalat ke rachness prosto dela karana.

2 - Aitelagasa; muttabani k., dzám d.; 'agl. já mazág wagana

men name thalisana

Arraignment, a. (Law) 1. Fort his midd (& abith his us sizing ki rivati dibi ke liya mbibit men pesh k. je napir lagaya gaya ba.

2. -- Chairan, daam, alegor, butym, magentalita.

Arrange, o t. 1. - Murattab k ; tartib d ; suilidina, gaide ke muta big r., intizam ke sáth sá adeilmwar r.; kísi almi ke niza ko istarali par minio no rockima ki inatlib nikalawo; sisata k.; jina war vā gism war tartīb d. va r.; tulivīb k.

2 - Band-obist k , tehnya k.; saman k.; taiyari k ; thik thak k : thokana so kard.; intream kurd., tark ; pukhta k.; thuhri d ;

munagan k.; parka kar d ; tustiva k.; piptina; chukana; sulh kar lona. "A popular use of the nord, of very general application,"

Webster.

Arrangement, u. 1. Turith: Aradagi; durash; tahash; dakan ki galido ke mutalilo kha di aitale ke lihaz in rakhud ta takkha jina.

Arrangement of renards. Tartibe dufting knowns in duracte ya unka utilik sa takhun ja rahklin jaut; diftar ki lahr,b,

2 -- of Seman; import; torribus, band a bast; inhaya; anno saman. To make arrangements for suspections. Keep has he same finded a band a bast ya unki taiyaril k.

3. - Pastiya; bahamî rifdad, tasiiya i bahamı; apas ka niptaw; rāzi rujā' ho-jina; anlb; todīva i akldr.

"A popular use of the word," IF referee

To make an airungement, or to denue to an airrengement, in reference to a matter of controversy. Kief takest he medet apas med tastiya (will raided yā nipiāu) ku koā; ku jingu ko āpas non chukā lenā (tai kur lenā)

Arranger, a. Tartio d. w.; tabelli k. w.; arasta k. w.

Array, n. (Law) 1.- (a.) Kusi muquldune men ahlijuri ki nim-und ho-kar minjaulb i ahikar i-mujaz unka tartib-war baithala jana; fibrist men ahl i júrí ke namon ki tartib.

(b.)—Woh kal alıl-i janı jo adalat men talab hon.

(a)-Arbib i jūrī ke nāmon ki librist.

To challenge the array - (Lau) disqualar arithboly first hot un said ki niedat. I'tirke

2 .-- Tartih; saf žrayi ya saf-bandi, hamle ya bachaw ke hye bathiyar-band sipahiyon ki saf-bandi; para-bawil.

3.--Woh sab log jo saf-bühüli kar klisro kar-diyo jäen; saf; park.

4.—Numārsh ka liyo kisī shai kī tartīb.

5.—Libas; poshak; ai-i poshak jo zaro baro ho; badan par kaprod Array, v. a. (Law) 1,-Kisi muqaddame ki tajwiz ko liye ahl-kjuri ko

pukār-kar silailē se kar-d. *

To wray a panel – Jin ashkhās ke nām ahl-i-jūrī kī filnist par darī hoh unko ek dāsie ke ba'd ya'nī silsile se kar-d yā pesh k.

2 —Tartīb d., silsila-wār i ; gatāi se kharā k. jaise sipāhiyon kā larāyī ke hye; parā bāndh-kar (jamā-kai) kharā k.

3 - Arāsta k.; 'umda (zarq-baig) poshāk pahuāuā; kapre (libās)

pahnānā.

Arrear, n Bāqī; baqāyā, zari-bāqī; jis rupaye men se kuchh diyā gayā ho aur kuchh na diyā gayā ho, jo bā wajād wājibu-ladā hone ke adā na ho; bāqī jo chukāyī na jie, woh kām jo kuchh to kiyā gayā aur kuchh jon kā ton chhor diyā gayā bo.

"It is generally used in the plural, as, the arrears of rent, wages, and taxes, and supposes a part of the money already paid."

"A person may be in arrear for the whole amount of a debt, but arrears implies that a part has been paid." Webster.

Arrears of revenue - Baqaya-i-mal guzari

Arreare of rent - Baquya-1-lagun; lagun ki baqi.

Past arrears - Baqaya-ı sabiqa, agli baqi

In arrear - Bāgī yā bāgī-dār

To fall into arrear - Bāqi parnā.

To allow a thing to fall, or to let it fall, into arrent-Kisi shai men baqi parne d (usmen baqi dai d)

Arrest, v. s. 1 —Roknā, band k.; masdūd k., kisī kī harakat yā 'amal ko roknā; māni' h.

2 -- Mukhātab karānā; mashgūl karānā; lagānā.

3—(Law) Guiftāi k, pakarnā; qandul ikhtiyār se giriftār k, hukmuāma-i-mahkāma-i-qandu ke rū se giriftār amal med länā; hākim-i-mujāz ke hukm-nāme ke i'tibār se giriftār k.

Followed by for

Of the two persons in custody, one was arrested for debt, and the other for a crime—Min-jumia do shakhson ke jo hintsat men hain ek shakha qara ki 'illat men giriftär but aur dusia ek jurm men (ja ushi 'illat men).

Arrest, n (Law) Guiftáil, qānun ke hukm-nāme ke mutāliq kisl shakha ki giriftāri, dhar-pakar; hākim-i mujāz ke hukm-nāme ke tu sa guiftāri.

Under arrest - Giriffar, pakiā buā; zer-i-giriffait; zer-i-hirīsat yā hirāsat men, nazai band.

To make an arrest - Ginftar k., giriftarî 'amal men lana; pakarna,

Arrest of judgment (Law)—Kısı muqaddame men ahlı jürl ki röc ke qāim hojāne ke ba'd 'adālat ke fassale kā sudü: kisi alal vajh se multavi kar-denā jiske bā'is sādir hone ki hālat men woh fassala galat yā man-ūķhī ke qābul hojāe; ahlı-jūri ki rāc ke zāhu hojāne ke ba'd 'adalat ke falsale kā ba-wujūh multavī kar-d.

"The motion for this purpose (arrest of judgment) is called a motion in arrest of judgment." Blackstone—Webster.

Arrival, n. 1.—Pahnnoh; amad; kisi jagah par dar so hbashki ya tari ki rah so pah ya kuf

- 2,-Koshish mu'ihade musbq ya taheil ke zari'e se hisi maquad ka hāsil k.
- The court's arrival at this conclusion was whelly unexpected of a bat hi mutling amoved on the ke buildlet you tulwis harry ('scialet he ras such oxide
 - 3.-Jo alinkhe ja chia ki puhindche.
- Arriva, v. i 1. Khushki ya turi se ku i jugah pahuńchus : pahuńchus: ana: wared in
 - 2.—Tahqiqat koshush mashu tuhsil baha ya imtihan ke zari'e se kisi maqsad ko pshouchun; koyî hat in-tadrij hasıl k. . kısı manzıli magsad par rufta ratta palamolina.

To arrive at a conclusion - Talepolit wagains has be keep nating nikalna va kiel amr ki nishat tajwis i (iûs çaim k).

Followed by at.

Arrogance, n. Apue ke buhut kuchh samajhud; rutbe taugir qadi o manzdat ya ikhtiyar ka da'ar had so zijada k ; aput tayin urjauz tada par 'anda ca baja samajhna; gadar ki wojh so dasron ki tahair; khad-bin; khud-posandi, shokh, khamad; fakhr, taalii

Arrogant, c. 1 - liutho ya tangir ka bud se mpada da'us k w fraka karne par mail), apno ko na-jam tang par bord 14 ham ka khayal k. w., mutakabhir; ungrue; khud pasand; khud bin; ghumandt

Applied to persons.

2 .- Jis men keri bat kā māgain da'wā ho; jieso gurur yā khudnumilyî pâyî jîn ; jo uldi'n i nî., uz ke zirî'a se kiya jîn.

Applied to things

- Arrogate, v. t. Gurde ko sath and na-ma'qui turiq par kiel hat ka da'wa k.; fakhr ki rah so khwah haq ya liyaqat ka joth da'wa rakh-kar kui bat ka da'wa na manisih tariq par k.; takabbur (ghamanu) ke sath da'widar b., kiai bat kā nā wajih di'va k.
- Arrogation, n. Fuzul ya be andre da'wa k , jis qadar ka haq wajib tariq par lio usse zivāda lenā jā iķlitiyār k.; gurūr ke ba'is apnī taym un chizm par quide samujhna jirka da wa juz na ho.
- Arson, n. (Law) Atesh-zani; atash zadogi, ddiro ke makan-i-maskuna khwah ne makan men ja makan-l-maakana se thori dar par 'alahida ho 'adawat se ag luga d.; kisi ka ghur aphi ap 'adawat ki rah se jala d.
- Artiole, n. 1 Kısı qinün ya wasiqa wayana ka mad ya dafa; kisi hisab ki koyi khas raqam; kisi mu'anade ki shart; koyi mukhtasar buyan; kui akhbar wagara men kui bat ka judagana bayan; jis tahılr wagalıa men mukhtalif mazanını hoù unmen so har ek maz
 - műń ki judágána kaifiyat. 2.—Koyî khās chīz yā jins; bahut sī chīzon men se ek khās chīz.

An article of morohandles - Sauriagari ht chiz.

Salt is a necessary article—Narnak ek zardu chia hai.

Articles of war ... Panj i-barri ke nawania ya sawabit ka majma'a.

Articles of the many + Fon | babel he question aur office bit tenferithe

Article, v t 1 — Inde jude maddit mon murattab k ; juda judi tafall kard ; bewrewic batthuä

2.—Qaul-o-qarār 35 mu'āhade se pā-hund k ; iqi ar-nāme kā shartop se pā-band k

Artificial, a 1 — Jo hunar ke zarf'e so banā ho yū jiso insān ne apno hunar aur apnī mihnat so banāyā ho; qudiati nahīh; masnū'i yo'nī san'at se banāyā gayā, banāyā huā

Artificial heat—Asli gurmî nahm balkı woh gurmî jo san'at ke zuri'n en paidă ki jās

Artificial gems - Misnū'i jawāhnāt; jawāhnāt jinheb insān apne hunar aur apnī mibnat se banāye

2.—Iddi'āyī , jhūth , banāwat kā ; aslī nahīn , sachchā nahīn.
Artificial tears — Banāwat kā ranī ; ansū ja dil so na naklob.

3 — Khud-ran nahîn, ap se jima huk nahîn; mazril'a, asli nahîn, jo jot-bokar paida kiya jae

Artificial grasses — Ghās jo khud-rau na hoù [manuu'i Artificial argaments — Mutakolina (bolon wile) hi ijid hi huyi daiilah , dalah i

"In distinction from laws, authorities, estations, and the like, which are called inartificial arguments or proofs" Johnson - Webser.

As, ad & cong 1.—Jaisa, usī tarah par jaisa; kiai dūsra ki manund, dūsre kī tarah; kisī ke ham-shakl yā mutābiq.

You will terp as you sow—Jatsa hoogo when kapoge. June a'in'll a cengr worself phal paoge. The militib karo

Do as you are bidden-Hukm ke mutabag annal (kat rawhyi) kato; bako; bako

2.—Jis hālat men koyī dūsrī hāt hotī ho ust hālat men, jab; jis-waqt; kisī til ke darmiyān (uske asnā yā daurān mun)

He trembled as he spoke - Bolno ki lifted mon (job with hol right that) with kanp raha that.

3 —Kisi haisiyat khuyal ya balat ko libaz no.

Virtue cousid test or virtue - Neki par jab neki hi ki hamiy it in ninaz kith jaa

4.—Masalan; nazhan, maslalto masalan; jaiso; areo; astarah par, is nabj par.

"Used to introduce illustrative phrases, sentences, or citations," Webster.

5.—Chunki, ba-wajh iske ki, ba-sabab isko ki; fulan ann ko ha'is.

"As somtimes takes the place of a relative pronoun, and is equivalent to who or which," as, "Help such as need help" "Provide such things as are needed." Wordester

"As, in a subsequent part of a sontence, answers to such, to so, or to as, give us such things as you please, and so long as you please, or as long as you please; and, in a preceding part of a sentence, has such or so to answer it; as with the people, so with the pricet" IF, bater.

As if, or as though—Usi tarah La; usi tarah par; jaka us hélat mad hoté (ya'ul agar fulan amr hoté), goyé, goyé ki.

As for, or as to - Nishat: he nishat, bah men; dar bab kisi ke madde men

As it ware - Goya ye have be

• *A qualitying phrast used to apologize for or to relieve some expression which might be regarded is map operate or incongruous? "Webstar.

ds well within me, and, tala vir his chie ke cian am any chie

da wett un. Kin ko barabar bi, kin ke sath hi

Asyet - Abit ders wegit it enemies bat take obee hense for ba have Ascender 2. 1 Charling appropriate part of her enemies of appropriate yain and ke threef chains.

2. -Danjar adam yain form's of approximate yain and ke threef chains.

va su'dd k ; murisini ki taraf nu úd k

Ascending the -Silva country murson to obtain

An hou in the aweer line line - Stilla enough to while; murry

' 3.—Dujerádně so dorjet člá krtartíchhofichhoficátoň so but bort běton ki torut vá chá chhá chátoň so ám betoh ki torať 1956 h

Ascend, v. t 1 ('hailimi, tipar j ma

To exceed a belder. Publique abathink

2 Inhān so keyr aim u bli he ir itarat junā. Mant a. 1 Gelaba , tulinbirumāna akhtiyai

One man has the nace tout over methor. Ek shakles duste per galaba rakhta tgalib sahin, har

2. Salada i nami ko narmin so ek , minia.

Opposed to acservation

Ascendant, a. Bartar, yelih, aikal.

To be in the ascential alkhiran chukumich is sub par Ralih (hukuran) rahum; rahipungaheraling, rahipan basi (ashai basi) rahum

Ascertain, s. t. 1 Import k.; tabqıq k.; tazıbsab shubbe ya tabadale so barı ya pak k.; yapa ke sath thehrana; pakka k.; thuhuana; mutuhanppıq k.

2. -Imtilisa tafti di ya injribo se bakhubi darçaft ya ma'lam k.

Ascertainable, a Talique le qu'al, q'ibil i d'oratte, jo yaqini iaur par daryatt ho sake; jiso mutahaqqaq (pakka) kai saken

Ascortainment, s. Tahqii, ten de: raqor ke suh darraft; thik thik darraft k.; tadibhiis, kisi , sudat muhiyan ko ru se banqih ya tadibhis (kisi bat ka quin k. ra thahrana)

Ascribable, a Juse mistad de sakeń ja mansab kar sakeń; nuchat dryc jano ke kuą.

Ascribe, e. r. 1. - Manath & , ked so but me subab ya balis ke nishat d.; kisi natije ku huwala mushai par di jisaa wali panda huzi ho

2 — Pa taur sifat ya amr i muta'alliq ke m msüb k.; kisi sa muta 'alliq tasawwar k.; yah kahnā ya sunajhna ki fulān shai fulān shai sa ta'alliq ialahti hai vā usman har.

Ashamed, a. Sharminda ; sharmāya huā ; lajiyā huā ; nādīm ; khujīt, zardītā ; apnī taqsīr khwāh apne kist filtī be ja yā nā-munāsīb par ghabrāyā huā yā munfait.

"Askaned never precedes the hour or pronoun it qualifies Followed by af" Webster.

Aside, ad. Ek taraf yā ek taraf ko; 'alābidu, alag; judā; dār; tāh ke bāhat, sīdbī rāh par nahīh, ķhūnj az tāh; kanāro.

To lay aside—Jism dil ya khayal se alag kai d (dür kar d. ya hata d.), kanar kar d ; tal d., dat' kar-d , bar-taraf kai d ; chhor d ; tark kai d.

To set aside (a) (Law) Mansükh k., mustavad (rid) k., gar-rathe fit be tasir qarar d. 'adalat-i akbar ke faisila i-mā ba'd so mustavad k. khwah apra awwal faisila ko apne lii faisila-i-mā ba'd so rad k.

To set aside a judgment-Kisi faisale ko mansükh k.

(b)—Kisi khās kām ke liye alag kar d yā rakh d., kisi satī t-khās ke liye 'alāhida kar-r

Ask, v t 1 - Istid'ā k ; daikhwāst k.; māngnā.

"With of, in the sense of from, before the person addressed, or for before the thing desired." Webster.

- 2 Kısı shai kā haqqus si'i yā mu'āvnze ki tarah khwāh zarūrat kī rāh se chāhnā talab k yā uskā da'wīdāi khwāh unimedwār h ; mānguā, talab k , chāhnā
- 3 Kisī so yā kisī kī niebat suwāl k. yā kitchh pāchhuā, istibār k.; pāchhaā; mustatir h., pāchhkar daryāft k. (patā yā thakānī lagānā)

4 —Istid'ā k , mad'ū k ; bulānā ; da'wat k.

To ask greats to an entert nument—Julse men shirkst ki istid's minimanoù as k (logon ko minmanan j ilve men bulbuñ)

Ask that gentleman to step into the house. Un sabib so kahn ke makan ke endar tashifi layen

Ask, v z. 1.—Sāil h.; māngnā; darkhwāst k.; multamis h.; chāhnā, istid'ā k

Usually followed by for

2-Pūchhnā; mustafsır h.; daryāft k., joyayı k.; pūchh kar daryāft k

Sometimes followed by after.

Aspect, n 1 — Sürat; kaifiyat; shakl, woh sürat-ı zühiri je ankhen se nazar äye ya dıl ko ma'lüm ho.

The whole aspect of the case is changed—Is muqaddame ki bil-kul sürat (shakl yā kuffiyat) tabdîl he gayî.

2.—Chihia; bashra; chihre kī khās sūrat, chitwan; nazar.

3.—Woh mauqa' (jugah) jahān se koyī kisī khās jānih ko dekh sake; woh mauqa' jo qutb-numā ke jawāmb ke lihāz se ho; samt, jāmb; rū, munh.

That house has an eastern aspect - Woh makan sharq-roya hat (parab rukh ka hai); woh ghat parab munh ka hai.

Asperse, v. t. Kisî kî nisbat butî ya jhüthî aur muzir khabaren phailîna, kisî kî ab-rû ya nek-namî men dhabba (dag) lugana; bad-goyî k.; kisî par uskî bad-namî ke liye jhûth tuhmat lugana.

Aspersion, n Kisī ki bad-nāmī ke hye (uske nām men dāg yā dhabbā līgāne kī garaz se) jhūth: jbūthī khabaren phailānā yā use jbūthe ilzām lagānā, tuhmat, buhlāu; kalauk.

Aspersive, a. Juse tuhmat lag sake, juse ittihum wärd ho-sake: juse nokuum sail ho sake, iisam Emez; juse hatki ähtu mutasawwar ho.

Aspire, v. i. Kamāl shanq r.: bavī tamannā r.; dil se chābuā, bahut bi āzu r.; nibājut "mutumum b., bangala k.; bansala balaud k. yā baland bangala b.; kur barī shar ka bāsil karno ki koshish k.

Followed by lam after

Assail, v. 6. 1. Mar pit ke inth hemba k., dushmini ki rah se hamba awar h.; mar pit k.: didestan humba k., mar-pit ke hye kisi par tüt parnā.

2,---Mazairnt pahuńchane khuäh had aam ya maglub karne ki myat se kisi pai dalait sar zanish dush năm dihi ya nokta chini ke zari'e se yuish k. ya hamla-dwar h.; dzām dālnā; nukta-chini k.; rad k.;

kisî par hiqarat ki nazar se hafirisk

Assailable, a. Hamla kiye juno ke hiiq ; jispar hamla ho-sake ; yürish ke qabii.

Assailant, z. Hamla Awar; mar pit k. w.; war ya chot k. w; yürish

k w.; unkta chini wagana k. w.

Assassin, a. Woh shukh 170 km ko rakayak mai dalo ya khufyatan uspar hamla duar ho kur uso ludak kare; qaad.

Assassinate, a.c. Defated ya khuiyatan hambawar bo-kur qatl k.; yakayak mar pil kur ke talah k., halahat ki niyat se hamla k.. ghat lagahar (kumin pah men buth-ker) mar dalah

Assassmation, a thisatan ya chiip-kar quit ka irtikih, mar-pit ko

zari'e se halakat.

Assault, n. i. (thuse ya hathiyar wagaira ke zari'e se hamis-ishadid 'anı isse kı uska wuqu' ak shakles kı janih se ho ya fauj kliwalı juzw i-hanj se i hamla ; charhayi ; chhāpā ; dhāwā.

"An assault by private persons may be made with or without weapons. An assault by an army is a violent hostile attack, and when made upon a fort or fortified place, is called a storm, as opposed to sap or stepe." Webster.

2 --Mukhālifaua kalmuāt (batoh) yā tadbīroā se ydrīsh.

3.— (Law) Kui ki zāt (uske jim) par nā jāiz hamla; kisi qadar zoro-zulm ko sāth dūsce par zad o-koh (mūr-pit) kā iqdām par 18 usjā se ki uskā jim chhū na jāc -masalun aise tarīq par glūsā yā bed uthāna khwāh chalāna ki ma'lūm ho ki farīq-i sāni mazrūb huā chāhtā hai (usko chot pahuńchā chāhtī hai) par wāņi'i usko zīch (chot) na pahunche; mārpit kī koshish; kisi par zad-o-kob kī āmādagī (uskā iqdām); mārpīt ke zarī's se kisī par zarar i-jismānī pahuńchāne ki koshish

"If the blow aimed takes effect, it is a battery." Blackstons-

Webster.

ssault, v. 6. Kisi par hamla k.; baje zor se hamla-üwar h.; kisi
par mukhālif ana niyat se tūt parož; mār-pit ke irāde se kisi kī
taraf jhuknā; zad-o kob kā iqdām k.; žisi par is tarah zarb (wār)
obalānā ki woh mazrub na ho.

Assay, n. 1.—(Law) Tahqiqat wa taja iz.

2.—Hākim-i-waqt kī jāmb se ashyā ke nāpne khwāh tolne ke hye jo paimāne (masalan guz paimāne yā batkhare khwāh būúţ wugaira) muqarrar hou unke mutābiq 'awām ke paimāne wagaira ki jānch; sar-kārī ālāt-i-wazn e-paimāish ke rū se 'awām ke wazu-e-paimāish ke ālāt kī jānch.

Assemblage, z. Shakhson yā khās khās chīzon kā majmu'a; jamā'at;

bator, dher.

"Assemblage Assembly. An assembly consists only of persons, an assemblage may be composed of things as well as persons. Nor is every assemblage of persons an assembly; since the latter term denotes a body who have met, and are acting, in concert, for some common end "Webster"

Assemble, v t Jam' k.; ekthā k ; yak-jā k.; batornā yā bator k.; ek jagah par yā ekatthā jam' k.

Assemble, v a Jam' h.; ekatibā h.; yak-jā h.; baturnā.

Assembly, n. Majma', woh log jo ck maqam par kisi maqsad i 'am ke hye jam' hon

A lawful assembly - Majma' 1-jāiz.

An unlawful assembly -- Majma'-i na jāce (khilāt-i ghuān).

Assent. n Manzurī, taslīm; ittifīq, kisī amr ki asliyat yā uako jawāz khwāh sihhat ki nisbat dūsron ki tāo se utitāq.

"Assent is an act of the understanding, consent of the will on feelings. We assent to the views of others when our minds come to the same conclusion with theirs as to what is true, right, or admissible We consent when there is such a concurrence of our will with their desires and wishes that we decide to comply with their requests "Webster

Assent, v i Kısı amr kı sadaqat ko taslım k ; razi ya muttaliq lı ; raza-mandı khwah ittifaq-ı-rao zahın k.

Assert, v t 1 — Mazbūtī se bayān k.; yaqīn ko sāth kahnā; tayaqqun se zāhir k.

2.—Aisā bayān k jisse inkār na ho sake; muķhālif āna da'wā pesh k.; da'wā k.; bāton se qāim k. yā mahfūz r; zabānī yā tadbīron se qāim k. yā bachānā; kisī shai ki nisbat da'wā yā haq zāhir khwāh qāim k.

To assert one's rights — Düsre ke muqübale men apue buquq kë da'wë k. (unki nisbat mazbūti se da'wi där h.); apue huquq zihu ya q'um k.; yah kahaë ki fulën shai ki nisbat ham ke haqq-i-jüz hësil hai

"To assert is to fasten to one's self, and hence to claim. It is, therefore, adversative in its nature. We assert our rights and privileges, or the cause of free institutions, as against opposition or denial. So, also, in respect to our declarations; if we regard them as mere statements of what is time, we use the word affirm; if we claim them to be undeniable, we use the words assert or assertion." Webster,

ssertion, n. 1.—Bayan, izhar, yaqini bayan,

2. -lzhar wa isbat; kisi mukhalifana da'we ka israr ko sath posh k., kisi haq wagarra ki nisbat bila khuuf i-tardid ya mkar da'wa k

The assertion of one's rights - April housing ka ishar we inhat yo unke befarat
any tayed.

ssess, v. s. 1 Tashkhis k.; hegina; mahsul ki barah ek caqam i mu'uiyan qam k.; keyi taqam eldas bahar basar wajib 'ad k. (kisi ke zimme lagana ya qam k.)

To assess revenue or rent-Malgusari ya lagui tashkhis k. ya lagana; jam

muqarar k. ya bahdhua Bach citizen should be assessed in the proportion—Lazim has ke shahr ko

har ek izhne wale par ba-q dar i-munăab nuhsil lagăță jüe. 2.—Mahsül ki tashkliis ke liye kisî shui ki müliyat ya uskă manăfi'

qam k.; tashkhis i-maliyat k.

The merchant's guals were not properly assessed by the ortion muhacur—

Muharra-i change no ne saudagar ke mai kequant ke tashkhu manasab

taur par na kt. 3. - Thubrana ; tutunaqqab k.; tashklis k ; takhunna ya takdama k , hisib karko qam k.

The damages will be assessed by the smit-Zu i kinema he tangth 'suidhat haven, is ann he tashkhte min panti i 'suidhat hope he kis quine khasan da'ur dar ko milad chahiye.

Beessable, a. Jispar mehatti ligaya ja sake, mahsul ke qabil; mahsult Amemule property-- Woh mul japa mahsul lagaya-ja sako (lag sako), mahsult mal Beessment. n. 1. --Tashkhis; tashkhis i jam', taqarur ya ta'alyuu-l

ta'dād; mahani lagām ki garaz ao kai mal ki qimat ya kisi kār o bar ke manāt'i ki teshklis.

Assessment of revenue or rent-"Paulikhere malgozātī yā lagān; jam' bandi; mishast i jum'

tiross assessment - Jam'-ı kham; kham; kurdındı, wolı jam'ı pamoù koyî raqam kharelı sagsira kı minka na İmji he.

2.—Zar i mushaktiklias; jis qadar rupaye tashkhis kar-ke qami ya wusil kiye jawen, jam' ya jam' bandi; mahsili; sharb.

A moderate or reasonable assessment-Name ya munisab jam.

An over-assessment -- Saugen jam' ya sangim-i-jam'; andāz se ziyāda jam' yā andāz se ziyāda jam' hegānā.

Revision of an assessment—Terminel jam', terminel tashkhis. Reduction in an assessment—Mujiayl; mu'all; ohlul; mulalyl

Reduction in an assessment - Munasi; mulai; chimi; munasi

ssessor, a Ascsar; woh shakhs jo kisi muqaddame med häkim ko madad aur salah dene ke byo mtikhāb karke baithālā jāc, woh shakhs jo mahsul lagane kī garaz se logod kī balsīyat yā chizon kī māliyat kī tashkhīs ke liye muqarrar bo

ssets, n. pt. 1.—(Law) Kisi mutawaffā ka māl-o-matā' (māl o-asbāļ- yā uskī jāc dād) jismen se uskā garz yā jo kuchh woh logon ko wasiyat kurjāc diyā jāwe; matawaffā kā tarka; māl-i mutrūka-i-mutawaffā. Real assets - Māl-i-gair manqula ya'nī woh arāzi jo mutawalla ke wāris ko is shart par wirasatan mile ki woh müris kā dain adā kai de.

Personal assets - Mal 1-manqula ya'ni woh asbab duyun ya rujunge jo kisi mutawaffā ke wasī yā muhlamna ko milen yā jiskā ekthā kai-ke nagdi banš lenā wası ya muhtamım par tarz ho.

2.—(Law) Aise shakhs kā māl-o-asbāb jiskā diwāla nikal-jāc yā jisko apne qarz ke ada karne ki istita'at na ho, diwaliye (madyun-i nā-dār) kā māl-o-asbāb jīsse uskā lahna (qarz) chuktya jāc,

"Property as compared with habilities." Burrill - Worneshy. 3.—Kısı tajır ya saudagaron ki jama'at ka har tarah ka sab mal o-

asbāb.

Assets from land - Mahāsil 1-arāzī, nikāsī; paidāwā:

Deficiency of assets - Jae dad ya mahasil ka kam h. (kafi na h.)

Assiduity, 2. Kisī kār-o bāi yā bhāiī kām men baiābar mashgūl rahna yā dil se mutawajjih h., rīyāzat-i-shāqqa; milinat.

Assiduous, a. 1.—Hamesha mashgul ya mutawajjih; jan-msar; mihmat men kamī na k. w

2.—Mutawajjih, muhtät; barähar häzn-bäsh

3.—Jo hamesha milinat yā tawajjuh se kiyā-jāo.

Assign v t 1.-Muqanar k.; kisi ke hisse ke tuur par muqairm k, hisson kī munāsib tagsīm ke rū se kisī ke bakhro men dālnā; mehān dekar batla d ; mu'aryan ya muntakhab k , taled khwali sarahat ke sāth qāim k. yā batlānā; thahrānā, nām-zad k , khimūsiyat ko sāth batlānā dekhlānā yā bayān k

The assessors should be made to sit in the order assigned to thom - Assuaron ko usī silsile se baithālnā chāhiye jo unke hyo muqarrar kiyā-gajā hat.

The heirs must take the shares assigned to them - Latur hat ke wurned with hisse len jo unke liye muqarrar kıye guye ham (taqaim ke rit se unke bakhre men pare hain)

To assign limits - Hudud quim k ya unki sarahat (tafsil) kar-d.

No reasons have been assigned for convicting the accused-its inniram par jurm sabu qalar dene ke koyî khas wejûh bayda nabih kiye geye (qala nahin huye ya dekhlaye khwah posh nahin kiye gaye)

2 -(Law) (a.) Düsre ke pās muntaqil k, düsre ko ded.; koy haqiyat düsre ko hawala kar-d , kısı jaedad wagana men apna hac düsre ke pas muntaqıl kard ya use de-d., janıogua jamog k. y jamog d.

To assign a property—Kisi jāc-dād meo apne haq ko dūsre ki tarul muntaqi k.; apnī haqīyat düsre ko de-d (uske qabze yā ikhtiyār men kar-d.).

(b.)—Kısı madyun-i-nadar kı jac-dad ko uske dainon ke fande ke liye mufawwaz ilaihim ke nam muntaqil karke unka dakhl-1-kamı uspar karā d. yā uspar fauran khwāh āyında mutasarrıf hone ki mustaqıl ıkhtıyar unko de-d.

Assign, n. (Law) Muntaqıl ılaıh; woh shakhs jıs ke nam ya jis ki tara

keyî jae-dad ya haq muntaqil ho.

"Now used only in the plural, but formerly used in the singular as synonymous with assigned. Burrill-Worcester.

Assignable, a. I. -Jo muqarras ho sake ; jo bataur hasse ke kasko mil sake 2. Jiskā intigāl tahute ke zori's se hosaka -masalan handavi

wagaira.

3. Jiso sarahut ke sath ya thik thik qaini hir saken, jiso namzud Assignee, a. l .- (Law) Muntaqii ilath . woli shakha jisho nam koyi jan d'id ya haq muntaqil bo; jo shakle dhene ki turni ne kon fili ke kurni ya kısı kam ke anjum dette klevalı kısı hay ya jar dail wagara par mutasarrif hono ke hye minjarrir ya ta'nat kiya jane; jamog dar.

2. -(pl.) Woh log jo kamishun ku zu so kisi diwaliyo ki jac dad ke thimam ko liyo neko damon ke latile ki garas so mugariar kiyo

jaon; diwaliyo ki jie dad ke mulitanim.

Assignment, n. (Law) I - (a) Tahrie ke zara's se kisî istihqaq ya haqiyat . kā intigāl; ek shakha ki Junih sa daste shakha ki taraf kisi jāc dād i manqula ya gar manqula khwah kisi qisin ki baqiyat ya istiliqaq ka ıntiqal , jamog

(b) - Woh nawishts juke ru se kisi haq ki intiqui 'amal men uwo

(woh munitagil bo ye munitagil kiya pie); wasaga i intigal.

(c)- Payviz ka liyo haltlat inon maqaddamat ka khas khas tari khoù men gam kiya pesa, maquidamat ki tajwiz ki tarikhon ka tugarrur.

(d)—Kist madyün enä-dar ki japılad ka uska damon ke Celdo ke Trye un shakhson ki taraf muntuqil har diya jam jo mundaqil dadima

ki haisiyat sa maqarını had.

Kudahai ka kun khas shakha ya masraf ko hyo muqarur khwäh 'alahida kar d. Assignor, n. (law) Intigal kumuda i haqiyat, woh shakhs jo kisi

haqiyat ko muntaqil kare, jamog k. w.

Mer Correlative of assistance, Assiste v. s. Madad d. ya k.; Pamet k.; kisi kām yā koshish men dilare

ko sahira ya pushti d.; muniat men dust giri k. sath d. khwih

sharik h.; kumak k. Assist, v. v Mudad d., i'dnat k., madad ger h.; ma'dwin ya ma'in h Assistance, n. Madud; l'anat; purbti; sahasi; taqviyat, komak; chana-kan.

To give, land, or rouder, assistance - Madad d. yh h., i'tud h. ya mu'an h.

Assistant, n. Madadgar; mu'in; madad d. w; naib; tayid.

Associate, v t. I. - Kmi ko im-taur doet sathi ya shjhi wagaira ke shatik k , apnā pairan hamrah sharik ya rafiq banāna.

2 — Ek lu majoro'o men mila d ; milānā; sbāmil k.

Associate, v. i Suhbat men sharik h.; suhbat r.; ikhtelit ya rabt r; rabt-zabt r.; mel r.; kivi se bahut mānūs h.

Associate, a. Kusî düare se nafa-o-nuqsan maqad kam ya mansab men bahut hi ta'alluq ya shirkat r. w.; kisi düsre ke sath kar-rawayi med shirkat r. w. ; 'uhde yā mansab men sharik ; kisī dūsre ke sāth 'amal

An associate judge -- Woh bükim jo däsre hökim ki shirkat men kar-rawayi kare (uske sāth kām kare yā kām mań elürik raho).

Associate, n. 1.—Sāthī, jo shakhs kisī dūsie kī suhbat men aksar rahā kare jisse irtibāt yā musāwāt zāhir ho, ham-suhbat; tafiq; sharīk.

2.—Sājbī; kisī kām (rozgār yā kār-o-bār) ke mif'a o-migsān men

sharik, kisi bandish ya 'ahd-o-paiman men shurik.

3 —Sharik-i-jurm, jo düsro ke ham-rih rah-kar kisi jurm kā murtakib ho (koyī jurm kare)

4 —Woh shai jo kisi düsrī shai se bahut bī ta'alluq rakhtī ho yī mā'mūlan usse nishat rakkhe.

Association, n 1.—Sharik k yā sharik h.; mol, ittifāq; shirkat yā shirākat, shakhson yā chīzon men bābam ta'alluq (ittifāq yā rabt).

2—Kisi khās maqsad ke hye logon kā ek jumī'at yā jalse mon sharīk h., āpas ke filde ke hye kisi kār-o-bār ke karne kī gamaz se logon kā bāham sharīk ho-kai ek jamā'at qām k; sājhā, shirākat.

3 -Rıyasaton ka baham ıkhtilat; kayı nyasaton ka ittifaq-i-bahami

Assume, v. t. 1.—Farz karlenā, bilā subūt mān lena yā taslīm k, thīk samajhnā; haqīqat tasawwur k., sach man lenā.

Assuming the guilt of the prisoner - Agai mudde à 'claib lei mujiinn fair karlen (farz kar-lo ki woh mujiim len)

2—Zāhir men lenā yā îkhtiyār k; kisī būt kā jhuih ikhtiyār k; iddi'ā-i-qabza k, us bāt ko raktine kā da'wa k, jo haqiqat men hasil na ho; aisī bāt ikhtiyār k jo wājib na ho; ia wajib tariq par ikhtiyār k, jisqadar ho usse ziyāda apnī tayīn samajhuā; nā jaz dā'we ke sāth ikhtiyār k.

To assume unwai rantable powers — Iqtidai-i-na juin ichtiyar k.; apin taylu mad ikhtiyarat ka qadir samajina jo dar-asi hasil ua hoù.

3 — Pakarnā, ikhtiyār k, banā lenā.

The case has assumed an unfavourable aspect—Us muqaddame no but shakl pakrī (uskī sūrat bigar gayī)

To assume a form - Kisī satat kā pakarna (ikhtiyar k. yā bana lena).

"It differs from receive, in not implying an offer to give."
Webster

4—Apne zimme kai-lenā; apnā khās banā lenā (kar-lenā); jamog-lenā; uthā lenā.

To assume the debts of another—Dusro kā qarz (uske duyun) upma summe kar leal (pamog-leab va utha-leal)

Assume, v. v. 1.—Jis qadar wājib ho usse ziyāda kā da'wā k.; jis qadar ho usse ziyāda apnī tayīn samajbnā

2 (Law) Kisī qarz kā apno zimme kar lenā; zimma utliānā yā

wa'da k.; jamog-lenā yā jamog kar-lenā.

A. assumed upon hunself, and promised to pay—Zaid no qurz ko apno simme xar-liyā (jamog liyā) aur uske deno kā wa'da kiyā.

ASSUMPSIT, n. [Lat] (Law) Kisī mu'āwaze kī bunyād par wu'da yā zimma, wa'da-ī-bi-l'iwaz 'am isse kì zabānī ho yā tabrīrī; kisī kī nuhat koyī fi'l karne yā use kuchh dene kā wa'da-i-zabāni jo bi-r-ragbat kiyā jāe.

An express assumpset - Wa'da-I-sarihi ya'ni alsā wa'da-1 bid-'iwaz jo zabāui ho

An amplical assumpsit - Wa'da-ezimne ya'nı mu'awaza deno ka wa'da 10 qana nan na habat mon qivas kar liya jao jab ok shukha ko fil se duste ko kovi mal'a pahunche ya kuchk hdad ho.

Assumpait, or an astron of assumpait-Web nallsby to kin world khwab zimni zabûn, yê tahrîn wa'do ke wafa na kiya jana, ki wajh si khisara difa nane ke live la nava.

issumption, n. 1.-Kluid ikhtiyar kar-long; apne zimme kar-long; apna

bana lena. 2 -- Kisī bāt ka faiz kar louā , kisi bat ka bo uske sabit buyo giyās kar-lena va man lena; quias, web bat jo farz ya quias kar-li-jawe: to bắt bilā subūt mān h jawo

An unwarrantable assumption - Tasawwur-i-na jauz, qiyas i na rawa.

Assurance, n 1 - Yaqin dilina; nisi bat kahna jisse düsre ke dil men dibar pada ho-sako; asa gaul-o garar jispar pura para bharosa hosako; assa gani jiske ru se koyî mar sahîh ya mutahaqqaq ma'lum ho: kisi ami pai bawai kurne ke hali wujuli.

2.-Yaqin ya yaqin i kamil, Plapad i kamil; pura bharosa ya

Philips shubbe so berr b. (buried), the radique

3 .- Dil ki mazbati; istiglat i kamit; be khaufi; be-baki; miat; apno upar takya ya bharosa. 4. Shokhi; bo hayayi; guatakhi; he hijah, boshami, had so

zivada bo-lihazi ya shokh chushini.

5.—Bimā; woh milabada jiske rii sa kisi waqila i khās (masalan

migsin ya maut) ko wuqa' par ek engun tina'niyen di jawa Ker "Recently used in relation to life contingencies, and insurance,

in relation to other contingencies," Historica,

6 -(Intro) Intopil-t jie dad kā subit t tahrer ya aur koyi subit t tar: dast aver i intigal; intigal mana ya washa i mtigal.

Assure, v. t. 1 - Yaqın dilana, mutahaqqaq k.; wa'da bayta ya dasre subut se kisi hat kā i'tupid (i'tliar ya bharesa) kara d.

2.-Muzbit k., mustahkum k.; pukhta (pukka) ya mahfuz k. Astray, ad. Cumrah, bhdla; bhatka; bahka han; sidhi rah par nahin, be-rah

"Hoth in a literal and a figurative sense" Webster.

The going astray of cuttle-Mawadit ka upne malik ya apm jagak ke althor kar düni jagah chala jand (unku bah ik kir kuhin chala janu)

Asunder, ad Alag; judă; juda judă; 'alāhīda; kayī hisson men.

Asylum, a. Woh makan jahah musibat zada logon ki khabar-giri ho.

A lunatic asylum - Pagal khana.

A blind asylum – Andha khana.

An asylum for orphane - Yatım-khans.

An asylum for the deaf and dumb - Woh maken jismen gange bahre khairat kî nazar se rakkhe jāeń.

At, prep. I — Is lafz se 'umūman nazdīk yā maujūd r. zāhir hotā hai.

At the house - Is jumle ke ma'nt denoù he-sakte half ya'nt ghar men yt uske nazdik.

2. - Kisî ki janih (uskî inraf) ya uskî muqabale med.

To aim an arrow ot a mark - Kisl sharkî taraf tir kil uishdina lagana,

3 —Zail kî (niche likhî huyî) 'ibaraton se is lafz ka isti'mâl kisi qadar bakhūbī ma'lūm hogā .-hone par

At the sight-Kisī shai ko dekhne pu; uske samne ane (nazar ane) ya maujud At this news-Is khabar ke and 7% pahunchno par

At peace or at war-Sulb ya jang ki halat mon, jis waqi sulb ya kirdyi thi At ease, at play, at a loss, &c , convey the like alea.

At arms - Mussallah , hathıyaı band; alah ya hathıyaı hagaya huye, At hand - Jahan tak dast-res ho (bath pahunch soke); nazdik , qarib,

At one's cost or expense - Kisī ke kharch yā sarf se.

At his command - Uske hukm ke sadir hone par ; uske hukm ke ba'is ya sibab se yā uske mutābiq i jab usne ushād kiyā. Usko hukm men ; usko tābi yā uske ikhtiyai men He is good at engraving-Woh qulum kārī yā kanda karne ko fan mon hoshyār

hai (us kām ko achchhī tarah yā 'umdagi se kar saktā, hai). At our hands - Hamlogon se ya hamari jamb so, ham logon ki taraf se munjämb hamäre

At all-See under All

Webster

At first - Pahle, www of a awwalan; sab se muqaldam.

At last-Aklur men , ükhıraşlı, ba martaba ı ökhur

At once - Yak-ja, yak musht jor hetor kar ok ettlin, and ok he math, ok h waqt men, fauran, turunt, phatpat, bila tuwaqquf, be dunnya

To be at a person-Kiel shakha par hamli k thit point yanish k, ya bumli [ց մ հի Jwar b.

Atrocious, a. Nihāyat shadid, mhāyat bura, barā-saugin; nihayat An at octous crime, guilt, or offence - Nahayat shudid ya salah jurm ; jurm ; kabîra ya sangin

Atrocity, n. Bari hi badī yā burāyi, bari sangīni, bari berahmi.

Attach, v. t 1.—Lagānā; jornā, munsalik k., natthī k ; bāndhnā; was k.; chaspān k.; milā d; shāmil kar d., ek men milā d. 2.—(Law) Quiq k., hukm-nama i-quiqi ko zari'o se apne ikhtiyan men kar-lenā khwāh giriftār k (pakarnā.).

"Applied both to persons and property." Rurrill - Worcester

"Applied to a taking of the person by a civil process, being rarely or never used for the arrest of a criminal. It is applied also to the taking of goods and real estate by an officer, by virtue of a writ to hold the same to satisfy a judgment to be rendered in the suit

Muta'allıq k ; kısī se ta'alluq d. , jornā.

"In a figurative sense." Webster.

To attach importance or weight to a circumstance-Kisi bat ko bari (aham ye bā waq'at) samajhnā.

To attack credit to an evidence—Kisi shahadat ke mu'tabar samajhna.

\$4.—Dil-bandî k.; dil-rubayî k., kısî kā dil apne qahu men kar-lend ''' ---'' r. 1-bbat wagaira men phansa d ; kisi qiam kā asa i, j ... i. l . k. i usī sefusko pā-band kar d.

Attachable, a. (Law) Qurqi ke qabd, je quiq he sake; jiski qurqi 'amal men ä-sake (he-sake); jiske hukm nama i 'adalat ke zari'e se qurq karsaken; mustanjih i qurqi.

Attached, p. a. (Lam) 1. Qurq kiya hur, maqraqu; jiski qurqi 'amal men ayi ho, jo qurq hur ho; qurq shada

An uttached property and dad i magnage, his fandad he garen kore ho.

An attacked estate - Mahilla uniquique, jo until diquiq ho. The property required or norable to be attacked - The distribution, with placedid good quiquential in the history.

An officer appointed to collect the revenues of an attached estate - Sazawil

2.—Muhabhat se khinchā aur bandle hūa; ulfat ke plande men khūb phensā huā, dūse so ta'alluqi hatir vā tas r. w. yā uska "muhtalā, kisī so muha'alluq (ta'alluq r v.).

Attaching, ppr. (Law) Qurq kaone ya karane wala; qanq.

An attacking creditor. Woh dain jirke darkhwa a par qurqi ho, dan i qariq. An attacking officer. Woh ahl kur jo qurqi hare; ahl kur i qariq. An attacking cours. 'Ad data qurq kunnda, woh 'adalat jisko huku so

quent has 'adal it came comme,

Attachment, n. 1 (Law) (a) Quiqi, gleifteri, bukui mina i mahkuma i qantu ko zeri'e sa giritlati ya quiqi

(b) - Qura ya guiffan ka huku ukus

A temporary attackment - Quiqu'i arms ye chand roza, queq tabed,

An attachment before judgment—Quigliqdiaz bessle, queqi go l'absolut attent le saint hone le puble he.

An attachment in execution of noise of "Quique brodge injeke digres" for queque kist digreske pair home ke halet (iper) men ho.

A gonord attachment "Queres "& it; more query hanch koys chire query hone se bater na rah jac; sab chiron ki query; po kuchh ho na sah ki query

Lamble to attackment strains or Attachable, ye o.

Under attackment-Zer r quiqi; quiq shuda, unqruqa, jo quiq ho.

The property under attachment - disorbid inserting in gard shorts, to make any her its and is given here to, in district sort gards.

Witheravel of actachment - Bukhādaspiquiqi; quiqi kā uthā lonā; wā guzāsht i-quiqi.

Priority of attachment—Taquddum i qurqi, ek qurqi kā, dusrī qurqi ke mu qubals men palde k

To make in attachment. See moning No 2 under Attach.

To release from attachment, or to withdraw or remove an attachment.—Quiqi so other d.; quiqi so wit gozdelit k; quiqi uthi lenk; quiqi barkhasi k

To take out an attackment—Darkhwäst dekur gurgī kā hukm nāma jārī karānā, gurgī jārī karānā yā nikalīvanā.

** "The term is applied to a seizure or taking both of persons and property" Blackstone-Webster.

2.—Barī lagāwat və muhablat; wafā dārī; pās; lihāz; khryāl; mazbūt aur der-pā ulfat, josh-i-muhabbat kī pā-baudī; baud-i-ulfat; woh bāt jisse lagāwat yā ulfat ho.

3 - Woh shur jaske bā'is ek chīz düser chīz se lagī (jub) rahe.

Attack, v. 1.—Hamla k, kisi pai tūt parma; kisi par zor so a parmā; hamla-āwar h, charhīyī k; ūgāz i-jung k., larayi men pahlo qadam r., larayī shurā' k.

2 —Kısı se mukhülif-anı tahrir ya taqırı k ; kun se mza'ilala k , hajo buhtan ya nukla-chini se kisi kı tardıd ya be tangını ki

koshish k.

Attack, n. Hamla, yūrish; pahlī wār; āgāz-i jang; marto piļto kisī par ā-parnā, nukta chīnī yā buhtān wagara ke zarī'o se yurish.

"Attack, assault, and aggression all denote the first act of injury of hostility, and are opposed to defence, and they may be made by an individual or by an army upon an unoffending party." Hartester.

Attain, v a 1.—Harakat jismäni tahrik ya koshish so kisi maqam ya shar

tak ānā yā pahnnehnā; pahnuchnā

2.-Zihni koshish so ana ya puhunchna

Followed by to

Attain, v t. 1—Anjīm ko pahunchānā; pācī k , hāsil k , takunla k. 2—'Umdagī yā darjo men kisī tak pahunchua, berabasi k bunsarī k

Attainable, a. Jis tak zilmī yā pismānī koshishon se palimneh seken. (jise is gism kī koshish se hāsil kur saken), koshish se hasil yā mjani hone ke qābil.

Attainment, n 1 — Koshish ke sari'e so hasail; kisi maq ad ka lat-il h (anjam ke pahuuchna ya pura h.).

2 -Jo kuchh koshish (sa'i ya jidd o jalid) se haal ho - mastlin allini

khūbī wagana, tabsil

A man of great atterments - Wolf daskler judy tale if bore ho, with clinkles prine with kindle wagaira balant kuchh hasil ku ho.

Attempt, v f l — Kisi bit kā mitihān yā nahi āvmāish k; iqdam k, koshish k; saī k, jadd o jahd k., kisī maq ad ke husāl yā usko anjām ki koshish k

the accused attempted an escape from the look-up - Mulzaun to hawalite so nukal-jāno ki koshi-li ki

 $2 \longrightarrow Hamla \ k.$, kısı ki nısbat koshısh k. yı uspar hamla-awar h ; kısı shaı par yarısh k

The complainant's life was attempted by the accused—Mulzem no mustagen ke jin lene ki koshish ki (yā'ni mulzem no mustages par is garaz so hamla kiyā ki uski jān le le).

Attemat, n. Koshish, sa'i; iqdam, yunish; hamla; kisi maqand kohusul ki mishat koshish (daur dhup).

An attempt to commit an offence-Kiel jurin ke irtikub ka iqdim (unki koshish)

An attempt at murder or suicide - Iqdumi qutl-i-amd yo klind kushi.

Attemptable, a. Koshish azmāish ya hamle ke qabil; jispar iqdam ya hamla ho-sake.

- Attend, v. t. I.- Kra shaklis ke saih badan hamraht madad gar ya mulasin ke jana ya rahua. Kri ke pasya uski khidinat men hazir rahua, kisi krimaliyat men rahua; kahuipar kan ta'alhiq ya lasu se basir rahua
- The prisoner, on bull har to attend the couri daily. It mudde's abili ke promining partial hai adulationer har tay herical may prite hai.
 - 2. Kun ahm ko sath i dina , sath sath inhad i unla rahua; sha mil rahua; ba taur natije ko h.

The exectable of the police have been attended with meconic. Alikarana pulse in keelighen kuna yan hayra (anki koshishoù ka yah a arja haa ke wakan yah hayra)

A buighary, attended with theft, a meaning that a fortnight agass to brite huge ki marks and a ' arops ke word' menny chiagh rain ke eath hi show.

leasi)

Attend, v. i. 1. Ki-i båt ke sunne dekhue jä samujane ki ke-dush men dil lugana ja mut-v qib h. tavajjuh k.; libaz k., mukintib h. ja sunna; ki-i shen men ma-i uff ya meshgul h., ki-si sher par libaz nin "anul k.; kisi sheri per libaz kar ke ma ke mut ding k. mski ta'ani k.)

囊質 Usually followed by Ar

2 - Kisi fair ke augum ke tiyo ki a ke sein (asko pas ya mestik) rajna; hiso radna; hii airi uch radna; is qular nazdik manjud rahus ki buline par sun puec

確認! With air or ソクレフ

Attindance, a 1 -- Haziri; manjudoj; lazir budii, kin gism ke kām su bizir inbia.

Portonal attendance of the content of the key he bearing hereal highest (ap h) have he ye relined kind or uniquely disco

To enforce the attendance of a purity . Kiel faring keeps brief hash harman (hitch-hone ke hye yn i, triit par unko ungbier k.).

To be or remain, to agreement attack he ye reline, manged heye reline, hearthean reline ye brain to the reline.

2. Woh shakh, ya nabkhus pokus ke pus hazir rahen (ush) khul mal guzan ya mu'iyah men rahen).

3. Tawajinh; libaz; dil dila ; dil la Lawajinh se Lagara.

Attendant, o 1. Jo have rate; to have ribab rate; to ma 7yat men rate; to have rate; to have ribab near w.

2 - To but dur navya ka kim abai ka milh ya ussa mutu'alliq ha.

melyje ki toruh kia ahar ko rath-hrauth r. w ; 'ärre

 (Law) Kisi då er kā dast-niga ; juppar kusi däsye ki khudmat yā koyi aur farz wijdi ho.

Attendant, v. 1 - Jo kiel haislyst ve düsre ko hanrili raho—masalan dost säthi nankar ya kar pardis wagaira ki tarah.

2. - Jo shados hazir ya manjud raho.

3 ---Jo kisī shar ko sāth sāth rahe ya ba trur usko nriijo ko ho.

1.—(Law) - Vide meaning No. 3 miles Attendant, a.

Attention, a. 1. - Tawajjuh; lihāz; illifat; klusus yat ke sāth khayal; kisī shai kī taraf dilī tawajjuh (dil kā lagā rahna); dil se lihāz ķhayāl yā pās; farmān bardārī yā muhabbat kī nazar se tawajjuh.

To call, or draw, one's attention to a thing. Kisi shark! think kisi ko mutawajih ya mukhatah karana.

2 — Tavāzu'; akhlāq; mudārāt; khush qulqi; husu i-akhlāq.

Attentive, a. Mutawajjih; nigaran; ihtiyat se lihaz r w., gosh i-shinawa ya dida-i-bina r w., kan se har bat ka sunne-wala ya ankh se har shai ka dekhne-wala; har bat par dhyan rakhno ane ankh-o kan lagaye rahne w.

Attentively, ad. Tawajjah ko sath; khūb mutawajjih ho-kar; šākh o-

kān khol-kar, ilitiyāt se; khabar-dārī so.

Attest, v. t. 1.—Gawāhī d. yā k., shahādat d. yā shāhid h., tasdīq k.; sahih yā aslī qarār d.; kisī amr kī tāyīd zabānī yā tahrīr ke zarī'e se (likh kar) k, apnī haisīyat-i-mansabī se tasdīq k.; kisī nawishte ko apne dastkhat yā al'abd se tasdīq k.

The bond is attested by two porsons-Us tamassuk par do shakhson ki

gawāhi har.

Copies of judicial records should be properly attested—Lazim has hi kagazat i.

'adalat he naglon hi tastiq munisib tony par hi jawa

To attest a copy of record—Kisi käyte (namishta) ki maql par tamiliq ke waqt yah ibinat likh-kir ki yah angli mutibiq asi ke has ya maqli mutibiq asi khwah annaglo ka-l-asi ya annaglo mutibiqu-n-bi l-asi apun dasihhat sabt kar-d

2 — Kisī bāt kā subūt d yā uso sābit k.; zālur k.; kist amr par dalālat k, kisī bāt kī sachāyī ko kalām so mahīn bulhi aur tarah

par sābit k.

3.—Gawāh banānā (qarār d. yā māmnā), ahāhud k.; kist kī turnf khitāb karke yā uskā nām lekar yah kulmā ki woh to is yā us bāt

(fulān amr) ko jāntā hai.

Artestation, m. 1.—Shahādat; gawāhī; tasdīq; 'ihārat i tasdīq; kusi wāqi'a kī tāyīd men kisī afsar kī mansabī tasdaq; kusi dast-awas wagara par gawāh-shud likh-kai apnā nām likhnā; gawāhī likhnā yā k.; kusi amr-i-wāqi' kī tāyīd men zabānī yā tahuītī iqrār-i halfi-yā mansabi.

2.—(Law) Kisi dast-awoz par uskī tahrīr wa takmīl khuah

muqir ke dastkhat ki mebat gawahon ki gawahi.

"The subscription of a name to a writing us a witness in an attestation" Webster.

A public attestation - Mahzar.

Attested, pp. or a Musaddaqa; halfi ya mansabi tasdiq ko zari'e se sabit kıya gaya, jıspar gawahi huyi ho, jiski tayid men shahadat ho.

Attesting, ppr. Kısı ki nısbat gawahî k. w.; kısı amr ki tâyid men bayan k w.

Attester, n. Tasdiq-kuninda, gawah; shahid.

Attorney, n. (Law) Mukhtūr, woh shakbs jo dūsie kī taraf se uske kisī kām ke anjām ke liye jāiz tarīq par (qānūn ke mutāhiq) mugarrar kiyā jāe

id general attorney - Mukhtär-i-am; woh shakhs jo kisi ki janib sa uske kul

ya'nî har qısın ke kamon ke anjam ke liye mukhtar muqarrar ho.

A special alterney-Muchiars hase; jo shakha kun ke taraf se nake kast khis kum ke anjam ke waste toukhine muperiar he

A private afterney, or an atterney in fact - Web rhighly jo king direct up to if so mukhtar-name ke emi't so nice kamon ke hano ko hye muqe, sa kiya jaa ynko 'mifflot so ta'nllest in ho,

"In a more extended sense, this class meludes any agent employed in any husiness, or to do any act to plus (out of court) for another." Weester.

A public alturney, or an attenney at lan-'Adalah ka mingaria kiya lina shakhs jo nagwakkilon ki taraf a nalishat ke rajaf karac ya unmen jawab dilu ka qanunan muji... ho.

A duly constituted alterney - Muchtar i mujas; jei muchtar ka tagarrui bataiz i-jais 'annal men ara ko.

A power, letter, or warrant, of attorny-Mulhtur name; woh navishte jo ok shakhs ki janib se disee ke haq men tahin pakai nake zari'e se karo-bar ke anjam bi ikhtiyat diya jan,

A general power of attorney - Muchtar utino i 'am

A spooral power of attenacy. Muchina again a khica

Attorney-general, n. (Lam Woh ser kan ahliktr jo un kui muqaddamat men kili rawayi ki ongas bo jimaen dai kar eli fariq bo, nob ahl kar jo han dat ke munaddumat men sarkarki taraf se panaas ke liye magariar lio.

Attributable, a Niebat dige jane ke qubit; jise mansub kar sakon,

piso kisi sa muta'ulliq kur acken.

Attribute, v. / Nodest d., manach k.; muta'alliq samajhua; lagana. Attribute, a do knohli mansab kiza plo; jine kiel diere se muta'alliq samplen, keyi khas ya zarun silat khash khasiyat.

Auction, a. I. Nilam; chizon ka har a an un khardaron ke hath

farokht kiya jana jo sah se nyada qunat den.

Salos at nurtion - hilippy miant ha zater an lubit (faroblet).

Goods sold by auction. Aslesis in allent montrations he were no becha juni)

The "latter form is more correct." Walder.

An auction proclimar- Kharidae i miam, with shokle jo kopi chai nilam man khārīd kare; wok miishtari jo auroš ke unigābale men aljāda gimat doksi nilan ke wagt kuchh kheert kere.

2.--do chizen nilam ki jawen; ushya i-nilami

Auotioneer, n Nilam k w.; wob shakha jo mal p-asbab va arazi nilam ko zari'o se us shukhs ke hath farokht kare jo sabse ziyada qimat do.

Auction-room, a. Nilam ghar; rulam khana

Audacious, a. l .-- Nihayat dilor; bari jurat r. w.; gustakh; be-baya; qanun mazhab ya tahzib ki pa-bandi na k. w.

"Used for bold in wickedness; applied to persons." Webster.

2.—Jo bari shokhi kā natija ho; jo qanan ki tahqir se kiya jac.

An audacious crane - Woh jurm jiske irtikab se quata, ki tahqir sanit ho: jurm jo qanin ko na-obiz samejh kar kiya jac.

Audacity, n. 1.-Barí jurat; dilerî ke sath dil ki masbūti ya spue ūpar bbarosā.

2.—Shokhī; gustākhī, be-hayāyī, jisse qānun yā nasāih ki tahqīt zāhir ho [masnit]

Audible, a. Sune jāno ke lāiq; ispadar baland āwāz so ki sun paņo; Audibly, ad. Is tarah ki sun paņo (sunāyī do), baland āwāz se; is nahi par ki masmū' ho.

Audience, a. 1 - Sunnā ; samā'at ; āwāz kī taraf tawajjuh r

2,—Shanwayî ke liye nar-yabî, kisî ko nakî bat sumie ke liye apne pas ane kî ijîzat d., guft gû ya kar rawayî ki garez se chât-chashmî (mulaqat)-- khusûsan kisî badahah ya afsu i-riyasu se

3 —Sāmi'in kā majma', woh sab log jo kisi bāt ko sunno ko liyo

jam' hon (yak-jā hon)

Audıt, n. 1.—Hısāb kī jānch; ashkhās i-muta'allıqlı ke rū ba-il ahl-kātān-i-mujāz yā un shakhson kā hısāb kā dekhnā-bhālnā jo us kāta ke liye mugarrar kiye gaye hon aur jo khmeh kī rasidon ko milā kar aur gawāhon se daryāft kat-ke bāqī urkālen

2—Hisāb kī jānch o-paitāl kā natīja; woh hisāb jise tutihusibin imujāz ne niptāyā (tai kiyā) ho; hisab i ākhir; hisab kī akhir jānch Audīt, v t. Hisāb jānchiā nui sāf k; hisāb dekh bbāl kai bintanā.

The court has ordered the accounts of the parties to be qualified. Adulat no hukin diga has ke farigam be highly hacke and saf keye jack.

Auditor, n. Hisāb kā jāuchne w.; woh shakhs jis ko hisab kī jauch o partāl kā ikhtiyār diyā jāc, woh shakhs jiskā taqartur is ikhtiyar ke sāth ho ki woh kisī hisāb ko jāucho khareh ki raqmon ko iisadon so milāwe farīqam aur unko gawāhon ke bayānat suno khareh ki raqmin ko manzūr yā nā manzūr kare aur bāqī gāim kar do; annin.

AU F.11T, (ö-fā) [Fr] Jo kisī bāt ko bu-klinhī karaula, kisī bāt kā ustād, jiso kisī amī ke anjām kī liyāgat i kāmila bo; mahir; fājų, pakkā, huuai-mand.

He is entirely an fait of that matter—Web us but med hard he pakku tai (us Auspice.) a Humāyat, sāya; milubūni; dast-girī; fazl; karam; fazl Auspices, } o-karam; 'unlyat; zill-i-'ātifat yā 'māyat.

"In this sense, the word is generally phosal" William.

Under one's aurques - Kisī ke saye men; kisī ki dust-grī ya nake fanl se, kisī kī ba daulat yā nake rabūl se

Under your auspices, success is cortain - Ap he iqual (ap he 'mayat dust giri ya ap he fazl-o haram) se ham-yabi yaqini hogi.

Auspicious, a 1 — Jis men kām-yābī (kār-barārī yā kām-nikalne) kī alā maten pāyi jāen; jiskī zābnī sārat achchhī ho; achchhī, 'uinda.

An ausproous beginning—Achehhā āgāz; sisi abtulā jis meā shaon' he so kātu yābī kī sūrat namūd bo.

2 — Iqbāl-mand, bā-1qbāl, khush-nasīb; sāhib-i-iqbāl; honhār.

Applied to persons

3.—Mubārak; sa'īd; achchhā, hasb-i-hāl, muwāfiq, kise bāt ko liye munāsib (mauzūn).

Authentic, a. 1.—Aslī, kāzib yā masnū'i nahīn; jhūthā yā banāyā huā nahīn; asl men bhī wohī jo zāhir men ho.

Applied to things

2. - Hanadi; mustamid; jiski sanad log manen, sachehā; i'tibār ke laig, stidlid ke gabil; mu'hanad.

Applied to persons.

3 - (Law) Jo har tarah par zähite se mukammal aur ganduan musuding ho; jicki nisbat waqi'i sabite ki sab kar rawayi ho kar ganus ke mutahiq uski tradiq bin huyi ho.

An authentia document - Dashywez i sele; distages i goir umant'i; aica waqay to be zalota muritish heker quoin ke mutabuj teidig libi klyn gajë bo

Authenticate, e f. Tasdiq k ; kisi shur ko us subut tasdiq ya takinil i zābita ko zarije se mustanad kard, je gamman darkār yā us shu ko Ptibar ke ling karae ke liyu kafi ho, takunia i ganuni karke sanadi banana; ganun ke musikhiq tusdiq kar ke sanad (i'tibar ya mane

💌 jāne) ko qābil kar d.

An authenticated doed - Dext hwey i-moraidsqu; dast awas jishi tasdiq qanun ke mutabiq laryi be

Anthonication, a. Tasdig k.: tasdig i qanimi ya munasib, karan me'-

muli baton ke nggun so krai ahur ke sunad ke qabil (mastaund) kur d Authenticity, n. Ashyat; suchapit, jiki a diyat mar sahhat masallam ho; jiskā sachchā kur sahih homa sahit ho chuka ho.

Author, a 1 .- With just him ship ki abide he; kist shui ka brance wala, kin nini ka tum mulum, paida b. a.; majai, kin shai ka ուսեսների է հազմըն

2. - Kisî kitab ka tarnîl b. w. ya likhae wala ; musanat.

som to distinction from a translation of compiler

Anthoritative, a. leftdar i just w.; wandi; mustanul; jo istarah par gam ya zahir kiya gaya lu ki log uspar I'tibar karen ya usa qabal karon: tahakkumana, yaqua; jirse ba zihir hukumat phyt par; pisa ighär i littletinnt ho. Authoritatively, ad. Tahukkumäna; hukumat ki räh se; hukumat ki

numäish ko sath, hukumat dekhiä ko; ikhtiyari juz se; ba-tara i mustanad.

Authority, n. 1. - Clanim va asti ikhtayar hukumat yu 'amal ka astah gag; ikhtiyar, hukumut, iqtidar.

2 .- Woh akhtiyar jo rae 'rzat ya qadr se hasil ho; ru'b; dab, dubaw; mangali ja turko tariq ka unur (uski wagint); woli shai jiska

da'wă răcon aur injuizon khwali indluron ku wujüh ya tâyld men kiy'i 140; I'talur, sanad. 3 .- Shahadat, gawahi; gawah; shahid, woh shakhs ya nawishta

nase kin bat ki tanda ho.

4.--Shahadat ki waq'at; huzurgi ya bayayı; mu'tabari; sanad. 5.—Ijäzat yä ijäzat ninua, ukhtiyar yä wasiqa-rikhtiyar, hukm jä

hukm-nāma.

6. - Nazāir (nazīreā); sab se ālā darje kī 'adālat ke fusale pukī på-bandt uski matant 'addlaton par wajib ho, nisi reo khvah aisa qaul ya bayan jisko ba-taur nazir ke man saken (nspar 'amal ya uski pal rawi kar-sakon); woh kitah jismon amirac wagaira dari ho ya uske mussannil kā nām.

7.—Gavarmınt; hukkām; 'āmilin-i-riyāsat; woh log jo hukūmat (hukm-rānī) karen; hākim.

Anthorize, v t 1.--Ikhtiyār d., mukhtār yā mujāz k.; 'annil yā kār karne kā istibgāg d., qādu k.; iqtidār 'atā k.

2.—Jāiz vā rawā r., jāiz k., qānān ke rū so midāh (rawā yā wājih) qarār d.; kieš sanad masalan rawāj yā 'awām ki rāo par qann k., mustanad k.

3.-Kısı shar par i'tıbar k, (uski täyid k. uso sanad d. khwah mustanad samajhua).

Autograph, n Kisī shakhs kī khās tahrīr; kisī ko khās hāth kā likhā huā, koyī aslī nawishta yā dast khat.

"In opposition to an apograph, or copy" Wornester.

Autograph, a. Kısı ke khās hāth kā likhā huā

The bond bears an autograph signature of the debter—Us tamessuk par mad you ke khās hāth kā likhā huā dast khat har.

An autograph letter - Woh khat jise katib ve khud (apan hath so) likha ho.

AUTRE DROIT, [o'ter drwa Fr.] (Law) Duste ka haq

A person may sue or be sued autre droit (in another's right), as executor, &c Webster

AUTREFOIS, [o'ter fwa Fr] (Law) Sabiq men; disie waqt.

AUTPEFOIS ACQUIT, [Fr.] (Law) 'Uzr i-barānt-i-sābiqā, kisī jūrm ķe ilzānī se aglī (sābīq kī) barānt kā 'uzr.

AUTREFOIS CONVICT [Fi.] (Law) 'Uw i-mākhūzi i sābiqu; kisi jurm men pahlo mulzam sābit qarār pāno kā 'uzi.

Avail, v t 1 — Faida uthānā; mustafīd h; mai'a uthāna.

"Used reflexively with of before the thing used." Il'ebster:

You should have antiled yourself of this provision of the law - Munusib that ki is hukm-i ganda so tum laids uthate

2.—Nāfi'h; kisî maqsad ke anjām hāsal yā pārā karne men madad d; mu'in h, sūd-mand h.

Your silence will not avail you in this matter—Is mu'amale men apin sukut se tumko madad na milegi (tumhala sukut yu'ni tumbaru oluip ya khunosh rahna tum ko nah' na hoga)

To avail one shelf of - Kisi shar se ust's uthlimi; kisi umr se laids uthlink ye mustafid h

Avail, v : Kām-kā h.; naf'a-bakhah h., kār-āmad h ; nagadar quwu it waq'at yā tāsīr 1. ki maqsad baiāwe, faida-bakhah yā tāide ka (mufid) h.

Will the plea of misjoinder avail?—Kyā 'uzr-i-shumāl i-bejā kar-amad (mulid 'yā naf a bakhsh) hogā ?

This line of action will not avail—Is tarz ki kūr-rawāyi se kām na niklegā (kām na chalegā yā woh kār-āmad na hogā)

Avail, n. 1.—Fāida, nafa; hāsil; sūd; jisse kām-yābī men madad mile.

The plea of abbi set up by the scensed, is of no avail—Jo 'uzr-l'adam-man-jūdgi multam ne pech kiyl hai usee kuchh fāida nahtā hai.

2.--pl. Manall' ya amadani; mihnat ashya ko farokhi ya nilam khwah kisi aisi shai ki amadani jismen rupaye lagaye jien.

Available, a. 1 .- Juse faida uthaberken: pro nafa ke sath kan men lasaken; faida bakhsh; nafa bakhsh; mufid; bā tāsic.

There are no funds available at propent. Bil fill in gadar sor-mays nahih har jisso naf a utlik sakon (jiso kam men la rakon)

2. Quwi ; jismen kurdmrari ko hyo kali taqut waq'at ya tasir ho; mazbūt; bā-wagat; bā tāsu, jiska asar ho-sako, jāis

This plon is available - Yah 'usa quwi (ker famul) has

Availableness, a. 1. - Amri-magsul men madad done ki quwwat ta tasir, fada-bakhshi; süd mandi.

2.—Jawaz i-ganuni; jawaz; mozbūti; wagʻat.

Avenge, v. t. Badla lena; kisî burîyî karne-walo ki munasib saza kar ke usse 'iwaz lenā, 'iwaz lenā; bair lenā; intiqām lenā; badī kī sazā d; jo shakhs zu ar pahunchāwo uskī sazā-dihī so 'iwaz-mu'āwaza k. He is anxious to arraye his wrongs - Jo banaiyan take sath ke gay! ham

(je prepanti usko pshoneshye gaye ham) unko 'iwaz (badis) tene ka woli

kliwähan bel.

Aver, v. t. 1.—Yaqin ko sath kulma; pukhtagi so zahir k; sach banar kar-ke bayan k; mazhutt se kahud.

2 -- (Law) Tundig k, tuadig pur fitalida h. Son Averment.

Average, n. Woli nintawassit raqam ya miqdar jo gair musawi raqmon yā mindaron sa mhālt jāc; auast, parta

Upon or on an arrange - Ha hand i ment, munt be l'tible so (16 ne); parte les mulikhiq, kurdar garr musikar adadoù ya rajmoù ki ausak uikalkur. To strike an arraye - Amet medies; parta lagion bachales ya bichtana.

Average, a Mutawassit; susat dange ka.

An average rate-Shark : mutawast; ansat shark; wat shark jo ament ke Bhaz sa ho, dar jo parte se thabro

Average, v. z. 1.--Ausat nikālna: partā lagān (phailānā ya bichhanā) 2. Kayi shakhson par unko hisso ko mutabiq tugam k. (bantua yā phadánā); ek andāza ran'niyan par kayî shakhson par munqusim k

To average a loss-Koyi andaz glum karko luni ungaan ka kayi shakhaon par phailana (biobhana ya bantod khwali unto siamo k.).

Average, v. c. Ausat ko hoan (ra ya lihaz khwah i'tibar) se h.; parte ke mutähug h. ya parta parua.
The lesses of the owners will awage 25 rupees each—Parte ke histless

mälikon ko fi kie pachie rupaya ka khiesra pategs

Averment, n. 1 - Pukhta bayan; bayan jo yaqin ke sath keya jao; bayan jo mazbūtī se kiyā jac; izhār; iqrār; bayan jā zāhir k.

2 - Tasdiq; shahadat sa subūt

8.—(Law) Mudda'ā 'alaih kā yah kahui ki ham apne 'uzr ke wujūb ke suhut par amada ham; muqaddame men min jumla fariqain ke kısı farıq ka yalı kalına kı ham apne bayan ke sabit karne par musta'ıd hain, waqı'at ka yaqını taur par ya pukhtagi ko sath bayan; 'umüman subüt,

"In any stage of pleadings, whon either party advances new matter, he avers it to be true by using this form of words 'and this he is ready to verify. This was formerly miled an averment in modern pleading, it is termed verification." Blackstone-Webster.

Averse, a. Mukhālif; kisī bāt kā 'ādatan nā-pasand k. w , kisī bāt par 'ādatan rāzī nahīn.

Followed by to.

Aversion, n. 1.—Dil kā rāgib na h.; dil kā phirā rahnā; nafrat, kist shai kī taraf se tabī'at kī kashish; kisī shai kī taraf dil kā māil na h.

"It ought generally to be followed by to before the object. Sometimes it admits of for." Webster.

2.-Khāsīvat yā mizāj kā ıkhtılāf.

3.—Woh shar jisse tabī'at mutanaffir ho; jis shar kī taraf dil rāgib (māil) na ho. [dūr k.

Avert, v. t. 1.—Phernā yā phirā d.; palatnā yā palṭā d.; kanāre kar-d;
To avert the eyes from an object—Kisi shai kī taiaf se nazar pher lenā

To avert the eyes from an object—Kisi sani ki talai se nazar pher len To avert one's ire—Kisi kā gussa pher dyā dūr k.

2.—Bāzr; āne na d.; palṭā d., iusidād k.; nāzil na hone d, rok d., ṭāl d.

To avert an approaching calamity—Kisī musībat ko jo pahuńchne ko garib ho tāl d (āne na d yā baz r. khwah rok d.).

Avocation, n. 1.—Kisī kām kī taraf se tabī'at kā pher lenā.

2.—Woh chhote chhote ta'allugāt (woh khatif khatif hāteň) jinki taraf mukhātab hone ke hye koyī shakhs apno ma'mūli yā khās kām ko chhor de, woh shugi yā kām jiskī wojh se aslī kām so hāth khinch lenā pare.

Avoid, v t. 1.—Gurez k.; kisī se dūr yā kanāte rahuā; kisī se parhez

(ıjtınāb) k.; kisī se alag nyāre yā pare rahnā

To avoid the company of gamesters—Judilyon ki subbat so kangra rahna (unka sath na r ya unse ham-subbat na h)

2.—Bachā jānā, tāl d , yah koshish k, ki jo bāt mauzūr na ho woh hone na pāye.

To avoid expense—Saif bacha jana ya'ni agar kharch k manzur na ho to aisi fikr k. ki woh hone na paye (tal jae).

3.—Bachānā yā bachā jānā, apne ūpar āne yā parne na d.

To avoid a blow-Apne upar zarb ane na d ; kısı kı war ku bacha jana

4.—(Law) Bātil k; ka-l-'adam k.; faskh k.; rad k.; be-tāsīr yā gair-nāfiz kar-d.

How can that gift be avoided?—Woh hiba kytihkar bātil ho-saktā hai? The deed cannot be avoided—Woh wasiqa bātil (ka-l-'adam yā gair-nāfiz) nabīń kiyā jā-saktā.

5—(Law) Kısı farıq kā koyı aisı nayı büt pesh k jisse düsre farıq kā bayan bātıl ho-jāe.

Avoidable, α. 1.—Jisse bach saken dür rah saken ya gurez kar saken; gurez ke qabil; jisse ijtinab ho-sake; jisse dür bhag saken

2.—Bātil mansūkh yā rad hone ke lāiq, qābil-i-ibtāl yā istirdād. Avoidance, n. 1.—Gurez; bachāw, ijtināb, parhez.

2.—(Law) Tansīkh, ibtāl; istirdād; rad bātil yā nā-kārgar kar-d.

3.—(Law) Kisī 'uzr ke jawāb men koyī nayī bāt pesh karke uske asar-ı-qānūnī se bach-jānā.

Avow, v. t 1.—Barmalā kahuā; khulkar (fāsh-fāsh) iqrār k.; sāf-sāf iqrār qabūl yā taslīm k.; dil kholkar iqrār yā i'tirāf k.;sāf yā sachche dil se qabūl k

2.—(Law) Jo fi'l ho-chukā ho use qabūl karke jāz thahrānā.

Avowal, n. lzhur-1-fash; jo bat barmala kahi jae; woh bat jo bi-r-ragbat aur ji kholkur tashu ki jao.

Avowant, n (Lun) Qurqi i bejā ki nālish kā mudda'ā 'alaih jo us

qurqi ke juz hone ki nishat 'uzrat pesh kare.

Avowed, p. a. Jiskā izhār ba-tarz i-fāsh huā ho; jo qabūl kiyā gayā ho; jiskī nishat iqiār huā ho; musallam; jo khanda-peshānī se taslīm kiyā gayā ho. [qabūl karke.

Avowedly, ad. Barmalā; sāf sāf; fāsh fāsh; khulā khulā, sāf dilī se Avowry, n (Law) Baqāyā-i-lagān yā khisāra wagaira ko wusūl karne ke liye jisne jāc-dād qurq karāyi ho uskā bo-jā qurqī kī nālish ke

dāir hone par us qurgī ke jawāz ki nisbat 'uzrāt pesh k.

Avulsion, n. (Law) Daryā kī tugyānī yā uske zor se bahne khwāh uske bahāw ke yakāyak tabdīl hone kī wajh se jisse ek shakhs kī haqīyat kā hissa kat kar dūsre shakhs ki haqīyat men mil jūtā hat arāzī kā ek shakhs kī haqīyat (zamindārī yā mahāl) se dūsre shakhs kī haqīyat men daf atan shāmul hojīnā. Jo mahāl istarah par 'alāhida hotā yā kat jītā hai uskā mālik wohi shakhs rahtā hat jiskī milkīyat woh ibtidāan rahā ho.

Await, v. t 1.—Kisī kā muntazīr mhnā; kīsī kī intizār men rahnā; kīsī kī rāh dekhte yā takto rahnā; mutarassul (ummedwār) h. yā rahnā; kīsī ko liye taiyār (musta'id) rahnā.

2.—Kısı ko liye jam' ya taiyar rahna; manjad ya hazir rahna; kısı ko liye khazane men rakkha rahna; kisı kı nisbat ayında par

zuhür meh äne (hone ya waqi' hone) ke liye maujud rahna.

Award, v. t. Tajwīz hakm yā faisala-i-'adālat ke rū se dilānā; hukm se (sudūr-i-hukm ke zarī'e se) dilānā; tajwīz karke dilānā; hukm sādir k.

"This word is appropriately used to express the act of arbitrators in pronouncing upon the rights of parties, as, the arbitrators awarded damages to A. B." IF chitter.

Award, v. í Faisal k.; tajwīz k.; faisala sūdir k. (tajwīz. Award, n. (Law) 1.—Pauchon kū faisala; faisala-1-sālisī; sālison kī

2 — Woh kāgaz jispar sālison kā faisala likhā ho; faisala i-sālisī; panchon kā faisal-nāma.

Aware, a. Muttala'; agāh; wāqif, khabar yā qarīne se kisī wāqi'a (kisī amr ke hone yā zuhūr men āne) kā mutarassid (uskā muntazir yā uskī ummed r. w.).

Followed by of.

Away, ad. 1.—Maujūd nahīn; gair hāzır; dūr.

The master is away from home - Sihib i-khāna ghar par nahīn hai.

"It is much used in phrases signifying moving or going from; as, go away, send away, run away, &c.; all signifying departure, or separation to a distance." Webster.

2.-Chala ja; dar ho; ao chalen; ao chalo; aji chalo

"In this sense, away is used as an exclamation and denotes command or invitation to depart." Webster

With verbs, it serves to modify their sense, and form peculiar phrases; as,

To throw away - Phenk d., de-d., be hada zai'k; be wuqtin se barbad kar d.,

kho d , ganwā d To trifle away - Ķhafif khafif harakāt (bāton) men khonā yā sarī kar d , sustī (kāhilī yā āskat) men nuqsān ya kharch k

To drink away - Sharab-khwari men kho d.; sharab pine men ura d.

To squander away - Fuzul kharchi men tabah kar d (ura d).

To make away with - Halak k; mar-daina; nest-o nabad kai-d; tabah ya garat, kar-d; bac-bad har-d, talf kar-daina.

Away with one - Iske ma'nī yah hain ki us shakhs ko yuhān se dür ya kanare le-lao (dür kar-do ya hata do.)

${f B}$

Back, n. 1.—Pīth; pusht; zahr; jānwaron ke jism kā woh lussa jismen rīrh hotī har, insīn ke jism kā pichhlā aur dūsre jānwaron ke jism men ūpar kā hissa.

2.—Ek chaură ünchă țilă, qulla 1 koh.

Pichhe kā hissa.

Opposed to the van

4.—Kisī shai kā pichhlā hissa; pichhwārā, pusht; 'aqab; puţthā; pushta.

Opposed to the front.

5.—Kısı ale (hathıyar) ka dabiz (moță) hissa, pusht.

Opposed to the edge.

6.—Kisī shat kā woh hissa jo nazar ke bāhar ho yā uske düste bisse kī nisbat kam nazar pore.

7 — Jism kā bei ūnī hissa yā kul jism.

He has not clothes to his back. Uski pith (uske jism) par kapre nahiu hain.

To turn the back on one—Kini so highint so pesh und (usko haqii ya na chin samajhna), kisi ko chhor d ya uski khabar-giri na k. (khabar na lena).

To turn the back to one-Kisi ko apne se bara manna.

To turn the back - Jana ya chale jana, gaib ho jana ya maujud na rahua, nikal ya tal jana

Bekind the back—Khufyatan, chhip-kar, kisi ke pichhe yā uski gaibat mod Back, ad. 1.—Jahān se koyī āyā ho wahīn.

To go back—Wāpas jānā, palat yā laut jānā; jahān se ānā huā ho wahīn phir jānā.

2.—Kreī hālat-i-sābiqa par 'aud k.; jo hālat yā kaifīyat pahle rahî ho usī men phir ho-jānā (par-jānā).

To go buck to poverty—Muflist ki hālat men phír ho-jānā (phir muflis ho-jānā); joù kā ton muflis (gerīb yā tihī-dast) ho-jānā.

3.—Pichho; age na rakhna; age na ana; posh na k.; rok r.; baz r.

To keep back a part - Kuchh dahar (bil kul posh na kar-d.).

4.—Guzre huye zamane ya biti huyi baton ki taruf. To look back on former ages - Pichbie (agle ya guzachta) zamanek par (unki

taraf) phir Bliaz k.

5 .-- Phir, wapas. To give back the money - Rupaye pher d. (unbeh wapas k. ya phir de.d.).

6.-Mukarrar; do-bara; ek martaba aur.

Back, v z 1.--Charhuā; sawār h.; pīth par charhuā yā sawār h.

To back a house-Ghore par sawar h.

2.—Tāyīd k.; madad yā taqwīyat d.; sahārā d.; himāyat k.; sanbhalna; pushtī d.

The assessors were backed by the court-'Adalat no assessron ki thyid ki.

3. -Pichho ko hankā yā hatā d., bhagā d.; kanāre kar-d.

To back oxen - Badon ko pichhe hi taraf hanka ya lauta d. 4.-Pushta lugānā; pushta-bandī k ; putthā lagānā.

To back a book - Kisi kitah mon pushta ya putiha lagana.

To back out, or back down - Kin taktar so kauten kash h. (uses bat jant ya bas

and); kiel qual se phir jand (unuhanf h). fritte h To buck up -- Himayat k yil hamî h.; saharê d., taqwiyat d., kisî kû zimmş To back up me's îriends-Apne doston ki himayat k.

Back, v. 2. Přehho ko hatná ya chalna.

The house refuses to back - Wob ghore pichho ke nahifi hatta.

Back, a. Pichhla, zamane ke lihaz se dur, saint ke lihaz se pichhe

Back-door, a. Darwaza jo makan ke pichhware (pichho ki taraf) ho;

chor-khirki, parde ki sah; sidhe ane jane ki rah nahin. mahin. Back-ground, n. 1 .- Piohhwara, piehho ki zamin ya'ni agwira ya sahu

2. Gosha-nashini ('azlat guzini') ki jagah, jagah jo sab so kanare ho; jagah jo täriki men ho; aisi jagah jis-par logon ki nazar bahut kam pare; tärik ya saya dar maqam [] te-zarűi.

Backhouse, n. Woh makan jo sadr makan ke pichhe ho; paikhana; Backward, ad. 1.—Pith age kiye huyo ya'ni jis taraf jana ho usi taraf ko pith (pusht) phero huye; ulta; ulte panw. Backwards, f To prove backward - Ulte panw chalue,

2.—Pichhe ko.

To throw the arms backward - Bazn pichho ko patakna

3.—Pith ke bal; jismen pith niche ho jae.

To fall backward-Pith ke bal (chit) girnā; is tarah girnā ki pith niche ho-jāc

4.—Guzre zamānon yā mājaron kī taraf; zamāna-i guzashta mon.

To look backward on the history of man -- Insan ke halat-1 guzaahta par nazar k. 5.—Ba tarz-i-ma'kūs; ultā.

6.—Bihtarî kî halat se abtarî kî halat meû.

Public affans go backward - Umfirat-i-sarkäri abtar hote jate hain.

7.-Janib (samt)-i-mukhālif ko; ulca

"We beat them backward home." Shak,

Ham logon ne unhen mātkar (unpat zad-o kob karke) unko ultā ghar kī taraf phirā diyā.

8.—Aslī silsile ke khilāf, ultā; maqlūb; ākhir so shurū' kī taraf.

"What is a b spelt backward?" Shak.

Agar a õ kī tahajjī ba-tarz-ı-maqlüb (ulțī) kī-jāc to kyā hāsıl botā bar

Backward, a. 1.—Rāzī nahīn; nā-rāz; khwāhān nahīn; mutaassif; mutaammil; pas-o-pesh men, āgā-pīchhā kartā huā; sust; der k. w.

"Backward to be slaves." Pope

Gulam banne par rāzī nahīn. 2.—Kund-zihn, tez-fahm nabīn, kaudan; jo jald taraqqī na kare.

A backward learner—Aisī muta'allım jo kund-zıhn ho (sikhne men jald taraqqı na kare)

3.—Jiskā wuqū' ma'mūlī waqt ke ba'd ho, jo waqt par na ho, jiskā wuqū' ba-dei (tawaqquf ke sāth) ho.

The season is backward - Mausum talā jatā hai (uske ane med der he rahī hai) Bad, a. Achchhī sifaten kā muhtāj 'ām isse ki weh jiam se ta'allıq

rakhtī hen yā dil se, muzīr, zarai iasān; rauj-dih; pur-dard, nā muwāhq, nāqis yā nā-mukammal; bulā; bad; ķharāb; achchhā nahin

**Bad expresses whatever is injurious, huitful, inconvenient; unlawful, or uninotal, whatever is offensive, painful, or unfavourable, or what is defective " Webster

Bud in law, or legally bad - Qānūnan nāqis, qānūn ke rū se pūrū kāmil yd mukammal nahīn

A bad character—Bad chalan shakhs; bail-waz'; bad-ma'āsh; woh shakhs jiski chāl achchhi na ho (jiske tarīq bure hon).

Badge, n. 1.—Woh nishān 'alāmat yā aur koyī shai jiske pahanne se kisī khās jagah yā naukarī men kisī shakhs kī nishat tamīz ki-jāwe; tagma; chapiās; partalā.

The badge of a policeman -- Mulazim-i-pulis ki chapras.

Kısī amr kī 'alāmat; kısī bāt kī nishānī.

Badly, ad Buil tarah se; achebbi tarah se nabio; sakht yā bari; shiddat se; bad-bakhtī se; ba-tarz-i-nā mukammal; nā tamām.

Badness, n. Burāyī; badī; kharābī, qubh, achelhī sifuton kā na h. Badle, v. t. Makr se bachā jānā; hīla-hawāla karke tāl d.; bātil yā shikast kard; muntashar kar-d.; mahium k.; ghabrā-kar rad kar-

d., rāegān kar-d.

Bag, n. 1.—Thailā; borā; kapre yā chamre wagaira kā thailā jismen galla rupaye aur dūsrī chīzen hifāzat kī nazar se yā kohīn le-jane ke

liye rakkhī jāen; kīsa; thailī, torā; batuā, gathiyā; gānth.

2 — Kisīqadar koyī chīz jisko thaile yā ganthiye wagaira men bharkar bāzār men lejāen.

kar bazar men le-jaen. [aur düsre zarüı asbāb. Baggage, n. 1.—Fauj ke dere-kheme kapre-latte khāne-pīne ke bartan 2.—Pahanne ke kapron aur düsri zarūrī yā ārām kī chīzon ke sundūq thaile wagaira 10 musāfir apne sāth safar men lejāte hain.

"The English usually call this luggage." Webster

ail, v t. (Law) 1.—Zamānat par rihā k yā chhornā; kisi mulzem yā qadi ko uski hāzirī kī samānat le kar giriftārī yā hirāsat so chhor d (rihā yā khalās k.)

The accused have been bailed by the magistrate, -- Hakim i-faujdari ne un mulzamen ke zamanat par chlor diya hai.

2.—Häzir-záminī k.; zamānat-nāma-i-bāziri likh kar kisi ko girif tārī sə chhorānā.

There is no one who would bail the accused - In mulsam ki hasir-samini k. w koyi nahih hai.

"The word is applied to the magistrate or the surety. The magistrate backs a man, when he liberates him from arrest or imprisonment, upon bond given with sureties. The surety backs a person when he procures his release from arrest by giving bond for his appearance," Blackstone—Webster.

3.—Kısı khas maqsad ke liye koyi chiz kisi shakhs ke is mu'ahada -i-sarihi ya zımnı par ba-taur amanat ke havala kar-d. ki weh ya'nı amanat-dar apna mu'ahada iman-darı se para karega, saunpna; hawa-la k.

To bail cloth to a tailor to be made into a garment—Poshak banano ko liye kapis darsi ko madustan d

ail, n. (Law) 1.—-Zumänat; hūzir-zāminī; zar 1-zamānat; rupaye jo zamānat men dāķhil kiyo jācā

The man is out upon hall -- Woh shakhs samunit pur ribs (chlists) hel.

To ask for bail, or to require to give bad - Zamanat telab k, ya chahna.

Excessive bail ought not to be required—Andar so rigada zamānat kā talab k. munāsib nahīn hai

To tender bail - Zamanat däkhil k ya manzari ko liyo pesh k.

To admit or hold to bail - Zamanst par ring k , ramanst le-kar chhor d.

To discharge or release on bail. Vide supra.

To require bail in proportion to the means and station in life of the accused—Mulram ki istituat any hairsyst he mutabay zamanat talah k

To be on ball, or out upon buil-Zamanat par riba (chhita) rakus.

To reduce a bust-Kiel samanat hi ta'dad ka kam k.

In default of bail—Zamanat däkhil na kurne ki hälat men; der-sürat-i 'adam-ı ılkhal i-zamanat.

To forfest a hail—Zar-i zamānat kī wāpasī kā haq kho d. [līgayī ho The person bailed—Woh shakhs jo zamānat par ahhūtā ho yā jisse zamānat

To stand buil - Zamin h ya zamanat k

2.—Zāmin yā hāzir zāmin; woh shakhs yā ashkhās jo zamānat karen; woh shakhs yā ashkhās jo kisī qardī yā giriftār shuda shakhs ke 'adālat men hāzir hone yā rahne kī zamānat karke use hirāsat se rihā karāwen

The bast must be real, substantial bondsmen-Zaiür hai ki zāmin ash aur zī-istitā'at ashkhās hoù.

"In this sense, bail is not used with a plural termination." Webster.

Bailable, a. 1. - Zamānat par rihā hone ke qābil; jo zamānat par chhūt sake

Used of persons.

A person accused of murder is not builable-Jis shakhs par qatl i-'amd ka nizām lagāyā gayā ho woh zamānat par ribā nahin ho saktā.

2.—Zamānat ke qāhil; jiskī uisbat zamānat ho-sake.

The offence of causing hurt is bailable-Juim i-varar-rasunt ramanat ke cabil hai (uski nisbat zamānat ho-saktī hai).

A bailable offence-Jurm-1-qabil-i zamānat, aisā jurm jiskā mujrim ya

mulzam qanunan zaminat par riha ho-sake.

Bail-bond, n. (Law) Zamānat-nāma; dast-āwez yā wasīqa-i zamānat; woh dastāwez jo mudda'ā 'alaih aur uske zāman kī taraf se uske (mudda'ā'alaih ke) 'adālat men yaqīoī hūzir hone kī nishat likhī jāo

A forfeited bail-bond-Woh zamānat-nāma jiske sharāit ki ta'inil na hone ki wajh se zāmin ko zar-i-mundarija-i dast-zwez bataur tāwān ke denā pare.

Bailee, n. (Law) Amīn, amānat dan, woh shaklis jise māl ha taur amā nat ke sipuid kiya jawe aur jisko us amanat-dair ke maqasid ke liye uskī nishat ek mahdūd haqq-i-milkiyat hāsil ho aur uskā guhza i 'ārizi uspar rahe.

Opposed to bailor

Bailer, \ n. (Law) Amanat-dihanda; jo shakhs kisi maqsad-i-khas ke Bailor, I liye koyî mal amanat ke taur par kisî dûsie ko sipind kare Bailment, n. (Law) Kisī magsad i-khās ke liye is mu'ahada i-sarīhī yā zimnî par mal ka amanatan sipind kiya jana ki amanat men khiya nat na kī-jāwegī

Bake, v. t. 1 - Tanur ya bhatthi men khwah ag ke angaron par ya āftāb kī shu'ā' (kirnon) se gaim khushk aur sakht k.; pakānā; khāne

ke liye taiyāi k.

To bake bricks-Inten pakana. The sun bakes the ground-Dhun zamin ko pakā deti hai (use khushk sur sakht kar-deti hai). To hake broad - Roti pakāna (taryār k jaise tanūr men.)

2.-Sardī se karā (sakht) k.

"The earth is baked with frost" Shak.

Zamîn păle se sakht ho-jătî hai

Bake, v i 1.—Khānā pakāne kā kām k., ta'ām-pazi k.; bāwarchī kā kām k.; tabbākhī k.

2 — Pak jänä yä paknä; garmi se khushk aur sakht ho jänä (sükh

kar karā hojānā).

The bread bakes - Roti pak jati ye pak-uthii hei The ground cakes in the hot sun-Dhūp kī garmī se zamīn ķhushk aur saķht ho-jātī hai.

Balance, n. I.—Tarāzū, tolne kā kāntā; dānrī; tak.

 Bāqī; zar-i-bāqī, baqāyā; jisqadar hisāb ke donon pahlū (jam' wa kharch) ke barabar kaine ke liye kam ho.

Balance of an account - Baqī 1-hisāb yā hisāb kī bāqī.

An old balance-Pichhli bāqī - sābiq bāqī; agli bāqī.

[ke qubil na ho, An irrecoverable balance-Baqi-ı-gair mumkuu l-wusul; jo baqı wusul hone

A nominal balance - Bāqī-i-farzī yā harāe-nām.

To realize or recover a bulance-Bays wustl k.

To strike a balance - Baqi nikalna.

pl.—Baqıyar

Current balances - Baqiyat-i-bal ya baqiyat-i-hisab-i-rawan.

Bulances of accounts current- Vide supra.

Eddaness in train of liquidation - Baqiyat i-dairu-l-wushl, jo baqiyat dauraui wushl mon hon (wushl ho rahi hon).

Outstanding balances, or balances of past years—Pichhli Läqiyat, baqiyat i sanin-1-maziya, laqiyat-1-sanawat.

Doubtful balances - Bāqiyāt-i-mushtabahu-l-wusül.

3 — Bäham muqāliala yā wazn (āpas men milānā yā tolnā); taslikhīs Upon a balance of the evidence adduced on both sides—Shahādat-i-posh-shuda-i-jāmbam kā jab bāham muqābala kereň

4.—Waq'at ikhiryar ya nafa wagaru men barabur; ham-wazu ya ham-palla h., muqabalo men buabar tulna (thaharna)

Balance, v z 1.—Wazn men barābar k. jaise batkharon kā tarāzū ke pallon men, barāzū men tolna, tolnā ya wazn k.

2.-T./dad waq'at wazn ya andaz wagaira mon barabar k.; ham

wazo yā ham-palla k.

3—Wāsil bāqī k.; lokhe kī bidh milānā, jam'-kharch kā milān karke jo kuchh kamī-boshī nikle uso adā k. tāki hisāb men faiq na rahe (woh barābar ho jāc), tastīya i-bisāb k.; hisab sāf k.; niptānā; chuktī k.; jam'-kharch k.; jorkar nai'u-miysān kā hāl daryāft k. yā yah dokhuā ki jam' ziyada hai yā kharch.

4.—Raham muqahala k ; tashkhis k ; wa'qat wagaira ko lihaz se

ek düsre se muqubala k. (milanā).

Balance, v. i. 1 — Wazn men barabar h.; ham-wazn h.; donon taraf barabar wazn r., tol men barabar h (barabar tulna). (bar han

The scales balance—Douon pallon ha wasa barabar hai; is tarand hi tol bara-2—Pas-o-pesh k.; aga-pichhi k.; taranmul k., waswasa k.; jo rash ba-zahir yaksan mazbut hon nuki msimt has bass men par-jana.

mukhtalif raeoù ke ma-bain pas o-pash k.

Balance-sheet, n. Fard i haqi, tquzi'; wola kagaz jismen jami-kharch

yak-jā karke bāgi dekhlāyi jāc

Bald, a 1.—Jo qudratī yā ma'mūli inriq par hāl patte par yā darakht wagaira se dhakā na ho.

A bald man - Chandla shakha; woh admi jisko sar men bal na hon , ganja

A dald mountain-Pahat Jispar duraght wagaits ka stya na ho

A bald eagle-'Uqab jise par na hou, be par ka 'uqab.

2.—Jismen woh shai na ho jo zehāish ke hye munāsib ho; us shai se khālī jo khush-numāyī ke liye mauzon ho; jismen khūbsūrtī yā 'umdagī ke hye kuchh mulāyā na gayā ho; jismen fusāhat wa balāgat na ho; jismen kisī tarah kī san'at na ho; jismen mahz lafzon kī pābandī ho; nirā lafzī; sāda; be-lutī; phikā; be-namak.

A baid translation—Nira lafei tarjama; tarjama pamah kisi qism ki 'ibaratarayi na bo (ji men muta jun ne kuchh namak-mirch na milaya bo).

13

Bale, n Kahin le-jāne yā bhojue ke hyo kapro men russī se bandhā huā māl kā buqcha; guthrī; gānth; gathryā. [gathrī bananā.

Bale, v. t. Gathi bauānā, māl ko kapre men rassī se bāndh kar uski, Band, n. Guroh, gol; tāna, jamā'at, woh log jo kisī maqsad-i-'ām ko anjām men mussallah hokai sharīk hon

A band of decoits - Dakuon ki jemā'et ya gol

Bandit, n pl. Bandits or Banditti, Jo qanun ko na mune; jo apnī jan ko na dare, dakū; rahzan; quitā'u-t-tarīq, luterā, qazzāq

"The plural banditti is sometimes used as a collective noun" Webster

Bandy, v. t 1.--Mår-kar idhar udhar ya age pichhe kar-d.; gend ki tarah kabhi age ko phatak d. (mar-kar kar-d) kabhi pichhe ko.

2.—Āpas men tabādala k , āpas men adlā-badlā k

To bandy words—Kahnā sunnā. To bandy looks—Nazreń (Sukheń) ehar k,; rk dūsre kī taraf taknā ya dekhuā

3.—Uchhālnā jaise ek shakbs se dūsre shakbs kī turaf; dānwan. dol k., phenkuā; hilānā dolānā, sargaimī se bahs k

Bandy, v ? Muqabale men kisî shai ke apiñ apiñ taraf khirichira

Bane, n. 1.—Zahi-i halāhal (aisa zahr jo muhlik ho ya'nī jisko khāno se khāne wālā mar jāe), aisī koyī bāt jisso nā-guzīr (khwāhī na khwāhī) nugsān mazarint yā baibādī bo, tabāhī yā tabāhī kā bā'is sabab yā zaii'a, shai-i-muzir (woh bāt jiski wajh se nugsān ho).

Vice is the brue of society - Badi se logon par tabahi ati hai

To do a thing to one's bane - Aisi but ya afre fi'l ka k. june kisi ko mazarrat pahujeho

2.—Ek qism ki bimari jo bheriyon ko hoti hai.

"More commonly termed the rot." Webster.

Baneful, a Zahışla ya'nı zahr ki khasiyat r w.; muzır; halakat barbadi ya tabahı ka ba'ıs; zarar-rasan

Banish, v. t 1.—Jalā-watan k., kisī ko ba-hukm-i-hākim apne mulk se chale jāne par majbūr k.; kisī ko apne mulk se nikaljāne kā hukm d; shahi-badar k.

2.—Nikāl d.; dūr kai-d.; daf kar-d, haṭā d.

To banish sorrow - Ranj ko dür kar-d.

Banishment, n. 1.—Jalā-watanī, apne mulk se nikāl diyā jānā ; shahr badarī; hākim-i-asr kā kisī shahrī se jabrīya uskā watan chhorā-d.

2.—Daf īya , dūr kai-d , nikāl d ; ikhrāj.

Bank, n, 1.—Pushta; bāndh; mittī kā tīlā dhūhā dīhā yā uskī dher.

To cast or throw up a bank-Pushta ya bandh banana ; gil-andazi k.

2.—Kanāra ya karālā; tīr ya tat, sahil.

3.—Woh mahājanī kothī jahān rupaye amānatan rakkhe yā logon ko qars diye-jāwen yā unkā her-pher (bāham tābādala) ho yā jahān se rupaye kahīn bheje jāwen khwāh hundi wagaira lekar kahīn rawāna kī jāwe; bank yā hank-ghar.

4.—Bank kā sarishta; woh jagah jahān mulāzimīn-i-bank uskā kār o-bār anjām karen.

Bank, v. t. Poshta banāvā; bāhdh bāhdhvā, pushte se ghernā mahfüz yā mazbūt k.

Bank, v v. Hauk meti iupayê jara' k.; bank ka kar-khana k ; mahajanî kothî chalana, len den k.

Ranking house - Mahajani kothi; woh jugah jahan mahajani kai a-bar ho

Bankable, a Jo lank men hyä jä sake (qabul ho-sake); jiske rupaye hatte ki mubayi ke ba'd bank se mil saken.

These bills are not bankable - Yah hundiyan is qebil nahin hain ki bank men qabal bon (h-jawen).

This note is bankable—Is let be supaye batha de-kar bank se mil sakte ham

Bank-book, n. Woh kitāb jismen bank-ghai ke ahl-i-kār us shakhs kā jum'-kharch likh-dete hair jo bank se len-den (dād-sitad) rakhtā ho.

Bank-credit, n. Woh i'tibar jiske it se koyî shakha kafalat i-munasib dekar us qadar rupaye jinkî ta'dad ba-khudba tai bo-chukî ho bank se le sakta har.

Banker, a Mahājan; sarrīf; sāhūkā; kothī-wāl; seth; sāh; woh shaklis jo ruptye kā len den kare rupnyo le kar kahin liheje yā hundī wagaita kharīd kate aur bache yā isī qisin kā aur kar o bār kare.

Banking, n. Mahājani, sarrāfa; kothi wal kā kām; mahājanī kā kār-o-bār.
Banking, α. Mahājani yā sarrāfo ko mutu'alliq; bank se nisbat r. w yā 10 bank kī tarat se hiyā 140.

A banking firm - Mahamm kothi; lenden hi kothi,

Hanking business - Mahajim, sarrüfa kü har o bür yü sarrüfa; len den. The proprietor of a bankıng firm - Kothi-wäl; sähakür, sathi mabüjan.

Bank-note, a. Hundi ki qism ki woh tabrir jo bank se järi hoti aur uske rupaye hämil ko uske mängne (talu) karne) par*milte ham

ls quan ki tahrir naqd rujnyo ki tarah kan men laji jiti ha.

Bankrupt, n. 1.— Woh tajn jo chhip banthe ya koji ant nisa fi'l kare jisse uske dainon ki haq talfi ho.

2. --Woh tājir (saudīgar yā tijārat karne wālā) jiskā kār-o-bār abtar hejāc (bigar ukhar yā tūt jāc) yā jo apne ma'inulī kār-o-bār ke daman men is qābil na rah-jāc ki apnā qarz adā kare; tājir-i-nā-dār, web mahājan jiska hasnā alat jāc.

3 -Koyî shakhe jise apne duyûn ke adâ kî salâhiyat na rabe; web shakhs je apna dain (lahna ya web rapaye je logen ke uske amme hon) ada na kar-sake, shakher-gair-mustatî, diwaliya; jiska

diwālā nikal-gayā ho.

"In strictness, no person but a trader can be a bankrupt—Bankrupty is applied to merchants and traders, involvency to other persons." Webster.

Bankrupt, a Jisne diwāliye kā kām kiya ho; jo apne duyūn (qarz) ke adā kī salāhiyat na rakhtā ho; jo apnā qarz (lahnā yā dain) chukā na sake; diwāliyā, nā-dār; gair mustatī'; jiskā tāt yā basnā ulat gayā ho khwāh kār-o-bār abtar hogayā (bigar gayā) ho.

Bankrupt, v. t. Kār o bār bigār d. (abtar kar-d. yā ukhār d.); nā-dār (gair-nustatī) yā diwāliyā) banā d.; rapaye paise se tang kar-d.; tāt

ya basna ulat d.

Bankruptey, n. I.—Diwālā; nā dārī, us shakhs ki hālat jiskā kāi-o-bār is sabab se band aur abtar ho-jāc ki woh apnī nā dārī ke hībis use jārī na rakh sake (chalā na sake); apne duyān (qarz) ko adā karne kī be maqdūrī ('adam-ristitā'at yā qābiliyat).

2. - Diwala nikal d. ya kar d ; ruposh hokar khwah anr tarah par

apnī tayın diwāliyā banā d.; kāi-o-bār kā abtur kar d.

Bank-stock, n. Jo rupaye bank (mahājanī ke kamdhām yā rozgār) men lage hon unmen hissa yā hisse; mahājanī ki kothī kī pattī yā pattīyān (hissa yā hisse); rupaye jo mahājanī kothī ke ijmāli sarmāye (sājho kī pūnjī) men lage hon.

Bar, n. 1 — Lakrī yā lohe wagaira kī sīkh jo inkāwat yā mur kisī kām

ke liye banāyī jāe, tīlī, salāķh

The bar of a door - Darwaze kā janglā

The bars of a gate—Woh lohe yā lakyī ke jangle (āhanī ya chobi sīķh) jo kisi phātak men lagāye jāen

2.—Rukāwat; sadd-1-rāb; jo shar kisī amr men mānr bo, amr-1 mānr; ār; rok; insidād, woh bāt yā shar jo kisī dūsrī hāt yā shar ke darmıyan hāri ho, amr-1-'āriz, 'āriza.

His ignorance of the law is a but to his promotion—Unki quinti ku us juind uski taraqqi men mani har. A bur to a aut—Amr remani a nahah.

A legal dar — Amı 1-mānı'-1-mata'allıq-1-qandın qandın muzallamatı yık 'üriza

3.—(Law) (a) 'Adālat meň vukalā wagaira ke barbhno khwāh khare ho-kar suwāl-o jawāb karne kī jagah.

In this court, the bar is just opposite to the beach—Lis "adulat inch hähim ki nishast (illas i 'adulat) ke muqabil hi vakala wagaira ke bailine ki jagah hai

(b)—'Attalat meń wob jągah jahāń tahqiqāt-o tajwiz khwäh hukmi-sazā ko sunäye jāue ke liye mudda'ā 'alaih khaņo kiyo jāte haif.

The prisoner at the bar pleads not guilty—Mudda's 'almh-1-hazu-i-'adaist ko jarm se inkār hai.

(c)—Woh jamī' (sab yā bi-l-kul) vukalā wagaira jinko 'adālat meň suwāl-o jawāb kā iķhtiyār ho, vukalā wagaira kā posha; qānūn ke muta'allıq pesha.

He is studying for the day — Woh quuun ke muta'alliq peshe se hye (büristar vakil wagaira banuc ki garaz se) qünün ki tahsil mun ması'li hui

(d)—Woh 'uzı ı-khās jisse mudda'i ke da'we ki tardid ba tarz-ı-kāfi ho; 'uzr-i-mānı'-i-samā'at-ı-nālısh; woh khās 'uzr jisse mudda'i kā dā'wā bakhūbī rad ho-jāe.

wa cakemon rad no-jae.

The plea of bar put forward by the defendant is valid—'Uzr-1-māni'-i-samā'at-i-nālish pesh-karda-i-mudda'ā 'alaih qawī hai (nālish ke mamnī'u-s-

samā'at hone kā 'uzr jo min-jāmb i-mudda ā 'alaih pesh huā hai qawi hāi)

At the bar of the court—Sar-i-ijlās i 'adālat; banmalā 'adālat men, khuli kachahn men; 'ain 'adālat ke rū-ba-rū.

A case at bar—Woh muqaddama jo 'adālat ke rū-ba rū pesh ho; muqaddama jismen 'adālat ke sāmne bahs ho rahī ho.

The case at bar is an intricate one—Woh muqaddama jismen is waqt 'adalat ke rū-ba-rū babs ho rahī hai jo is waqt 'adalat mich pesh hai) pechida hai.

4 - Koyî 'adâlat; koyî kachahrî.

The bar of God-Khuda ki 'adalat.

The bar of public opinion - 'Awam ki rae ki 'edalat.

5.- Sone ya chandı wagaira ki kamî (gullı ya melch).

, a. t. 1. Sikh laga-kar hand k.

To bar a door or gate - Kisi darwitze ya phatak mea lohe ke sikh ya laket ka tiliyan laga-kar amad-o raft band kar d.

2.-Roknā; band k; man' k yā mām' h.; sadd-i-rāh h.; muzā um h.; 'ārīz yā hāil h ; bāz r , hone na d.

To bar the entrance of evil-Badi ko ine na d (use dakhl pane na d ya uski amad ko rok d.).

The distance between us bars our intercourse - Jo duri (fanta 12 bu'd) ham logon ke mābam lud woh hamārī āmad-o-raft ya rāh-o-rasm ke rakhne men māni' hai. Dür dür par hone ki wajh so hum log baham tāh-o-rasm nahm rakh sakte

Limitation bars the suit - Is nalish mod tamadi 'aris (hail ya mani') hei. To be burred - Manual' ya mamun'a-s munt'at h , na qabil-i sama'at h.

The hearing of this case is barred—Yah maqaddama maining'a s sana'at (na qubil I annui'nt) hat [se khārī] kar d

To distuise a claim as barrell - Kiel da'we ke mumpi'u s samb'at hous ki wajh To be barred by limitation, by the law or statute of limitation, by statutory limits, or by office or lapse of time-Tamedi (hedd-issundat ya inqist i mi'ad-r-sama'n!) ki wajir so matara'u s-sama'ut li. (sama'ut ke qubil un b yff raling).

3 — Mustasnā k ; khārij k,; chhor d lse chlupāya huā nahid. re, a. 1 -- Be-satr, dhaka ya chinpa nahin; nanga; barahna; kapron

The arm is bare - Daza kapie so chlips nahin hai (nanga hai). The trees are bare - Darakht nange hair (patter so dhake nahin hair).

2 -Ta'zīm kī wajh so sar barahna (naugo sar yā sar khole linyo).

3.-Tibī-dast, mullis, khali; garīb; muhia; be-sar o-samān. A bare treasury - Khazana jo khalt ho (juman rupaye parse na bob).

To make a person bare - Kisa shakhako mulitar ya be saro samau bana ya 4 -Bosida; jo bahut ya kusrat so palma gaya ho - jarse koyi palmae kā kamā. [jo nirā ap hi bo.

5 - Mahz; nirā; akclā; taulā; khūlī; jiske sāth aur kuchh na ho, Bare words - Niri baten; bat hi bat; baten ke siwa aur kuchh nehin. Have you got an annotated copy of the new Evidence Act ' No; I have only the bare Act - Kya shahadat ke qanan i-jadid ki keyi jihi ma'shaih ke tum

hare pas har? Nahin; mere pas mahz (una ya he sharh ka) chat har. ebone, n Nihāyat dublā-patlā (haqīr yā lāgar) shakhs, aisā shakhs iski haddiyān chamre se dekh parch.

efaced, a. 1.-Be munh chlupaye huye; munh khole; be burqa' ya hunghat ke.

2 — Jismen kisi tarah par ikhfā na ho; jo chhipāyī na jāc; jismen oyī banāwat na ho; fāsh; khulā khulā. Jismen sharm na kī-jāe,) be hijābāna kiyā jāc; jismen hayā ya garrat kā lihāz na ho.

A barefueed felsehood - Datog-i-füsh; aist jhütht bät jiske kalme men shatm na tue (jo he-garati ya be-hayayi se kalit jäwe).

Barefoot, a Baralma-pā; nange pair; be-jore yā moze ke.
Bareheaded, a Baralma-sar; sar-nangā; adab yā aur kisi waili se sar

khole huve

Barely, ad Be and kest chiz ke; sirf; mahz; nint.

Bargain, n. 1 — Māl ke farokht kī msbat do farīq ke mābain qanl-oqanār; wob mu'āhadu jiske rā so ck shakhs yab qanl kaitā hai ki zar i-saman ke 'iwaz men fulān māl kī nisbat woh apuc haq ko muntaqil kardegā aur faiīq-i-sānī qimat dekar uskā lenā qabūl kartā hai, kisī shai ke kharīd-faiokht kī bāt-chīt; intiqāl-i-haqīyat kā mu'āhada, kisī chīz ke bechne aur kharīd kaine kā qaul-o-qarār; sandā, sattā.

2 — Kisī qism kā qaul-o-qarāi; kisī tarah kā mu'āhadu, kisī qism

kì shart.

3.—Aisā mu'āmala jismen naf'a ho; fāide kā saudā; aisā mu'ā mala 10 apnī khwālish ke mutābiq ho.

4 — Kharidari ya woh shar jo kharid ki jawo.

5.—Natha-i-ākhir, matl-i-kār, unjām i-kār; kist bāt kā anjām-

To make the best of a bad bargain—Johnshh sar par tippe usks khill nilskl k; gale part bajäye siddh; sar pare kt inbibna. fanc kuchh blit

Into the bargain—Kisi ke siwa ya 'alawa; mazide baran, kim shai ko chhoyk u To strike u bargain—Kisi 'ahd-o-pamain (qanl-o-qarar mu'ahade ya bat-ahit) ko pukhta k ; kisi mu'amale ko mazhiit kar lena (usu pakka kar luna idiuka lena ya thik kar-lena), kisi shai ki mishab hath mainti ya'ni maki lut-ahit pakki kar-lena.

Bargain, v. v. Intiquil-i mal ki nishat mu'āhada yā qat'i qani o-qarār k; kisi shai ke kharīd falokht ki nishat shart kar-lenā yā ţhalira lenā; āpas men iāzi h. yā tai kar-lenā.

" Often with for before the thing purchased." Webster.

To burgam for a house—Kisi makān ke khmul-farokht (bechne ya mol lene) ki bāt-chīt tai kar-lenā (ushā qaul-o-qarār kar lenā) Ida d

Bargain, v t Beebull; farokht k ; zar-i-saman lokar (usko 'iwaz meb) A bargamed away his farm—Zaid ne spuš kher qimat le kar beeb dülü.

"A popular use of the word." Webster.

Bargamee, n (Law) Woh fariq-i-mu'āhada 10 māl-i-faroklit-shuda ko le jā uskā lenā manzūr kare, mushtarī, klanīdār; mu'āhad-lahū.

Opposed to bargainer.

Bargainer, n. (Law) Mu'āhid, jo dūsro se mu'āhada kare; woh farīq jo māl ke faroķht aur intiqāl kā qaul-o-quiār kare

Barrator, n (Law) Woh shakhs jo aksai logon ko targib dekar nalishen karaya kare; jo muqaddame lajaya kare; joska shewa nizu'-i-'adalat men taqwiyat dene ka ho.

Barratrous, a. (Law) Jismen nizā'ı-'adālat ke paidā karāne kī kbāsīyat ho ; faiebī , munāza'at-angez.

Barratry, n (Low) 'Adalat ke muta'allıq jhagra khara karne ka fi'l ; nıza'ı-'adalat ke qaım karane aur usmen madad dene ka shewa. Barren, a. 1.—Shor; jismen kuchh paidā na ho.

Barren land - Arūzi-i-shos, woh arāzī jismen kuchh padā ua ho; ūsar.

2 — Bānjh; 'aqīma; jīse larke-bāle paidā na hon.

That woman is barren of children - Woh 'awat 'aqina hai; us 'amat ko larkebale nahiù kote

3.—Jisse koyî natîja na nikle : khālī , mahz ; nirā

Base, a. 1 .- Zalil ; kamma ; paidtish aur haisīyat donon men zalīl , jo 'ālī khāndān aur zī-haisīyat na ho; nā-chīz, be-qadr, darje nutbe yā qada men barā nabīn.

2.—Waladu-z-zmā; harām-zāda; mkāh-i-jāiz se nahīn; zanja i-

sahīha se paidī nahīn.

A basechild — Waladu-z-zmā, larkā yā larkī jo zauja-i-sahīha se paidā na ho

3.—Kam-qīmat ; ghatīyā.

"Applied particularly to the metals as compared with gold or silver," Woreester.

4.—Dān yā danī; past; zalīl; niehā; kamīna; chhote da yā chhotī tabřat ka ; falyaz nahřů; jiski fikr past ho; jiska khayal baland na ho.

5,-Gahri; gambhir; nichi, dhimi, unchi (baland) nahin.

Applied to sounds.

Base, 22. Woh niche kā hissa jispar koyī shai qaim rahe; kisī shai kā woh juzw jispar woh khari ya thahri rahe; paya; tala; pendi, kural, bunyad; jar; now. [par mabnī k.

Base, v t. Bunyad dalna; gaim k.; kisi bunyad par gaim k; kisi shar

What is that suit based on ?- Woh ublish kis par mabni (quim) hai ?

Baseless, a. Be-bunyad; be-ast; jiski jar ne ho; be-jar kā; jiskā madār kisī shai par na ho.

Bashful, a 1.-Jo beganoù ke samue apne ap moù na raho (halat-i he khudī men ho-jāc) ; jiskī maar barābar na bo , nihāyat mahjūb yā sharmgin; barā lajān; had so myāda hijāb r. w.

Basis, n. 1.—Asl; bunyad, jar; madār, jispar koyl shai qāim rahe.

The basis of a suit-Madar ja manat i nalish.

2.—Aslī usūl ; madār-dadī; jisso koyī shai sahbhlī rahe ; jispar kisī shar kā madār ho.

Basket, n. 1.—Ek qısm kā zarf (barlan) jo lachili ohizon se bunā jātā hai; tokrī, tokrā; dauri; daurā; khānchā, khanchiyā; jhāpā; pitārā, dālī; daliyā.

"The forms and sizes of baskets are very various, as well as the uses to which they are applied, as corn baskets, clothes baskets, fruit baskets, and work baskets." Webster.

2.—Jo kuchh tokrī yā dālī wagaira men rahe; jitnā tokrī wagaira

men a-sake (rah-sake).

Basket, v. t. Tokrī wagaira men 1.

Bastard, n. Waladu-I haranı; waladu-z-zmā; woh larkā jo izdiwājı jāiz (zauja-i-sahīha yā mankūha) se paidā na ho; jo larkā byāhī aurat se paida na hua ho; jiski paidaish ashnayi-i-na jaiz se ho; chhināle se paidā huā larkā.

Bastard, a 1—Ilaiām-zāda; waladu-z-zinā; izdiwāj-i-jāiz se paidā nahīn, zauja-i-sahīha yā mankūha (byāhī join) ko hatn (pet) se paidā nahīn, harām-kārī se paidā, chhināle se janmā hnā.

A basturd child is filme nulline - Waladu-z zinā List kā larks nehni hotā,

2 - Asli nahīn, jhūthā, kāzīb, qīyāsi; farzī; fāsīd, kāsīd.

"Applied to things which resemble those which are genuine but are not really so" Webster.

Bastard, v. t Waladu'z-zinā banānā vā garār d.

Bastardize, v t 1.—Waladu-zinā banānā yā sābit k.; yah sābit qarāi d ki fulād shakhs kī paidāish izdiwāj-i-jāiz so nahīd hai; kisī kī nisbat qānun ke mutābiq yah qaiār d. yā tajwīz k. ki woh zauja-i sahīha ke batn se paidā nahīn hai

Waladu-z-zmā paidā k.; chhmāle kā larkā janmānā.

Bastardy, n. Waladu-z-zmā h ; zauja-i-sahīha ke batn se paida na h.; byāhī 'aurat ke pet se janmā na h

Bath, n. 1.—Hauz wagara jismen pānī badan ke dhone khwah kisī maraz ke dof karne kī garaz so jism ke pānī men dubine ke hye bharā rahtā bar.

2 —Woh makān jismen nahāne ke liye ek yā kayî ghar taiyār hon, woh 'imīrat jismen ek yā zāid hammām hon, hammāni yā hammām khāna; gusl-khāna, nahāne kā makān.

8.—Safayî ya simhat ke liyo badan ko panî se dhona ya uso lunkhar

(bāph yā baphārā) d., gusl; nahān

"Baths are warm or tepid, hot or cold, more generally called warm and cold" Webster.

To take a bath - Nahānā, gual k.

Bathe, v. t. 1 — Pānī men dub-kar yā gota-lagākar nahānā; gual k jasse hammām yā hauz wagaira men; hammām k.

"It often differs from ordinary washing in a longer application of water to the body." Webster

2.—Kısı saıyal shai ya'nı panı wagaira so nam ya tar k. ya usse khūb bhıga ya nahla d.

To bathe in tears or blood - Ansn ya lahu se tar kar d ya bluga d.

Bathe, v. z. I — Hammam men h ya pare rahnā; pānī yā kisī dūsrī saiyāl shai men dūbā rahnā, nahānā; gusl k.

Bathe, n Pānī men badan kā dhonā yā gota lagānā ; gusl ; nahān.

To take one's usual bathe - Ma'muli gusl k ; ma'muli taur par nahami

Bath-room, n. Gusl-khāna ; nahāne kā makān.

Battery, n. (Law) Kisī par nā-jāiz zad-o-kob (mār-pît). See Assault.

There may be assault without battery, but battery always implies an assault—Mumkin hai ki hamla ho par zad-o kob na ho lekin zad o-kob se hamesha hamle kā khayāl paidā hotā hai

"The least violence or the touching of another in anger, is a battery." Blackstone - Webster.

Battle, n. Dushmanon ya afwej-i mukhalif men baham jang ya muqabala: larayi: jang, kar-zan, mujadala muqatala. A drawn battle—Laiāyi jismen koyī faiīq fath na pāye.

A nitched battle-Larkyl jumoù faujoù ku para pahle se qu'ide ke mutabiq jama diya jae

Battle royal (a) - Müke (ghüse) ya lüthiyon hi larayi jismen do shakhson se ziyada sharik hon; bangama; lajayı jo hathon hath lari jac.

(b)-Murgon ki larayi jismen do murg sa ziyada sharik hote hain.

To give buttle—Dushman par hamla k.; hamlin par charle-jānā (hamla-āwai h.). To join battle- Hamle men muqubala k.

The distinction beween these two phrases is, perhaps, "not always observed,"

Battle, v i Larāyī men shaik h.; larāyī men larnā.

Battle, v t 1.--Musallah fany se bhar d.

2.—Fasīlon se mazbūt kar-d. yā saf-bandī) Battle-array, n. Saf-1-lang, larayî ke qabl fanj kî saf-arayî (para-bandî Bay, n. Dushman se aist hülat men char-na-char muqabala k. ki bhagne ki muthaq gunjāish na raho; dur yā bāz rakkho jāne ki hālat, lukāwat aur intizāi kī hālat.

To hold, or keop, at day - Hamle ko dat' k; kisi shakha ya shai ko je mukhalu ho apue upar juspat kar ann 12 hamls-awar bone na d. (use dur r. gant r. ya hamle se bāz r.); duslunan ko lipaţue na d.

To stand at bay - Muquinde ke hyo khara hopana ya dat jana, muqabala

(sämnä) kar-baithuu.

To bring to bay - Mukhalif ko zagto (tangi ya shiddat) mon dal-kar use muqabale par majbur k.; dushman ko itnā majbūr k ki woh sāmuā kar baithe Bay, v. i. Bhunknā - jaise kutte kā shikur par.

Bay, v. t. Kisî par bhünknü yü bhauńknü; bhünkte bhünkte kisî ke pichhe chalnă (lagua).

Be, e. a. 1.—Qāim rahnā; wujūd r ; thore yā bahnt 'arse tak wāgi'ī rahua ya wujud r.; sachmuch manjud rahua ya 'alam-i-waqi'i khwah nafsu-l-amr meh wujüd (hastī) r.

2.—Honā yā ho jānā ; ban-jānā.

3 —Rahnā yā kisi hālat men rahnā.

4.—Kisi jagah rahna ya maujad rahna.

5.--Kısı tarz i-khas par hona ya waqı' h.

"This verb is used as an auxiliary in forming the tenses of other verbs, and particularly in giving to them the passive form, as, he has been disturbed." "It forms, with the infinitive, a particular future tense, which often expresses duty, necessity, or purpose; as, government is to be supported, we are to pay our just debis." Webster,

To let be-Jou ki ton rahue d ; chhoi chhar na k , jis halat men koyi shai ho usī hālat men use rahne d ; hālat i-maujūda par chhor d.; chhor d.; jaise kā taisa rahne d., apnī hī hālat par rahne d.

To be off-Chalo jana; dür ya fasile par h.

Bead, n. Shishe müngo sone chindi moti hire ya billür wagaira kā surākh kiyā huā gol dāna jo dhāge meh gündh-kar zebāish ke liye gale men pahnā jātā yā parastish (pājā) men kām ātā hai.

To say over one's beads, to tell one's leads, or to be at one's beads - I'v' a mark na; wazifa parlına; tasbili phorna hılana ya parlına; jap k; müla phorna rapuā vā sumaruā

Beam, n 1.—Lakı i ya lohe ka hara tukra jo molayı men haw par lambayı men zivāda ho ain is tarali hanāyā jāe ki kām inch asako, luttha.

2. Tmärat wagaira men lagayo jane ke liye shahtir, dharan; jota.

3 — Tarāzū kī daudī; tarāzū chob yā shāhīu; taruzū ka daudā lieko donoù kouon men palle latke rahte ham

4.—Bam; woh dundā jo gārī men ghoron ke bieh med rahtā har: gārī kā phar, haras jo hal men lagtā hai

5 —Shu'ā', kiran—jaise sūraj ki.

To kick the beam - Tarazū ke halke palle ki tarah ubhar kar dandi mon lagnā Beam, v. t. Paidā k., nikālnā.

Followed ordinarily by forth. To beam forth light-Raushani paidā k

Beam, v v. Chamakuā ; rausbau h.; munan war h.; tābāu h. Bear, v t. 1 - Sanbhalna, uthana, bardasht K.

To bear a burden - Dojh uthana

2 - Le-jānā , le-chalnā , ok jagah so dūsrī jagah saubhāla liyo jānā.

3 —Pahanna ya lagana; hakurant ya 'zwat ko zishin ki inrah pahina lagaye ya liye phima khwali Takhna.

To bear a sword-Talwii ligina (bandhri) To bear a badge-tihapris va tagma laganii

4.—Sahnā : bardāsht k., uthānā ; bhugatuā : tahammul k. yā mu tahammil h.—jaise dard rang ya kisi aisi shru ka jo pasandahi na ho

5.—Rakhnā yā dil men r.—juse muhabbat yā 'adāwat wagaira. 6.—Kısı shar ko qabul k. ya uski salahıyat r., is tarah tahammul

k kı nuqsan shıddat ya tabadala na ho.

To give words the most favourable interpretation they will bear - Lafson ki ta'bīr jahān tak 'mnda ho sake karnā,

7.—Jannā yā paidā k.—jaisse bachche yā phal kā

8.—Rakhuā aur kām men lānā—jause ikhtīyār kā ; 'amal men lānā; nāfiz k., chalānā.

To bear sway - Hukumat r ya k , sahib-1-hukumat h.; hukumatul k. ya buku chalana; hakimi k ; iqtidar 'amal men lama.

9.—Rakbnā, chalīje chalnā yā qāim r.

To bear a part in conversation - Guftgü men sharik rabul ya shirkat r.; bātchit k. yā būt chalāye chaluā.

10.—Adā k. yā denā; bayān k.; dekhlānā yā zāhir k.

To bear testimony or witness—Add 1-shahladal k, yā shahādat d.; gewähi d. yā k

11 —Kisī sbai kā natija bardāsht k. (sahnā yā uthānā) yā uskī muākhazadār (jawāb-dih yā zimma-dār) h.—jaise kisi ilzām ki bāt kā

12 — Uthānā; mutahammil h.; adā kī sabīl k., bār uthānā; zimma där h—jaisė kisi kharch kā. ltiyar k.

13.—Ühal ehalna ya ıklıtıyar k.; bartın k.; tariq ya rawisi ikh

14.—Denā; honā, rakhaā yā rahnā.

- To bear one company Kisi kā sāth d (uskā sāth r yā uske sāth ralmā); kisi ke hamāh (uski ma'iyat meu) ralmā
- To bear down-Moglith k.: dabe d., zer-dast kar d ; shrkast d.; tang k
- To bear hard—Dabānā ya tang k., sakhti k.; zor chalānā; quāya yā 'āfiyat tang k.; jabr k.
- To been off-Bhar, roknii; in it; mazdik and na il
- To bear out Albir tak salahdabut aur qüine r.; dam i-akbir tak muhüüz rahna (Infrant k yā hachānā), khüb salat k yā tamām o-kamāl paya-1-sabūt ko pahunchānā
- To bear through Chahand, kai rawayi k , thiindin ya band-o-bast se nibihnt
- To bear up—Sanbhālnā; qaim r.; bahāl yā hajā r (apnī jagah par yā thekāne se r), girne yā dhañsuc na d.; pozhmurdt na hone d; bathne yā dūbno na d. To bear date—Muwariakha h, likhe-jāne yā takwila pāne kī tāriķh mundarj
 - r , likhe jaue ki miti likhi r., muhanara ya marqama li.
- , v 2. 1.—Phalnā ; bār āwar musmir yā upjāū h. 2 —Tang k ; dabānā, bhārī parnā yā garān bār h ; bojh d. yā h.

With on on upon

- To bear heavily on our's spinis—Ki v ke dil ya uski tabi at par garhi-bar k (garen gusaruk lihari parna ya boji h) (yajabi k)
- To bear leard upon an untagonist—Mukhālif ko tang k. yā dabanā (uspar sakhtī 3 Chal nikalnā; kām yāb h.
- To bring matters to brar Kim nikāl-d.; kar-rawāyi kar-d.; kām chulā d.
- 4 Muta'alliq h. yā ta'alluq r., 'alāga r; mehat yā munāsabat r.

With on or upon.

- How does this boar on the question.?—Us bahs so iske kyn 'alaqa (nusbat ya ta'alluq) hai?
- To bear against Hamla karne ya pakarno ka liye nazdik janu.
- To bear back Blingna; pas-na la, prolihe ke hat jana.
- To bear up—Saubhle rahna, dil wazbut r., istiqläl r. yā mustaqil-mizāj rahnā, dhahs yā dali na jūnā
- To bear up under afflictions Musibat men dil muzbat r. ya mustaqil rahm, dukh ke bojli ke nii ke dab ya dhahs na jami.
- To bear upon or aguinst.—Kun par tukya k. uthangult ya sanbhie rahua; kisi par are tahua; kisi par dahaw dahat -jaiso bojh ya zor ka
- To bear up to-Kisi ki taref ruju' la ya chalni.
- To bear up to one another Ek dusie ki barat ruju' ir. ya chalna
- To bear with Jo kuchh næ-guwar ko uso guwara k., sabna; bardasht k., ri'ayut ya 'mayat k ; bura na manna; mukhalafat na k.; saza dihi so dar guzarna ya dar guzar-k., saza na d.
- able, a Bardāsht talummul yā sahne ke lāiq; jise sah-sakei; qābilahammul yā jiskā tahammul ho-sake; jiskā koyī mutahammil hoke (jise woh bardāsht kar-sake uthā yā sah sake).
- d, n. Rīsh ; dārhī.
- "A gray beard, long beard, and reverend beard, are terms for age" Webster.

Beard, v. t. 1.—Dārhī pakarnā; higārat yā gusse se dārhî pakarnā ukhārnā nochnā yā khīnchuā.

2.—Dū-ba-dū muqābala k , sāmnā k , muqābala k ; muúh par āuā ,

sar par charh-baithna; samne se laikaina.

Bearded, a. Just darhi ho-jause mard

Beardless, a Be dārhī kā; jise dārhī na niklī ho, jo bulūg ko na pahunchā (maid na ho chukā) ho

Bearer, n. Hāmil, baimda; kisī shai kā lejāne-wālā; woli shaklis jiske pās hundavī wagana rupaye kī kisī iaqam ke wusūl ko liyo ho.

Bearing, n. 1.—Taiiq, waz', chal, rahan, dhang.

2.—'Alaqa, ta'alluq; nisbat, woh munasabat jo ek shai düsri shai

se rakkhe; samt, jānib, taraf

Beast, n. 1 — Koyi chārpāya jānwar jisse milinat li-jāwe yā jiskā gosht khāya yā uskā shikāi kiyā jāe, haiwān.

*** "Distinguished from buds, insects, fishes, and man." Webster

"Distinguished from birds, insects, fishes, and man." Webster Beasts of burden - Barbardāri ke Janwar, woh janwar jo bojh uthawen; laduye janwar.

Beasts of the forest - Jangli janwar, sahrayi janwar.

2 --- Koyî barwan-ı-mutlaq.

"Opposed to man" Webster.

Man and beast-Insan wa haiwan.

- 3.—Weh msin jo khisiyat-i-haiwani rakhta ho; walishi lihaddi aur ganda shakhs, woh shakhs jo 'aql ke khilaf 'amal kure; haiwan. Beastly, a. 1.—Haiwan ki si sunat aur khisiyat r. w., haiwan se nishat i w
- 2.—Hawāu sā yā hawān kī mānind, wahshiyāna; jāhilāna yā behūda: gauda yā najis; jo insān kī tabī'at aur buzungi ke khilāf ho. Beat, v. t. 1.—Pīṭnā, bajānā.

To beat the breast-Chlati pitna. To beat the drum-Phol bajana.

2.—Tornā kuchalnā ohūr-chūr k. yā kūţ chānţ khwāh dal-kar sufūf yā chūr kar-d; pīt pīt ke tukre ţukre kar-d.

To beat hemp-Patuye ke pit kar tukre tukre kar-d.

To beat spices - Kut chhānt dai yā pīs kar garm masale ko sufuf kar-d. (uskī buknī banā d.)

3—Pīt kar phadānā yā barhānā—jaise sone yā kisī dūsri chīz ko jo pītne se barh-sake, hathaure se pīt-kar kisī shakl par banā d., thonk thonk yā garh-kar banānā

4.—Shikar ki talash men daurte ya ghumte phuna; shikar jagane ke hye jhari ko kharkharate shor-machate ya kuchh bajate phuna;

hankwa k.

5 —Chalnā—jaise kisī rāh par.

[chhorana

6.—Dāwnā yā kānrnā, pit chhānt yā kūt-kar anāj (galic) kī bhūsī 7.—Takrānā—jasse hawā yā pānī se.

8 — Lanayî jhagre ya takrar men maglab k.; shikast d.; hara d., fath-yab h. ya fath pana; jîtna ya jît jana; galib ana.

9.—Hairāu k., pareshān k.; sakht mihint (riyāzat) k.; had se ziyādah mashaqqat k. riyārati shāqqa uthānā, nihāyat kāwish k

- To best one's brains or head about a thing—Kiss sharki mishat apnā damāg yā sar pareshān k. yā phirānā (uske muta'alhq yā uske hye had se ziyāda yā bari hi milmat k.).
- To best the brains about logic Mantiq men sar phirānā ya sar-gardāni k (iske piohhe hairān h. ya barī kāwish k.).
- To beat back Bhagh ya lantë d.; bhagne ya palat jano par majbir k.; ulto panw phor d., pas pa k.; hatë d., wapas jano par majbir k.
- To be beat out—Bahut hi thak jänk, indnat zā daur dhip sa shal hozinā. To beat an alarm—Timbūr bajāke khattre ki ittilā' d (iiskā i'lān k)
- To beut to arms—Sipāhiyon ko apni tayin musallah karne kī itbilā' d. (is bāt kī khabar d ki hathiyār lagā lo)
- To beat down—(a) Tor dilnā mismār k. yā girā d.—Jaise diwār ke; pāe-māl k, dhū d. (b) Pair se kuchal-kar khwāh pānī ke tor yā hawā ke jhoke wagana se zamīn doz yā hamwār khwāh past kar-d (c) Dabā d; maglūb k; dūr yī raf kar d. To beat down opposition—Mukhālafat dūr k (mukhāhf ko dabā d, jā maglūb kar d). (d) Ghatā d. (kam kar d.) jaise kwī shai kī qīmat yā māhyat ko
- To best into —Ber dar sikhla kar ta'lim d , kisî shai kü 'lim kisî mez küţ-küţ kai dhains; mukarrar sikarrar bətlä kar sikhüjü
- To beat off-Pichke bath d; mar kar pichhe kar-d
- To heat out of a thing Kisi shar ka chhora I ya hath so nikal lena.
- To best one out of a thing Kini so keys shar chlored lond (uske us shar ke chlored tark karne ya usae dast-bardat hone par majbar k.). [chalast the book Paulol chalast minister with property chalast reason we
- To beat the hoof Paulal chalon, piyada-pa ya pa-piyada chalon; pairon so To beat the wing Pharpharana; phurpharahan to sath horakat k.
- To beat time (lane-bajane men hath ya pair se tal d
- To deat up Yakayak bawda k.; ekbarg: ibi parna; dal'atan yürish k; achanak 32 yaka-yak charb-jana: bawas-bakhta ya pareshan kar d.
- To beat up an enemy's quarters. Dushman ke qayam-gah par daf'atan hamlaawar h. (wahan akhargi ya schanak chaph-pana).
- ** "To beat is to give many blows, to strike, to give a single blow, hat, to touch the object aimed at; to knock, to strike with an instrument something heavy." Wordster.
- ., v. z. 1.--Khatkhotānā -- jaise darwāzo kā karī
- 2 Dharaknā yā dharke se chalnā— jaise nahz yā dil kā; ikhtilāj k. 3 Zor yā shiddat se pajnā 'amal yā asar k.; dharke se lagnā yā
- 3 Zor ya shiddat se pajna 'amal ya asar k.; dharke se Iagna y kkar khana
- The tempest beats against the bouse—Tüfün kā jhokā ghar men lagtā bai (uskā ṭākkar ghar ko lagtā hai yā woh ghar se ṭākkar khātā hai)
- 4 —Ghabrāhat yā shubhe med rahuā; waswase meu rahuā, fikr · sāth dil men pher-phār karte rahuā, hais-bais men rahuā.
- To beat about Just ju k., pane ki koshish k.; bahut tarah talash k., bari fikr se dhundhna, bari joyayi k.; bari dhundh machana ya k.
- To beat up for Fauj men sipāhi bhartī karte phirnā, nayc sīpāhiyon ke rakhus kī koshish k
- , z. I.-Zarb; mār; mārne kā tarīq; darz-i-zarb.

- 2.—Zarb jiskā wuqu' patham ho; dhaikā yā dharak; tapak; nabz (nārī) kī chāl yā uskī tapak, nabz kī zarb
 - 3 —Tāl done men hāth yā pau kī harakat.
 - 4 —Halqı ya gasht ka halqa; 'alaqa, had.
 - A watchman's test-Chankidar La halija; woh maghin jisku gird ghiin ghūm-kai pahia diyā jāc , pahio-dar kī gasht kā halqa (uskā 'alaqa).
- 5.—Woh jagah jahān koji 'ādatan yā aksar nyā-jāyā karo; mūlī 'amad-o-raft kā magām.
- Beaten, p a. I -- Jo pītte-pītte yā chalte-chalte barābar ho jāc; jispar qadam ke nishān par gaye hon; jo kām men āto-āte ghis yā manj uthe, jispar log bahut ate jate hon, jo pit ya thok kar chipta kiya jac 2,—'Ām , ma'mūlī, bāzīrī; jiskī waq'at kasrat-i-isti'mīl so jātī rahe

A beaten topic or question - Ma'muli mazmun ya suwal; mazmun ya suwal niskī nisbat bahut kuchh yā aksar bahs ho chukt-ho.

Beating, n. Zarb, mār; zad o-kob, mārpīt, zad-o-kob ke zarī e se sazā yā tamtīh.

- Beautiful, a Hasin; husu paidā karne wālī sifaton kā r. w.; jo dil ko bhala ma'lum ho, jo dekline men khushuma ho ya jisse dusio hawas-1-knamsa ko haz uthe (khushi ho); khūb-sūrat ya khūb-rū; khush nu mā, khush-āyand, jiski sūrāt nazroù ko maigūb - ho, jiski shakl nafis ho, dekhnawk, shakil; pākiza yā qubūl-sūrat, bhalā; mauzūń; nafis; 'umda, muzaiyab
- Beauty, n 1 -- Un sifatoù ya khūbiyoù kā yakjā h. (niikā ijtimā') jisso dil ko khushi ho ya hawas i-khumsa khususan ankhon nur-kunon-ko haz uthe, husu; jamāl; khūb sūrtī; malāhat, latāfat; raumag; sajā wat, khat-o-khāl ki zīnat (chihie-midro kī khūb-surtī) yā sūrat kā jamāl.

 Kısı khis qısın kā husu; koyi qism-ı khās ki khūbi; woh shar usse koyî khûbî raunaq ya 'umdagî khusûsiyat ke sath parda ho.

The beauties of nature - Quarat ki khillyan.

The beauties of an author - Musamuf ke kalim ki khubiyah.

3.—Hasin shakhs—khusüsan hasin 'aurat; jamila; luusina; khübsūrat yā nāznīn 'aurat

Because, cony. Is sabab se ki, ba-wajh iske ki; is ba'is so ki; kyonki; chünkı, is liye ki; is nazar se ki

Because of, prep. Ba-walh; ba-sabab; ba-ba'is, walh sabab ya ba'is se; lihāz se.

Beckon, v. i. Sar hāth yā unglī wagaira hilākar kisī se kuchh ishāratan kahnā, hāth wagaira se ishāra k. bulana.

Beckon, v. t. Kisî kî taraf kisî maqsad se ishûra k , bulânû ya ishûre se Become, v. 1. Ek hālat se dūstī hālat men h, hatsīyat yā khāsīyat ijadīd ikhtiyār k., hadal-kar aur kuchh ho-jānā, honā yā ho-jānā.

To become of - Anjām-i-kār h ; maāf-1-kār h ; hālat h., naubat h.; naubat yā hālat i ākhir yā wāpasīn (pichhlī) h ; bannā

Usually with what preceding.

What will become of him? Uski kya naubat hogi? Uska anjam kar kya hogi? Uskî kaisî banegî?

Become, v. i. Sazāwār yā hasb-i-hāl h ; kīsī se munāsabat r.; shāyān yā lāiq h ; kisī ke hye munāsib yā mauzān h., muzaiyab yā shān ke mutābaq h ; haisīyat yā hāiāt ke i'tihāt se kisī dūsie se mel khānā (uske mutābiq yā muwāfiq h.), phabnā; achehhā lagnā yā ma'lūm d ; sajnā; zeb d.; rāst ānā

"Usually said of things, but sometimes of persons," Webster

Becoming, a Munāsib; lāiq; hasbi-hāl; manzūn, zebā; sazāwāi; muzaiyab; apnī munāsabat kī wajh se bhalā ma'lūm d. w.; jo phabe yā achehhā lage.

Bed, n=1.— Sone yā ārām ke liye par ūn yā aur kisī mulām chīz se bharī huyī gaddī toshak yā koyī aur bichhāne kī chīz, bistar, bichhaunā.

"In distinction from the bedstead or framework on which it (a bed or sack filled with some soft material) is placed." "The word bed includes often the bedstead." Webster

Izdiwāj; nīkāh, shādī; byāh, mubāsharat-i-jāiz.

5.-Phülon ki kıyari ya unka takhta

4.—1) aryā wagaira kī tah (unkā thal yā pet).

5.—Tah; koyî chiz je dher ki dher zamîn ki sath par ya uske andar phali he, tacha.

A bed of coal, iron, &c. - Koelo loho wagaira ki tali.

To be brought to bed-larks jamis.

Often followed by of.

To be brought to bed of a non - Lanka (beta) janna.

She has been brought to bed of a son-lise bein park but hat; use farmed towalled has hat; well laykit jani hat

To make the bed - Palang indvattab yā ārāsta kav-d.; sej sadwārnā; bichbāwan bishbānā kagānā yā durust kai-d., so uthne ke ba'd bichhauns ke phir thik-thāk kar d.

To put to bed - Larka junana.

From bed and board (Law) Vide A Menza Et Thoro.

(ki jar ko

Bed, v. t. 1.—Nasab kaike (lagākar) gher yā ehhipā d —jaise kisī daraklit 2.—Baiṭhālna jarnā yā nasab k ; kisī khālī yā hifāzat ki jagah men jo ehāron tand se ghuī yā band ho rakhnā yā baiṭhāliā.

To bed a stone. -- Putthar buithelns ya japua

Bed, v. i. Ham-histar h.; ek hī sāth sonā; ek hī palang par ārām k.; ham-khwāb yā ham-āgosh h.

Bed-chamber, n. Sone kā kamra; ārām kā makān, ārām-gāh; khwāb-gāh, jo makān sone yā ārām kurne ke kām men āwe yā uske liye makhsūs ho ('alāhida chhūtā rahe). [rahen Bed-clothes, n Kammal chādar palang-posh wagaira jo palang par lage

Bed-clothes, n Kammal chādar palang-posh wagaira jo palang par lage Bedding, n. Palang aur uskā sāz-o-sāmān, sone yā ārām karne kā sāmān 'ām asse ki woh usān ko liye ho yā haiwān ke liye.

Bed-room, n. Sone kā kamra, khwāb-gāh; ārām-gāh; woli kamra jismen koyī firo-kash (utrā yā muqīm) ho.

Bed-side, n. l'alang yā histar kī hagal; palang ke idhar yā udhar (is yā us taraf) kā hissa.

Bedstead, n. Palang: chaipayi, khat, sej; woh dhaucha jispar bichhāwan (gaddī yā toshak wagaira) biohhāte hain forull waqt Bed-time, a Ārām gāh men jāne (ārām kurne) kā waqt; sono kā ma'-Befall, v. t. Kisī par wāqi' h. parnā yā bītnā, guzarnā ānā yā honā.

"It usually denotes ill" Webster.

Befall, v 1. Zuhur men ana, wuqu' men ana; houa; waqı' h.

Befit, v t. Hash-i-hāl h.; mauzūn h.; zeb d. yā muzaiyah h ; phabnā, munāsabat r

Befool, v t Be-wuquf banana; dhokha d ya gumiah k.; 'aql kho d, pāgal kar-d. yā banā d.

Before, prep. 1 — Age, samne, muqabale men; muhazi; jagah ke lihaz

se āge vā mugaddam.

2.—Waqt ke i'tibar se pahle, kısı ke pahle; kisi ke qabl; age ya

waqt ke silsile ke lihāz se muqaddam

3.—Rutbe silsile darje haq ya waq'at ke lihaz se pahle ya kisi par muqaddam; kisī par murajjah; kisī kī nishat ziyāda yā barh-kar; haqq-i-taqaddum r w

4 – Kisî ke muwajahe ya muqabale mon, kisî ke rü-ba-rü ya dü-

ba-dū, kisī ke sāmne āge yā munh ko āge.

5 -Kısı ke ikhtiyar taht ya qabil men; kisi ke liye khula huā, jispar kisī ko rok (uske liye imtinā') na ho; jiskī nishat kisī ko 19 ami kā haq yā 15 bāt kī salāhiyat ho ki use pasaud kare ya nuhin khwāh uspar apnā qabza rakkhe yā nahin.

6.—Huzür men ya samne—jaise kisi hakim ke; tahqiqat tajwiz ya kısı maqsadı-qanuni ke liye kısı hakim ya 'adalat ke rü-ba-ı üya uske

ıkhtıyär-ı-saml'at men.

Before, ad. 1 - Age, samue; muqābil kī taraf.

2 — Pahle, age; peshtar, ab yā is waqt ke pahle; isse pahle yā

18ke qabl; abtak; 18 waqt tak, zamāna-1-hāl tak; pahle so

Before-cited, a. Jiskā hawāla hissa-i-māqahl men diyā-gayā; māqahlu-zzıkr, muhawwala 1-bālā yā sadr; mazkūr mazkūra-1-bālā yā mazkuru s-sadr.

Beforehand, ad. 1.—Kisī par sabqat le-jānā yā usse pesh-dastī k.; kisī kī bāt pahle hī se samajh jānā (tār jānā); kisī par apnā dast-ras pahle hī se kar-lenā (use peshtar hī se apne hāth men kar-lenā); pahle bi hāth māruā, kwī amr ki nisbat pesh-bandi k. (uski fikr yā uskā intizām peshtar se k.).

Often followed by with.

2.—Pahle se; peshtar se, ibtīdā yā awwal se; tamhidan; kisi shai ke tahaiye men waqt ke pahle; qabl-az-waqt.

Beforehand, α. Muraffa'u-l-hāl; māl-o-ma'īshat ke lihāz se fārīgu-l-bāl; kasīru-l-māl; ahl-i-ma īshat yā sāhib-i jāedād

Before-mentioned, a Jiskā zikr pahle huž yā kijā gayā; masbāqu zzikr; māgablu z-zikr.

Befriend, v. t Kısı ke sath dosti ka haq ada k.; kisi se dosti kharch k; pās yā "ināyat k.; madad yā taqwiyat d ; naf a bakhshnā, dastgīrī k. (bānh gahnā); kisī ke sāth dostāna bertāw k.

Beg, v. t. 1 — Dil se mängnā, ārzū ke sāth talab k., minnat k., lajājat -o-samājat k., 'ājizī ke sāth iltijā k., hāth jorkar yā pair parkar iltijā k.; multamis h., iltiniās guzarish yā 'aiz k.; adab aur ta'zīm

ıltıya k ; multamıs h., ıltımas guzarısh ya 'aız k.; adab aur ta'zim ke sath (muaddabana) kısı shar ki istid'a k. uska khwastgar h ya use mangna, 'ıjz-o-niyaz k., bataur khanat ya zakat ke mangna; bhikh mangna, illah talab k ; Khuda ki rah par(sawaban) mangna. [kar-lena

2 —Fanz kar-lenā; tasawwai kai-lenā; mān lenā; bilā subūt qabūl To beo the question in debate—Jis bāt ki bahs he usko farz kar lenā (bilā sabūt

taslīm kai lonā yā mān lond)

Beg, v z. Bhikh māṅgnā, khaināt māngnā, gadāgani k., gadā pesha hojānā, bhikh māṅg ke jīnā, ṭukroù par auqīt-basani k.

Beget, v. t. 1.—Apne nutfe se paidā k., apne bij se jaumānā; aulād i sulbī paidā k.; larke kā bāp h.; larkā paidā k. yā jaumānā

2.—Natīje ke taur par paidā k., kisī shai kā bā'is h. (uskā sabab

mūjih yā mūjid h); paidā k.; gāim k.; wujūd men lānā Beggar, n Bhikhārī, bhikh-mangī; jo bhīkh mūng-kar jīwe; gadī; gadāyī pesha; faqīr.

Beggar, v t. 1 --- Muhtaj kar-d.; faqir bana-d.; bhikh-manga kar-d, mufus garib ya tibi dast kan d

2 —Khāli kar-d , kuchh bāqi rahne na d ; barh jānā tajāwuz k yā had so guzar jūnā

To beggar description — Bayan ke bahar h, ya bayan na ho-sakna; hadd-r-bayan se guzer jana ya mutajawiz ho-jana

Begin, v i, 1,—Wujud men ana; hone legna; ibtidaan qaim h.; barı awwal paida h., namud h., zuhur men ana; wuqu'-pazīr h. ya wuqu' men ana, mkalna, paida ya khaja h.; shuru' h.

2.—Ibtidāyi fi'l k.; koyi nayi bāt kaine lagnā (uskā karnā shurā'

k.); kisi shai par pahlo qidam r.; shuru' k , agaz k.

Begin, v. t. 1.—Shuru' k., agaz k.; ibridā k.; kisi bāt kī rāh kholnā, kisi amr mon fi'l-i-ibtidāyī k.

2.—Kısı shat ki bina dalna (uski bunyad qam k.); kısı shat so kisi shat ka pata lagma (uski ibtida ya ügaz ka hal ma'lum k.).

To begin with - Shuru' k.; pahle kum meh lana ya isti'mal k.

To begin business with a small capital—Thori publi se kar o-bar shuru'k. Beginner, n 1.—Shuru k, w.; bani; sahab; asli fa'il; koyi fi'l pable

k w yž uskā mūjul.

2.—Woh shakhs (khusūsan kam-sin shakhs) 10 kisī 'ilm yā fan kī

2.—Woh shakhs (khusūsan kam-sin shakhs) jo kisi 'ilm jā fan kī mashq bār-i-awwal shuu kare yā koyī kār-o-bār ibtidāan kare, mubtadī, nau-āmoz; nā-āzmūda kār; nā tajrība-kār.

Beginning, n. 1.—Ibtīdā; āgāz; asl; bunyād, masdar, musabbīb; awwal; asl fā'īl

2 — Hālat-r-awwalin; shurū'; ibtidā; awāil; jo pahle ho

3.—Umūr-i-ibtidāyi; mawād; sāz-o-sāmān, asbāb; jar.

Beguile, v. t. 1.—Dhokhā d.; fareb k.; chhalnā ; apne dām-i-tazwīr (makr ke phaude) mon lānā.

2.—Makr se täl d.; 'aiyārī se bāz r. * [d. ki ma'lūm na ho.

5.—Bahla d.; khushī se kāt yā bitā d.; aisī tarah bitā (guzrān)

Behalf, n. Naf'a; fāida, haq, khātíi, madad; tāyīd; bachāw; taiaf; jānib; or; 'iwaz; gāim-magāmī

In behalf of - Kisî ke nafa ko liye, kîsî kî tâyîd inch ya uskî madad khwah himayat ke liye; kisî kî taraf ya jaub se, kisî ke haq men; min jamb kîsî ke .' kisî kî 'iwaz ya bataur qan maqam usko khwah uskî qilim maqani men

Nothing has been urged in behalf of the prisoner—Mudda'ā 'ahih ko naf'a ko ke hye (uske bachāne ke hye tiske 'uzi kī tāyīd men uskī tarat se yā uske hag men) koyī bāt kahī na gayī

To act in behalf of a person—Kisī kī taraf sa (uskī 'iwaz khwāh bataur qlim magām uske yā uskī gāim-magāmī men) 'amal kām yā kūr rawāyī k.

Behave, v. t. Chal-o-chalan ıkhtıyar k ; chal-chalna ya tariq ıkhtiyar k., bartaw k , baratua.

"Used with the recipiocal pronoun" Webster.

To behave one's self manfally—Mardana chāl chalnā (tarīq ikhtiyār k. yā bar tāw k)

Behave, v. i Kām k , 'amal k ; chāl chalnā yā iķhtījāi k., bartāw r.; tarīq yā chāl r ; kār-rawāyī k., pesh ānā

To behave well or ill-Bhala ya bura kam k , ti'l-r-nek ya bad k ; achclifi ya buri chal chalna ya kar-rawayi k

Behaviour, n Achchhi yā burī chāl; chāl-o-chalan; tarīq; rawish; lartāw; dhang; tarz-o-tarīq; chāl dhāl, rawaiya, rahan, zāhirī bartāw yā kār-iawāyī.

Good behaviour -- Nek-chalnt, nok-rawishī; atwar kī khūbī, husu i-atwar.

Bad behaviour - Bad-atmāri; bad-chalnī, bad-waz'i, burī chāl; burt ration.

To be, or to be put, upon one's good behaviour — Milat-i-initihün men h. sismen tariq ki mundsabat par kisi amr-i-ali im kā madāi hota hai.

During good behaviour - Mansah par ma'imür rah-kar diyanat mar rast bazı rakhne ki bülat men (mutadaiyan aui rast-baz rahne ki sürat men).

Behead, v. t. Sar kāt-lenā yā qalam-kar-lenā; kīsī āla-i-burrān se sar ko tan se judā kar-d.

Behind, prep 1 — Us taraf jo sāmne (muhāsī yā muqāhil) na ho; na taraf jo sab se nazdīk hisse ke piehhe ho; jo shai kisī ke rū-ba-tī yā tukh par ho uske muqābil; kisī kī pusht par yā kisī ke piehhe ('agab men yā piehhwāre); kisī kī düsrī jāmih yā taraf

2—Bāqī, jo kuchli kisī ke kahīn dār chale-jāno khwāh mar-jāno ke ba'd rah jāc. [lat men kisī se ghat-kar.

3.—Rutbe ya 'umdagi men kisi se kam, qudr-o-mauzilat sur fazi-Behind, ad I. Pichhe, pusht par.

2.—Pichhe ko, pichhe ki taraf; pusht ki janib.

3.—Pesha-nazar nahîn; nazar ke bahar, jo abtak pesh na huz ho ya samne rakkhā khwah dekblāyā gaya na ho; bāqī, gaur-pesh-shuda

We know not what evidence is behind—Ham logon ko yah ma'lum nahiri hai hi kis qadar subut masi har jo abtak pesh nahin kiya gaya (jiska pesh hona hanoz baqi har).

4.—Waqt ya jagah ke lihaz se dür par, pichhe; guzashta ya ba'ida. 5.—Gair-muadda (be diya hua); jo kuchh dene ke ba'd baqi rah-jac. There is a large sum behind - Bahut se rupaye biqi hain (raqan-i-kasir gar-meadd& hai).

Behind-hand, a 1—Piehhe; khūli; aisi hūlat men ki kuchh rah yā bāqī rah na jāe; muilisi yā hālat riflās men; tangi men yā tang-hūl; aisī hālat men ki khareh ūmadanī se ziyūda parā he yā zarūriyāt ke raf karne ke hye amadanī kifāyat na kare

To be behindhand in one's circumstances - Ting hal ya halat-i-'usiat men h amad wa kharch ke lihaz sa khah-hath ya tibi dast h.

2—Apue waqt-i-murasib so kisi kām ke tal jāne ki hālat; jis waqt kisi kām kā honā wājib ho us waqt usmen tawaqquf kā h , kisi dūsre shakhs yā dūsre chīz so barhā huā nahin; pichhe.

Behandhand in attidies or in work - Likhue-parhue yā kām men kiel düere ki nishat pichlie ya'ni uski haribar barbā huā nahin

"This word, like ashamed and several other words, never properly precedes the noun." Webster.

Behold, v 1. Kisī chīz pai mazar garant; kisī shai kī tainf nazar k, yā dekhnā; tawajjuh so dekhnā; gam yā ihtiyāt se mulāhaza k.

Behold, v. i. Kısı shar kı tarat nazar ya ankh phorna; dekhna. Beholden, p. a. Mashkur: mannun; ihsan-mand; bar-r-ihsan ya mm-

nat apnī gardan par utluve buye. Behoove, s. t. Kisī ko liye zarūr h.; kisī ko lāig h.; zarūrat farz yā suhūlat ko lihāz se kisī ko liyo munāsib yā sazāwār h.; chābuā;

phalina; zob d.; soliwia.

*** "Now used only impersonally with it." Worcester.

Behove, Sec supra.

Being, n. 1 .- Hasti, wundd; waqi'i ya furzi wujud.

As opposed to non-existence

2.—Jo shat kisî tarah par qam ho'an 1946 ki won maddî ho y i rühanî khwah aslî ho ya khayali; har qism ki shai jo wujûd rakhti ho.,

3.—lusăn haiwân ya anv koyr haiyu-l qaim shar

Be it so, 1.—Farz kar-lo ki fulāb bāt asī hī han; mlu-lo ki fulāh asor isī tarah yā nahj par hai; ho yā shāyad ho; bāshad.

A phrase of supposition.

2.—Aısā bī hone do; aisā bī karo; bibtar; kyā muzāiqa; kuchli muzāiqa yā haij kī bāt unhīn; jāo aisā bī karo.

A phrase of permission.

Belabour, v. t. 1 — Kisî stru men khūb milmat k., kisi shai kī niebat ihtiyāt se kār-rawāyi k.

2.—Kbüb mārnā; bahut mār-pīt k., shiddat se zad-o-kob k.,

achchhī tarah pīţuā yā dhumiā.

Beleaguer, v. t. Muhā-ara k.; gher lenā; rāh band kar d.; fauj se is tarah gher lenā ki bhāgne kī rāh na rahe.

Belie, v t. 1.—Jhūthā banānā, jhutlānā; jhūth yā darog thahrānā; jhuthāyī kī tuhmat lagānā yā uskā qusār-wār thahrānā; takzīb k.

2.—Kisī kī msbat bayān-i-darog k. kisī kā hāl jhūţh jhūţh kahnā; jhūth yā darog bayān k.

3 — Gila k., jhūthī jhūthī bīten kahkar tuhmat (dosh) lagāna,

kısî ke bāb men kalımāt-ı-darog kabnā.

4.—Taqlīd k., naql k ; banāwat k ; kısī dūsro kī mānınd jhūthī sūrat banānā. Belief, z. 1.—Kısī qaul yā wāqı'a ko bilā wāqıfīyat-1-zātī mān lenā vā

taslim k; kısı ke qaul ya uskı shahadat par takya istidlal ya r'tıbar, ı'tımad, yaqın, bharosa, 'aqıda, iman (ya yaqın lawen

2.—Woh shai jispar i'tiqād lāyā jāe, woh bāt jispar i'tibār karcii 3.—Rāe; masala, un legon kī rāe (unke masāil) jo kisī qisui ke

khayal kî pairawî kaite hon, mat.

4 — Qarām par i'tibāt i'tiqād yā yaqīn
Believe, v. t Bāwar k., i'tibār k ; dūsre kī ahahādat yā sanad par kisī
shai kī nisbat i'tibār k , kisī ami ko dūsre ke bayān yā wujūh i-zihnī
wa dalītli-'aqlī pai khwāh kisī aur bāt ke lihāz se bagan apnī khās
wāqifiyat ke sach samajh lenā, sahīh samajhnā, sach mānnā; kisī par

bhaiosā yā i'tibār k

To have reason to believe—Bāwar karne yā sahīh samajhno kī wajh r.
Believe, v i. 1 — I'tiqād lānā; yaqīn lānā; īmān yā 'aqīda lānā, bāwar k.,

sach samajhuä yā mānnā, takya yā bharosā k Often followed by *in* or *on*

I do not believe in what that man says—Us shakhs ke qaul par main i'tibar nahin karta (usha kahna main sach nahin samajhta).

2 — Samajhnā, ķhayāl k, tasawwur k.

The accused is, I believe, guilty - Meri samajh men (main samajhtā hūń kr) yah muizam mujrim hai.

Bell, n 1 — Ghantā, ghantī [uskā pyāla. 2.—Koyī shai jiskī sūrat ghante sī ho—jaise kisī phūl kī katorī yā To bear away the bell—Kisī būt meā barhkar h, kisī shai meā atzal murajah yā bartar h.

To bear the bell-Sargana h., peshwā h.; sab ke pahle chalnā; aguā h.

To loss the bell—Shikast pana; har-jana, maglub h. [machana,

To shake the bells—Harakat k. ithila' d. yā khabre kī khabar dene ke liye shor To bell the cat—Ghanti pahnā d., yo apne se quwwat men bahut barā ho usse muqābala karke uske hāth pair tor d (use be-kār yā zer-dast kar d.).

Belligerent, α. 1.—Larāyī k. w.; jang k. w.
2.—Jiskā mailān jang par ho; larāyī kī taraf jhukā huā yā uspar
māil: jang vā larāyī se muta'allig

māil; jang yā laŗāyī se muta'allıq. Belligerent, n. Woh qaum yā riyāsat wagaira je jang men masrūf ho.

Belligerent, n. Woh qaum yā riyāsat wagaira je jang men masrūf ho. Belong, v. i. 1.—Kisī kī milk haqīyat milkīyat yā jāe-dād h., kisī hā

azān-i-khās h; kisī kā h.

The house in suit belongs to the defendant—Makān-i muta'nāzi'a mudda'ā 'alaih kī mûk (uski milkīyat haqiyat yā jāe dād) hai yā woh azāu-i-khās mudda'ā 'alaih hai yā mudda'ā 'alaih kā hai

2.—Kısı kā kār-ı-khās h., kısı se ta'alluq r. yā muta'allıq h.

It belengs to the p'aintiff to prove his title—Apue istilique ka sabut k mudda i ke ta'alluq hai (usaā sabit k. mudda'i kā khās kām hai)

3 -Kisī kā ok juzw yā hissa h.; kisī se muta'alliq yā usmeb shāmil h , 'alāqa r., ta'allug r

The North-Western Provinces belong to the Bergal Presidency - Manishk I Magrabi wa Shamali juzw i-Ihata-i Bangal hun (ihata-i-mazheir se muta'al liq yā usmeń shāmil ham).

4. - Kısı jagah kü mutawattin (aslı büshinda) h ; suküunt ı-aslı r., mustaqıl sukünat r, dawamı bashinda h ya hancesha rabna

Beloved, pp. or a Bara pyārā; jīse dil chāhe yā 'azīz rakkhe yā jo dil se pyār kiyā jā 'azīz rakkhā jāo.

Below, prep. 1 .- Niche ; jagah ke lihas se niche ; zer.

2 -Kısı ki nishat rutbe 'umdagı ya qadı-o manzılat men kam, darje wagaira men kisî ke nîche

3 — Nā-zehā : lāiq nahīn ; gair-munāsib ; kisī ke liye gair mauzūn Below, adv. 1 - Kisī shai ke lihāz se nīche; nīche.

2.-Zamin par , dunyā men.

As opposed to the heavens.

3.-Dozakh men; jahannam men.

4 - 'Adalat-i-mataht men; mahkama-i asgar men; niebo ki kachahri men; us 'adalat men jiskā ikhtīyāi kisi düsrī 'adalat ko muqabale men (ki jagah) kam ho

Bench, n 1 - Illas; adalat men hukkam ki nishast (unke baithne 2. - Hukkām, jo log jaj ki haisiyat se 'adālat men baithen. 'adāl it A fall donch-Ijlas-ı kamil, ek adelat men jitne bukkam hon un sab ka vak-

าสูงนี้ เป็นส A division bench - Kini addiat he sab hakumon men se chand hakimon ka ijlas.

A single bench - Elk häkun ha ijlas , ijlas i hakum-i-walud ya ijlas-i wahid.

To go before, or take the opinion of, the full seach-Iglana kamil men peak h yn ijlas-i-kumil ku rae lend. Bend, v. t. 1 - Terhā k., kham yā bal d.; jhukāna; khinch kar terhā

k.; amthnā; lachānā; mornā. To bend a bow - Kaman ko kham d ya tirchhi k.

2 —Kısı taraf ko jhukana ya mukhatab k ; sidhi rah chhor-kar kisî aur taraf ko phir jana ya ruju' h.

To bend one's steps or course to a particular place - Kim khas magam ki taraf qadam phernā yā chalna khwāh rujā' la

3 —Khūb mutawajih k. yā laganā; shang se rujū' k.; mihnat se

lagana, zor d., mhayat masruf ya mashgul k ; dil dena. To bend the mird to study-Parhne likhne (tabsil-1-'ilm) men khub dil lagana-

4 —Dabā kār rujū' k.; mutī' k.; maglūb k.; apne gābū men lānā; apne bas men lānā yā k ; zer-dast k.

To bend a m m to our will - Kiei shakhe ko apni muti' bana-d. (use aisa kai d ki hamarî marzî ke mutabiq kar-rawayî kare).

5.--Taiyar k ; marattab (durust) k., khineh-kar kam ke laiq kard, jaise kaman ko.

To bend the brow - Bhannen charhaus - jaike bare gaur ya guese men; tawri men bal dalna; chiù ba jabin h.; tewri charhada.

- Bend, v. i. 1.—Țerhā h ; tirchhā h.; phirnā; bal yā kham khānā; jhuk-nā; kaj h ; lachnā, murnā; amṭhnā
 - 2.—Shauq ya dil se ruju' h.; mukhatib h; nada ya musammam (mazbut) irada k., kamar-bandhua ya kamai-bista h, amada h.

Beat on mischief - Nugsan-iasani par āmāda; ungsan pahunchāne par kamu bāndhe yā mazbūt mīda kiye huye

3 —Sıjda k, sar jhukānā, jhuknā; 'ıbādat yā itā'at kī nazar se sarnagūn h.

Beneath, prep. I .- Nīche; zer, tale; kisī shar se dabā buā.

To sink Leneath a burden - Kisî bojh ke niche dabjana (uske dabaw se dhans ya baith jana)

In a literal sense

2.—Nīche, bare bare mahsūlon (garān-bār kharājon) yā kākım ke zulm se dabā huā

In a figurative sense.

3.-Kısı düsre ki nısbat 1 utbe waçı ya 'umdagi men kam.

Mun is deneath angels - Insun ha rutha firishton se kaui hai

4.—Lāiq munāsib yā hasb-i-hāl nahīn; nā-zebā yā gair-muzaiyab, barābar nahīn

He will do nothing beneath his station - Woh koyī nisā fi'l na karegī jo neki hansīyat ke hasb i-hāl na ho (nako na phabe yā nake liye nā zebā ho)

Beneath, ad. 1.—Niche, tale, kisi jagah ki uishat aun niche. The earth from beneath—Niche ki zamin ya mitti

O Machana dalla man

2 —Nīche yā tale, zer

"As opposed to heaven or to any superior region." Webster.

Beneficial, a 1.—Mufid; nāfi'; fāida-bakhsh; sūd-mand; jisso koyī 'umda natija paidā ho.

Followed by to.

2 - (Law) (a) Jisko kısî shai se faida yā naf'a hotā ho yā ussc faida uthāne khwāh uspar mutasurrif hone kā ıstıhqāq ho; mutamattı' yā mutasarrif.

The beneficial owner of an estate—Kisī jāe dād kā mālik jisko uspar mutasarrīf hone yā usse fāida uṭhāne kā haq ho, kisī haqīyat kā mālik-i-mutasarrif

(b)—Naf'a yā fāida paidā k w.

A beneficial interest - Naf'a uthāne yā tasarruf karne kā haq; muttamatti' y'i mutasarrif hone kā haq, haqq-i-mutasarrifāna.

Beneficence, n. Hamesha nekî ya bhalayî k.; waqı'i nekî ya mihrbanî k.; logon ko sachmuch khanat d., achchhe achchhe kamon ka kıya k.; waqı'ı 'ınayat karam ya dad-dihish

Beneficent, a. Niko-kār, gairon kā kām mihr-bānī se k. w.; dād-dihish r w.; karīm, faiyāz; sakhī; mihrbān.

Benefit, n. 1.—Mikrbānī kā fī'l; mihrbānī; 'ināyat; shafaqat; lutf; ihsān; karam.

2.—Nafa, faida; hāsil yā husūl, sūd; woh bāt jisse kisī kī taraqqī hotī aur uskī zātī khushī barābar barhtī jāwe, woli amr jisso kisī māl kī haisīyat (māliyat) baili-jawo

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- "A word of extensive use, and expressing whatever contributes to promote prosperity and personal happiness, or adds value to property " Webster
- Renefit, v t. Kisī ke sāth yā kisī ke haq men blulāyi k.; fāida bakhalina; nal'a d ya k , nah' h.; kisi ko mufil h.; aar tainggi d , sibhat (tandunsti) ko aur barhānā, kisi ke liye kār-āmad h.
 - * Applied either to persons or things." Webster
- Benefit, v. v. Faida ujhana ya hasil k.; nafa uthana ya muntafa'-bih h.; taraqqī k.
- Benevolence, a Nek-khwāhī, nek-andeshī; bhalāyi karne kī tabī'at (ragbat yā khwālush yā uskī taraf madān), nuhrbānī; shafaqat; dāddılırslı ki ragbat, insan ki muhabbat aur uski klınslı men taraqqi dene kī kliwālush, msāmyat.
- Benevolent, a Nok-khwāh; nck-andesh; bhalāyi (achebbe kām ke karne) par mād; msān so muhabbat i w. aur uski bibbudī aur khu shī mon taraqqī kā kliwāhān (chālmo-walā); nek-nehād, klinir sigāl; karīm, niihibāu. fandherz kar d.
- Benight, v. t. 1.—Tarik (andhora) k.; tariki chha-lena, rat ki tarah The clouds benight the sky-Radal family ke thick kar dete haif (unki thick) asman par obla-jati hu ya unso deman shilhera ho jata har)
 - 2 Chalte chalte rat kur-d.; rat ka pahuneh jana; rat ka hojana, rāt kā ā parnā.
 - A bealghted traveller-Shah-resida musifir; woh musifir jise chalte chalte rat hospie aur woh apne thekone par na pahunche
 - 3 —Tira-dil kar-d.; jihālat men mubtalā k.; raushan-zamīr na hone d.; 'aql kī raushauī se mahrūm r.; siyāli-qalb k.
- Benign, a. I.—Mihrban; halim; jiske mizāj men shafaqat ya hilm ho; sāhib-i-jalāl yā zu-l-jalāl; jo auron par 'ināyut ki nazar rakkhe, sakbī; fulyāz; karīm.
 - 2.—Mawafiq, 'umda, jiskā asar nok ho; jisso mihrbānī hilm yā shafaqat wagarra zāhir ho
 - 3.—Sihhat-āwar; muzir nahīn; shafī-bakhsh; jismen tan-durustī paidă karno ki sifat ho,
 - A beniga medicine Sihhat dwar dawā; jis dawā ke isti'nial sa marīz ko sihhat (ārām) ho.
 - 4.—Sakht nahīn; muhlik nahīn yā gair-muhlik; jismen marīz kī jān jāne (usko marne) kā khauf na ho.
 - A benega disease Maraz-i-gair-muhlik, zisi bimāri jismen bimār ke marno j kā dar na ho
- Benignant, a.Mihrbān; zu-l-jalāl; karam-farmā; 'māyat-gustur.
- Benignity, n. 1.—Tabī'at yā dil ki nchhāyī: nek-sīratī nek-nihādī 💱 nek-mizāji; rahm-dili; tabi'at kā jalāl; neki; karīmi; sakhāwat; mibrbānī; shafaqat.

2.—Sihhat paidā karne kī sifut; jisse tandurustī barhe; shafā bakhshī [bal; mor, kajī

Bent, n 1.—Kham, terhāyī yā terhā-pan, lachak, jhukāw yā jhok The bent of a bow-Kamān kā kham (uskā jhok yā uskī lachak).

2 — Mailān, ragbat, khwāhish; tabī'at; dil kā kisī taraf māil h (lagnā jhuknā rujā' h yā phunā), tabī'at kā phei

3 -Kisī khās jāmb yā pahlū ko mailān, loch, murak; pher

The bents and turns of a subject—Kisi bat hi marak aur uska pher (uska jor tor ya nol-jhok): kisi mazman ke pahla wa jawanib [kai-d, akrana

Benumb, v. t 1.—Be-hiss-o-harakat kar d; thithurā d.; sun yā lakn 2.—Bad hawās kar-d, be kār kar-d, be-qābū k.

Bequeath, v. t. 1.—Wasīyat ke zarī'e se d, wasīyat kar denā yā kar-jānā, wasī'at ke rū se hiba k. yā chhor jānā.

Said of personal property

2 — Larke-bāloń ko chhor-janā; maurūsī kar-jānā. [marnā To bequeath a family quariel — Koyī khāndānī jhagrā larke bāloň ke liye chhor

"To Bequeath, Devise. These words both denote the giving or disposing of property by will Devise, in legal usage, is properly used to denote a gift by will of real property, and he to whom it is given is called the devisee. Bequeath is properly applied to a gift by will or legacy, i. e. of personal property, the gift is called a legacy, and he who receives it is called a legatee. In popular usage, the word bequeath is sometimes enlarged so as to embrace devise." Webster.

Bequest, n (Law) Jāc-dād-1 mūsābih—khusūsan woh māl-i mangūla 10 koyī mutawaffā kisī ko wasīyat kar-jāwe, wasīyat ke zarī'e se jāc-dād-1-mangūla kā hiba; hiba-1-wasīyatī.

To make a bequest Same as Bequeath.

The subject matter of a bequest—Woh mal-1-manquia jo mansha i hiba-i-wasi-yati ho; jo kuchh wasiyat ke ru se hiba kiya (diya) jae, shai-1-mauhuba.

Bereave, v t 1.—Kisī se kuchh le-lenā; kisī se koyī shai lekar use uskā muhtāj banā d; kisī shai se mahrūm k.; koyī chīz kisī se chhīn lenā (har lenā), lūţ lenā

"With of before the thing taken away." Webster,

To be bereated of one's friends—Kisi ke doston kā uske huth se nikal-jānā (hāth se jūtā rahnā ya'nī mar-jānā)

Bereavement, n. Mahrūm k. yā mahrūm hone kī hālat, mahrūmī, nugsān, hāth se ukal-jāna yā jātā rabnā—jaise ahbāb (doston) kā maut ke zarī'e se (marjāne ke bā'is).

Berth, n Mansab, 'uhda; nankarî; asāmī, jagah, kām [par haî He has a good berth – Woh ek ma'qūl 'uhda rakhtā hal yā ek achehhe 'uhdo

To gire a wide berth to-Kısı se dür (hate kanare ya pare) rahna

Beseech, v t 1.—Kisī se bahut minnat samājat k.; kisī se isrār ke sāth titijā k yā multajī h.; tlitimās k , pair par gunā hāth jornā yā balāyen lenā; gugujānā, dast-basta 'arz-ma'rūz k., pāwn paynā; bahut ārzū se (nihāyat girvīda ho-kar) kahnā.

Used before a

2.—Kisī būt kī darkhwāst k., māngnā; mustad'ī ho. yā istid'ā k., kisī shai kī insbat 'aiz k.

Used before a thing

Beset, v. t 1.—Kisī par kisī men yā kisi ko chāron taraf lagānā baithāļnā nasab k. yā jarud.

"A robe of azure keset with drops of gold " . Spectator

Miloyasandulrugki postak jemensmadnet mudelege (jajo naubyš teike) the 2.—Band kar-d jaise täh kä, ghen lent; ghere men dal d yümahsur k, muhasana kai lenä; charon taral so ghur-lenä

3.—Kısı par tüt parna (uspar bamla k ya hamla-awar h); kısı par a-parna; kısı se iah men ghat k., rah-zanı k.; kisı par churh-jana

(charhāyī k)

4—Chāron taraf se gher yā dabā kar bhāgnā dushwār kar-d.; ghabrā d, shashdar kar-d, harrān k; tang k, uljhāna yā uljhāw men dālnā, qabāhat men dālnā; mushkilāt men phansā d, nāk mon dam kar d, 'āliyat tang k.

Beside, prep. 1.- -Kisî ki bagal mon; kisî ko ek taraf, kisî shakha ya shar ke muzdîk (pās).

To sit beside a person - Kun dinkha ku hagal mon (uske ek taraf ya nagalik)

2.—Khāng; bībar; alag; nyārā; kisi rhat ke tan'mili alsile ke bālar (nake mutāliq nahm); mutabiq nahm par khilāf bhī nahm.

It is beside my present purpose to metale scientific terms in this work... If the fit yab more manshe nabed had ki ilim alies is kitale more dakhil karun.

To pur one beside his pulicum - Kil ko be sabi kur d,

3 — 'Alāwa; sikā; kisi se judā alag jā nyārā.

"In this use, he under is now more common." Webster,

To be besides one's self-Ifawas ne indiar ya had hawas hi; 'aqi kho baithna ya salb kar di; hu 'aqi ho jana; kisi ki 'aqi ka jata rahna ya mara jana

distinction between beside and beside it - That beside be used only and always as a proposition, with the original meaning 'by the side of', as, to sit beside a fountum; or with the closely allied meaning 'aside from or 'out of'; as, this is beside our present purpose; 'Paul, thou art beside thyself' 2—That besides, as a proposition, take the remaining sense 'in addition to'; as, besides all this. And that it also take the adverbal sense of 'moreover'; 'beyond,' &c. which had been divided between the words; as, besides, there are other considerations which belong to this case." Webster.

Beside, (adv. Usse ziyāda; mazīde-barān; ziyāda-azān; 'a)āwa; siwā; Besides, (mā-warā; usko chhorkar aur; shumār men dākhil nahīn; jo kuchh mazkūr huā ho us men shāmil nuhīn, hisī se alag yā judā. Besides, prep. See Meaning No. 3 ander Boside prep.

"I'his word, though radically the same as beside, and a corruption of it, ought not to be confounded with it, for it is rarely used in the senses explained under beside, except in the third sense." Webster.

Besiege, v. t. Ganîm (dushman) ko apne tābi' hone par majbūr kaine ke hye use musallah fauj se gher lenā, muhāsara k., ghere men dālnā; naiga k. yā naige men dālnā, gher lenā

Besieged, pp or a. Mahsūr; gheiā hat yā ghere men parā huā; jise dushman kī sipāh chāron turaf se ghere (muhāsare yā naige) men dāle ho

Besieger, a Muhāsir; muhāsara k w yā muhāsare men masrüf.

Besmear, v t. Koyî chiknî lasîlî ya mailî chîz ûpai se lagana, alûda k , bhar d , ganda k , dhabba lagana; maila k

Bespangle, v. t Afshāu jamānā yā k , sitāron se jar d vā sitāre jamānā khwāh lagānā, koyī chamkīlī chīz jagah jagah lagā d

Bespatter, v t I — Chhîte dalkar dağ-dar k ya dhabba lagana, panī ya kichar ke chhite dalna; koyî maılî ya na guwar chiz chlurak kar dag dalna; kısî par chlurakna [kalank lagana

2 —Buhtān lagānā, badnāmī kā dāg lagānā, badnām yā tuswā k,

Bespeak, v t 1—Kisī chīz ke hye pahle se kah-d. yā kah-iokhnā, kisī shai kī nisbat āvindi ke hije hiikin d ; kisī chīz ko pilile se lagā r kar-r yā uskī nisbat mu'āhada (qaul-o-qarār yā lāt-chīt) kii lenā; faimāish k [peshīu-govī k

2.—Kısı bat kı 'alamat pahle se zahn k ; pahle se dekhlanı.

3.—Kısi bat ke asar dekhlana; khanıı 'alamat ya sürat-ı-zahırı se kısı amı par dalalat k , sahıt k ; zahır k , numayan k , 'alamaton se batlana dekhlana ya zahır k

His manners bespeak him a gentleman — Uske atwar so zāhu hai ki woh mad i-sharif hai, uske tuz-o-tarīq se uske mard i-sharif hone ki 'alāmaten pāyī jāti hain

. Best, a. 1.—Darja i-ā'lā kī 'umda sıfaten r w , nıhāyat hī achchhā, sab se achchhā, bahut hī bihtar; 'umdatarīn; bihtarīn

**Applied indifferently to physical or moral subjects." Webster

The best man—Woh insan jismen darja i-a'lā kī umda suaten hoh; nihāyat hi
achchhā ādmī

The best cloth—Sab se 'umda kaprā, bahut hī khūb kaprā

2.—Jisne bajî taraqqî kî ho

The best scholar - Barā 'ālim wa fāzil shakhs

3 —Bahut hī sahīh thik yā durust, kāmil; pūrā pūrā; ahsan, aulā The best view of a subject—Kisī amr kī mabat iāc-kāmil mhāyat sahīh tajwiz yā uspar pūrā pūrā lihāz

4.—Nihāyat 'aql-mandī yā maslahat kī bāt, jo amı az-bas 'āqılāna aur munāsib ho; afzal ahsan yā mustahsan.

What is best to be done?—Woh kaunsī bāt hai jiskā kainā nihayat 'āqilāna aur maslahat i waqt (munāsib) hai?

To do one's best.—Jahān tak apne se pan pare koshish kar.d.; apne hatta-l was yā batta-l maqdūi (maqdūi bhar) fiki yā jidd-o-jahd kar.d., jis qadr daur dhūp ho sake kar.d.; jo kuchh apne qabū men ho (apue sa ho-sake) kar.d.; jahān tek zor mārte bane zor mārnā.

To the dest of—Qābū bhar, gunjārsh ke mutābiq; jahūn tak wus'at yā gunjārsh (pharlāw ya samēyī) ho: Jitoā ho-sake (ban-pare)- hāttā-l-was' yā magdār

At bost - Ba-darja-i gayat, intilal darje ko, jab nezar-1-gaur se dekhen.

Late is at best vay short—Agar achchhī tarah se dekheñ to zindagi bahut mukhtasar har (bahut thoro danon ka hai).

To make the best of -(n) Kin chiz se juhan tak faida uthato bane faida uthata, hatta-l-war khab must tid h.; a hehhi tarah kan mkalul, khub hi taraqqi d., kini shac ki hainyat jahan tak barhate bone barhana.

To make the best of a sum of money—Kisi mabbag (rapayo ki raqam) so preqadar farda utbate bane hada uthana (nese khub musiafid h. ya ham mkalna).

To make the best of a pure of land—Kiri qut'-s-atlizi ko khab taragqi d. (uski haisiyat hatta-l-maqdūi basha d)

(6)-Jihan tik ho adee hud ball (musibat ya takhii ku bat) ko guwana kar-lena, kisi ami bat ko jo mugub na ho hatta l maqdir apuo upan upa lena

To make the best of ill-fortune or a bad bargam—Kisi musibat ya muqsan ki bat ko jahan tak ho sake guwara kar-lena (use mbah lejana ya usac apna kam nikal lena)

Best, a Bari hi koshish, intiha ja darja-i-gayat ki jidd-o jahd; jis qadar hki-o-parawi ho-sako

To do one's best - See No 4, above.

To the best of one's ability—Jahan tak hounke yn ban pure; qubil yn magdur bhat; hetta-l-wan' yn latta l-magdur; jin qadar gunjandi yn samayr ho, ynna karto bano

Best, ad. 1 - Nuhayat hi; hahut hi, ba darjangayat; sab se barh-kar; sab se (auron se) sayada.

To love one best-Kiss ko babut hi ya sab so siyada pyas k (chabna).

2 —Nihîyat hi nat' ke sath; nihâyat hi sahalat ko sath; barî kam-yabî asanî ya munasahat ke sath, is tarah par ki bahut hi naf ya faida ho.

Which instrument can you best use ?—Kaun sā āla tum barī suhālat ao iati'm il kar-sakte ho? This medicine will answer best—Is dawā se barā hi naf' hoga (yah mhāyat hī kar gai hogi).

3.—Bahnt hī; khusüsiyat ko sāth; tamīni-o kamīl; tāmnia yā ba tarz i-kāmit, khūb, thūk-thūk; rag-o roshe sa; mū-ba-mū.

He knows it best-Woh une khub junta hai (usee waqifiyat-i-tamma ya kumla rai hiz hai; usho rag-o reshe se waqif hai).

"Bes' is sometimes used in composition; as, best arranged, best concerted, Sec; but these and similar compounds explain themselves," Webster.

Bestir, v t. Baiī mustvidī se kār-rawāyī k.; chatpat kām k , judd-ojahd-i-balīg (baiī koshish yā khūb daur dhūp) k.; khūb hāth pair mārnā yā zor-mārnā.

Usually with the acciprocal pronoun

Bestow, v t. 1.—Khazane mon jam'k.; hifazat ki nazar se rakh-d.; is garaz se rakh-d. ki mahfuz rabo; rakhat.

2.—Kām men lānā, isti māl k., lagānā.

3.—Denā, 'ata k.; bakhshish k. yā bakhshnā.

Followed by on or upon.

4.--Kısı se shadı ya nıkah kaı-d.; kısı ko byah d

He has bestowed his daughter upon a gentleman—Usne apaī beţî ki shādî ek bhale ādmī se kar-dī (urko ek bhale ādmī se byāh diyā).

Bet, n. Bāzī; jo hāi-jīt ke liye badā jāe, hor, jo kuchh do farīq ke mā bain kisī bāt ke muqābale ke nitīje khwāh kisī amr-i-muhtamalu l-wuqū' ke maāl-i-kār ke zubūi pai mau'ūd yā mashrūt ho.

Bet, v. t Bîzî lagānā; badnā, hor lagānā yā hadnā, shut lagānā badnī yā kainā, kisī ami-i-mutanāzi'a-fih ke natīje ke vuhūr par kisī bāt kī

shart k. (uskā qaul-o-qarār yā mu'āhada k.), hār-jīt k

Betake, v i Kisî shai kî taraf rojû'h ya rojû' lana, kisî shai kî taraf mukhatib h. (us men lagna ya dil lagana); kisî shai kî taraf harakat ya jumbish k (uskî taraf chalna)

With the reciprocal pronoun.

Betime, | ad. 1.—Achchhe waqt, waqt se, mauge' se; waqt-i-munāsib Betimes, | pai, jis waqt munāsib ho usī waqt, aisc waqt ki dei na ho

2.—Thore are men, thori der men, jald [se dekhlana

Betoken, v. t. 1.—Kisi amī shai se zāhir k. jo namūdār hoj 'alāmaton 2—Jo 'alāmaton manjūd hon unse pesh-bīnī k (kisī amr ko wuqū' kā pahle se izhār k); jo kuchh nazar ko āge yā m 'lūm ho usso kisī aisī bāt kā uishān d jo āyinda hone wilī ho, kisī amr-i-ma'iūf ya badīhī ke lihāz se kisī fi'l-i-mustaqbil par dalālat k.

A dark cloud often betolens a storm — Küll, büdalon so aksar yah zülm hota har ki tüfün zwegi (we beshtar tüfün ki imad par dalilat karte haja).

Betray, v. t 1 — Be-imānī karke dagā-būzī yā fareh kī rāh se dushmun ke hāth (ikhtiyār yā qabze) men de-d., dagā yā be-watāyī se de-d. yā 'ahd-shikanī k.

An officer betrayed the city—Ek afsar ne be-imāni se dagā karko sliahr par dushman kā qahza karā-diyā. To benay a trust—Dagā-bāzī yā be wafāyi se amānat men kinyānat k,

2.—Koyī bhed yā aisī hāt jo rāz-dānī kī nazar se batlāyī gayī ho khol-kar (ifshā kaike) be-i'tibānī kar-d, kisī kā hāl khol-d, kisī kā rāz fāsh kai-d (paida khol-d); dhokhā d; dagā k., dagā-dekar nuq sān pahuhchānā

To betray a person or a secret—Kisī shakhs kī parda darī k (uskā hāl khold yā use dhokhā d khwāh usse dagā k) yā koyī bhed khol-d (raz fāsh kar-d)

3 — Kisî aisî bêt ka jiska makhfi rahna maqsûd ho ya jiska poshîda rakhna muqtaza-i-'aql ho zabir kar-d., kisî parde ya kam ki bat ko khol d.

To betroy one's ignorance by improper acts—Na-munāsio fi'lon se apnī jihālat 4.—Gum-rāh k., dhokhā d; aisī taklīf men dāl-d. jiskī ummed pahle se na rahī ho.

Great confidence betrays a man into errors—Bahut bharos
ā karne se ādmī se galtiyān hoti ham

5.—Zāhir k ; batlānā ; us bāt kā zāhir k. jo bādiyu-n-nazar meň zāhir na ho yā jo be zāhir kiye chhipī rah jāe.

All the names in the country betray great antiquity—Us mulk ke kul namon se hari qadamat zahir hoti har

6.—Jis bāb mon kisī par takya kiyā jāc (bbaicsā rakkhā jāc) uski nishat dhokhā d (dagā d. yā khatā k.), jawāb d.

When he is writing, he finds his hand betraying hun—Likhne he wait use mallim hote his ki ush hath dagh deta khata karti ya jawab deta hai (nahin chalis ya woh usse likh mihin sakta).

Betraval, n. Dbokhā yā dagā d ; dagā ya dagā bāsī.

Betrayer, n. Jo dhokhā yā dagā de, dagā bāz; jo be wafāyī kare vā bewafā, jo kisī bhed ko khol-do; jo amāmat-dārī kī shart ko ķhilāi koyī fil kare.

Betroth, v. t. 1 — Mansüb k.; nisbat k; mangni k; kısı larke ya larki ki kısı düste se shadi ki nısbat pahle se qanl-o qatar k., kısı so äyında shadi kā mu'anada k; kısı ko yah zaban d. (usse yalı wa'da k ya ıska mau'üd honā) kı woh larka fulan larki kā zanj hogā ya woh larki fulan larke ki zanja hogi; shadi kan-done kā wa'da k.; shadi ki nısbat zaban ya qanl har-d ya wa'da k.

Used of either sex

2 — Kisī se āymda shādī kar-lene kā qaul o qartīr yā mu'āhada k,

kisī so shādī karnā qabūl kardenā, shadi k.

Betrothal, \ \n. Nishat; mangni; jin shakhson ki nishat (shādi ki batBotrothment, \ \chi \) thalme gayi ho anke ayında shādi hone ke bāb
men farīgam ke mā-bam bāh ani wa'da qani o-qarar yā mu'ālada.

Better, a 1.—Düsro ki mahat ziyada achehli safaten 1 w., bahtar; afzal; umdatar; achhāyi men kasi düsro se barb kar ya am achehlā

"Applied to physical, acquired, or motal qualities" Welster.

2—Rutho wag'ak sad mareli ya murasahat men kisi sa barh kar (uspar murajah ya usse afiai); ddere ki mahat ziyada pasandida ya mahita khwah kisi dusie amir meh tarjih diye jane ke qabil.

3.—Pahlo kī nisbat kom nearīz (bīmār), subbat i Jesmānī ke lībāz se ba nisbat pablo ke acheliba ; subnat (tan darusti) men taraqqī pāyo huye.

The patient is better - Web bimar (mails) ba-misbat sabiq ke nchchha hai, us bimar ki billat palile se acheblif ya bibtar hai

He has been ill, but is better now - Wah all (bluffe) that por ab acholika hai,

To be better off—Zayhdu-tur sehehlu hülut meir rolma, kim hülut i sübaqa kı nisbat khwah kım düsre ke maqübale meü khush hal füngu-l bal yü muraffahu-l hāl h.

To have the better of - Kisi diare so had kar h (used air il yo bartar h.); kisi par galaba ya fang rakhna (uspar galab ya fang rakhna (uspar galab ya fang rakhna (uspar galab ya fang rahna)

To get, or gain, the better of -Ki-1 par gainb and; kist so buyh jana ya sabqat lejana, kisi so jit jana ya uso hara-d.

For the better-Jisse faida ya bihtari (kisi amr ki ui-bat taraqqı) ho

Better, n. 1.—Galaba bartan ya fath

Usually with of

To get the better of an enomy—Dushman par gälib änä (us par fath-yāb h). 2.—Taraqqī; riyāda-tar 'umdagī yā naf'.

The change is for the better - In tubudale at ziyada tar and hoga (yah anr taraqqi ku ba'is hoga)

3 — Dāsre se barā yā huzung, darje 'umr yā mansab men dūsre se haih-kai ya taqaddum ka da'wa i w.

Usually in the plural.

tter, ad. 1.—Düsie ki nisbat ziyada 'umdagi se , ziyadatar hunar-man dī 'aql mandī nekī fāidc yā kām yābī ke sāth.

To perform work better - Kisī dūsre kī nishat kām kā achehhā yā ziyāda 'um dagī wegara, ke sāth k

2 —Zıyāda tar sılıhat yā takmıle ke sāth.

To understand a subject better than another - Kisî mazmûn ko dûsre kî nishat ziyada sihhat ya takmile ka sath samajina

3 —Dūsre kī nisbat ziyāda, dūsie se barh-kai.

To love one better than another - Kısı ko düere se barh-kar pyar k. (chahna) . "In general, it (better) implies what is more excellent, advantage-

ous, useful, or virtuous, than something else " Webster etter, v t Taraqqī d., bihtar k , kisī kī 'umdagī ko barhānā, aiu achchhā kar-d , islāh k ; sudhārnā.

Manure better a land - Khād se zamīn kī hazīyat baih-jātī hai (woh aur achchii ho jati hai }

etterment, n I.—Bihtar k yā bihtarī; tariqqī

2.—(Law) Woh taraqqıyat 10 kısı arazı ya alaqe (ganw ya manza' wagama) ki mishat zamin ke taraddud (jotne-bone) ki atzaish khwih nayî imaraton kî ta'nir ya gil andazî wagana ko zarî'o so kijawen, nırı marammat ke sıwa anı baten jinke kaino se kisi jac-dad ki haisiyat barh jäwe.

"Generally in the plural." Webster.

itween, prep. 1 — Fasl (bu d masāfat yā dūrī) ko qat'-i-nazar karke do jaghon ke bich men; darmıyan; bich men

2.-Ek se düsre ki taraf, ek se düsre ki taraf muntaqıl hone (guzarne) wālā jisse do shakhson ke darmiyan fi'lon kā sudur yā bāhami fachchhā hai

ıāh-o-rasm pāyā jāe. Things go well between the parties - Un donoù shakhson men äpas kā bai tāw

3 —Do ke darmıyan mushtarak ; jismen do ya do fariq se donon ke donon sharik hon (hissa rakkhen), donon fariq se nisbat r. w. Two friends have but one soul between them-Do dost ek jan hote hain (ya'ni goyā ek hī rūh donon ke darmıyān mushtarak rahtī hai), do dost ek jān

do qalib bote ham. 4.--Do se muta'allıq ya baham nısbat r w.

Discords exist between the families - Un donon gharanon men apas men shagre hain (nizā'-i-bāhamī har)

5.—Ek shai se düsrī shai ke ikhtilāf par dalālat k. w. (do ashyā kā bābamī ikhtilāf batlāne yā zāhir k w)

To distinguish between right and wrong-Jā wa be-jā men farq mkālnā (unkā ıkhtılāf-ı bāhemî daryāft k }

6 —Waqt mıqdar ya darje ke lıhaz se mutawassıt nısbat r w.

"Between applies properly to only two parties." Webster

Bewail, v. t.—Kısı ke liye bada tanı zahnı k. kısı ko waste zor se tona; nauha-garı k; matam k.; tanıj k, rona pitna, wawaila muchana ya k; gam k.

To beload the loss of a child-larke ke marne per behat kuchli rung aihir k.

(bahut rong-prima).

Bewarl, v i. Ranj zährr k.; izhār-i gam k.

Beware, o s Khubar dur ruhnā, hosh yār tahnā; thuyāt t. yā k.; muhtāt h., khubar t ; he-dār h yā tahnā; jo kuchh nā munisib muzn yā khatat-nāk ho us sab se parbez r., bachānā, ytmāb k.; bachā-ye (kauāre yā dūt) rahnā, chaukas rahnā; chaukannā rahnā.

"Followed by of before the thing that is to be avoided " Webster,

Bewilder, v t Ulhā d yā ulhāw men dālnā, pareshān k yā pareshānā men dālnā, ausī jagah men kho d. (bhulā yā gum kan-d) juhān rāh kā patā na lage, sīdhī sarak na hone kī wajh se ghahā d.. pech-dān (pur-pech) rāhon men dāl-kar pareshān kar d., hairān k; sar-gardān k, shash-panj men dāl-d.

Bewitch, v. t. 1 — Pasichir k. yā musakhkhai kardenā, jadā k. yā jādū se apne bas meň kardenā; fatefi i k.; muftun k.; apnā shadāj i banā lenā yā shadā kard.; isqadai kliusti k. ki zabt hāth se jāta iaho (dil qūbū meň na raho); moh lenā; har lenā; inghana; dil-rubāyi k., dil (man) ledenā.

Beyond, mep. 1 —Kisī jagah ke us taraf udhar ya uspār; kisī maqāta ke us jāmb jo sab se dār he aur us jānib se aise fāsile par jiskā mitha na he

Beyond a river, or the sea - Darya ya summadar par; darya ya samundar mapar ya udhar. Either a unlo beyond, or a hundred nules beyond the river-Adh kes udhar ya darya ke uspar pachas kes par

2.—Aise maqam ya waqt par jahan alitak pahunchna na lina ho (pahunchne ki nanbat na ayi ho), age

3—Bihar; khābi; berûn; pahunch yā rasāyi ke bāhar; kisi hadd-i-mu'aiyan ke bāhar, jahān tak koyi dūsii shai phaili ho usko bāhar (uske wus'at ko bāhar yā usse khārij).

Beyond comprehension—Samajh ke bahar; pemeh falim ko rasayi ya uska guzar na ho. Beyond one's power—Kraike ikhtiyai ke bahar (usko iqtidar ya haiyiz i-iqtidar ke bahar ya usae kharij), jismeh bao na ho ya bas khwah qaba na chale

4.—Üpar yā barh-kar; waqı 'nındagi yā kisi anr siiat men düsre se barā khwāh afzal; fanqiyat r. w yā sabqat lejāne-wālā, tarjīh r w yā murajjah.

One man is great or good beyond another—Ek shakhs düsre se barh-kar hair ya aohehha hoti hai (barāyi ya 'umdagi men uspar fanqiyat rakhta ya murajjah hota hai).

Beyond one's self—Apue so bāhar, apne jūme men yā apne men nahīn; kisī wajh se hālat i bekhudī men; az khud-rafta; kisī bāt se nihāyat hi magmum (rah) ya gam men).

To go beyond - Dhokhā d.; apuo pliande men phansana, dam-i-farob med lana.

Beyond, ad. Dür par ; paro ; adhar ; par.

\$ 1

Bias, n Taraf-dārī, ek taraf ko mailān; mail-ī tabi'at (dīl kā rujū' h); kīsī bāt par tabī'at kā ājūnā yā uspar dhul-jānā, jānīb-dārī; ta'assub, kīsī shar kī taraf mailān josse dīl kī bo ta'alluqī jātī rahe; lagāw, rujhān

Bias, v t. Taraf där k., ek jämb ko mukhāt ib yā māil k (jhukānā), dil ko kisī khās jāmb ko pher d , jāmb-dārī paidā k ; ek tainf ko

lagāw paidā k , ek taiaf ko dhulā yā dhulkā d. Bias, ad Arā; auieb; kharā yā sīdha nahm

Bi-coloured, a. Do-rangā, jismen do rang hon.

Bid. v t 1 — Denā, dene kī khwāhish zāhir k. khusūsān kisī chīz ke nīlām ke waqt yah kahnā ki ham is shai kī qīmat is qadar (itni) denge, nīlām ke waqt bolnā yā nīlām kī bolī bolnā; nīlām ke waqt shai-inīlāmī kī nisbat kisī qīmat ke dene par apnī āmādagī zāhir k

2 —Kahnā; kisī amr kā izhāi k jaise khwālish salām dhamkī yā

tahqir wagana kā,

To bul tarewell-Khair-bad kahna, Khuda haliz kahna

To bid deflance - Izhār-i-mukhālafat k

3 — Hukin d; hidāyat k, irshād k; farmānā; tākīd ke sāth kahnā To bid fair—Kisī bāt ke achchhe āsāt i; kisī bāt kī achchī ummed delahlānā, Lisī bāt kī achchhī rāh kholnā, bhalā yā achchhā ma'lūm h., honhār delah parnā; kīsī amr kā qarīna nek (achchhā) nazar ānā

Bid, n. Bolī; nīlām ke waqt qīmut kā izhār; nīlām kī bolī.

The decree-holder's bid was Rs 20—Digri-dan ki boli bis tupaye ki thi, digil dar bis tupaye qimat deta tha ya bis rupaye bola tha.

A high or low bid— Onchi ya niehi boli; ziyada ya kam ki boli; ziyada ya

kam qimat d.

Bidder, n Nilam ki boli bolue-wālā, jo shakhs nilam ke waqt boli bolo The property directed to be sold by auction should be given to the highest bidder. Lāzim hai ki jis jāc dād ki nilām kā hukm hud hui woh us shakhs ko di jāwe jīski boli sab se ziyā la ho (jo sab se ziyāda yā barh kar qimat de)

Biennial, a Do sāla, do-sāl tik tahne-wālā; jiskā winjū' do sāl men ek martaba ho; jo do baias men ek bār ho).

Biennially, od Do baias men ek martaba, do baras par yā do sāl ke ba'd; dūsre baras yā sāl.

Bıg, a 1 — Qad yā andāz men bajā; tūl wa 'arz (lambāyī aur chaurāyī) men barā, bahut lambā chaurā, bajā; 'azīm

"Applied to any body or object." Webster

2.—Hāmila; pair bhāiī yā pair se bhāiī; ummed ke din pūre kiye huye, jisko jald laikā hone wālā ho, jiskā pet nikal āyā ho. pet se, ummed se

"Applied to females and followed by with" Webster

She is big with child - Woh 'aurat hāmila hai; us 'aurat ko larkā hone-wālā hai

3 — Bharā huā yā pur—jaise kisī badī yā āfat se, jisse kisī amr kī wuqū' jald h w. ho, jisse koyī natīja (khusūsan burā natīja) jald paidā h. w. ho

4—Phailā yā barhā huā, phūlā huā; jo phatā chāhtā ho, kalejā munh ko ātā huā; rang yā gusse so bharā buā

"Thy heart is blo, get thee apart and weep" Shak.

Terrahl phata chahia hai (tera kalaja munh ko ata bu) kuma a ja kar ro 5 — Phala phala, jiska uda ya sarat so gurur paya jao; jissa ghaman d (takabbu) zahu ho

Big looks - Aisī chilwan jisso ghamand payā jāo.

Big words - Gurin ki baten; use kalain jinse izhir-i takabbur ho, bari bari baten, ding; shekli ki baten

6 —Himmat men barā; barā yā baland; diler.

A big heart-Dil jis men bati himmat ho

Bigness, n Barāyī, qad o qanast kā datāzī, chamāyī aur unchāyī men bajāyī; bahut wasi' aur baland h

Bigot, n. Woh shakhs jo kisi mazhabî 'aqide ine dastur ya rasm ki pa-bandî had se ziyada istar ko sath kare, mazhabî baten men hath dhamî k. w, muta'assib.

Bigoted, a Mukaasib, kisi mazhabi 'aqida rao dastur ya rasm ko hath ke sath am ankh bund karke manno wala (uspur bo-'aqlı ke sath sabb qudam), kisi tariq ya fariq ki jamb dari na-ma'qul tara par k. w. aur düsron ki rao ku kum lihaar w.

Bigotry, a 1.—Kisi khas 'aqide ya mashil i-dini ki had se and pa handi (ankh band-karke aur isear ke sath uski pairawi k.); kisi farq tahqa i mazhabi ya rao ke haq men be andaz garin joshi, ta'assuh i-mi-jaiz ya bara hi ta'assub, bari haj-dharmi.

2.—Muta'assılı kā 'amal ya masala,

Bile, n. 1.—Safrā; zahra; pittā.

Bad mızāji; dil ki bu huni, tursh mizāji.

To sim om's ölle—Kim ko had mestj. kat-d. (uska dil. barham km d.); ki l ko sërokhta-khëtir kar-d. (uska ranj dilëna)

Bilious, a. i — Futūr-i-safiā r. w.; maraz-1 safrāwī meň mubialā, jisko pit kī bīmarī ho

A bilious patient - Mariz jisko safrawi medi ho (jo ki-i maraz-i safrawi men mubtala ho). (prida ho.

2.—Jismen safre kî kasrat ho; jo haijān-i-satrā kī wajh se ho ya

A bilious temperament -- Safrāwi mizāj. Bilious symptoms -- Safrāwiyat ki 'alāmatch, 'alāmatch jo harjāma safrā se pakiā hon.

Bill, n. (Law) 1 — 'Arzı-rafırdı; istigüse kü suwül, woh nawishta jis men mudda'i apni mazlümi ke hülüt likhe; 'arzı-da'wü.

"Used both in civil and criminal cases" Webster.

2 — Musawwada-i-qanûn ya qanûn ka musawwada; qunun-i-gan-manzûr-shuda ka khaka, qanûn jiska nafaz maqsûd ho.

3.—Kısı shar ki qımat ya kısı khıdmat wagarra ke i'waz yaftanı kü hisab, je mal becha ya hawala kıya jac uski tatsıl mu' qımat; kısı khidmat ya kam ki tafsıl aur uski ujrat ki ta'dad.

A grocer's bill—Pansari kā hisāb ya'ni po jo chinch usne di hoù un sab ki tussil aur har sk ki qumat.

- A tailor's bill Darzī kā hisāb yā'nī un kapron kī tafsīl aui qimat jo darzī un tuyār karke diye hon yā un kapron kī tafsīl jo usne sīye hon aui har ek ki
- silījī kī ujrat 4 — Fard, tafsīl, bewrā, woh nawishta jismen kisī bāt kī sarāhat ho Bill of chaigos or expendituies — Yāltanī vā masārif kī tafsil ya ushā bewrī,
- Bill of charges or expenditures—Yāftanī vā masārif ki tafsil yā masārif tard-ī yāftanī yā masārif 5 —Māl-o-asbāb yā khās khās chizon kī bikrī kā ishtihār jo likh-kar
- khwāh chhāp-kar aise maqām pai lagā diyā jāo jahtii 'awām kī āmad-o iaft ho, ishtibār jo kisī manzar-i-tīm pai āwezān yā chaspān ho Bill of costs—Fard-i-hicāb-i ikhiājāt-i-miqaddama, miquidame ke masant
 - kī tafsīl yā uskā fard; muqaddame men kīsī fariq ke kul masārīf ke ruqūm kī katīyat Bill of sale—Woh wasīqa jo māl-a-manqūla ke faroķht ke waqt bāt' mushtarī

ke nām likh de, intiqui-nāma i-jāe dad-i-manqūla

"Answeiing to a deed of real estate." U chiter

Bill of exchange—Hundî ya handavî; woh nawishta jisko zarî'o so ok shakhs kisi düsie shakha se zar i mundarja-i-nawishta usko hamil ko ya jise woh dilawe dene ki istid'a kare

The drawer of a bill of exchange—Hundi k w. yā likhne wālā, likhi wilā, woh shakha jo hundavī ke zari'e se kisī ko rupnye dilāwe yā kliud garz le

The drawes of a bill of exchange—Woh shakha jiske nam yā jiske fipar hundi kījāwe yā likhī jāwe, fipar wālā

The acceptor of a bill of exchange—Hundi sakarne wälä; woh shakis jo hundavi ke tupaye ke dene kā wā'da k ue, upar wālā.

"The person on whom it (a bill of exchange) is drawn, is, before acceptance, called the drawer, after acceptance, the acceptor." Webster.

The payer of a bill of exchange—Yabinda-1 zer-1-hundavi; rakkhe will y i

jiske takkhe hundi likhi jit, woh shakha jisko hundavi ke rupaye dilaye ji wen ya woh shakha jise asi yabinda apne zar-i-yaftani ke wusui kaine ki ijazat de "The person making the order may himself be the payee" Webster

To accept a bill of exchange—Hundavî sakārnā yu'nī uske rupaye (dām) ke dene kā zumma dār h

To honour a bill of exchange—Sakārne ke ba'd wānbu-ladā hone par zirī hundavī kā adā k ; sakāre pichhe miti pūjne pai hundī kā dām patānā (denā)

[inkār k

To dishonour a bill of exchange — Hundī ke sakārne yā usko dōm ke dene se To obtain a bill of exchange at a discount, at par, or at a premium — Batte se barābar men yā barhtī se hundī lenā

- A bill of exchange payable to bearer or holder—Dhani-jog hundi; hundi jiske rupaye uske hāmil ya qabiz ko milen
- A bill of exchange payable to the party named in it-Nam-jog hundi.
- A bill of exchange payable to a banker or other trustworthy person—Sāh jog hundī.

 A bill of exchange payable ofter date or due date—Windī hundī. We hundi hi
- A bill of exchange payable after date or due date Mi'ādī hundī; jis hundī kā dām ek mi ād-i-mu'aiyan ke bā'd (mitī pūjne par yā mitī pūje) pate.

A bill of exchange payable at eight or on demand—Darsham hundi; hundi juka dam uske doklatte inde; palumelie turt pahunche dam ya pulimeni pariman hundi.

A bill of exchange of which payment is suspended-Khari hund; hand jiske

saktīme so upur wālā (drauca) mkar kare

A good bill of exchange — Chokin hundt, hundt jiske lene men jokhun (khaut muqsan) na ho, r'dibart hundt.

A duplicate vila of exchange - Hunth & path (uska musuma). [i-salis]

A triplicate bill of exchange - found in pur parth (uski tieri part yourself and

A bill of exchange paid up and retained as a voucher, or an original bill of ve change with a contine to of payment inscribed thereon—Khokhā; hundi ka khokhā, hundi jo dām done ko bi'd ba-taur subūt ke rukh lī jāc.

The arrival of a bill of evolunge at maturity, or the becoming or falling due of a bill of exchange—Kief hundr ki mated (mits) ki mangazi h (pājuā)

The term of a bill of exchange, or the period which a bill of exchange has to run
—M'ad r-hundari ya inindi ki muddat.

Price paid for a bill of exchange rate of exchange, premium or discount on a remittance by a bill of exchange—Hundavan ya hundavan; başki ya başhti. The acceptance rec paid by the acceptor of a bill of exchange—Sakinyi.

Acceptings of a bill of exchange, or undersement in proof of anceplance -

Ball-broker, n. Hundi kā dallāl; jo slinkhs hundivi ki dallāli kare (usli bikri kā bhāw thabrawo yā uski hit-chit tai bare).

Bill-sticker, a Manzar-i-am par jahtihar lagane eliaspan ya awezan k w Bi-monthly, a. Do-maha, do mahine men uk martaba hone wala; jo do do mahine par ho.

nd, v. t | Buidhnū; kisi chiz se buidhuā —masalan rassi dorī paļtū

dhajjî tasme ya zanjir wagatra se; lapet d.

Sometimes with wh.

To bind up a wound-Zakhin ko patți se bandh d. ya uske gird patți lapeț d.

2 -- Kısı tarah par rok thänbh ya bandh r. khwah qaid kar-r.

3.—Ma'mūli yā tabî'î 'amal so tok r. yā usmen māni' h ; ma'mūl ke mutābiq yā aslī tatah par 'amal karne na d.; qabz k, ya qābiz b-

Certain drugs or articles of fond bind the bowels—Ba'z dawsen ya gizheb antriyon ko baudh rakhti (unko'amal-i-mv'müll ko rak deti) haib; ha'z dawson ya khare ki chizon se qabz ho-jata hai (njabat khab nahih hoti ya pae khana khul-kar nahih ata).

4,—Kanāra got yā hāshiya lagānā, kisi ohiz ke hāshiye ker yā kānare par kuchh lagā-kar use mazbūr kar-d jaise kisi pahanne ke kapre yā farsh wagana men ; paluye par lohe kā band (bāl) charbānā.

5.—Ekthā sī yā bāndh kar chamrā wagaira ūpar charhā d.; mujallad k , jild bandī k. yā jild bāndhnā—jare kisi kitub kī.

6.—Wa'de mannat shart qaul-o-qarar hukm qandu farz ya isi qism ki dusri hat se pa-band ya majbur k.

The law binds hun to do so—Is unrike aujām par woh qanihum majbūr kiyā gayā han; is bat kā k. uspar qānūn ke rā se fara has. [harta-i-ulfat. Bound by affection—Mubabbat kā pā band (ususch phabat yā bandhā huā);

7.—Mu'āhade ke rū se khidmat pai majbūi k.; kišī khidmat ke anjām par ba-tarz-i-jāiz majbūr k

To bind an apprentice—Kisî hirîe wagaira ke sîkhis ke liye mu'āhide ke iti se majbūr k , shāgird kurānā yā kirî peshe wagaire ke sîkhise ki garaz se kisî karkhāna-dār ke jahān quul-o-qarār ke ba'd sipurd kar d (barthāl d)

Sometimes with out.

Bound out to service—Mu'āhade ke mutābiq khidmat par majbūr kijā gayā To bind out—'Adālat men hāzirī kā muchalka likhwānā

The witness was bound over to give evidence—Gawāhī dene ke liye 'adālat men hāzir hone kā muchalka us gawāh se likhwājā gayā

To bind to - Kisî se shādī kā qadi-o-qarāi k

To bind one's self to a wife—Kisī 'aurat se yah qaul-o-qarār (mu'āhada) k kx ham tujhe apnī zauja banācēge.

To bind up in — Kisī chîz meň jazb kar d., ituā mílā d ki kuchh farq na roh jāe, ek kar d.; duyī ko chhoiā d yā harf-i-duyī ko mijā d., ek men miljīnā

Bind, v i 1 —Saklıt ho-jānā, karā ho-jānā.

2.—Qabz hojānā, ruk jīnā; nābat sāf na honā.

3 — Lāzīmī h , farz h., la-budī h , chāi-nā chār kiyā jānā

Binder, n 1 - Bandhne-wala, jild-band; shiraza band

2 — Bāndhne ki chīz—j use dorī rassī pattī dhajji band wagara Binding, a Wājib, lāzīm, taz, wājibu l-ittībā; wājibu t-tā'mīl; lāzīm, farzī, jiskī wajh se koyī h'l chār-nā-chār (majbūran khwāhī-na-khwāhī yā zaiū) kainā pare

Binding, n 1 —Bandish, bandhan

2.—Band, pattī, jisse koyī chīz bāndhī jāe; kitāb ki jild ya'nī daftī adī silāyī wagana. [sawāmh i-'umrī] likhe Biographer, n Woh shakhs jo kisī khās shakhs kī zmdagī ke hūlāt (uske Biography, n 1.—Kisī khās shakhs ke sawāmh-i-'umrī (is bāt kā tazkim

ki us shakhs ne kis tarz par apuī zudagī basar kī aur kaise kaise kām apne jīte jī kiye)

2.—'Umuman tazkırat.

Bipartīte, a Do hisson men; jis men do muqābil hisso hon—jaise kisī qānunī mu'āhada yā tahnīi ke do hisse jo minjumla farīqain ke ok ek failīq kī jāmb se hon

Birth, n 1.- Wiladat; paidaish; janm

2.—Hasab-nasab; asālat, nasl; 'ālī-mzhādī, 'ālī-khāndānī, shruīf yā mu'azzas wālidam se paidā h

Jis hālat men koyī shakhs paidā ho; aslī hālat; paidāishī hālat.

4.—Paidā k, jannā (do larke huye) She had two children at a birth—Woh ek hī martaba do larke janī (use ek sāth 5.—Ibtidā; bunyād.

The birth of an empire—Kisi saltanat ki ibtidā yā bunyād.

Birthday, n 1 — Kısı shakhs ke paida hone (uski paidaish) ka din; kısı shat ki bunyad paine ya uske shuru' hone ka din.

2 — Sāl-girah; baras-gānth; kisī shakhs kī paidāish ke hisāb se sāl-i-paidāish ke ba'd har sāļ mahīne kā wohī din jab woh paidā huā ho

Birthplace, n. Woh bulda shahr yā mulk jahān kisī shakhs kī paidāish ho; maulid; watan-raslī; woh jagah juhān se kisī shah kī ibtidā ho Birth-right, n. Kisī qism kā istihqāq jo kisī shahhs ko paidāish ke rū se

hāsil ho, haqq-i wilādat; irs

"It may be used in the sense of primogeniture, or the privilege of the first-born, but is applicable to any right which results from descent"

Bit, n. Kisī chīz kā usqadar hissa jise kāt yā muhh men linkh saken; luqma, nawāla, kaur, kisī chīz kā ek chhotā tukṛā; zarre ke baiābar yā zaiā sā, thoiā sā; tauak.

"This word is used, like jot and whit, to express the smallest

degree," Webster

He is not a bit wiser or botter than before—Pahle ki nisbat dünâyî ya achbayî men woh zarî bir (zarî sa bir kuchî bir yê mutlaq) bihtar nabîn har yanî jon ka ton ya jarec ku taka hir.

Bit by bit - Tuled tukņi ; kaid zira , thojā thojā ; rattarakta ; ba tadry.

Bite, v. t 1.—Dānt so kat khānā ohabā janā yā judar lenā; dasnī, habaknī; phār khānā; dank mātuā

2.—Jalā ya pagjinga d.

Pepper ours the mouth - Much so much fal juit yn papara uthta hai (juha yn bhabhakue lagts hai yn usinen bar; julan pada hoti hai).

3.—Sardī yā pālo se nugsān zarar yā sadma pahunchāna (mār yš jalā d.)

4.—Pakar louž yž v.; dhar lena ya v.; kisi chiz mon chipak jans

To bite in - Tunbo ya lobo waynira ko barban men tezab eo kat k.

To but the dast, or the ground - din-kundom men par-jant; halat i naz' ya usz' men ho jana.

He made his enemy bite the dust-Usuc apine dushman ke halit-i-naz' men kar-diya.

Bitter, α 1 — Karwā, talķh; titā; toz; jiske khāno se ma'lūni ho ki zabān katī yā jalī jītī hai

2. —Sakht, shadid; 'azim.

Bitter county - Sikht 'adavat, khusumat-i shadid; bari dushmani.

- 3 —Karwī—jaise bāten; sagat yā sakht— jaise kalimat; tanz se bharē huye—jaise kalām; nasīhat fazhat malāmat yā sar-zanish se bharē buyī yā sakht-sust—masalan hiten.
 - 4.-Jo bahut lago yā chubhe, taklīf dih; jo nā-guwār ma'lūm ho.
 - A better cold day—Jis din sardı kı shiddin nö-guwür ho, jaşe ka dın jab sardı badan men chubhe (bahut laga)
 - A bitter blast Hawl kā jhoka jo na guwar ho ya badan men chubhe.
 - 5. Jisse dil ko taklif ho, afat-nak; musibat-nak; sakht, shadid.
- 6.—Ranj se bhatā huā; pur-dard; gam-nāk; jisse takhī zāhir ho.; jisse afsos paidā ho; pur-malāl yā ranj-dih.
 - A bitter complaint And faryad justs faryadı ku taklil zalur ho; başı shikayat; wolı dad-bedad jusks sunne se alsos ho. *

猛

Bitterly, ad 1 — Sakht; khūb, shiddat so, hare afsos yā ranj ke sāth; amī tarah par hi bahut ranj zāhir ho; ehhāti yā sar pīt pīt kar; dhār mār-ke; phūt-kar.

To neop betterly—Khab 100%; dhar mai-kar roud; and roud june sunne-wale sample ki 100e wale bare ruj men hai.

2 -- Shiddat so yā bu tarz-i-shadīd; hare zajr-o-tanbīkh ko sáth; tezī sc, kaiwāyī se; nāk bhaun charhākar; gazab-nik ho kar.

To censure betterly - Malamat i-shadid k , karwa ho-kar ya nak bhann charhakar jhirikna beri jhirki d

Bitterness, n 1 — Tolkhī; kajwāhaţ; chīzon men woh khāsiyat jisse zabān kā maza bigar-jie

2—Bari dushmani, 'adāwat; khusumat, kina; bugz; malamat yā tanz kī sakhti, harā qalbi sadma, dil ke bare runjīda rahne kī būlat. Bi-weekly, q. Jiskā wugu' do do hafte par ho; jo do hafte men ek bār ho.

Bi-weekly, a. Jiskā wugū' do do hafte par ho; jo do hafte men ek bār ho. Biah, v. t. Fuzūl jā be-pauvāyī se baknā, blied yā khafīf khafīf bāton Fā jī-kholkur yā be tamīzī se kahnā.

Blab, v z. Behūda baknā; bak-bak k.; qissa khwānī k.; idhar udhar kī būton kahā k.

Biab, n Jo bied khol-do yā parde kī bāton kah-de; bakkī; chhirhhorā; jiske pet men hāt na pache; ochbā, pet kā halkā yī kum zurf, jo bilā isnisār (be-pūchhe) kisī ke nij kā hāl dānio se kah-de.

Blabber, n. Vuile supra.

Black, a 1.—Kājal yā koele ke rang kā, kālā; siyih; aswad; shab rang yā shab-gūn.

2.—Bahut sıyalı ya kala, andbora, tarik; jıspar abr (badal) so

tārīkī chhā gayī bo.

A black cloud - Kala badal

The heavens black with choids—Asinin pispar badal ki tarihi chhilyi ho

3 — Magraum, ranjida; chibre par gam barastā huā yā udās: chibyī hoyī; mutafakkir; chib ba-jabih.

4 - Nihāyat buiā, az bas qabih; khauf-nāk; bad, gam-nāk; ranj

lwar.

A black deed or crime - Koyī mbāyat qabīb fi'l yā jurm (barā hi hurā kām yı jurm)

Black and blue-Weh kālā pilā rang jo badan par chot pahunchne ke hal chot kī jagah gosht men pandā ho jatā har.

To beat one black and blue - Kini ko märte märte nila pila kar-d (use kinib i mäinä)

A black sheep—Kısı gharune ya suhbat men aisa shakha jo auron ki manind n ho aur logon ko taklif diya kare

Black, n 1 - Jismen sapedī na ho; barā kālā rang

2.—Habashī; kāle taug kā ādmī; zangī, kāliyā

Kāle kapre; mātamī poshāk.

To be clothed in black-Käle kappe (matamī libāe) pahue rahnā.

Black and white-Likha ya chhopa hua; quiani ya mathu'a.

I must have that statement in black and whate-Woh bayan mujhe likha chhapa hua chahye

Blacken, v. t. 1 .- Sıyalı ya kala kar-d.

2 — Tārīk kar-d ; andhera kar d., chhā-jānā— jaise tārīkī kā bādal se

3—Dâg yā dhebhā laganā—jaise nok nāmī men; bad-nām k., rūsiyah k; munh men kālak (siyāhī) lagām, ruswā k; kalank kā tīkā lagāmā

Blacken, v. t. Kala ya siyah ho-jana.

Blackguard, n. Zalil sluktus jo adatan galijan baka kare ya 10gon ko buri buti galiyan diya kare, kamina ya nich admi, lucheha, pap. bud-ma'ash

Black-hearted, a Siyāh quib; tīra dil; had hītin; khabīs; jiske dil men khabīsat ho, kīna-war, jiskī niyat burī ho; jiskā manshā achehhā na ho.

Blackish, a. Sıyah-fām, sıyāhī par māil, māil ba tīragī; kuchh kuchh kūlā.

Black-mail, a Naud jins vā maweshi jo qadīm zamāne men Iglistān ke shanāli aur Skatland ke jimubā bisse men dāknoù ke shankoù ko jūt pāt se bachne ke liye lag diyā karte the; rupuye wagama jo dhamkā kar yā bad-ma'āshī ki rah se kisi so jabrīya hyo jāwen

To lovy black mail - Bud ma's do ko rich so khunh ankhon dokha kar kim se enpaya nagalia ka kina

Blamable, a Mulman kanāye jāne ke gābri; gābri i-dzām; mustaujīb i-dzām; chashm munāyi jā sacramsb ke lāng; qusūr-wāt yā tagsū-wār, gunuh-gār, juspar ilzām lag sake ya wārid ho-sake.

Blame, v. t. 11/2m d.; mulanu samajhna, quaur war tusawwur k. ya thahrana, sanzansh k.; kisi ki mahai apin na mir ya na pasandidagi

zihre k.; kisi par harf e.; kisi mod maga uikalma

Blame, n. 1.—Ilzām; qusār kā ittihām; sarzamsh; la'nat malāmat, kisī amr ko be-jā samajh kar uski mshat apni nā razī kā izhār; harf-gīrī 2—Jo sar zamsh yā nā pasandidagi ke qabil ho; jurm, gunāh, taqsīr

To blame or to be blamed—Qabil i ilsani, mastanjih-i ilzīm ya sai-zanīshi; jiski

niebat nā-rīzī yā nā paeminidagi zahir ho sake.

Blameful, a. Qusür war; ilxanı ko qıbıl, jo manrid-i-ilxam bo-sake, sazawarı-surzanish; gunah-gar; təqsür-war.

Blameless, a. Be queur; be gunah, jiski nishat na-khushi zahir karne ki koyi wajb na ho; ma'sum; dzam so bari ya pak; he-'aib.

Blameworthy, a. Samo as Blamable.

Blank, a 1. -Safed rang kā, had rang; jiskā rang faq ho.

2.—Khauf se zard yā rang urā huā (faq); pareshān; muztar; ghabrāyā huā; mutahaiyar; shikasta-dd; malūl; pazhmurda khātir.

3.—Jispar kuchh likhā yā chhapā na ho; khāli, sāda; korā; safed. Blant paper - Sada kagaz, kāgen jispar kuchh nikha yā chhapā na ho

4—Jismen woh shai na ho jo usko pūrā karne ke liyo ma'mūli yā zaiūrī ho; khāli; nitā, malīz.

A blank wall-Khali diwar yaini diwar jameh dai waza wagana na hod

Blank deel or document of any kind (Law).—List quan ki destrives yo wange ki ma'muh chhapa hua ya qalami namung jispas nam tarikh hudud ya sur khus khus zarit baton ke hkhus ki yazah chhut risti has.

Blank indorsement or an indorsement blank (Law)-Kisi hundi ya parmosari lot per suf becht karne wäle kä näm likhkar chhor d. yä'nt us shakhs ka nām na likhuā jisko hāth vā nām bochī ki-jāe

Bleak day or weeders-Darwize ya khirki ka dar po diwar men bana kar chhor diya jae, darwaze ya khuki ki shabih, chobbi.

Blank, n 1 - Koyî khûlî pagah, kûgaz yû kisî nawishte par khûlî jagah

2. Qur'a usse kuchh hasil na ho; qur'a andazi men woh tikat

jispar kisî m'am kî ta'dad na likhî ho.

3 —Be-līkhā kāgaz, sāda yā korā kāgīz; kūgīz jispar koyī mishān Woh kagaz Jispar kisi qism ke qanuni musiqe ka vā hurāf na hon mazmun likhā ho par vām tārīkli aur tafsīl wagana ke likh dene ke hye jā-bajā khīlī jagah chhūtī ho.

Blast, n 1.—Bahnā yā chalnī; hawā kā jhokā yā jhakorā, aisī hawā

iisse kisi shar ko muqsan pahunche, bad 1-muzu ya muhlik.

2 —Hawā kā jhokā jo dhauknī wegura ke munh so unklo, bhatthī men loho wagaira ke galane ke liyo jis qada: dhauknī kā dhauknā zarŭr ho

To melt so many tons of iron at a blust-Ek muitaba dhaukin se loke ke itue tan galā d

3 - Woh awaz jo kisi baje ko phūnkne se pauda ho, awaz jo ch saus men paida ho.

4.—Pahār wagana kā bārūt se urānā yā jisqadar bārūt us kām men

lāvī jāe.

5 —Jānwaich aur paudhon par yakbāigī āfat kā ājānā (unmen ck tarah ki bimā:i)

Blast, v t. 1.- Nuqsan pahunchana-jaise kharab hawa se ; khushk kard , mār d , pazimuida k , kisī qisin kā burā asar pahunchā ko barhne aur phalne na d; jula yā jhulas d

2.—Kısı qısm ki bala-ı-nagahani nazıl karke (koyi afat ya musikat yakbargi dal-ko) tabah barbad garat ya nest-o-nabad kar-d. (mita d. va bagi rahne na d.)

3.—Bārūt se urā d.

Blast, v a Mar-jānā , murjhā jānā ; pazhmurda ho jānā.

Blaze, n. I - Woh raushani aur garmi jo kisi chiz ke jalno ki halat men paidā ho; lapat; shu'la, lau Every house in the street was in a blace on the night of the illumination -

Jis rāt ko iaushanī huyī thi rāste par ko sib makānāt pai nūi kā ek 'alam tha

Shu'le kī sī raushanī, phailī huyī raushanī.

3 --Kısı achehhi bat ka phūt ya phail jana ya uska khūb zahir hojānā; kisi khabar kā dūr-o-darāz tak phadnā, r'lān, kisi bāt kī barī sbuhrat aur numāish

Blaze, v. i. 1.—Bhabhaknī; dhadhakuā; mushtahl h., shu'la-zan h.;

lapat māinā.

2 — Dar tak khūb rausban rahoā yā chamaknā.

3 —Numāyān h.; mashbūr h. yā namūd r.

Blaze, v. t. 1.—Dür dür tak mā lūm karānā yā janānā; dür-o-darāz tak mashhur k.; shuhra-ı afaq k., mushtahar-ı-'am k.; angusht-numa k.; numāyān k.; tasht-az-bām k ; naqqāra bajānā yā dhandhorā pituā.

Bleed, v. i. 1.—Lahū bahnā: kisī wajh se khūn nikalnā

The arm blowls - Dazn so lahu bahta har.

2. Mirne yā zabh kiye jāne se marnā.

 3.—Katne yt fasa khuluo ki wajb se khun ka nikalna bahna ya tapakna, ras 'araq yi gond la bahna -jaise darakht se.

The heart blends-141 khan hun jula han ya'ne hunadurdi ya turs he wajh se

dil ko bară hi ranj hai (gāyat darjo kā malina-i-qalla hai)

Bleed, v t. 1 -- Fisd kholuā; kisi rag ko chii kur (uski fasd lekar) jism se khūn leuā yā nikālnā.

2 -Ras gond yā 'araq bahānā.

Bleeding, n. Nük se khūn kā bahnā; fasd kholuā jā lenā; kisī darakht

se uskā 'araq uikālnā.

Blemish, v. t. 1.— Bud-sürat k.; shakl bigār d.; kısı sudaul yā 'umda obiz ko khatāb k. yī usmen nuqsān pahuhchānā; jism yā dil ko bigāj d yā usmen kisi tarah kā nags padā k

2 – Kisi ki nek namî yî chal-o chulun men dag ya dhabba lagina ;

badnām k., ruswā k., izālu-r-brusiyat t-'urli k

Blemish, n. Kisi turuh kā nags vā 'anh 'ām isso ki woh jismānī ho yā dilī; koyī shai jisso husu men futūr ā jīo (ķinūb-sūrtī ghat jāo), qubh, woh shai jisso koyi sudaul chiz kudaul (bud-sūrut) yā nikammī ho-jāo; woh bāt jisso nekuamī men dāg ya dhabbā lago, kalank yā kalank kā ţīkā.

Blend, v. 6 Kk men milánt yá sliámil kar-d.; khuli-mult kur-d.; makh lus k.; judi judi chuoù ko is tarah par ek kur-d ki unmen phir tamez

na ho-sake.

Blend, e i Mil jānā; ok ho-jānā; ektiba ho jānā; ronkhlūt ho jānā.

Bless, v t 1 — Khush yā shud r.; kānt-yāb sar-sabz yā barkhurdār k; kisī ko phala-pbūlā yā ķhush 1.; dunyāwī bāton men taraqqī d.; barakut d; mubāruk k.

" Eless to both nations this ampioious hour." Dryden - Yah nok si'at (shubh

ghari) donoù quumou ke muistenk he.

2.—Kısī ke haq mon bihtarī chāhnā; kısī se yah kahnā ki tum khush rabo yā Khuda tumben khush rakkhe yā tumbārā bhalā ho; du'ā d.

3.—Taqdīs k.; du'ā park kar mutabarrak (pāk) garār d.

4.-Jo kuchh faida pahunche uske 'Iwaz men ta'if ya barayî k.; khubiyon ke 'Iwaz men sana khwanî k.; liamd ya madh k.; sanahna; kisî kî barayî gana

5.—April tayin khush tasawwur k. ya samajhua.

To bless from - Kist se mahltur ya bachana; kisi se panah ya ama men r,

kısı sə bachaye rahua.

"We met that vilian (God from him me Mess!)"—Spenser. Us bad-zat se ham logon se multique huyi (Khudu mujho usse mahius rakkhe yu bachiye rahe)

Blessed, a. 1 — Khush; mahxüz; khush-o-khurram; shād; khushī meh basar k. w.; m'matoù kā r. w.; Jispar kisî kî barî mihrbanî ho.

2.—Khushi d. w. yā jisse ķhushi bāsil ho; khushi se bharā huā;

hag-bag

3 — Rühānī khushī r. w. yā uske muta'allıq; jannat kī m'mat kā mutassarrıf ya uske muta'allıq, mujibu-d-da'wat.

4.—Pāk; mutabairak; januatī; bihishtī.

Blessedly, ad Khush-waqti se; khūbi i-naqt se, khush-nasībi se; khushī se vā khushī ke sāth.

Blessedness, n Khushi; mimat, bijusht ki khushiyan; Khuda ki mihrbanî ya uskî 'mayat; Khuda ka kaiam o fazl, rahmat-i-Ilahî, Janāb 1-Bārī kī barakat yā shafaqat.

Single blessedness - Tajarrud kā halat, kuārā pan; nā-kad-khudāyī; khushī jo fi nafsi hi hāsıl ho

Blessing, n. 1.—Khushî kā zarî'a, koyî 'atiya faida ya naf', jisse taraqqî aur tahbūdī ziyāda ho; m'mat, barakat, ganīmat.

A just and pious judge is a great blassing to the public - Munsif aur Khudaters hākim 'awam ke liye ek barī mi'mut hai ('awam men aise hūkim kī bar, barakat hoti bai ya uska dam babut ganimat samjha jata hai)

"How blessings brighten as they take their flight!" Young.

Ni maton ko jeb par lagte hun (lab namoù zaväl ata hai) to we kitni khush numi ma'lüm hoti ham Qadrı m'mat ba'dı zawal

To look upon a person or a thing as a blessing - Kisi shukha ya chiz ke ganimat samajlinī (usko apuī khusliī yā fāide kī bā'is tasawwar k)

2.—Khudā ki rahmat barakat jā uskā fazi

3 — Da'ā; da'ā-rkhar, dasre Li khushi ki khwāhish ki izhār. düste ki khushi ki iltya.

Blet, n. Phai men sajahat ka dag, woh dag jo phai men uske sorne ki

hālat men par-jātā har

Blight, n. 1 — Tarah tarah ke sadme ya 'arize jo nabatat ko hote ham aur unkî wajh se we bi-l-kul ya kuchh kuchh zai' ho jate ham 'am isse kı yah kaifiyat kîre wagane ke sabab se paidā ho yā hawā kī tāsīr se, garmī; hardī, pālā, jholā, koyī shai jisse paudhe kliushk hon yā murjhā jāen.

2 - Woh bat jisse kisa ke mansabe paro na hone pawen; woh bat usse kisi ki ummedon men zu'f J-jie (uski nihāl-i-umnied khusk yā

pazhmurda ho-jie yā uski ummedon par pālā par-jāe).

"A blight seemed to have fallen over our fortunes." Disraeli. Zābir men bamāre nasībon par pālā parā thā

3 —Ek tarah kā kīrā jisse mewon ke darakht zāi' ho-jāte hain.

Blight, v t. Pāle wagama se mār-d., khushk kar-d ; jhulsā d.; barhne aur phalne-phulue na d., mar-d.; ummed zai' ya munqat' kar-d (mar d.)

Blind, a 1.—Jise quwwat-i-bāsira na ho 'ām isse ki yah nags paidāishī ho yā pādaish ke ba'd kisī wājh se lāhiq huā ho, basīr; nā-bīnā; andhā, kor yā kor-chashm, jieko nazar na ho yā jishī nazar kho-gayi

ho; jo dekh na sake.

2,-, 1. cir s' : " sr . a na ho (jo bātoù men tamîz na karsake), |---' - ... the ... skī 'aql kī ārikh par parda parā ho; nsko samajh na ho, nsmet baton ke samajhne ya tamiz ki salahiyat na ho kor latin; dil ka andha. jahil: jishi ankii men dhal para ho

Authors are blind to then own defects—Musannif apne khās 'nyāb dekh nahm sakte (unki ānkhen apne naqūis ki taraf se band hoti hain yā unko apne bhul-chūk ma'lūm nahīn hoti)

"Blind should be followed by to, but it is followed by of in the phrase blind of an eye" Webster

3—Jo nazar na awe, jo madd-i nazar na ho ya jise sab leg dekh na saken; jo chhipa ya pardo men ho, jo taraki men ho.

A blind corner—Gosha (kon) jise sab log dekh na saken.

4 — Muhmal; tärik, jiskä häl juld ma'lüm na ho-sake; jiskä patä
äsäni se lag na sake; jo juld samajh men na äwo; aisi hälat men

jaise koyī chīz andhe ke nazdīk ho; jo 'awām ke madd-i-nazar na ho; nij kī; makhfī; poshīda yā chhipī huyī; jo logon ko nazar na pare.

A blind manuscript—Hāth kā likhā huā jo parhā na jāo; andhī yā muhmal

A blind manuscript — Hāth kā likhā huā jo parbā na jūc; audhī yā muhmal tahrīr

A blind path - Aisî rah jo jald na mile.

5—Jishmen raushani yā dokhuo ko liye rauzan wagura (sūtākh yā khirkī wagaira) na hon; band; be munko wagaira kā; Jismen rakhue na hon [na hon.

A blind wall-Diwar jo band ho ya'ni ranshani wasara ko biyo jismen takhne 6-Jismen tamiz ya wuqut ko dukhl na diya jao; jo bo samphe-

6—Jismen tamīz yā wuqūt ko duķlil na diyā jāc; jo bo samjhebūjhe kiyā jāc, jis men ihtiyāt kām men na lājī jāc
The blind approbation of a plan - Be-tamīzi ko sāth (inkh mūid-kar) kleī tajwīz

ki mankūri.

lind, v. t. 1.—Andhā kar-d. yā banā d.; basārat so mahrām k.

2.—Tārīk k.; aisā kur-d, kī ānkli so dokh na puro yā samajh men na āwe, chhipā d; dhokhā d.; āukhon men dhūl dāluā lind, n. l.—Koyī chīz jisse raushanī ki āmad rok dejāwo (raushunī bhitar āne na pāwe); koyī shai jiskī wajh se dūsrī shai dokh na pare, parda, chilmau; jlulmul; oḥ; nadhyārī yā andheiī.

A blind for a window or for a horse-Khuphi ke hye jinhad parda ya chilman khwah ghore ke hye andheri.

2.—Koyî bat jisse ankh ya 'ngl ko dhokha ho.

hndfold, v t. Kusi ki ünkhen band kar d. chlupā yā münd d. yā unpar parda dāl d., ankhon men pattī lagā d. yā undhorī do-d.; dekhno men māur h.

lindly, ad. 1.—Be dekhe ya samjho.

2.—Be-tamīzī se; be sabab ke mālum kiye; andhe kī tarah; chupchāp, be-soche-bichāre, bilā taftīsh wa tahqīqīt; ānkhen band karke yā ānkh mund ke; bhorī kī tarah.

To be blindly led by another— Be samphe-būjhe düsre kā kahnā karnā; andhe kī tarah düsre ke chalane se chalae, jo kuchh düsrā kahe woh chup-chāp yā ānkh kān band karke mān lerā.

dindman, n. Andhā; nā'bīnā; sār.

Hindness, a. Andha-pan; na bînayî; kor-chashmî, be 'aqlî; jihalat. Hind-side, a. Woh pahlû jo qawî na ho; jis bat men nazar khata kare, kamzorî; zu'f, naqs; 'aıb; lagzish' Blink, v. v 1.—Ānkh kī palkon ko jald jald kholnā am band k.; ānkh milnulānā, palak mārnā yā miehkānā; ānkh jhapkānā, jis shakhs kī ānkhen kamzor hon uskī tarah ānkhen dabā dabā ke yā palken ko^{*} iah rah kar khol am band karke dekhnā.

2 — Timtimānā, jagmagānā yā Julmilānā—Juse chirāg yā sham' kā.

Blink, v t Nazar-andāz kar-d., tāl d. yā chhor d ; jān-būjlikar bachājānā yā 'amadan dar-guzar k.

Blink, z. Jhalak, ek nazar dekh lenā; zarā se dekh pānā

Blinkard, n 1 —Jo ānkhen dabā dabā ke dekhe, chondhlā yā chundhlā, jiski ānkhen kamzoi hon

"Among the blind, the one-eyed blinkard reigns." Mar well.

Andhon men kānā tājā hotā hai; andharon men kānā tājā.

2 —Jo dhundhle sitāre ki tarah timtimāyā kaie ya'nī kabhī dekh pare aur kabhī nahīn (chhip jāe)

Bliss, n Darja-ı gâyat ya ıntıha martabe ki khushi, 'ālā qısm ki khushi khususan januat ki khushi; bihisht ka haz. [mussür

Blissful, a Nihāyat mahzūz aur khush, bāg-bāg khush; darja-i-intihā ko

Blister, n Ābila; phapholā, chhālā, jhalkā

Blister, v. i. Abile ya phaphole parna; chhale parna

Blister, v. t. Abile paidā k yā phapholā dālnā

Block, 1. 1 — Lakrī yā patthar wag ma kī sillī jo aksar ek taraf chauras hotī hai, lakrī kā kundā, patthai kā dhokā yā chaṭtāu, koyī thos aur bhātī chīz, lakrī kā ṭhīhā yā lohe kī mhāyī use kātīgar kām men lāte ham

2.-Topi wagaire ke liye lakri kā dhānchā yā sinchā; golā; qālib,

kālbud. Topī kā namūna yā uskī waz' khwāh shakl Topī.

3 — Makānāt kī musalsal qatār; 'imāraten jo kuchli dūr tak ek

düsre se lagî chalî jîen

4.—Koyî rakāwat yā rukāwat kā sabab; sadd-1-1āh; thokar; amr-i-māni'; woh bāt jo kisī dūsrī bāt men hānj yā hāil ho, khār Block, v. t Āmad-o-raft (āne jāne) kī rāh band ku-d, rokuā yā band

k.: bīch men koyī rukāwat ki chīz rakh kar rāh band kar-d.

Often followed by up.

To block up a road—Sarak yā sāsta band kar d , koyî rukāwat kī chīz rakh-kar sarak par line jāne kī rāh rok d

To Wood out-Shakl kā qāim k. shuru k , daul dāine lagnā yā daukyānā , mtizām ke sāth qāim k, ; tarah dālnā yā tarah-andāzī k

To block out a plan-Ki-i tejwiz ki shall qam k. ya u-ki terah dalna

Blockade, n. Kısı jagah ko sıpāhıyon yā jahāzon se band kar-d tākı jolog ghere men par-jāen unkā bāhar kā ānā yā un tak dūsron kā pahunchnā khwāh khāne pine yā larāyi ke sāz-o-sāmān kā unko milnā band ho jāe aur bagair iske ki unpar qā'ide ke mutābiq hamle kiye jāwen we bhūkh aur ihtiyāj se tang ākar apni tayin dushman ke ikhtiyār men kar-den.

Błockade, r. t. Kisi shahr yā qal'a men āmad o-raft kī nāh ko lashkar yā jahāz se band kar d. tākļ jo log bhītar par-jāwen we bhūklion marne aur kisī shai ke na milne ķī wajh se majbūr ho-kar dushman kī ntā'at

qabül kar-len.

ockhead, n. Ahmaq; kunda i nä turäsh; bad damäg; kürh-magz; jisko amajh na ho, be-aql; gäwdü; müraklı (mürklı); kam-fahm; ullü yö ullu kā patthā, kandan.

od, n. 1.—Lahū, khūn: surkhī; lālī. [jaddī nehta 2.—Qalābat jo ek mūres a lā so paidā hone ke zarī'e se ho, yak

3 - Nasl; khāndāu; anlād; hake-bile.

4 — Wālulam-1-mu'azzas so paidāish; 'ālī nizhādī; sharāfut wa majā batī khāndān; nutfa i-sharif so paidāish; 'ālī ķhāndānī, hasai) wu jasab kī buzurgi.

A gentleman of blood - Mard-i-sharif jo willidain i-ran'azzaz se paidā ho, bli nizhād mard-i-sharif, woh bhabī admī jukī padāush nutfa-i-shārif se ho najion-t tarfan

5 —Shāhi nasl, bādshāhi khāudān.

A prince of blood.—Shah-zāda; hādshāh yā shahanshāh kā beta 6.—Khān kā bahānā; jān-sitānī (jān kā tenā); qatl; halākat

7 - Mizāj , josh-i-tabī'at kī hālat.

"Often, in this sense, accompanied with cold or warm, or other unlifying word." Webster.

To commit an act in cold blood—Koyi fil did to dannia aur blit ishti'di i nagaliën k , koyi këm janbujh kar aur mui hëlat men k, jab tabi'at men yakëyak gussa padde na huë ho

Www blood-Ishti'al-i-tab'; mizij ka jala bhuna za gusso ka lialat men nahiri

To whom or heat the blood—Is hun ke josh rose land; the men josh pada ke; tabi at ke mushto'il ke; the at the ubliffing.

"Qualified by up, excited feeling or passion is signified" Webstar My blood was up — Mera khun josh men tegrya, meri tabi'at men josh ya gussa pada he-grya (mujhe josh ya gussa a-gaya).

8.—Ātash-mizīj slinklis, jiskī tabī at jald garro ho-jāc yā gusie ien ājāc; āg-bagūlā.

9 - Kısı chiz ka 'araq paka rang surklı ho,

Whole blood (Law) — Woh quidhat ya rishta jo ban aur mah donon ke zari'e sei ho, rishta-i-lusahi wa nasala; haqiqi qarabat; rishta jo walidam-i-wahlid ke tawasal so ho; rishta-i-a'iyani ya 'ami'

Half blood-Rishta jo sorf bap ya man ke zarre se ho; ushta-i gair haqiqi; rishta-i-allati ya akhyati, qarabat jo mmpunda wahdain ke siri ek so haril ho

Brothers of the whole blood—Ek in man bap ke bete; do ya said blisyi jo walidan-i-wahid se paida hon, bendanan haipaji ya haqiqi bhayi; baradanan i a yani ya ami

Brothers of the half blood—Bhayî jinke wilibain mushtu ak na hon; sautele bhāyi, aklyāfi yā 'allāti bhāyi yā'ni agui do bhāyi ek hi mān am jude jude bip se hon to whathyān kahlāyenge aur agai wo pidai-r-ahhil wa mādir i judāgāņa se hon to allāti bols jācige.

d, v t. l.—Ķhūn nikālnā yā lenā; fasd kholnā yā lenā. 2 —Ķhūnālūd k. yā ķhūn so ālida k. (bhai d.); ķhūn khūn kar d.

d-bought, a Jojān de ke milā yā hāsil huā ho, jiske hāsil kaino on khūn bahāyā gayā ho. Blood-guilty, a. Khun kıye huye; qatl kā mujrım.

Bloodless, a. 1 .- Jismen khūn na ho; murda.

2.—Be khûn-rezî ya qatl ke; bila kusht-o-khûn.

A bloodless victory - Fath jiske hāsil karne men khiin-rezi na ho,

3 — Be jān; jismen 'ulu-l-'azmī yā musta'ıdı na ho

Blood-relation, n. Haqiqi rishta där, qarabat-i-sulbi 1. w; goti; yak-jaddi Bloodshed, n Khūn-rezi yā lahū kā bahānā, kusht-o-khūn; qatl, mārkāt, jān kā lenā, khūń-rezi kā jurm.

Blood-stained, a Khūn-ālūd yā khūn lagā huā; jismen khūn kā dāg

lagā yā uskā dhabbā parā ho, khūn kā mujrīm Blood-sucker, n. 1 — Lahū chūsne-wālā jāuwar; jonk.

2.—Be-daid vā be-lahm shakhs; khūnī . qātil. [khūn-khār; khūnī Blood-thirsty, n Khūn kā pyāsā yā tishna-i-khūn, khūn-iezī kā khwāhān, Bloody, a 1 —Jismen lahū lagā ho, khūň-ālūd

2.—Khūń rezi kā 'ādī; saug dil aur wahshī mizāj; khūń khār; khūnī

3 - Jiske sath ya jismen khun rezi ho, khun-khar; jismen berahmi ke fi'l kiye jaen.

A bloody battle -- Larayi jismen khûn rezî he (jismen bahut se log mare jaen ya bahut se logon ki jan jae)

Bloody-minded, a. Be-rahm aur sakht mizāj; wahshī, khūn-khār.

Bloom, n. 1 — Phūl, khili huyi kali ya guncha-1-shigufta.

2 —'Umuman phulon kā phulnā yā kaliyon kā khilnā; phule huye

phūl yā woh phūl jo phūl rahe hon.

3 — Woh shabab kā 'ālam jiski tashbīh phūlon se dī jāe; khūb-sūrtī tar-o-tāzagī aur quwwat men taraqqī, phūlon kī kaliyoù kī tarah khilnā ya'nī bālidagī aur tandurustī men taraqqī pāte jānā, 'unfuwān; charhtī uthtī yā ubhartī juwānī

The bloom of youth—'Unfuwan-i-shabab, raihan-i-shabab, bahar-i-juwani,

jawani kā ubhār ya ágaz-1-shabab.

Bloom, v 2 1.—Phūlnā; phūl d yā paidā k.

2.—Ubhār par h ; ubhartī juwāni kī hālat men h.; phūlon kī sī khūbsūrti aur tāzagī dekhlānā; 'unfuwān-i-shabāb men h

Blossom, n. Phūl, gul.

when we have reference to the fruit which is to succeed. Thus, we use flowers when we speak of shrubs cultivated for ornament, and bloom in a more general sense, as flowers in general, or in reference to the beauty of flowers." Webster

Blossom, v. 1.—Phūlnā phūl lenā phūl lagnā yā phūl ānā; baurnā

yā baur lenā; shīgufta ĥ; khīlnā.

2.—Phalnā-phūlnā; sar-sabz h aur taraqqī pānā; 'urūj pānā aur sāhib-i-iqbāl h.; gul khilā rahnā yā pbūl kī tarah shādāh aur shigufta rahnā

Blot, v. z. I — Raushanāyī (siyāhī) kā dāg lagānā, siyāhī kā dhabbā lagānā yā usse dāg dār k.; siyāhī kā chhīṭā dālnā yā siyāhī chhīṭaknā

2.—Badnāmī kā dāg lagāzā; badnām k., kalank kū tīkā lagānā;

ruswā k boābrū k, sūrav yā hayat digār d.

3.—Tanrîr (lıkhāwaț) jā haifon ko siyāhi se is taiah miţā d ki we phir dekh na paren yā pahehāue na jā-saken.

Generally with out

To blot out a word or a sentence—Kiet late ya jumlo ko is tarah siyahi se mita d ki woh phir nazer na awr.

4.—Anā kar d ki phir dokh na pare; miļā d.; bhulā d.; mahw kar-d, mahw aur mausī k; dho d.; sāf kar-d.; nest-o nābūd k, phir rahne (yā bāqī khwāh qāun rahne) na d.

With out

"One act like this blots out a thousand crimes" Dryden.

Is qısın ke ek tilse hazāthā jarātin mit-jāte (logon ko bhūl jāte) ham Blot, n. 1—Dāg yā dhabbā—jarse siyālii kā kāgaz par.

2 - Kısı lıkhı ya ehhapı elüz la mıta d.

3—Nek nāmī men dāg, dhabbā, bo ābrūyī, kalank kā tīkā yā kalank, nags; ab, bad nāmī yā bad nāmī kī bīt.

Blotter, n Woh kachehi bahi ya chittha bahi pismon kul hisab ya

mu'amale silsile ke mutabig likhe jite han

Blotting-paper, m. Sokhta; siyāht uthāno ka kāgaz; ek qism kā kāgaž jisse tar siyāhī is garaz se jazh karayī (sokhtyī yī khushk karāyī) jātī hai ki usko dāg kāgaz jar na pareu; kagaz-i-jāzih (zor se māmā.

Blow, n. 1 —Zarb, mar; war, chot, thappar ghase ya kisi hathiyar so A severe or violent blow - Zarb i-shadad; sakht mar; and mar jisse chot lage

A fatal blow - Zarb-1-mubble; and mai juse marrob ki jan nikal jus

To give, or strike, a blow - Minut, such huging, massible.

To strike a fatal blow - Zarb-i multik lagana; nin war k. ki usse maxiab mar-

2 — Musibat dāluā; wolt afat jo yakāyak ā-paro; balā i-nāgahānī jā shadīd.

To come to blows - Jang 32 laray i mon mastif h.; larno lagno.

From words they came to blows-Bakon hi baton men (but harte karte) we laine lage (un men mar-jul hone lage).

At a blow-Daffatou; yakiyak; ek lu martaba ki koshush men; ek hi bath y'i war men; ek hi larayi men.

"At a stroke is used in like manner." Webster.

Blow, v i. 1.—Chalná khwali jumbish ya hurukot k.; buhna.

The wind blows - Hawa challe (balit) hai.

Often used with it.

It blows a gale - Hawa toz chaltī hai.

2.—Hānphna; dam phūlnā, bahut yā jald jald sāns (dam) lenā.

3 —Phunke jāne par bajuā— jaine singhe yā turhī kā.

4.—Phūlnā; gul khilnā, shigufta h.

"How blows the citron grove " Millon.

Woh chakotare kā bag kuisā phillā hai (usmen kyāhī gul khilā hai yā kaus phill phüle hain)!

To blow over—Yūibiā nikal jānā; nikal yā chalā jānā; band h yā thar jānā; mauqūf ho-jānā; firo h. yā dhiffā (pat) pār jūnā.

The storm has blown over - Tufan jätä rahli (andhi nikal gayi).

The clouds have blown over—Bidal mkal-gaye (chale gaye yī muntashar ho gaye, ur gaye)

To blow up — Bārūt ke zor se hawā men ur jānā, bārūt ke urne se tūt phūt kar ndhar-udhar (muntashar) bo jānā.

Riow, v. t. 1.—Phūnknā; munh se yā dūsre zarī'e se kisī chīz ko hawā nahunchānā yā denā

To blow the fire - Ag Lo phunkua.

2.—Hawā ke jhoke se chalā yā āge ko hatā d.

[gay ā

The tempest blew the ship ashore-Tufan ke zor se jahaz hat kar kanare lag

3 —Bajānā yā phūnk-kai bejānā

To blow a trumpet - Turhi bajana.

4.—Mashhūr k.; phadāuā; mushtahar k.; zāhir k.; khol d., fāsh k

5 —Ande d —jaise makkhıyon kā.

bbar d

6.—Phünk-kar banānā; hanā bhar-kar phulānā yā barhānā, hanā To blow hot and cold—Kui shai kī misbat ek wagt meň n'āyat k aux dūsre wagt be i'imāyi se pesh ānā, zāhir men munāfiqat aur mukhālafat donon k. yā munāfiq aur mukhālafat donon mā'lūm h, kisī amr kī misbat kabhi rū-baiāh rahnā amr kabbi rū gardān, hālat-i-shamsī wa qamai men rahnā.

To blow of (a) - Hawā ke zer se girā d

To blow off fruit from trees - Hawa ke zor se phel ko darakhton se gira d.

(b) -Zamin (khushki) se hatī d -To blow off a snip-Hawā ke jhoke se jahāz ko khushki se hatā d.

To blow out - Hawl ke jhoke se bujhl d yl gul k - jaise sham' ko

To blow up (a) - Hawā se bhar d; phunk-kar barhānā

To blow upta bubble-Hubab ya bulbule ko phunk-kar barhana

(b) Phulā d , barhā d

To blow up one with flattery—Kisi ko khushāmad se phulā d. (ueki khushāmad is qadar k ki woh phūl uthe)

(c) Ubhārnā , ishti'āl d yā mushte'il k , bharkānā.

To blow up a contention - Kisī jhagre yā takrār ko ubhārnā (usko bharkānī yā usmen isbti āl d.)

(d) Bārūt se ujā d tor d yā muntashar kar-d

To blow up a fort—Kisi qai'a ko bārūt se urā d

(e) Darham-barbam k. yā ŋakāyak nafi kar-d ; hawā kar-d ; uṛē d.; kal-'adam k yā daf atan sāqīt kar-d.

To blow up a scheme—Kisi mansübe ya tajwiz ko daf'atan saqit kar-d. (use nafi kar-d ya ura d)

To blow upon—Ruswā k., dāg lagāna; maurīd-ī-'ītāb k. yā be-i'tībār kar d, be-qadr bad-īnaza yā nā-kāra kar-d

Blunder, v 2. Khayāl ke bante (muntashar) rahne yā dil men kısī bāt ke ıstıqlāl ke sāth qāim na hone kī wajh se barī bhūl yā chūk k. (khatā-i-'azīm k.), be-ihtiyātī yā gaur-o-hkr na kanne kī wajh se galatı k.; koyī bāt be soche-bichāre jā samjhe-būjhe k, koyī kām atkal pachchū k.

Blunder, n. Woh galati jo nādārā aur be-lhtiyātī kī wejh se ho; galatī jo kisī ami ko ķhūb samajh-kūjhkar na karne ke sabab se ho, baņ

hi bhul ya galati-1-'azim, gulati jo be parwayi jihalat ya be-wuqufi ke ha'ıs ho.

"A blunder is a mistake or error of the grossest kind. supposes a person to flounder on in his course, either from carelessness, ignorance, or stupidity" Webster.

Blunt, a. 1 - Jiskî barh ya nok motî ho, kund, tez nahîn-jaise koyî ala 2.-Kund-zihn, jiskî samajh moti ho; jismen baton ke jild

samajhne kī tāqat na ho, batīu-I-fahm.

3.—Bol-chāl men tamīz na r w.; sādalauh; sīdhā-sādā; akhlāq wa ādāb kā lihāz na r. w., kaj khulq; bol chāl kā bhaddā yā kudhangā Blurt, v t. Yakāyak yā be-samphe-būjho kah-d.; be-taammul zāhur kar

d. (khol d.), kah-barthui, bol-uthui; bak-d; phat se kah-d.

"Commonly with out and applied to words" Wibster

To blart at - Kini kî nisbat hiqërat se guft-gu k, mazanimat k (burë bhilë kahnā), hansnā yā ta'na-ganī k.

Blush, v t 1.-Surkh ho-jinā; surkh yā gulāhī rang r. [jänī 2.—Sharm paroshānī yā hijāb se rukhsāron yā chihro kā surkh ho "Followed by at or far before the cause of blushing"

Blush at your views-April butdiyon per shaminda bo. Blush for your degraded country. Apus mulk ki khasta hith par pasheman ho.

Blush, n 1 -- Surkh ya surkhi-mad rang, gulah rang

2.—Sarkhi jo galon (rakhsaron) ya chibro par shuun gunah-gari huāb vā hanat wagana hī bālat men ghabrāhat ke bū'is chiā jātī har 3 —Dafatan nazar ana, yakayak dekh parai.

Blushing, p a. Galon ya chihee pac suikhi chliayt huyt, lat-bhabuka; shigufta; khila hua; duraklishan

Blushing, a Surkh ho-jana; rukhsaron par surkhi ka namud

Board, n 1 - Lakii kā takhta; woh lakii kā tukrā jo patla chirā ho aur motājī men kum par lambājī aur chaurijī men zīyāda ho aur 'ımaıat ke khwah kisî aur kanı men awe.

"When very thick, as over one and a half or two inches, it is usually called a plank." Webster.

2 — Mez jis par khāno kī ohizen rakkhī jāch.

"The term board answers to the modern table, but it was often movable and placed on trestles." Webster

3.—Khāne lī chīzen jo mez par chunī jīch; khānī jo augāt-imu'aiyan par khāyā jāc; khāne-ploc ki chīzen, gizā khānī yā khurīk

jo qîmat lekar dî-jawo 4.—Woh jalsa jo msmām-i-kār ke liye mun'aqid ho, koyi majma' yā jalsa jo ba tauru jāiz tunn'aqul ho; kisī kampanī (jamā'at) ke

muntazımın khwah sipurd daron ya kamishnaron wagane ka majına' jo jazz tariq par qamı kıya jawe; koyı mahkama ya kaunsal.

5.—Jahāz kā takhta yā uskā andarūnī hissa.

On board, aboard, or on board a ship-Jahaz par.

6.—Woh mez jispar koyî khel khela jûe.

A chess-board - Takhta 1-shatranj.

7 — Kāgaz ki daftī jo kitābon par lagāyī jātī yā aur kāmon men ātī hai

8.—pl. Tamāsha-gāh men woh jagah jahān tamāshe kiye jāch.

To go upon the boards, or to leuve the boards—Tamāsha-ganī k. yā us peshe ko

Board, v. t. 1 — Takhte lagānā hichhānā yā takhta-bandī k , takhton se To board a house — Makān men takhte lagānā yā takhta-bandī k.

2.—Kısī jahāz par dostāna yā mukhālifāna charh-jānā

3 - Mu'awaze ke 'iwaz men khānā khilānā yā khānā khilānā aur rahue ke hye makān d.

A man boards ten students—Ek shakhs kisi qısın kā mu'awaza lekar das talaba ko lhana khılata hal.

Board, v. v Kısı mu'anaze ke 'ıwaz men auqat-ı mu'aiyan par khana

yā khānā aur rahne kī jagah donon pānā,

Boarder, n. Woh shakhs jo qimat ya kisi qimat ke mu'awaze ke 'iwaz men düsre ke yahan ma'muli waqton par khana paye ya khana khaye aur rabne ki jagah bhi paye

Boarding-school, a Woh madrasa jismen talaba muqim rah kar ta'lim

pāen aur khānā bhī khāch.

Board-wages n. pl. Naukaton ko khane ki ujrat, khuriki.

Boast, v. i. Shekhī k baghārnā yā hānkuā, dīng māmā; taallī yā dūn kī lenā; apnī barāyī āp k. yā apne munh se miyān-mitthū bannā, apnī liyāqat ma'īshat yā apne kāmon kī numāish khud apuī zabān se k; mubālage ke sāth khud-sanāyī (apnī ta'rīf āp) k.; fakhr k.

Usually followed with of

Boast, v t. 1 — Fikhriya bayan k ; apnī ta'rīf ke hye kisī shai kā tazkna gurūr fakhr yā bajī khushī ke sāth k.

2.—Apnī barāyī k , apne ko buzurg samajhvā; kisī ummed par

pūrā bharosā karke khush h.

Reflevively.

Boast, n 1 — Numāish gurūr yā faķbr kā izhār; dīng; shekhī, taallī; lantarānī, hānk.

2—Fakhr kā bā'is; woh bāt jispar garrā kiyā jāe, woh amr jispar kojī nāzān ho; woh bāt jiskī wajh se kisī ke dil men baiī khushī ho Boastful, a. Shekhī bāz, apne har shai kī barāyī k. w.

Boasting, n. Apnī numāish; khud-sanāyi; shekhī, dūig; taallī.

Boat, n. Kıshtî ya kashtî, naw, dengî.

"Different kinds of boats have different names, as, long-boat, jolly-boat, ferry-boat, large pinnace, cutter, &-c." Webster.

Boat, v. t Kishtī par ek jagah se dūsrī jagāh le-jānā. [pār lejānā To bout goods across a lake—Māi ko kishtī par rakh-kar jhīl men ispār se us Boatman, \ n. Nāw kā chalāne yā khene wālā, mānjhī; dānrī; khe Boatsman, \ waiyā; mallāh; kewat, kashtī-bān.

Bode, v. t. Jo kuchh äyında hone wālā ho uskī 'alāmaten zāhir k.; kısī bāt kā shugūn yā fāl h., pahle se dekhlānā; peshīn-goyī k.; kısī bāt ke āsār dekhānā.

Bode, v. i Pahle se dekhānī yā zāhir k.; āsāi dokhānā.

Bodily, a. 1.-Mujassam, jismen jism ya māddī sūrat ho.

2.-Jism ko muta'alliq , jismām , badanī ; jismī.

In distinction from the mind.

Bodily defects—Naqua i pismum, woh 'sab ki büten jo jism men hon Bodily, ad. 1 —Mujussam, pism yā mādde se milā huā.

2 - Sab kī sab , bi-l-kul ; taināmtai ; mujassam.

Body, n. 1.—Kısı jan-dar ka qalıb ya dhaneba, jısın, tan; badan; delr.

"Distinguished from the spirit, or vital principle." Webster A dead body-Lash ya lasha, muida

2.—Kısı jänwar darakht fauj ya mulk wagaira ka juz-r-azam khwah khas ya mutawassit hissa.

The body of an animal—Dhar ya'ni sar wagaira ko chhor-kar khās jism ke bich kā kissa. The body of an army—Flang ke bich kā hissa; qalb. The body of a country—Mulk ke bich kā hissa; washi-mulk. The body of a document of witing—Kisi wasiqe ya nawishta kā matin yā'ni uske shuni' yā akhīr kā hissa nahih balki asl mazinan. The body of a docd—Matin-z dastāwez ya'ni dastāwez kā 'nawan ani uske khātime ki 'ibarat aur hāshiy i par jo kuchh gawahi wagaira ho us sab ko chhor kar ninā dastāwez kā mazinān.

"In distinction from parts subordinate or less important, as the extremities, branches, wings, &c" Wilster.

3.—Shakha; rusān; bashar; mutanafils.

"Sometimes alone, most generally with same or no; as, samebody, nobody." Webster.

4.—Woh bahut se log jinmen koyi 'am qism ka ta'alluq ho aur kisi maqsad ke anjam ke liye wo batuur ek jama'at ke qaim hon; jama'at; guroh, mandali, jinund, tana; gol; zuga; jama'iat.

Alegislative body—Woll log jo quinin bundacke liye maqarar hon; xasjma'-i waz'iza-i qawzain. In a boly—Yak jii, ok sath, ektha; ok hokir; jhand ki jhand ya gol ki gol; mandali ki mandali.

5—Majmū'a, bahut si chizen yā bāten jo okaṭṭhī kar dī jāon; bahut sī chizon kā ijtimā'-i-'ām; nazm; zakhīra; khazīna.

A body of laws -- Majmil'a-i-gawiiniu.

Boil, v. 1.—Khaulnā; garmī se ubāl yā josli khānā; ubaluā; auntnā; phūtuā.

Used of liquids.

2.—Garmī ke sıwā anı kisi wajh so khanl uthnā yā ubāl khānā.

3—Garm h. yā garmājānā; garm joshī men ānā; harakat yā josh men ānā

His blood boils with anger — Uskā khūn gusse se josh men atā haz.

Phūtte pānī men h.; pānī wagairā men josh yā ubāl hhānā.

To boil away - Ubal khāte khāte bukhār (baph) hokar ujjanā.

Te boll over - Ubal chalnā; garmī kī ziyādah se bahut josh khākar bartan ke' upar se bah jānā.

Boil, p t 1 — Khaulānā vā josh d; auntnā; ubālnā; is qadar garmī pahuńchānā ki josh khāne (phūtne) lage.

To boil water-Pāvi ko josh d yā ubālnā

2.-Josh dekar banānā yā judā k.

To boil sugar - Josh-dekar chini banaua

3.—Khaulte pānī wagaira men dāl-kar pakānā sāf k. yā isī qism kā aur koyī natīja paida k

To boil meat—Gosht ke pānī men josh d yā ubālnā. To boil clothes—Kapre bbaṭtnī chaṇnānā ya'nī khaulte pānī kī girmî se unko sāf k

Boil, n. Phojā, phuriyā.

A blind boil - Phor I jo na pake yā adh-pakā (khām) rah-jāe.

- Boisterous, a. 1.—Pur-shor, jismen barī āwāz paidā ho, dhūm-dhāmi yā dhūm-dhām kā, tund, tez, shadīd, pur-āshob, tūfan kī mānind baland-āwāz yā pur-āshob.
 - A bossesous wind—Tund yā pur-āshob hawā A bossterous storm—Tūfān-a shadid; dhūm-dhāmi āndhī
 - 2.—Pur-shor: gaugiyî; dhüm-dhāmî; shorî, hangāma-khez; dange-bāz; kalla-darāz. Jo shor-sharāba dhüm-dhām yā dangā fasād machāwe A boisterous man—Gaugāyī yā dange-bāz shikhs
- Bold, a 1—Jo khatre se na dare yā usse munh na phere yā more; jo jokhim (khatre) men parne men āgā pīchhā (pas-o-pesh) na kare, be-bāk; dilei; juwān meid; bahādur, shujā; meidāna yā jismen mardānagī ho; jarī; mi-dar yā be-khauf, himmatwar, tīhe kā yā tīhe uālā, buzdil darpoknā yā kādai nahiń.

"Applied to men or other animals" Webster

2.—Jiske aujām men jurat daikār ho; jo himmat jā dilerī se kiyā jāwe; jisse 'āli-himmatī aur khatie kī tahqīr sābit ho yā jismen yah donon bāten matlūb hon, jiskā mansūba mardānagī se kiyā jāwe.

A bold design—Irāda yā mansūba jo matdžnagī se kiyā jae

- A bold enterprise—Koyī barā kam jismen 'ālī himmatī ('uln-l-'azmī) aur bekhaufī darkār hoyā jisse in donon baton kā izhār ho; koyī diletī kā barā kām
- 3—Had se ziyāda shokh yā gustākh; baiā be-adab, apnī hai bāt par had se ziyāda estidlāl yā takya k. w, bajā hī mutakabbir be; hayā yā be-sharm, be-lagām yā munh-phat, jo bilā-taammul kuchh kar yā kah baithe, gair-muhazzab; bad-lihāz yā be-lihāz, shokh-chashm; sīr-charhā.

In a bad sense

4.—Jismen hadd-i-ma'mūlī (jāda-i-i'tidāl) se kisī qadar tajāwuz kiyā jāe—jaise 'ilm yā fan wagaira kī kisī bāt men, jismen kisī umr se darguzar na ho; jiskī tasnīf yā 'ibarat men āzādī pāyī jāe

A bold tale — Aısā dāstān 10 āzādīnā yā be-bāk-āna kahā yā bayān kiyī jāe

5.—Bahut numāyān, jispar fauran nazar pare, nihāyat hī namūdār; khūb ubbrā yā niklā huā.

To make bold—Āzādāna bartāv k., rusūm i-ādāb ke khilāf 'amal k ; munīsabai yā husn-i-aķhlāq ke ba. 'aks 'amal yā kār-rāwāyī k. Boldly, ad. 1.—Mardāna tarīq par; jurat ke sāth; dilerī se, be-khaufī se, dar ke nahīn, be bākī se yā be-bāk-āna; tayaqqan ke sāth; apno mar inbisār yā bhatosā karke.

2 -Be-hayayî se, shokhî se, gustaklî îna

Bolster, n 1.—Lamba takya jispar bastar par lebe rahne ki halat men

log sar rakhte ham (jo sirhāne rakkhā jatā hai).

2—Gaddī yā tosluk jispar sone se jism par kahūn se dabāw na pahunche, gaddī jo zaklim ku tīpar is hyo rakli di jate hai ki uspar pattī bāndline men taklīf na ho.

Bolster, v. t. 1.— l'akye wagawa ka sahara d.

2 —Sambhālnā, tāyīd k.; taqwiyat yā madad d., qānn r Bolster, v. i Ekthā yak-jā yā ek hi toshak yā guddī par letnā.

Bolt, n 1 .- Tir; ban, khadang

The bolt of Cupid - Tshq kā tir yā bān.

- 2 Lohe wagaira ki billî agrî chhiţkanî wagaira jo darwāzo ke band karno men kām āti lini.
 - 3.—Bytī, bajr.

4 -Boil; zanjîr.

Bolt upilyht—Tir sī sīdha yā khajā; ndayat hī ndha ya rāst qal; sihī qad Bolt, v t 1.—Darwāze men bil ī wagaira lagānā (usko agrī billi yā chhitkunī wagaira se band kar-d).

2 — Jak ig-band kar-d.; roku i ayuā ya bāz r. [bak d

Yakbangi munh va sabān se nikāl d.; but uthmā, kab uthma,
 Be-chubāyo nigal jānā, yakbārgī balq ke nishe urā jānā.

Bolt, v. t. 1.—kisî chîz ko châl ya chhan kur uska dabîz ajzā ko bārīk ajzā se judā k. jaise chokar ko ato se, kisī salal so judā judā k. qisinwar alag k. yā saf k.

2.—Ohlank, taftīslik; mā-shigāfīk, nafsul amr ko rag-o-rosbo ko dekhnā; asl happat ke daryāft ke lije kisī mazmān ko har ek

hisse ko judā judā k yā kholn i.

Generally followed by vist.

3—(Law) Muqaddamát ki bahs men mushshäqi ko liye tanhäyi men (ya'ni uwam ke ru-barû nahin) mubahasa ya taqrir k.

To bolt to the bean.— Is takunie ke sath jamb k. ki jitni kam ki bat he sab alag salag ya ma'itm be jat, kisi bat men baji chhan taftish yi just coji k, aisi chhan k ki dadh ka dadh am pam ku pam he jat, kisi ami ki tahqiq wa taftish is nahi par k ki keyi daqiqa makhfi na inh-jao; haq aur lati ki tafiiq k

Bolt, v. z. I — Duf'utan (yakāyak) nikal-ānā; jhatpaṭ aur achānohak bāhar ā jānā, bijlī kī mānind rawān h

Commonly followed by out.

To bolt out of the house or the room-Char ya kothii ke bahar yakayak mkal ana

2.—Bijlî kî tarah yakāyak girnā yā mār-d.

3 — Jhijhak kar kanüre yū ma'mulf räh se alag ho-jūnā.

Bolter, n. 1.—Woh shakhs jo apne sathiyon se alag ho jac; woh ghora jo jhuhak kar apnī rāh ko chhor de ya kanare chala jac.

2.—Chalnī; woh āla jisse āte se chokar ko yā mote āte ko bārīk āte se alag karen [ıddı'āyī nahīn.

BONA FIDE, (Lat) (a) Nek-nīyat; aslī, sachchā, haqīqī; farebī yā.

A bona fide purchaser—Kharidār-i-nek-nīyat yā khush-nīyat; woh shakhs jiskī kharidārī men fareb na ho; mushtari-i-haqiqī yā aslī; woh shakhs jo koyī chīz īmāndārī se mol le.

(b)—Nek-nīyatī yā khush-nīyatī se; bilā-fareb, îmān-dārī se; be dhokbā diye, asl men; haqīqat men; sachmuch yā sachāyī se.

He acted bona $\hat{n}de$ in the matter—Us mu'amale men usne nek-niyati se 'amal kıya.

"Used both as an adverb and an adjective" Worcester

The bona jides of a transaction—Kieï mu'āmale kī nek-nīyatī yā aslīyat (uskā bilā fareb mun'aqid h yā kijā jānā)

BONA PERITURA, [Lat] (Law) Woh māl-o-asbāb jo sarīu-z-zawāl ho (juld bigar jāe yā zā'i ho-jūe), māl-o asbāb jiske jald zāil hone kā ihtimāl ho.

Bond, n 1.—Bandhne-walī chīz; woh shar jisse koyī dūsrī shar bandhī ya qard men kī jāwe—jaise dorī rassī ya zanjīr

2—Bandish, band ya bandhan; jisse chizen bandhi ya basta

rahen ya'ni alag alag na hone pāen, jor. 3.—pl. Qaid, habs, haāsat, bandī.

4 — Ittihād ittifāq yā mel kā sabab; woh amr jisse bāham rabt paidā ho; woh girah yā 'aqd jisse rabt-i-bāhamī qāim iahe, rishta yā sar-rishta. [kisī aur sabīl se qāim ho.

5 — Woh farz jo kı î wa'da-ı-mazhabî (mannat) ya qanunî khwah

6.—(Law) (a) Dastāwez, tamassuk, ţīp.

An ınstalment bond – Dasta äwez ı-qıst-bandi ya qist-bandi

(b)—Muchalka; woh dastāwez jiske rū se shart-i-mu'aiyana kī tā'mīl na hone kī sūrat men dast-āwez bātil hokar kul zar-i-ma'hūda muqir aur uske wurasā wagaira se tāwān ke taur par wusūl kiyā jātā hai.

A band to keep the peace - Muchalka-1-hifz 1 amn.

A bond for good behaviour-Muchalka-i-nek chalni

(c)—Woh wasīqa jiske rū se koyī shakhs yah wa'da kartā hai ki agar isqadar rupaye fulān tarīkh-i-āyinda tak adā na kiye jāwen to usse uske wārison wasiyon yā muhtamimon se wusūl kiye jāwen.

"This is a single bond" Blackstone—Webster.

Boud-creditor, n. (Law) Dām jisne apne qarz kī misbat dastāwez likhā lī ho

Bond-debt, n. (Law) Qarza-ı tamassuki ya dastawezi, jo qarz tamassuk lıklı kar lıya jawe ya jıski nısbat dastawez lıkklıî gayi ho. [mahsül

Bonded, p. a. Jiski nisbat dastāwez likhā lī jāwe—jaise parmit kā

Bonded goods—Woh māl-o-asbāb jiski nisbat parmit-ghar men iqrār-nāma
likhā hyā jāwe

Bondsman, n. (Low) Zamin woh abakha jo duare ki zamanat kare ya

Bone, n.-Haddi, ustkhwan

A bone of contention - Nizu'i ya takrati shai; shai-i-mutanazi'a; woh chiz ya

bat pski mebat phagra ho, jharre ki jar; bina-i fashd.

A bone to pick, or gnow - Mashgule yā dul-bastagī kī koyī chīz; ausī chīz jismen tabī at lage yā bahlī rahe.

To be upon the bones - If unla ya yarish k; charhayi k.

Bone-setter, n Woh shakhs jo tati ya khiski huyi haddiyon ke jorne

aur baithalne kā pesha kaie

Book, n 1.—Kāgaz yā usī ke mushābih aur kisī chīz ke bahut se sāde likhe yā chhape haye takhto jinkī jild bandhī ho, sādī likhī yā chhapī huyī kitāb.

"When blank, it is commonly called a blank-book, of whatever size. When printed, the term signifies a volume of some size, in contra-

distinction to a pamphlet." Webster.

2 — Koyi 'hali tasnif 'am 1830 ki qalami (likhi) ho yi chhapi; risila; nuskha, kitab faddhyay; nama

3.—Kisi kijāb yā risāle kā hissa; migāla; daftur; bāb; kānd; The fifth book of Euchd-Uglaidis kā planehwān magala. All the seven books of the Rāmāyana—Rāmāyana konāton kānd.

4.—Hisāb kī kitāb yā tahī; jaur'kharch kī kitāb; lekhā, khātā, bahī jismen nām aur jaur'kī raquom likhī jācn finarār i naza

In the books of - Kist ke mile bein so just yo uske mound-i-ashing khwale "I was so much in his books, that at his decease he left me his lamp." Addison.

Woh mujhe is qadar mihrbini se yād rakhtā thā (woh mujh par itnā mihrbān thā yā mujhe itna manta yā manzar-mazar rakhtā ihā khwāh uskī nazar-r'māyat mujhpar isqadar (hī) ki apne marte dam woh apnā sham'dān mere hye wasiyat kar gaya.

Witnout book—(a) Zabāni; be paple; ba gair kisī khulāra yā yāddāsht ke—(b) Bo kisī sonad ke

To assert something without back-Kaya bay on be gair kisi sauad ke k.

Book, v. č. Kisi kitāb men darj k. liklina chi.rhānā yā sijāha k.

Book-account, n Bahi men jam' khareb kā nisāb, hisāb jiskā siyāhu kisī bahī men ho

Book-binder, n. Woh shakha jo kuttbon ki jild-bandi (unki jild bandhae)

kā pesha kare; jild-band, shirman-band, sahhāf.

Book-bindery, n Woh jagah jahan kutābon bī jilden bāndhī jāen (un) ī * jild-bandī ho). [wagaira charhānā yā marh d. Book-binding, n. Jild bandī, kitābon ko sī-kai unpar chamīā yā kaprā

Book-debt, n. Bahi khāto kā qarza; 10 qarz bahi-khāte ke iū se liyā jāwe.

Book-keeper, n. Jam' khaich nawis, bahi-khāta likhne w, hisāb-nawis, kisī sarishte men woli alil kār jisko zimme hisāb-kitāb kā inurattab

Rakinā ho. [no kā bunar; faun-ī tartīb-ī-hisāb.]
Book-keeping, n. Muhājanī dastūr ke mutābių hisāb kitāb durust rakh-Book-mark, n. Koyī chīz jo kitāb men is garaz se rakh-dī-jāc ki kisī kās safha yā maqām ke nikalue men usse madad mile. Bookworm, n. 1.—Kitāb kā kiŗā; woh kurm jo kutābon ko khāhar un men sūrāhh kar-de.

2 — Jo shakhs hardam kitāben parhā kare; aisā parhne wālā jisko; parhne kī qadr na ho; kitāb kā kīrā.

Beon, n. 1 — Bakhshish; 'atiya; m'am; m'ayat, nawazish, dan; bar, jo kuchh batau m'ayat ya naf ke chiha ya diya jae

2 - Darkhwast, istid'a, suwal, ilrimas.

Boot, v t. Faida bakhshna ya faida k , nafi'h., mufid h.

Generally followed by at

What boots at ?- Ismen kyā nef' hai? Isse kyā fāida hai?

Boot, n 1—Ashyā ke tabādale kī hīlat men jo kuchh donon nallon ke barābar karne ke liye diyā jāe, chīzon ke adlā-badlī men jo kuchh is liye diyā jāe ki do chīzon men se jis chīz kī qīmat men kamī bo wob pūrī ho-jāe; badlāyī; naf, fāida, bāsil; sūd.

To book—Siwā; kiel ko chhorkar aur; 'ālawa, mazīde-barān; jin chizon kā tahādala ho unki kami-i-gīmāt ke mu'āwaze ke tour par

Border, n Kisi shai kā berūnī kanāra, dāman; hāshiya; kor; dānda; siwāna had yā sar-had; lab.

Border. v i 1.—Kanāre se lagā h yā kānare par h ; ham-sarhad yā ham-dānda h , dāndā mendā h , mulhiq yā mutrasil h ; satā lagā yā nazdīk h ; hāshiye jā dāman par h ; kisī ke lab par wāqi' h

With m or upon.

2-Nazdík h jā pahuńchnā durb r.; kisī ke nazdík ānā yā yakgūna uske had yā martabe ko pahuńchnā.

Border, v. t. 1.—Dāman lagānā, hāshiya ligānā; zebāish ke liye kisī ke kanāre kuchh lagānā.

2.—Havi-dānga ya ham-sarhad h.; mulbiq yā muttasil h

Bore, v. t Sûrākh k ; chheduī; kisī thos chīz mch barmī wagaira kisī auzār se surākh k

2.—Diq k , taklif d., khijlana, tang k , sar khāna, kisī bāt ko kayî martaba kahkai yā apnī himāqat se kisī ko thakā d ('ārī 'ājīa 'yā hai-iān kar-dālnā).

Bore, v. 1 1.—Surāķh karke dhansnā, ghusnā, chhednā.

2 -Kısı ghümne wale auzar se sürakh hona ya chhidna.

This timber does not bore well, or is hard to does—Yah lakrī achchlī tarah nahīn chhidti (is lakrī men achchlī tarah sürākh nahīn hotā) yā woh itnī sakht hai ki chhid nahīn saktī (ismen sūrākh nahīn ho-saktā).

Borrow, v. t. 1.—Royī chīz kisî se is gaiaz se lenā ki kuchh 'arse tak kām men lāye jāue ke ba'd woh wāpas kar-dī jāegī yā agar woh kharch khwāh dūsre ke pās muutaqil ho-jāegī to nekā badal usī kī qism kī obīz se kar diyā jāegā; 'āiīyat khwāh 'ārīyatan yā musta'ār l; mangnī l., qarz l.; udhār hath-pher hath-udhār yā dast-gardān l., bataur wām ko l. yā qarz wām l.

Opposed to lond.

2—Apne kam ke hye desre se l.; düsre musannıf ki tasnifat se naql ya ıntıkbab, k.; düsron ke usül ya masail wagana ko apnı kar

rawāyī yī unpur khud 'amat karne ke liye qabūl yā ukhtiyār k., jo bāt dūsie men he usko khud ikhtiyār k, taqlīd k. ya dūsre ki naql utāruī, jaisā dūsrā kare waisāhī k., keyī būt kisī gair se ikhtiyār yā akhz k.

Borrowed, pp. Mu mar; 'ariyati; mangni ku; naqli, taqlidi; iddi'ayi. Borrower, n. Qarz ! w; udhar l w.; dast-gardan ya hath-pher l, w.

Opposed to lender

Bosom, n. 1.-Insin ki chlati; sina.

2.—Ihāta, ghotā, daur

3.—Dil, tabi'at; qalb, jigar; man; hiyā

4.—Koyî gherî heyî jagah, andarûnî hissa.

5.—Chhātī par kā kaprā; kapre kī woh tah yā uskā woh bissa jisse sīna chbipā rahe.

6. — God, hagal , āgosh ; kumr.

7 - Jah is laiz ko düsic lafz se tarkīb den (milāyen) to usko ma'ni dilī, ngarī, jānī, qulbī, pyārā, z'tibāri, wagana hote hum.

Bosom-triend—Ibli jagari ya jani dost, yib-i yar ya gara-gushi; ham-rik hatadan yi ham-sia, bigi hi dost ya raliq, ausi dost jasu blicil ki biten itmin in

ke sath kahi jach.

Bosom scoret. Dil hi bat; dal ka blod; parde ki bat jo dil men ho, masi-dil, isiai i nihān

Bosom, v t 1.—Dil ya sine min r.; ilitiyat ko sath r; khaysi men r, khub yad 1., dil men jugah d. ya rakh ekhorna.

"Bosom up my counsel" Shak.

Merî salîh jë nasihat ko khûb yad rakkho (dil meñ rakhlo jû 12k6 khayul tumbeñ rahe)

2.—Chhipina, ot men r.; nazar ke bahar r.; ami jagah r. jahan dekh na poro.

Both, a. & pr. 1.—Douon, har do; mmjamla do ko kasi ek ko mustasnā karke (chhor kar) nahm.

Both morning and evening-Subh am shan donon waqt.

"It is generally used adjectively with nonns; but, with pronoun, and often with nouns, it is treated substantively, and followed by of Webster.

"She alone is heir to both of us." Shak.

Ham donon kî wärm wohî har

Buth of them made a covenant - Un denoù ne 'ahd-o-parman kiya.

"It frequently stands as a pronoun, and always precedes any other attributive words" Webster.

Both, conj. Jause ek waisa hi düsra; donon barahar, yahi nahin balkı woh bhi, yah aur woh donon; donon yaksan.

It precedes the first of two co-ordinate words or phrases, and is followed by and before the other. Million

Power to judge both quick and dead.

Zinda anı murda donoù ki rushat yaksaŭ tajwiz kā ikhtıyar—ya'n; jaka ek ki nishat wasehl düsre ki ya donoù ki nishat bardha: Botheration, n. Diq k. yā kiya jānā; wajh-i-taklīf yā taklīf kā bā'is, ul jhāw, pareshānī, sa gardānī; bakwād; bakheiā, maķhmasa. jhamelā. [A low word.]

Bottle, n. 1.—Bot.l; sbīsha. mīnā, shīshe lakrī chamre yā aur kisī chīz kā chhote munh kā bartan pamen sharāb yā dusre 'maq rakkine tāte ham.

2.—Jo kuchh botal men rahe; shīshe kā mazrīf, ituā yā jisqadar botal men ho yā rahe, shaiāb yā aur koyi nasna paidā k w. 'araq jo botal men ho

Bottle, v t Botalon men band k. yā 1

Rottle-companion, n Ham-pipāla; ham-mashrab, sharāb pīne (mai-Rottle-friend, shwārī) men sharīk.

Bottom, n 1 — Kisī chīz kā sab se niche kā hissa; pendā yā pendī, talā; talī, tah; thāh, pānī ke nīche kī zamīn.

The bottom of a well or ship—Ruleá yā jahāz kā talā yī pendā. The bottom of a sea or lake—Simundar yā jhil kī thāh ya'oī weh zamin ja samundat yā jhil men pārī ke nīche ko

2.—Kisî shai ka madai ja uskî bunyad; jar, asl; kisî 'imarat ya kisî apr shai ki bunyad, jispai koyî shai qaim ho . kisî bat ki jar ja tah; 'aql ki wus'at chahe woh liyada ho ya kam, kisî ann ka banî mujid ya masdar, jisse koyî bat pada ho ya uskî jar bandhe

Let us examine this subject to the bottom—Is but ki jar (asl hospitat) dekhni chubys. Yah dekhni chubys li yah but kahun se paidu boyi ya iski asliyat kya hai.

"He was at the bottom honest and sincere," Atterbury

Asl men (dar asl) won Iman-dar aus sachtha tha

Who is at the bottom of that fraud "- Us fareb hā bānī kann hai yā us fareb hi bunyād kisne dālī yā won fareb kisse padā huā !

3.--Jahāz

4.—Talchbat; mail; kudürat

5 — Dam; kham-dam; tahammul (bardāsht) kī tāqat, asl; zīt.

A horse of good bottom - Ghorā pamen bajā dam ho, achchhi zūt yā asīlat kā ghorā

6 — Dhāge tāge yā sūt kì goli yā uskā lachchhā.

Bottom, v. t. 1 — Kieš chīz par gāim k. yā banānā; kieš bunyād par gāim k.; kieš ke sabāre par r., kieš shai ko kieš amr kā madār ilaih hanānā.

Followed by on or upon

"Action is supposed to be bottomed upon principle" Atterbury. Fil kā madār usāl par tasawwur kiyā jātā hai; yah khayāl kiyā jātā hai ki har fil kī bunyād kīsī usāl par qām rabtī hai yā woh kisī usāl par mabnī hotā hai.

2.-Pendā lagānā yā charbānā

To bottom a chair-Kursi men penda lagana,

3.—Kısı chiz ke chalon taraf (uske gırd) lapeçna—jaise süc ki goll banâne ki halat men.

Bottom, v. z. Qām yā mahnī i ; thahrā rabnā yā sahātā pāttā; kis bunyād par qām h, kisī Shat par apnā madār r

 ${\tt BOU}$

Bottomless, a. Be-tah yā pende kā; athāh; itnā gahrā ('amīq) ki thāh lene se uskī tah kā patā na lage; be-pāyān yā nihāyat bī 'amīq. Bottomry, a Jahāz kī kafālat par rupaye qarz lenā. Yah mu'āhada rihn

kî qism se hotă hai ya'nî jahaz kā mülik kisî safar-i bahrî ke tai karne ke liye jahāz kî kafālat par rupaye qarz letā hai, agai jahāz par tabīhī āyī to dām ke rupaye hhi māre gaye lekin agai jahāz apne maazil-maqsūd ko khaniyat se pahinich gayā to dām ke zai-i qarz ma' sūd ke miltā hai go sūd shaih i-Jūz se bhī barh-jāc. Is qarz kā bāi jahāz ke rasson aur auzāron aur madyūn kī zāt par bhī rahtā hai.

Bough, n Darakht ki hari shūkh, dūl.

Bound, n. 1.—Had, woh khat jiske andar koyî shar ya jagah sab kî sar dikbil ho.

"Bound is applied to kingdoms, states, cities, towns, tracts of land, and to territorial jurisdiction." Webster

2 - Dil ke kisi walwale ki had, kisi khwahish ku payan

The love of money knows no dounds-Zu ki khwahish ke payan nahiu hai 3 -Kād, jast, uchhāl, chankajî; phalang, kulanch

Bound, v. t 1.—Mahdud k , hadd-i-intihayı qaira k ; rokna , zabt k., apne ikhtiyar men k. ya undaz se ziyada barhue na d.

*Sud of natural or moral objects, as of land or empire, or of passion, desire, indulgence." Webster.

2.—Kisī mulk ke hudūd i arbu' bayān k (uski chau haddī batlāus). Bound, v. i Kūdnā; just k ; uchhalnā; phalang māma, chaukari bharnā

kūdte kūdte ūge chalnā Bound, imp and p. p of bind. I —Band se bandhā hnā; zanjīron men akrā huā, kisī qism ke farz se majbūr, mahdūd; muqaiyad; band,

rokā huā, buidhā huā. 2.—Mugarrar yā maqsād, kuā maqām kī taraf rujū' (jātā huā yā jāne wālā), rawān yā rawāna h w

With to or for.

That ship is bound to Mocen, or for Mocen-Woh jaha. Makke ko jata ya jine wald hat,

"Used also in composition; as, ite-hound, wind-hound, confined or prevented from sailing by ice or contrary winds; hade bound, &-e" Webster

Boundary, n Had; sar-had, woh namūdār nishān jisse kisi jagah ki had sābit ko

"Boundary is often used as synonymous with bound. But the real sense is, a visible mark designating a limit. Round is the limit itself, or furthest point of extension, and may be an imaginary line, but boundary is the object indicating the limit. The two words are in ordinary use confounded." Webster.

A boundary murk -- Had yk had-bandi kā pishān; tūda; mend , dhülit.

The boundary of a field—Khat ka danda; kant ki mend The boundary of a village—Mauza' ki had; ganw ka siwana A boundary case — Siwāne yā dārde-mende kā muqaddama; chau haddī kā mu qaddama [kā jhagrā

A boundary dispute - Hudūd kī taktār, nizā'-i-sarhad, dānde-mende yā siwāne The boundary formed by a stream - Dhār dhūrā

(Pl.) Boundaries - Hudūd yā hudūd 1-arba', chau-haddī

To mark off boundaries—Hudūd-arba' (chau-haddī) ke nishānāt qāim k , had bast yā had-bandī k ; hudūd mu'aiyan k

To specify bov vdaries—Hudūd-1-erba' ki sarāhat k. yā unki tafsil hahnā, chadhaddi ki tafsil batānā.

Bounden, a. Lāzmī; zarūrī, wājib; farz, jiskā koyî pā-band kiyā gayā ho, 30 khwābī-na-khwābī yā chār-nā-chār karnā pare.

A dounden duty—Farz-ı-lāzimī; woh fi'l jo chāi-nā-chār kainā pare yā jiskā anjām zarārī khwāh wājibūt se ho; jis kām ke karne kā koyī pā-band kiyā gayā ho.

Boundless, a. Be-had; gair mahdūd, lā-intihā, be-pāyān, be-andāz, itnā barā ki uski had yā uskā thekānā ma'lūm na ho-sake

Bounteous, a Sakhī; fayāz, jiskā hāth khairāt ke dene men khulā ho, jo dād-dihish men kotāhī na kare; a khāwat par māil, kaiīni; iiikokāi, dānivā yā dātā, jo khanda-peshānī se yā dil-kholkar bakhshish kare.

Bountiful, a Dene lene (dād-dīhīsh) men Hātīm; mukhaivar, faiyāz aur karīm; jo logon ko khūb de le aur unpar har tarah se mihrbāni kare, jiskā faiz 'ām ho.

Bounty, n 1.—Sakhāwat; karīmī; faiyāzī yā faiz; dād-dihish yā karamgustarī men faiyāzī, bazl i-ni'mat yā karam

2.-Nı'mat; bakhshish, dau, 'atīya, bazl.

3.—Jo kuchh logon ko is garaz se diyā yā dene ke liye kahā jāe ki unko mulāzamati-sarkātī ke qabūl kaine kī targīb bo; jo kuchh kisānon dast-kāton yā saudāgaron ko madad ke taur par taqwīyat ki nazar se diyā jāwe.

Bəx, n. 1 —Sundūq yā sandūq 'ām isse ki woh barā ho yā chhotā khwāh laki kā banā ho yā aur kisī chīz kā; dibbā yā dibyā; baks; peti 2.—Sundūq bhai, miqdāi i mahmūla-i-sandūq, jitnā ek sundūq

men ho

3.—Tamāsha-gāh men woh ghiri huyî jagah jismen baithae ke liye kursiyān wagaira iakkhī hon.

Rupaye paise wagama rakhne kā sundūq.

5 —Koyī chhotā (mukhtasar sā) makān

A shooting box - Shikar-gah

6.—Gārī par hānkne wāle ke baithne kī jagah; koch-baks

7.—In'am, hadiya; tuhfa, nazi, pesh-kash.

A Christmas box – Woh 19'ām yā tuhfa jo Hazrat-i-Masih ki paidītsh ke din diyā jāe; Bare din kā peshkash.

8.—Chūsā jo sar yā kān par mārā jāe, tamānoha; thappar; mūkā, dhāul, dhap, duk.

Box-dram - Sandāqi parnāla nal yā nābdān, woh pamāla jo zamīn ke bhitar int aur patthar khwāh rāre patthar se banāyā jāc aur sandūq kī shakl par bo ya'm charoù tarai in dhakā aur npar se mitti so patā be. In a box—Zagte meň; uljháw yā qabālat meň; haráu; pareshán, polaganda yā parāganda dil; mushkil yā jbanjhat meň.

Box. v. v. Ghūso yā mūke se laynā, hāth yā mūke se lajāyī k.; dhanl

dhappā k.

Box, v t 1.—Sandüq men r. vā band k. 2.—Kān par yā sat ke bagal men ghūsā yā thappar mārnā.

To box a tree—Kisî darakht men is geraz se kāt yā sürākh kar d. ki usmen se 'araq (dūdh) mkal āwe.

To box off - Chhote chhote khane kar d

To box the compass - Qutb-numā ke jawāmb ke nām silsıla wār bayān k.

Boy, n. 1.-Larkā, tifl, chhekrā, laundā

"From birth to the age of puberty." Webster.

2 Ba'z waqt jab kisi maid kā zikr tahqir jā irtibāt ki nazar se

kiyā jātā hai tab bhī usko *tarkā chhoki ā laundā yā tiji* kabte ham.

Boyhood, n. Larak-pan, larkāyī; tifī; chhutpan.

Boyish, a Tarz-o-tariq ya khayalat men larke ki tarah ya nike musha bih; tiffana, larke ki manund ya larke ka sa; khafif; na-chiz; halka,

Brace, n. 1.—Qamchî je 'marat men mazbūtî ke liye lagāyî jātî hat. 2—Band yā bandhan; woh shat jasse keyî chîz kasî klimchî

yā mazbūt raho

mazout rono 3.—Jorā, just—jame bat kā. [lagīvā jātā har

4.—Chamre kā tawā jo pahiyo charhāne ke waqt gāriyon men 5.—pl. Tasme impar patlūn saubhle rahte hun 6—Dhel kasne kī dorī.

Brace, v. t 1 -- Qainchi lagana, sahara d.; thuni ya chang lagana.

2 — Khīnehnā; kasnā; christ k.; tānuā, mazbūt k., quwwat d. 3 — Mazbūtī se pakro rahnā; aisī jagah rakhuā ki girne na pāwe:

jamā d. yā jamāye r.

pama d. ya jamaye r. Bracelet, n. Woh gahnā (zowar) jo aksar sharifon kī 'auraten kuliy) men pahinti hain—jaise karā chhand pachheli kangan chūrī wagaira

Brag, v i. Apnī yā apne muta'alliqāt ki harāyī numāish ke liye k , dīng mārnā; shekhī k ; taallī ki lena; garra k.

Brag, n. 1.—Ding; shekhi; taalli; apne kamon ya un baton ki numa

ishī ta'rīf jinmen mutakallim ko düsron par fang ho.

2 — Woh bāt jispar fakhr kiyā jāc, woh shai jispar nāz kiyā jāc

yā koyī nāzāŭ lio.

Bram, n. 1.—Magz; bhejā; sar kā gūdā; dunāg yā damāg.

2.—Samajh, 'aql; fabm; idrāk; bosh,

"In this sense, often used in the plural" Webster

Brain, v. t Kīsī kā sar to; kar uskā bhejā mkāl lenā; kīsī kā damāg tor yā phor kar use halāk k., zārl k.; faut k., sāqīt kar d., khatm kar d., qām rahne na d.

Bramless, a. Be-damāg; be-samajh; ahmaq yā hamāqat-shi'ār; kisī bāt kā ķhayāl na r w.; zī-hosh nahīn; be-k-habar.

Branch, n. 1 — Kısı darukht ya paudhe ki shakh dal ya dali; woh shakh - ya dal je dusri shakh ya dal se mikle.

2 — Kisī chīz kī shākh--jaise dai yā sham'-dāu yā bāiah singhe ki sīng wagaira kī.

3 — Kısı sharı-majmu'i ya sılsıle ka juz ya hıssa; koyî judagana

shai, hissa yā shākh dar shākh, far', shu'ba,

Branches of knowledge—'Tim ki shakhen, shu'ab-1-'ilm

4 — Ek khāndān kī kayī shākhon se ek shākh, far'-i-uast yā jo usse padā ho; aulād; nast; ek mūris-i-mushtarak (ā'lā) kī aulād

Branch, v. i. 1. - Phūt phūt kai shākhen mkalnā yā phailnā.

2 — Jude jude hisson par bant jānā yā hissa dar hissa ho-jānā.

To branch off—Shākh yā hissa i-judāgāna ban-jānā, kayī hissa ho-jānā To branch out—Pawālut ke sāth guft-gū k ; ek hī taqrīr men bahut sī shakhen pudā k

Branch, v. t 1.—Kisī chīz men hissa dar hissa yā shākh dar shākh k , kayī hisson par bāntnā.

2 — Süyî ke kam (sozan-karî) men bel-bûţe phül-pattıyan shakhen

yā tahniyān bunānā (nikālnī yā kārhnā).

Brand, n. I — Jaltī huyī lakrī kā tukrā yā lakrī kā tukrā yo thorā sā jalā ho am jal rahā ho yā uski āg bujh gayī ho; lukthī yā loāth, lūk t

2—Woh nishān jo lohe ko khūb garm karke kisī chīz masalan pipe wagaira par kar-diyā jāe tāki usse ma'lūm ho ki jo chīz us pipe men hai woh kaisi aur kiskī banāyī hai aur isī qism ko dūsre hālāt ma'lūm hon, qism; nan iyat, sifat yā khūbī

3 — Garm lohe kā dāg jo mūjrimon ko diyā jātā hai, iliswāyī ya badnāmī kā koyī nishān yā dāg, kalank kā tīkā; badnāmī kā dhabbā

Brand. v. t. 1.—Gaim lohe se dagna ya mishan k.

2—Kısı par ruswayı ya bad-namı ka dag lagana, badnam k,, ruswa k., kalank ya kalank ka tika lagana, dag lagana, harf lana; nam-nıhadı k, dhabba lagana.

Brandish, v. t. Hılana ghumana phirana ya chamkana, upar uthakar ıdhar udhar pherna ya ghumana; laplapana bhanjna ya phenkna

Applied to weapons.

Brass, n. 1 —Pītal, buanj yā birmj

2 - Be-hayāyī, be garratī, be-sharmī; shokhī; gustākbī.

3 — Pītal ke bartan zebārsh kī chīzen yā aur koyī chīz.

Brave, a 1 — Jismen baiī yā ta'iīf ke qābil juiat ho, jismen dilerī faiyāzī aur 'ālī-mizājī yah tīnon sifaten hon, dilei; bahādur, shujā', juwān-mard, jaiī, be-khauf; nidar, mardāna.

"In modern usage, it has nearly lost its application to things." Webster.

Brave, v t. Jurat aur mazbūtī se muqābala k., sābit-qadamī se (istiqlāl se yā daṭ-kar) sāmnā k., muqābala k.; haqīr yā nā-chīz samajhnā lalkārnā; munh par ānā yā parnā, sāmnā k.

Bravery, n Juwan mardī; bahādurī, dilerī, barī himmat yā jurat be khaufī; shujā'at; mardānagī; sāhas; khatre se khauf na khānā

(na darnā); jurat aur sakhāwat.

Brawl. v 1. 1 -Shor machāte aur gāliyān bakte jhagrā takrār ye kariyle, gul gapāri karte aur behūda haten bakte laguā ya jhagam

3—Pānī kī tarah harbavānā yā dhardharānā, dhām yā shor Brawl, n. Taktāt pismen shor shurāba ho; woh jhagtā jismen zor zor se aur gusse ke sāth kahā-suni ho, gul-gapārā, gal-galuup; thakkam thukkā, kalluh. [jornā yā jhahaā.

Braze, v. t. 1 — Pītal aur jasta donon ko milākar usī so kisī chīz ko 2 — Pītal mandhuā yā pītal so mandhnā, ķluūbsūtī ke hye kisī chiz par pītal charhānā

3 — Behayāyī men pakkā k.; barā be-garrat kar-d. yā banā d.

Brazen-face, n. Be-hayā shakhs; barā be-gurat shakhs; jisko kuchh bhī lāj (sharm) na ho.

Breach, n 1.—Tornā yā tūtnā; shigāf, darz yā darj; darrā; woh shigāf yā sūrākh je kisī chīz ke tūtne se paidā ho, woh jagah jo kisī sakht chīz ke darmiyān kisī sakhto se khālī pag jāc.

2—Kısı qanun mu'ahade ya farz so inluraf (usha na manua ushi ta'mil na k uske mutaliq na k. ya uske klulat k. kliwah ushi klulaf warzi), naqz, klulaf-wu'zi, 'adam i-ifa ya 'udam-i-ta'rail

A breach of contract -- Mu'ahade ki kiniai-warri ya mu'ahade (qaul o-qara) ke mutabiq'amal na k ; bid-'ahdi ya 'ahd shikun'

A breach of promise. Wa'do ke khilat k ya khilat wu'dagi; qaal ka pina nu ka, 'adam 1-ifa i wa'da , bat ka na nakhina ya pina na k.

A beach of trust—Kluyanat; amanet men kluyanat; beam in.

3.—Dushmant kī wajh se dostou men tafriqu judayi yā 'alāhidagī, nā chāqī; jhagrā; nā-ittifāqī yā ikhtilāf; phūḥ, bigāi; miāq; barhami; rishta i-muhabbat kā tūt jāna; bāham ribt kā na rahnā

Breach of the peace (Law)—Naqz-1-amn, danga fasad bahwa hangama ya isi qism ki kisi dileri ud-jiuz bat ko zadi'e se 'awanu-n-nës ki 'aliyat unch futur ya khalal dalna ya usko qaim rahno na d.

Bread, n 1 .- Rotī, nān; chapāti

2 — Umuman giza; khānā-pinā; danā-pānī; dal-rotī; an jal; maq yā umuman zīst kī sūrat, rozī, rozīqa.

Breadth, n Chaurāyī, 'arz; chaklāyī, pāṭ; palm; panhā; paṣār yā bistār Break, n t 1—Tornā, torkar nlag yā judā kar-d.; khinchkar tor-dālnā, zor pahuńchākar do ṭāk kar-d.

To break a rope or chain — Kisi rassi ya zanjir ko khinchkar ya aur tarah p ar uspai sadma pahunchake toj d To break a soal — Kisi muhr ko daba kar tor-daina ya ni us muhr ko jo kisi chiz par ki ho (sabt ho) zor ya sadma pahunchakar tor-daina.

2.—Torkar khol d

To break a package of goods-Mal ke buqche ko torkar khol d

- 3 Fāsh k., kholnā, zāhir k.; kahnā; batlānā—jaise koyī maqsad yā dil kā hāl.
 - 4 —Kısī qaul farz ya qanun ke khilaf k. ya usko mutabıq 'amal na k.
- 5.—Kısı shai men khalal dalna; kisi chiz ke silsile ko tor d.; shikast k. ya qaim rahne na d., mauqui k., band k.; rok d.

To break sleep - Nind men khalal dalna (jaga d.). To break conversation - Guit gū band k (bāt ko rok d), bāt chit ke sılale ko tor d

6—Adhūrā kar-d , kisī shar men se jo pūrī ho uskā koyī hissa rilāl lenā, musallam rahne na d.

To break a set-Kisī pūrī chīz men se kuchh nikālkar use adhūrī kar d (misallan yā pūrī rahne na d.).

7.—Tukie tukre kar-d ; pāra pāra yā pāsh pāsh kar-d.; reza reza yā chūr chūr kar-d.

8.—Phor d, tor d; chot pahunchanā; kisī shai kī mazbūtī yā

uske jor khwāh mel ko gāim rahne na d

9.—Kisi shai men zu'f yā mazarrat pahunchānā—juse suhhat yā quwon men; shikasta-bāl yā 'ājiz kar-d.

10.-Kısı chīz ke zor ko kam kar-d. yā ghaṭā d., kısı chiz ke

sadme ko kam kar-d — jeise kisi ke girne ya zarb ke sadme ko.

11 —Ihtiyat ke sath kahna ya batlana taki khauf hairat ya karahiyat khwah mukhalafat paida na No

12.—Parchānā, apnā mutī' (apne tābi') k, apnā mahkum k.; sikhlānā, apne bas yā ikhtiyār men k., uikālnā, shāista k.

To break a horse-Ghore ko nikālnā

13.—Dewāliyā banā d.; kisī ko aisā kar-d. ki rupaye paise ke bāb meń koyī uskā i'ubār na kare

14.—Kısı 'uhda-dar ki haısıyat-i-mansabi aur uski mulazamat kı qadamat ko zail kar-d.; use kharış bartaraf ya ma'zul kar-d.

With prepositions or adverbs.

To break down - Maglub k.; dabā d ; kisi sadme se gārat kar-d. "

To break in (a)—Zor karke bhitar ghusīnā (andar dākhil k)

To break in a door—Kewār ko zor ke sāth darwāze men charhānā

(b) Sikhlana; mkalna; manjnu, ta'lim d; shaista banana.

A horse well broken in - Ghorā jo khūb sikhlāyā nikālā yā pherā gayā ho To break of - Koyī chīz kisī se chhorwā d.; sudhārnā

To break one of a habit—Kisî se uskî kisî 'ādat kā chhorwā d (us 'ādat kā usee tark karā d). [kar-d.; rok d., mauquf k

To break off—(a) Tor-kar judā kar d; alag kar-d. (b) Kiel būt ko yakāyak band To break opez—Tor-kar khol d.

"Open the door, or I will break it open." Shak.

Darwāza khol do warna mai n ise tor-kar khol dūngā.

To break out -- Torkar nikāl lenā yā torne ke ba'd zor kaike bāhar kar lenā To break out a pane of glass--Shīshe kī ṭattī ko torkar nikāl lenā

To break over -- Khilāf 'amal k , mutajāwiz h ; na mānuā hhāz yā khayāl na k.

To break over a rule -- Kisī qā'ide ke khilāf 'amal k yā uspar hhāz na k.

To break up - Kısı shai ke hısson ko judā judā k., tornā, khatın mauqūf ye band k.

To break up a capon — Akhta murg ko kāt-kar tukre tukre k. To break up : fallow ground — Us zamīn ko jo kabhī yā 'arse se jotī nagayī ho jot-kar durust k The court will soon break up — Kachahrī yā 'adālat kā kām jald band hog (adālat kā ijās jald karkhāst hogā yā kachahrī jald uthegī).

With an object,

To break the back, neck, do -Pith ya gardan wagaira ko tor d ; be-kar kar d.

- To break bulk Jisqudar bojb ho usmon se kuchh utar d.; bojb utarne lagna, kishtiyon se gariyon par charhana ya ladua
- To break fast Nashta k. khususan subh ko, kalewa k., muih juthälna.
- To break ground—Zamin khodna—jaso durakhi lagane ke liyo Zamin mer khandaq (garlat) khodna—jase 'motrat ki tv'mir ya muhasare wagana ke samin ke liye Kisi mansibe tajwiz ya kam ke shuru' kar-d. (uske anjam men masruf h. ya usko takunle men lag-jana)
- To break the heart—Dil toi-d. yā slukasta-klūtii kar-d., barū sadma yū imj pahunchānā, barā shāq guzarnā yā barā lā qalaq paidā k., ianj yā mayūsi se tabi'at ko dhansī d., būr-i gam se dabā d.
- To break a house (Law) Makan men sendh lagana ya marna (naqb-zani k), chori wagana ke made se makan ke kisi bisse ko khod d. ya jis kisi chiz se woh hifazat ke hije band ho use hata ya khol d.
- To break the rec—Ibudāyi qabāhatoń ko raf' k., kisī kām meù jo jo mushkilát hāil boń un sab ko hal karke ijiā i-kār (kām ko shurā') k.
- To break juil Milhas so mkal bhagna (aksar marpit karke).
- To break a just-Hausi thatthe ye mazhaka k.
- To break a path, road, do do kachb sadd-i-râh (tâh men thokar) ho uso mihnat ke zor so dir karko râh ya sajak wagana mkidud.
- To break wind-Hawa chhorna; goz k., ikhiaj-i-bad ya riyah k.
- ak, v. z. 1.—1)o jā do tukre ho-jānā; alag alag yā judā judā honā; tūt yā phat jānā, plut jānā, tukre tukre ho-jānā.
- 2—Āp hī āp (az-klaud) klaul klail yā phūt jānā. [tarkā h.
- 3.—Namud h.; nikalna, mazar ana; dekh parna; pau phatna; The day begins to break—Din nikalne ya namud hone lagu; subh hone lagu. pau phatne lagu
- 4 Yakāyak āparnā ; musībaten paidā k. —jaiso tūfān kā.
- 5 —Badan yā quwo se za'if (kamzor) ho jānā; maniz yā nā tuwān jānā, aslī tāqat khono lagnā.
- 6 —Kār-o bār kā abtar ho-jānā; diwāliyā ho jānā
- 7 —Chāl badal d.
- To break into a gallop Asli chal badal har sarpat dauroe lagua.
- 8 Bigar jānā bigar khare h. yā bigār k.; qat'-i-mubabbat k., iagarne lagnā.
 - With prepositions or adverbs
 - To break away (a)—Insidād (rukāwat) ke bā-wasī chale ānā yā chale janā ; bhāg jānā yā yakāyak nikal-jānā; raftichakkar ho jīnā; nau do gyārah ho-jānā jaise kisī shakhs kā. (b) Phat jāna yā muntashar ho-jānā—jaise bādalon kā.
 - To break down (a) Tut-kar gir paruā yā niche ā-jānā. (b) Kisi kām men chūkjānā yā usmen kāmyāb khwāh 'nhda-barā na h., ju kām kā bijā uthayā gayā ho usmen chul na sakuā yā ukhar-japā
 - To break forth Nikalvā yā nikal parnā jaise āwāz yā caushanī wagnira kā.
 - To break in, or in upon Zor se ya yakayak glus and ya andar chale jana.
 - To break bosse Qaid so bhāg ya nikal jana, apul najāt jabrīya hāsal k ; hāth pair jhārkar qaid so nikal bhāgnā.

To break off—Tūṭ kar yā yakāyak aur zor se judā ho-jūnā, ruk-jānā, kanāra khamch lenā, dast-kash ho jānā yā hāth khamch buthnā

To break out (a) - Phūt parnā, qaid se khul parnā, yakājak namūd h

Said of a fire or disease

(5) Phūt-jānā—jaise amrāz-1-jildī meń badan kā Amiāz 1-jildī meň maiīz ke jism par dāne dāne sā nikal-ānā.

To break up (a) - Tukre tukre ho-jānā. (b) Barkhāst h yā uth jānā--jarse kisī

jalse wagara kā To b. eak with (a)—Bigar khare h, nā-chāqī yā jhagrā k, muhabbat tark kar d yā qat'i-muhabbat k (b) Bāt chīt k., kahnā sunnā, guftgū k

Break, n I —Woh sürükh yā shigāf jo kisī shai ke tütne yā phatne $\,$ Lī

wajh se paidā ho.

2—Rūkāwat, kisī shai ke silsile kā kuchh 'aise ke liye tūt jānā yā band hojānā, waqfa, taanimul; dam lene yā dam mārne kī muhlat 3.—Tahiīr yā tab' (likhāwat yā chhāpe) men ek chhote se khat kā khainch d pisse yah ma'lūin ho ki jahān par woh khat khinchā huā hai parhne wāle ko zaiā iuk jāuā chāhiye yā ānki usī maqām se daf'atan mazinūn badal gayā

4 — Subh ko pahle pahal (hīri-awwal) raushanī kā namūdār h;

pau phatnä; nür kā taikā, fajr, bhor

The beat of day—Din kā namūd h. yā mkalnā ; pau phatuā, nūr kā tarkā

5.—Kısı shai ke sılsıle men khalal ya uska barabar qaim na rahna, tabadala-i-samt ya rukh ka badal ya phir jana

Breakage, n. 1 — Tūtnā, phūtnā.

2.—Ék jagah se düsiī jagah jāne men jis qadar koyī chīz tūt yā phūt jāe uski bābat minhājī yā mujrā.

Breakfast, n 1.—Din kā sab se pahlā khānā, nāshtā, nahān; jo kuchh

nahār munh khāyā jāe.

2 — Fāqe ke ba'd jo kuchh khāne ko mile, 'umuman gizā

Breakfast, v. i. Nashtā k-, nahār munh kuchh khū lenā, sawere kuchh jalpān kar-lenā.

[kuchh d

Breakfast, v. t. Nāshtā karānā, kalewā d.; subh ko jalpān karne ke liye

Breast, n. 1 — Sīna, chhātī

2.—Dil; zamīr; khātir; qalb; man, jī

To male a clean bi east—Rāz kī bāton (bhedoň) ko jo dil par garāń-bār hoù kah d, jo kuch parde kī bāt dil men ho use zāhir kai d. apne dil kā bhed khol d., pūrā pūrā iqrār (iqrār-i-kāmil) k ; dil men rakh na chhornā yā sab kuchh khwāh sāf sāf kah-d

To make a clean breast of a matter—Kisi amr ki nisbat jo kuchh dil men ho use sāf sāf kah-d. (uskī nisbat igrār-i-kāmil k).

Breast, v. t. Kısı ka muqabala sına-ba sına k ; dü-ba-dü muqabala k.

yā milnā; sāmnā k., mardānagī ke sāth muqābil h. **Breast-deep**, a. Chhātī-bhar yā chhātī ke itnā, sīne tak yā sīne ke barābar; unchāyī men chhātī yā sīne ke barābar, itnā gahiā ('amīq) jitnā nāpne men chhātī se pan tak ho.

Breath, n. 1 — Nafs, dam; sgūs, woh hawā jo dam lene men khinchkar phephre men jātī aur usse nikal kar bāhar ātī hai. 3.—Khulkar yā achchhī tarah se dam lene kī quwwat yā salāhıyat, aslī taur par yā bilā rahāwat dam (sāis) lenā.

I am out of breath - Meed dan phillie has yo main mushkil we dan le sokia hin ; dan (sons) lene men mujhe taklit heti has

3,-Zındagi

"No man has more contempt than I of breath" Ilryden. Mujh se borbkai koyi bashar zundagi ko haqir nahin smuajhin. (v

4.—Dam lene kī iursat yā muhlat, tawaqqut yā waqfa; taammul; Let me take breath—Mujho dam lene yā dam māme do , mujhe zarā trām hame do zarā muhlat do khwāh zarā taammul karo

5 — Jitnā waqt ek martaba dam lene men guzro, fi'l-i-wālad, lahza, lamha.

"He smiles and he flowns in a breath" Pryden.

Ek dam (dan bhar ek lu laban khwali biit ki list) men woh khush nur miniz donon bets ha (woh hans dets nur nak bhaun lehi chrishn letif him).

6.—Bahut khafit (zarā sī) hawā; hawā jo mandī yā dhīmī chale.

Those is not a brooth of wind—Zurā blo hawā nahih hai; mutluj hawā nahīh chalti.

7.—Koyî khafit bêt; mi î bût; mirî zabân kû hild d.; ok sarê kah d. Breathe, v. v. l.—Dam l., sûfis l., jînê; sinda yê ba qard-i-hayêt rahnd; bastî yê wijûd r. (band kar-d., suştênê

2.—Tuammul k.; äräm k.; dam jä säås l.; kist käm kä karnä

3.-Jana ya guzu na ; bahar nikalim ya ana -jinso hawa ka.

Breathe, v t 1.—Dam yā sāns 1.; dam ko bhītar kniheh kar bālar mkālnā, sāns lonā aur chlugu".

2.—Dam dālnā, kisī chīz men dālnā.

Followed by mito

To breathe life ento a stone - Patthar men jan ya dam dalna

3 — Sāns lekar nikālnā; āhista chup chāp yā chupke se kalmā.

To be eathe a vow - Ahista ya chuple so mannat mana.

Generally followed by out.

4 —Phūk-kar bajānā —paise koyī bājā.

5 — Dam leno d; ārām d

6 -Sīns phulā d.; be-dam kar d.; thakā d.

7.—Zāhir k. yā dokhlānā. (zāhir k. To breathe revenge—Izhār-i-mtiqām k., kisi bināyi ke badlā lene ki hhnāhish Breathless, a. 1.—Mihnat yā riyāzat-i-shāqqa se bi-l-kul thakā huā,

be-dam; hänphtä, kam phültä.

2.—Muida; marā huā, jismen dam bāqī na rahe.

Breed, v. t 1 - Paidā k. , jannā yā janro d.

2.—Parwarish k., pālnā posnā; bachpan se bulūg tak khabar girī karte jānā; khilānā pilānā; sikhlānā parhānā aur rahan ko dhang batānā; kam-sinī men ta'līm aur tahzīb k.

3.—Ta'līm d.; sikhlānā; turbiyat k.,

4—Paidā k.; karānā; kisi amr kā sabab yā bā'is h.; kisī bāt kī bunyād dālnā yā ihtidā k.

Familiarity bi eeds contempt—Bahut ikhtilät se nafrat paidä hoti hai.

5 — Kısı ka maulıd (uski paidaısh ki jagah) h., paida k. ya janm d

A pond breeds fish — Tālāb men machhliyān paidā hotī haiñ

A northern country breeds a rule of stout men—Shamīli mulk (uttar ke des) men mazbūt mazbūt ādmī paidā hote ham.

Breed, v. i. 1.—Hāmila h ; pet se h.; bachche kā bojh uṭhānā aur uskī parwarish k —jaise hamal men.

2 —Paidā h, janm pānā.

Breed, n. 1.—Ek hi nasl ki aulād yā ek hi nasl ke bachche

2 — Zāt; qısm; jıns; insān yā dūsie jānwaron kī nasl jinmen koyī khās khās mushtarak sifaten hon.

Breeding, n. 1 — Parwarish; tarbiyat; ta'lim, tahzīb.

2 — Ilm-i-majlis, rāh-o-rasm se wāqifiyat, akhlāq wa ādāb; nishast wa barkhāst, adab qā'ida; āpas kā zāhiri bartāw

Good breedrag -- Husn-i-akhlāq, tawāzu'-mudā: āt; khush-khulqi tahzıb, shāistagī, shurafā (bhale ādmiyon) kī chāl

Brevity n 1 — Ikhtisär-1-a1yām yā muddat, thore 'arse yā dinon tak qāim rahnā; kisī shai kā 'arsa-1 qalīl (thore dinon) tak qāim rahnā

2.—Ikhtisai-i-kalam, bahut bat ko thore men kahna; mukhtasar

kalāmī ; tahrīi yā taqrīr men ikhtisīr

Bribe, n Rishwat; ghūs; kisī mujawwiz gawāh yā aur kisī shakhs kī rāe yā uske tarīq men futūr dālne (uske bigār dene) ke liye jo kuchh bataur sila bakhshish yā in'ām ke diyā yā mau'ūd kiyā jāwe yā ri'āyat wagaira jo isī garaz se kī-jāwe.

Bribe, v. t. Rishwat d., ghūs d , rıshwat de-kar kisi ko apnî taraf kar-lenā.

Bribery, n. Rishwat denā yā lenā.

Brick, a 1.—Înţ, khisht.

To make use of bricks—Inten kām men lānā yā lagānā.

2 —Inten.

**Bricks collectively, as denoting that kind of material." Webster A load of brick-Inton ki dher.

Of brick-Înțon kā yā înton se banā huā; ķhishtī.

Brick, v t Īnt bichhana ya jamīna; īnton kā farsh banana.

To brick up-Int se chun ya bhar d

Brick-clay, 2. Mițti jiski înț ban sake ya banayî jae; înț banane ki mitți

Brick-dust, n. Īnt kī surķhī, surķhī jo īnt ko kūt yā pīs kar banāyī jāe

Brick-kiln, n. lnt kā pazāwa yā bhatthā. Bridal, a. Dulhan kā; 'arūsī; byāh kā; shādī kā.

Bridal ornaments - Zewarāt-i arūsī yā byāh ke gahne.

Bride, n. Dulhan; 'arūs; 'aurat jiskī shādī hāl men huyī ho yā woh 'aurat jiskī shādī hone wālī ho.

Bridegroom, n. Dūlah yā dulhā; nausha; bar; banā, mard jiski shādi hāl men huyī ho yā hone wālī ho.

Brief, a. 1.—Mukhtasar; thorā sā, mutawwal nahīn, chand alfāz men; thorī yā mukhtasar 'ibārut nen. [der-pā nahīn.

Je there dinon tak rahe jiska q yam ared ya chand-roza he

Brief, n. 1 -- Mukhtasar hālāt, tahrin-r-mukhtasar; bayān-r-muimal.

2 -(Law) Muqaddame kā khulāsu ya uske mukhtusur halāt 10 kaunsalī (counsel) kī hidāyat ke liyo marattab kiye jāca. Qānūnī hahs ke maddāt yā uskī khās khās bāten

Brief, v. t Khulasa banana ya taryar k.; mukhtasar kanfiyat murattah k. Have the pleadings, in this case, bren briefed '- Kya is minered imo men

'uzrāt yā bayāmt-i fringali ka khulisa muratlab kai liyā gayā (bana) ā gayā

yā ban-gayā) ? Briefless, a Jiske muwakkil na hon Is that barrister bruffes ?- Ky î us bărîstar ke koyî muwakkil nahîn hanê? Briefly, ad Mukhtasaran ya mukhtasar tariq par, ikhtisar

mumalan, there men ya there but men, chand alfaz men The facts of the case are briefly these-Waqrata-muqaddama mukhtasaran (there men ya ikhis ar ke sath) yah hun.

Bright, a 1. Reashan, munawwar; durakhshān; chamaktā huā yā chamkila, taban; unjela; abdar; tabdar; shokh; chatkila.

Opposed to dark. 2 — Saf, shaffaf, musulla -- jure sharal.

3 — Aisī sifaten i. w. jisse dusron ke dil par asar paidā ho yā unki tabi'at ke kashish bo ya jinki wash se mansuf ke shuhrat he, azharmma-sh-shams; nüräni; jispar nur klevāli laisn kā 'ālam ho.

Bright beauty - Nilrana lutan , jamal-i-jahdar-tab , ara khub sorta jasko delch kar dil phans jue ya ficefra ho-jite. Bright famo - Namwari je elialira s shiq lai

4.—Zūd-fahra; toz-fahra; barq, fehra i-rasā r. w., zarīf yā latīf wa zarif, bashshāsh am musrūr, zinda dil.

5.—Sāf, sarīh; wazīb; dil par ranshan 6.-Jismen bihtarî ya kam-yabi ki mumod payi jac.

Bright prospects - Ayruda ke achebble aske, jo kuch ayruda li w. ho us men bihtarî yê kamyabî kî ummed.

7.—Chankilā, raushau, zinda-dil, chanchal; shokli.

Bright eyes - Shokh ya chanchal ankhon, ankhon jimmon bart ahamak ha

Brighten, v t 1.—Raushan L. yā raushanī men taraqqi d ; chamkānī

yā durakhshāti banānā; kisī shai kī tāb chamak yā uskī rannag ko barhā (l

 Mu'azzaz yā aur muntāz k , kisī kā jalāl barhānā , jilā k, 3.—Kısı shar ki tariki ko dür karke uski surat ko bılıtar ya khush numā kard , khushnumā yā raushan k

To be lighten sourow - Com be there is dur karke del ko helkê ya khash k To brighten prospects - Ayında kı ummeden ko başlızını; kısı büt ke Lit anr achchhe kai d.

Brighten, v. 1 Raushan yā aur unjelā h , tārīkī kā ghat jānā; sāf hojāuā, pharchā ho-jānā.

Brightness, n. 1.—Chamak; damak; &b, tab; rannaq; ab-dari; jalāl; nūr; raushanī, zīyā. Mtezi; barrāqi-jasse fahm ka. 2.—Tezī—jaise aql kī; zakāwat; tez fahmī; zīrakī; samajh-būjh kī

Brilliant, a. 1 — Chamak dār yā chamkīlā; raushan; durakhshān, chamchamātā, tābāń, munawwar; āb dār; jismeń chamak-damak yā motī kā sā āb ho, zarq-baiq.

A bulliant dress-Zarq-barq poshāk

2.—Jalīlu-l-qadr; un sifaton se mumtāz junkī ta'rīf dūsre karen, 'azīmu-sh-shān; nāmī-garānī; barā, nauslian

Brilliant exploits—Barî barî muhîmmen ; muhimmat 1-azīmu-sh shan Brilliant talents—Barî qabiliyat , amî hyaqat jiskî ta'tif dûsre log karen

Brim, n. 1.—Bartan yā kisî aur chīz kā hāshiya kanāra kor yā lab, aunth, bāiī, munh

2 — Chashme ya'nî chashma 1-āb kā kanāta lab yā hāshiya

Brim, v i Mulabbab yā labālab kar-d., munh tak bhar d.; üpar tak bhar d munhe munh bhar d. [munh bharā rahvā Brim, v i Labālab yā mulabbab h; munh tak bharā h yā munhe Brimful, a Labālab, mulabbab, sire tak bharā huā. bi-l-kul yā khūb bharā huā; labrez; munhā-munh yā nakenak, sai-tā pā bharā huā yā pur

Bring, v. t. 1.—Le-āna, lānā, kisī shakhs yā chīz tak pahinchānā, fāsile pai garīh-tar maqām yā shakhs tak pahinchānā, jī-kar lānā.

Bring me a book from the shelf—Us tand par se mere hye ek kitab lao ya utha lao ya'ni tand par kitab rakkhi hai jakar use utha lao

"In this sense, it is opposed to carry" Webster

2 —Paidā kaiānā; hāsil karānā; milne yā pāne kā bā'is h.; kisī kī taruf kosinsh k. yā khainoh-kar lānā.

The pleader's success in his cases will bring him a great name—Miqaddamat men kām yab hone se us wakil kā barā nām hogā yā miqaddamon kā jitnā (unki sarsabzi) uski barī nek-nāmi yā shuhrat kā bā'is hogā.

3 — Targib d; rāgib k, māil k, dil ko kisī shai kī taraf khaihchnā rujū' k, jā pheinā; rāzī k, āmāda k

What could bring that man to commit such an offence—Aise jurin ke irtikāb kī targīb us shakhs ko kyūńkar ho-saktī thī ?

4 — Apne sāth lete yā khamche ānā

To bring about - Paidā karānā, anjām ko pahunchānā; karānā, bai lānā yā natīja-i-maqsūd ko pahunchānā

How was such a result brought about ℓ —Arsā natīja kie tarah paidā karāyā gayā (paidā huā yā huā) ?

To bring back -- Pher bulānā khwāh pher yā wapas lānā, paltānā yā lautānā.

To bi ing down - Niche utārnā yā nīchā k; nīchā dekhānā, girānā, zalīl past yā zer k, dhānā

To bring down high looks—Unchi nazaron ko nichi kar-d , gurür dhānā yā nichā dekhānā, ghamaud tor d.

To brung forth—Paidā k—jaise bachehe yā phal, jainā; plialnā; khol d : zāhir k , tāsh k., munkashif k , dekhlānā.

To bring forward—Pesh k, samue länä rakhna ya hänr k, äge dharna
No witnesses have been brought forward in the case—Is muqaddame man
koyi gawäh pesh nahin koje gaye. The objections and pleas you bring for
ward are valid—Jo s'urazat aur 'urrat ki tum posh karte he qawi ham

To bring in—Andar länä, däkhil k, kui dür ko maqim se kisi khäs jagah ke had ke andar länä, kisi khäs hal it men 1., jo chizen muntashar (idhar udh u phali) hon unko okthä ya yakjä k, qurün ki qaid men k ya qanün ka pu band aur mahkum k.; paniä k. – jaise amadam lagan ya mal guzüri ki shirkat ki targib d.

To bring off—Le nikelnä yä lekar ohal d., hari karana yä oliloyana mulyim banne na d yä ilzam se safavi karana, haelm d ya mukhlasi karana; najii dilanā.

To bring on - Shurü' karana ya dar k janso nalish Prida k - jarse bim ur To bring out - Kholna, fush k, ya parda-fash ki, zahir k; bhanda phorna, jo bat chhipi ho use zahir-k.

To bring over-(a) Is pat so us par le-jana

To bring over passengers in a bout—kashti par sawār kailke muslāron ko is pār se us pār le-jānā. (6) Apnī taraf kar ļenā, milā-lenā, ek taraf se dusti taraf kar lenā, tāc tabdīl karā d.; targīb dekar yu kusi aur sabīl se hadal d ; mye farīq ki taraf kar l ; phoj l

The plaintiff's witnesses have been brought over by the defending - Maddie a takih ne madda'i ke gawahon ko apin baraf kar liya (mila ya phor tiya).

To bring to - Phir so zonda k.; hosh mon lant; bad-hawasi ki hidat e haw is men k

To bring to a fainting person — to shighs gaide he hallt men he use hish To bring under — Maghib ya zer dast h., dibhañ, rekna; apno qaba ya bas in a lana ya muti' kuku a shar ku tahi men lana.

To bring up - Palud; posnā, to'lim d; torbiy it k, uklimā yā liklimus purhani, klulānā paluūna, tudib am talizih k - Rawaj d, ya jāri k. - jaisa koyi rasmi yā waz'

Brisk, a. 1.—Zunda-dil; tabī'at-dar; tez. sabak, chālāk, phurili, chust-o-chālāk; chāq-chanband; jo jald jald chale ya kār-rawāvī kare.

"Applied to any kind of action, as to the sprightliness of animals or men." Webster

Brisk fire-Ag to fold jald aur khul kur ya khub jolo

Brisk, $v.\ t$ Zinda-dil k. , jän däl d., charb k

To brisk up - Khush k.; zinda-dil k.; jan did di; khush ya zinda-dil bi chust-o chalak khwah chaq chrudand ho-jana

Bristle, n. Süar ke kaçe bal pıskî künchî bantı bar

Bristle, v t. Kharā k — juse suer ka bal; phurahij l.; roān kharā k Sometimes with up.

Bristle, v. i. 1 — Kharā ho jānā — jaisc sūai ke bāloù kū , roen khare h 2 — Sūai ke bālou kī mānind ghanā aur sūdhā kharā i ahnā , sūai ko bāl kī tarah khaiā deķh parnū.

To bristle up-Gussa yā mukhālalat zahir k (dekhlanā)

Bristle, a Jo jhat se (äsäni se) tül jüc; näznk, chimri nahin.

Broad, a, 1.—Chaujā, wasī'; 'arīz, chaujājī yā 'arz men phailā huā.

As distinguished from long.

2 — Farāķh; kushāda; tang unbin

3 - Dür tak phailā huā; bara wasi.

4.—Barā

A broad mixture of falsehood—Jhūth kī barī milāwat; jismen bahut sī jhūthī bāten milī yā rhāthil kon

5.—Khulā hat; sāf, pharchā, chhipā yā dhakā nahīn; raushan.

In boold sunshme—Asse waqt jab dhūp khūb niklī rahe ya'ni sūraj bādal wagaira se chkipā na ho.

In broad daylight-Roz-i-raushan men, din-dopaher; din hi ko.

6.—Jis men koyī shai yā sifat kasrat se (bahut sī) ho, hāwī, hāziq.

"Applied to any subject, and retaining the literal idea more or less clearly, the precise meaning depending largely on the substantive" Webster.

Broad as long—Fi-l-jumla jā har hāl men barībār; donon taraf yaksān, har pahlū se ek tarab par jā yaksān; harā ek ḍhang -e warsābī dūsro se

Broad nonsense—Arī bāt jo sāf sāf yā mahz behūda (lā ya'nī) ho. Broad-cast, n. Bone ke liye bij kā hāth se chhītna yā hāth phailā-kar phenknā,

Broad-cast, ad Hath se chhit ya phenk kar, paira.

To sow broadcast - HIth se chhit kar bij bond

Brocade, n. Reshmi kapil Jismen sone rūpe ke (tilāyi auk nugrayi) tal lage aur phūl patte bei būte wagama bane hon, kami-khwāb, zan baft, tamāmī; tāsh-vādia

"Also applied to other stuffs wrought and enriched in like man ner." Webster.

Broil. n Takrār jismen shor sharāba ho, jhagrā; tantā; dauga-fasād, nizā', shakhson ke mābain yā rijāsat men takrār

Broil, v t. Koele ki āg par yā koele par augethi rakh kar pakānā.

Broil, v 2. Garmānā yā gaum kiyā jānā, bahut garm ho-jānā yā garmī se 'aiaq 'araq (pasīnā pasīnā) ho-jānā; gaimī se pasījne lagnā yā pasij uthnā.

Broken, p. a. 1.—Tūtā ; phūtā ; shikasta , tukre tukre kiyā huā ; jo kisi

sadme se judā judā bo-jāe

2.-Jo kam-zor ho-jāe, shikasta-bāl, za'if.

Broken-hearted, a. Shikasta dil, jiskā dil ranj yā nā ummedī so tūt jāe, afsurda khātir, jiskī tabī'at gun yā māyūsī ke sadme so buth jāe Broker, n. (Law.) Woh shakhs jo dūsron kī taraf so butuur darmiyanī ke kharīd-faiokht kī bāt-chīt tai kaie yā mu'āhadāt kī shirten thah rāye aur uske 'īwaz men dall'īlī pāye, dallāl.

Exchange-broker — Woh shakhs jo gar-tātj sikke kharīde aur beche aut düsron ke nagdī mu āmalāt thahrāwe.

Insurance broker - Jo jahāz kā bimā thahrāwe (uski dallālī kate).

Pawn-broker -- Jo māl-o asbāb giro rakh-kar sūd par rupaye garz de , jo girwī-gaṭthe kā roz-gār kare

Brokerage, n 1.—Dallālī yā dallāl kā pesha.

2 — Dallālī yā dallāl kā mihnatāna (haqqu-l-mihnat yā haqqu-s-saī). Brood, v. v. 1.— Murgī kī tarah andon ko chhipā kar unpar is garaz se barthnā kr we garmī pākar tūţen aur unmen se bachche niklen, ande senā; murgī kā apne hachchon ko garm aur mahfūz rakhue ke liyo

unpar sāva karko haithuā.

2.—Dil ko kisî bût kî taraf barûbar ek 'arse tak mutawajjih r., gaur yê khauz men der tak rahna, der tak mutafakkir ya andesha-mand rahaê, kisî bût kî soch men der tak dûbe rahnê; kisî bût ko der tak fikr ke sêth sochê k.

Followed by over or on.

To brood over misfortunes - Musibatoù ki such men der tak dûbe ya pars rahna

The miser broods over his gold - Bakhil apne zar (apni daulat) ki fikr men dübi (galtan wa pechan) rahta han.

3 —Kisi bat ko khūb samajhhūjh kar pakki (pukhta) k.

Brood, v t Üpar se sāya karke (chhipā kai) baithnā aur pālnā posnā. Brood, n 1 —Bachche; aulād ; nasl.

2 - Chiryon ke bacheho jo ek martaba paidā hon , jhol.

3 -Jo kuchh paida ho.

Brook, v t. Bardāslit k , tahammul k yā mutahammul li. ; sahnā; kisī shai par qamī'at k. yā uspar qam' rahnā.

Brother, n. 1.—Bhayī, buadan; haqqi ya saga bhayî, jis bap aur ma

so ek shakhs paids ho unhi watidwin ki mest so dasra shakhs

A mile by one of the parents only is called a half brother, or

brother of the kalf blood " Webster

A brother of the whole or full blood, or a whole brother, See Blood, a A brother of the half blood, or a half-brother,

2 -- Woh shakha jo kisi duare shakha ka ham-rutba ham-pesha ham-majlis ya dard sharik wagaina bo

"Persons of the same profession call each other brothers, as judges, clergymen, professors of religion, members of societies united in a common cause, monks, and the like." Il eister

Brother-german, n. (fanc) Baradar i haqiqi, haqiqi ya saga hhayi ya'ni

ek hi bāp aur mā se paidā.

"In contradistinction to a uterine brother or by the mother

only" Webster

Brother-hood, n. I .-- Bhayi hong ki halut; baradari

2.—Kısı maqsad ke liye logon ki ek jamä'at—jaise fiqiron kā akhājā (unkī jathā yā unka samaj), barādanī; bhāyī-chāra, bhāyī-bandī [karte hou-

• 3.—Woh log jo ek qism ke hon ya ek hi pesha khwah kar-o-bar Brether-in-law, n 1.—Shauhar ka bhayi 'am 1450 ki woh shauhar se bara ho ya chhota ya'ni jeth (a husband's elder brother) khwah dewar (a husband's younger brother).

2.—Jorū kā bhāyī, salā ; nisbatī bhayī

3 —Bahan ká shauhar; jījā; banhdoyī yā bahnoyī.

Erother-less, a. Be bhāyī kā; jise bhāyī na ho. Brother-like, a. Barādarāna; jo bhāyī ko zelydo yā uske liye mauzūn " (munāsīb) ho. Brotherly, a. Bhāyion se muta'allıq yā barādai-mansüb, barādarāna; jaisā ki bhāyion men khilqī (paidāishī) ho, bhāyion ke lāiq yā unke liye mauzūn khwāh munāsib, mihibānāna yā mushfiqāna.

Brew, n. 1.—Abrū, bhaun.

An arched brow—Abru-1-kham-dīr , kamān sī bhaub

2.—Bāl jo bhaun par mihiāb yā kamāu kī shakl se nikle rahte hain, bhaun.

Peshānī, jabīn; nāsiya

4.—Bashre kî 'ām sūrat ; rukh ; tewar.

5 —Daryā kā kaiārā yā pahār kī chotī (qulla-i koh)

To knit the brows-Tewrī charhānā , chīn-ba-jabīn h , nā khush h ; bhaunen charhānā

Browheat, v. t. Ankhen dekhī-kar yā ghurkī dekar kisī ko dabānā, ghuraknā; darānā, ķhāif kar-d, dhamkā yā dānt kar dabānā.

To browdeat witnesses - Ankhen dekhā kar yā ghurak kai gawahon ko daba lenā.

Bruise, v. t. Kısı jandar ke juzw-i-badan par aise üle se jiski barlı ya dhar moti ho ya jo nok dar na ho is tarah chot pahunchana ki kahın tüt ya phüt na jäe (zakhm na ho-jäe); torna kuchalıa ya tukre k.—jaise kan ki chizen dawaon wagana ko.

Bruise, n. Woh chot jo kisi bhāri yā aise äle se pahunchāyī jāc jiski

bārh dhār yā nok tez na ho.

Brunt, n I — Hamle kī garm-joshī yā uskā barā hī zor : kisī jhagre kā zor yā uskā jhouk (uskī sluddat yā sakhtī) , josh-o-kharosh,

The brunt of a battle-Larayi kā jhonk zor josh yā uski garmi.

2.—Zarb kā sadma, zor, dhamak, dhakkā; chot.

Brush, n I — Woh āla jo sūar ke bālon yā usī kī mānind kisī dūsrī chiz ko lakrī men jamākar yā ekatthā bāndh-kar mukhtalif kāmon ke liye banāyā jātā hai—jaise kapron pai se khāk (dhūl) jhājue yā rang lagāne ke liye khwāh isi qism ke aur kisī kām ke wāste, kūnchī, bāl kā qalam

Clothes-brush - Kapron ke sāt karve kā bursh yā barash Paint-brush - Bälon kā qalam jisse musawwn yā rang-sāz rang lagāte (rang-āmezi karte) haiń

2.—Bahnt se chhote chhote darakht jo nazdik nazdik lage hon.

3—Khafif larayi, hamla; mar-pit; muth-bher, muqabala.

- Brush, v t. 1 Kūnchī wagama se malnā sāf k. rangnā yā isī qism kā aur koyī kām k
 - 2 Āhista se phernā yā mārnā—jaise künchī se, chhūte nikal jācā
 - 3.—Künchi mār-kai (bursh se malkar) nikāl d. yā jam' kar-lenā, hawā kī tarah āhista se lag-kar khainch le-jānā

Commonly with off.

To brush off dust-Küńchi wagaira se mal-kar gard ko nikäl d.

To brush up — Kūńchi se rangnā sāf k. yā chamkā d., sāf yā jilā k ; taraqqī d yā aur achchhā kar-d.; nayā banā d yā kar-d., tāza kar-d ; chaukālā kai d Brush, v. z. Jhat se chal d.; be-ma'lūm chale jānā, aisī āhistagī se chalnā ki kasī ko ma'lūm na ho (āhat na mile), hawā ho-jānā; kāfūr ho jānā; champat ho-jānā.

Brutal, a. 1 — Haiwānī; harwan so mebatr w. yā harwan kā

Brutal nature - Khasiyat-i-haiwani; haiwan ki tabi'at

2.—Hatwan sā yā hatwan ki mānund; wahshiyāna; berahmāna yā sangdilāna, bedardāna.

Bi wtal manners - Walishiyana tariq.

Brutality, n. Walishi sifat h ; be-dardī ; be-rahmī ; sang-dilī , walishatmzāji , dard (tars afses yā ruhm) khwāh sharm kā na ma'lūm h.

Brute, n. 1.—Haiwan, haiwan-i-mutlag.

"The word comprehends all animals except man, but is applied mostly to the larger beasts" Webster.

2 —Wahshi mızüj shakhs, jiske dil yi tariq men wahshat ho, zalil aur be-rahm shakhs; mırdayi, kathor, sang-dil, jiska dil patthar sa ho

Bubble, n 1 .- Hubab yā habāh , bulbulā yā bullā.

2.—Koyî be-sabît ya na paedar shai; khuyal i-batil; aisa mansüba jo be-bunyad ho, koyî shai jo aslî na ho balkî mihz numaishî ho, namüd-i-be bad, jhüthi numiish; daga; fireb; dhokhe yî fireb kî bat; khayal i-kham ya 'ahas, dhokho ki tatti, naqsh-bar-ab.

Bubble, v : 1 .- Bulbulo uthuz; hubab paida h.

2.—Bhalbhalā-kar bahnā.

Bubble, v t. Dhokhā d.; dagā k ; fireb d.; thagna.

Budget, a Sālāna mālī lusāb jismen qaumī dam āmad o kharch wagaira kī kufīyat darj rahtī hai.

To open the budget - Witzian i-quwanin ke ijhis men gavarnint ke un afsaron ke mali taqdama aur tajwizon ka pash k jinke zimine qamin ki ta'mil ho

Build, v t 1 —Kisī qism kī 'imārat banānā ta'mīr k, yā uthānā ; ta'mīr-i'mārat k. ; banānā ; ta'mīr k.

Applied to "an edifice or fabric of almost any kind, as a house, barn, shop, ship, or vessel, a wall, or other structure of art" IVebster.

2.—Kisī sahāte yā bunyād par qām k.; munāsib tadbīren kām men lākar banānā qām yā paidā k.

To build a reputation - Nek mini gaine k.

To build one's hopes on air—Apri ummeden hawa parquin k ('abas omned k') Build, v v. l.—'Imaraton ki ta'uir men masraf rahua ya 'unaraten banaya k.; ta'mir ke fan ya kar-o bar men mashgul rahua (use kiya k.)

2 -Kısı par takya ı'tıbar ya ıstıdlal k.; bharosa k ; kısı par kısı

amr kā madār r.

To build on the opinions of others—Düsron ki rüs pir takya ya istidkil k.

Builder, n. Banāne w.; tu'mīr k. w., jiskā pesha kisī shai ke banāne kā
ho —jaise barhayī mi'mār wagura.

Building, n. 1.—Banānā; ta'mīr yā gāim k.

2 — Imaraton ke banane (unkī ta'mīr) kā fan yā bunar.

3.—'Imārat, makān : ghar ; jo shai hanāyī yā ta'mir kī-gayī ho—jaise makān girjā wagaira.

A building used as a human dwelling-Woh makan jismen insan rabte hon.

A building used for the custody of property Woh maken ye ghar justicen mal-

Bulk, n. 1.—Qad-o-qāmat, lambāyi chaurayi unchayi motayi ya gherā, barāyi.

A ship of great bulk - Baya lumba change jahka.

An ox of great bulk - Bara bhari (bara qaddawai) buil.

2. - Juzw ra'nam: hahut bara ya khas husa; ho sa i kasir ya kusrut m.

The bulk of a debt-Kisi que ya dam ka hisas i kneu 34 juzy (a'mon,

The bulk of markind ~ Bani r & lam kā base r-kasu ya ka nat se fusan; bahut log ya aksar ashkhās.

In bulk - Dher ki dher ya musallam

[taryar or ho

Pork in bulk, or bulk pork—Süar kü gosht 10 band kiye jane ke hiye katé ya Laden or stoved in bulk—Jahüz jispar mal khulu takkiis in ya'ni sandtajon gatthon yü pipon men band na bo

d ade by bulk—Mal-o asbūb kā bilā wazu yā nāp ka bochā jama ya'm uakā hanīyat-i-munjūda men boch dīya jūnā

Bulky, a. Barā, bare qad-o-gamat ka; das ez qad; kalāti.

Bully volumes - Bari bari jiklen ; jilden jinki sakhamat bart he.

Bulletin, a 1.—Wāqi'āt kī woh mukhtasan kutiyat jo 'awam ki ittila' ke hye hākim ko hukm se kist hirtyī hi kār ranaya ya kua nami garami (bijo mashhā) shakhs ki shhut ko muta'alliq mushidhar ki jasar.

2.—Jo khahar kahin so tal mmi ayr hu nekr'am ittilk.

3 – Kisi jalso ki kāc-rawāyioù ka augāt-i inulaiyan pait invalitab u kiyā jānā

Bullock, n Bull ya badhiya bail.

"The or, or steer, is the castrated male of near cattle. He is called an or-call, or bull-call, until he is a twelve-month old, a steer until he is four years old, and after that an or, or bullack." Wilster:

Bull's-eye, a 1.—Oabiz shishe kā tukrā jo chhat wagaru meh mushani kī āmad ke hye bithāl diyā jātā hai.

2.—Hawī yā raushani ke itye koyi gol satiakh yā rangan,

3.—Mulazin-ı pulis ki lälten jismen mushani ku 'aks ku parne ko liye ek taraf dabiz shisha luga rahta hui

Bully, n Woh mardak jounen jurat to kam ho par shokha sur kalladarazi ziyada ho, woh shakha jo gangayi nur ghamandi ho sur logen ko yanhin dhamkaya aur larayi ko tiyo chlora kare pai khud kachh himmat na rakhta ho, jhagrala shakha.

Bully, v. t Shor machakar aur zor zor so dhamkā kar had ki dhamat k. kisī ko dhamkiyān d. aur usso chher chhar k.

Bunch, n. 1.—Lk qism ki bahut si onizon jo ck sath panda huyi ya bambhi hon, guchchha; ghonpa, khosha.

A ounch of grapes - Khusha-i tāk yā augur kā guchohha A bunch of keys -- Kunjiyon kā guchohhā yā jhabbā.

Bundle, n Basta; gathrī; mutthā; pulindā; huqcha; gatthā; nob chīzen jo rassi wagura so is turnh par bāndh lijaen ki unko aram ke sāth hāth so uthā len yā kahin le jāon.

A bundle of clothes - Kaprof ki gathri. A bundle of papers - Kaganik kin bushmutths ya pulinda. Bundle, v. t. Gaflaf banānā, bāhdli kar buqcha yā pulpidā banānā.

To bundle off - kin ko jildi men ya jimnyhla-kar yah kali di ki chale jao.
To bundle un - Ek mon ya chatilia bundhna: lavet di

Burden, n. L. - Bah , book.

en' w r. - bar 'oolu

Benat of burden - Bir-buddet ki janwar; bir-gir, ladud janwar.

2. Woh shu jiski tihammul mihuat ya diqqat ke saih kiya jae, jiska bardasht k, mushkil ho ya jirke tahummul men dil par guam we; amr i garah bar ya woh bas jo bojh ke taur par ma'lum ho (pahar ya patthur ki mamud samajh pare), jo dil par guan guzre ya bojh ma'lum ho

3 - Jo kuchh jahās par ladā ho ; jisqadar hojh ţan (ton) ke hisāb se

ck jahāz par chal sake.

Burden, n Kisī gīt kā woh hissa jo bār bār gāyā jāc; antrā, tek; as thāyī Woh bāt jiskā i'āda aksar kiyā jāc, asl manshā-i-kalām.

Burden, n. Bar; bojh; farz.

Burden of proof [Lat, was presented] (Lun)—Subût kê hojh; bûrt subût, kist nungsdiame men present le nezi tariqani men bo usko mula'alliq kisi wêgi a ya wêgi'at ke eshit karin ki xararut ya uska fars.

The accessed pleady not grafty and the burden of proof is, falls, or has, upon him, or roots with him -blaimen ke jurin so take hat aur isks ber-f-sub it not par hat, mulzem spare jurin ac munkir had aur apus is 'uzr kā sebit k not par fasy hat

Burglar, n. (Lan) Nucl) zan; woh shakhs jo rat ko mekan men naqb-zam kuro (serath de kar usmen ghus jëwe), woh shakhs jo chori wagara ke mado serat ke waqt kun makan-i meskumi men naji dokar ghus jëo

Burglarious, a. I issee much saint ha jurni qann ho; much zanike muta'alliq.
The accused effected a hargineless only into that house.—Mulann us makan men nach dekar glue geyt.

Burglariously, ad Naqhaani ki niyat se; sendh mārno ke irādo se, madi-am ke tam par.

Burgiary, n. (Law) Negb zam; schall-märnä ya huana; rat ke waqt kiel ko makan i-maskima, men miqb laga-kar (sondh murkar) chori ki ulyat se ghus jana.

Burial, n. Dafn k. vå tadfin; murde ki läsh kä qabr men gärnä (dafu k) jä päni men dulja d; mitte d., tajhiz-n takfin, dafn-kafn; gor-garha Burial cast - lik tandi kā tābub jo aksar lohe kā is tarz par banta hai ki us men hawā kā gozor na ho aur lash bilazet se raht

Burnal service - Da'h wagaira jo lash ke dain karne ko waqt parhi jati har, janaze ki namaz. [kar d

Burn, v. t. 1.—Jalānā; āg so sokht kard.; garmī yā āg kī tāsīr se khāk

To burn up wood - Lakri ko jalukar klifik kar d. To burn a dead body - Lish

ko jelana ya planikus.

2.-- Ag ya karmi se unqsan pahunebana; kisi shai ki khasiyat ko be-andaz ag ki tezi ya garmi ki hideat khwah gaflat ki wajh se tabdil kar-d.; jala d.; jhulas d. To burn food in cooking - Pakano ki halat med khano ki chiz ko jala d. The and burns the grass. Dhan ghat ke fals dets (king lik kar dets en ankha deti) hat.

3.—Jalākar koclā kar d.; pakānī; āg men phonkna

To burn churcoal - Lukri ko jula kan kocla kund. To burn brinka-This pakana To burn hanestone - Patther ko ig men phunk kai chana banana.

4 — Āg kī sī kaafiyat paidā k., garmī paudī k.; garmī ko ubliamā ya garmî phunk d. , sozish ya juban paida k.; jula d.

To burn the month with papper-Much se much jula if ph usingle sogreti (talun) paidak. Ardent spirits him the stonnich - Tox charaling so might men garmi (sozish v.i harārat) paidā hoti har The tever burns the nettent -Woh mariz bukhār so phunkā yā jalā jātā hu (neko tap ki garne hai).

To burn daylight - Turki ke namud ko nahlo sharat ranshan k, va ialuna : tazī'a-i augāt k (waqt khonā), fuzūl kām k.

To burn oue's fingers - Dünon ke umitrat men dest-un las he-kar vä naf' ki ummed par kisî rozgăr wagaira men aupaye phuhshkar yakiyak taklif men par tina

To burn out-Jakkar har-had k. ya mita d.

To be burnt out of house and house - Makan i waskilne git mal ke guldan wagara men se uske jal jane ki wajit se majbih be kar pikal jana.

To burn up - Sate ke said (bi I kul) ag so jala d.

Burn, v. i. 1 — Jahna, bahna, ag lagi rahna

2.—Carmi ki zivādatī so ungsān yā sadma pahunchud; jalnd.

3.—Shu'la ya ag sa ma'lam d.; chamakna; durakhahan ya taban h , damakuā

4 —Kısı josh ı-tabı'nt ya shanq so jala ya plunka jana; bare gesh men h và kisî bût kî tamanna men dil kā julā jana.

5.—Bare josh-o kharosh mon h ; is shiddat so h. ki tabahi a fac. 6.—Garmi ma'lum d. yā harārat so plandhā janā; andāz so zivada

vā bahut hi mahrūr h.; barī garmi mahsas h. (lagud.)

7.—Nathe yā tāsīr men āg kī mānind h.

To burn out-Jal bujhuë (butud); yahan tak jalud ki kocia ya lake, wegara sab jal-kar ag bujh fac.

Burn, n. Woh sadma jo jism ke kisi lusse ko ag ki tasir sa pahuache; badan ke kısı hisse kā ag se jal jana.

"Burns are produced by heated solids, and scalds by heated

fluids" Worlester.

Burning, a 1.—Bahut garm ; jismen barī barārat yā tamāzat ho; jiulasue wala, jismen koyi jal ya bhuu uthe.

2 -Tez, qawī; shadīd.

Burnish, v. t. 1 — Chikuā aur chamkīlā kar d ; jilā d. yā k.; anigal k.; kısı chikul anr karı chiz se ıstarah mal-kar jila d. ki jis chiz ku jıla den uske upar se kuchh ragar klukar nikal na jae

To burnish silver – Chāidi ko jilā d. To burnish stock – Fauliki par migal k. 2.—Raushan k; munawwar k.

Burnish, e a Bhara-para h./ab-o-tāb hāsli k.; namūd panā yā mashbār h.: bālīdagī (bārh) ki bālat men phailpā.

Burnish, n Jila; saiqal, ah; chamak; damak; halak; op.

Burnt-offering, n. Hom; gundh ke kullato ke hye jo kuchh gurban gah men ya bedî par charha kar ag men jalâyê jêc.

Burst, v. t. 1.-- Nor ya jhatko se ur ya tat jana; bhitar ke dahaw se zor se phat tat ya phat jana; kisi josha tabi'at ya ranj khwah kisi shar ki tamamni wagaira ko galaha so dil ka phat jana ya pash-pash ho-jana.

2.---Jhatkā dekar nikal j uni; kād-kar nikal-jānā yā mkal-bhāgaā.

To burst from the arms—that se mikal bhagail

3.—Yakayak ya zor so a parul ya tat-parul ; jhat se l-jinl.

The sound burst upon his cars - Uske khu med Awaz jhat se ya yakayak E-gayi.

4 --- Phūt kai nikalnā yā kisi poshīda yā tanhāyī ke magām se aur sāmne ā-jānā (medd-r-nazar ho-jānā).

A spring bursts from the earth - Chushma (sett) zamin se phūt kar nikaltā hai

5- «Kısı amr kā dal'atan honā shmū' ho-jānā.

To burst into tears—Diffutan (jaktijak) rone bignit ro paynā yā ānsū bahē d

b. - Chus jana; dhardharate ya jhal, se bhitar chale jana

To herst into a house or a room - Kin makin ya kamro men ghus jana,

7.--Ap hi ap phát juid - phao kiaí phore ka.

"It is often followed by an intensive particle; as, out, forth, away, from, asunder, into, upon, through, &re." Webster.

Burst, v. t. Zor se ya sadina pahuncha kai tor phor ya phar d , yaki yak khol d.; plint no khol d.

To burst a chain-Jingha dekar majir ko tog d. To burst a door-Darwiza yu kewar yakayak ya phat se khol d.

Burst, n. Yakayak plut-papat ya mkal-ant.

A burst of thunder- (large jo yakayak hone lage. A burst of applauso-Sha bild ya with with ke mile ka yakayak dua.

Bury, v. t. 1 .- Murda ko qube d. (naki lash ko qabr men r); dafa k ; gărnă; mitti d; lash ko păni men dubă d.; tajhīz-o-taktīn ke jo rugun muqarıar bon unki pü'muli ko sallı data k ; gor-garha d.

2.-- Oper se kuchh rakh-kar khwah kisi shai ke andar masalan zamin wagnira men rakh kar is turah chhipa d. ki mazar na awe: kisi chia ki ol men kar-d.; chlupa kar mazar ke bahar kar-d.; gar d

To dury the face in the hands. Much ke listhed so is toral chilips do ki dekh

na pare

3.—Bhūl jānā mir mu'if kard; mahw aur mausi kard.; gat'an tark kar-d. 32 phir bagi (quim rahue na d.); khak dal d.; bi-l-kul obhor d.; dast hardar h., bas-ana; band ya mauquf kar-d.

To bury an injury - Jo kuchh nuq-du hust ho usko bhal jana aur mu'af kar-d. (uspar klick dil d). To bury strife-Ihagai band-kar d, yā use bi-l kul chhor d To bury the hatchet - Sulh k; harbs rakh-d.; jo kuchh nuqsan hua ho use bhula d, aur sulh kar-l.

Burying-ground, i a. Qabristân ; maqbara; goristân , madfan ya woh jagan jahān murde čafn kiye jāch; qabr-gāh. Burying-place,

sıly, ad 1.—Musta'ıdı se; dil so; barabar ya hamosha.

To be busing employed—Kisî kilm men musta'idi ya dil se musraf rahna, barabai ya hamesha kam men laga iahun

barābai yā hamesha kām men laga izmus. 2—Aisī tarah par ki 'njlat yā buzurgi zāhir ho , laid se ziyāda. ti'lāh ke sāth tanāze ke sāth.

ıstı'lab ke sath , taqaze ke sath. usmess, n. 1.—Shagi ; kam , mashgala; woli bat jismen naf' va taraqqi ke liye waqt tawajjah anr mihnat sail ho (lage) , koyi khas kan ya

Koyī kām jo 'ārīzī (thore 'arse ke liyo) ho

A word of extensive use and indefinite signification." If corte,

Umurāt; ta'alluqat, kār khāna; kār o-bār, mu'āmalāt; kam

kār o-bār masalan kāsht-kārī tuāint ya koji khas biifa jā pesha.

dhām yā kām-kāj

To leave one's business in an unsettled state—Apno hār obār (kai ķhane yā ta'allugāt) ke tazakul ki hālat men (dāwāh del yā halchai) chhor d.

3.-Kāt-i-khās vā aham; khās yā barā kām.

In distinction from trivial allalis.

4. -Sarokār; wāsta; ta'alluq yā 'alāqa, mudākhulut khwah kar

rawayi ka haq ya uski zarurat.
What business has a man with the disputer of others? - Discret ke gingged as

kisi ko kys saroksi ju garon ki niza'où men kisi Lo mudulihelit ka bja haq hai! [math b ho 5—Bāt; ami; jo bāt tajwīz talab ho; jieki tabijujat jā tajwis

6 —Kām; woh mufid shagi jisso kisi ka naf maqaud ho.

To project to amusements

7.—Parz, woh hät jiskä karna wajib ya farz ho.

A lawyer's business is to do justice to his chents — Qünnu-pedia shahlir ka yakı farz hai ki apne muwwakishin ki düst do ya'dı onka hisu ichehlir taralı kare 8 — Sandāran'ı: tuürat , kharid faroklit vä klai nur unon kā rozvar

8 — Sandägarî; tijārat, kharid farokht yā kisi nur qinni kā rozgat To do the business for a man—Kisi ke mu-dalun ba-bad ya tabih k.

asmess-like, a Thik thik jarsā ki kar-o bāi men honā chāhiyo; ļļiāsa; jo achchhī tarah kiyā jāo, kām ke dastūr ke mutabiq usy, a 1.—Kām men musiūf yā laga hod; manhgul; be kār nahin, be shagl nahīn, jisko fuisat na ho; koyī kām ki ya ulaī bat kurtā hod jo chhūt na sake.

He is husy and can not come—Web kam man marrūf, hei (kam kar caba, ha)

He is busy, and can not come - Woh kam men masrûf hai (kam kar raha hai) a nahîn sakta. Kam men mashgul hene ki wajh se terko dire ki fursat nahîn hai

2 — Jo barābar (ek tār yā silsīle se) lagā rahe; jo hamesha kuchli na kuchh kiyā kare yā harakat men rahe, jisko qarār na lio. Busy feet—Par jo kisī waqt qarār se na rahen (har waqt chalte rahen).

Busy rogue - Woh bad-zāt shakha jo har waqt bad zāt: men maarūf rahe (bud

zētī kiyā kare.) 3.— Us kām men lagā huā jisse zītī ta'alluq na ho; be kabe sune

düsion ke kam men dastandazī k w.; fuzul khidmat ya kam h. w.; taklif-dih.

4. "Jab bahut kām ho.

A loon day - Kam ta ding jis din bahut kan hut jis raz bahut se mashgale hon Busy, r. / Masruf k ya r.; lagana; mashgul k. ya r.; kam men

lagave inlina va harabar mutawajih rakhin.

War "Used chiefly with the reflective pronoun." Worlester

To but one's self with books-Kutub-lam (kitabon ke dekhue ya padine) men magnet reiner hamoshe kithbolt ka ehagle.

But, prep. de conj. 1 -- 'Alawa, siwa, ba-juz; chhora-kar chhor-kar vå chhor. -Agar fulân bắt na hotī to; agar fulān amr hāil na hotā to;

siwa esko ki; is bāt ko chhor kar ki; agai aisā na hotā to.

3 -Sirf; mahz; mrā; hī.

4. - Lekin; par; walckin, magar; illä.

163" "Experience only can teach the learner the true use and applica tion of this and similar particles." Forbes. Butcher, " 1, - Jo janwaron ko halak kurta ya bechne ke live unka

gosht banata bio, jo khano ke liyo janwar mara (zobh kiya) kare. qusayî; qusadh; buchay. 2. Jo logoù ko halak kurta ya miki balakat ku hukm sipahiyon

ko deta har, jo msån ki khun rezi kasrat se kurti ya karata hu , gatel, khumi

Khana ya bochno ko liye janwaron ko halak k Butcher, n. c. 1. mārna zabh yā halāl k. mät-dilnä #. Qati k ; mar dalua; halak k.; zabh k ; be-rahmi ya be-dardi so 19 In the litter sense, "emphatically applied to murder committed

with unusual crucity." Wester Button, n. Butám ya bahan 'Am inso ki pahanno ko kapro men kam ke

liye lagaya jaa va maha khub surti ki garaz se. To hold by the button - Baron men yahan tak phanet i, ki sunne walk that ya ghaina jan; tang k.; kisi a. bahat manus h. ya rabt zaht khwah dostana r

Button, r. & Butam ya latan lagana.

Offen followed by kp. Buy, v. t. 1. -Zar-i saman (qunat) dekar kısı shat ki haqıyat ya milkiyat hasil k.; khand k; mol l.; bechne wale (bai') ke hasb-khwah qimat dekar lena; kinna, besahua

Opposed to sell.

2. - Kisî chiz ke badle men kuchh basil k.; kuchh dekar lena.

To buy favour with flattery - Khushamad ke kan'e se kisi ko mihrban i-hai k To hay off (a) - Dabaw pahunchakar koyi khui kara lent ; kisi mu'awaze ke 'inne men jhukë di ja mana honë (apur tarat mëri kar-lenë yë apuë kuhmë

kara laup). (b) Kuchh dekar phor land yā alag kur-d. To buy aff one from a party-Rim to kuchh dekar jis fariq ki taraf woh ho usse use alag kar-lenā yā apur tarai phor lenā.

To buy out (a) - Kiss farig so kiss ko judž kar d. yž uski taraš se phor l.

(6) Kiai sarmāye ga shirākat men kisi kā hima kharid k. jisse bāi' kī shirākat chhut 160 aur mushtari uskā qaim-maqam ho-jas.

To buy in-Kisi sarmāve yā shirākat mon hissa kharid k.

To buy on credit — Āyinda qimat dono ko wa'de par koyi chiz kharid ki, udhār mel lenā

To bay the refusal—Kiel shar ki mebat fiyanda ki kharidari ka haq ka qelim rakhne ke hyo uski qamat tai karke (thahid kai ya taunaqqah karke) kieli rupaye de d

Buy, v. a. Kisî shai kî kharîdarî kî hat-chit k.

Buyer, n Khatidar ya khatid k. w.; mushtari ya mul l. w. By, prep. l.—Kisi ke nazdik pas ya qatib, kisi ke qarb men ya nake ba'd hi, kisi se dur ya pare nahin; kisi ke barabar ya uske shumul men.

Sit by me - Meie pas ya qarib baitho.

2 — Raftār kī hālat men kisī shai ke nazdīk lekin is tarah par ki weh shai na to chhū jāe auv na raftār men rukāwat ho, kisī ke is taraf se us taiaf, kisī ke us pār.

To go by a church—Girje ke nazdik se nakabjāna. The hour is gone by— Chanta guzur (bit) gayā.

3.—Se ya'nî kısî üla tadbîr zarî'e sabab nagara se; zarî'e se; madad ya wasîle se; rüh ya sabîl se.

A city is destroyed by fire—Shahr ag a (ya'm ag ke ba'in ya ag lugur ki wajh se) garat ho-jara har. To take by force—Jahr so lena ya'ni nake wante ya zari'e se (use kam men lakar) kuchh lena. To go by lund—Khushki se ya'ni khushki ki rah se jana.

To the meaning of by, as denoting means or instrument, belong, more or less closely, most of the following uses of the word

- (a) Waverley, a novel by Sir W. Soott—Waverley ye'nt wob abaims ya qissa ki kitab jishe musamif Sir W. Soott bali ya ja unki tasnit bat. A statue by Canova—Wob sürat ya mürat jo Canova ki kunda ki huyi (khod-kar banayi huyi) hai.
- (b) To swear by Heaven—Khudā kī qasam khānā ya'ni Biri ta'ālā yā uski sitt ko apne qaul ki sachāyi ke liye gawāb qarān d. (mānnā)
 I affirm to you by all that is sacred—Jo kuchh untabarrak li di us sah ki saugand khākar (us sab ko apnā shāhid qarār dekar) marā tum se hayān
- kartā yā kahtā hān.

 (c) It appears by his account—Usko bayān sa ma'lum hotā hai ya'ni nake bayān ke mutābiq yah hāt pāyī jāti hai. Ten o'clock by my watch—Meri gharī ke mutābiq (usmon yā nake rū se) das bajo To live by rule.—Qā ide se chahtā ya'nī uskī hidāyat yā sanad par 'amal k. A model to build by—Ta'mīr ke liye ek namūna yā naqsha ya'nī ok namūna yā naqsha jisku dekh

har waisihi ta'mir ho
In all the above illustrations, by denotes "according to; by direction, authority, or example of; after." Webster.

(d) To sell cloth by the yard—Gaz ke hisab se kapra bachus ya'ni ek gaz ki qīmat lagākar usi ke mutābiq farokht k.

To sell mest by the pound - Paund ke warn ke head se goaht brokus ya'nt ak paund hi jo qimat ho usi sharh se gosht ki qimat leus.

- (c) Larger by a half—Dearlat bara ya'ni jitai bari ek chiz bo uske muqabil dana chiz ka usso doorha bara h. Older by five years—Dasre ki nisbat pahah baras aur 'aur ya qadamat mai ziyada. To lessen by a third—Tisra bissa (tihayi) ghata d. ja kain karal.
- (f) Bu day, bu night-Durko, rat ko, ya'ni jab tak din ya rat rahe.

(y) He will be here by two o'check.— Woh y than do my, tak paintnehogā ya'ur do hayte hayte ya ha darya regnyat us waqt tak yā jiswayt usko āne kā char ehā hota ho as waqt so lokar do hajo ke andar.

By and by—Thou der men, abhi; jald; turmt; bahat der no hone pāyegī
By one's self—Akeha; taulat; up in up; apm sāt ko siwa aur koyī nazdīk nahlū
One by one—Ek ok yā ok ok kaako, fardau fardan; alag alag, judā judā.

Nay by day - Roz roz; har roz , yauman fa yauman. [ānā
To come by - Kusi shed kā qabza pānā; koyi chuz pānā yā hāsil k , milnā, hāth
To do by - Suhāk k .; burtāw k .; pesh ānā.

To set by - Qudi k , tanqu k , ba waq'at samajhni.

To stand by - Madad d ; white d ; pushti d , l'anat k .; nazdik khara h Turnty feet by forty, d.c. - Naparo mon ek taval his our dusti taval challs fit

By, ad. 1.—Nazdik: pas, manjad; sārane, āge, dū-ba-dū. 2.—Nazdik se mkal-gayā; jātā rahā; gazar gayā, he chukā. The processor has gone by—Sawati nikal gayt.

3.- -Kanāro; ek tarat.

To put by - Kanan rakh d. ya kar d.

By, { n. Amr-i-zmani; woh bat jo saithi maqiad na bo; woh bat jispar Bye, } ba-darja-rada lihaz na kiya jac.

By the hope - is untingere he is then all more more; par hote has joined mutakallun us hat he people to obhother key? distribut zimusa kahne lage; bhale, sune to ya muo to each, sara dokka to, kyon; isko (ya'ur jo bat horah! har usko) jane do aur yah (ya'ni ek aur hi hat) suno.

By-bidder, n. Woh shaklis jo nihim men nilām karne-wāle yā mālik kī taraf so chizon kī quant ko barhāne ke hye boli bolo.

By-lane, n. Koya khas gulf ya kuchu-i-khas jo shab-rah se alag ho.

By-law, a. Woh qanun jo quuin-i am se 'alamda ho; koyî mukhtassu i-maqam quum ya qanun ı-darja-i-adna; woh qa'dla ya qanun jo kisi khas jama'at ki taraf se uske umurat ke insiram ko liye banaya jawe, woh qanun jo kisi shahr wuxaira ya kisi khas jama'at ke liye mauzu' (bana) ho

By-passage, n. Mu'müli räh ko chhor-kar aur räh ; koyî posbida ya aisî

rah jo sab ko ma'ium na ho

By-place, n Koyî tanhayî ya goshe ki jagah.

By-road, a Koyî poshîda ya aisî rih jo 'awam ko ma'lum na ho.

By-stander, a Nazdík khajá r w., tumäshäyi, woh shukhs jisko karimarjúa se kuchh sarokar na ho; jo hila wästa mahz kuchh dekhue ke liyo kusi ke pas a khaja ho jao.

By-street, n. Aisa täsia jo sab se alag thalag khwah makhfi ho ya 'awam

ko ma'ium na ho.

By-way, n. Aisí ráh je nirále men ya poskáda ho ya jisse bahut log waqif no hon.

By-word, n. Koyî 'ām maqūla; kahāwat, masal; wah qaul jo 'umūman aān (zahān zad 1-khās-o-'ām) ho.

C.

Cadastral, a. Arāzī yā jāodāda gair manqūla ke muta'alliq

CADIT QUESTIO, (Lat.) Bahs khatm ya saqit ho-gayi, aur kuchh bahs ya hujat baqi na rahi.

C.ETERIS PARIBUS. (Lat.) Chūnki aur bāten barābar lann yā dūsie umūr men musāwāt hai, dūsie umūr ke barābai yā musāwi hone ke hibāz se

Cajole, v. t. Khushamad se dhokha d., khushamuden karke apno phando men lana, khushamad chaplusi ya lallo-putto k.; dam ya butta d.

Calamitous, a. 1 — Musibat men musdat uthātā yā unusibat jholtā huā , bajā bad-nasīb, khasta bāl; kam-bakht; musibat zada.

2 - Musībat-uāk yā taklīf se bharā huā; mukhodif; taklif dih.

Calamity n Koyī barī musībat yā koyī bāt jiskā natija taklīfidih ho; ātat, gazab, gahr, balā; bad-bakhti jā kam bakhtā.

"(senerally applied to events or disisters which produce extensive evil." "It supposes a somewhat community state, produced not usually by the direct agency of man, but by natural causes, such as fire, flood, tempest, disease, &c." Wilhten

Calculable, a. Hisāb kiya yā gine jane ke lāig; jiski tahqiq hisab ya shumār so ho-sake, ginti ko lāig; qabil i shumar.

Caculate, v. t. I.— Ilisāb k ; shumāt k.; ginnīt ; 'annal i hisābī yā hisab ko 'ām qā'ulon se daryāft mutahaqqaq yā tashkhīs k., takhuma k , andāz se gām k. [phailanā)

To colculate expenses—Iliani-i-masarif k , kharch ha histo lagana (jojuk ya 2.—Un khas khas baton ya halat ka huah ka rii na darvaft k jo kisi shar ke muta'alliq hon; mujum ya 'ilin-i-haiyat ke ça'ide na hisab k guna ya bicharua.

To calculate an echipse—Histò ke rü so gahan ka hülat daryült k. To calculate a nativity—Jann-kundalî banânü; kisi ki paidüsh ke saqt yakü sujaha yü jann patra hanünä ya'ni nujum ke qü'ide se histò karka yah likh deni ki jiswaqt wilâdat kü wuqü' hud sitüre inlañ inlañ maqun pur the.

3--Samajhbüjk-kar muruttab k , aisī tarah par durust k. ki kārbarārī hojāwe, mauzūn lāig yā hasbī hāl k

The present Evidence Act is well calculated to meet the requirements of India — Quain rehabildat jo Ki-l-fi'l jari hai assi tarah par murattah kiya gaya hai ki usse Hindustān ki zarūrateh hakhūbi raf' hojāti haih

Calculation, n. Hisab, shumar; ginti.

A rough calculation - Takhmina; andiza, atkal; kut, taqdama.

Calendar, n. 1.—Pattrā; tagwim; jantrī.

2 - Ashkhās yā ashyā kī musalsal filmst yā unkā shumār; un

nuqaddamāt ki fihrist jukī tahqīqāt wa tajwīz 'adālat men hone

Chilindar month - Müh-i shamsı yü tiqwimi jaisü ki 'üm jaitiiyon yü pattron men gam kiya jata har.

II. v. t. 1. – Āne ya hāzer hone kā hakm d.; bulānā; talab k., apne samme bulana; ane ke liyo kahna istid'a k. ya farmana, hukamat ki

iah so (tahakkumana) ang ki khabar d. 2.—Kisi khās nām se pukārna, kisī ism se mansūm k.; koyī khīs nām r.; mausūm yr malaggab k [māmūr yā muqarrar k).

3. -- Kısı 'ulıde mansab ya kludmat ke liye nam-zad k (uspar 4 - Da'wat (newto já ziyāfat) meň bulānā; mad'ū k.; da'wat d. 5 -Jam' (ekatthā) hone ke liye talab k., ekthā yā mujtama' k, akjā k., yakjā hone ki hulāyat k ; hukm yā ittilā-i-'ām ke zam'e

se jun'k. 概念" Often with together.

6 -Baland hwas no (ba-awazi-baland) kahna; pukar-kar kahna; zor se malfuz k ya parlina

Kisi par hawala di ya usko opita gawah bandua. To call a party - Kim fariq kā nam-lekar usko zor so 'adalet men bar i-'am is garas ee puktimi ki woh lubu tekni jo kuchh uskii faiz ho uso anjam de warna uski ti'mil na karni 13 ganni uthawe

To call back -- Mansakh k ; tod k., wapas kar-leva ; pher mangana ; lauja lena The court has called back the continuate granted by at -Apai di-hayi soned 'adalat ne manunkli kar di.

To call for (a) - Palab k, mingul ja mangwank The record of the case cannot be called for - Is inequaldama ke mist talab nahin ki jasakti

(d) Chahna; mugtare h, ; falih h, ya talab k.

The offence of minder calls for the extreme penalty of the law-Jurm 1 gathi and ke hye web gayet derje ki sara chamye je mahkuma i qinin he

To and for no explanation - Kantiyat talab k, kist but ke mafassal halat ka daryālt k. To call for an information - letifedr k; had daryaft ke, koyî bût pûchhas

To rall forth -- kain me to line.

To call forth all the faculties of the mind - Dil br kul quwwatch ke kam men To call in (a) - Pher bini; somet lond; wapas kaplend - jame gars dive huye Wusul k. - jame zar i yuftam ya'nı woh rupaye je kisi ke zimme rupaya báqí hoù.

(b) Bult-kar ekattha k.; jam' k ya batorna, jem' (yakja) hone ke liye kahna

To call in friends - Doston ker yak ja ja jam' k.

(e) Kisî se madad chalina (i'ānat ki daikhwāst k).

To call off (a) - Bula lena To call off working from their employment - Mazdăran ko kum par se buld lenā düsri teraf mukhātab kar d (b) Pher d ; dust i taraf mukhātab kar-d. To call off the attention - Tawajjuh ko To cult out - Larne ke liye halaca; lakarna; stalabil jung k.; kūm karne ke

- liye buland.

To call over - Ek ek karks tartib so puktion kes shorist ko nam ba man pughuit, jo nam hhust par charles hoù unko em war (man ba man) pukarnit.

To call up (a) - Khayal ya yad k. To call up the trouge of a decement friend - f
Kasa are doet ka sanat ko yad k. 30 margaya ho.

(b) Küm ya 'amal men lana khwah mulahase ke liye pesh k.

To call up a hill before a legislative body—Kist gamin ke musawwade ko bahaka hya wazin-i qawanin ka majma' men pesh k

To call to mind - Yad R.; khayet men land, chetna

'all, v i. 1.—Zor se yā ba āwāz-i-baland boluā, chillā uţlmā; kisī si ushā nām lekar kuchh kalmā, nām lena.

Sometimes with to

2.—Thaharoā par qiyām ke māde se nahīn; thori dor tak yā sara sā thahar-jānā, thori dor ke hije milne ko jānā, rawā-nawi ki mulāgāt k To cali on a porson at his house—Kisi se milne (mulāgāt kame) ke hije māke

To call on a porson of the nouse.—Alst so mine (mander kaine) to the new gian.

To call on, or upon - Dam kā mutālaba k.; adā-i zar ki darkhwaat k., gary k. Dall, n. 1 -- Zabānī talab yā bulāhat, āwās dokur talab k. yā bulānu.

He will not come at a call—lek mortalm ke bulane a woli na tyega.

2 — Mutalaba; taqāzā, chah, mang; talah; keyi 'am da'wā yā mutālaba

Lasten to the calls of justice or humanity—Paphardona'dilat ya bashariyat par tawajjuh kar

3 -Pesha, shagl.

"In this sense, calling is generally used." Hiebster.

4 -Thoji der ki mulāgāt; rawārawi ki mulā jāt.

To make a cult-Kul se than der ke hye milne ko pana

To give one a call—Dam bhar thahar kan kuchh but chil kar-lenn; kisi aç khazil si guitgu kar lenn

Call of the house—Majam'-1-wazi'an-i-qawanin men memburuh ka nam ba nam pukarna taki mailian ho-jao ke kaun manjad nahih har ya kisi zair maqsad se aisa k., jo shakits nam zad kiyo giyo hon unsa jawah long ke liye unka nam lekar pukatna.

Calligraphy, n. Khush-navisi, khush khati; qabun (talirir ya likhawat)

kī salājī yā 'nmdagī.

Calling, n I.—Nām lenā yā bulānā; majma'i-wāzı'm-i-qawānīn men jawāb ke lene kī garaz se nāmon ko silsila wār parinto ya pukārte jānā.

2.—Ma'müli pesha ya shagl; 10z gar; kam karo har ya kam-dham. 3.—Woh log jo ck hi pesha ya kam karte hon; ashkha m-ham pesha.

Calm, a. 1 — Sākin, mutaharrik nahīn—jaise hawā, jub tūfan na ho yā tez hawā na chaltī ho.

A calm day - Jis din tūfān yā tez hawā na ho (hawa men bastagi he).

2.—Josh men nahīn; jab talātum na ho; jab lahren uthtī na hon; gair-mawwāj.

A calm sea -- Bahra-gaar-mawwaj ; samundar ki woh halat jab usuren labren uthai na hon (120 woh mauj-san na ho).

3. Kısı josh-i-tabi'at ki wajh so pareshan nabin; gair-mustar; jis-

men kisi tarah ka tarang ya walwala na ho , mutmayin , pan'iyatı-khātırı w , pareshān nahīn; sākm; mujtama', dhīmā ·Calm, n. Sukun; qarar; sannuti; harakat josh o kharosh ya pareshani

kā na h.; šeām, sulh, ann, chain

"Applied to the elements or to the mind and passions" IVebster

Calm, v. t. Sukün ya qarar ki halat men kar d.—jarse arba'-'anasır ko, thandhā dhīma saku khāmosh ya bā salh kar-d—jaiso dil yā uske josh-o kharosh ko, be-qaran pareshani izurah ya walwale ko dii kai d.

Calmly, ad. Chup-chap, ahistagi se, bila shiddat ya shor-sharabe ke, bilā iztirāb yā pareshānī ke, be tūfān ke, be josh o kharosh, sukūn vā khāmosbī ko sāth.

Calmness, n. 1 - - Sukūn ; qarār ; sannātā ; zor yā shaldat kā na honā Applied to the elements.

2.—Dil mizāj yā tabījut kā quiār ke sāth rahnā; jam'īyat-i-khātir và dil jam'ı; dhhaj ya dhhaā-pun; dil men josh kā na rahnā, mizāj men barbamî ka n i Jul (uska barbam na h.)

Calumniate, v. t. Jhuth tuhmat lagana ya janbugh-kar bad-nam k.; kalank lagana; bubtan lagana; kisi ko kisi qusor jum ya kisi ilzam ki bat ka

zhath aur dida o danmia muttalain k.

Calumniate, v. & Ikad-nām karne ko hye kesi kī nashat burī burī khabaren planläna; quade yā jurm ke jluthe jluthe ilzām 'amadan 'aid k.

Calumniation, m. Kisi shakha ke mahat is garaz sa kisi quaur ya juem ki jhuthi tuhunat ya uako qeul-odi'l ki jhutha izhar ki uaki nok-nami men futur pare : ittiham-i-darog , buhtan , iftira , jhutha ilzam.

Calumniator, n. Jhuthi tuhunat lagane w.; woh shakha jo janbujh-kar kist ko kisi quair ya jurm ki jhüth muttiham kare ya bad-niyati se uski nisbat galat khabaron phalitye; muftari, nammani.

Calumnious, a. Tuhmat-amez; jisse jhuthi tuhmat päyi jäe; nek-nāmī

ko hya muzir; mutahattik; buhtun so bhara hua. Calumny, a. 15 ham-sedurog; woh jhutha attham jo kisi ki bud-nami ke hyo janhujh-kar ya 'adawatan lagaya ya zahir kiya jawe; buhtan,

iftira, junlugh kar aiso waqi'it ka jhuth bayan k jinse kisi ki batk ho; nuqsan pahunchano ki garaz se düsre ki nisbat kisi qusüi yā jurm kî jhûtbî tuhmat jinbigh kur yê 'adêwat kî tên se lagênê.

Camp, n. 1.—Woh zamin ya maqam jahin kisi lashkir ke khime nash kiyo (garo) jaca ; mukhaiyam , khalma-gah , chhawni ; paraw , kampa , lashkar gah. kiye jācu

Dero khaime wagaira jo fanj ke aram ke hye qa'ide se nash

To pitch a camp - Dore khaime nesh k ; khima-zan h.

3.-Woh sab log jo ek maqām par deron khaimon men pare (muqim ya khaima-zau) hon masalau fauj massah wagaira.

Campaign, n. 1.-Khulā maidān; ek barā qat'-i-arāzī jismen pahā;

wagaira na hoù ; dasht.

2.—Woh zamāna yā har baras men woh muddat jismen koyī fauj maidan men rahe'an isse kı layayı ki halat men ho khwah kuch ya khime men rahne ki halat men; mandan-i-jang men amal-i-jangi ki barabar silsila.

Campaign, v i Kısı larayı ke qann rahno ke zamane men khulmat baja lava (mulazımat ya nankanı k.)

Campaigner, n. Jisne muta'addul larāyion mon fauj men naukarī kī ho, "purānā sipāhī; woh sipāhī jo bahut sī larāyiān hajā ho.

Can, v. i 1.—Saknā, salāluyat i , kāfī quwwat yā jismanī tāgat r.

One man can lift a weight which mother can not - lik shakhi eli wazin ja bhari chiz ko utha sekta hai ballanki disre shakhi e woh uth nahin anki.

2 —Zari'a ya woh baten rakhna jisse kisi amr ke anjam ki salahi, yat hasil ho (koyi bat ho sake).

I will lend you a thousand rupees if I can-Agar mujh so ho sake (mujhe wasila ho) to tumhen ek bazar rupeye qarz düngä.

3.--Mumkin h., ho-saknā, haiyiz-i-imkān meh h.

Ho can it be? Yah kaise ho-sakis hai? Yah bat kyunkar muinkin hai?

4.-Kāfi delī gan wat rakhaā

A man can restrain his appetitos, it he will-Agai rusan chahn to well agone nats i-aromana ke rok sakta har.

5 — Wähb ya jan ikhtijär ya haq r.; kisa imima'-i waqi'i se buri rahna, kisa qisin ki inkawat na r.

6.—Asli quwwat ya salaluyat r.; kisi hilat ko qabul ku sakna; qudrati qawania aur tartib ke zari'a khwah huku uliali ku wajli se ek halat se tabdil hokar dusri hulat men hojana.

7 —Käfi tägut salähiyat dil ki muzhitti ya sahi ungulen e.

He can not bear reproof.— Woh jurks buildisht nahih karuskin (use jurks ki tahammul nahih hai)

8.—Zudif wäqifiyat tejuba ya bumar r.

9.—Itāde yā khwāhish men isqadar masbūti r. ki qabahat rukāwat taklīf yā koyi aur i'tirās raf' no sako.

10 — Kāfī gunjāish r.

That vessel can not hold the whole quantity—IIs hartan men Lul mojdar ki gunjaish anhin har.

Canal, n. Nahr; mujiā-i-āb.

"It is chiefly applied to artificial cuts or passages for water, used for transportation; whereas channel is applicable to a natural water course" Webster.

Canad irrigation - Āb-pāshī i-nahr yā nahr kī ak pāda.

Cancel, v t I — Qalam-zad k., kisî nawahte kî satraî par is taraf se ustaraf (āņī) lakīren khīnch-kar unko bigār-denā; miļā d.; kāļ d.

2.—Bātil rad yā faskh k., mustarad yā mansūkh k.; nā jāiz yā nā-qābil-i-nafāz qarār d ; ka-l-'adam kan-d.; bāqī yā qāim rahno na d.

To cancel a doed - Kisî dast-awez ko batil ya rad k. (une na jalz ya na-qabil i nafas qarar d).

Cancellation, n. (Law) Tansīkh; mansūkhī; istirdād; kisi dastāwez kī 'ibārat ko salībi khat khīnch-kar kāt d.

Candid, a. 1.—Wājib; munsīfāna, bilā jānib dārī,

A candid view, or construction-Wallb ya munsifana rae khwah ta'bir.

2.—Jismen nā-wājib mailān r ho, sachāyī aur insāf ke mutābiq rāc qām karke tajwīz karne par māil; jo bilā jāmb-dārī aur ta'assub ke bāton par lihāz aur unkī misbat tajwīz karne par iāgib ho, jismen jānib dārī ta'assub yā kīna na ho, sachehā, īmān dār; munsif-mizāj, gair-jānib dār, khurā.

Candidate, a Uramedwār; woh shakha jo kisī 'uhde wagaira kā khwāhān yā sāil ho; kisī ri'ayat kā tālib ya khwāst gār; woh shakha jo kisī 'uhde yā mansab ke hye apaī 'vāā ummedwājāna pesh kare yā jo

kisî mansah wagura ke liye tajwîz ya muntakhab kiya jac.

Candidly, ad Bila makr wa riya ke, be banawat ke; saf-dili ya safayi i

qulb se; saf-saf, sachche dil se.

Candidness, n. Dil ki safayî; khura-pan ya kharayî, wujûb ya wajibiyat Candied, p. a. Qaud-amez; jismen quud lapeta ho; jo misrî nulakar rakkha jûo ya jismen misrî ke tukre lapete hon, ehînî men paga hua ya jismen chînî lagayî gayî bo. [atî ha: sham'

Candle, a Charbî ya mûm wagarra ki batti jo raushanî ke kûm men Candle-holder, a Woh shakhs jo sham' pakre; woh shakhs jo dûsre ko madad dene ko sawî kisî anr kâm ka na ho [jale, dîya bale

Candle-light, n. 1 -Sham' kı raushanî; sham' ke jalno kā waqt; chirāg

(loine at condic-light - Chirag jale to.

2.—Jis qadar mom wagaira ki battiyin raushani ko liye darkar ya ek waqt i-khis par usi garaa se matlib hon.

Candle-stack, a Sham'-dan.

#37 "Made in different forms and of different materials." Webster Candle-waster, n Rattiyan juhine ya zai'k w.; jo raton ko der tak sham' juhikar likha-panha kare ya anbashi men masruf rahe; fuzul-kharch Candour, n. Saf-dili; insaf-pasandi; be-riyayi ya gair-muta'asabi, sachayi; khara pan ya kharayi.

Candy, v. t. 1.—Chini men pagna ya murabba banana

2.- Chini ko galā kar billār so dane banānā yā jamānā.

Candy, v. v. 1 .-- Tabelil ho-kar misri ki sürat kā ho-janā.

2.--Misri han jänä yä uski tarah ho-jänä.

Candy, n 1 .- Qand; misri

2.—Qand misri chînî ya shakar ka pag khwah murabba.

Cane, n. 1.—Bāna; bed bout yā bet; ükh nai shakar gannā yā peundhā 2.—Bāna lakrī yā kislaur chiz ki chbarī jo tabalne men kām ātī hai Cane, v. / 1.—Bed yā chharī se mārnā; mārnā.

2.-Bent se banana ya beut lagana; bet se bunna.

Cane-mill, 2 Ükh (ganne) perne kā kolhú.

 Cantonment, n. Chhāwnī; kamp yā kampū; shahr kā woh hissa jo fauj ke qiyām ke liye makhsūs ho.

Canvas, n 1.—San ya patue ka mota kapra jo khaimon ya jahaz ke palon ke banane ya aur kamon men ata han; kirmich; vilayati tat.

2. -Pal; bad-ban.

Canvas, v, t. i.— Chhān k.; khūb jānchnā; barī joyāyī yā taftīsh k.

2.—Bahs yā mubāhasa k.

3.—Darkhwäst karte phirnā; kisī amr kī darkhwäst men chāron taraf ghūmnā yā khāk chhānnā.

Cap, n 1 -Topi; tāj, kulāh.

2. -- Atsar sar-khail ya sabke upar; sabse bara nibayat bara ya barahi. "Thou art the cap of fools" Shak.

Từ be-waquion kả sar khail yà bayê bi be-waqui har

3 - Koyî shar jo sûrat hairt ya iando mon topă si ho

Cap, v. t. 1 - Sua ya kanara chlupa d., kisi ke upar kuchh phada d.

2 — Topi utār lenā.

3 -- Pūjā k., takmila k. yā takmīl ko pahunchīnā; had ja intihā ko pahunchinā; khātima kar-d yā khātima ko pahunchianā.

To can verses - Bārī bārī se aisī baiten (nise ash'ar) parknā juko shurā' men

koyî khās barf ho , bartā bahs yā bart-būzi k

Capability, n Liyaqat, hassiyat, qabiliyat; salahiyat; isti'dad.

Capable, a. 1. - Kısı shar ki salahıyat hvaqat ya qabiliyat 1. w ; jo koyi bat kar-sake ya uske karne ke laiq ya gabil ho, kisi anir ke liye minnāsib yā uskī munāsabat r. w. , kisī ami ki ganjālish r. w.; jismon kısı amı kā tahamınıl ho, jismon käfi wus'at ho.

Often followed by of.

2.—Zihnī quewat r w; valān; fahīm; jiskī tabi'st wasi' ho, jismen batan ke samajane ki quwwat ho, nidiyajat ; qabil, lang, faiq, kisi ami ko liyo mhui qibiliyat r. w.; qimin ke rit se minak.

Capacious, a. 1. - Wus'nt ya gungaish r. w; wasi'; changa; 'ariz, bara, Jismon balant karth a ya sama suko; farakh; kashida; jismon

barā phailāw bo, lambā chanrā

2.—Wasi', pamen khayalat ko bariganyash bo; jismen is bac ki qahilitat ya salahiyat ho ki baton ka khayal dur tak har-sake; tang nahīn, khulā huā.

A capaciones mind - Wasi' talu'at.

Capacitate, v t Laig k ; gabil k ; kesi amr ki salūtivat imida k.

Capacity, z 1.—Gunjaish, wus'at; samāyi; zaifiyat, phuilaw; kushādayi; lambayî-chauravî.

2.—Haisiyat, zähni halat; pesha; shagi; rozgar.

In the capacity of - Kisi haisiyat so.

[ปรีไปปรัฐบาร (ปรีไปไปไป]

In an official capacity—Haistyat-t-mansahi se; 'ahdadai ki tarah ya 'ahda ke 3 -(Law) Woh hydgat yd saldhiyat jo qandran 'mmr sukfinet yd fahm wagaira ke lihāz so kisī kām ke karne ke liye darkār he iansalan kısı mansab par qaim ralıne ya mu'ahadat khwah wasiyat wagama ke karne ke liye.

An idiot has not the capacity to inour a legal obligation-Paidaishi ahmaq (mukhabbat-1 fitis) koyi mu'abada-i qavüni ophab kor-pekiä.

A minor's capacity to contract debts is open to great doubt -- Yah bat nihayat mashtabah hai ki ng bulig qarz le saktë bei ya palijo.

4 — Zihnī quwwat yā qābilīyat: liyāqat, samajh-būjh, fahin; idrāk, 'aql ya falım ki rasayı ya pabunch

CAPIAS, n. [Lat.] (Law) Woh bukm-nāma r-'adālat jiske rū se abl-i-kār-rmujāz ko us shakhs kī giriftātī kā hukm diyā jāwe jiskā nām usmen mundarj ho.

Capital, a. 1.—Jiske pādāsh yā 'iwaz men sar yā jān jāwe, jo qābil-i-sazā-i maut ho, jiske badle phānsī yā qatl ho

A capital offence—Jurn i-qübi i-sazü i-mant, woh jurn jiske badle men muj rım kı jün jüwe (woh phansi pawe yü aun tarah par halük kiyü jüe)

A capital offender—Mujrici-i qübil i-sazü-i-mant, well shaklıs jo asse jurm ka murtakib bo jiski sazi plansı wagana ho

A capital punishment—Sazī-i maut; phinisi ki sazī.

2.- Bahut ya mbayat hi 'mada ; nizal, khās , waq'at men awwal; barā , 'azīm yā aham.

Capital stock—Kisi tijīrat ki kampanī yā jamā'at kā sarmāya, woh rupaye jo kāi ķhama-i-shinākatī ka sirmāya-i-mushtaraka ke qaim hone ke liye har ek sharīk de, rupaye jo koyi mahājan saudīgar yā kāi ķhāma-dār apne kār obār men lagāya.

Capital, n 1.—Dāru-s saltanat, dāru-l-ķhilāfat, rāj-dhānī, kisī saltanat yā riyāsat kā ķhās shuhr.

2.-Rapaye jo trjäret wagana men naf ke hye lagiye jäen;

mm'; sarmaya ; usl ; pünjî.

Capitalist, a. Sarmata dar. woh shakhs jisko pās bahut sā māl ho aur uso woh kar adar man lagaye ho ya lagā sake; pūnji-wālā, woh shakhs yā māl dar shakhs jisko tup ye kisi tijarat wagaira men laga hon.

Capitalize, n. f. Rupaye wagura tyarat wagura men lagana.

Capitally, ad. I. - Aist tarah pur ke jan kho piwe.

The murdorn has been putished expetally -- Un khinf (qatel) ne saza-i-maut (phahut) plyt has

2 .-- Nihāyat 'mada tara par ; barl 'madayi se ; khusūsiyat ke sāth.

Capitation, n. 1. -Sar ke histb se ginti; mardum-shumari.

2 - Woh muhatil jo fi sar yā fi kas laudyā jāc.

Capitulate, v i. Kim tauj ya qal'a ke sipahiyon ka jo muhasare men hon dushman se 'ahd-o-panaan ho jana ke ba'd uski ita'at ka qabil kar-lena

Capitulation, v. 1. - Sharait ya qaul-o-qarar ka tai pane par dushman ki ita'at ka qabal k. | mundar hoa

2.—Wah wasiga jestach dushman kî ita'at ke qabul karne ki sharten Caprice, n. Kisî wahan ya khayal ki wajh sa tabi'at rae ya kar-rawayi ke tariq ka daf'atan badal jana; dil men yakayak kisî bit ka 1 jana, rae ya mizi; ka yakayak badal jana; koyî khas qism ka wahan ya khayal; talawwan-mizat.

-Capricious, a Talawwun-tah'; waswani; jo dafatan badal jae, jisko sabat na ho; mutalawwin; khayal parast, jismen tabadala hua kare, jo apai rae ko yakayak tabdil har-de ya jismen rae ya nade ka

tazalzul ho; tabādala pazīr yā badaltā huā.

Caption, n (Luw) Woh 'ibārat jo kisī band-i-kamishan yā izhār wagara par is mazmūn se likhī jātī hat ki fulān wagt aur fulān maqām par aur fulān hākim yā 'ndālat ne us kamishan ko ta'mīl yā izhār ko qalamband kiyā aur isī qism kī dasrī 'ibārat jaso us fi'l ko jawīz-i-qānūnī hāsil ho.

Captious, a. 1.—'Aib-jo, harf-gīr; jo 'aib mkālā yā i'tirāzāt pesh kiyā kare, khuchrī yā hujjatī, naqs nikālue par māil.

A captious person - Woll shaklis jo 'adatan mage mikala karo; khuchti ya s

hujjati shakba.

2.—Jo phansane (ulphaw men dalue) ki nazar so bana ho.

A captious question — Alsa suwal jisse suwal karne wele ka yah manaha ho ki masaluluh usmen ulaja jae.

3 —Jo nukta-chīnī yā 'aib-joyī kī nazar se ho.

A captious objection—Ara i'tnāz jo mahz nukta chinī ki nazar se pesh kiya jāc Captiousness, n 'Aib-joyī , heif-gīrī , naqs nikālne ki naghet ; i'tirāz vā

hujjit karne par dil ka mail h

Captīvate, v. t. Bari 'umdagī yā husu se farefta yā bas men kar-lonā; farefta yā maftūn kar-lenā, man ko hai yā moh lenā; dil-rubāyī k. yā dil le-lenā; muhabhat yā 'ishq ke phande mon phansā d.; 'āshiq banā l. Captīvatīng, a Dil-fireb; dil-rubā; jismen dil ko farefta yā apue bas

men kar lene ki quwwat ho, jo man ko har ya meh le.

Captive, n. 1 .- Asir; quidi; asir-i jang; juse jabr ya hikmat-i-'amali so

duşhman larayî men qaid kar-le.

2.—Jo kisi ke husu yā uskī khūbī se uskā maftdu shandāyi yā 'ashiq ho-jāe, asīr; shaidā mubtalā yā giriftāt; jiskā mun moh yā lair liyā jāe; jo muhabbat yā 'ishq ke phande men khūli phans jāe.

Captive, a. 1.—Lajāyī mon qaid kiyā gaya; miiqniyad; miihbūs; pā-band; giriftār; phansā huā. [miiti/alliq.

2—Qaid men r. w.; pā-band yā mahbūs r.'w.; qaid yā jā bandī so Captivity, n. l.—Asītī; qaid kī hālat; giriftārī; jabrīya yā jang men shikast pākar dushman ko qābā mon paj jānā; mazar-bandī.

2.—Gulāmī ; itā'at ; farmān-burdānī.

Capture, n 1.—Giriftarī; jabr ke sath pakarna; dhar-pakar; yakayak ya dhokha dekar pakarna.

2.—Jo kuchh jabriya yakayak ya larayi men mar-pech se hath lag-

iãe; jo kuchh hāth ā-jãe; ganimat; gārat; lūt; yaginā.

Capture, v. t Pakarnā, guriftār k ; zor-o-zulm se ķhwāh yakāyak tūt par-kar yā lārayī men dhokhā dekar pakarnā giriftār k, yā apne qabze khwāh ikhtiyār men kar-lonā.

Carcass, n. 1.—Jānwar kī lāsh. [kī nazar se hotā hai. 2.—Jism; badan. Is ma'nī kā isti'māl sirf hiqārat yā tamaskhur

2.—Jism; dadan. Is ma ni ka isti mai siri hiqalat ya tamaskhur 3.—Kisi bhari chiz masalan kashti ya jahaz ka tuta phata hissa.

4.—Kısı chiz kā dhānchā yā uske khās khās hisse jo nā tamām yā be saje rah jācn

Card, n. 1.—Wasli ya dabiz kagaz ke tukre jisko tash (cards for gaming) ya mulaqat ke tikat (visiting cards) khwah nawed ya da'wat ke tikat shuqqe ya parche (invitation cards) banaye jate han.

2.—Woh kägaz jispar qutub-numā ke jawānib bane rahte haid.

Cardinal, a. Khās, aslī; afzal; nihāyat aham; kalān; baṣā; ā'zam; akbar.

Care, n. 1.—Fakr; ta'alluq-i-khātir; andesha; burāyi ko khauf se kisi qadar dili sadma; kisi bāc kā dil par bojh; taklif.

2 .- Ihtiyat, nigranī; khabar-gīrī; kisī bāt ko dekhte rahnā, tawanuh; libāz, hifazat kī nazar se kisī bāt kā khayāl; khabar-dārī.

Take care of yourself-April ahtiyat rakkho; april hifazat ka khayal rakkho ya apne ko bachaye iaho.

3.-Ihtunam; nigah-bani, sipurdagi; hifazat aur bihtari ke liye kisî ki zimma-darî.

He was under the cure of a physician - Woh ek tabib ke ser-i-hifazat tha

4. - Woh shar jiski nisbat dil ko ta'alluq ho ya jiska khub lihaz jar khayal rakkha jac.

👫 e. v. i. Fikr yā parwā r ; ta'alluq yā ta'alluq 1-khātur r. , khayāl yā Ahaz 1.; kisi bat par ya kisi shai ki jamb dil ka mail k ; chahna, dil enen länä.

"With for before a noun, and to before a verb" Webster.

Tak - Woh maidan jismen basi lagakar ya muqabale ke taur par daur no, woh zamin jispar log dauren.

2.—Daur, tez daur; harakat men 'ujlat. 3.—Kar-rawayî ka 'am sılsıla; kar-rawayı ka tariq; tarz-ı-kar rawāyi; dam ; woh zamāna jismon koyi kārrawāyi ki jāwe yā koyi kārrawd taho

Careful, a. 1.....'Aqibat-amlesh; ayinda ki fikr ya ihtiyat r w ; kisi shar ke giyam aur uski muhafazat ka khayal r. w , bedar, chaukas, muhtat ; hhabar-dar ; hoshyar; başi ihtiyat r. w.

Generally followed by of

2.-Mutaraddid; fikr mand fikr se bhara hua ya mutafakkir; kisi sooh andeshe ya khaus men para hua.

Carefully, ad. 1 .- l'ikr ya soch kosath, aisi tarah par ki usso izhar-i-

fikr ho; taraddud so ya taraddud ko sath.

2 -- Intivat khabar darî ya tawajjuh se; hoshyari se; 'aqibatandeshi se; dhyan dekar, gaur ke sath, ji lagakar; dil-dibi se.

Carefulness, n. Ihtiyat; khabar-dari; chankasi; hoshyari, fikr; 'aqıbatandeshī; burāyī se bachāw yā hifazat ki fikr,

Caroless, a. 1.—Bo-fikr , bo-parwa ; bo-khabar ; gafil ; 'adam-mutawajih , la-parwā, ihtiyāt ta'allaq yā khayal na r. w.

Followed by a/ or about.

2.-Fikr yā andeshe se barī; gair-mutaraddid; khush; mahzūs.

3.—Jo knichh be-ihtiyatî se kiya ya kaha jae; jismen soch-bichar (gaur-o-taammul) na ho.

4.— Jismen san'at ko dakhl na diya jae

Carelessly, ad. He ihtivāti se ; be-parwayī se , guflat ke sāth yā gāfilāna ; be-fikri so va bila-ta'niluq-i-khatir.

Carelesanesa, n. Be-ihtiyati; bo-fikri; na-tawajjuhi; be-parwayi; gaflat.

Caress, v t. Muhabbat pyär ya mihrbani so pesh ana, pyar se gale lagānā; muhabbat kī nazai se chhātī se lagānā, chum kārnā; pyār k.; dularna va dular k.

Caress, m. Pyar; dular; muhabbat kā qaul yā fil; muhabbat se hamagesbi ya gale lagana ; chumkar ; puchkar.

Cargo, n. Jahāz kā bojh yā bār-1-jahāz; māl-o-asbāb saudāgarī kī chīven yā jo kuchh jahāz par jae, bojh, bār.

Applicable "to goods only, and not to live animals or persons"

Burrell-Webster.

Carnage, n 1 - Halāk kiyo huyo jānwaron kā gosht [yā qatli am, 2 - Kusht-o-khūn, kasrut so admiyon ki halakut; khūn rezi; qatl

Carnal, a 1.- Nats-r-ammāra se haz uthāne ke muta'alliq; shahwat ke muta'allıq ; naisānī , rühānī nahīn , jismanī, badani tamásh-bin,

2.—Shahwat-parast; uafsı-ammara ki parrawi men dübü huü, Carnal intercourse - Mubasharat; jima'; wati.

To have carnal intercourse — Maddshirat ya junz' k. To have carnal intercourse against the order of nature-Waz'a-fitre le khilat wata (juna') k. Carnal knowledge (Law) - Mublisharat, jimā', mujāma'at; suhbat

Carp, v. 2 Bilā-wajh yā tunuk-mizājī ke sabab so kisī kī malāmat yā 'aih-

10yī khwāh harf-gītī k., dosh lagānā; nags mkālnā. Followed by at.

Carpenter, n Lakrī kā kām banāne w yā uskā kārīgar; makāuāt aur jahāz wagam banāne w ; darodgur; najjāt , burhayi.

Carpet, n 1 - Farsh-t-zamīn; biolihawan; farsh; darī yā shatranjī; oālīn yā gālicha am isse ki uni ho ya suti wagaira, tat; chandul ya jujun. 2.—Musattalı ya chauras zamın pispar glüs yanı bo aur galin si hamwär aur muläim ma'lüm de.

A grassy corpet - Ghās kā takhta ya farah 1-gryāhi.

To be on the carpet - Zer-i-tajwiz h., inbakar h ; pesh h. ya pashi men h : manshā-i-gaur-o- tajwiz h ; posh-a-n-cur h

Carpet, v. t. Farsh biohbānā; bichhāwan bichhānā yā laganā.

Carpeting, n. Farsh kā kaprā sāmān khwah asbab, umumun farsh furāsh. Carriage, n 1 - Lejānā yā ok jagah se dūsrī jagah lejāni ya pahunchānā.

2.—Koyî sawarî jismen puhiye lago hon, garî ya char pahiye ki gari. "Appropriately the word is applied to a coach; and carts and

waggons are rarely, or never, called carriages." Webster

3.-Kısı sharke legune ka kharch, bar-burdarı ka kharch va barbardari, dholayi; jo kuchh kisi chiz ke ok jagah se düsri jagah lejano men sarf (kharch) pare. chal-o-dunian

4 .- Chai; chāl-dhai; waz'; tarīq; rawish; dhang; atwar; andaz; 5.-Ihtimām, mtizām; kiel kām ke anjām yā menām kā tarīq.

Carrier, n. 1.-Kisī chīz kā lejāne w.; woh shai jo kisī dāsrī shai ko lejāc. Qāsid, puigām-bar, paik; dūt.

2.—Jo shakhs düsron kā māl-o-asbāh kurāye par le-jāe yā pahuhchāwe; hammāl ; muzdūr , qulī , moṭiyā

Carrier-pigeon, n. Khat lejāne wālā kabūtar; kabūtar-i-nāma-bar.

Carry, v. t. 1 —Kısı chiz ko ek jagah se düsri jagah khud uthakar ya kısı bār-bardārī ke jānwar par lād-kar khwāh kisī ohbakre yā kashti wagaira par rakh-kar lejānā; pahunchānā.

"Opposed to bring and fetch, and often followed by from,

away, off, out" Webster.

2 —Ilasıl k.; jit jänä, shar-i-maqsüd (matlab yā mudda'ā) ko pā-jānā r us tak pahunch jānā; pūrā k ; anjām ko pahunchānā, gālib ānā To carry a point—han būt ko jit jānā ya'nī jis amr kī mzā' ho usmen auron

ke muqabale men galih ana.

3 - Rakhna, dekhiáná; zahr yá numňyán k.; ba-asbáb i-záhr h; althat k yá kun amr par dál h., batlaná; rakhná yá shāmil r 4 --Zaman yá makan (waqt yá jagah) ke r'tibár so wus'at d.

charland) yd qaim r.

Generally with a particle, as up, on, back, forward, &c "IV orcester.

5 —Kīsī chīz par sanbhālo ruhnā yā thām r.

6 —Anjām k.; msirām k., chalānā.

Usually with on.

To carry on business - K.tm-chalana ya k.; insiram-i-kai k; roz-gai ya kar o bar k. khwah chalani

7 —Tariq ikhtiyar k , chāl chalnā; rahan yā dhang pakarnā.

With the tellexive prenouns.

8 - Mantaqui k.; ek khûne safhe ya kitab se dûsre khâne safhe ya itab men muntaqil k. (ek se uthakar dûsre men darj k likhua ya harhûna); ek mulk se dûsre mulk men lejana.

To eavey an account from a day book to a lodger-Kist hisab ko roz-name se aghi 42 municipl kar ke pakki baha par charbana.

To carry a war from one country into another—Lamyi ko ok mulk se mun taqil karke dura e mulk meh shuru'k

0.—Kusi shai ka qabsa larku bāsil k. (usko sar yā fath k); lar-ke it luna [tshrīk karke āgo barhānā

10.—Age ko harakat d. ya barhānā; āge ko chalānā yā rujā k; To carry coata -Taubin ki bātch chup-obāp bardāsht kar-lenā; sadmon ko sah yā uţhā lenā.

To carry couls to Newcastle—In this joban rivit so be wadin use gism he aur chisen lejana; mibuat racgan k (khorā); bedāida ya 'abas sar dukhāna

To carry off (a) - Dúr lejana ya utha kar fásile par lejana; lekar chal-d ya le-ishagna. (b) Halak k., mar datha; jan lena. [uth jana

To be carried off by sickness—Rumari nich mar jänd guzer-jänd yd jahön se To carry on (a)—Taraqqi d , sahülit ya madad dekat ügo berhänd, qötin r

(b) Karns alakus ya jarı r.; thungsa ya parawi k , kisi kam men lag-kar (ması(ti la-kar) uso olı dana.

To ource an trade -Tijurat k, yn jari r. (usmei laga yn masrif r.)

To carry through - Akhu tak sanihaldrahna; sahara dekar qaum r; chakne ya dab jane na d., ulbah d; par uth d.; thekane laga d.; bera par kur-d

To carry out—Ta'ınıl k.; hajd land, takını ko palunchină; anjam kar-d yā anjam ko palunchi d.; kām-yāh ke sāth kar-d, pūrā kar-d, nibāh d ,ākhir tak qam yā jāri r ; berā pār kar-d.

t, n. Do pahiye ki garî jise ek ghora ya do bail kbinchen aur jispar alla wagnira ya sandiganî ke waznı mal charha-kar (lad kar) ek jagah e düsrî jagah pahinchaye jach; chhakra, larhiya; bar-bardarî ke iye do pahiye ki garî.

Cart. v. t. Gārī larhiye yā chhakre par (uspar lād yā charhā kar) lejānā. Cartage, n 1 — Chhakre par lād yā charhākar lejānā.

2 — Chhakre par lejāne kā kirāya yā bhārā , bār-bardārī.

CARTE-BLANCHE, (kart-blansh), (Fr) 1.—Såda kägaz pake rul men kisi kå dast khat ya dast-khat aur muhr donon sabt karke daste ko is njäzat ke såth de den ki jo je sharten chähe web uspar likh le.

2 — Aısī bāten jinki nisbat kisi shurt ki pā-bandi na hō; ikhtiyār igair-mahdūd, kul iķhtiyār. [garī-wān,

Carter, n. Do pahiye kī gāṭī larhiyā yā chhakrā hānkne w.; gāṭī-bān yā Cart-load, n. Chhakre kā bojh; jituā ek maitaba ek chhakre par jā-sakc. Cart-way, n. Rāh jispar chhakre yā aur qism kī gāṭiyān ātī jātī yā ā jā saktī hou

Carve, v. t. 1.—Patthar lakrī yā dūsrī chīz par kāṭ (tatāsh) kar bel-būṭe phūl-patto wagara banānā; kanda k ; khodnā, naqsh-o-nigār bananā, kaṭī chīzon par sūratoù yā shabīben tatāsh kar banānā.

2 —Kāt-kar banānā yā dunliyānā.

3.—Khāne ke waqt gosht ke chhote chhote tukre tarashua (uske pāre banānā). [hisse ke mutahiq d.

4.—Chun-kar khud lenā yā dūsre ko donā; banţna; tag-lin k.; To carve out—Manaūba karko mkāluā; noch-bichān-kar quan k. yā kim nimi ki tarab (bunyād) dālnā

Carve, v. i. 1.—Sang-tarāshī k., khod yā tarāsh-kar süraten banānā.

2.—Gosht tarāshnā yā kāṭnā

Followed sometimes by for.

To carve for all the guests-Kul milimānoù ke liye gosht ke pare bang d. ys gosht tarush d

Carver, n. 1.—Jo koyî laktî ya patthar wagaira ke farash kar usmen karîgalî ya zebaish ke kam banaye; sang-tarash; but-tarash; kanda k. w. 2.—Khane ke waqt gosht tarashne w.

3.-Jo apri khwahish ke mutabiq chun-kar le ya auron ko de.

4.—Khāne ke waqt gosht kātue kī ek barī chhurī.

Carving, n. 1.- lakrī yā patthar wagaira ke tarashne kā fi'l ya fun.

2 — Sürat mülat ya naqsh-o-nıgar jo kanda karke hanaye jäen.

3.—Khāne ke waqt gosht kā tarāshnā yā uskā f.m.

Case, n. 1 — Woh shar jismen koyî chîz dhanpî rahe; poshish; khol; gilaf, dhapna, sanduq petî dibiya wagaira; miyan; khana; ghar; chonga [men ho.

2.—Sundūq aur jo chīzen usmen hon; jusqadar chīz kisī sundūq Case, v t. I.—Ģilāf charhānā; kitol charhānā, poshish k.; band karne

yā mahfūz rakhne ke liye kısı chīz se lapot yā gher d.

2.—Sandūq wagaira men rakh-kar band k.

Case, n. l.—Hāl; hālat; jo kuchh kisī ke sar par pare yā bite; jo kuchh kisī par guzre yā wāqi' ho; kisī kī khās hālat yā uskā-surguzasht, kaifiyat; ḍhang; mājarā; wāqi'a; sūrat.

2.—Bimārī kā kisī ek yā khās shukhs ko h. [hnyt. There have been no cases of cholera of late.—Hal med kisi ko fasli bimāri nuhid has case is lamentable.—Uskā hāl qābil i-afsos hai; uski hālut par afsos ātā hai

3 — (Law) Amr-ı-nizâ'î yā nızā'; amr-i-tasfiya-talab; woh wāqı'āt ımmen kisî amr kî nisbat bahs ya tajwîz kî zarûlat ho.

The case, as stated by the plaintiff's pleader, stands thus - Hasb-i bayan-i-wakili-mudda'i niza' ya amr-i mza'i yah har.

The case, as stated by the pleader for the opposite party, does not involve a question of lumtation-lo waqi'at wakil-i-fariq-kmukhalii (sani) ne bayan kiye un se bahs-i tamadi qalin nahiti bota.

4 -- (Law) Muqaddama ya muqaddama-1-marji'a-i-'adalat; nalish yā mālish-i-mutadāma-i-'adālat, da'wā, istigāsa, mu'āmala,

A sossion ouse-Muqaddama i-seshan; maqaddama jo 'adillat i seshan ki tajwiz ke gabil ho [dama-14qābil-1-tajwīz-1-majistret,

A magistrate's case-Muquidama jo majistret kī samā'at ke läig ho, muqui-A coguzzable case -- Muqaddama-1-qābil-i-dast-audāzī yā samā'at; jis mu'āmale men dast-andāzī ya samā'at ho-sake.

A nou-regnizable ease - Muquidama-i-na qabil-1-dast andazi ya sama'at: muqaddame men dast-andāzī na ho-sake vā jo samā'at ke lāig na ho.

A suumous case – Muqaddama-i-qābil-1-13rā-1- samau; muqaddama 31smed saman

A warrant case - Muqaddama-i qabil-i-ijra-i-warantı muqaddama jismen giriftarı

kā linkm-nāma jāti ho-sake. A barlable case-- Muqaddania-r-qabil-i-zamanat i jis muqaddanie med mulsam ki Zamanat afinfinan lio-sako.

A non ballable casa-Muquidlams i na-qibil-i-zamanat; sisa muquidama fismsh

male on samuat par chief us sake. To open a care -- Ibiniayı peshi med muqaddamo ke balat bayan kan d

To close a case - Muqaddame ko khatm kar-d.

To state a case-Muquidiamo ko halat mufasal bayan k Imed likh di-jác. Action on the case (Law) - Woh nalish jismen kul wajh-i-nalish 'arzi-da'we Clase stated or agreed on (Law) - Waql'at hi tabren kaiflyat jise farigain taslim karke 'adhlat moh is garaz se push karen ki je qhutui bahs un waqi'at se paida ho uskā famala ho ijo

In case-Dar-stirate ki ; dar-bāle ki ; agar aist bo yā wāqi' ho; mabāda , ahyānan; kūsh; shāyad; ba-sharte ki; us sūrat men ki.

To be in good case or in case - Mota-taza h.; talyar h.; hath pair se sijil h ; badan ka bhara h.j farluh h.

"Applied to beasts but not to men, except in a sense rather Webster.

udicrous." Put the case - Fair kar-lo ki fulta amr kā wugu' ho; man lo ki aisa ho.

ish, n. Naqd ya naqdî; sar-i-naqd; rokat; rok; sikka; paisa rupaya yi ashrafi.

"Sometimes also applied to bank-notes, drafts, bonds, or any paper easily conventible into money." Webster.

To pay in cash - Zar-i-naqd ada k.; naqd d

"Opposed to payment in goods, commodities, or labour, as in erter." Webster.

th, v. t. Kupaye se tabdil k. yā badal kar zar-i-naqd kar-lenā; khurda 'c. bhunānā yā torānā; lot wagaira ke badle men rupaye d.

Cash-account, n. Naqdī hīsāb; wok hīsāb jismed naqd ko sīwā aur kīsī chīz kā jītīn'-khārch na kīyā jāe; rupīkyo patso ko lon-den ya uskī manjūdāt kā hīsab, rokar kā hīsāb.

Cash-book, a Rokaj-bahi, woh histb ki kulab jismen rapaye paise (zar i-nagd) ka jam' khareh ho.

Cash-credit, a. April zamānat khwāh kisi kalālat par bank sa rupayo ka kue kā sauhošo.

ke lene kā istilique. Cashier, n Tahwil-dār, khazānehī, rokariyā, fota-dār; saikār; woh nhli-kāi jiske zimme zar-i-naqd rahe yā jo kisī bank yā mahājani koṭlu ke bahī-khāte aur jam'-khaich kī mgrānī kaic.

Cashier, v t. 1 — Mulāzumat vā suhbat se khārij bar-taraf yā kanare kar d.; mauqūf kar-d.; nikāl d

2 - Nā-manzūr kar-d.; rad k , bātil garār d.

3—Kısı fauji afsar ko uskā kamishan mansūkh karke 'nhde se ma'zul (mangāi) kar-d

Cash-keeper, n. Jiski tahwil men rupaye passehon; tahwil-dar; rokanya Cast, v t 1.—Phenkua, dalna; nchhalna, hath ya kisi kal ke zor se

phokuā; dhakol d ; zor se āgo ko hatā kar girā da, jhonk d. 2.—Dālnā phornā yā mukhatab k.—jaiso nazar yā chilwan.

2.—Dana pherna ya mukhatu k.—jaiso huzur ya sun wan. 3.—Zamin pur gira di ya patak d.—jaiso kushti bazi men.

4—(Lew) Kisi muqaddama-t-diwini men muklüb k ya hara d ; kisi mulzan ko mujum qarar dekar uski nisbut saza ka hukm d , saza k.

5.—Girā d., chhornā; jhanā

Trees cost their front - Darakht apne phal girā dete hain. A serpent casts his skin-Ship kenchli chhoriz yā grista bei.

6 —Dālui jā girānā.

To cast ancho: - Langar dalva, langar gira kar jahaz ko tholira r.

7,—Phenknā yā dālnā—jarse pāsa yā qur'a. [rad kar d.

Be kār samajh-kar phonk d., mkummā karke kanāre kar d.;
 Dāhā.

To cust into prison - Zindań meń dūlnā, qaid yā malibūs k.

10.—Ģalaba d. yā gālib kar-d.; barhā d.; dizal bartar yā murrajjah kar-d.; iāo dekar kisī ke haq men kasrat-i-rāo kar d. ya uski taiaf ziyāda logon ko jhukā d.

To cast the balance in one's favour-Kiel ka palla bhari kard. (uska auron pai barteri galaba ya tarjih d).

11 —Striche men dhal-kar banana; dhalna; kisi shaki ka banana; kisi namune ke mutabiq banana

12.—Phadāvā; pahunchīnā; paudā k., denā, dāluā. To cast light upon a subject—Kisī mazinūn ko wazāhat d. yā uske halāt ko

munkashif k (kholnā) To cast a luster upon posterity—Nasi ko buzmiņi d. (uspar raushanī phailānā yā asar i nek paliunchānā).

13 —Hisāb k ; shumār k. ; hisāb ke qā'ide se daryāft k.

To sast one's nativity, or a horoscope, Of. To calculate one's nativity, below Calculate.

It.—In dad i majma'l ke daryaft ke liye mukhtalif raqmon ko ekattha k , jorna , thik d.; miran d.

To cast accounts - Hisab jorna (lagana phadana ya karna)

To cust uside-Ba-lat ya ba'is-1-taklıf sanajlı-kar klızı'ij bar-taraf rad ya kanaro kar-d , alag va dür kar-d , nıkal d

To cast away (a) - Phonk d ; ura d,; phunk d , ifrat so kharch karke barbad ya talaf kar-d , ganwa d ; kisi kam mon na länh, muft kho d.

To east away life - Jan kho ya kanwa d.

(h) Tabah ya garat kar-d - jaiso jahas ko.

[kanāre kar-d To cast by - Rul kard; guffat ya nalrat se khwāh be-kār samajh kar dűr yā

To cast down-Gira d.; shikasta-khutir kai d ; dil tor d , tabi'at ko pazhrani da kar d. (udás yá dil gir kar-d.).

To cast forth - Kisi band jagah se bahar nikaina ya paida k., kharij k

To cast off-Bartauf khāng yā Landa kard ; hatā kardu yā kanāre kard , nikāl d , tāl d , garāu-bai yā bojh sunajh kar din kar d.

To cast out - Bühn nikal d.; khārij kard, ghar se bāhar kard; zabān se nikālnā, kahnā yu zabān pru lānā; zāhir k.

To cast up (a) - Histo k; shumar k.; lagana, jorna.

To cast up accounts, or the cost - Head laging ya kharcha jorna.

(b) Millo se khinij Kur-d ; qui kur d ya qar karke nikal ya gira d.

To cost on, or upon . Kier but par hawale k ya olchor d

To cast one's self on . Apar toym ken par bi-l-kul chhor d; bi-l kul munhasir bi) gair (dusic ko tala') ho janë

To rust aff capy -- Kis: tahrar ka ok hissa is bat ki tahqiq ke liyo chhapna ka agar wolf kul tahris oldhiga jiiwa ta kisqadar sashe honge ast, v. 1 .---Man men phemä; dil men sochuā; tajwīz k ; kast bāt ko

ghuma-phua kar dil hi dil mon dekhua taki koyi anu munaqqah ho-jac 2. - Dhalma; dhal kar kisî shaki ka hoyana.

3. -Amih uthus; maior klasjana ya maror uthua

ast, u. 1. - Phenkua; jo chiz phenki jao; je slaki ya halat se koyi chiz phenki jäe; phenkne kā turīq yā dhang; andākht.

2,....lis fāsilo par koyi phenkī huyi sharjā-pare; tappā; pallā.

3. - Pase ka phenkuh ya dalna; daw, ittifaq; jokhim

4.—Sanche med dhalna

5.-Kisî chiz klaurat ya shakl jo dhalne ya taryar hone par ho-jae

6. —Jo shu sinche men dhilijio.

7 .- Strat; shakl; rang, dhang; saj-dhaj; waz', tariq

8. - Koyî manqa' ya naf' ki hat jiski ummed pahle se na iahi ho

9.—Anklı ki harakat ya gardish ; chitwan ; mazar; kanklıyon dekhnä.

The last cast - Akhir daw jismen sab kuchh bazı par laga dıya jae, kısı bat ki akhlı koshish jismen koyı daqiqa uçhü na rakkbü jüe.

iste, n. Zāt; gama, baran (varu).

A high casts - Sharif bari a la ya finchi zat.

A low gaste - Razil obhoti ya nichi zat

To lose one's caste - Zät se khārij ho janā; zāt kho d.

Casting-voice, } a. Kirl julse ya majma' men jab min-jumla arbāb i Jasting vote, funjhs ke msf logon ki rae amr-i-tajwiz-talab ke haq mon ho aur nief hi klulaf usko aur yah qarar paya ho ki jis nief kī rae ke sath mir-majlis ki rae ko ittlfaq hoga usi par faisala hoga to us hālat men mīr-majlıs yā sadr-nishin kī rāc ko "casting vote" ya'nī rāc-i-qāti' kahenge.

The umpire shall have the casting-voice in this case—Is muquidame men sur-panch ki rae par fassala-i-salisi hoga dar surate ki salis bi-l-ummasifa mukhtalifu-i-rae hoù ya'ni jin mei salison se sur-panch ki rae muttaliq hoga usi ke mutabaq fassala hoga.

Castle, n 1.—Qal'a; koţ; garhī; woh makan jismen dushman so bachne

ki nazar se qal'a-bandi huyi ho.

2.—Kısı umlı ya shah-zade ka makan; woh 'alı-shau 'imürat jısmen koyı amır-zada ya nusl-ı-shahı se sukünat pazir ho.

Castle in the air - Khayāl-1-khām; khayāli mausāba; mausāba yā tajwīz jiski

koyî bunyad na ho, mahr be asl khayal tajwir ya mansüba.

To build carles in the air—Aise are mansade k. 30 mahr be-bunyad hon; khayalati-khām kryā k.; khayali pulāw pakānā yā man ke laddā khana, khayal-parastī k

Castrate, v t 1 — Khassi k., ākhta k.; badhiyā k.; and yā baiza kāt 1.

2.—Kisi tahrīr ke un ajzā ko nikāl l. yā dār kur-d. jinmen kalimāt-

i-fuhsh hon. [kur-d. 3.—Ki-ī kitāh kā koyi wataq nikāl kur use nā mukummal (nāqis)

Casual, a. I — Ittifaqī; jiske wā'qi' hone kī ummed pahle se un ho; jiska waqā' ittifaqan ho jāc; jo ittifaqiya ho-jāc; jo uigahāh ho-pare.

2.—Gair-ma'müll, jo hamesha na hota ho; mugarrairi ya hamasha

kā nahīn; jo kabhī kabhī ho; 'ācixī.

Casad expenser—Akhrājāt-i-gair-ma'māli yā gair-muqarrari; jo masārif hamesha na hote hon.

Casually, ad. Ittifāqiya yā ittifāqan; nāgabān; kabhī kabhī; sanjog se; jān-būjhkar nahin; dida-o-dānista nahīn.

Casualty, n 1 — Ittifāq yā amr-i ittifāqiya; wāqi'a-i-nā-guzīr; hādisa; alsī bāt jiskī ummed pablo se ua rahī ho (jo ittifāqan ho jāe).

2.—Sadma jo jismiko ittifaqan pahünch jawe 'am isse kli uska natija

maut ho yā nahīh; maut yā dūsrī balā jo litifigan vāzil ho.

Catalogue, n. Ashkhās yā ashyā kī fihrist jo tartīh se yā tudif-wār banī ho.

Cotalogue ruisonné – Kitáboù ki fibrist jo unke mazmūn ke d'tibar se murattab ho. Catalogue, e. t. Kitáboù yā chizoù ki fibrist banānā; fibrist meŭ likhuā

yā uspar charhānā.

Catastrophe, n. Aisī mājarā jisse kisī shai kā silsila ultā pultā (zerozabar) ho-jāe; aisā wāqi'a jisse kisī shai kā intizām tah-o-bālā ho-jāe; kisī shai kā burā anjām; kisī bāt kā muāl-i-kār jo musībat yā āfat se bharā ho, āfat; balā; musībat.

Catch, v. t.-1. Pakarnā; hāth se dharnā yā pakarnā.

2.—Phande yā jāl men phansā-kar pakarnā; phansānā; pakarnā.

3.-Pichha karke pakarua.

4.—Pakar lenā; lag jānā—jaise āg kā.

5.—Khush k.; farefta k., dil-bandī k.; dil lagā l. yā le-lenā; muhabbat ke jāl men dāl d.; moh l., 'āshiq banā l.

6.—Bimārī-khosūsan chhūt wagaira kī bimārī (amrāz i-sārī wagaira)

men mubtala ho-jana (uska ho-jana).

To eatch the measles or smallpox—Garmi danoù ya chechak men mubtala ho-jana (usha nikel ana).

To catch cold - Sardi (zukām) ho-jānā,

7 — Yakāyak ā parnā, jhat se ā-jānā; pā-jānā yā pakar pānā

The police caught the thief in the act of stealing—Pulis ne us chor to chord knine ki halat hi men pakar-paya (wolt usi halat men unke hath lag-gaya ya unko yakayak nal gaya).

To catch at—Whang ya 'njlat se pakarne ki koshish k , yakayak apue qabze men kar-lene ki fikr k. [pakar l-

To eatch up - Thapet 1; uchak ke khainch 1; lapak-kar pakar 1.; daf atan Catch, v. v. 1. Phans-kar ya ruk-kar tah-jana,

A kite catches in a tree—Patang daraiht men phans yā ulajh-kar rah jātā har A door catches so as not to open—Kowār isqadar ruk yā jam jāte hain ki nahin khulte.

2.—Chhāt se phailnā yā honā—jase bīmārī kā.

Catch, n. 1 .- Pakar; gnift; pakarna,

2 -Woh chiz jo kisi düsrî chîz ko rok ya pakar rakkhe; billî; qulaba; agal ya agrî,

3.- l'akarno ke dhab se barthuā; pakarno kā sāmān yā tahaiya; pakar-pane ka manga' deklite rahnā; kisī bāt kī tāk yā nigrānī.

To lie on or upon the catch - Kiel but ki tak med calcul, kiel but ka (kiel ame ka spjani ka manga dekhta rahna

4,-Shanq ki chir jo bath a-jac; naf; faida,

5.—Ažm ya koshish kurne ki thoji muhlit; mauga jo kabhi kabhi hath lag-jae; kam kurne ka mukhtasar wagt.

6.—Jis qudar machhhyüö ek martalia pakçi jäwen

Catechise, v. i. 1.—Suwil-a jawah une tushrihat wa suhhat ke zari'e se ta'lim d.—khungan mazhahi baton men.

2.—Suwālāt pūchhuā; suwālāt pūchh-kar imtihān yā āzmāish k aur ba'z waqt chashm munāyī kī garaz se ķisī se suwālāt ko jawāb lenā jisse uske taru, men mais nikaltā bar,

3.—Mazhabi usul ki nisbat shagirdon sa suwalat puchh-kar unko ta'lim d, [mazhab ke usul mon. Catechism, n, 1.—Suwal-o-jawab ke zari's se ek tarah ki ta'lim khususan

2.—Muhtadiyon ki kitäb jismen mazhabi masale suwai-o-jawah ki shaki par likhe hote ham.

Categorical, a, 1. Silsila i-khayalkt ke muta'alliq.

2.—Qıyası nahın; bili shart ya ıstısna; mutlaq; yaqını; saf; sarihi, qat'ı; jismen agar-magar ya chün-o chua na ho; do-tük

A categorical answer - Jawab-1-shafi ya qat'i; saf ya do-tük jawab.

Categorically, ad. Yaqin ke sath; saf saf, sidha-sidha; khula-khula; ba tare-i mutlaq.

To affirm categorically—Saf-aaf ya yaqin ke sath kahna; bayan ya qanl men agar-magur na lagana.

Category, n. I. Jins; quen; nau'; mad, silsilad khayalat, 2.—Halat; kanfiyat. Cattle, n. Mawāshi yā maweshī; 'umūman woh sab jānwar jinko log ghar men pālte hun masalan sānd bail gāe bachhwe bachhiye ghore gadhe khacheba bherī bakri aur sūar

Cause, n. 1. - Sataly, tiā'is, 'dlat; mūjib; wajh, binā; woh shai jisse koyī natīja paidā ho (niklo), woh shai jisse kisi shai kī ibtida ho nar be-gair uske woh qāim na rah-sake, kisi fi'l ke wuqu' kī bāi'n, jiske sabab yā bā'is se koyī bat kī jāwe; wāste, liye, taqrib, mansha; maqsad, nīyat.

Cause of action. See Action below No 3.

To join or unito several causes of action in the same suit — Ek lif unlight med kayr bing i-mukhasamat (muticalded binalha-i-didwi) ka shatud k

The account or arising of a cause of action - Bind-1-mukhitsamut ka paids high suhur men and

A masjoinder of causes of action - See Action below No. 3

To show cause - Wajh posh k. ya batiana; sabab zahu k 4 wajh dekhisua.

To trace a cruss-Kisi sahab ya wigh ka pata lagana, kini bat ka sahab dar-yattik i jo kuchh pahle wiqu' men aya ho usao kini bat la pata liptus.

Without cause - Bo-wash, be-kabab, bilt wash- ma'qul; be gair kao man embah ke pane bil ka wujub sabit bo; pa-haq, 'alma; yonlin, haq-na b-q; hhahmakhah

2.—(Law.) Nīlish; da'wā; mutālaba, maqaddama; mu'āmala.

A court of small conser-'Additates mutalabates khalifa,

A cause list, or list of causes - Filarist i muqaddamit.

3.—Pahlū; taraf; kisī bahs yā manāzare kā woh jānīb yā pahlū jiskī himīyat men koyī shakhs yā farīq masrāf ho; woh shai jiske haq men koyī koshish kai rahā ho.

To advocate, plead, or uphold, one's cause - itief he pahin par täyni k.; kisi ki taraf se uski hujjat ki täyki men dalah pesh k., kisi pahin ko taquiyat d.; kisi ki himayat k. ya kisi ka hami h.

To espouse one's cause — Tayld yn bimayat ki niyat re kiri pehlû kû ikhtiyar k. ya kisi pahlû par bo-janû; kisi ki himayat apae zimme k ; each d ; pachh (pakeh) k., himayat k yn hûmi bannû; pushti d.; hath patariû; bûch gabnû.

In the cause of justice—Insai ke publit par; is but hi keelnah men hi maat ho Cause, v t. Kisi shar ka ba'is sabub ya bani h., khud k. ya dusre se kurwana; wujud men lana ya mujid h.; mujib h.; barpa k.; uthana,

wana; wujud men tana ya muju n.; muju n.; mena k.; uhhana, machana, kisi shui ka zuhur men laua; kurana; padid k.; nazil k., pahunchana

Causeless, a 1.—Jiskā fā'il na ho; jo khūd hī asl ho.

2 — Jiski wajh i ma'qul na ho; jiskā koyi 'umda sabab na ho; be-sabab, bilā-wāsta, nā haq.

Causelessly, ad Be-salab, bula wajh; yūnhīn; nā haq

Caution, n 1.—Hoshyāni; ihtiyāt, shankasī; khabardārī; dār-audeshi; dār-bīnī; kisī amr ke natīje ko qiyās karke nekī nisbat 'āqlāna kār-rawāyī k tāki nā kāmī na ho yā koyī balā nāzil hone na pāye; khatre kī nisbat 'āqibat andeshī.

2 —Kısı tarah ki buraşı ki nisbat nasıhat ya tambih; hoshyar ya

khabardār rahne ke hye jūtā d.; nasībat; salāh; hukm ; tākīd.

Caution, v. 1. Kisi ko khatre ki khabar yā ittīlā' d ; āgāh k., jatānā yā chetānā; mutanabhih yā khabar dār k.; hoshyār rahne ke liye fabmānh k ; kān khol d [jūne kī fahmānsh ho Cautionary, a. 1. - Tambih āmez, nasīhat āmez, jismon khatre se bach

Cheatmary advien - Nasiliat amez salak

2. "Jo bataur kafalat ke diyâ jão

Cantious, a. Hoshyar; khabar dår, äge pichhe ki khabar 1. w., dürandesh; charkas; bedär, äqibat andesh, muhtat.

Cantiously, ad. Khalan-dārī se; hoshyārī se, chankasī se, thtiyāt se C [VEAT, [Lat.] (Law) Woh zābite kī ittilā jo kisī farīq-i mukhālif kī taraf se 'adālat ko is garaz se dī jāwe ki jab tak uske 'uzrāt kī samā-'at na ho le subūt-i-wasīyat-nāma yā sunad i-ihtimām tarka kī nisbat mu'āmala-i-marjū'a i-'adālat men koyī kāi-i awāyī na kī-jāe.

To enter, or lodge, a careat. Is mazmän krittilä i-talicíci d krijab tak ham farm i-nukhälikke 'uzrāt ko 'adalat sun na le kār-rawāyī niebat 'atā hone sanad i subitt-r-wasiyat-nāma yā ibimām i tarka multavi ribe

To enter a correct equinat the grant of a probate—Fariquemukhalif ka attila' i tabriri is maximum as d. b. th some'at is usuat hannes fulan shil ke 'adalat so probate y i'm samul i aubut e-wasiyat nama kliwah samul i-ihtimam-i-tarka 'ata na ho. [ribe

The late ha late to make you haif hi fold a shakhs he challed his habar dar CAVEAT EMITOR. [Let.] (Law) Mushtari hoshyar bash, ar kharidar ta khahar dar rah; kharidar ke bye ihtiyat darkar har, kharidar ke challeye ke jo shar kharid kare uske halat samajh būjh le aur apat tajwa par hadal kare.

This case is governed by the doctrine or principle of casest emptor—Is mundidance so "mostitud hostiyar bash" ka masala ya usali muta'ailiq haf.

Caventor, a. Subut i waniyat nama ya ihtimam-i-turka ki sanad ko mu-'amala man hakim i-'adalat ko is mazinda ki ittila' d. w. ki ta sama'at 'azidi hangre kar-iawayi na ho.

Cavil. v. i. Harí giri ki nazne se khafif khafif etirázát posh k.; bila wajh i ma'qili mags nikálná; pig pig l'tiráz k., hujjat i-la hásil k.; na-hag nukta chini k.

Followed by at.

Cavil, n. Khafif ya jhtithit l'tiraz; 'uzr i-la-tad; jhūthī dalīl jo zāhir men kistqadar sach ma'lūm ho.

Cease, v. i. 1. -- Band h., mauguf h.; khatm h.; jätä rahnä.

2. - Chhor d , baz and , ruk-jana.

Followed by from before a noun

3. -Nest ho jänd, ma'dūm ho-jānā; bāqi na rahnā yā kuchh na rahjānā. Ceaseless, a. Jiska silsila na tūţo; lagātār; jo baiābar qāim rahe; be-rakāwat, li-intihā; dawāmi

Cede, v. t. Do douk, sandpuk ya sipurd k., tafwiz k., dusre ko ikhtiyar men kar d. ya uske hath men de-douk; ohhor d., dast-bardar b.

"Appropriately used to denote the relinquishment of a conquered city, fortress, or territory, to the former sovereign or proprietor." Webster Octael provinces—Mamalik-mulaswaza.

Coiling, n, I.--Kisi makan men patan ke tale ki chhat; andaruni chhat. Opposed to floor.

Celebrate, v. t. 1.—Ta'rif k.; hamd k.; bariyi k.; ta'zim and tausif ke sāth mazkūi yā mashhūi k

2.—Mazhabi rusum ya khushi ke sath madana manna ya k.

To celebrate one's birth-day-Kisi ki sal-grah ke din khushi k. To celebrate a marnage-Khushî ya dhûm dham ke sath shadi k

Celebrated, a Mashhūr; mumtāz; ma'rūf, nāmi; nām-war; nānd-garāmī: jiskī ta'rīf yā ta'zīm ki-jāwe

Celebration, n. 1.-Mazhabi rusām aur dhām-dhām ke sāth k.

The celebration of a mannage, or of a religious festival - Shadi ya kisi mazhabi tewhār kā dhüm dhām aur mazhabī rusūm ke sāth k.

2 —Rusūm hā adā k jā izhār-i-khusbī k.

The elebration of a buth-day - Kies ki est girab ke din runius ada k. ya tarah tualı Li khushi k,

Çelebrity, n. 1 -- Shulnat, namwarî; 'izrat ya tangir jo kisî ko bukhshi jae. 2.—Mashhūr yā nāmī shakhs; mu azzaz shakhs.

Usually in the plural

He is one of the celebrities of the place - Wob is ya us jugah he mun'anzurin (nicol shaklaon) se last

Celerity, n Texraftari, chal ki texi; sur'at; texi; subuk-rani; tex-raftari. Colestial, a 1.—Bihishti, libisht se mebat r. w. ya bihisht men relino w. 2 —Āsmānī; falakī

3.-Jo asman se utre ya nazil ho.

Clelibacy, n Tajairud, nā-kadkhudāyi; kuārā-pan,

Cellar, n. Woh ghar jo makan men zomin ke niche khane rine ki chizon Le rakhne ko liyo banz hota bat, tah-khana, woh godam jo zamin-doz banāyā jāwe.

Çensurable, a. Ilzam ko laiq ya qabil; jispar ilzam lug sake ya warid ho sake; jo maurid-i-ilaan ho-sake, malamat-pazir, qaint-aarsanish. chashm-numāvī ke laiq; jispar harf lagāyā jā-sake; jismen aib lag-sake. Censure, p. Ilzam ; sar-zanish ; chashm-numayı; maqa vikal-kar beja qaran d.

Censure, v t. 'Aib nikāl-kar galat yā bojā thahrana; ilzam d.; dosh d. yā lagānā, chashm-numāyī k , nā tāzī yā nā mauzūri zāhur k. Census, n Mardum-shumarî: kisî mulk ke bishudon ki ta'did ka hakim

kī taraf se daryāft kiyā jānā.

Census return - Nagsha-i-mardum shawaii.

Cent, n. Sau; saikarā, sad.

Per cent-Fi sad, saikara ya saikare pichho; sau men ya sau par. Centinarjan, n Woh shakhs jiski 'umr san baras ki ho; san baras ki ailmi. Centuary, a Sau mufrad chizon kā majmū'a; sau baras; sadī.

Ceptennial, a. 1.—Sau baras kā yā sau baras pūrā kiye huye.

2.-Sau baras men ek martaba hone (wāqi' hone) w.

Center,) n. 1 — Markaz; kieī sbai kā wast; kiel shai kā darmivāni vā Centre, bioh kā hissa; nāf, woh shai jiske gird aur chizen jam' hon; madār; maāb; maāl." The centre of a corde—Daire kā markaz jā markaz-i dāira. The centre of an army—Fauj kā biehlā lussa, galb

Centre. v. z. 1.—Bich men wäqi'h., wast men yā mutawassit h.

2.-Yakjā h.; ek jagah par ckatthā h

Center, | v. t. 1 -Markaz par yā bich men r.

Centre, | Yak-jā yā ekatthā k ; ck markaz kī taraf rujū' k.

Central, a. Darmiyānī, wastī yī mutawassit; markaz ke muta'allıq; bīch kā yā hichlā; un apzī ke muta'alliq jo markaz ke nazdīk hon.

Centralize, v. t. Markaz ki taraf khinohnā, ek markaz ki taraf rujū' k.; yakjā k.

Centrally, od. Ba tarz-i-mutawassit; wast yā markaz ke libāz se; bīch men. CENTUM, [Lat.] San; sad

Century, n Sau baras kā zamāna; sadī

Ceremonial, a I -Rusūm i-mazhabī ke muta'allıq; zāhnī parastish se mishat r w.; rusūm-i-dinī ke zawābit yā tarīq i-mu'aiyana ke mutābiq

2—Rusum i adab kā blāz r. w.; ādāb wa akhlāg kā bartāw thik thik k. w; pur-takalluf takallut se blanā huā yā barā hi takallufi; sāhir parast; zāhir haitāv kā nihāyat pā band; puāni lik par chalne w.

"In this latter sense, ceremonium is now used " Webster,

Ceremonial, a Wili kul që'ide wa rusum jo qënun yë dastër ke mutë biq 'ibëdet î-mazhabî kiwah ëpas ke bartëw yë bidshëhoù ke darbër ke liye muqarrar hon, rusum yë adëb i-khërijî (zëhiri) [tëw kiyë jëe Ceremonious, a. I. Jismen zihici zawabit wa rusum-i-mazhabî kë bar-

See uso No. 1 under Ceremonial, a.

2 - Rasmi; ja qawa'id wa rusam mu'ayan ya murawwaj hon unke mutaba; jissa akhbaq zahir ho, muaddab

3. - Dantur ke mutābaj; humi-i akhlāg ko gawa'id ke mutābig.

To take a coremonous leave - Dantür ke mutabiq rukhsat h ; jo kuchh rukhsat hone kā quida tahzib ko rū so ho uske mutabiq rukhsat h.

4 -Sec No. 2 bolow Ceremonial, a

Ceremony, n. 1.—Zāhirī mazhahi rasm; woh bāt jiskā bartāw zāhir men mashah kerū se kiyā jāc.

2....Woh bateń jo khas ożam meń apas ko bartaw ko live mugarran hon; adab ko rusum; woh zahir-dari ki bateń jinka bartaw munasib hota bai; woh adab jinka adatin ke huzur men baja lana zarur ho.

Religious ceremonies-Rusam i mazhabi

Marriago cerem mies - Ru don i shish ya nikah.

Douth ceremonics - Rushim i-muta'alliq-i-wafat, marne ke ba'd jo rushim hob, marni-karni; kriya-karm.

Burial, exequial, or funeral, ceremonies—Rushim-i-tajhīz wa takfin yā tajhiz etakfin; kafn dafn; gor-garhā

To perform a ceremony - Kisi rusm ka ada k. ya karna

Certain, a. 1.—Jiske dil par yaqin ya tayaqqun ho; jiske dil men kuchh shak ya shubha na ho.

Followed by of before a noun.

- 2 Jiski nishat shubha ya inkär na ho-sake; säbit ya mutahaqqaq, gair-mushtabah; lä-kaläm; yaqini; jismen ehük na ho; jo khutu na kare; jispar ishtibah warid na ho, pakka ya pukhta
- 3 —Mu'aiyan; muqaman, jiskā ta'aiyan pahle se hozebukā bo, ma'mūli, mushakhkhas; jo pahle se tal-pa-chukā bo; baadhā huā
- 4.—Gair-mutahaqqaq; jiske nam ki sarābat na huyi ho, koyi, kisi, fulān, ek.

"Sometimes used independently as a noun, and meaning certain persons," Webster.

Certainly, ad. Bilā-shak, be-shubha; wūqi'ī; dar-asi; sachmuch aur haqīqat men, be chūko yā khatā kiye huyo; lā-raib; yaqīnī; zarūr.

Certainty, n Shubhe inkāi yā khatā ko bāhar h, yaqin ya tayaqiin, shakk yā khatā (chūk) se baiī h khwāh usse baraat; aslīyat, haqīqat; wāqi'īyat

Certificate, n. 1.—Sanad; kisi wāqi'a ki asliyat ki tahriti shahadat; kisi amr ki tahriti tasdiq japar tasdiq kumoda ko dostkhat us amr ki sadāqat ke sābit kame ko liyo sabt hon; sārjinkat.

Certificate of character or good conduct - Nok chalar ki akristikat; is but ki tahnin tasdaq ki falka shakhs anokir hannda raklaa ya nok chalan nat

Certificate of double - Fault name; kusi shakha ko waint ki tanding ji maon uske marne ki tarikh wagara bin likhi ho.

Life-ce tifente - Hayit-unua, is bût ki tahriri tandiq ki fulan tarikh ko fulah shakhs zinda thû

Certificate of sale, or sale certificate - Sanad i milita ya qibala i ndarun

Certificate of guardiauship - Sanad i-waldyut, is last ki tandin ki hatad ki ladalat no falau shakhe ko falau shakhe ka wali muqartar kiya

2.—(Law) Kisi wāqi'n ki tahriri shahadat jiski taadiq qanaa ku mutabiq hayi ho, sartilikat.

Treal by certificate—Kief mu'amale Li tejwiz jimoù amer-misk'i ku faisala us shakhs ki shabidat per munh wir ho jimo nski nisbutsatepiikat taluir ki ho.

Certificate, v. t. 1.—Kisi ko sanad (sürtlikat) d. yā 'atā h.

2 -Kısı bat ki tasdiq ke liye sartıfikat d.

Certifler, n. Tasdiq k. w., kısı amr ki sadüqat ki sartıfikat d. w.

Certify, v t l — Kisī bāt kī shahādat likh-kar k.; kisī amr kī tasdiņ tahrīr khwāh dust kh it yā dist-khat aur muhr so k.; kisi amr kā i'lān ba-taur amr i-wāqi' ka k.

2.—Kisī amr kī sahīh khabai d.; mutahaqquq k.; tasdiq k.; shahā dat d., tayaqqun kaiānā, kisī bāt ki kisī shakhs ko tahqiq khabar d.,

yaqın dılana.

CÉRTIORARI, n. [Lat] (Law) Jab koyî firîq i-muqaddama 'adālat i-akbar men is mazmūn se suwāl de ki mahkama i-asgur se hamāre haq men msāt nabīn huā yā hamko tajwīz-i-muqaddama men jānh dānī ka ihtimāl hai aur us suwāl par mahkama-i-āla se misl-i-muqaddama galatī yā be-zāhitagī kī sihhat ke wāste mahkama-i-adnā se iahib ho jā we yā sāil kī haq-rasī ke hye muqaddama muntaqil kar diyā-jāe to jim hukm ke zarī'e se misl talub ho yā intiqāl i muqaddama 'amal men āwe usko certiorari (sarshiqrārāi) kahenge.

Cess, n. Mahsūl, dar-bandī; woh mahsūl jo is mulk meh zamīn par malguzārī ke sawā lagāyā jitā hai nur jo abmāh ke man se mashbūr bar.

Illogal or unanthorized costs - Abath t us the year antikuma equation.

To lavy a cress on regres - Abwah wusul k

Cessation, a Harakat yā kist qısın ki kar rawayî ka thore 'arso ko liye yak-qalam hand kard ; arkun ; rukawat, ta'attul.

OBSTUY QUE TRUST, (Law) (A barbarana Norman Law French phrase." Story Warzestor). He arazi ka asli malik jo kra sipurd dar ke sipurd ho, wah shakha jisko msi mulayat men haqq i annusifikra am mulasarrifana hasil ho jiska haqq i qantin kisi sipurd dar ko sipurd ho.

In contradistinction to trustee Written also certain.

CESTUY QUE USE, (Law) Woh shakbs jisho magraf ke liye anazi wagaira düsre ko di-jāc (sipurd ki jie).

Cham, n. 1.—Sone yā chāndī ki zanju jo zebālsh ke live pahnī jatr har, jebī gharī wagara ki zanjīr jo sono chāndī ya kısı dustr chiz ki bam hu. 2.—Zanjīr; berī, parkarī.

3 - Silsila, bahut si baten jo silsila war wuqu' men Awen ya jink s

silaila bäham laga ho.

4.--Sitsila; qutar; sal.

A chain of mountains- l'aliason la gata.

5.—Jarib; zanjīr; zamīn ki paimālah kā ck alu jo 66 līt lainta hotā hai; jisqadai zamin ok jarīb ki paimālah men aye, ties murabbu' jarīb kā ek okai hotā hai.

Sometimes called Gunter's chain.

Chain, v. A. Le-Zangir sa händhust zangir ki rasaind kusi chia se bandh d.

2. – Gulan banâna; gulamî men r.: halqa ba-gorh k. 3 —Mazbūti se jorna; ek kar d. ya ak men mila d.

Chair, z. 1.—Kursi; chauki,

2.—Kısı hakım ke ijlas ki jagah ya usha 'nhda.

l'uhila.

3 —Kisi 'ilm ke 'âlim ki nishast pâh (uske baithne ki pagah) ya nelâ 4 —Kisi majma' ka mir majhis sadr nishin ya sadr injumun kirwah woh kursi wagara jo uske buthne ke liye makhaus ho.

He is going to address the chab - Woh sub-nishin i majhs to turn hard walk has ya uski taraf mukhatab ho-kar kuchh kaha chahta hou.

Chairman, n. Mir majlis, wāzi in i quwanin ke jalsa ya kisi nur majmu ki mīr-majlis; kisī jalso yā kameti ka sadr anjuman khwah sadr majin.

Chalk, n. Khari mitti, chhayi mitti; dadhi mitti. [10] canajana

To know chalk from cheese—Jo knohn ho raha ho usko tepno mil nump in kithat Chalk, v. t 1.—Khari mutti so malnă 32 useo nishin k.

2.—Khād ke tam par zemīn men chhāyi miliji dalnā.

To chalk out-Qarm k ; tarah daina, naqsira khamoli k a bemand; tajwir k , mansiba k, yā bandish handina.

Thallenge, n. I.—Kist se tanhā lague ka liye kahnī; bul taktar ke rat karne ke liye muta'nāzi'in men bāham muqabale hi istel'ā i sabāni yā tahrīrī; da'wat yā tahnh i jank; lalkāi; jis hhat men ia quan ki darkhwāst ho usko liye bhī yahī iala (chaffenga) manga' hai.

2.—Kisi qısm ke muqābale ki ıstıd'ü (darkhwäst)

3 —Kısı haqq-ı waqı'ı ya furzi ka da'wa ya mutalaba.

4 - (Law) Juli ke logon par Ptiraz; fiviq i muqaddama kā yah. da wa ki hamare muqaddamo men fulan fulan ashkhas jari men

shazîk na kiye jaen. Challenge to the array - Jusqu'der log juri men sharak hoù un sale ki nist it

Challenge, v. t. 1 .- Jis shakha ko koyi gussa dilawe uska gu sa dilane wäle se yah kahnä ki ao ham tum hi-khudha lar kar ru" i-niva' kailen, da'wat-i jang k., larayî ke hye lalkarınî; upue minkhalif se dû

ba-dū larno ke liye tālī thonk-kar kbare ho jānā. 2 – Kisī amir kī nishat milqībala chāhnī, kisī so kisī bāt kī

jawab-dihi karaua; kisi se yah kahna ki agar tumko fujin ann ki nisbat kuchh da'wa ho to ham se us bab men muqabala kar dekho

3 - Apne haqq-ı-wajıb ki tarah par chahna talah k. ya mangna; haqqan da'wā k.

4.—(Law) l'tnāz k yā mu'tariz h , jarh k. masal m un sliakhson ki nishat jo kisi muqaddaino men bi-tam jihi ke kar-ricanji kurne ke liyo talah haye hon.

Chamber, 22 1. -Makan men khususan upar ke darje ka woli kamra 10 giyam takhliye ya likhne parhno ke liyo makhans ho; khalwut-gah

2 —Khāna ; jauf

3 — Adālat ke hikimen yā wizi an i grwanin ki nishast kā kamra yā dīwān khāna; wāzi'āu-i quwānin ya 'adalat i-innaf ke hakimon kā majma

4.--21 (Luw) Woh takhliye ki jagah jahan koyi paj batth kar mu'amalat sune aur faisal kare aur aise kat i 'adalat kare ju 'adalat ko bāhai ho sakte hon.

To sit at chambers—Lay ki haisiyat so takhliyo ki nishart-gali mch mu'hinalat kā sumā yā un kāmon kā k jo 'adālat ke bah u lio sakto hoù

Chamber of commerce - Sandlegwood ner thilion ke jama't.

Chamber-council, n. Takhifye ki kawisal.

📑 🥫 Woh kauńsali jo kliänagi taur par muqaddamát Chamber-counsel, Chamber-counsellor, § - ki nisbat 120 de par 'mlalat-men suwal o jawab na kare

Chamber-practice, n. (Lane) Un kaunsaliyon kā kār o har jo nij ki tarah par mu'amalat men 120 den par sa -- 'adalat sawal-o jawah na kar n.

Champertor, n (Law) Woh shakhs jo manifi' mon shanik kiye jane ki garaz se apne kharch se muqaddamāt larāye; jo shakhs nat" meh lussu

pāne ke liye muqaddama mot lekur apne sart i khas se use chalājo jo shamparti ka murtakib ho. Champerty, n (Law) Jab koyî shakha jise kisî muqaddamo ke mudda'

yā madda'ā 'alath se kuchh sarokār na ho min-jumla unke ek farīg 🤫 yah mu'abada kar-le ki ham tumhare muqaddame ki sar-abzi mer har tarah kī madad denge aur ba shart-i-kām-yābī imdad kī 'maz met juzw-i-shai-i-mutonām'a leige to us mu'āhade ko shāmpartī kaheige nālish yā istihqāq-i-nālish kā kharīd k.; jis chīz kī nisbat takrār be u ko kām-yābī kī sārat men bā-ham tagsīm kar lene ke igrār par ku shakhs-1 gair az-fariq-1-muqaddama kā ek fariq ko madad d.

Champion, n. 1.—Jo shakhs düsre ki taraf se usko mukhalif se tanıtanha lare. [akela lare.

2.-Jo shakhs apne mu'āmale ke tasfiye ke liye apne dushman se

3.—Juwan-mard; pahalwan; larayî ya muqibalo men diler

Zhance, n. 1.—Ittifāq; kisī wajā-i-mu ajyana yā musallama ku na li ; nā gahānī; hādisa, kisī aise ami kā wuqu' jiskī nisbat koyī tadbīr na kī gayī ho yā jiskā honā pahlo se maqsūd na rahā ho yā jiske hone kī ummed pahlo se na rahī ho

Time and chance happen to all - Waqt am attifaq sab par parta has.

By chance - Ittalagan ya itufagiya, nagalian; yakayak.

2,--Nasib; 10 kuchh nasib se ā-jāe.

To take one's chance—Jo kuchh masib se ho-jās yā masīb se ā-jās use gabal kar-lenā; quanatī sandā k , koyī jokhum uṭhānā, tagdīn par khelnā

3.—Khushî ya musibat, kam-yahî ya na-kamî.

4 — Kisī amī ke wuqu' kā unkān (kisī bāt kā ho sakuā), manga'.
Chance, v. v 110-parnā, ā parnā; pahunch-jānā, ittifāgan zuhūr men
ānā nāzil yā warid b

Chance, c. Ittilaqi; ittifaqiya b. w.

Chance companions - Woh log jinkā sath ittifāqiya ho jār

Chance-comer, n. do ittifăqiya ya yakayak a jãe — [sadr-nishiù. Chancellor, n. Inglistăn mon 'adalat i-chânsari kā awwal hākim ya Chance-modley, n (Inno) Aisi larayî mon jo yakayak aur be pesh-baudî kiyo huyo horjao apno bachaw ki koshish men dasro ko halak kai d. (māi-dālua)

Chancory, a. Inglistan mon parliment ke ba'd sab se a'la darje ki 'adalat jiske bakun khas kar msaf ke ru se mu'amalat faisal karte hain.

Chandelier, n. Jhay.

Chandler, n. 1 — Mūm yā charbī wagama kī battiyān banāne yā bechno w. 2.—Kisī chīs kā roz-gārī; kusī chīs kī tyānat yā nekā kār-o bār k. w.

*A general term for a dealer, the particular meaning being determined by a prefix; as, a tallow-chandler, ship-chandler, &-e." Webster.

Change, v. t. 1.—Badal d.; tabdīl kar d.; anr hī banā d.; ek hālat se

düsrî halat men kur-d., xühnî sünt ya mahiyat ko badal d.

To change the colour or shape of a thing - Kisi chizke rang ya uski shaki ko tabdil kai d (auchi kar d. ya bana d.)

2—Ek chiz ko tabdil karke düsri chiz qüim k ; ek chiz ke badle men düsri chiz r, ; adlā-badlā k.

To change the clothes-Kappe balaha ya'ni jo kappe badan par hoù unko uta kar unka i'waz men disre pahana.

3 - Ek chīz yā hālat ko chhor-kar dusrī ikhtiyāi k.

Followed by for.

Persons educated in a particular religion do not readily change it for another— Kisi khās mazhab ke ta'līm yāfta shakbs use jald tark karke dūsiā mazhab ikhtiyār nahin karte.

4.--- Bāham tabādala k.; āpas men badal l.

Will you change conditions with me-Tum muju se tabadala-i-sharait karege?

5.—Ek qism kā māl d. anr uske badlo men düsrü l

6 -Tabdīl-makān k.; ek jagah ko chhor kar dustī jagah qiyām k

To change lodgings -- Jis makka men koya fino-kaah ho msko chhor kar diare" makān men ja rabnā,

7.-- Tabadala ı zar k., ek qism kä zar d. nur uske budle men düsri qısın kā l. masalan lot dokar rupaye l. ya rupaye dekar lot khwih iupaye ke 'maz paise l ya paisen ke badle iupaye, bhomana, torana,

(quim na rahna), khurda k 8.—Khattā yā ganda ho-jānā ; aslī shīrīnī aur safāyi ka badal janā

The milk has been changed by the weather - Maraim ki wajh an duth badal gıya (usmen turshi aur gandagı öşayi)

Change, v. 2, 1 — Badal-jānā, tabdīl ho jānā; aur hī ho jānā; mutagasyar h. 2 — Ek harat se badal kar düsif harat men h.; naya daura shurü' k., tahwīl men bi jaise chānd kā

Change, n. 1 - Kısı qism kā tahādala; ek hālat yā stirat se dūsrī hāl it yā sūrat mon ho-jānā; tabādala-i-surat sīrat hālat yā mahryat. [purina h

2.—Ilk sharke hi'd düstî sharka qam hi; tajdid , talandala : maya-

A change of sensons - His fast he ha'd düssi trai ha that; tulabhul-i fastum. He has gone to the hills for a change—Woh tweddin abso-huma ke ligh pahar pai gaya hai

3 — Tahwil, chând ka az sar-i-nau apnă māhāna danra shuru' k

4 —Ingilāb masalan 11yāsat kā

5 —Khurda ; rozgī—masalan rupaye ke 'twaz men albamii elananu doanui ya paise ya asbrafi ko badle rupnyo wagiwin.

6.-Woh rupayo paise jo kisi kharid kiyo huyo mal ki gimat ke

adā kume ke ba'd bāqī bach jāch.

I gave the clerk a bank note for his cloth, and he gave me the change. Main ne dükân-dâr ko gumlahte se kapra lekar use ek bank ka tet diya aur usus mujhe zar-ı-fazıl (10 kuchb qimat minhā karke bāqi bacbā) phor diya,

7.-Woh magam jekan tujant ke kar-o bar ke liyo sandagaron ka majma' ho, woh makan jahan tijarat ka kar-o-bar ho.

Contracted from Exchange

Changeable, a. 1.—Jo badal sake, jumen tabadala ho-sake; mutagaryir, mutalawwm, tubūdala-pazīr, jisko qiyām na ho; jo hadiā kare; hesabāt , mustaqil nahīu.

A person of a changeable mind—Mutalawwin-mizij shaklis; and shaklis jiaki tabī'at badlī kare

2.—Jiskī zāliirī sūrat tabdīl ho-jāe.

Changeable silk - Aısā reshmî kapıä yıskā rang raushani se tabdil huā kare, dhūp-chhānh.

Changeless, a Jo badal na sake; mazbūt; mustaqil.

A changeless purpose — Mazbūt irāda; 'azm-i-bi-l-jazm.

Changer, n. Khurdiyā; sarrāf.

Channel, n. l.—Pāni ke bahne ki rāh; majrā-i-āb; bahrawān; nāla; woh gahrī lagah jismen nadī wagaira kī khās dhārā bah-kar gire; darzā kā petā aur pāţ.

2.—Tawassut; wasıla; zarl'a; sabil, woh shai jisse koyî düsrî shai guzre; kisî shai ko düsre tak lojîne ya pahunchane ka zarl'a.

Information of the marder was convoyed to the police by different channels— Us him ki ittili pulis ko makhtalif sabilon ya zari'on se pahanchi

Zhaos, n 1.—Hayüla; maüddo ki abtarı ki kaifiyat jo dunya ke paida hone ke pahle thi.

2.—Chīzon kā khalt mult muntashar yā abtar rahnā, intishār, dirhamī-barhamī; woh halat jismon kisī shai ke ajzī men būham tamīz na ho-sako

Chaotic, a. Hayūlānī, muntashar, abtar.

Chapter, n. 1.—Kısı kitab ya rısale ka hıssa; bab; fasl, addhyaya; suıa.

To the end of the chapter - Bi-l kul, saiāpā; sburn' se ūklin tak; khātime tak

2.—Ba'z jamā'aton ke shurakā kā majma' yā jalsa.

Character, n. 1 — Lamīz kī nishānī, haif shakl yā nishān.

2.—Sawad-khat, liklawat; kisi khas shakhs ke huruf ki kashish ya shan; huruf ki woh khas shakl jo kisi qaum men musta'amal ho

3. - Woli majmū'i sifaton jinke ziei'e se do shakbson yā chīzon

men tamiz ho-sako.

4.—Achelihi achelihi sifutca, sifat-i sutūda yā hamīda; woh khūbi yān jinki log ta'zīm aur qadr karen; woh khūlinyān jo 'awām kī naz-ion men kisī shakhs men hoù.

A man of character—Sutfida-sifet sheiths; aisē sheiths jieki ķhūbiyon kī log qadr karen , nel-iha-niyat sheiths

5. - Haisiyat ya haisiyat-i-mansabi.

6 ---Kısı shaklıs ya shai ki qadı ; nek nāmī ; shahra ya shuhrat.

He has a character for honesty - Woh diyünat ke liye nek-nüm hai yü log uski qadr diyünat ke liye karte haiû.

7.--Shakhs

"Usually with an attributive word or phrase." Webster.

A distinguished character - Mashhür ya mumtaz shakhs.

8.—Ifal; kaifīyat; bayan.

Characteristic, a. Woh umr jo kisī shakhs yā shat kī khās sifaton Characteristical, par dalālat kare, woh bāt jisse kisī shakhs yā shat kī nisbat tamīz kī-jāwe; khās yā makhsūs.

Followed by of

Characteristic, n. Woh bāt jiske zarī'e se do shakhson yā chīzon men bāham tamīz ho-sake; woh sifat-i-khās jo kisī shakhs yā chīz men ho; khusūsiyat, koyī khās 'alāmat nishān yā pahchān

"Invention is the characteristic of Homer" Pope

Homer kî tabî'at men îjîd kû h uskî khās silat bal

Characterize, v t 1 — Kısı shaklıs ki zatı sıfaton ka hal bayan k ; khas khas sıfaton ko zarı'e se bayan k.

2.—Mumtaz k.; mashhūr k.; kisī kī sifat zīhir k.; kisī shakhs yā

chīz kī khās khās khūbiyān numāyān k. yā dekhlānā.

Character-book, n. A'māl nāma, woh kitāb jismen sarkārī mulāzimīn ke achchhe aur bure hālāt likhe jāte hain.

Charcoal, n. Lakrī kā koelā.

Charge, v. t. 1.-- Tüt parnā; bamla k. yā bamla āwar b. khususau

top ya bandaq; barat ya barat aur chhare khadh

gole yā goliyān bharnā.

3.—Bojh ya bar ke taur par dalna, ladna; garan-bar k.; kisi shen par kisi chiz ka bojh dalna ya usse uske is tarah bhar d. ki kisi tarah ka sadma na pahinuche.

To charge the stom wh mith undigestible food—Mi'de ke was giza we bhar d. jo hazm na he-sake.

To charge the mind with facts-Dil men bahut se halat jum' kar 1.

4.—Lagānā; qāim k.; muqarrai k., bāndhnā—jaise kar (mahsāl)

To charge tent on a land, or to charge a land with tent-Kin arazi par lagan lagans ya muqarrar k.

5 — Kısı par koyı faız dalna; koyı kam kisi ke zimme k.; koyı ehiz kisi ke sıpurd k.

Followed by with.

6.--Kısı ke nam ya uske hısab men lıkhna--palie keyi qarz ki raqam, qarz khate likhna ya khareh ke hisab men dalna, hısab men kısı ke nam likhna ya khareh ke mad men dalna, kist shai ka zimma dar banana

To charge a man with the price of the goods sold to him. Kin ke name us malki quant likhna jo aske hall farakht hua ho.

7 — (Law) Ilzām lagānā yā mulzam banānā ; ittibām 'āid k, yā muttaham k., mojem banānā yā gardāma, kisī par kisī jurm kā da'wā k

To charge a come upon or against a man, or to always a man with a mino-Kisi shakas per kisi juum ka da'uh k,; kisi pac kiri juum ka iluam lagana ya usko us juum ka mujum bayan k

8 — Hukm d.; dil se istid'ü k.; khüb samjhänü--jaise kisî nek küm 9.—(Law) Hidayat k., kisî kî taraf mukhātih ho-kar kuchh kahnā -jaise jaj kā jūrī kī taraf kisî muqaddame ke mukhtasar hālāt hayān

karno meh

Charge, v. : Hamla yū charhāyī k.; tūt paṭnā. Charge, n. (Law) 1.—Ittihām, ilzām; nālish; da'wā --jaise kisi jurm kā.

To bring, institute, ky, or profes, a original charge against a person - Kish shakhs par kisi jurm ka ilgam lagana ya da'wa k.

To entertain a charge-Kisi nahsh ya da'we ko manzan k.

To answer a charge-Kisi da'we ki jawab-dihi ya turdid k.

To withdraw a charge - Kiel da'we se dast-bardar h. yh baz ana (usmen baz-da'wa dakhil k)

A crimmal charge—Nālish-i-fauj-dārī, kisī jurm kī nalish yā uskā da'wā.

A joinder of charges - Kayî ilzāmon ka ek men shāmil k ; shumul-i-ilzāmāt imuta'addida.

2.—(Law) Fard-ı jurm yā fard-i-qarār-dād-ı-jurm; woh nawishta jusmen us jurm ki sarāhat ho jo kisi mulzam par qāim kaya jāo aur jo hākam-i faujdārī ke dast-khat aur muha se murattah ho.

CHV

An amended charge—Fard-1 jurm-1-tarmim-shuda yā murammama

The head of a charge - Madd-1-faid-1-111 m.

A provious conviction should be made a separate head of a charge - Chahive ki mākhūzi-r-abiga fird i juim men ba madd i-judā-gāna gaim ho.

A formal charge - Farder parm-i-ba-zabita.

To draw up, frame, make, or prepare, a charge-Fard i jurm muratiab k. ya banană.

To alter or amend a charge—Fard-; jurm kā badalnā yā tarmīm k.

To add to a charge, or to frame au additional charge - Fard i-juim moen aur jurm ya jarama ka buhana ya fard i-jurm-i mazid banana, ek jarm par düsra jurm baj hānā yā jurm-) mazad gām k

3. —Woh shakhs yā chīz 10 ihtiyāt hifazat yā ihtimām ki garaz se dusre ko smund ya uske zimme ki-jawe; amanat ya shai-i-amanati. 'uhda; kām yā huz; woh kām jispar kojī muta'aiyan ho

To abandon a chinge - Kinî shqi-î-am matî se dast-bardar h ; us shakbi ya chîz se kanara kash h. 10 ilitaram ya lufazat ke liye sipuid ho.

4 — Hifazat ; ilitimām; instrām ; zimma-dārī.

To have charge of an office, or to have an office in one's charge - Kisl 'abde La ihtimän apue zimua yā taht men t

To assume, or take, tharge of an office-Kisi 'white ke thankin o-mention ka simus mhanā

To deliver, or make ever, charge of an office - Kisi 'ubde ka themam-e-mairam düsre ko sipurd kar-d

5.--Kırı jao-dad ya arazi wagarra par lagan ya malisul wagara kā qām ka jo bār ya muākhaza jāc-dād par qām kiyā jāc.

The acroago gess is a new charge on landed property - Jac-dad-i-arazi par jo kuchlı ba lusalı fı ekar qana kıya (laguza) gaya həi woh ek naya malısal hai. 6.-Masarif;kharch; saria; akhrajat.

Commonly in the plural.

The unlawful charges mourred by you will not be allowed - Jo masaraf-i na jaiz tumne kiye hain woh na dilaye Jange.

Receipts and oherges-Amad we khareh; madani we khareh.

7.--Jo ragam kharch ya yaftani ke hisah men likhi jawe, mam ki ragum, chîzon ki gimat jo kharîdar ke nam pare.

8.—(Law) Woh hidayat jo jaj ahli juit ko kare.

9.—Bārut goliyān gole chhaire wagaira jo top aur bandūq - wagaira men bhii o jāch.

10.—Hamla; yürish; charbüyî; hamle kā mshān; hamle yā latāyī

ke liye hathışar ka mange' se 1.

targeable, a. 1.-Lagaye ya 'aid kiye jane ke qabil; muqarrar ya qaim kiye jane ke laig.

No cent is chargeable on the laud in suit, or the land in suit is not chargeable with rent — Alexi-i-mutanāzi'a par lagān nahīn ligāyā yā qām kiyā jā saktā (uspar lagan nahiń lag-saktā)

2.—Jispar kiei jurm kā ilzām lagāyā jā sake yā lag-sake; mustaujib ı-ılgam-ı-jurm; muttaham ja maurid-ı-ılgam hone ke läiq

This man is chargeable with murder—Is shakhs par quil i aind ka ilwan lugara 17 sakta bri

3.—Jise nisbut de-saken yā jo mansab kiyā jā sake; jo kisī par bataur junn qusür ya dam ke 'aid ho-sake

A fault the georie on a m to - Quant fo kish shakha par ' ad ho take (by rake).

4 — Jiskî wajh so kharch pare: sarf-angez, garan bar, jo bojh sã

ma'lūm ho Chargeless, a. Suif angez nalīn , jismen kliureli na parc , sastā ; arzāb. Charitable, a 1.-Muhabbat aur nek-khwähi se bhara hna, nek; nok-

andesh ; khair andesh yā khair-sigāl , milirbān A charitable disposition - Nek tahi'at; nisi tahi'at jo dilision se muhabbat rakkhe aur unki bihtaii chāhe.

2 —Garibon ke sath dil khol-kar bhalayî anı unki taklif dür k. w ; mukbaiyii; faiyaz, karim; sakhi, data; daniya; garib-parwar; nikokār, khairāt dene men Hütım.

A charitable mini-Mukhaiyir ya laiyan shakha; ama shukha ja guruba ki musibat ko dür sar unlis söth har tarah ki nekt karet garab parwar.

3 - Khairāt ke muta'allıq, khairāti; jiski hunyād khairāt par ho yā jo kharāt ke hye magsud ho.

A charitable institution - Khairāti kār khāna mesalan khairāti madrasa chlu tra wagana A charctable society - Aist jana'at jirka mrasha nek kamon ka karna ho. A charatable purpose - Garabon ko dukh ebhorane (unka musil at ke raf' karne) kā nada yā manshā

4.-- Jo mihrbanî ke khayal se kiya jaç; jo nokî ke usûl par mabnî ho : kisi ke hash-i hāl yā muwāfiq.

A charitable construction of words or actions - Qaulon ya film ke taller jo

kisî ke kasb-î bûl ya uspar mihrbûnî ya uskî nek khadin ki nazar se kî jêwe Charitableness, a Mukhaiyar h ya khairat k; nok andeshi: khair sigah; farvāzī; dād dilinsh; garībon ke haq men faryazī yā unko khuh khairāt d

bhalayî karno ki nîyat se, muhtajoù ki l'aunt ki khwalish se. Charity, n. 1.—Woh ragbat jo maan ke dil men is bat ki boli har ki apne ham jinson ko achchhā samjhe nur unke sāth bhalayī kure;

Charitably, ad. Mihrbani se; faiyāzi se; nek-kliwālit sc, dasron ke sāth

muhabhat, khair-khwahi; nek-andoshi. 2.—Gurabā ke haq men fatyāzī ya'nī unko khūb khariāt kā denā

aur unse har tarah ki neki k., unki musibat ke dur karne ke hye garībon ke sāth nekī k. aur unse kojī mu'āwaza na chālmā. 3 —Ķhanāt, zakāt; sadaga; dān; blīkh; jo kuchh garībon ko unkī

hājat-rawāyī ke liye bilā mu'āwaze ke diyā jāo.

4 —Insan aur unke fi'lon kī nisbat rāc qām karne men faiyāzī; insân men 18 bất kĩ ragbat ki apne bam-jinson ke qauloù aur fi'lọn kĩ ta'bir jahan tak 'umda ho-sake kare.

5.—Mihrbānī yā nek-andeshī kā koyī fi'l.

The charities of lite — Woh nekiyan jo zinda rabne ki hälat (sindagi) maŭ ki-jësh 6.—Koyi khairātī kār-khāna yā jo kuchh neke gam karne aur

chalane ke liye de diya jas.

Charity-school, n. Woh madrasa je garib larkou ki ta'lim ke liye log āphī āp kuchh kuchh dekar gam rakkhen; khamātī madrasa yā maktab Charm, n. 1 - Jadu, sihi, tilism, afsūn, mantar (mantra); tona, totkā; latkā.

2.— Ta'wīz yā janira jiske pahinne se yah maqsūd hotā hai ki balā

tal jāc yā pahinno wālā phūle-phale.

3.--Woh shu jiske asar se dil be-qābū he-kar kisī dūsrī shai kī taraf khinch jāc, woh shar jo dil ko apue basmen kar le ; jis shar men dil phans bandh ya lubha jie; jo man ko moh ya har le

In this sense, generally in the plural.

Charm, v / 1 -Sibr jādū yā tilism karke apne bas yā gābū men k, mantar (manti) parh ya phonk-kai bulana, jadu tona ya totka k

2.—Kisī aisī quwwat se jo zāhu na ho yā jisse khushī hāsil ho dabā d yā taskin d , kamī yā khiffat paidā k , halkā k.

3.—Dil ya hawas-i-khamsa ko mhayat hi khush k , bahut hi mah zūz yā masiūr k; dil ko lubhā l. faresta yā apne bas men kard., dilrubāyi k.

Charm, v. i Jūdū kā sā asar panlā k.; tone kī tarah lagnā Charmer, n 1 - Jadu-gar, sahir, tilisin-gar.

2 — Dil-rubā, dil bar, man-mohan, man har l. w. Charming, p. a. Nihāyat khush-kun, jisse gāyat darje kī khushī massarrat yā haz ho, azbas pasandīda.

Charmingly, ad. Aise tarz par ki dil ko bari khushi ho.

Charmless, a Jismen kisî qism ki kashish na ho.

Charter, n 1 - Sanad i shahî; woh wasîqa i-ba-zabita jiske rû se badshah kī jamb so ikhtiyārat am huquq kisi ko 'atā hon aur tarah tarah kî ri'āyatch mar'î rakkhî jāch ; tahrîr mush'ir-ı-'atā-ı-hugūg wa ikhtı yārāt; tauqī'-1-shāhī; manshūr

2 — Kısı mu'ahada-i-kluis ko rü se jahaz ko kıraye par d.

Charter, v. t. 1 - Sanad-i-shāhī ke rū se qām k.

2.—Mu'āhada-i-khās ke rū se kirāye par d.—jaise koyī jahāz

Charter-party, n. Woh mu'ahada 1-tahiiri ya 19rai-nama jo kisi jahaz ke kul yā juzwī hisso ke kirāve kī nisbat uske mālik yā afsar aur us shakhs ke darmiyan ho jo nepar mål läd-kar kısı khäs maqam ko le jäe Chary, a. Hoshyar; khabar dar, muhtat, chaukas; kıfayat-shi'ar.

Used with of

Chase, v t. 1.—Pakarne ki nivat se pichhā k.—jaise dushman yā shi kār kā, ta'āqub k., pichherā k

The thief was chased by the watchman-Chanki dar ne us chor ka pichha is garaz se kıyā kı use pakre

To chase away—Chale jane par majbar k.; mkal d , zabardasti se (jabriya) dür kar d., äge ko hatä d , muntashar kar-d ; khader d

The rioters were chased away by the police - Ahl 1-karan-1-pulis ne balwayon ko muntashar kar-diya ya nikal diya

Chase, n 1.—Ta'aqub i shadid; kai ke pichhe daur ya usko daura 1 masalan shikar men janwar ya larayi men bhagte huyo gunim ka khwāh samundar men jahāz kā khwāh aur kisī shai kā jishā hāth! ānā magsād ho; kisi aisi shai ķi dil se pairawī yā aski talāsh jiske milne ya hāth-lague ki bari tamamā ho, dil se joyāyī; batā piehherā.

To give chest—Prelifia k ; ta'fiqub k, "dushumu ya abikar wagaira ke prelifia usko pakarno ki garaz so daurua.

2.—Woh jänwar jiskä shikür kiyü jäo; woh shar jiski pairawî kî jie. 3.—Jiskä shikür ho sake; shikür ke lüiq.

Beasts of chase - Shikh ke ganwar ya'nı nob janwar jinka shikar bo sako.

4 — Kısı kemykä romna yashıkar-gib jiskiráh kisi taraf seband na ho.

It (a chase) differs "from a forest, which is not private property, and from a park which is enclosed" Webster

Chasm n. 1.—Woh 'amīq shīgāf jo zamīn yā pahāt men usko phat jāne Lī wajh se ho jāc; darz; darār; darā. [ho-jāc.

2.—Khālī jagah; khulū, woh jagah jo khālī par-jūe yā jahān saktā Chaste, α 1.—Bā ismat yā 'ismat thāz. pāk dāman, nek, zmā kār yā fāju nahīn; woh mard yā 'aunat jo kisi dūsti 'aunat yā dūste mard so nā jāiz rabt na rakkhe; parhoz gār; muttaqī; pākiza.

"Applied to persons before marriage, it signifes pure from all sexual commerce, undefiled; applied to married persons, true to the marriage bed." Il chiles.

2.-Jismen kalmat i-fuhsh na hon; jisse ranj na pahindelie.

3.—Sāf; suthrā, jismen aise alfāz wagnira na hon jo nahahiyon men mustamal rahe hon yā jumen banāwat yā mubalaga wagana ho, shusta; pākīza.

Chaste language or style -- Zaban ya 'ibatet-i-shusta.

Chastely, ad. Pakizagi yā safāyī so, pāk-dāmanī yā liflat se.

Chasten, v t. Sazā-dekar sudhārnā , sudharne kī garaz so kisī kī ta'zir k.; tumbīh k , sazā k.

Chastise, v t. 1.--Islāh yā tambīli kī garas se sazā i tāsiyāna d.; sazā

dekar sudhāmā sīdhā yā rū-ba rāh k.; tambīh k.; sara d

2.—Jāda-i-'tidāl so tajuvuz na karne d., ziyadatī na karno d; khatā kā muitakib na hono d; qā'ido so kar d.; muit k., dabi r.; āge barhne na d.

[jāe ; ldāh ; tambīh.

Chastisement, z. Sazi-dihî aur islah ko hye je kuchi taklif pahunchaşî Chastity, z. I.—Pākizagī; 'iffat; pāk dāmanī; 'ismat-tirdzī; zinā yā fisco-fajūr se kasānt

fisq-o-fujūr se barānt [shustagt, safāyī. 2.—Fuhsh zabūn yā muhālage ke kalımon se burānt ; pakizagī ; Chat, v s. 1.—Be-takallutī se bāt-chīt k , jī khol-kar yā arīm su guttgū

k.; mānūs tarīq par bā ham kalām k., gap ya gap-shap k

2.—Bakbak k; barbarānā; behāda gufigā k.

Chat, n Bāt chit yā ma'mūlī bāt-chīt; guftgū jo be-takullufāna kī-jte. Chattel, n (Law) Jāe-dād-r-arāzī yā uske mutu'allıqāt ko sıwā har qısm kī jāe dād

"It is a more extensive term than goods or effects."

"Chattels are personal or real: personal are such as belong numediately to the person of a man; real are such as appertain not unmediately to the person, but to something by way of dependency, as a box with the title-deeds of land." Webster.

Jhatter, v 2. 1 — Behüda baknā, bakbak k.; bahut jald jald yā beparwāvī se bāt-chīt k.

2.--Kit-kitānā--jaise dānt.

Jheap, a. Jiskî qîmat büzir men kam lage ; arzān , sastā , jismen kharch yā lāgat kam pare; jo thorī qīmat par mile

Cheat, v. t. Dogā k. yā dogā d., dhokhā d ; diyānat yā diyānat-dārī ke

khilaf naf' uthane ke hye dhokha d To cheat by personation - Düsrü shakhs bankar daga k. khud düsrä shakhs

bankar ya ha-jao ek shukhs ke kisi aur ko qirim karke dagii k To cheat one out of something - Daga ya dhokha dek u kisise kuchh le-lena

The accused cheated the complament out of Rs 20-Mulzam he mustagis se dagă karke bis rupaye le hye

Cheat, n. 1 — Dagā-bāzī aur bad-diyānatī kā fi'l jisse kisī kī haq-talfī ho, fareb ; dagā yā dagī-bāzī; makī, dhokhā

2.—Dagā-bāz, farebī, dhokhā-dekar fareb k w.

Check, v t I --Roknā; msidād k ; kisī bāt ko dafatan yā yak-qalam band ku d., apne qaba men k; dubana, zabt men laua

2 — Chashm-numāyî yā su-zanish k ; jhirkī d , la'nat-malāmat k

3 – Kisî hısab ya kagas ko uskî asliyat ya sıhhat ki tangih ke liye uske musamā yā aslī kāgaz se muqābala k , muqābala k yā milānā, jäńchna

To check an'account - Kisi hisab ko milana janchna ya partaha.

4.—Nām wagama kī fihrist par parhne ke waqt nām-ba-nām yā ragam-war sad karte ya aur koyi mshan banate jana, jazar d. Check, n. 1 .- Insidad, rukawat ya tok; zabt.

2 - Chok, muhtarnun-s-bank ke nam hamil ko anpave ke dene ka

3 – Woh mshan jo kisi filmist ke järze ke waqt neki naqmon par kar diya jae, sad.

Check-book, n. Chok kī kitāb, woh kitāb jismen kisī bank ke nām rupaye dilāne ke liye liukin ke kāgaz chhap-kai lage hon par uninen pane-wale ka nam dilane-wale ka dast-khat tarikh aur ta'dad-i zai mundarj na hon

Cheek, n. Rukhsār; 'āriz; gāl; kapol.

Cheek by jowl-Sate sate, lage lage, rū-ba tū; thik ek düsre ke samne

Cheer, n. 1.—Chibra aur askī sūrat. lua rahe. 2.—Khushī kī hālat; woh hālat jab tabī'at men ranj aur afsurdagi To be of good cheer - Khush h , sanjida aur afsuida-khātir na rahnā.

3.—Chahal-pahal, chuhal: khushī, masariat.

4 —Da'wat ke hye khāne pīne kī chīzen

hajānā. 5.—Khushī se dhūm machānā pair dhabdhabānā yā tālī wagaira

Cheer, v t. 1.—Khush k., mahzūz k ; ranj wagaira ko dūr kar-d 2.—Himmat dālnā, taqwiyat yā sabālā d., jān dālnā yā zinda dil

k.; kısı ko kısı bat kı ummed wagarra d, taskin ya tasallı d.

3.—Dhūm-dhām machāte yā lalkārta āge barhānā—jaise shikār men shikari kutton ko

Cheer, v. i. Khush h.; shād h. par mahzūz. Cheerful, a. 1 — Khush; bashshāsh; zinda-dil; khanda-rū; darja-i-i'tidāl 2.—Jisse khushī zāhu ho, jisse bashāshat pāyī jāc.

Cheerfully, ad. Khushī se; masamut ke sāth, khwāhish yā mustvidi se, bilā pas-o-posh, zauq-shauq se.

Cheerfulness, a Bashāshat; darja i Plalāl ki ķinushī; masarat, musta'ndī;

phurti, zang shang Chemical, a 'Hm-i kīmiyā ko muta'allıq, kimiyâyi; jo ashya ki kimiyāyi

tīsir so paidā ho, 'akm-a kāmayā ke usul ko muta'uling. [zarr'e se, Chemically, ad 'Hin-a-kāmayā ke usul ke mutābug; 'amal akāmiyayā ke Chemically, ad 'Hin-a-kāmayā ke usul ke mutābug; 'amal akāmiyayā ke Chemically, ad 'Hin-a-kāmayā ke usul ke mutābug; 'amal akāmiyayā ke Chemically, ad 'Hin-a-kāmayā ke usul ke mutābug; 'amal akāmiyayā ke usul ke mutābug; 'amal akāmiyayā ke usul ke mutābug; 'amal akāmiya ke usul ke mutābug; 'amal akāmiyayā ke usul ke mutābug; 'amal akāmiyayā ke usul ke mutābug; 'amal akāmiya ke usul ke us

Chemistry, n. 'Ilm ekimeya, woh 'ilm jese ashya ki tarkib mar unman tabadalat ki kanfiyat ma'lum boti har.

Cherish, v. t 1 — Muhabbat se pesh ana, ihtiyat ke sath parwaish k., palna, posna [taqwiyat d. 2 — Pyar k., 'azīz r.; shanq ya dil se ikhtiyar ya qabul k.;

To cherish the principles of virtue—Nekt ke usul ko 'azir r.

3—1) il men r., dil men jagah d' (jä-guviń k.) aur taraqqi men madad diyo chalnā.

To cherish ill-will, or any evil passion-Dil men 'adawat ya aur kisi qism ki

Chess, n Shatranj

Chest, a 1. Lakrī yā dūsrī chīz kā sandūq jismen chizen rakkli jāsu.; petī, baiā chobī sundūq, kapre yā auzār wagana rakhne ki petī yā uskā sandūq

** "It differs from a trank in not being covered with akin or leather" Webster

2 -Is qada koyî chîz ek sandaq men rahe.

A chest of indigo - Nil ka sanding; jis qadar nil ek sanding men ho.

3.—Chhātī

Chew, v t 1.—Kāt-kar dānt se kuchalnā; chabānā.

2.—Kisī bāt kā khayāl dil meu r.

To chew revenge—Badla lene kā ķluyal dil men r.

3.—Chūsnā, zabin so zāuja l. par nīgal na jānā.

Chicane, n (Law) Kisi muqaddame ki kir-rawayi men dhokha dekar ya na-jaiz kar rawayion khwah fuzul 'uzrat ko zuri'e se ulihaw men dal d. hakum ko pareshan kar d. ya fariq ko dhokha d. taki meaf men tawaqquf ho ya futu paro, jul; butta.

Chicane, v. v. Hila-hawāla k ; jul yā buttā d ; batole-bāzī k.

Chicanery, n Jul, dhokhā, buttā; muqaddamāt i adālat men is garaz se hākim ko pech-pāch men dālnā yā farīq ke dhokhā d ki insāf men tawaqquf ho yā futūr pare.

Chide, v. t. Gusse yā nā rāzī kī wajh so kisī ko kuchh kuhnā; dānţnā; ghuraknā yā ghurkī d , la'nat-malāinat yā saizameh k.; dosh laganā, ilzām d.; jhirkī di yā jhiraknā.

To chide from, or chide away—Ghont ghant-kar kandre kar d; jhirkiyan dekar kah d ki chala ja yandar ho

Chief, a.l. -'Uhde yā ruthe men seb se barā; sab par bālā-dast; khās.

2.—Jiskī qadr sab se ziyāda kī-jāo; mhāyat aham; bare hī kām kā; sab par muqaddam yā sab se barā, khās, awwal.

"A word of extensive use." Webster.

Chief, n. Kisi guroh jamā'at qaum yā ghaiāne (khāndān) wagaira kā sardār, afsar, sai khail, rayīs; wālī

In chief (a) - Sab ke upar, balu-dast.

A commander-in-chief—Fau; men sab afsaron kā afsar, faujī līţ.

(b) Bādshāh se milā huā; jo bādshāh se hāsil huā ho

Tenwe in chief—Inglistão ke qânān mon isse woh haqīyat samjhī jātī hai jo 'umda 'umda zātī khidmāt ke sile mon bi-i-rāsihi bādshāh se hāsil ho

Chief justice, n Kisī 'adālat kā hākim-i akbai, woh hākim jo kisī 'adā-lat ke aur hākimon ke ūpar ho

Chiefly, ad 1—Awwal yā awwalan; pahle, khusüsan khāssatan yā khās-kar; sab par muqaddam, sab ke ūpar.

2.-Beshtar, kasrat se, bahut kuchh ya juzw-i-kasir

Child, n. 1 — Larkā yā larkī; betā yā betī; nask-i-darja-r-awwal 'ām isse

kı az qısm-ı-zukūr ho yā unās. 2—'Ilm tajrihe yā talisil wagaira men za'if, jismen larke sī kaifiyat pāyī jāo, tifl-i maktab yā dabistān.

3 — Aulād , nasl , larke bāle

Used especially in the plural,

The children of Israel - Bani Izrayil (Izrayil ki aulad).

4. -Kisi mulk ke rahne wale (bashinde).

5.—Jisko sifāt yā ā'mal so yah pāyā jāo ki woh kisī dūsro se nisbat rakhtā hai.

A child of the dovil-Thu-rebattau

To be with child-Humla h; hamal se h.; pet se h, ummed se h.

Child-bearing, n. Larke jannā

She is now past child bearing - Ab uskī sin larke janne kā na rabā.

Child-bed, n. Zachagī, saur; kisī 'aurat ke dard-i-zih men mubtalā rahne kī hālat.

Child-bed fever — Woh tap jo kisī 'aurat ko larkā janne kī bālat (zachagī) men āwe. Child-birth, n. Larkā jannā, dard-1-zih, zachagī.

Childhood, n Larakpan; bachpan; tufüliyat, na balıgı.

Childish, a. Tillänu, larkon sä, khufif, behūda, jähiläna; bewuqufāna.

"Childish, as applied to persons who are grown up, is commonly in a bad sense" Webster.

Children temper - Tiflāna mizāj yā ochhī tabī'at ; chibāwalāpan.

Childishly, ad Larke ki tarah, larke sā, ochhepan se; bewuqūfāna; khuffat ke sāth

Childless, a. Lū-walad; jise laike-bāle na hon; be laike laikī kā, bilā kisī nasl ke; nir-bans (nir vansh)

[de); tifiāna.

Child like a. Larka sā vā laikan ha mutalalita, sa larka ka anka (rak

Child-like, a. Larke sā yā larkon ke muta'allıq, jo larke ko sobe (zeb Chill, a. 1.—Afisat darje par sard; thandhā; khunuk, andāz se zīyāda

sard nahin, jisse badan kanp uthe. 2.—Sardī se kanptā haā. 3.--Jismen sard mihrî pâyî jûc, dûr dûc ki; rasmı; jese garm-joshî ya muhabbut zabn na ho; phikā.

A child reception - Kisa so due in dur so ind-lend , tasud indud , sard militi ke sath kisa se indus.

4.—Shikasta dil; pazhmurda khātir; māyās; hiromat litre huya. Chill, a 1 —Ptidal kī sardī; itm thandhak jo na guwar ho am jisse badan kaipe.

2 - Woh bat jisse jazha ya garm-joshi nuk jao; shikasta dili;

afsurda khātuī, sard mihrī; dil kī khushī par pālā par jānā.

A chill came over the assembly—Us majlis (hizutu samplus) par pala par-gays | Chill, v. t 1 —Sardi se kanpā yā thantharā d.; thuthurā d.; gardish yā harakat ko rob d.

2.—Thandhā kar-d , khunki paidā k. [kar d.

3 — Dabī d , kisī bat ko josh yā walwale ko rok d ; pashinurda Chilly, a Thandbī , sard , itnā sard ki sardī se badan kampin lage.

A chilly day - Jis din that sudf ho ke user hadan blimmane lage

Chimotreal, a Males khayali; qiyasi; wahmi; jishi bunyal sori khayal par ho, jo be samjhe hujic zinu mou rakh hya jao.

Chimney, n. 1 - Woh i di jisse dhuan nikal-kar upur ko nurdan men

jāo; dūd-kash; dhunārā.

2.-Lamp mon lagane ke live shishe ki chunni va chongi.

Choice, n. 1.—Pasand; makhāb; do nā siyāda chizob birā so apne hasb-khwāh kisī ko auron so bihtar samajh kur muntukhub nā 'alā hida kand. (lone kā iķlitīyār; do nā zānd chīzon men so ek ka chim

3.—Intikhāb men thetyāt; ek shar ko düsrī shai pur tarjih deun

men tamîz, intiyaz ya tamîz.

4.-Woh chiz jo chun li jae; jisko auron par terjihedekar pasand am muntakhab karen, intikhāb [lan] he

5.—Kinī shai kā sah ne 'umda' hissa; jo murajjah kiya jāne ko Tomake choke of - Pasand k., makhābk., daero ne mhelibā ramaju kar judakar k.

Choice, a. 1.—Pasand koye jane ke laiq; tarjih diyo jano ke qabil, muntakhab; atzal, bartar - '''', ''', '-qimali, bilayat 'unda.

2 — Umda samajh-kar so kam men lana; kifi-

yat se isti'māl k.

To be choses of time, or of money-Waqt ya zar ko ilitiyas na kam man lang

3.—Jo khūb samajh-būjh-kar chunī yā pasand kiyā gayā ho; jo ihtiyāt se chunā gayā ho.

Choicely, ad 1.—Intikhāb mon ihtiyāt yā lihāz rakli kar; barī hoshyārī

se; khabar dari se; tamis ke sath.

2—Nihāyat 'umda tarīq par; barī khūbī ke sāth. 'ajīb o-garīb Choke, v. t. 1—Aisā kar-d. ki dam na āwe, sāns rok d; dam-ghuṭā d.; sāns ke ānejāne kī rāh band kar-d.

2 —Kisī rāh ko usmen kuchh bhar-kar rok d.; band kar-d. [d

3.—Kısı sha; ki balidagi wagaira men harij h, ya usmen rukawat dal 4.—Naraz k, ; jarah karne ki ragbat paida k.

Choke, v. 1. 1 - Sans lene ki rah kā band ho-janā.

- 2.—Ruk-jānā—jaise daro ghuţno se.
- 3.-Nārāz h.; jarah k.; mu'toriz h
- Choose, v. f. Ki-l sharko pasand k., minjumla do yā zārd chîzon ke. kisî ko amen se bihtar samajli-kar i.; muntakhab k., channa yā chun l
- Choose, v. i, 1. -- Intikhāb k., chunnā; ck ko düsre se achchhā samajhnā, tarjīh d.
 - 2.—Do yā zāid chīzon men se kisî ek ke pasand kā ikhtiyār i I choose to go—Mań jānā bihtar ramajhtā hūñ

He can not choose but stay - Usl o thaharna hi parega

Chop, v t 1 - Tukre takre k., boti boti k , qina k.-jaise gosht ko.

Often with up

· 2 — Kisî tez ale se ek ya zaid zarb lagakar alabida ya juda kar-d., kat dalna, qalam kar-l, tarash l.

Usually with off.

"Chap off your hand, and send it to the king." Shak April hath galain karke balashah ke jus bhij do

3.—Dānt se chabānā, shanq se yak-bārgī khā jānā, nigal-jānā

With up.

Chose, (shoz) n (Law) Shot, chiz

(ignorally used in combination with other words." If or certer. Obose in action.—Workshal jiska gabas parascripti vagit best ke ma he pur sufficient which has been able to pur sufficient ke varie so nake mutalabe ka use istingag he. List asishan ki nishat istingag-rivati je gabas men dar na ki no lekin nahah ke varie se nol-sake, woh shu je nahah ke varie se nul-sake masahan us rupaye ke wasah ka hag je romahade ke ra se walibu l-ada he ya kisi khisa ce ka tawa je ke farie sami be gar nahah ke na de.

Those in procession—Shar t-maghine, with shar jo quive ya lakili nion ho.

Chose local—Won shar jo kisi umqan per nesah ho—in sahar chakki

Chose transitori—Woh shar peo ck jegah sa diser jegah muntiqi kee-saken

Chronic, (a. 1901-15), bahut dinon tak rabus w. yā qāim rahus Chronical,) w—jaise koyî maraz, rausmin.

Chronic discuse - Maiaz i-muzmun; web bimail jo jald na chhute ya bahut dmoń tik rahe

Webster.

- Chronicle, m. Wāqi'āt agr sawānih ki kaifiyat jo magt ke ailaile ke lihāz se murattab ho; mājuion kā bayān; tawātīkh, nawishta.
- Chronicle, v. t. Tawāriķh men likhuā, mundaij k., daftar par charhānā; galam-band k.
- Chronogram.) n. Woh kitaba jismen kisi tarih ya zamine ka izhar. Chronograph, abjad ke se huruf ya'ni 'adad-numa harfon se hota hai--masalan Malika-i-Elizabeth ki wafat ka san zail men likhe huye jumie ke bare bare huruf ke 'adadon ke yakja karne se ma'lum hota hai.

My Day is Closed in Immortality.

M = 1000

D = 500

C = 100

1. 1

1 = 1

1= 1

1803 ya'ni malikad-mamdiiha no san 1803 Tsawi mon wafat payi.

Chronologer, } n. Guzre haye mājaron aur nu āmalon ki tārīkhon kī Chronologist, } tashkhīs k. w.; guzashta majaron yā sawāmh kī tārīkhon kā muhaqqq.

Chronologic, a Guzre huye mājaron kī tārīkhon ke ta'niyun ke 'ilm Chronological, se muta'allıq; jismen mājaron kā bayān unke wuqu' ke zamāne kī tartīb so ho: waqt ke silsde ke mutābiq yā uske liliāz se

Chronologically, ad. Waqt ke salade ke lihaz se; ba taitib i-waqt.

Chronology, a. Woli 'ilm jumoù waqt ke mikhtalif bissoù aur majaron ki tartib aur silvile ka bayan ho; tarikhon ke shumar aur unki tartib ka 'ilm; 'ilm-i-tarikh.

Chronometer, n. Jis ale so waqt ka undaza kiya jao-jamo glingi.

Cipher, n. 1 —Sifr; suma.

2. –Mahz nā-chīz shaklis, woh shakhs jisko knohh waq'at na ho, aisā shakhs jiskā koyī shumār na ho.

3 -- Khat-i tugrā.

4—Woh harüf jo bled (rāz) ki bātoù düsri jagah pahamelisne ke hye ijid kiye jāen, tahrii-i-runzī; kam-salā, woh harüf jo do ya zāid shakbs bāham ittifaq karko nai mūli lev fon ya lafzoit ke 'iwaz men qim kai-len am janko nako siwā aur koyi samajh na saka

This (writing in cipher) is a mode of communicating information by letters, in time of war, with a view to conceal facts from an

enemy, in case the letters should be intercepted." Webster.

Cipher, v. i. Raqmon ya ankon ka likhua; hisab k. [kani sala likhua, Cipher, v. i. 1.—Asse hundi men likhua jo galron ki samajh mon na awen,

3.—Kısı nıshan so batlana ya zahir k

Circle, n. 1.—Dāira, halqa, ghorā; girda; koyī gol yā mudawwar chīz.

2 — Jama'at; majma', mandali.

A circle of friends—Dorton ki jama'at A circle of beauties—Hasmon kā majma'.

3.—Kısı khās qısın ke log 'Am ısse kı unmen shirkat ho ya nahin Cixele, $v.\ t$ 1.—Kısı ke gırd ghünana ya danra k

2 - Cherna; muhīt k.; chāron taraf se gherna.

To carele an - Yakjā r ; band r ; gher-kar bhitar r

Circle, v. z. Chāron taraf ghūmnā phīrnā yā daura k. Circuit, z. 1.—Daura ; apno lawāzīm-i-mansabī ko anjām ko liye kisī jaj

wagara kā ek maqāni se dūsre maqām par waqt-t-mu'aiyan par jānā 2.—Halqa yā qısmat; mulk kā woh hissa jo qānūnan ek yā zāid jalke hye muqarrar he tāki woh wahān jākar 'awām ki dād rasī kare. 3.—Halqa; hudūd-i mu'aiyan ke andar jıs-qadar jagah ho.

Circuit-house, n Woh makān jahān hākim daute par jākar muqīm ho aur ijlās kare; dauro kā makān.

Circuitous, a. Jismen ghūm-kai jūnā pare; ghūmā huā, sīdhā nahīn; bakhatt-i-mustaqīm nahīn; pechīda yā pech-dār; nā iāst yā terhā.

A circuitous road - Aisī iāh jo sīdhī na ho, ghūmī hayî rāh

A circuitous manner of accomplishing an end-Kisi maqsad ke anjām kā pech-dār tarīq

Circular, a Gashti; un shakhson ke nam ka junko ta'alluq-i 'am ho

A cu cular letter or order — Gashti chitthi yā hukm; woh chitthi yā hukm jo un ashķhās ke nām bhejā jāwe jinko uske mazmūn se yaksāh ta'alluq ho

2 -Gol; mudawwai; daire kī shakl kā, halga-dar.

Circular, n. Gashtī chitthi hukm yā kāgaz waganā.

To issue a cu cular - Gashtī chiţthī wagaira jārī k

Circulate, v 1.—Dast-ba-dast jā ba-jā yā ek shakhs ke pās se dūsre shakhs ke pās muntaqil h. yā jānā; phaduā

Money circulates - Zur dast-ba-dast muntagil hoth har.

A story circulates - Kisī ki kahī hayi bat chitron taraf phail jātī hai

2 —Ohāron tanaf phirnā, gird-ā gird ghūmnā, daura k.; gardish k. The blood circulates in the body—Khūn jism med daura kaitā yā phirtā hai.

Circulate, v. t Jā-ba jī phadānā; ek shakhs so dāsie shakhs ke pās pahunchānā; ghumānā, chāron taraf phadānā.

To corculate a folse report-Koyi jhuihi khabar phadhun. Chiculate this notice-Yah ishtibir ghuma do.

Circulation, a 1.—Dania, gardish; charon tainf phiina,

2.—Jā-ba-jā phadnā, ok shakhs so dūsre shakhs ke pās pahunchnā; khūb phaduā, jārī h. yā rawāj pānā.

3.—Sikka jiski chalan bāzār mon ho, rāiju-l-waqt sikka; lot wagaira

jo sikke kī jagah par jārī ho. [kā andāz 4.—Kīsī chīz ke phulue kī lad; kisī shai ke jārī yā jāij hone Circumcise, v. t. Ķhatna k.; sannat k; musalmānī k

"The cucumcision of males is practised as a religious rite by the Jews, Mohammedans, &c" Webster

Circumference, n. Chora; girda; muhit; mandal; daur.

Circumspect, α. Kisī mu'āmale ke kul hālāt par lihāz yā khayāl r w ; hoshyār ; 'āqīl, bedār ; khabar-dāī ; muhtāt.

Çircumspection, n. Ihtiyat , dür-andeshi, kısı mu'amale ke kul waqı'at aur halat par tawajinh.

Circumspective, a Har chahār taraf dekhtā huā; chaukaunā, chaukas; khatre se hoshyār; kisī būt ke natīje kī fikr r w.; be-dār.

Circumstance, n 1.—Woh būt jo kisī wāqī'a yā muqaddame se muta'alliq ho; amr-i-inuta'alliqa-i-muqaddama; koyī amr-i-khās jo kisī muqaddame kā lāzīma-i-zarūrī na ho par uskā asar kisī taur se uspar ho.

The aircumstances of a case—Hālāt yā rū-dūd-i-muqaddama; sūrat-hāl r-muqaddama; kusi muqaddame ki haqiqat,

2-pl. Halat bu-lihāz i-mal o matā', haisīyar na i'tībūr i jūc dād, ma'īshat; ma'āsh.

In easy communices - Khush hall, a and ya munafishu l hall: khata pita yas khane pino se khush, sahib t matish it ya zoj todad. khush metash

Circumstance, v. f. Kisî khûs hûlat meyî r. [hoù.

Circumstantial, a Muliussel, taisel war, justicum juz o kul hālat dākhil Circumstantial evidence (Lov)—Subat i quam ; woh -ubat jo kin which ka hālāta muu alaqv se haad ho am juse qiyas poodu he, subut i waqi'ni, jo sublit saithī am bagin na ho.

Circumstantially, ad I — Halát ke mot ilog; zarűri milni; ittifág m.

2 -- Vufassal; bewro-war, thik-thik, har ek amr ya bat mon. Circumvent, v t Har tarah ka fann-o-lareb nugriba karko kusi pur galib ana, dhokha d , kisa ko apue dam-i tazwir men isna, chhalua, thagna.

Cite, v t 1 — (Law) Talab k; hukm ke zarfe se bul mā; ittilā'-i qānānī d.; pavāb-dihī kī gur iz se hūzir hono kī ittilā' zubite ka mutābiq d.

2—Iqtibās k., kisī kitāb kī 'ibārat ya kisī ke zabānī qind kā hā ba-hā i'ādi k. [hawata d. ya nāmzad k

3 — Kist hāt ki tāyīd kliwāh niske subat ya titliham ke livo Citation, n 1. — (Low) 'Adālat men ya bakim ke tā las-rh basit ki talabi, woh zābito kī titlā jo kisi ko is mizimān se dajæ ki 'adalat med hagu ho-kai filān shakhs ke di we kī landid karo. Hazar, ka ritilā manga

2 — (Law) Muquddanat i muntasıla ya sanıdı kitaligü par kist

ann--quinini le subut le bye hawat e vi estullat.

3 — Kisî kitab ki 'ibarat ya kisi ko qanlı ka bi jinsilik i'dda; wob. 'ibarat ya illaz jinkî majl tumsil ke liye hiebarhir ki jae

4 --- Mazkiti, mufissal bayan, satidad.

Citizen, v 1 --- Kr-ī shahr kā matawattan; woh bishinda jisa as shahr kī āsādi nar haqiq hāsal had jisancu woh rahtā ho.

WY "As distinguished from a ferriging" It elete,

2.—Kısı ahalır bulde ya jagalı ka hashımla (rahan wala). [wala.

3 — Umāman kisī shala yā mulk ka mutuwattin ya mudāmi rahne City, n 1.—Slimbr, kojā barā bulda, bahut se mukamit sar rahna nālo jo ek jagah par ābād hon, mgu yā ragarī; pur yā puri, kojā bait Abādī

Gr. In composition, it is equivalent to major, put, queri, in abad

2.—Kisi shahi ke kul rahno wile, jumla sukana i halir ; sah shahir. In the cdy's eye—Shahiyoù ki nazar men (unke dekima men 3 5 unke bazdik)

City, a. Shahii ya shahi ke muta'alliq; mudani; shahi ka

Civil, a 1.—Kisi shahr yā riyāsat so muti alliq; jo nishat kisi shahir ko uske ham-shahiriyon yā riyāsat se ho uske muta alliq; kisi riyāsat ke shahiyon aur riāyā ki hukūmat wagim so nishat r. w., mu danī; mulkī, diwāni kā; ahl i-qalam so nishat r. w.; us shahr yā misan ki jamā'at se nishat r w. jo qāuun kā muhkūm ho

"Opposed to criminal, as, a civil suit, a suit between citizens alone; whereas a criminal process is between the state and a citizen. Distinguished from each natical, which respects the church; and from military, which respects the army and navy." It edster.

- 2 —Intizām gā'ide aur hukūmat ke tābi'; jo hukūmat gā'ide se ho uske tābi'; wahshi nahin.
- 3.—Shāista, khalig, bā-akhlāg; shaiif aur bā-murawwat, mihrbau; mardı-Admi, bhala-manus, shahr ke iahne nale se atwar r. w. ya'nî walishî ya dihoanî nahîn . muhazzah

Civil death (Lav) - Woli shai jiske bā'is kisi shaklis kā ta'allug nin legon se chhūt jāe jo gānān ke pā-band hon yā jiskī wajh se woh un logan ke muta'allıq huquq anı faward so mahrum ku-dıya jae--laise jala-watanı wagana, waiati qinini

Distinguished from natural death.

Owil engineering - Nohi makanat sarak pul wagaira banane ka 'ilm ya fan,

Distinguished from military engineering, which is confined to war." Webster

Civil law-'Umūman kišī nyāsat shahr yā mulk kā qānūn, mulkī qānūn, mulk-ı Rüm kā ganün

Civil remedy (Law) - Woh chara kar jo kisi shakhs-i zarar-rasida ko nahsh i diwani ke zani'e se dilaya ju

Civil sult (Law) - Ame mutalabe ki nähah jo ok shaklis ko kwi düsie shaklis se ho yā us uuqsān kā da'wa jo ek shakhs kisi düste shakis ko pahunchāwe . nālish i-dīwanī.

Opposed to a criminal prosecution.

Uttil war - Woh larāyi jo hisi riyasat ya shahi ke logon men baham ho, khāun-jangi

Civilian, n. Mulki, jangi nahu.

Civility, n 1,-Husn callilaq, khulq; msamyat; tahzib, shaistagi, düsion so sulūk k aui unse mihr-bāni se pesh ana, tanazu': mudārāt, bhal-mansi ya äwabhagat.

2 -- (pl) Akhlaq ki baten, achchhe sulük, tawazu' aur mudarat Civilization, n Shāistagi, tabzīb; ta'lim, tarbiyat, atnār kā sudharuā

am 'ilm o-hunar men taraggi

Civilize, v. t. Wahshi se admi banana; wahshat chhorana; msan banana;

ta'lîm d., shîistagî am 'ilm-o-hunai sikhānā, jilā d., sudhāinā Civilized, pp. or a. Wahshī so ādmi hanā huā; 'ilm o-hunir aur akhlāq o-adab men ta'lim paye hnye, muhazzab, sudhia hua, aiasta; shaista.

Civilly, ad. 1.—Siga-i-diwani men, ny ke huquq ke muta'alliq.

Opposed to criminally

2 —Qānūu ke rū se (qānūnan) par qudratī tarīq par nahīn.

Civilly dead signifies d. ad in law but not naturally

- 3 Husn-sulūki ke sāth, msāmyat se; khush-khulqi se, sharāfat (bhal-mansī) se, ādāb wa akhlāq ke sāth.
- Claim, v. t. 1 Talab k., da'wā k., hay ke rū se māngnā yā pāne kī koshish k, batanr apnī yāftanī ke mānguā yā talab k; da'wī dār h

To claim a debt-Qair i-yāftanī kā da'wa k , jo qarza wājibu-l-adā ho uskā mutalaba k.

2.-Istihqaq zāhir k.; haq ke i'tibar se da'wi dar h.; ba-izhar iistihgāg mudda I bannā

The plaintiff claims to be the owner of the property in suit - The did-i-mutanazi's kit do's i mudda'i apachaga i milkiyat ke i'tibai so kurtu bai.

3,--Kısı shai kā istihqaq r. ya mustalaq h.

The hole chains the estate by descent—Us warm to without he rd so istilingan-i-tarka hal.

llaım. v v. Kısı shar kā mustahaq h.; istihqaq h isil k.; da'wa v. llaim, n. 1.—Da'wa, mutalaba; mutalaba-i-haq ya istihqaq; mutalaba-iyaftanı; kısı shar ki milkiyat ka da'wa.

To make, or lay, claim to a thing-Kisi shat Li nishat da'wa ke ya posh k.

2 — Da'wo yā mutālabe kā haq; istiliqāq-i-da'wī yā mutālaba; us shai kā haq jo dūsie ke gabze men ho; haq yā istiliqāq.

To have a claim to something - Kisî shaî ki mabat letinger i-da'wa ya mu-talebar

Government has a claim to the revenue of lands—Ardzi ki mal-guzāri ki mal-guzāri ki mal-kār ko mutālabe kā istilujāg hai,

3 —Shar-mutada'wiya, shu i-mudda't hihā, jis chīz kī nishat da'wā kiya jāc jā jis chīz kā da'wā ho.

The plaintiff claimed a house, and the chain has been decreed. Mudda's to ek makan ka da'wa tha chuminchi sha-i endad 'wiya ki digit higi jikar da'wa

A preferential or superior claim - Dawi i managah; du no be da'wo se barh

Immediate chain.—Talah i muwasahan ya'ni wali da'na jo shafi' ki janih sa Jao dadsi tarokhi shuda ko bikme ki kaibyat ke ma'lum hota hi pesh kiya jan.

Claim by litigation — Tilaber-kingsümet yein woh milich jo ninita ke mu'analo men talaber muwasabat nur talab i-ichlidd ko bu'd quuün ko muiablig bä zöbita ruju' ki-jäo.

Claim of possession and litigation - Talab i gaby we khantenat Yah bhi shuf's se muta'alliq hoth het.

To advance, institute, kay, make, or prefer a daim - Da'wa k. ya mja kaj da'wa pesh k ya da'wi dar h.

Claimable, a. Jiskā da'wā ho sake, gābil-i-mutālaba.

Claimant, n. Da'wī-dār mudda'ī; shakhs-i mustahaqq-i irjā'-i da'wī.

A claimant by pre emption - Da'widh i-hang reshuffa; shuff.

Claimed, pp. Jo bataur haqq-i-wājib ka māngā yā chāha jāc; jiskā mutālaba haqqan kiyā jāo; mutada'wiya, jiski nishat haqq i-milklyat zāhir kiyā jāo.

Clamber, v 2. Mushkil se charlinā; hāthoù nur panoù ke bal charlinā. Clammy, a. Las-dār, chipchipā; lāso kī tarah chipakue uālā; laslasā.

Clamour, n. Bara shor ya bara chillahat; hank pukar shor-o-shagab; haura-dhum jo der tak rahe.

Clamour, v. t 1.—Kısı ke nazdik shor machate jana.

2 —Itnā shor k ki kān bhar jāc.

To clamour dells-Ghante ko bajate jana taki khab tautanahat panda bo.

Clamour, v. i Zor se āwāz d. yā chillānā; haland āwāz se bolnā; gul k.; shor k.; bār bār dhūm machānā; nāla o faryād k.; sakht taqāza k. Clamorous, a. Çaugāyī; shorī; dhām-dhāmī; baland-āwāz.

Clan, p. 1 .- Qaum; khāndān; guroh.

2.—Woh sab log jo kisî naf-nuqsan ki bat men ek dil hon ya kisî amr kī pairawī apas men khūb muttafiq ho-kar kar-rabe hon: zirga, mandali, gol, tada.

Clandestine, a Jo dida-o dāmsta (jānbūjh-kai) chhipāyā jāe, jiski ittilā' 'awam ko na di-jao ya jo unki nazion se chhipaya jae; makhfi, po-

shīda, chh:pā-chhipā.

"It often bears an ill sense, as implying craft or deception, or evil design.

A clandestine marriage or proceeding - Shadi ya kar-rawayi jo kisi na jaik maqsad se 'awām se chhipā-kai ki-jāe

Clandestinely, ad Chhipakar, khufyatan; chora se ya chora-chora, gup-chup. Clang, by t Jhanjhanānā; jhanjhanāhat pandā k., khat-khat bajnā [ādmī

Clansman, n Kisî khās guroh wagura se ta'alluq r w., kisî mandalî kā

Clap, v. t. 1.—Pkarpharānā—pase kisī parind kā apne daine ko.

2.—Phakel d , khainch yā dhakkā dekai band-kar d., jhat se bhirā d.; jhat yā phat se band kar-d—jaise darwāza yā phātak, yakāyak ghusā d.

Followed by to.

3.—Shābāsh k ; tālī bajā-kar kisī bāt kī ta'rīf k., thaporī bajā-kar kısı amı ki nısbat apni khash-nüdi zähn k.

To clay up - Ihatirat kar d ya yakayak para kar d., jaldi se tar kar d

Clap, r v. 1.—Yakāyak aur shor ke sāth (dhar se) bhir yā lag-jānā jaise darwize ke kewar ka.

2.—Thapori yā tālī bajānā

[masrūf h]

3.-Kişî kam ko jhatpat karne lagna (usmen chustî aur tezî se With to or into.

Clap, n. 1. - Woh shor jo do chauri chizon ke apas men bhir jane se paida ho, woh awaz jo dhar se ho; dharake ki awaz

2 — Woh fi'l jo ek hī martaba aur yakāyak ho; jo kāt ek hī bār

mien tai ho-jāe.

At a clup - Ek hi martaba; jhatpat.

3 —Karak yā karkarāhat; garaj; dhardharāhat.

Clarify, v t. Sal k., mail ya talchhat wagaira nikal-kar saf kar-d.; mail kāt chhānt yā nikāl d.

"Applied particularly to liquors," Webster.

Clarify, v. i. Saf ho-jana; mrmal-ho-jana; mail wagaira mkal-kar khā-kar khatkhatānā khālis rah-jānā.

Clash, v. v. 1. - Kısı chiz men lag-kar awaz paida k.; kısı chiz se takh u 2.—Mutazād h.; mukhālafat r; kisī dūsre ke khilāf h.; ba-jānib

ı-mukhālıf 'amal k., mukhıl h.

Clash, n. 1.—Takkar khānā, jhanak; jhankār; khatkhatāhat.

2.—Ikhtılaf; tazad; ek tarah ka na h. ya ek düsre ke khilaf h.—

jaise rāe yā manshā wagaira kā. Class, n. 1.—Qısm; bahut sī chīzen jinmen koyī khāsīyat mushtarak ho.

Different classes of offences - Jurmon ki mukatahi qismeh, paraim ke aqeam-

2.—Kisī madrase wagare men ek qism ko talabā; ham-qism tālab-'ılmon ki saf jamä'at yü unkü darja.

3.-Nau'; qism, zāt; jims, 'ilni taipim yā fartih,

Class, v. t. Qism war tartib d ; darja bandi k , ham-quen chizon ko juda judā k., mukhtalif gismon par unungasını k.

"In scientific arrangement, to classify is used instead of to

class" Webster Classical, a 1 - Awnal darje ya intho ka, hisi chiz khususan 'ilm ya hamar men auron se barlıkar. Is lab ka itlaq khaskar 'umda 'umda

gadin Greek am Roman musannifoù par hota hat lektu hal ke hundatarin musanurfon ya unki tasuifat ki umbat bhi yah musta'nual bar. 2.—Zaban i-Greek am Latin ko musamufan se mishat r. w., un

maqāmon so muta'allıq jahān Yūnān aur löüm ke log sukünat-pazīr rahe hon vä jinko uuke äinül ke bü'is shuhrat hüsil ho. 3.—Mutakhkhain men 'amda-tarin musumutin le muta'alliq;

dana 1-3'la ka; jo udiavat mustanad musanud samjila jäe; nade; salih; shusta; saf; paliza - jaise 'llarat.

Classic, a Woh kitab jiski 'mmdagi aur waq'ad masablana ho. Iska idaq umuman Greek aur Latan musamiton par hua kurta, bac lekin in dinon ko bhí mhágat 'minda innsamifon nar ta nitát ki nistat gali lafa kām men lāyā jāta hai.

Classically, ad 1. - Unda hunda musamuiton ki tarz par.

2.---Qishi-war; pina-wāi.

Classification, w. Qism-war tartib; judo judo aqsam par impram; qiamoù yā վույսուրտ հենվոե. Classify, v. t. Daga bandî k ; qism-war banana; mushtarak klasiyaton

ke lihāz se tartīb d.; tartīb d. yā silsile se r. Clause, v. Zimn ; āyīn meti kisī daf' kā juz; kisī wasiyai nama aqtār

uama ya düsre wasiqu-i qanuni ka dafa mad ya uski shert. Clean, a. I .- Jismen mad ya gdazet na ho; saf, suthat; be dag; jismen

dhabbā na ho Clean clothes - Kapre je maile na hon; saf kapre. Clean paper - lift khgaz,

kitgaz jo matlit na ho (psinen dhabbe wagaira na hoù) 2 - Jismen koyî bekar ya mazir chiz mi ho; be 'aib ya be-maga jiş

men kharab ghas ya patthar na hon; girah dar nahin; he daliyon ka. Clean land - Saf zamin ya'nt zamin jismen kharab ghas wag ira na hotumber-Saf lakri ya'nı pe laktı men girah wagaira na ha.

3 — Jismen bhadda-pan na ho; jismen hath kī safāvi ho.

A clean trick-Hath pher ya daw-poch jo hath bi safayi se kiya jas.

4 — Jismon rukāwat yā qaid na ho; pūrā purā, bi l kid; musallam.

5 —Be-gunāh; sāf, mukaddar nahīn; badi yā khabāsat se barī.

Clean, ad Be chuk ya khata ke; hunar-mandi ya hath ki safayi se; kām-yābī ke sāth

To come off clean with a performance-Koyi kam is tarak par k, ki namen

chak na bo (kamyabi bo) Clean, v. t. Saf k.; kudurat ya gandagi ko dur kard.; jo koyl shan

kharab gandî ya muzir wagaira bo usko dür kar-d. jaise hath ladan

yā kapron se mail kā yā kisī dūsrī shai se aisī chīz yā chīzon kā jo uske hye muzir hon

ileanlmess, n. l.—Mail gilāzat yā kisī dūsi ī qism kī gandagī kā na h s dāyī; suthrāpan,

2.—Jism yā poshāk kī safāyī.

leanly, a. 1 — Safayî ka 'adî ya safayî-pasand ; jismen kisî tarah kî dan dagi ya maila-pan na ho, jo maile-pan se apno ko bahut bachayo i ihe.

2.—Pākīza, khālis, gair-ma'yūb, jiskā asai muzir yā khaiāb na hu. 3.—Jisse safāyī āye, sāf k w

Cleanly powder - Woh sutfif jiske isti'māl se safīyī paidā h

leanly, ad. Safāyī se , madā-kuchīlā nahīn.

leanness, n. 1.—Safāyī yā sāf h., kudūrat am khārijī mādde kā na h.

2 — Chhūt yā kīsi khabīs maraz kā na h 3.—Pakīzagī, be-gunāhī; ma'sūmīyat

Cleanness of hands - Be-gunihi, be jurmi, ma'sūmīyat leanse, v. t. Sāt k.; kudūrat ālāish ehhūt yā gunāh wagana so baiī k.; mail ya kisi qisin ki kudurat ko'dho mal chhil ya koji am 'amal

karke dür k.; pak k., tahatat k.; na paki ko dür karko pak k. lear, a 1 — Zāha, wāzīh, 'ayān, shubhe yā rbhām se baiī, saifu-l-

fahm, jo jald samajh men äwe; saf, khula, muzabzab nahin, fash, sailh ; numāyān. The reason is clear - Wash zāhu, yā 'ayān hai, wash jald samash men ājātī hai

2 --- Nā-qābil-i-tardīd yā bahs; jisse mkār na ho sake; zīhii, muhtāj-i-subūt nahin.

The guilt of the accused is clear - Us mulzam ki mujimi se inhar nahih ho saktā (uskā jurm mulitāj-i-subūt nībin kai)

3.—Jāmb-dārī yā tarof-dārī se borī; psmen jāmb-dārī na ho.

The judgment is clear - is faisale so jumb-dum payi nahin juti ja yah faisala jūnib darī se barī h.u.

4 — Dam yā zunma-dārī se pāk, gair-mustalzum-u-muāķhaza.

He is clear of all debts - Woh bi l-kui duyün se pāk hai

5.—Khālis, jismen se kuchh waz' jā minhā na kiyā jāc; pūtā pūrā; be-kam-o-kāst (jismen kamī-beshī yā ghat-barh na ho.)

He has a clear gain or profit of Rs. 200 a year - Uso sal men do sau rupayo saf ba-taur naf ke mil-jate hain, uskā khalis salāna manāh' ba-ta'dād do sau rupaye ke har

Elzāmāt se barī; rihā; āzād.

The accused was tried and got clear-Tajwia ke ba'd mulzam rihā ho-gayā

(ilzāmāt se buil ho gayli) 7.—Khulā huā; band nahīn, jismen rukāwat na ho, sāf.

The way is clear - Rasta khula ya saf har, rasta band nahin har (usmen koyi rukāwat nahin hai).

8.—Be-bādal yā kuhre kā; sīf, pharchā—jaise āsmān.

9 — Jismen kısı qısm kı amezısh na ho; gandagiyon se pak; be mılawat kā, bi-l-kul khālis, nirmal; jismen kuchh üpai se mil yā lag na jāc. Clear water - Sat pani, nirmal jal.

10.—Be-'nıb ; be-dāg; jismen kist tarah kā dhabbā na lagā ho; nāqabil-i ilzanı; ilzam ya jurin se batt.

11.—Saf; karî ya kurakht nahîn; khulî huyî - jaise awaz ya bol

12.—Jo jald ya saf san pare; jo sunāvī de-sako. 13.—Gan murafakku; jisse mushār na pāyā jāc, khush; bashshāsh

A clear aspect - Khush ya bashshash shrat.

Clear, ad Sat-saf, be shak-o-shubha

CLE

Clear, v. t. 1 — Kisī sor-bātī kā raf' k.

He has cleared off his debts-Usne appa garz chuka diya (upno duyan ada kur 2.—Safk., kisi kharijî ya balayî shai ko dür kar-d; jo kuchh

milāwat yā gandagī wagaira ho usko nikāl d. To clear liquors-'Aragon ko saf k (uninen jo kuchh milawat wagaira bo usko dür kaı-d)

3 - Sāf kar-d ; ibhām tazabzub yā pechidagī se barī kar-d ; suljhana; hai k.; samajime ke qabul kard.; khol d.; wazih k.

To clear a question - Kasi amra-men'i ya shubhe ki bat ko saf ya hal k. To olear ap a case or point-Kisi maqaddami ya bat ko suljhana ya'ni 30 kuchh pechalagi wagaira usmen ho usko inf kar d.

4 —Kisî jurm ke ilzâm se harî k.; safayî k. How can the thief clear himself i-Woh strip apud to listin so kyndkar barr

kar sakta har t The plea of abbi will not clear him of the offence charged - Jurn-1- ad shada se uski safayi is 'uzr par na hogi ki woh wuqu'-i jurni ka wajt

mauga'-i wäiidät par nahia balki aur kahia thä.

fkiyll payd.

[daye)

5.--Tajwiz ko ba'd bazi yā rīhā k. The accused was tried and cleared - Woh mulcam tajwiz ke ba'd barl (rihā)

6.—Kul kharch dekar manäfi' pänä; jo kuchh sari' pare usko minhā dene ko ba'd khālis naf' pānā

7.—Lakii ko zamîn par se hala d.; datakhton ko kat kar unhen uthā le-pānā yā jalā d. am zamm ko jotne bone ke gabil banānā, zamın ko saf ya khalî k

To clear land for wheat-Genhun hone ke hye ramin ko khali ya saf k.

8 — Tap jānā yā is tarah pār kar-jānā ki olihū na jāc ya pā-kāmī na ho—jaise kisī taļtī yā khandaq wagaira ko.

Clear, v. i. 1.—Bādal yā kuhre kā nikal jānā; sūf yā pharchā ho jā,

Often followed by up, off, or away.

The sky clears—Asman phyrcha ho raha hat. The weather elears up—Radal

khulā jātā hai (āsmān sāf huā jatā hai.) 2.—Dam zer-bārī musībat yā phausāw se chhūţ-jānā yā najāt pānā.

Clearness, n. Gandagi yā khārijī mādde se barānt yā uskā na h.; safāvī kısı aısı sharka na hona jo tarıkı rukawat zarar ya na pakt wagarı padā kare; safāyā, pharchāyī; wazāhat; sachāyī; imān dārī; sāf-mu'

imalagi. Clear-sighted, a. Muhassir; *binā; jisko koyī bāt khūb sāf sāf ma'lūm ho-me; 'anqā-nazar, fabim; samajh-dār.

Clearly, n Süf süf, bakhūbī; sarīhī; tamām-o-kamāl; achchhī tarah se; be-uljhāw yā pareshānī ke

Cleave, v 4. 1 —Sınıat jānā; chipak jānā; mazbūtī se pakar lenā 2 —Lan lagāye rahnā; khūb rabt r.; liptā rahnā, barī muhabbat

se lagü rahnā. 3.—Chaspān h.; mauzūn h., khūb rāst ānā, thik thik h.; kisi par

achchhī tarah barthnā Cleave, v. t 1.—Phāṣnā; chīmā, do tūk k.; kāṭ-kar yā aur tarah par

judā judā kar d.

2 — Khud-ba khud khol d. yā alag alag kat-d. Cleave, v i Khul-jānā, phat-jānā; chitaķh-jānā, shaq ho-jānā; alag

alag ho-jānā Clemency, n. 1.—Narm-dilī, dil kī mulāimat; shafaqat; mihrbānī

2.—Rahm tarahhum yā rahm-dilī, rahmat, āmurmsh; mujrimon ke qusdrāt ke mu'āf karne yā unke haq men dar-guzm karne khwāh unse narmī ke sāth pesh āno kā mailān, mu'āfī yā dar-guzar par

āmādagī; sazā kī kamī yā mu'āfī kī rugbat

"Opposed to seventy, harshuess, or rugour" Webster.

3 —Dhīmā pan; hawā wagara men tundī kā na h. Clement, a Halīm; rahīm, narm-dil; dil kā saķlit (kaṣā) nahīń; mihrbān.

Cleric, \(\alpha\). Kātib kā yā kī, naql-nawīs kā yā kī, likhve wāle yā mu Clerical, \(\beta\) harir kī, nawīsinda yā tahiīr-kuninda kā yā kī; mutasaddiyāna.

A clerical error or mistake—Katib yā naql-nawīs kī galatī, likhne wāle kī bhūl Clerical work—Kitābat yā likhne kā kām, tahrir kā kām, muharir kā kām Clerk, n 1—Vitharir; mutasaddī; muhāsib yā hisāb-nawīs; woh

shakhs jo kāgazāt aur hisāb ke murattab rakhue ke hyo kisī sarishte men mugairar ho

2 — Woh shakhs jo kisi ki taraf se uski dükan ya mal ke güdam men mal ke bechne anr hısab-kıtab wagaira ke durust rakhne ke lıye muqarran ho, gumashta

"This word is generally pronounced as if it was spelt clark."

Webster.

Clerkship, n. Muharrir kā kām yā 'uhda; muharrirî.

Clever, a. 1.—Tez-dast, jo kisî qısın ke auzar ya ale tezi aur safayî se kam men lawe ya kısı kam ke anjam ke liye koyî bat hoshyarı aur hunar-mandî se kare.

A clorer artısan - Tez-dast ahl-ı hirfa ya karı-gar

2.—Sab bāton men mahārut r. w.; māhir, zakī yā hunar-mand, un sab bāton kā jismen samajh aur liyāqat darkār ho hunar-mandī tez-dastī aur kām-yābī ke sāth k. w.

"It does not denote the highest order of talent, much less creative genius." Webster.

3.—Jisse karne wāle kī hoshyārī yā chustī wa chālākī pāyī jāc.

A clever speech—Aisī taqrīr jisse muqarrir kirboshyūrī sābit ho —A clever trick —Aisā hath-pher jisse uske karne wāle kā chust wa chālāk honā zālra ho 1 - Wājib, manāsib, manzān, hash i hāl.

Cleverly, ad. Hoshyarı tex-dasti ya chusti wa chalakı se; hunar ke sath; manasılı tane par; klubsartî ke sarh.

Cleverness, a Hoshyari, tez dasti, chuati wa chalaki; hunur-mandi.

Chent, n. Muwakkel, woh shakks jo kisi kumbah ya wakil so bisi amr

i ganuni ki mebat mashwara chaho ya apno mingoldamo ki pan iwi khwāh arsī nālish kī jawāh dihī jo uspar diar huyi ho take sumiu kare. Climate, n. 1. - Iqlim, kishwar. ab othew ..

2.-Hawā kī garmī sardī wagarra ke lībās so kosī jagah ki hālat, A warm or cold climate - Cam ya said ab o hawa; that jagah jahan garmi ya

sardı zıyāda ho. Climb, v i Charlina; hath aur pan ke bal charlina; kisî chîz ko donon hāthon se pakar kar uspar charh-jānā, āhista ālusta ūpar ko utlinā; diggat aur mashaggat so charlinā.

[pakarnā Clume, n. lqlim; khutta; mulk; sar-zamin. Clinch, v. t. Hath so much uti ke sath parkaqua; kisi chia ko zor se To couch a uni - Kisi chiz mon kante ko dhuan ya ghusa kar nako mar da ya uska mand mai d. To clinch the hand or list - Vintili bandling ye glass tanna. To clerch an instrument-Kai alo ko mutthi men maghiti so

pakagua 2 — Mashūt k ; istihkām d. yī mustahkam k.; puķlita k ; silbit k.

Clinch, a. Pakai; guift. To get a good clouds of a weapon - Kasi hathiyat ko mazhiti sa pakar r. To

secure in thing by means of a cleach - has thuc her that paket r. ke woll hith so just nu paye. Cling, v. v. 1 - Khub hpat jana; kisi ke gird lipat kar use nise thamble

r ki chhūtue na pāye. 2.—Naf-magsan ki shrkat ya mulmbhat ke khayal se kisi ka pichba

na chlorua; salub qudami ko sath kisi ka paran rahua ya usso luga rahnā.

Chp, v č. Qamchi so tarāshnā ; kat uni so kātnā ; kiei chiz ko chhobi yā tang karno ki garaz se usko siro pur yā agal begal se kit, d.; muqarraak 😭 "In distinction from sharing and paring, which are performed

by rubbing the instrument close to the thing shaved." Hickory, To obe the hair - Bul katna tarashna ya katarna ya ni jis qudar bara bali hon

usko libita se unhoù quinchi se kat kar chhota kar d. To dip coin-Sikke ko kāt d

Chpi ing, n. 1.—Kāt-kar chhotā yā kam-qimat kar-d. 2 — Chhānt, katran; tarāsh.

The clippings of one's heard-Kisî kî darhi kî katan ya'ne darhî ke hal jo miqiāz se katar diye jāch.

Clique, (kleek) n (Fr) Ek quem ke chand shakhson ki chhoti jami'at; zirga, gol, guroh; tlifa; mandeli.

"Used commonly in a bad sense." IVebster.

Clock, a Dharam-gharf; wow gharf jo hajdaar ghante batawe; gharf; sā'abnumā.

What o'clock is it? - Kai bajo? Ghari men kai bajo ya kya waqt hai? lod, n l —Dhelā—jaise mittī kā , kulūkb

2.—Koyî dunyawî ya zalîl shar

3.—Mittî kā dhondhā, ahmaq, kaudan; gāwdā llog, v t 1.—Lādnā—jaiso kisī bhārī chīz so, kisī aist chīz kā bhār yā

bojh dälnä jo smat jäe. 2 —Kısı chiz men düsri chiz ke jane ki tah band kat-d , rokna ya

munh band kar-d

3 -Mām' h , pareshān k. yā ulthāw men dālnā , ghabrā d. Nog, v z 1 —Bhar jānā, kisī khārijī shar ke bhar yā ziyāda par jāne se ruk jānā yā band ho jānā

[ami-j-māni] 2 —Simat sat yā chipak jānā

Hog, a. 1 - Woh shar jisse harakat ruk jae; rukāwat; saild-i-rah, 10k, 2 — Koyî waznî chîz jo kisî janwar men is garaz se bandh di-jîe ki woh idhar-udhar chal ya kud-phand na sake

3 —Kharāun; kalhuayi, paulā yā panā, na'lam-i chobi Close, v. t 1 — Band k.; masdful k ; mundna; bherua, laga d.

To close the eyes-Ankhen hand har lend. The doors of the courts should bo closed against champentors—Chaluye ki 'adalat kā darwaza un logon ke liye band kar diya jawe jo apne nal' ki garaz se moquidame larate ham

2.—Kinatın k , takın'il k, , mptünü, chukünü; patánü; pakkü kar-d khātime ko pahunchāna , bund kai d.; āge chalne na d

To close a brigan - Saudā pakkā k miptīna yā chukauā. To close un account -Hisah band kar d (use age chalus us d)

3.--Yak-jā vā chatthā k ; jor bator kar ek jagah k ; kisī shai ke jude jude ajzā ko ek jag ih k.

Mose, v. i. 1.—Juhnā, samatuā, bā hum miljānā, ok ho jānā. These wounds will not close - Yah zaklim na jutenge

2 —Khatm h. yā khātime ko pahunchnā, āķim h ; band h , ruk-jānā

The discussions in that case did not close until long after-Us mangaldame men der ke bi'd baha khatin buyt.

To close on or upon - Apas men idzī-rujū' lio jūnā, bāhum ittifāq kar-lenā,

kisl ami par ittifaq k. ya nemen sharik h To close with (a - Maurit k.; idri h yn grbûl k. The terms of compromise 110 posed by the plantiff were closed with by the detendant-Madda's 'dah

ne sulli ki un sharton ko manzin kiyā jo mudda'i ne pesh kin (4)-Kisi se mel-kar-lena ya muttafiq ho-jana, lusi se mulap ya utufar kan lena -To close with an enemy-Dushman se suth kar lend yd muttafiq ho-jund. (c)-Kisi se

lipat jānā -j.use kushtī men. Close, n 1.-Khātima, ikhtitām; ākhir ko pahunchuā; tamām h. ruk jānā , band ho jānā.

To draw to a close - Qaribu-l ikhtitam h , akhir ya khatm hone par h.

2.—Pakar yā girīft—jaise kushtī kī

Close, c. 1.—Band, masdad, khula nahin. A close box - band sendiq.

2. -Band; qaid men; kanāre; goshe yā tanhāyī men.

3.—Mahbūs; band, khamastā huā; itnā garm ki taklīf ma'lūm ho; gan-mutaharrik ; jisso tabi'at majhtil ma'lüm ho ; garm aur āskat paidā k. w ; ganda.

* "Applied to the weather when there is little wind and herted air is confined by clouds or fog to the surface of the earth."

4.—Bhed ki bat ya dil ka hal kısı ko na ballane w.; chankas, hoshyar, ohhuppa, jiske lab jald na khulen; raz-dar; l'tiburi.

5.—Bakhīl; tang dil; shūm; sakhi nahīn, makklifehis; lālchī.

6.—Nazdīk, muttasil; garīb; kisī shar so gurbat r w.; jagah yā wagt ke lihāz so babut nazdík.

Often followed by to.

7.—Mukhtasar; chust—jaise alfaz wagarra.

8. - Tang, kushāda nahīn.

A close alley - Tang gali.

9.—Nazdīk; tharī fasl par; garīb garīb barābar; ham-palla; mash-A close fight - Nazdik ki laravi, aisi katiya jismah laine wale dusto so thori ki dür par hon ya jismoù yah un ma'lijin he ki kana fariq galib hai mir kaun maghtb.

ftabah

10 – Khūb, jī lagā ke; dil se; tavaijuh ko sāth

To give close attention to a thing - Kisi shin ki treaf kitch yo dil se muterajjih h

11.—Chaspān, barjasta; tīr-ba-hadaf, nihāyat himang'e ku; magzāh. A close argument - Dalil-i barjasta chrapān vā manzum; mang'o ki hujjat.

12.—Gaum yā garm joshī so; josh i dil sc.

A close debate - Bahs ya munazara je garm jeshi se he.

13.—Sakht huāsat men, aisī tarah par ki kovi ane jane ya bat chit karno na payo, jakar band; bare chanki paher men

To keep a person in close confinement, or as a close practice -- Kiel chaklis ko hirisat-i-sakhi mon ya'ni aisi tarah par bingaiyad ya mahlais v. ki koyi uske pās ano ya būt-chīt kaine na paye; kisī ko jakaj-baiel r

14—Thik thik asl ke mutābiq; jaisā asl ho waisālii; asl ke khilaf nahin. A close translation - Tarjama jo thik thik asl ka mutabiq ho, taht lafa.

Close, ad Nazdik-nazdik; bbiro-bhire; sato-sato; chupke so; dabaye huyo Close-bodied, a. Jo badan pur thik thik ho, gad par rust and will -

jaise panähan ya jäina, Close-fisted, a Lalchi; kanjās; jiskī mūtthī dong leng men band ho

Close-handed, a. Cf. the above.

Closely, ad. 1 .- Nazdik-nazdik; istarah par ki kuchh fasl na raho.

The chankidar followed closely at the heels of the thirf-Us chor ke plable

nazdik hi nazdik chankidar daura gaya. [kit waqa' h.

One event following closely upon another - Ek majare ke ba'd hi dhare majaro 2 - Tawajjuh se, ba-gaur; dhyan se; dhyan laga-kar ya dhyandekar, dil-laga-kar, ankh gara-kar.

Examine the accounts closely—Is high ko ji yu dil laga-kar (khüli) jähcho.

3.—Tangi ya sakhti se zaisi tarah par ki bahar ke logon se kuchh ta'alluq na rahne paye ya'ni amad-o-raft ya bol-chal na ho.

To confine closely—Sakht hirāsat men r, aisī tarah par qaid men r. ki qaidī bāhar ke logon se kuchh ta'alluq na rakh sake

4 — Khūb ba-ittībā'-ī-asl; aišī tarah par ki asl se kuchh bhī farq na pare, lafzī. [tarjama k. To translute closely—Thîk thīk asl ke mutābiq tarjama k, taht-lafz yā laizī

5. —Qnib-qarib, nazdīk-nazdīk; bahut hī qurbat se.

To be closely related — Rishte men bahut hī qurbat r.; rishta-i-qarībī yā naz

Closeness, n. 1.—Tangī—jaise kisī jagah kī.

2.— Hawā ke āne-jāne kī gunjāish na r.; hawā kā na h.

"Applied to a close 100m, or to the au confined in it" Webster.

3 —Kisī shakhs kī gosha-nishīuī yā 'uzlat-guzīnī (uskā dunyā ke

ta'alluqāt ko chhorkai kisī tanhāyī kī jagah men iahnā)
4 —Dil kholkar kisī se na milnā yā bāt-chīt na k.; ikhfā, iāz-dārī,

ihtiyüt ; chaukasî
5.—Bukhl, kanjüsī ; lālach.

6.—Rabt zabt, khalā-malā, mel-jol.

7.—Asl kī mutābagat

Closet, n 1 -Khalwat khana: takhliye ka kamia

2.—Ek kamie ki bagal men woh chhota kamra ya goshe ki jagah jahan bartan aur makan ki araish ke asbab rakkhe jaen.

Cloth, n. 1 - Kaprā, pārcha

"The plural is regular, clothes; but when it signifies garments, it is written clothes" Webster

2 - Khāne kī mez par biehbāne kī chādar; dastar-ķhwān.

"Usually called a table-cloth" Webster.

Clothe, v. t. 1.—Kapre pahuānā, kapre se badan ko chhipānā; poshāk pahuānā

2.-Kapre d.; pahinno ke liye kapre d.

To feed and clothe a person-Kisi ko khānā kaprā d (usko khurish aur poshish donon d)

3 — Denā yā 'atā k.; tufwīz k.

To clothe one with power or authority - Kisī ko ikhtiyār yā hukumat d.

Clothes, n 1 — Insan ke pahinne ke kapre, poshāk; lībās; pārcha i-poshīdanī, jo kuchh satr-i-badan ke līye pahnā jāe.

poshidani, jo kuchh satr-i-badan ke hye pahua jae.

"A general term for whatever covering is worn, or made to be worn, for decency or comfort" Webster

2.—Kammal wagarra jo sone ke palang par lagaye jate hain.

2.—Kammai wagaira jo sone ke pai Clothing, n. 'Umuman pahune ke kapre.

Cloud, n. 1.-Bādal; abr, badlī, ghatā

2—Bahut sā dhuān jo hawā men uthe yā gard-o-gubār jo kasrat se hawā men ure, koyī shan jo bādal sī ma'lūm de.

A cloud of smoke or dust-Dhuzu ya gard jo badal ki misal hawa men uthe

3.—Woh kālī lakīr yā kālā dāg jo saug-i-maimar wagaira meh hotā hai. 4 - Jhund, majum' i-kasir, bhir; kasrat.

A close of votnesses - Cawahon ki thund,

5.—Tatki vä khatro ki hillar; wob shar jiski sürat türik dilalıtkan ja makhannal medine de; kudünat; khatra,

A cloud of source - Rung ha gubar, tanj ja batul ke tarah del par shina jia. A cloud upon the jutelbet-'Aql par tanki ku china jana; 'aql ha andhu ho jana.

Cloud, v & 1 -- Bādal kā chhā jānā

The sky is clouded. Asman par badd clina gaya (hadli ghir nyi)

2 — Andherā yā tārīk kar-d., rushanī bāqī rahno un d.; dhabbā lagā d., ranjida k.

3 —Rang-ba-rang lā banā d.

Cloud, v. i. Badal so chhip gana

Sometimes followed by prier.

The ky clouds over - Asmon badal so while jath hai.
Cloudless, a badal so ghua ya chbula mahui; sai; shaifil: pharchi.

Cloudy, a. 1 —Padal se oblaya but; bull ke mind se undhera.

2 — Badal kā

3.—Jispai täriki chhäyl ho, jisse ranj fikr bad-mizaji wagnira 4.—Jispai kälo ya ani kurusuku day ya dhariyan hom

Clown, n 1. Kisan; dilman.

2 – Jiske rain dhann ke se hon i ganan , gair muhazzah shakhs. Ologi z. z. Asada ya ser k., ital Flulana ki khane se ji plur jac; achana.

Club, a 1 - Lāthī yā sontā. 2—Kisī magsad Pan masalan 'ilm wagsara kī taraqqī ko liye logon kā pilsa jo unlāu ko gāra kiye laiye-qand'il-ke-matshiq-man'and

huā kuro. Club-law, a Lāthi ki hukāmat ; jo hukumat lāthi ke roi ne (jabrīca yā zulm-o tashaddid so) ki jār ; qāmu ki jigah par harhe yā jahr kā kām men lānā ; lahid ; zoi o-zulm yā jahi ki hukāmat

There is no law but club law - Joke high who blands; bed natura labed had. Clubman, n Latha ya south bandhue w.

Clue, n 1 .- Sut ki goli; sut juko lapet kar goli banawcu.

2.—Koyî bût jisse hidayat ya rab-munayî hoş woh shui jisse kisî bût ku pata ya surag lage.

Clump, n. 1 -- Lakri ka kunda

2 -Bahut se darakht wag ura jo ek jagah lage hon.

Clump of bamboos - Bans ki kotin

Clumsily, ad Bhaddepan se; bad-uslübî se; hāth kī safayt se nahti; khūbsūrtī ke sāth nahīu

Clumsmess, n. Elvaddā-pan; bad shaklī yā bad havatī, bad-salīgagī; pburtī musia'ndī yā tez-dastī kā na b, anārīpan; bad-uslūbī; bedbangāpan.

Clumsy, a. 1.—Bad shakl, be-daul; bad-war'; jismen hath ki safayi ya musta'idi wagaira na ho; bhadda; phūhar; anāri; shihā-sādā.

clumsy man - Buadda shakhs, antiri bad-shakl ya skiha-sada

2.—Jiskī chāl bhaddī sust yā bad-numā ho.

Clumsy fingers—Unghyān jo jald jald yā khush-uslūbī se na chaleń (jo bhārī paren)

3.—Jiskī sākbt yā banāwat achchhī na ho, bhaddā; be-daul; jo safāyī se ua banā ho, jiskī banāwat se banāne wāle kī hosb-yāiī hunarmandī yā 'aql-mandī wagana pāyī na jāe; bhārī; bad-hanat, badnumā, jiske isti'māl men taklīf ho.

A clumsy machine—Bhītī kal; kal jo īsanī se chal na sake A clumsy garment—Poshāk jiskī sākht achehhī na ho A clumsy forgery—Ja'l jismen hāth kī safāyī yā 'aql lī tezī pīyī na jāe

Cluster, n. 1.—Khosha, guchehhā, ghaud, ek qısm kī bahut sī chīzen jo ek hī jagah jam' yā ekatthī bon

2.- Jhund, jama'at, majma'; bbīi

3.—Ek qısm ki bahut si chizen jo ek düste ke nazdik hon ya waqı' hon. [dher ho-jana Cluster, v. v. Khoshe ka khosha patda h., guchchha ban jana, dher ki Cluster, v. v. Ekattha k.; yakja k; janı' k

Clutch, v t 1.-Hāth se pakarnā; mutthī men pakarnā.

2 -Apne gabze men kar-lenā

Clutch, " 1 -- Mutthi men pakar yā dabā l ; pakar, girift.

2 — (pl.) Hāth, qabza; ikhtiyār, panja, changul. [ho. Coach, n Chār pahiyo kī gārī Jismon chār shakhson ke baithne kī jagah Hachney-coach—Kitāye par chalne whi chan-pahiyā gatī

Mail-couch - Sarkarī dak lejane wali chār pahiye kī gāri.

Stage coach—Chanpalnyā garī ji spar musafir ek shahr se düste shahr men jāca Co-adjutor, n Jo düste ko madad de; mu'āwm; madad-gār, tāyīd; kisī 'amal men shatīk.

Coagulate, v t. Dahî kî carah jamü d yü munjamıd kar-d., thakkā kar d.

Said of liquids.

Coaggulate, v. 2 Dahī kī tarsh jam jānā ; munjamid h , basta h. , gārhā yā galīz bo-jānā

Coal, n Koelā-chāhe jalī huyī lakrī kā ho yā kān kā.

A lire coal, or burning coal, or coal of fire—Julta hus koels, koels jo jalkar hujh na gaya ho, angara.

"When the fire is extinct, it is called a charcoal" Webster.

Coarse, a. 1.-Moțā, dabīz; bārīk yā patlā nahīń

- 2 —Be saf kiya hna; woh shai jiske dabiz ajza usse juda na kiye gaye hon ya jo kuchh usmen gandagi ho woh jon ki ton rah-gayi ho; kachcha
- 3—Bhaddā; na-shāista yā gair-muhazzab; sudhrā huā nahīn, jāhilāna yā wahshiyāna; kaj, tahzīb ke khilāf; ganda; zalīl; kharāb, sāf wa suthrā nahīn; pakīza nahīn

Applied to language or manners,

4.—Kısi bāt men khūb māhir nahīn; 'ılm-o-hunar men kamāl rakhtā huā nahīn; kachchā; khām.

5.—'Umda nahin, nafis nahīn, motā.

A course diet - Gizā jo 'umda yā nafīs na ho ; motā khānā

Coast, n. Samundar kā kanāra; zamīn yā kisī mulk kā hissa jo samundar ko kanāre bo aur usse nazat pire; salul.

The coast is clear.—Khatkit juth rahit, khatra haqi na rahit, dushman inkal gaye, maddin khali har

Coax, v t Phuslänä; dam dilásá d ; khushamad buramad so kisi bät par rägib k., dam-dhägå dokar upne qåbű men k

Code, a. Majmū'a i gavānīn ; ārmen jo taitib so yakjā ki jāch.

Civil code - Majinti a i quatinin i-diwani.

Commal code—Fanj-dān ki aymoo kā majmū's, majmu's i-qawiinto i laujdui Codicil, n Tatimma i-wasīyat-nāma; woh mawishta jo wasiyat-nāmo ke zamīme ke taur par ho

Codicillary, a. Wasiyat-nāme ke tatunme ki tarah; wasiyat-nāme ke

tatımme men mundary. Codify, v t. Qa'ıde se yakja k ; majmü'a banana—jaise qawanin la,

silsila-wür yukijā k

Co-equal, a. Düsre shakhs yā dāstī chīz ko batābar; yaksāc rutba darja yī iķlītiyāt r. w., bam-rutba wagatra

Co-equal, n. Ham-sai ; düsro ko barabar , muqübal ki

Coerce, v t Majbūr k , tang k ; km h'i ko ku na ke liva qānāban yā tahakkumāna majbūr k , km i'i ka anjam ba zoria i tahdid wa takhwīf (dhamkī am dur sa) karāna; jahnīya ba zor ya zabar-dastī karānā, khwālush ke kbilvi kurām.

Coercible, a Majbür henc ya majbür kiyo jane ko gabil.

Coercion, n. Jaln. zor; ikrah; quanu ya hakumat ko zari'e so insidad; kisi se koyi iil ushi khwalash ko khilat karana

Coercive, a Jahriya, qamin ya hukumut ko dahaw so rokne ya zubt men lane w.; jahr ko zari'e so koyi kam karane w.

Coercive process—Kāt tawāyta jahnya, hukm nāma apalntya; wolt kār-rawāyī yā hukm nāma jiske zarī ese kiel ko ha zer yā majbin hokar koyi kām kainā pare

Correve measures -- Tadhiran juman jabr kām meh lāvā jāc; tadāruk i shadid jā sangin, woh tadhiren jinko zurie sa koji kām jabriya karājā jāc

Coercively, ad Zahardastī se; ba-zon; ha jalur jahran yā jahrīya.

Co-eval, a. Ham 'asr, jisko wujud kā agaz kisī dūstī shai ko sath hī ho; ham zād, ham-'umr.

Usually followed by with, sometimes by to.

Co eval, n. The same as the preceding. [wasi magarrar ho. Co-executor, n Wasi-i-shaik, wob shakhs jo kisi dasre ki shaikat men Co-exist, v v Ek hi waqt men honž rahaž yž wajad r.

Followed by with

Co-existence, n. Ham-wujudi, ok hi waqt men do ya zaid ashya ka wujud (uuka rahna)

Followed regularly by with.

Co-existent, a. Ham-wujud (kisî düsre ke sath ek hi waqt men rahne ya wujud r. w.).

Co-existing, a Ek bi waqt men dusre ke sath wujud r. w.

Regularly followed by with.

Co-extend, v + Düsre ke säth ek hi jagah men phalna ya jitne 'arse tak woh qama tahe utne hi 'arse tak qam rahua; barabar phailna.

Co-extension, n Jituā dūsiā phailā ho, utuāhī phailnā yā usīke barābar phailā rahuā [barābar.

Co-extensive, a Düsre ke barābar phailā huā; ham wus'at; phailāw mon Coffer, a 1.—Sundūq-'umūman rupaye passe takhne kā sundūq

2 — Khazāna. [band kī jātī hai.

Coffin, n Tāhūt; woh sundūq psmen murde kī lāsh dafn karne ke liye Cogency, n. Mazbūtī, matānat, pukhtagī; zor, quwwat; dil par asar pahūnchāne kī tāqat

"Used chiefly of moial subjects." Webster.

The cogency of your arguments can not be denied.—Tumhāre dalīul kī mazbūtī yā matīnat se inkār nahīn ho saktā; is būt se inkār nahīn ho-saktā ki tumhārī dalīlen gawī hain.

Cogent, n Qawi, mazbūt; pukhta; matin, ustuwāi; jiskā dil par bajā asar ho; jiskī taidīd men dushwārī ho—jaise koji wajh dalīl yā subūt

Cognats, a. 1.—Yak juddi rishte ke zari'e se mansub, haqiqi, sulbi. Connate relations—Rishta-dirim i yak jaddi ya haqiqi

2 — Ham-asl; ham-qism ya ham-naw'iyat; bam-masdar.

Cognate, n (Law) 1.—Rishtadāi i mādaiī, mā kī taraf se qarābat r. w ; rishtadāi-i-haqīqī, rishtadār (parābat r. w

COGNATI, pl [Lat] (Law) Rishtadārāno mādmī; mā ke zarī'e se Cognizable, a 1—(Law) Samā'nt ke qābil; 'adālat kī taliqīqāt ke lārq yā jiskī mishat 'adalat se tihqīqāt ho-sike; qānūnan yā han'tihār-i 'uhda samā'nt wa tajwīz ke qābil, 'adālat ke lihāz jā dast-andāzī ke qābil, masmū', summe ke lārq

This suit is cognicable both in the civil and revenue courts—Yah nelish 'adelathan-diwint aur mel dones men same'at ke gabil har. This offence is cognicable by the police—Yah jurus pulis ke lihaz (sama'at ya dast-an dasi) ke qubil him

2 — Qābil-i-idrak; jisko jān yā ma'lām kar-saken.

Cognizance, a 1—(Law) Samā'at, shinwāyī; lihūz samā'at yā dastandāzī ba-haisīy it-i 'adālat; 'adālat ko ikhtiyār se kisī muqaddame kī samā'at wa tajwīz Muqaddame kī samā'at aur faisale kā ikhtiyār yā istihqāq.

To take cognizance of a cause—Kisi muquddame ki samā'at k. (usko 'adālat ke iķlītiyā se sumā).

A magistrate has cognizance of all criminal causes, or all criminal causes are within the cognizance of a magistrate—Kul muqaddamāt-i-faujdārī kī samā at kā iķhtiyār majistret ko hāsil bai.

2 — Ilm yā wāqıfiyat.

This did not take place within my cognizance—Yah būt mere 'ilm men nahīn huyī

lognizant, a. Wāqif; āgāh; jāntā; muttali'.

COGNOVIT, n [Lat] (Law) Iqbāl-da'wā, mudda'ā 'alaih kī taraf
se mudda'ī ko da'we kā juzzan yā kullan taslīm kiyā jānā aur usī ke
mutābiq dignī sādir hone denā.

To file a cognorit— fqbal da'na k yn dilfhil k. A judgment by cognorit—Digri-u-qbul yn iqball ducri.

Co-habit, v v. Zanj aur zauja (m u d aur 'anrat yā jotā aur khasam) kitarah jakjā rahnā; ham khwah h., ham bistar h., ham-suhimt h.,

mubārharat k.

Co-habitation, z. Ham khwābi, ham bastarī; mubāsharīt, jorā aur khasam kī tarah yakjā rabuā. [ku haq hasil bo

Co-heir, % Waiis-t-sharik ; un chand shakhson men se ek jinko witasat Coin, % 1 —Sikka ; var i muskuk.

Qugen's com - Sikka i Malika-i-roti'aszama

A false or countertest coin—Sikka i-küsul ya talbisi; woli sikku jo hakima waqt ki ijazat se na banā ho, khota sikka.

A gemune coin - Sikka-ı asli; klıma sıkka-

A current com—Sikka i-idiju l-waqt, sikka-i-chalan hāsār; sikka jo jūiz taur par ban kar jūrī lio

2.—Jisso kisī shui kā mu'āwaza ho-sako. [bin] b., ck hī h Coincide, v a Italiāg k. yā muttufig h., mutābig h., ck tarah kā (yak-

The judges did not entacle in opinion - Sabiban i jij (bukban) muttibija r rite na the [nahid kun These rulings do not coloride with each other - Yali nadich ba ham mutibid

Coincidence, n. 1.—Išk hī jagah par (yak jā) waqi' h. 2—Ittifaq, reutabaqat, munā abat; ek tradi kā h [ka h]

wuqu' (unkā h. yā waqi' h.). Coincident, a. Muttatiq; mutābiq; munāsib ya haslar hal.

Coincident, a. Mattaliq; mutabiq; munasib ya nasibi ha Co-mheritor, n Walis-i shulik , viki nz wurush.

Cold, a. 1. -Thandha; garm nahin; said.

2,-Jah sardî navlûm de, sardî se kanpta haa, tharrata haa.

3.—Jiski khiisiyat sand ho.

4.—Sard-mihr, jismen josh yā sar garmī na ho ; be fikr be-r'tinā yā lā-parwā ; kashīda-khatir, zinda dil nahih ; jissa dorti ya muhubbat kā izhār na ho ; jissa be-r'tināyī plyī jāo

5 — Chur muassu, jiskā asar dil-par na ho; bo dam ya be jan kā. In cold blood—Bilā ishti'aki-tabi at, 'amadan; jān bajā kār; bilā atson; berahan se.

To give one the cold shoulder - Kisi se 'am alan be i'tmayi (usk: ishqu) k.

Cold, n. 1 —Garmī kā nu h., sardī.

2.—Kanpkunpî yû tharrahat jo sardî kî wajh se puda ho.

3.—Sardī; zukām; nazla; 'alālat jo sardī se paidā ho.

Coldly, ad. Sard-mihri se; ho-i'tināyi se; bilā josh-atabi'nt; be parwāyî se, tagāhilī se, bilā garm joshī ke, man mār-kar, aisī turah par ki dil kā josh zāhn na ho.

Coldness, n 1.—Sardī; thandhak; rutūbat; khunkī.

2.—Garm-joshī wagara kā na h; be rtināyī; sard-mihrī; zauq-shauq yā tapāk kā na h.; afsurda khātrī; pazhmurda dilī.

Collapse, v. i. Pachakvā yā pachak-jūnā; sikur-kar band ho-jūnā; ek hokar band ho-jīnā, mil-jānā.

Collapse, n 1.—Pachkāw, yakāyak ok dūsie se lag vā mil jūnā

2---lism kī quwwatoń kā bahut hī zāil ho-jānā--jaise bīmārī ke shurü'ya ākhir men

Collar, n 1.—Gulu-hand tang ya hansli wagaira jisko zehaish ke hye

gale men pahinte hun.

2.—Girobān yā galā—jaise chapkan wagana kā [jātā hat 3.—Pattā yā halqa wagana jo jānwaron kī gardan men palmāyā To slip the collar - Azād bo jānā, najāt pānā, kiel ganāhat se chhūt-jānā.

Collar, v. t 1 —Guehān yā gardan pakarnī

2 —Gnebān lagānā yā halqa wāgaira pahnānā.

Collate, v t 1.- Ek qısm ki chizon-khusüsan tahriron anı kıtabon ko āpas men milā-kar yah dekhnā ki unmen mutābaqat hai yā nahīn, muqāhala k ; jāisa k,

2 — Jud-bandī ke liye kisī kitāb ke aurāg ko ekatibā kai ke taitīb se r Collateral, a 1.—Ham-pahlū, pahlū-ba-pahlū; farī, zimnī, gair-aslī

darmıyanı ya mü-taht, gan sarihi, asli ya üla nabin, ziid.

Collecter at circumstances - Palat-, muta'allug-s-wingi as-ash; well halat jo hisa aslmājate ke muta'allıq hon, furü'at, kwi bat ki shükhtin, amo wüyı'at junkt wujud fi ashhi va hu; woh büten jo kisi bat se ta'alliiq rakkhoù, tutri'dt

Collateral security - Zamanat (kalalat)-; zunni; woh katalat 30 'alawa kalalat-1aslike kisi mu'khada ki ta'nul ya ada izar ke liye di jio, zamanat dareaman it

2.—Ek hi shākh yā mūris so paidā par ek dūsre se nabīh; ek hi asl bī nasl se lekm bā-yak dīgar paīdā nahīn, tar ī

Opposed to lineal

Collateral relations - Rightadarau-i-far'i ya'ni woh log jo ek hi müris-1-a'la ki

mukhtalif shakhon se paida bon.

"Lineal descendants proceed one from another in a direct line, collateral relations spring from a common ancestor but from different branches of that common stirps or stock. Thus the children of brothers are collateral relations, having different fathers, but a common grandfather." Blackstone-Wesster.

3.—Ham-qülib yā ham-shaki.

Collateral cuses — Muqaddamat yı nazāir-i-bam-shakl yā ham-qālīb.

4 -- (fair-sarihi; badīhi nahīn; tāyīdī; zāid.

Collateral proof - Subūt-i gair sarībī; jo subūt badībī na ho; subūt-i-mazīd.

Collateral, n. Cf Collateral relations.

Collaterally, ad. 1.—Pahlū-ba-pahlū, ham-pahlū; ek dūsre ki bagal men.

2 —Sarībī taur par nabīn; fī-aslībī nabīn.

3.--Ba-zarī'a i-garābat-1-far'ī; furu'āt ke taur par, ba-khatt-1-mustagīm nahin; aslī nahīn.

Colleague, n. Ham-'uhda; ham-mausab; woh shakhs jo kisī mansab ki khidmät ke anjām men düsre shakhs kā sharīk ho.

"It is never used of partners in trade or manufactures." Weaster.

Collect, v t 1.-Jam' k.; yak-ja k.; ekatiha k.

2 — Mustambat k.; natija utkālna.

3.—Tahsil ya wasal k , matalala karke l ; kisi so zar-i yaftani ki." (jo rupave uske zumno hon unki) wusul k

To collect one's self-(Heabrahut ya isla' jab ku jata ruhut, dil ko inti han ka dur

bo-jaut; dd kā apne gābū meň phir a jaud Collect, v. z. Jam' h ; yakjā h.; ekutthā h.

Collection, n 1. — Tahsil, tahsil-pazir; ival, wusül k.

Collection of revenue or rent - Tabell-1-mil guzze va lagen. Collections - Zar r-muhassala; talvil ya wusul kiyo huyo rupaya.

2 — Majma', jamā'at, amboh, bhīr.

3 - Jam' yā ekatthā h.; yakjā h.; baburnā. [banayi jae, 4 -Talif, woh kitab jo dusti kitabon ko ajza ko yak-ja kaike

Collective, a Majmü'i; yakjāyi; ekatthi Collectively, ad. Bil imal, baland-i majmäl; juz-o kul; ekstibä; sab

lya sähriri kalaktar

mal ho.

kā sah; bi l kul, ek ek nahm; yak lakht. Collector n Woh afsar jiske mining mir-i sar-kari Li talisil ho; kulaktar

Collectorship, | n. 1. -- Sahab-i kalaktar ka 'ahda. Collectorate.

2 —Sāhib i kalaktar kā 'alāga yā 'alaga i liukiemat.

College, a L.—Un logon ki jama'ni janko koyî khas huqde ata huye hoù ya jo kisî ami ki panawî men bi lasharak masi di bon. 2.- 'Alimon ki jama'at jo tahsil-t'ulion ya ta'lını ke liye qanun

ke mutābiq gām huyī be. 3 -Woh 'imārat jismen talabā 'ulüm aur zabānon ki talisil karen

Collision, n. I.—Tukkar; do sakht ahizan kā āpas men lar ya bitar jank

2.—Tukhālul ikhtilāf yā mukhālafat, tazad, ak dhao ko bar-aks (zidd-i-yak-dıgar) lı

Colloquial, a. Rozmarro ki gust-gü so nizbat 1. w. ya usmen musia'mal; ma'muli bat chit ke muta'aliq.

Colloquialism, a Lafz va muhāwara jo rozmance ki guft gu men musta'-Colloquially, a Bat-chit men; apas ki bol chal men Collude, v. s. Sizish k.; jang-i-zar gari k., kisi fareh mon duaren ki shukat ki; bāham muttahq ho kai kār-rawayī ki; apas men bandish

kar-leuā. Collusion, n. Sazish, jang i zar-gari, bandish; kisi faceb ke maqaad se āpas men chup chāp mil-kar kār-rawiyī k.; satiā-baļti; daga, fareb Collusive, a Sizishî; bandishî; jiskî bandish farob dene ke liye de ya

zäid shakhs āpas men karen. A collusive proceeding - Lar rawayl-i süzishi; woh kar-rawayi jo do shakha

bā-ham is miyat se karen ki kisi tīsre shakhs kā nuqsan ho. Collusively, ad. Sazishî tarîq par, bandish ki rah se; ha sabîl-i jang i-

zar-garī, kiel shakhs ko dhokhā dene ke liye āpas men ohup chāp ittifäg karke

Colony, n 1,-Woh log jo apne watan (zād-hām) ko olthorkar kiel düste dür ke mulk men ha basen. Ibanos en ábad bo jac. «2.—Abādī yā nan ābādī; jo mulk kisī dūsre mulk ke logon ko ā-kar Jolour, n 1.—Rang—jaike suikh zard wagaira.

2 - Kısī shat ki sütat je raushati ki shu'a' se paidā ho; rangat.

The colour of gold - Sone ki langat

3 - Suckhi, chibre ki tāzagī yā asli rangat.

4.—Sürat jo dil par paida ho, khayali sürat.

5 — Woh bāt jiskī wijh se koyī ami zāhir men wājib ma'lūm ho; ma'zarat; woh amr jisse kisī jurm yā gunāh kī sangīnī men khiffat (kamī) ho.

6 - Hīla; bahāna, tamhīd, libīs-i-zāhirī, numāish-i-darog; woh

bāt jisse kisī shai kī aslī haisīyat chhip jāc yā uspar paida par-jāc.

Under the c low of - Hile ya numarah ke zarr'e se, kisî bahane se

7 —Rang jisse rang-āmezī kī-jāe

8.—(pl) Barrî ya bahrî fauj ka mshan jhanda ya 'alam

Water colours-Rang jismen rangin na milāyā jās, gair-iangan dār rang; sādu-iang

Colour, v t. 1.—Rangnā yā rang charhānā; suped kā rangīn banā d; 18ng k.

2.—Jo aslī kaifīvat ho usko klulāf zāhu k; libās-i zālmī palmānā;

zährr men wapib bana d ; parda dalua, khush-numa bana d.

Colour, v. i. Surkh ho jānā; pajeshānī gusse yā shaim wagaira se chihie par surkhī kā ājānā (uskā surkh ho jānā)

Colourable, a Juse and but ha oblinguist mageud ho, salur numi; numandi, dokhuo mon wajib ya qaru-i-insat, ba shir wajib par dar-

haqiqat nahin [pāti jāo Column, a 1—Sutūn; pilpāya, gol khambhā jispar chhat waguna 2.—Kovī rast qad (khurī) gol chiz jo sutūn kī shakl yā haat par ho.

3.—Paulal sipāhiyon kī sut jo zarā zarā fast chhorkar ek düsre ke ba'd kharī ho

4.-Juhāzou kī qatār jo ek dūsre ke pīchhe lagī ho.

5.- Khāna

How many columns are there in this rotum?—Is nagshe men kitne khāne hain. His name does not exist in the proprietary column—Uskā nām khāna-i-milkiyat men darī (hkha yā charhā) nahīn hai

To fill up a column – Khāna bharnā yā pur k ; khāna-purī k

To leave a column blank or unfilled up - Khāna khālī chhor d; kisī khāne ko "na-dārad" likh-kai rahno d, khāna-paul na k.

Combination, n. 1 — Mel; rabt, ittifāq, do jā zīid shaklison kā kisi kāin ko aujām ke liye bāham muttahq ho-jānā.

"In a good sense, when the object is laudable, in an ill sense, when it is illegal or iniquitous." Webster.

2 — Ijtimā' yā jam' h, ekatthā h, bahut sī bāton kā yak jī h.

3 —Do yā zārd ashyā kā 13 tarah par bāham makhlūt kryā-jānā kr ek murakkab shar ban-jāc, tarkīb

Combine, v. t Bā-ham milānā; jornā; ek salsale men kar-d; bāham rabt d. vā mazbūt k.

Comhine, v. s. l.—Āpas meņ mīl-jānā; bāharā muttafiq h.; īttīfāq kar-l., ek dūsre se lag-jānā.

2—Sāzish k, bandish k ; ek ho-jānā—jaise nuiķhtalif qaumon kā. Combustible, α Ātash gir; jo jal jāo, pamon āg lag sake yā jo āg pakar sake, jo āg ke lague so jal sake.

A combustible hody or mather - Abudagir shar yil madda; aim chiz jo dg so jal jac.

Combustible, n Woh chīz jo ag ke legne se jel sake atash gir shai.
Come, v 2 1 — Ānā, idhai ko jumbish k ; nazdik āna, qarīb pahuhehnā, pabuheh jānā

Opposed to go.

2 -Kısı halat ko pahunchna, wani' h.; parna; bilma

"Come, in the imperative, is used to excite attention, or to invite to motion of joint action, come, let us go," "When repeated, it sometimes expresses haste and sometimes rebuke." "Sometimes, it introduces a threat" Wilster.

To come - Ane walk, avanda va avinda; mustiqual

To come about (a)—Waqi'h ya houn, zahui ya wuqu' min and How did these things cover about? Yih haben kyuhkar huyih (b) Bidaha, tabdil h, ghimkar and The wind will come about from west to cost. Haws badal-kar puckehhan se pirab ko bahus langu. The ship conses about—Jahan ghim-kar ata har

To come again - Lautad, polaton, whose has philipple

To come after (a) - Pichhe chain? Come after ma - More pichha chain in (b) Milat, part To come after a book - Koys kitab pana

To come at (a)—Pahunchuz; hasal k. To come at a tron knowledge of nonething—Kiel shae klassif haqiqat ko puhumbat (6) Kisaki turat jhapatat —jaise hamle men.

To come away - Chale and ja chala jand

To come by - Hustlek; pank, milna; hath lagua. How did you come by such a large estate? Art bari you lid you milkiyat i kasur tumko kyiinkar mili? To come home - Lagua, chaspan h.; ta'alluq r; numsir h

To come in (a)—Ander and, dakhil h—Juse kisi makan wagana mon. (b) Rawaj pana: jari h : kaor men laya jana

To come in for-Kisi sha mer hissa paro (sbirkat) kh dr'an pesti k.

To come near or migh - Kisî jagah ke qarib pahuhehna yê kisi minr mah kisi shu ki barabari k

To come of (a) - Kisi ki vasl se h.; kisi ki aulad h. He comes of a respectable family - Uski paddish ek mu'azzaz khawlan se hai (b) Bataur natije ke nikalat

To come off (a)—Bach uskainā yā bach jānā, chhathā ā pānā, nībāh lejānā yā ubh-jānā, anjām ko pahunchaā (b) Honā yā wuqu' unā ānā. The meeting comes off to-morrow—Jalsa kal hogā (mun'anjul hogā).

To come on — Tarraqqi pānā , rū-ba taraqqī h. ago ko barhtā jānā ; roz-afzūn h. (din din barhtā jānā) ; phūlnā phalnā, kāmyābi hasil kurte jāna (barābar kām-yāb h.) Hamla k , tūt-parnā : charh ānā.

To come over - Idhar se udhar ya ek taraf se dheri taraf pana. Ek fariq ki shickat chhor kar duste ki taraf ho jana; ek pahin se duste pahin par ho

yā makbfi na rahnā; zāhir ho-jānā. The truth has come out at last-Aklin asl hal sab ko ma'lam ho-gaya. (6) Shar' h ; chhap-kar ph ilnā-jane kutāti wagalin. (e) Anjitai ko pahunchina , kliatin h. Hi has come out well at last—Bi-lāķhu teka anjām ba-kh ut bud To come to (4) - Razi h ; manzār k ; gabil k To come to terms - Sharāit gabūl k. ya unpartazi h (b) Ta'dad men'h. The taxes come to a laige sum - Mahsülon kī ta'dād kusīr hat (we ta'dād mon bahut kuchh haih) (c). Hosh men ājāna—

To come out (a) - Fāsh ho-jānā , khul-jānā ; sab ko ma'lūm he-jānā ; chhipā

To come together - Yakjā h ; jain' h ; chatthil h

jarse gashî ya be heshî se.

To come to pass - Honk, waqi' h ; zuhur men ana

"Seldom found in modern English writings." Webster. To come up (a) Uthuh, upar ko su'ud k (charhna) (b) Nikalna; zamin ke upar

ubharna -juse paudhe kā To come up to (a) - Nozdík a ya pahunch jánā-(b) Ta'dād meń h , kisī ta'dād ko pahunchna (c) Barhto barhte kisi düsie tak pahunchna, balandi men kisi

ke barahu h No come up with - Kisi tak pahanch jana ya usko pakarna - jaise daur ya

ta'uqub (pichhare) meh To come upon - Kisi par tüi paina, hemla k ya hamla-awar h ; charlisyi k ya charb jana.

lomely, a 1.—Sudaul, sajilā; khūbsūrat; jiske i'zā ek düsre ke ham [ke hash-1-hal. andáz hon 2. - Manāsib, hasb thāl sazāwār; wajt jagah hālāt yā ashkhās

Comer, n. do ata ho ya a-chuka ho; jo pahunch-gaya am maujud ho, āne w ; āyanda. Comfort, v. t. Kisi ke dil ko quwwat sahara ya tasalli d ; kisi ki arwah ko taqat pahunchana; taklif ya ranj dur kar-d , khush k , tashaffi d.; dil ki afsurdagi ya taklif ko raf k.; dilasa d ; dhiraj d

Comfort, n. 1.—Sahārā; tashaffī, tasallī; woh taskin jo musibat taklīf yā khatre kī hālat mon hāsil ho; dhīraj. 2. Woh shui jisse musibat taklif khatie ya zu'f ki halat men

taqwiyat ya madad mile; shai-i-hā'is-i taqwiyat; taqwiyat, dhārhas.

3 - Woh shar jisso ihtiyaj raf" rahe aur darja-i-i'tidal ki khushi hasil ho, sukh; cham Comfortable, a. 1.—Taskin-bakhsh, farah-bakhsh, jisse taskin tasalli

yā farhat hāsil ho. Āsūda-hāl; khush-hāl, chup-chāp ārām se basar kartā huā, un bāton se āzād juse dil ko ranj yā taklif pahunche. 2.—Jisse ihtiyāj raf' rahe aur darja-i-ausat kī khushī hásil ho

Command, v t. 1.—Hukm d.; farmānā; hidāvat k irshād k. 2 — Hukumat k ; tahakkum k.; afsarī k , hukm-rānī k.

3.-Kišī par ru'b r., kišī par hukūmat kā dāb r ; hukūmat yā

ıstıbqaq ke rü se kısı se kuchb karana ya uspar da'wa r.

4. Kısı shai ka apne madd-i-nazar r ya'nı banısbat us shai ke 10 nisheb men ho baland h. tāki nīche wāli chīz balandī se nazar pare; alse mange' par h. ki niche ya gird-pesh ki chīz be takalluf dekh pare yā woh kisī tarah par qābū yā ikhtiyār men rah-sake

Command, v 2. Hukümat r. yā k.; afsarî k ; sab ke üpar hukm-rān rabnā (hukm chalāuā). [kāmt]

Command, n 1 — Hukūmat, sai dārī; hukm-iānī; iķlitiyār, igtidai-i-2 — Hukm; hukm i-sādir-shuda, iishād.

Commander, n Afsat; sardāt, hukm-rān; sipah-sālār.

Commence, & t. Shuru' ya agaz k.; 1111 ya dair k , fi'l-i ibtidayi k.

This suit was commenced two years ago-ile baras huye ke yah nähsh där ki gayî; is nähsh ke ruju' kiye huye de baras huye.

Commence, v 2. Paidā h., zuhūt men ānā; wujūd men ānā, qāim h yā ibtidāan qāim h., kisī shai kī bunyād parnā, shurū' h, āgaz h.

Commencement, n Āgīz, ibtidā; zuhūi-i-ibtidāyī; shinū'.

Commend, v t 1 — Kisi ko lihāz khayāl yā mihibūnī ke qābil bayān k.; kisi ke haq men kuchh kahnā (uskā zikri-khair k.); sifārish yā tahnīk k.

2 — Sipurd k.: hawāla k.: kisi par i'tibār rakh-kar koyī shai nisko

2 —Sipurd k ; hawāla k ; kisī par l'tibār rakh-kar koyī shai uske zimme kar-d , ihtiyāt yā bifāzat ke liye kisi ko kuchb sipurd kar-d

3 -Ta'rif k , sanā-khwānī k ; sarālmī , madh k

Commendable, a. Ta'rif ke qabal, lang-r-tausif, qabil ctalisin; mustah-san, jiski ta'rif rawa ho, pasandida.

Commendation, n. 1 — Ta'rif k., ta'rif, tausif, sana-khwam, kisi kā zikr1-khan, 12hār-1 tauçīr.

2 —İzhār ı-muhabbat kā paigām, salām; ādāb; tuslīm.

Commendatory, a Jismen ta'uf wa tansif ho, silaish ka

A commendatory letter—Situal kā khat Commensality, n Shirākat yā shirkat,

Commensality of interests - Nal'-nagan ki shirdhat; shirdhat i agras.

To live in commensatity - Shirthat mon inhul; ok men richill, ahirthat r.

The word originally meant "the act or practice of eating at the same table" but is now condemned as obsolete. The sense, however, here attached to it is recommended by analogy and sanctioned by long and frequent usage in legal decisions.

Commensurate, a. Barābar; musāwī, ham-andāz, andaz yā miqdār men barābar

Followed by to

Comment, v 2 1 — Kisi musaunif ki tasnîf ki sharh k ya khas khas maqamat per uske mafhum ko sharh-war bayan k ; layan k ; tauzih k ; sharh likhna sharh d. ya tashrin k ; taka likhna ya k , khol kar samihana

Followed by on

2.—Kısı kıtāb tahrir kliwāh kısı fi'l mājare yā rāo ki nishat apnī rāe zāhir k yā kuchh likhuā yā kahuā.

Comment, n Kisi kitāb yā tahir wagana ki sharh; tauzīh; tafsīr;

sharh; ta'bīr; hāshiya, tikā, kisī būt kī tauzīh yā tafsīr Commentary, n. 1.—Woh kitāb jismen kisī dūstī kitāb kī sharh likhī ho sharh, majmū'a-i-tashrīhātā, tīkā.

2. Hilat-i-khās jo ba-taur yādgār ke likhe jāen.

lommentator, n. Sharih; mufassir, sharh likhne ya tafsir k. w.; tika likhne w.

lommerce, n. 1.—Sauda-gari; tritrat.

2.—R h o-rasm; mudarāt-i-bā-hamī, āpas kā bartāw; ek dūsre kā kām k bāhum mu'ā nalāt (roz-gār len-den wagara) r. āpas men khush akhlāqī se baratnā vā bāham har tarah kī tairīh k yan sab is laiz ke mafbām men dākļul haiń.

3 —Sahbat, mubāsharat. [sūb, mahājanī. lommercial, a. 1.—Tyli it yā sandā garī ke muta'alliq; tijārat se man

Commercial usage - Dastūr yā rawāj rumbājanī

Commercial relations or concerns—Tijīrat ke ta'ailugāt.

2.—Jo tijārat karen; tijāratī; jahān tijārat ho.

A commerced nation — Qanm-1-tajir (tijārat kaine-wālī gaum)

A commercial establishment or house-Tristrat ki kothi, woh jagah jahab sauda-gani ka kir o-bar ko

3 - Jo tijārat so hāsil pā paidā ho.

Commercial bonefits or profits - Wol tande to tighted se bod (basil hon).

ommingle, v & Ek men milana . baham makhlut k., ek kard.

lommingle, v & Ek men mil jina; makhlut ho-jina

lommusserate, v. t. Kieš elvikles yš enen par alsos k., kieš bāt par ienjīda yā muianseif h., iehm k. yā tars khānā.

ommission, n. 1 — limkāh; karvā; murtakib h.

"Usually in a had sense" Webster.

Commission of an offence-letex di-i-jura, jum kā k

2.—(Law) Band-i komisha i ahl-i kamishan ke taqartur kā hukm; wah mawishta yā hakin i tahifti jo kis hikim-i mijāz kī jānib se kisī khās kām ke anjām ke liye ek yā zāid shakhson ke nām jātī ho 'ām isse ki woh kām mulkī ho yā mālī yā faujī wagaira, kamishan yā kamishan kā wātant

To issue a commission — Kunishan jārī k.

To execute a commission - Kamishan ki ta'inil k

To take evidence by or under a commission—Kamishan ke bamūjib (rū yā iķhtijār 8e) shabādat l. yā izdār galam band k.

The court usuing a commission, or the court out of which a commission issues

-'Addiac-1 in a knowledge that the court out of which a commission issues

-'Addiac-1 in a knowledge, with 'addia' public se kamishan juri ho.

The return to a commission - Kailiyat-i-th'inil 1 knowledge, kamishan ki ta'mil ki kaifiyat

[bandi-1-izhūr-1-gawāh]

Commission for the examination of a witness—Kamishan ba-garaz i qalam-Commission for a local investigation—Kamishan ba-garaz-1-taliqiqik i mauqa'

Commission to examine accounts—Kamishan ba-garaz-1-tafhim-1-lisab; lisab janchne ke hye kamishan (kamishan

Commission to make a partition—Kamishan ba-garri taqsim, batware ka 3—lkbtiyar; iquidar; wob ikhtiyar jo kamishan ke ru se diya jae; woh hat jiska ikhtiyar diya jae.

He has a full commission to do this act—Is in he anjām kā iķūtiyār-i-kāmil use hāsil hai (is kām ke karne kā use pūtā khtiyār hai

4 — Woh ashkhās 10 kisī kār-i-mansabî ke anjām ke liye nām-zad kıye jaen ; ahl ı-kamıshan.

A commission has been appointed to enquire into the conduct of that officer -Us able kar ke a'mal ki nisbat tahungit ke hye uhlu kannsh m mumurar

huve hain The commission will hold their sessions carly in the next munth - Ahl 1-kamishan

kā jalsa māh i āyinda ke awāti hī men hoga. 5 — Woh kām 10 dūsre kī taraf se batam uske kār-purdāz ke kuyā

kharid-farokht) jāe, farmāish. 6.-Düste kī ijīzat se uske liye māl kā mol l aur bochnā (uskī To do business on commission - Kin ki ifant so uske hye khaid-farokht k:

arhat ka kam k 7.-Haqqu-s sa'ī, ārhat; dastūrī; kamıshan; dallālī Commission, v t. 1 — Ikhtiyar d , kamıslıan ke zari'e se ikhtiyar d. ya

kısī fi'l ke karne kā mujāz k.

2 — Tkhtiyār dekai kahîn bhejuā. Commissioner, n. 1 - Ahla kamishan, woh shakhs jisko nam kisi kam ke anjām ke hvo hākim-i-mujāz kī taraf se kumishun jarī ho, ahl-i kamishan, kamishnar.

2 — Sāhīb-ī-kamīshuar, woh afsai jisko tv'alling koyi sigu-i sarkāri ho Commit, v. t 1 - Sipurd k ya amanatan sipuid k.; tafwiz k., ba-taur amānat ke hawāla k , dūsre ke gabzo yā ikhlayūr mon kar d

Commit this property to his care-Yali mal usko lufazat ke liyo sipurd kar do 2 - Kisi jagah par hifāzat ko liyo r.

To commit to memory - Hifz k.; zabini yad kai-lena, az bar k.

To commit to the grave - Data k , gabr men r. , gainst.

3. —Qaid men bhejuā; hnāsat men bhomā; quid k.

The offender has been commetted to prison - Woh mujritu and men bheja gays (gaid kiya gaya). "For the sake of bievity, commit is used for imprison." Webster.

4 - Karnā, irtikāli k yā murtakili h., sar-zad k.

To commit an offence - Jurin k , intikab-i jurin k, ya jurin ka murtikih h.

5 —Khatre med dālnā; shurū' hi men koyi arsī bāt kar d. jo palat

na sake balkı uski waih se khatre kā ihtimāl ho-jāc; pā-band k.; apne qābū ke bāhar kar-d To commit one's self-Koyi aist fi'l kai-guzarnā jiske bij'is thrii ya iman

wagaira ke lihāz se chār-nā-chāi kisī khās tarīq kī pairawi karnī parc; kisī ıs qısın ki bāt kā zabān par lānā (kahna yā bayān k.) jisse na qanl ki pābandî îsliye karnî pare ki khilat-bayanı na hone paye

6.—Gaur-o-tajwīz karke rāc likhne ke liye kisî jalse men yā chand muntakhab shakhson ko sipurd k.

The bill has been committed - Woh musawwadan quain gaur-o-tajwin ke ba'd rãe likhne ke liye fulān kametī yā fulān fulān ashkhās-1 muutaķhab ko sipurd huâ bai

Commitment, > n. I.—Sipurdagi; tafwīz; hawālagī. 2.—Qaid, qaid men dālnā; mahbas men bhojnā; qaid k.

3.—Kisî jurm wagana kā ntikāb (uskā k).

4 ---Khatic men dälnä ya pā-band k.

5 —Gaur wa tahin-i-rae ke liye sipuid k, mmittee, a 1. — Woh shakhs ya ashkhas jo kisi kam ke anjam ke liye majina' i-wun'an-i-qawanin khwah 'adalat ya kisi jama'at ki taraf se

muquiar kiye jāen
2.—(Law) Woh shakhs jisko kisī majuūn yā paidāishī nāqisu-l-'aql
kī zāt yā jāe-dād hifāzat ke liye hākim-i-mujāz kī taraf se sipuid ho.
ommodious, a Jis kām yā magsad ke liye ho uske hasb-i-hāl, raf'-i-zarū
iat ke liye munāsib, āiām kā yā āiām-dih, subhīte kā; mauzūn; lāiq

A connodious house or room—Ārām kā makān yā kamra ommodity, n Saudāgarī kā māl-o-asbāb; jins, paidāwār, woh kul manqūla ashyā jo kharīd-farokht kī-jācn. ommon, a 1 — Mushtarak; ijmālī, jiskā ta'alluq-i-musāwī ek so zāid shakhson ko ho

A common ancestor - See Ancestor

A common property—Jaedad-i-mushtaraka (shirakati ya ujmali), woh jae dad jiski malikiyit kayi shakhson ko ba darja-i-musawi hasil ho

2. —'Ām; 'awām ke muta'allıq, pskā mālik 'alāhida na ho.

The right to a highway is common—Shari i-'am ka baq 'am hota hai (woh kisi khis shakhs ki milkiyat nahin hai)

3 --- Mashhūr, 'am; jo aksat sun pare.

The common report is this—'Am ya mashhur khabar yah hai, yah khabar aksaniya sun parti hai.

4 — Ma'mūlī, jo aksar isti'māl men jahe, rāij, murawaj; 'ām,

qısm-ı-khās kā nahin.

5.—Shanf yā 'ālī-khāndān nahīú; 'ālī-mansab yā barā mu'azzaz khwāh lāng nahīu, ma'mūlī, 'ām.

Applied to persons.

6 — Bahnt 'umda yā afzal nahīn, dūsron se barh-kar nahīn; 'ām qısın kā, ına'mūlī.

Applied to things

7 — Ķhāngī-pesha; fāhisha; āwāra.

A common woman – Kasbi, harjāyī, khāngī

In common - Mushtarak, bi-l-ijmāl; ijmālī, bi-s sawīya, shāmilāt men; dūsre yā dūsron ke bārabar bī; jismen do yā zāid ashkhās barābar shirkat rakkhen

To hold in common—Qubza-i-mushtarak r ; bi-l-ijmāl yā shāmilāt men qābiz rahuā; bi-s-sawīya qābiz rahuā

Lands held ın common - Arazı i-shāmilāt, shırākatī qabze ki zamīn.

ommon, n. 1.—Zamin kā tukrā (qat') jismen chār-dīwārī wagaira na ho aur jiske isti'māl kā haq kisī khās shakhs ko nahīn balki 'awām ko ho, maidān.

2.—(Law) Düsre kī arāzī se naf' uthāne kā haq 'am 188e kī uske mālik ķī shukat men ho yā auron ke jo igī qism kā haq rakhte hon. mmoniy, ad 'Umūmau; aksar; beshtar, kasrat se, aksar-augāt.

Common-place, a. Ma'mūlī, 'āra; nayā yā 'sjīb-o-garīb nahīù.

Common-place-book, n Yad-dasht ki kitati, bayaz.

Commetion, n. 1.—Shiddat ki tuhrik, barı kladbali ya kladbalahat jaise samundu wagaira men

2 — Logon mon halchalī yā khalbalāhat, danga-o fisād; hangāma;

balwa, afrā-tifrī.

3 —Pareshānī, di) kā intishār, garmī, josh vā josh-o kharosh COMMUNIBUS ANNIS, [Lat.] Ba-hisāli-i misat-i-sālāna, sālāna ansat ke hisab se khwah uske mutabiq, dusro salon ke muq dode men. COMMUNI CONSENSU, [Lat] 'Am razā-mandi se; sab ki mauzinī yā istirzā se

Communicate, v. t Batlana, zāhir k , flan k.; denā; khol d.

The information was communicated to the police by the village watchman-Ganw ke chaukida ne yah khabar pulis ko di

To communicate a message - Pargam ya khabar di ya puhunchana.

Communicate, v. : 1.—Ek se düsre men ane jane ki rah ka h.; ek se dāsre men guzar kā zarr'a b

The bouses of both parties communicate with each other-Farigan ka make nāt men bu ham āmad-o-taft ki tāh hat.

2 —Āpas men khat-kitābat (miurāsalāt) r.; āpas men rāh-o-rasm r. Communication, 2. 1.-I'lan, 1/ha; ittili', jo kuchh kaha bathiya ya zahir kıya jae, raht, khutüt ya pargüm ke zarl'e se baham munasalat, khutkıtabat, khabar.

2 —Rān, rāsta, ek jagah se dūstī jagah jāno kī rāh; do magāmoń

men bāham āmad-o-raft kā zatī'a.

Communicative, a Batlane ya zahu karne par mail-juna 'ilm ike ya kist wāqi'a ke, jise kisi ame ke zāhu katno (kisî bāt ke batlano) mon bukhl na ho, kisi bāt ke batlāne yā "ähir karne men taummul na k. w.

Community, n 1 -- Mushtarak qabza ya tasariuf.

Community of interests - Ta'ailing via vaf'-migsan men shirkat; do ya zaid shakhson ke ta'alluqat ya naf'-unqsan ka ek h (unki woluluniyat).

2.—Khās-o-'ām ; jumhūr ; 'awāmu u nās ; sah log.

3.-Logon kî jama'nt jinke huquq mushtarak hon ya jo qi'ida wa qanuu-ı-wahid ke pa-band hon.

Community of share-holders—Shuraka ki jama'at.

The village community - Ganw ke log , ahaliyan-i-manza'

Commutable, a Jiskā tabādala dūsie se ho-sake, jo dūsre ke badle men diyā-jā sake.

Commutation, n 1.—Ek hālat se dūsrī hālat men h., tabādala [bāhamī 2.—Ek chīz ke 'ıwaz men dūsrī chīz d., adlā-badlā; tabādala-ı-

3 — (Law) Tabādala-i-sazā ya'nī barī sazā ke badle men ehhotī sazā kā qām k jasse phānsī ke badle 'ubūr-i-daryā-s shor kā hukm d. khwāh qaid ke 'iwaz men jurmāna k

4.—Kısı mi'ad-ı-mu'aiyana ke andar kisi maqam-i-khas tak amad-oraft kā baq usse kam rupaye dekar hāsal kar lenā jitne ki āng jane ke liye judāgana dīye jāte.

Jommute, v. t Sazā-i-shadīd ke 'iwāz men sazā i-narm qāim k.; sazā i-saugīn ko sazā i khafīt se badal-d.

The sentence of death has been commuted to one of transportation for life—Phinsi ki sazā kā hukm tabdīl ho-kar sazā i habs-i-dawām ba-'abūr-i-daryā i shor kā hukm qām kiyā gayā

Commute, v z 1 —Bužat ki bit-chit (uskā 'ahd o-pamān) k.

2 —Kisī khās maqām ke sifai ko liye ek hī martaba line-jāne kā kuāya wagana dene kā band-o-hast k

Compact. a. 1 —Ek hi men khūb lage aur mazbūtī se mile huye—jaise kisi munjamid shai ke zarie, mazbūt, gafs, ghanā, thos

2 — Mukhtasar, mujmīl; pur-mazīnun, chust, tül-o-tawil nahīn; jismen laftīzī na ho (bahut se alfāz na hon)

Compact, 2 Mu'āhada; iqrār, qaul-o-qatār, 'ahd-o-patmān 'ām isse ki shakhson ke datmiyān ho yā qaumon men.

Companion, n. Säthī, hamīlhī, woh shaklis jo düsre ke sāth thorī yā bahut der tak rahe, woh shaklis jisse koyī ham-suhbat wa ham-kalām rahe, sharīk; rafīq.

Company, n 1.—Suhbat, h mrahī, ek sāth yā ham-suhbat r.; mujālasat. 2—Majma', guroh, jamā'at.

3—Woh log jo tafrīh yā khāne-jāne ke liye ek jagah jam' hon, log jo da'wat ke zarī'e se yā aur tarah pir ekatthī hon, mihmān ya'nī khās ghir ke logon ke chhorkar jo bīhar ke log da'wat wagana men bulākar āvon

4.—Woh log jo kisi maqsad-i-wähid ke liye khwāh kisi kīr-khānai-shirākitī men bāham mustahq hon; kothī; kār khāna, kampanī.

An wsweenes company—Buns ki kampani jā kothi

5 —Kısı kothi ke shuraka (sajhi) jinke nam us kothi ke nam ke sath mazkur na hoù (likhe ya bole na jaen)—jaise Baring Brothers and Co. i. c. Company.

To bear company -- H un-tāh ham-rīkāb yā sāth rahnā, kisī ke sāth sāth tahnā yā jānā, kisī kā sāth d yā uskī ham rahī k

To keep company with (a)—Haunah iahuā, sāth d. (b) Kisī kī suhbat men hamesha yā 'ādatan rahnā

Comparable, a Muqābale ke lāiq; jisko düsre se tashbīh de saken; jispar dūsre ke balābar lihāz ho-sako.

Comparative, a. Jiski tashkhis maqibale se ki-jāe

A comparative statement - Naqsha-ı kamî wa beshî, woh naqsha jîsmen kusî shal kî kam-o-besh ta'dād likh-kar dekhoù ki jis shal kî tahqiqat manzür hai usmen kamî huyî ya beshi (woh ghatî ja barhî).

The comparative weight of a body - Düşri shar ke muqabale men ek shar ka wazn

Comparatively, ad Muqābale ke rū se, dūsrī shat ke muqābale men; kīsī dūsre kī nīsbat

Compare, $v \neq 1$ — Muçābala k.; do yā zād chīzon ko unkī mutābaqat y ikhtilāf ke daiyāft karne kī garaz se jānchnā, milānā; tolnā.

2.—Tashbih d., mushābahat d.; kisī sbai ki nisbat yah kahuā ki yah to fulān shai kī mānind hai; tamsīl d. Compare, v. v Düsre ke muqabil h. ya uske sath muqabale men thaharnā, mist yā barābar h., dūsie ko sath tulnā; taqābul kī salūhiyat i.: takkar yā jor khā-sakuā

Companison, n. Magabala; tashkhis-i bahami, shakhson ya chizon ko ek dusie ke muqabale men is gainz se januhua ki dokhen woli ba-ham

muttang ham ya mukhtalif.

Comparisson of hands (Low) - Kisi shakhs ke mod'i dust klint ke usi ke difere dasikhat se jiski asliyat sülat ho chuki ho milákar (minjábala kar-ki) yeh dekhnā ki donon dastkhat ek hi shakhs ke banaye (likha) huye hain ya nahin,

Compartment, n Khāna, gat', khand, jitue judāgāna insson par kovi shai munqasim ho unmen se ek

Compass, n 1.--Gird jānā, gardish, daura.

(gunjāish; samāyī, miqdār. 2 — Gırda ya ghera; had. 3.—Koyī ghirī huyī jagab; phailāw; pahunch; wus'at; haiyiz:

4 — Qibla numā, qutub-numā.

To fetch compass — Dania k ; kim ke gird ghümmü

Compass, v t 1 —Kisī ke nd-gud yā chāron taraf ghūmuā.

2 - Chāron taraf so gher yā band kard, ghernā; balge men dāl d.

3 -Muhāsara k., narge men dālnā, ghero mon dālnā,

4 — Apno qābū yā dast-ras men k.; pānā, hāsil k., karraī; anjām

k yā anjām ko pahuńchānā; pūrā k

5.—Irāda k , 'azm k , kh yāl k., bandish k ; mansuba k. [kā āla. Compasses, a Pargar; daire banane aur khaton ki pannaish aur tagsin Compassion, a. Ham dardi, dasron ki taklif ma'liim k. ya samajimit; woh atsos jo dūsie ki musivat yā taklit so paidā ho, rahm; tars; riqqat, daid.

Compassionate, a Rahim, jiski dil narm ho anr dusron ki taklif

wagara dekh-kar hil-jāc, narm-dil, mun ka sā dil r. w.

Compassionate, v. f Kiel ki ham-dardi k., kiel ki taklif wagairi par rahm k yā tais kliānā. Compatible, a Muwafiq, munasib; mauzun, düsre ke hasb-i-hal; khılaf

Usually followed by with. Compel, v t Majbūr k ; jabr zor yā zabar-dastī so kisī kāra kā karānā, Compendious, a Jismen kisi mazman ya kitab ka khulasa thore men ho; mukhtasır, mutawwal nahin; malin.

Compensate, v t 1 - Kısı ko mu'awaza-ı-musawi d.; kısı khidmat wagarra ke 'iwaz men kisî ko usîke barabai kuchh d., ajr d.; badla d.

To compensate a labourer for his work, or a merchant for his losses - Kismazdür ko uskî mihaat ya kisî saudagar ko uskî nuqsûn) kû badlê d.

2.—Waq'at yā tāsīr men kisī ke barābar h ; kīsī ke barābar h tulnā; talāfī k. [ki ham-qimat düsrī chīz d.

Compensate, v 2. 'Iwaz d., badla d.; talafi k., ek chiz ke 'twaz men us: Followed by for.
To compensate for a loss — Nuqsani kā badla yā mu'āwasa d į talāti i-ziyad k.

Compensation, n. 1.--Khidmat dain nuqsan ya taklif uthane ke badl men jo kuchh dijā jāe, pmu'āwaza; haqqu-s-sa'ī; mihnatūna; ujr: yā ajr, khisāra; harja; tāwān.

2.—(Luw) Mujiāyî yā mujrā, tasfiya-ı-qarza ba-zail'a-i-mujrāyī-i-bī hamī, jab do shakhs bā-h im dām wa madyūn hon to unkā āpas men ek dūsre kī yāftabī kā jam' kar-l.

Jompete, v. s. Usī shai ko dhūndhuž jiskā dūsiā mutalāshī ho; usī chîz ke hāsil karne kī fikr k jiskī tiki dūsie ko bhī ho; tagābul k;

raqalmi k.

Competence, \ n. 1 — Munāsbat, maqdarat, salāhīyat

2.—Wajlı-i-kafüf, āsūda hālī; ısqadar māl-o-matā' ki usse zindagī bi āiām basa ho, raf'-i-zarūtat au ātām se zindagī basar karne ke liye niīl yā ma'āsh kā kāfī taur par h., farāgat yā fātīgu-l-bālī. [qānūm.

3.—(Law) (a) Liyaqat ya qabiliyat-i qunun; munasabat; salahiyat-i-I question the competence of this witness to give evidence seeing that he is under-age, intone, and biassed—Yah gawüh kam-in fatiru l-agl aur jamb-

dār ha libūzū adā i-shahādat kī nesbat uskī salāhīyat-i-qānūnī par mujhe ishtībah har

It is not in the competence of this court to decide such cases—Is 'adalat ko are magaddanat ke infi-al ka ikhtiya gandnan hasil nahin hai

(c)-Qanunan kāli yā bas h., munāsabat.

The competency of this evidence is indisputable—Is shahudat ke quantum kuti hous par huji t nahu ho sakti.

ompetent, a 1 —Kātī, bas; jisse sab kām nikal sake

He has a competent knowledge of the facts of the case—Wāqiāt-i-muqeddame ha'ilm use kāfi bai.

2.-Qābil, lāiq; fāiq.

3.—(Law) Çanûnî salahıyat ya ikhtiyac r w.

A competent court or judge - Woh 'a lithet ya jaj jisko muqaddamāt kī samā'rt wa misāl kā istilujāg yā iķlitvyār ho, 'adālat yā hākum-i-mujāz

A competent witness - Woh gawah Jismen ada-i-shahadat ki salahiyat qanun ke ru se ho; woh gawah jo qanun ke ru se gawahi dene ke la q (usla me jan)ho.

"In a judge or court, competent maplies right or authority to hear and determine (causes), in a witness, it implies a legal right or capacity to testify." Webster.

4.—fkhtıyar ya ıstılıqaq-ı-kafi r. w ; mujaz; jaiz taur par kisi se muta'allıq, kisi ke lıye jaız ya usko ıkhtıyar men.

Followed by to.

It is not competent to the defendant to allege fraud in the plaintiff—Mudda's 'alaih is bat ka mujas nahin harki mudda'i ki nisbat fareb ka bayan kare omnetently, ad. Kafi tauv par; ba tarz-i-kāfi, munāsib taur par; ma'-

q il tam par (ha-tarz-1-ma'qūl) ompetrition, n Jis shai ke hāsil karne kī koshish koyī dūsrā kar-rahā ho usī shai kī talāsh yā uske pāne kī fikr-o-koshish; ek hī shai ke liye do yā zāid shakhson kī pairawī; dūsre se baih-jāne kī jidd-o-jahd, taqābul yā muqābala, hamsarī; raqūbat.

Competitor, n. Usī shar kā sā'ī wa mutalāshī jiskī talāsh dūsre ko ho; usī shar kā tālib jo dūsre ko bhī matlūb ho; raqīb, ham-sar

Compilation, n 1 — Mukhtalif sabīlou se ekutthā k. kiyā jāc; tālīf

2.—Woh kitāb wagara jiskā mawād dūstī kitab wagara se akhz Compile, v t Kitābon yā nawishton ke ajzā ko ekatļiba karke ek anr hī kitāb yā risāla banānā, ek yā kayī musamufen ki tasnīfāt ke ajzī ko intikhāb kaike yak jā k , jude jude kāgazat yā qawanān wagaira ko yakjā am murattab karke unkā ek majinū'a tajyāi k.; tālīf k.

Compiler, n. Muallif, jo dūsiī kitābon se mitikhāb kaike koyi kitāb

taiyar kare, mutafariiq kagazon ya hisabon ka yukja k. w.

Complain, v i 1.—Shikayat k ; shaki h , ranj wagaira ka izhar k ,

afsos k.; nags mkālnī, ulahnā d.

2 - (Law) Nāhsh k., istigāsa k., farjād k., jurm kā ilzām lagānā, ahl-i-kār-i-mujāz ke rū-ba-rū mustagīs h.; da'wā k.; kisi jurm kā ittihām 'āid k.

Complainant, v. 1.—(Law) Mudda'i, nālisbi; mustagis; woh shakbs jo kisī mujim pai da'wī dāi ho; jo shakbs kisī mujim ki nisbut nālish kare (istigāsa posh kare)

2. — Faryādī; shākī, gila-guzār

Complaint, n 1—(Lαw) İstigüsa, nālish; faryād; da'wā, kisī slankhs par is bayān se da'wā k ki usue qānūn kī khilaf warzī kī, kisī kī nisbat ahla-kāi i mujāz se yah zābir k ki woh fulān jurm ka murta-kib huā, jurm kā da'wā.

To institute, lodge, make, or prefer, a complaint—Nülish ya da'wa k.; istiyüsa k To auswei a complaint—Nülish ki janüb dihi ya tardid k

2 —Ranj afsos yā daud wagrun kā izhūr; shikūyat; faryād; naqs nikāluā, haif-gīrī, 'aib-joyī; ulahnā.

3.—Wajh-i-shikāyat, manahā-i-izhār i-taasuf, woh shai jiski mishat yā jiski shikāyat ki-jāe, woh bāt papar rauj yā afsos zühir kijā jac.

4.—Kisī jismānī dard anr be-chanī kī shikāyat ki majh; maras; Līmārī, shikāyat; 'alālat; dukh

"Usually applied to disorders not violent" It'elater.

Complete, a. I.—Kāmil, nāqis nahīn; pūrā; tām yā tamām.

2.—Khātime yā anjām ko pahunchā huā; jismen kuchh takmila bāqī na rahjāe.

Complete, v f. Makammal k.; takmile ko pahuńehana; pūra k.; khatm k., anjām ko pahuńehana, kuchh būgī rahne na d

Completely, ad Ba-tarz-1-kāmil; pūrā-pūrā; sab kā sab; kul yā bi-l-kul

Completion, n. Ikhtitām; khātima, takmil; pūrā ho-jānā.
Complex, a. 1.—Murakkab; do yā zārd ajzā se tarkīb pāye huye;
mufrad nahīn

mutrau namh
2 — Pechida; pur-pech, uljhāw kā; jismen bahut uljhāw ho;
Complexion, n 1 — Jism kā rang-khusūsan chihic kī rangat.

2.—'Umuman surat-ı-zahırı; haiat; shakl

The complexion of circumstances - Halat ki 'am amhiri surat; halat ki halat ya ahati; kisi dat ki kaitiyat jo ba-asbūb i-zühir (zühir men) ho.

Complexity, n Uljhaw; pêchidagi; pechida ya uljha h.

Compliance, n. 1—Îfa; ta'mîl; bajā-āwaiî; ittibā'; itā'at; manzūrī; inzāmandī, kisī kī istid'ā khwāhish hukm talab yā kahne ke mutābiq kisī amr kā anjām (uskā karnā).

Followed by with

A compliance with the conditions of a contract—Ifā yā ta'mīl-1-sharāit 1 mu'āhada, mu'āh ide ke mutābiq kisī bāt kā k [muwāfiq In compliance with—Ba mūjib, hasb, baāfā, ba-ta'mīl; ba-ittibā', mutābiq.

2 — Dūsroń ke khush karne ki khwahish, akhlaq, tawazu'

Complicated, p α Pechida, uljhā huā, pur-pech yā pech kā, pech-dār A complicated case—Pur pech mugaddama, pechīda-mu'āmala

Complication, n Uljhāw; pechīdagī, ek hī ek meň nathā yā khūb milā h Complicity, n. Shirkat-i-jurm; jurm men sharīk h, jurm kī shirākat

Compliment, n Akhlāq yā ta'zīm-o-takim wagaira kā izhār; salām, salām-o-niyāz, ādāb wa taslīmāt, bandagī, kornish.

To send one's compliments to a friend-April salam kisi doet ko kahla ya likh bhenna.

In this sense, always used in the plural.

Compliment, v. & 1 —Ta'rīf k., tausīf k.; barāyī k., sarāhuā; ta'zīm k., takrīm k.; tahnīvat d.; ranbārak-bād kahnī yā d.

2—Kuchh ba-taur nazı ya tuhfe ke d., kuchh nazr wagana dekar ya koyi aur mılır banı ka fi'l kaıke apnı mihrbanı ya shafaqat zahir k Complimentary, α Jısse pas lıhaz ya ta'nıf zahın ho, ta'nıfı; tausıfı, ta'zımı, akhlaqıya; salanı

A complemente y address - Sipās nāma , kisī ki ta'rīf-i-zabānī yā tahrīnī.

Comply, v. i Pūrā k , anjām ko pahunchānā , ta'mīl k ; īfā k , bajā lānā , manzūr k ; karnā yā mānnā

Usually followed by with.

To comply with one's request—Kisi ki darkhwast ya istid'a ku pūrā k , kisi ki darkhwast ke mutābiq 'sinal k , kisi kā kahuu mānnā yā karuā.

To comply with an order—Ta'mil-1 hukm k , bukm bajā lānā

Component, a Jisse koyī shai bane; jisse koyī shai tarkīb pāye; tarkībī The component parts of a body—Kisī shai ke ajzā i-tarkībī; woh ajzā (hisse) jinse koyī shai tarkīb pāye

Component, n Juzw 1-tarkībī, woli hissa jiske jorne yā milāne se koyī shai-1-murakkab ban-jāc. [kī gaiaz se

COMPONERE LITES, [Lat.] Tasfiya-ı-vizā' ke liye; jhagrā tai karne Compose, v t 1.—Do yā zāid ashyā ajzā yā mufradāt ko yak-jā karke

banānā, bāham tarkīb d. yā murakkab banānā; banānā.

That work is composed of four parts—Us Litāb men chār hisse hain yā woh chār hisson par mushtamil hai.

2.—Kısi kul ke ajzā h.; shāmil k.; banānā; qāim k

The statements of four witnesses compose the whole evidence for the prosecu tion—Subūt yā mudda'i kī jāmb kul shahādat chār gawāhon ke bayānāt par shāmil hai (chār gawāhon ke bayānāt ke piwā aur koyī subūt mudda'i kī taraf nahīn hai.)

3 — Dil se banānā; az-sai-i-ban banānā, tasnīf k , kirī nazm yā nasr kī kitāb wagaira kā masamut bannā. [juse dil ko.

4 -Thaughā k., taskin d., thokāno se k., intakhar sa bari k.

5 — Tark, tasliya k., raf'k pose plazze ko. (guzar na ha 6. — Munāsih tariq par rakhnā, ami hālāt mon r. ki intishar ka

Composed, p a. Mutaharrik yā dānwāndol nahm, qarar ki hālat men, sākiu, dhīrā [kitāli telitīr risāla ya musklim. Composition, n 1—Tasuīf; inshā-pardāzī, koyī chlapi yā malamī

2.—Tarkib pano va murakkab banaye jane ki halat.

3 — Tasfiy i-i mia' ke hye sharait ki baham minziri; jhugre ka tasfiya, us bat ka jhaga ho uska niptaw, musalaha; 'ahd o par-

min , เลิงโ-หมุนี' ho-jaua

4—(Law) Kisī dain ke īfā ke liye jo sharten yā sanīlen prihle qāim ho chukīn yā mahkūma i-qānām hou unko khilāf us dain ke udī ke liye koyī bāhamī mu'āhada, kisī aise um āwaze ke tā se jispar dām aur madyūn donon iāzī hou kisī qaiz kī chuktī yā uskā taktīya, kisī madyūn nādai (diwāliye) ke dāmen ko parte ka mutābiq rupaje dekar qarz sāf kur-d., dāmā sāhī : iasadī hisse ka mutābiq diwaliye ke dam kā patānā, kisī mugān kā mu'iwazi. Woh mu'awaza yā woh rupaye jo kisī qarz ke chukāne ko liye aslī shart ke khitāt fartquu kī iazā-mandī se dive jācu. ['aql mānn

COMPOS MENTIS, [lat] Sahihu-l'nql, maslabu-l-hawas ya fatiru-l-

Composure, n Taskin, dil-jam'i, diaman, jam'iyata khatir.

Compound, v t I —Ek men milina: ekatilia k ; murakkab brumna.

2—(Lau) Kisī takrāt yā nizā' ko āpas mon tar kar lenā; sulh k, rāzī nāma k; āpas men rāzī ho jāna, kisī dain ko ada ki jo shurten pahle tai pā-chukī hon unko khilai dūstī sharāt ke mutābiq jo apas men tai pāyī hon us dain kā ada kar d.

Compound, a Murakkab; mutakarriq ayst se band hud; mufrad nahid.

Compound interest - See Interest

Compound, n 1. Murskkab shar. [ghar ho

2—Ihāta; wob zamīn jo kisī 'imārat ke guid nichī diwaron se Compoundable, a (Law) tābil-i tastīya-i-bā-hamī; jismen tāzī-nāma ho sake, jo āpas men tai pi-sake

The offence of murder is not compoundable—Junin i-qutla 'anid' men rizi' nama nabin ho-sakta

Comprehend, v t. 1.—Shāmd r ; tāwīlan yā zimnan dākhil k.

2—Samijhuž; brijhuž; kisī bāt kā matlab dil men manajh lenā. Comprehensible, a 1.—Jo kisī shar men shāmil 52 dākhil ho sahe; mumkinu-lishtomāl.

2 — Samjhe jāne ke qābil, jo samajh men ā-sake; qābil-i idrāk, jo dil men samā sake.

Comprehension, n 1 - Shumul ya ishtimal.

2.—Samaju, zihn, 'aql, idrak.

Comprehensive, a. I.—Jismen bahut kuchh shāmil ho; jismen bahut sī bāten dākbil hon, hāwī, wasī', jāmi'; qalīlu-l-lafz wa kasīru l-ma'nī.

2.—Jismen bahut sī bāton ko ek hī martaba samajhne ki quwwat ho.

Comprise, v t Shāmil r ; dīkhil k ; mutazammin yā muhtawī h Compromise, n Musalaha, bahum ruf'-i-shar, sulh, tasfiya i-bahami; woh mu'ahada jiske rti se do faiiq-i makhalif ek düsre ki misbit kuchh kuchh mayat karke apas men jhagra tarkar-len (apas men kuchh chhor-chhorāke Jhagiā mptā len).

To effect a compromise—Sulh k , tasfiya-i-bāhamī k.

Deed of compromise - Sulh nāma, sāzī nāma

Compromise, v. t. 1.—Tusfiva-1-bāhami k., āpas men kuchh chhorchholākar jhagaā tai kai-d., sulh k.

The case has been compromised—Is muqaddame men apas men tasfiya hoʻgaya (sulh hogayī)

2.—Khatre men dālnā, kisī qaul yā fi'l se apnī tayīn pā-baud k Compulsion, n Jabi; zabar-dastī; zor, ta'addī. pare. Compulsory, a Jabrija; majbūr k w , jisse koyî fi'l chāi-pā-chār kainā Compulsory measures - Jabrīya tadbīren; woh tadbīren pinke bā'ns koyī kām khwāhi-na-khwāhī kainā paie

Computation, n. Shumar, gutī, lusāb; ta'dād, tashkhīs.

Compute, v. t. Shamar k.; gama, hisab k., ganti k.; 'amali-hisabi se tahqiq k ; jorna, jor ya ekattha karke daryaft k

Comrade, a Sithi; sangi, ham-tabi, rafiq. [na kahna; ikhfa k Conceal, v t. 1.-- Makhfī yā poshīda r.; zāhir na k , zahān par na lānā; To conceal a fact-Kisi wa'qi'a ka zahii na k , kisi hal ka zahan par na lana ya na kalina

2.—Nazar bachānā, nigāh se dūr r ; no dekhānā; ohlupānā yā chlupā r. To conceal stolen property - Mal-i-mastaqa ko chhipa r , chori ka mal kisi ko dekhno na d

Concealment. n 1 — Ikhfā; poshīdagī, 'adam-1-izbār.

Concealment ot facts - Ikhfa 1-waqı'at; 'adamı 1 ızbar-i-waqı'at (halat ka kişi ko na batlanā)

2.- Nigāh se dūr r.; chbipānā, aisī tarah par rakhnā ki dekh na kī nazar na pare.

3.—Chhipno ki jagah; taubāyi kā maqām; woh jagah jahān kisi In concealment-Khufyatan, chlupt ke; makhfi tarah par

4 — (Law) Sachchī bāt (asl-1 haqīqat yā nafsu-l-amr) kā chhipā yā dabā r.; asse hālāt kā zābii na k jo iusāfan qābil-i-izhār hon.

Concede, v. t Qabul k.; taslim k., man lena; manzur kar l., bila i'tiraz ke chhor d.; bataur sahih wājib yā munāsib ke mān lenā.

Conceit, n 1.—KhayāI, qiyās, tasawwur; rāe, tarang.

2.—Tashkhīs, samajh, apnī sūrat shakl ya liyāqat wagaira kā barā khayāl, khud-bīnī, khud-parastī.

Out of conceit with - Kisī aisī shai se jo pahle margūb rahī ho tabī'at phere huye, kisî shai kā phir mushtāq nahīo; mutanaffii, rāzī yā khush nahīn.

Concerted, a. Apnā barā khayāl r. w., apne ko har tarah se bahut barā samajhne wālā, khud-bīu; khud-pasaud, mutakabbir. Conceivable, a. Jo khayāl qıyās yā samajh men ā-sake.

Conceive, v. t. 1.—Hamal r. yā hāmila h.

2.—Tajwīz k.; mansūba yā bandısh bāndhnā; dil se soch-kar nikālnā yā qārm k. [samajhnā

3.—Samajhnā, khayāl k., tasawwnr k , khayāl men lānā; mumkm lonceive, v i 1 —Hāmila h.; pet se h. yā pet rahuā.

2.—Kbayāl k., tasawwui k.

With of

Concentrate, v. t Ek markaz yā marja' kī taruf rujū' k.; yak jā yā ekatthā k., am bhī ok dūsie ke nazdīk k.

Ionception, n. 1 — Hamal, pet se h.

2—Tasawwur, khayāl, samajh. [h; muta'allıq h. Concern, v t 1—Kām kā h, kısī ko naf' kī bāt h.; kısī ke lıye mufid

It much concerns a pleader to be honest to his clients.—Wakil ke hise yah hat mihayat kam ki hu ki apue muwakkilon se diyanat-dari kace.

2.—Ta'alluq sarokār fikr yā lagāw r.; jī lagānā.

A good landlord concerns himself in the happiness of his tenants—Achehha rimiù dar aprii ri'aya ki khushhali ki fikr iaklila liai.

The accused was actually concerned to the offence charged—In jurin but ilvans us mulzam par lagaya gaya usse woll waql'i ta'allaq rakhta tha.

3 —Fikr men dālnā yā fiki-mand k., bo-chrin k ; parcellān k

To be much concerned for the safety of a friend-Kisi doet ki nilihated affilyat ki nishat bahut fikr-mand (mutafakkir) h.

4 —Bejā dast-andāzīk, nā-munāsib taur par dakhl d.; hāth dālnā. To concern one's selt with the allars of another person—Dusre shaklis ke kār. o bār men hāth dālnā (nā-munāsib taur par dakhl d.).

Concern, n. 1 — Ta'alluqāt; kār-o-bār; mu'āmala. [muasair ho.

2.—Barīyī; sūd-mandī, woh bāt jo bubūdī yā khūsh hāli par

3.—Fikr, andesha; khayāl; ta'alluq

4.—Kothī, kār-khāna, woh log jo kār-o-bār men sharīk hon; kothī aur uskā kār-o-bār.

The loss affects the whole concern-Kul kothi kā nuqsān hua; is nuqsām kā asar bi-l-kul kā-khāne par hai.

Concert, v. t Āpas men band-o-bast k; bāham mashwarn yā ittifāq karke tai k, do yā zāid shakhson kā ekatthā ho-kar kisī bāt kā land-o-bast k. To concert measures—Āpas men bāt-chīt yā ittifāq karke kisī bat ke anjām kī

tadbir k.

Concert, n Kısı tadbir ya mansübe men do ya zaıd shakhson ka ittifaq; ittifaq-ı-bahamı, apas men apui apui rao wa apue upue khayalat ko zahır karke ittifaq paida k., muwafaqit; mutabaqat; mel.

To act in concert with another - Düsre shakhs ke ittiläy se käm k.; düsre shakhs se milkar käm k

Concession, n. 1.—Kisī kī istid'ā ke ba-mūjīb use kuchh de-d., māngne par kisī ko kuchh d.; ri'āyat.

2.—'Atīya; woh shat jo di-jāwe.

3.—Faiîq-i mukhālif kī kisī hujat ko is garaz se taslīm kar-lenā ki ek aisī bāt hāsil hojāwe jisse inkāi nahīn ho-saktā yā yah anir sābit hojāwe ki bā-wasf-i-taslīm-i-'uzr faiiq-i-sānī ko galaba nahīn he-

saktā balki farīq i-awwal bī aur wujūh par gīlīb ā-saktā hai; taslim; ījāb; iqbāl.

Conciliate, v. t. 1.—Sulh karānā, mel karānā; phir bāham dost banānā, raf'-i-shar k.; plagrā mptānā.

An attempt has been made to conciliate the contending parties—Fariq 1 mutanaza'ın mad sulh karane ki koshish huvî hai.

Conciliation, n. Sulh; mel; do fariq-i-mukhāhf ko plur bāham dost banā d.

Conciliatory, a. Sulh-kuu; sulh saz, muslih; juise sulh ho-jae; jisse To adopt conciliatory measures— Aisī tadbiren karnā jinse sulh ho-jāe

Concise, a. Mukhtasar, mutawwal nahin; psmen altaz to thore hon par unkā mazmūn bahut kuchh ho, ba 'ībātat i-mukhtasat wa pur mazmūn; jismen sirf khās khās bāten hon; hāwī; qalīlu-l-lafz wa kasūu-l ma'nī.

"Used of style in reading or speaking" Webster.

Concisely, ad. Ikhtisar ke sath; mukhtasaran; aise tariq par ki alfaz thore hon par mazmun wasi ho, chand lafzon men (ba-alfaz i-chand)

Conciseness, a. Ikhtisar, ijmal, likhne ya bolne (tahur ya taqili) men ikhtisar: kotali kalami.

Conclude, v. t. 1 — Natīja mkālnā, dalād se mustambat k., ma'nī mkālnā. 3 — Kisī amr ko qat'ī tar kar-d.; kisī amr kā taslīya bi-l-maqta' kar d.; tar k., mptānā; thahrānā

To conclude a peace - Aklur men sulh k

[khatm k

To conclude a sale—Bu' ke mu'smale ko khānme ko pahunchānā, nilām 3.—Khatm k , khātime ko pahunchānā; anjām ko pahunchānā.

4.—(Law) Mām' h.; toknā; muzāhum h.; bahs jā kār-rawāyī i-mazīd se roknā, kisī ko usī kī bahs yā taslīm se pā-band yā majbūr kar-d. (āge barhue yā chalne un d).

The defendant is concluded by his own plea-Mudda'h 'alaih apue hi 'uzr se

pā-baud yā majbūr ko gayā hai

Conclusion, n 1 — Khātīma; jūzw-ī-ākhīr; ākhīr kā hīssa; jūzw-i-intihāyī. 2 — Natīja-ī-dalīl yā halis, maāl-ī-kār; matīja-ī-ākhīr

To draw a conclusion - Natija-1-aklar nikaluz.

3 - Tajwīz-rākhir; faisala i-ākhir, woh rāc jo ākhir men gāim ho.

To arrive at, or come to, a conclusion - Rue-takhir quim k., albur men tajwiz k

4 — (Law) (a) Khātima-1-'nzr (b) Woh amr jiskī wajh se koyī farīq apne kisī qaul yā h'l kā pā-band ho-jāe.

Conclusive, a Ākhn; qat'ī, qāti', shāfī, bi-l-maqta'; jisse āyinda ko bahs kī gunjāish na rahe; jo kāi-rawāyī-i-āyinda kā mām' ho; mukhtatım, nā qābil-i-taidīd, jisse kisī bahs men fariq-i-mukhālif qāil ho jāe.

A conclusive answer - Jawab-1-Fkbir, jawab 1-qat'i ya shafi.

A conclusive argument - Buhs-i-qūti'; aisī dalīl jisse āyinda ko bahs kī gunjāish na rahe ya jiskī tardīd na ho-sake

Conclusive evidence (Law)—Subūt-i-qat'ī, also subūt jiskī tardīd yā tauzīh qānūn ke iū se jāiz na ho ; subūt-i-shāfī yā qāti'.

Conclusive presumption (Lan) — Qiya-i-qati'; aish qiyas i-qunun jiski tardiq hargiz na ho-sake; qiyas i-qanani jo kisi tarah qabil i tardid na ho.

Conclusively, ad Bi-l-maqta'; qat'an; ba tajwiz-iākhir, tusi tarah ki' qābil-i-tardīd na ho

This point of law has been already conclusively actilled ~ Yah quar-i-quarant la l maqta' tarko chuka har (uski taywiz is tarah par he chuka hai ki ab usman bahs ki gunjaish na rahi).

Conclusiveness. n Jismen niză ke tai karne ya ido (dam karane Li quwwat ho, qati hone ki sifat i. w.

The conclusiveness of this evidence can not be denied—Is but so inker mahin ho-sakta ki yah subut quti har

The conclusioners of his argument is questionable—Yah muchtahah har ki uski dalil meh is qadar quewat har ya nahah ki uspar rae qalux ho-sake (aske qāti' hone men relitibāli hai)

Concoct, n. Mansübu karke qama k ; bandısh k ; tadbir karka klınça k.
To concoct a senemo-Koyl mansüba güm ya klı va k.

The accused says the case has been connected against him by the police—Mulzam & bayan hai ki yah muqaddana uspar ahl kanani pulis ne khang kiya hai (bandish karke qam kiya hai)

Concord, n. 1.—Shakhson men ittifaq; iae hhayal ya maqsad wagaira ka yaksan h, mel; sulh

Ž —Asbyā (chīzon) men mutābagat muwafagai yā mumītsabat.

Concordant, a Mutäbiq, muwāfiq, mushābah [hujūm Concourse, n Majma', logon ki jamā'at, ashyā kā ijtimā' (akaṭṭhā h);

Concubmage, n Bilā iz liwāji-jāiz mard avir 'aurut ka yak jā rahuā; madkhūliyat, haima mon rahne kī hālat

Concubine, n Zan i-madkhūla; sumiya; haram; chor-mahal; woh 'aurat jo kisī maid ko sāth bilā izdiwāj i-jāiz ialie.

Concur, v. 2, Muttafiq h.; ek dil h., muttaliqu-r-rāo (ek rāe) h.

The court concurs with the assessors in a quitting the accused... Mulkare ki baraat men 'adalat ke assesson ki rae se itilaq has.

Concurrence, n. 1 — Ittifāqi-rāe; dilon kā ek h.; bāham kisī bāt ko manzīn k.

In concurrence with the assessore, the court convicts the prisoner—Ba ittifac i-rae-i asesarin 'addlat mudd...'i 'alash par jurni sabit qarar deti haf.

2 — Ham-iqtidārī, hom ikhtiyārī, ek sāth ikhtiyār kā r.; hurāhar hujūq-i-mushtanik r.

A concurrence of jurisdiction in two different courts—Do mukhtalif 'additation kā ham-ikhtiyār h. (kisi bāb men yaksīn ikhtiyar 1.)

Concurrent, a. 1.—Muttahid; ek sath 'amal k. w.; ek natīja paidā k. w.; muttafiq.

Concurrent judgment—Tajwiz yā rāc-i muttafiqa, alsī tajwīz jismen do yā said mujawwizonkī iāc ek bi ho [kā bayān.

Concurrent testimony—Shghādat-i muttafiqa, do yā zāid shakhson kā ok qism 2.—Mushtarak wa musāwi, yak jāyī wa muta'alliq-i shai-i-wāhid. The magistrate and the sossions judge have concurrent jurisdiction in some cases - Ba'z muqaddumāt mon majistret aur seshin ja; ikhtyār-i-mushtarak wa musiwi jakhte harb

Concurrently, ad. Ek sath; mil-kai; bi-l-rttifaq; yak-jäyi.

Condemn, v t. 1.—Be-jā yā mhāyat be-jā qarār d , kisī kī nisbat nā-

pasandidagi ya na razi zaher k ; rad k ; na-manzur k.

To condemn one's conduct- Ki i he tong ko be-ji thuhuana (reki nisbut apai nā tāzī zābir k) To condomn something as faulty-Kast shal ke nā jis

2 — Mujiim yā gunah-gār thahiānā; sazā kā hukm d. yā sādir k; kısı par ba-ıklıtıyar-ı-'adalat hukm-ı-saza sadır k

The accused has been condemned to death-Mulzam ki mistat sazi mant (phān-i) kā hukm sādir huā hau.

Condemnation, & Mujrim tajwīz karke sazā kā hukm d

A judicial condemnation - 'Adulat se tajviz i muji uni wa hukm-i-savit ka sudur.

Condign, a Munäsib, jiskā kovī sazāwār (läig) he. "This word is now most frequently used in connection with the word punishment "

Condigo pumishment - Sava i manasib; to zir-i-wagila

thahı ükur rad ya na-mauzür k.

[mule Ing.

CONDITIO SINE QUA NON, [Lad] Shart-i läzımî; zarirî shart, läzım

Condition, n 1.- flat, halat, kunfiyat. 2,-(Law) Shart; qarat ya iqrat; 'alid-o-paimun; kisi dast-awez ya mu'ahado kil woh juzw jismon yah shara bo ki sharat i-hast-Iwoz ya

mu'āhade kī ta'mīl na hone kī sūrat men woh mu'āhada bātil hojāegā vā tāwān-i-ma'htida 'āid hogā 3.—Läzun-malzum; weh bät jiske hone ya na hone par kisi düsre

fi'l kā madār ho Conditions of sale - Sharait-i nilim; woh sharten jo kisi järdad ke nilum ke

Band-i sharāit i-nilām, woh nawishta jismen nikim ki live unim ki-jana sharten likhi hou Condition, v. z. Qaul-o-qarar k. ; mu'ahada k. ; shart k.

Conditional, a. Mashrūt; sharti; jo quyūd ke sāth kiyā jāc; jismen sharten lagāyī jāen; jo pā-baud-i-sharāit kiyā jāe; gair-mutlad, bilā shart ya bila-qaid nahin; bi-l-wafa.

A conditional promise - Wa'da i sharti ya mashitit ; woli wa'da jisha pui'i kıya jana kısı düsti shert ki tahnil par mauqüf ho

A conditional sale - Bai'-i-bi-l-watā yā bai'-i mashitit, woh bai' jiskā mukim mal honā kisī shart ki ta'mīl par pinuhasu kijā jāc.

A conditional pardon - Mu'afi-i-shartī , ma'āfī mashrūt ba quyūd

Conditionally, ad. Quyud ke sath, koyi khas shart ya qard lagakar; kisi bāt kī shart par (ba-shart hone uske), bil kul yā kullīyatan nahīn,

ba-sharte ki kisî ami î khās ki ta'mil kî jae. Condole, v. z. Düsre ki taklîf ya musîbat par ranj zāhir k.; izhar-i-hamdardī k., mātam pursī k ; lauj k.; ta'ziyat k.

Followed by with.

Condolence, n Ta'ziyat; mātam-pulsī; dūsre ke ranj par afsos yā hamdaldī kā izhāi

Conduce, v. 2. Kisī bāt men madad d yā mu'āwin h ; kisī taraf ko lochalnā yā mād karānā ; koyī kām nikālnā yā kisī kām men anā.

Followed by to.

Conducive, a Le-chalne yā māil k. w.; mumidd; mu'āwiu; mu'in.

Conduct, n. l.—Atwar, rawish; tarīq; waz', ā'māl. [yā afsarī

2—Ihtimām, mshām, khabar-gīrī; panawī; chalmā, hukimat

The conduct of one's affairs—Kisī ko kāmon kā ihtimām, kisi ke umālāt kā

The conduct of a case - Muqaddame ki pairawi (uski khabai giri),

Conduct, v. t. 1.—Ham-rah jakar rah dekhlana; le-jana, rah numayi k.

The accused conducted the police to the scene of occurrence—Ahl-karaa-i-pulis
ko mulzan iaanga'-i waradat par le-gaya

2.—Chalaua; anjam d., inanam k; pairawi ya khabar-giti k.

The case was not properly conducted in the lower court - Yah imaquidama malikama-i matcht men ba to x-i muna-ib chalkya na gaya; is muqaddama ki ni-bat muhkama i matcht men pahawa i-munasib na hayi. He conducts his affars well - Woh apua kar-o bar ba-khilu mujam deta (ch niata) ha To conduct one's self well or ill - Bhali ya buri chal chalma, tama-i-mok ya bad

ikhtiyāi k.

insu**x**u

Confederacy, n. 1—'Ahd-o paimān; qaul-o qarār; bandish; mel; jo mu'āhada do yā zāid ashkhās wagaira ke mālain kisī kām men i'ānat-ibāhamī ki nisbat ho, 'ahd-o-paimān-i-bāhamī.

2.—Sāzish, bandish; kisī b'l i-nājāiz ko irtikāh ke liye do yā zāld

shakhson ko mābam ittifān,

3 - Woh log yā woh riyāsaten yā qauraen jo 'ahd-o-paimān ke

zavi'e se apas mon muttafiq hon.

Confederate, a. 'Ahd-o-pamān men muttafiq; 'ahd-o-paimān ke rū se bāham sharīk; kisī qaul-o qarān men sharīk; sharīk; muttahid; rafīq. Confederate, n. Rafīq; sharīk; woh shakhs jo kisī qaul-o qarān men dūsron kā sharīk ho. [men shirkat k.

Confederate, v i 'Ahd-o-paimān men sharīk h.; mu'ālada-i bahamī Confederate, v t. Kisi qaul-o-qarār men sharīk k.; apna sharīk banānā. Confer, v. v Bāham mashwata k ; kisī apn-i-aham (kām ki bāt) kī nisbat bāham guftgū k.

Followed by with.

Confer, v. t Bakhshnā, 'atā k., fāida bakhshnā yā 'māyat k.; dawām ke liye koyī haq 'atā k

Followed by on.

To confer benefits on a person - Krai ko nať bakhshnä. To confer a title or honour on a person - Krai ko khrtab ja 'zzat bakhshnā ya 'ata k.

Conference, n 1.—Kısı amrı-aham ki nisbat baham mukalama; do yazad shakhson ka apas men mashwara gaur ya kahuo suune ke liye ham-kalam h.; mashwara 1-bahami. [mulaqat.

2.—Mashwara balıs ya falımaısh ki garaz so yakja lı. ya julsa k.;

Confess, v t. 1.—Iqbāl iqrār yā taslīm k.; qabūl k ; i'tirāf k ; kisī qusūr jurm yā dain kā muqir h (uso apno āpar ga dān l.)

To confess a crimo-Iquar-i juim k ; juim taslim k. ; i'tuaf-i-jurm k.

To confess a fault – Qusür taslim k , yah kahna ki hum se qusür huñ. [na k. To confess a debt – lqbal i dam k ; qaiza qabül ya taslim k ,qarz-darī se inkār

2.—Kisī bayān yā wāqr'a ko taslīm k. (use bataur sahīh komān l.); yah kahnā ki fulān bāt sach hai. [sarīhī.

Confessedly, ad. 1 — Lā-kalām; yaqīman; qat'an, bilā shubba, muqarrar; 2.— lqrāt ke i'tībār so (rū se); khulā khulī; ba-tarz-ì-fāsh; hāukā-hānkī; pukāt ke.

Confession, n 1 — Iqrār; iqbāl; l'tuāf, ījāb-1 jurm yā qusūr; jurm 1lzām

yā qusūr wagaira kā barmalā igrār.

The accused has been convicted on his own confession—Woh mulzam apne hi iquir par multim quit diva gaya hai, as mulcam par khushusi ke iqbal ke ba-muijib jurin sabit thahiaya gaya hai.

To make a confession - Iquar k; muqir h; mbal (qabal) k.

To extort a confession - Jubriya agrāt katānit.

2.—(Law) Kisī madytu kā apno dain yā muākhazo ko hākum ko ru-ba-rū taslīm k. Jiskī bunyād par digu hokar janī kī-jāe; 14bāl-da'wā.

Confidant, | n. Rāz-dāi; yār-gār; dilī dost; ham-rāz; mu'tamad-Confidante, | 'alaih [samajhuā Confide, v. z. I'tibāi k., bharosā k.; takiya k.; yaqīn lānā, sachchā

Followed by zn.

Confide, v. t. Sipurd k.; i'tibār par hawāla k.; mufawwaz-ilaih ko îmāndār samajh kai taiwīz k., koyī shai kisī shakhs ko yah yaqin kaike sipuid k. ki woli usko hifazat yā husn-i-intizām se rakkhegū.

Followed by to.

Confidence, n. 1.—I'tibar; i'timād; takiya; bharosā; itmīnāu.

To place confidence in a statement or report—Kiel bayan ya khabar par i'tuwad k. To have or put confidence in one—Kiel shakha par i'tibir takiya ya bharosa k.

 Apuī liyāgat yā danlat par takiya; apnī istitā'at par bharosā; inhisār-i-zātī.

3.—Dilerī; juraat; woh yaqīn jo kibr yā apnī liyāqat wagaira ko khayāl-i khām se paidā ho; tayaqqun, khud-binī.

Confident, a 1 — Mu'taqıd; yaqını kamıdr. w. yaraklıta hua; mutmayın, khatir-jam'; bharosa karke; takıya karke.

2.—Apue hi upar takıya k w., diler; be-bak; nidar; be khauf.

3.—Shokh, gustākh; be-hayā

Confidential, a. I.—Mu'tamad, ham-rāz; i'tībātī; jīspar tamāniyat ho yā ho-sake, sazāwāt-i-i'tīmād; i'tībār ke lāiq

A confidential friend - Dost-1-mu'tamad; i'tibitri dost.

2.—Rāz kā; makhfī, poshīda; jo is tamāniyat par batlāyā jāc kī woh zābīr na kiyā jācgā.

A confidential message—Paigam-i-makhfi; and paigam ya aisi khabar jiski nisbat yah magsad ho ki woh anron ko ma'lam na ho.

- A confidential matter—Riz kī būt; bhed kī būt, ausī būt jiskā i'lān dilsron par manzūr na bo ya'nī jis shakhs ko woh būt batlay? jao noke sawa min koyī na jāne
- Confidential communication—(Live) With bilt jo munwakkil apne wekil ya kanúsali negama ko uske peshe ke rishu se butlawa nur jirkit rahi, k us wakil ya kancsali par jāz na ho; munwakkil ki bullayi pesheda hat jishu izhār wakil wagaha ke liye mumuti ho, utilu' i makhti.
- Called also privilezed communication,
- Confidentially, ad Bu-tarz i-makhfī, poshīda tarīg par; i'tibūr par; 17z yā bhed kī tarah; is itmīnān par ki rāz fāsh na kiyā jāegā (bhed na kholā jāegā).
- Confidently, ad Tayaqqun ke sāth, nihāyat yaqin se, khūb yaqin karke; bilā shubha, bilā waswasa, bilā tazalzul-i-iāc; yaqīnan, mazbūtī se, bilā pas o pesh, be āgā-pīchhā kiye.
- Confine, a Kanāra; hāshiya, bāharī hissa, had; sarhad; kisi mulk kā hissa jo uske hadd-i-nitihāyī par khwāh usko nazdīk ho, siwāna yā sewān.
 - "Used commonly in the plural, and applied chiefly to countries, territories, cines, rivers, &c" Webster.
- Confine, v t 1 Qaid k.; habs men r.; mahbūs k.; bund r.; nikalne na d., bāndh yā rok v.
 - To confine a criminal in prison—Mujrim ko quid mon (quid) r.; majrim ko mabbas men r
 - To confine water Pānī ko rok ya bahdh r. (bihdh bahdhka) usko bah jane 2. - Pā-band k , zabt men k. , ikhtiyār men k. ; mahdād k.
 - 3.—Kısî fi'l ya'üdat ka pa-band k. fraha k.
 - 4.—Kasrat so makān par rahnā; heshtur tanhāyi yā goshe men To be confined—Zachā ki hālat men h; saur men h
- Confine, v i Ham saihad h.; kisī ke kanāre par wāqi'h.; kisī dāsre ko siwāne se lagā h. (aske mulhiq yā muttasil h.)
 - Usually followed by on
- Confinement, n. 1.—Qaid, habs; āzādī kā jabrīva rokā jānā; rok, zaht; gosha-mshīnī, 'uzlat-guzīnī, tanhājī men rahna
 - To keep or place a person in confinement Kisa ko quid (quid mion) 1.; malibus (habs men) r; band r.; muquiyad r
 - 2.—Bīmārī kī wajh se ghai se inkalne men rukāwat; lurkā jaune ke sabab se ghai hi men rahuā, zachagī.
- Confirm, $v \neq 1$.— Ziyāda-tar istiqlāl ke sāth qāim k.; mustaqil k.; manzūr k; manzūri-i-bā zābita ke zaiže se jūz qarūr d.
 - To confirm a person in an appointment—Kisl slinklis ko kisi 'nhde par kil istiqlal muqarrar k (mustaqil k) (arrur manzar k.
 - To confirm the appointment of a public officer—Kisi mulium-i-anr-kari ka taq-
 - 2.—Yaqini thabnana; mutahaqqaq k.; az-sar-ı nau paya-ı tahqiq ya sihhat ko pahunchana, shubho se bari k.; sabit k.; tayki k.; muanyid h.

The parol evidence in this case is confirmed by the documentary evidence adduced—Is muqaddame men shahādati-lisānī ko shahādat-i-kāgazî peshshuda se tāyīd hoti hai

3.—Mustahkam k ; wāsıq k.; wusüq d.; mazbūt k., bahāl r., barqarār r ; ba-dastūr r.

To confirm a promise – Wa'de ko wusüq d. (mazbūt k.)

Confirmable, a Bahīl bar-qurār yā qīm rakkhejāne ke qābil, jiskī tah qiq aur bhi ho-sake; jisko anr bhi sabit kar-saken, istihkain-pazii.

Confirmation, n. 1 — Tahqiq, ishāt, wusüq yā tausiq, tāyīd yā tāyīd-i-muzīd; subūt yā subūt-i mazīd, hujjat yā dalīl, subūt-i-sbūfi, woh bāt jisse kisī dūsre ami kī tāyīd ho

2.—Zābite kī manzūrī, qī'ide se jāiz yā mustahkam qarār diyā Confirmatory, a. Jisse tāyid ho; jisse ziyādatar taqwiyat tayaqqun yā ustuwārī hāsil ho; muniyid.

Confiscable, a. Zahti ke qibil

Confiscate, v. t. Zabt k , ta'zīc kī rāh so sar-kār men lagā-l ; kisī mujum kā māl asko jarm kā pādāsh men khazāna i-sar-kārī ke muta'alliq kar-d, butu-l-māl mon dākhul yā uske shāmul kar-d

The rebel has been convicted and sentenced, and his estate configurated-Us bīgi par jarin sābit quar pākar uskī misbat hukm-i-sazā sādu hull aut uski jří -dád zabt km-li gayi

Confiscated, pp. or a Zabt-shuda, muzhata; jo zabti men dar-āyā ho, jo sar-kar men ha taur tāwān-ke (ta'zīr m) lagā liyā gayā ho

Confiscation, w Zahti, ta'zîran sar-kar men laga hya jana (sar-kar ka ozān i-khāu kai liyā jūnā)

Conflagration, w. Bu i ātash zadagi, makāu shahr yā jangal kā jalnā.

Conflict, n 1.—Do taraf se mugābale men āne wīlī chīzon kā āpus men takrā jānā ; do chīzon kā āpas men zer se lar-jānā.

2.—Larāyī; jang. 3.—Hālat-i-naz', jān-kandanī kī hālat.

4 — Ikhtiläf, tanāquz, mukhālafat.

A conflect of opinious - Ikhtiläf i rão; do yā zāid rãson kā bāham ek düsre ke khthaf li

Conflict, v z 1.—Takiānā yā takkar khā-jānā; lai-jānā

2 - Larnā; zor-shot se larāyī k ; jaug i-shadid k

3.-Makhālif yā mutanāgiz h., ok dūsre ke khilāf h

The two decisions conflict with each other-Yah donon faisale baham mukha

Conflicting, ppr. Bi-l-'aks; zidd-i-yakdîgar; ek düsre ke khilâf, mutanâ-

qiz; mukhālif. The statements are conflicting—Yah bayanat ek düsre ke khilaf ham.

evidence is conflicting-Shahādat mutanāqiz hai (usmen ikhtilāf hai). Confluence, n 1. - Ilk sāth bahnā, bābam-tawāti; do yā zātd dhāron kā ek men mil-jānā; woh jagah jahāń do yā ziyāda nadiyān ekatthī

hon, sangam. 2.—Ek jagah par bahut se logon kā majma'; bhīr; melā;

Conform, v. t. Kısı ke mutabıq banana ya k., kısı ke mushabih k.; haisiyat shabl ya tarıq wagana men düste sa kar-d.; düsre ke muwafiq k.

With to

Conform, v. 2 Mutāba'at k., 1tā'at k.; mānnā; ta'vail k.; pā-bandī k; kisī ke m'utābiq chalnā

With to.

To conform to a rule—Kisi qā'ide kī pā-bandī yā mutāba'at k ; kisī qā'ide ko mānnā ya'nī uske mutāba 'amal yā kāt rawāyī k

Conformable, o. 1.—Sürat shakl harsiyat ya rae wagarra men yaksan; mushabih, ham-shakl, manud.

3.—Muiattab, mauzūń, ba shakl i-munāsib.

3 —Muti'; hukm ki ta'mīl par imāda, kahnā mānue par rāzī.

Conformably, ad. Mutābiq, muwāfiq, ba-ittibā', ba-pā-bandī; hasb, bar-hukm

Conformably to your orders - Ap ke hasbu-l hukm (uske muwāfiq); ba attibat. i-hukm t-hukur

Conformity, n. Mutabaqat, muwafaqat; kisi düsri shai ki manind h. Followed by to or with.

Confound, v t 1 — Mukhtalif chīzon ko is tarali par āpas men milā d ki unmen tanīz na ho-sake balki ek dūsre kī shināķht men galatī hojāe, bil-kul khalt-malt kar-d; nihāyat gaibarā d; ok chīz ko 'iwaz dūsiī chīz ko galatī se samajh l

2—Muntashar abtar ya darham barham kar-d.; pareshan k., hanan ya shash-dar k., hakka-bakka kar-d., pareshan-khatar bana d.; gardan-nichi kar d., nadim (pasheman ya sharminda) k., dara d.;

khauf se ghabrā d , achambhe so pāgal banā d.

Confounded; p a. Pareshān; hairān, ghabrāyā huā; shash dar; na dāmat se dam-ba-khud, hakkā-bakkā, mutahaiyar. [muqābala k Confront, v t 1 — Muqābale men (dū-ba-dū yā sāmne sāmne) khare h;

2.—Kisī ke bi-l-kul khilāf h ; mukhālafat k

3 — Muqābala karānā; dū ba-dū rū-ba-rū yā nauwājaho men lānā; sāmnā karānā; istifsār aur daryāft ī haqīqat ke liyo 'adālat ke huzūr men hāzn k , kisī ke sāmne khaţā k., milānā yā milān k.

The witnesses were confronted with the accosed—(Lividhon ka muqabala (sāmnī) mulzam se karāyā gaya, gawah nur mulzam adālat meu is garaz

se pesh kiye gaye ki unse dū-ba-dū asl hadīqat danjāft kī jān.

Confrontation, n. Istifsör aur sahīh sahīh hāl ke daryālt ke liye do shakhson ko ek düsre ke iū-ba-iū (sāmne) lānā; muqābala; muwāj iha.

Confutation, n Tardīd, butlān; galat yā nā jātz thahrānā. See Infra. Confute, v t Qātl k., lā jawāb k , balis se maglūb k., chup kar denā;

zabān band kard, galat nāqıs yā nā-jāiz thahrānā, rad k., tardīd k.; dalīl yā subūt se kisī ko galat thahrānā (uskī galatī sābit k.).

To confute arguments - Dalail ko galat thahrana, tardid-i-dulail k.

To confute a writer - Kisi musanmi ke qaul ki galati ko dalil se sabit kar-d (uski tardid k)

Applied to arguments. It is never applied like refute to charges.

Confuse, v. t. 1.—Chizon ko is tarah apas men mila d. ki unmen tamiz na ho-sake; khalt-malt (makhlūt) kar-d., aisā kar-d. ki sāf ma'lüm na ho : pareshāu kar-d.

2 — Muntashar kar-d ; abtar k ; abtari men dal d ; garbara d ;

darham burham kar-d.

The accounts are confused - Hisāb abtar ham (unkā thekānā nahīn lagtā yā we că ide ke mutăbig nabîń haiń).

3 — Ghabrā d ; hanān yā pareshān kai-d ; nādim yā mutahaiyar kar-d.; dil ko be qabu kar-d

Confusion, 1.—Ikhtilat va intishar. lmen na rahuā 2.—Hairānī; pareshānī; barrat; be-garārī, nadāmat; dil kā qābū Congeal, v. t. Saidī se munjamid k. jamā d.; thakkā kar-d.; karā

kard : basta kar-d

Congeal, v. i. Jam jānā, munjamid h ; sardī kī tāsh se karā sakht vā galīz (gārhā) ho-jānā, basta h. yā bastagi kā ā jānā. habt ho.

Congenial, a. I -Ek qism kā; ham jins, ham-qism, jismen asli

2 — Tab'î ya tabi'at ko margūb; aslī, jibilli

3 .- Kisī ke hasb-i-hāl, muwātig, fī-aslihi, mauzūn yā munāsib Congratulate, v. t. Mubarak-bad d., kisî se vah kahna ki felan khushî tum ko muhārak ho, tahniyat k., kisi ki khushi apni khushi samajh kar uskā izhār k.

Congratulation, n. Mubarak-badi, tahniyat; badhayi Congratulatory, a Jisse izhāi-i-tahnīyat ho, mubāiak bādī kā

A congratulatory letter-Talmiyat-nāma; umbānak-bādi kā khat.

Congruity, n Munäsabat; mutābaqat; ittifāq; mel, jor Congruous, a Mutabig; muwafig; mauzūn; munasib, hasb-i-hal

Conjectural, a Qıyası; qıyas par mabnı; jo andaze se kıya ya kaha jae Conjecture, n. Qıyas; khayal; guman, wahm, naqis ya qıyası subut

par kisi i ae kā gaim k ; natīju jo gailii-i-qiyas ho Conjecture, v. t. Qiyas k ; khayal k.; guman k.; atkal-pachchū iāe qaim

k ; kısı bat ki nisbat mumkınat ya ihtimalat khwah khafif subüt ki khaval k. bunyad par tajwiz k.

Conjecture, v. z. Qiyasî rae qaim k.; qiyas ya andaza k ; qarine se Conjointly, ad. Bi-l-ittifaq, bi-l-ishtirak, baham mil-kai sharik ho-kar; ekatthā, ek ho-kar

Conjugal, a Shādī yā nikāh ke muta'allıq; nikāliī; jo zanj ko uskī zauja ke liye ya zauja ko apne zauj ke waste munasib ho; zauji

Conjugal relation - Woh mishat jo shadi ya mkah se paida ho; rishta-i-mkahi yā zaujī Conjugal ties - 'Aqd-i zaujīyat; rishta-i izdiwāj, shādi yā nikāh kā rishta. Conjugal rights-Huquq-r-zaujiyat ; jo huquq ba zarī'a i-shādi paida hon. Conjugal affection - Muhabbat 1-bahami jo mā-bain zauj wa zauja (jorū wa khasam) ke ho; ulfat jo zauj ko zauja ke sāth yā zauja ko zanj se ho.

Conjugally, ad. Shādi yā nikāh ke zarī'e se.

Connect, v. t. Wasl k., jornā; bāham milānā; rishta qāim k ; qarābat-ibāhamī paidā k.; rabt d.; rābīta paidā k. yā marbūt k ; silsīle se mılana; musalsal k.

Connect, v i Bāham mil-jānā; ek ho-jānā, lag jānā, mazdīkī ta'allaq r., balaut munāsabat r

This argument connects with another - Yah brits direct back so mill have hear This read connects with another at that point - Us payd) per yah sarak ek directs ank so miljati har, as majdan per yah dorum sarken ek ho jita han

Connection, and I — Ittisāl, intibāt, rabt; ta'alluq i būhamī; rishta, Connexion, basalsul, mel, 'alāga, nisbat

2 - Rishta dar, qarabat mand ya qarabati, won shakhs jisso asli

vā nisbatī rishta ho

Connivance, n Igmāz; chashm-poshī, kisī ko 'aib so bi-l-irāda dar. guzar, 'aib poshī; kisī kī khatā pai jān-būjh-kai khavāl un k.

Connive, v. v. Igmāz k.; chasm poshī k., kisī 'aib kī būt ko dekh-kar usse 'amadan āṅkh band karl; koyī 'aib kisī shakhs men dikhl-kir uspar dīda o-dānista lihāz na k.; koyī 'aib kisī shakhs men dekh kar usse dar-guzai k ya'nī us shakhs kī chashm-numāyi yā sazā na k.

To conside at the violation of a rule—Kisi qu'ide ki kinket-wern per ignar ya chashin poshi k

Conquer, v. t. 1.—Futh k, jītnā; larbhitku apno dahlyār yā gabzo men k, kisī par gālib ānā (usko herā ya dahā d); maglitb k.; fath yāb h yā kisī par tath-pānā, shikast d; musullat h.

2 - Halk - paise mushkitat ko, daf k. masalan qabahaton ko;

firo k., dahā l

Conqueror, a. Fath-mand, fath pane wala; nasır; jitne w, kısı ko daha ya apne ıkhtıyaı men kar l, w.

Conquest, n. 1.—Fath, nusrut; zatar, jīt; kisi shai ko lar bhir-kar apue qabzo men kar l., galaba, kūm-yābī

3.—Shai i maftuha, woh chiz jo ju men mile.

Consanguineous, a Ek lahû kā; ck masl kā, nasi ka zari'e so rishta r. w., ek hī mūris se paidā; haqīqī

Consanguinity, n. Quabat-i nasabī; yak-jaddī tishta, woh rishta jo mūris i-wāhid ke wārison ke darmiyān ho, yagānigi.

In distinction from affinity or relation by mairinge.

Lineal consanguenty—Qarabat i masabi mustaqima, woh qualint jo aise hamnasab do shikhson ko darmiyan ho jumin so shi bi klinti-i mustaqimi dusic se pada hun ho—masalan ek shikhs am usko dada wagnir i ushi ya nake pote wagana furu.

Collateral consumptionally - Qarabat-i-masabi yak-jihati; woh qarabat jo do ashkhas i ham-nasab ke darunyan ho par unmen so ek ha khatt-i-mustaqim

dūsre kī nasl se na ho.

Conscience, n 1 — Woh zihnī quwwat jisse insan apne af'āl wa khayālāt ki burāyī bhalāyī men tamīz kurke unpar 'anal kartā hai yā unse muhtariz hotā hui; nek-o-bad kī tamīz kī quwwat.

2 - Insaf, dıyanat-dari, sachayi; iman.

In conscience - Instian ; diganat se; dai-asl; haqiqat med ; imanan.

Conscientious, a. 1.— Imān-dār; duyānat-dār; 'ādul; haq-sburats; jo īmār kī pairawī kare; jo jā wa be-jā par libāz kurke 'amal kure.

- A conscientious judge Îmăn-dâr mujawwiz; mujawwiz-i-âdil yā haq-shinās; alsā mujawwiz jo insāf karne men jā wa be-jā kā ķhūb ķhayāl rakkhe,
- 2.—Jisse īmāndārī zābu ho, jo īmān ke rū se kiyā jāe.
 - A conscientious course—Aisā tarīq jisse imān-dāti zāhir ho yā jo imān ke rā se uķhtiyār kiyā jāe.
- Conscientiously, ad. Imān se yā īmāndāri se; îmāndn; msāf se; wā jib wa gan-wājib par khūb khayāl rakh kar, jā wa be-jā kā khūb khayāl karke
- Conscientiousness, n. Imān-dārī, dryānat-dārī; haq-shināsī; insāf par khūb khayāl r. aur jo kuchh wājib ho wahi k.

Conscionable, a. Wājib; ma'qūl; jaisā chāhiye waisāhī, thīk.

Conscious, a. 1.—Agāh-dil, jismen apne khayālāt yā dil ki kaifīyat ke jānne kī quwwat ho; be dār-dil.

2.-Waqıf, muttala'; agan; zihni ma'lümat ya dekhne ke zari'e se

kisī shar kā 'ılın rakhue yā uskā jaune wālā.

I am not consolous of the fact—Main is waqi'a se waqif nahih hun ya'ni mujhe iska 'ilin i-zihni ya nazari nahin hai

He is conscious of his guilt—Usko apnî mujiimî kā 'ilm hai, woh apne dil so japtā hai ki kanso jurm huā.

3.-Jiskā hāl dil ko ma'lūm ho.

Conscious guilt - Juria ya khata jiska hal dil ko ma'lum ho.

Consciousness, n. 1.—Jo kuchh apuc dil par guzarta ho uski waqifiyat ya khabar; apuc qalb ki karifyat ka 'ilm; hosh; hosh-o-hawas.

The wounded person possessed no consciousness for hours—Majrüh ko ghanton tak m bat ka ulm na tha ki uske dil par kyn guzar raht har, majrüh kajr ghante tak apue hal se be-khubar yı'ni be-hosh ya bad hanas tha

2.—Gunah-gürî yā he-gunāhī kā khayāl 30 dil men ho yā unmen se kisi kā 'ilm i-zihni' [hāsil ho.

3.—Kisî shat kî nisbat woh wāqifîyat jo tajribe yā mulāhaze se Consecrate, v. t. Pāk yā mutaharrak banānā yā qarār d.; parastish wagaira ke liye makhsūs k.; Khudā kī ibādat ke liye makhsūs k.;

niyaz k.; charbana.

Consecutive, a 1 — Musalsol; silsila-wār; mutawātir; 'ala-t-tawātur; 'alā sabīlī-t-tartīb; paiham; bilā slukast-i-silsila; silsile se ok dūsio ke ba'ā, ektār yā lagātār.

For twenty consecutive years—Mutawathrya panham bis sail tak; bis baras tak bila shikact-i-silaika, lagatur bis baras tak.

2.-Natīje kī tarah nikalne yā paidā h w.; muntaj.

Consecutively, ad Ek düsre ke ba'd; pai-dar-pai, 'ala-l-ittisäl, baräbar, tartīb se; paiham. [ijāzat

Consent, n. 1.— Razā mandī; marzī, manzūrī, ijāb; razā wa ragbat;
Fiec consent—Rizā-mandi-i-bilā-ikiāb; manzūrī-bilā-jabr . Lhushi-i-khātir se
manzūrī; aisī razā-mandi pismen dabāw na pahunchāyā jīs.

Tacut consent - Sukūt ke zuī'a se mauzūrī, manzūrī jo sukūt-waizī se hāsil ho, manzūrī-i-ma'nawī yā zimruī, manzūrī jishā izhār na kiyā jae, chup chap yā khāmosh rahkar manzūr k.; kisī bāt kā bālā 'ezr mān lens. To give one's consent to a thing - Kisf hat ke manzui k.

With one's consent-Kisi ki irza-mandi (marzi mauzāri yā ijāzat) se

2.—Dilon kā ittifāq; wahdat i-rāc yā ittifāq i-rāc; yak-dilī yā yak-, iāyī, ittifāq.

The assulants fell upon the complainant as by consent - Hamla karno-witle goya ek dil ho-kar mustagis per tat page.

With one consent—Bi-littifat, ek dil ho kar; ek täs ho kar; ekaza karke.

Consent, v i Rāzī h.; manzūr k ; gabūl k.; mānuā

To consent to a thing-Kisi bat par razi h. (usko manzar k. ya mauna).

Consequence, n 1 — Natīja, samia, mā hasal; maāl, jazā; anjām.

He must suffer the consequences of his own lackes—Läzun hai ki woh apnī gaflat kā samıa (natīja) utbāye [vāhir hai The consequence of this argument is obvious—Is dalil kā natīja (mā-hasal)

2.—Asar ; tāsīr paidā karne kā mailān.

"The sense of consequence in this use, is modified by the words connected with it" Webster.

It is of little consequence—Yah ek chhoti büt hai ya'ni us kit kis natija khafif hogā fuatija paulā na hoga

It is of no consequence—Yah koyi but intended had ya'nt is but no kayi bar? It is of great consequence—Yah ok bari but (ann-i-aham) but; is but he bare bare natije honge.

3.—Qadr; martaba, autba, barī zī ikhtīyārī; 'izzat; nāmwarī.

A man of great consequence—Shakhs i zi-qadr zi rutba ya zi 'izzət; bura 'ali-qadr shakhs ; bare rutbe kā idmī, nibayat mu'azza shakhs.

In consequence - Is sabab so, is wajh so, ishyo

In consequence of - Bu-sabab, be wash; ba-ba'an, ashab hu'in yu wash no.

Consequent, a Jo ba-taur natīja-1-aslī ke mkle; muntaj, kisi sahal) so li. w. With to or on.

Consequential, a. 1.—Jo ba taur natīje ke hāsil ho.

Consequential rollef - Chura kan nakhir.

2.—Tum-tarāq wālā; barā thāt-bāt r. w.; apne ko barā yā jalīlu-l-qadr samajhne wālā.

Consequently, ad Lihāzā; bindbar īn; is liyo; is sabab so; ba-sabab iske. Consider, v. t. 1.—Gaur k.; fikr k., jī-lagākur sochnā, kisī bāt ko ihtiyāt se ķhayāl k.

The circumstances of the case have been considered—Is muqaddame ke halfet par gaur kiya gaya

2.—Kisî bat par lıhaz k.; kısî amr par tawajjuh k. ya khayal r.; kısî bat ki taraf qarar-waqı'ı mukhatıb h.

In deciding this case, the following points should be considered—Is muqaddame ke infish men uinfi:-musairaha-i zail par lihāz k. mundeib liai.

3 — Samajhnā ; tasawwur k. ; ķhayāl k.

The court considers the prisoner guilby—'Adalah mulzam ko quatirwa samajhti hai (uski damet men mulzam mujrim h.i.). [bhūjos Consider, v. i. Khūb sochuā, ba-khūbī gaur k.; ihtiyāt se samajhn

- Considerable, a Zî-waq'at, barā; buzurg; mu'azzaz, līhāz ke qābil, kisīgadar nāmī.
- Applied to persons.
 - 3 Umda, barā, bahut; kasīr.
 - A consuler able sum of money Zur-1-kasîr; bahut se rupaye, mablag-1 khatîr
- Considerably, ad. Bahut; ziyāda, ituā yā isqadar ki kam yā nā-chīz tasawwii na ho, ituā yā isqadai ki lihāz ke qābil ho
- Considerate, a. Fahmīda; zī-hosh, mudabbu; 'āqıl, dür-andesh, sanjīda, barī fikr-o-sooh kā, mutahamonl; ta'jīl-kār yā jald-bāz nahm; maāl-kār par khayāl 1. w , gāfil nahīū; auron ke huquq wagaira par lībāz r. w.
- Consideration, n 1.—Gaur, fikr, taammul; der tak khanz k; tajwîz.

To take into consideration - Ganr k , sochuā , fikr k ; tajwīz yā lihāz k.

2.—I'zīz , imtiyāz ; waq'at ; tauqīr ; 'izzat , ta'zīm-o-takrīm

To treat a person with consideration—Kisī ke sāth i'zīz yā imtiyāz se peshānā (uskī tauqīi k)

A person of consideration - Mu'azzaz yā zī 'izzat shakhs.

3.—Woh būt jispat kiel rāo ke gim karne yā kiel li'l ke karne men lihāz kiyā jāc, wajh; bā'is; murīd, manshā; kiel kāt-rawāyl ki bunyād In consideration of - Ba-lihāz, ba-khayāl, ba-t'tibāt, kiel būt par lihāz karke, kiel sabab so, kiel bunyād par

The court acquits the accused in consideration of his innocence—Ba lihūz uski be juimī ke (usko be-juim samajh-kai) 'adālut mulzani ko harī kartī haī

4 — (Law) Wajh 1-ta'ahhud, woh amu jiske bā'is mu'āhid ko mu'āhada karne kī tahrīk ho, binā-i-mu'āhada; woh shar jiskī wajh se koyī qaul-o-qaiār kiyā jāe, kisī qaul-o-qaiār ke 'iwaz men jo kuchh diyā jāe; saman i-mu'āhada, mu'āwaza; budal, woh shai jo kisī dūsrī shai ke 'iwaz men usīkī ham-qīmat samajh-kar dī-jāe.

Sale consideration - Bai' yā vilām kā saman yā zar-i-saman , woh qīmat jispar koyī shai faroķūt ho

A consideration for a promise—Badal-i 'ahd, web shar jiske 'twaz men kısı qısm kā wa'da kıya jāc

A valuable consideration — Mu'āwiza jo shai-i mabi'a kā ham-qimat he masalan woli rupaye jo kisi kharīd kī-huyi chiz ke 'iwaz bataur uski qīmat ke diye jāon, mu'āwaza i-naqdi

Considering, ppr. Yah soch-kar; yah khayāl karke; ba khayāl iske, ba lihāz iske, is amr pai lihāz yā gaur karke; fulān amr ko khayāl karke

lonsign, v t 1 — Kisī shai ko dūsre ke qabze men is gaiaz se muutaqil kar-d yā de d. ki uske pās hamesha rahe, saunpnā, sipuid k , tafwīz k ; ek hālat se dūsiī hālat men muntaqil kar-d.

 Nigrānī yā farokht wagara ke liye kisī saudāgar yā arhatiye wagaira ko sipurd k.; ihtiyāt yā hitāzat kī nazar se kisī ko saunpuā.

J.-Laga-d ; 'alalında kar-d ; do-d ; maklıstis kar-d

lonsignee, n Woh shakhs jise fatokht ya nigah-bani ke liye mal ya aur chiz ba-taur amanat ke sipurd ki-jac, arhaniya.

Consigner, | n. Woh shakhs jo farokht yā nigah bānī ke liye māl yā Consignor, | aur koyī chīz amānatan kisī ke pās bheje khwāh usko hawāla yā sipurd kare.

Consignment, n. 1.—Hifazat aur band-o-bast ke liye kisî ko amanatan sipird k. ya uske pas bbej-d.; bikrî ke liye mal kisî ke pas amanatan

rakh d.

2.—Shai-i-mufawwaza, jo mal bikrī (faroliht) ke liye arhatiye ko

sipurd kryž yž uske pas bliejā jāc

3.—Sipurd-nāma; weh nawishta jiske zarī'e se keyī chīz dūsre ke amānatan sipurd kī-jāe. [mil yā mushtamil h. Consist, v. i. l.—Rahnā; henā; qāim rahnā; wujūd r.; mabnī h.; shā-

Followed by m.

The prisoner's defence consists in a denial of his guilt-Mudda's 'alaih ka 'uzr inkāi-i-jurm par mabnī hai (usne apne jawāh men jurm se inkār kiyā hai).

2.—Murakkab h., mutazammin h.; shāmil h.; banā h.; tarkīb pānā.

Followed by of.

That book consists of four parts—Woh kitab chin hasson pur mushtamil has (uske chan hisse ham).

3.—Muwāfiq h. yā muwāfaqat r.; munāsib h yā munāsabat r.; milnā yā mel khānā.

Usually followed by with.

Consistence, a. 1.—Wujūd; mazbūtī, ek dūsre se muzbūtī se lagā Consistency, alahnā.

2.—Bastagī; qiwām, gāihāpan.

3.—Qıyam; sabāt; ıstilikām, matānat.

4.—Munāsabat, muwāfaņat; tamāfnq; ok tarali kā (yak-sāii) h.; kisī shai i-murakkab ke ajzā i-mukhtalifa kā bā-ham muwāfaņat r.

Consistency of laws or judicial documents—Quantity of "additat he fuiralish ha bā-ham mutābiq li. Consistency of opinious—Mutabaqat i-rae; kayı rason kā ek tarah kā li

Consistency of behaviour-Chal-o-chalan ka yak sau h (ak tarah par rahua).

Consistent, a. 1 — Muvāfiq, mutābiq; munāsib; jak-sān; ziddi-yakdigar nahīn, ek dūsre ko khilāf nahīn; bāham mustafiq, ek moi kā yā āpas med mel r. w

Sometimes followed by with

2.—Basta, munjamid; raqiq nahin.

Consistently, ad. Ek tarīq par, yak-sān; munāsabat ke sāth; ek tarah par. [jam'i,

Consolation, n. 1.—Taskin; tashaffi, tasalli; dilāsā; dhārhas; dil. 2.—Woh amr jisse dil ko tashaffi yā dilāsā ho; bā'is i taskin.

Consolatory, a. Taskin-bakhsh; jisse dilasa dil-jam'i ya dharhas ho. Console, v. t. Taskin d; tasallî d.; tashaflî d. ya k.; dilasa d; dharhas d. Consolidate, v. t. I.—Thos k.; munjamid kadana; jamana, sakht k.; ghana (dabîz) aur mazbūt k.

2.—Dawaen lagakar tūtī haddī ke tukron ya zakhm ke mauh ko jor d.; milana; jorna. "

3 —Kısı sharke mukhtalıf ajzā ko ekatthā k.; ek qism kî judī judī chīzon ko yak-jā k.

To consolidate various items—Kayī iaqmon ko ek men shāmil kar-d. (joṛ d).

To consolidate bills—Do yū zāid musawwadāt-i qānūn ko ek men shāmil kar d.

Consolidate, v. 2. Mazbūt aur sakht ho-jānā; thos ban jānā, jam-jānā;

munjamid ho-jānā.

Consolidation, n 1 — Sakht k yā h; thes banānā yā ho-jānā; mjimād; ek men mazbūtī se mul-jānā. [kiyā jānā.

2 — Ijtimā'-1-ajzā-1-mukhtalifa; judī judī chīzon kā ek men shāmil The consolidation of funds — Mukhtalif sarmāyon lā ijtimā'. The consolidation of two or more bills—Do yā zāid musawwadāt-i qāmūn kā bāham shumūl (ek men milā diyā jānā)

Consonance, n. Muwāfaqat; munāsabat; ntnfāq; mel; ek tarah kā (yaksān h). [hasb-i-hāl.

Consonant, a. Mutabiq; muwafiq, hasb; kisi düsre ke bamujib ya Followed generally by ta, sometimes by with

Consort, n. Dūsre ke ranj-o-rāhat kā sharīk, sāthī, rafīq; dard-sharīkķhusūsan jorū yā ķhasam (zauj yā zauja).

Queen consort-Bldshih ki begam

Distinguished from a queen regnant, who rules alone, and a queen dowager, the widow of a king.

Conspicuous, a. 1.—'Alāniya; jo nazar āye, numāyīn; jo suhūlāt se dekh paro.

A conspicuous place -- Manzar-i-'Em; alsă mauqa' yā alsī jagah je sab ke nazar āwe; alsī jagah je dekh pare

A conspicuous place in a village - ChaupEl

3.—Jisko bahut se log jūnte hoa, ma'rūf; mashhūr; mamtāz; ma'rūf-i-'ām

A man of conspicuous talents - Woh shakhs jiski hydqat 'awam med ma'ruf ya mashkur ho

Conspicuously, ad. 'Alāniya taur par; aise tarīq par kī sāf sāf dekh pare; sāf sāf, khulā khulā; mhāyat numāyān tarīq par; ba tars ima'ī āf.

Conspiracy, n Kisī bure maqsad ke anjām ke liye logon kā bāham ittifāq, kisī jurm ke irtikāb kī garaz so do yā zāid shakhson kā ekdil h.; sāzish, bandish; ittifāq, ekā yā ekaiā.

To engage in a conspiracy—Kisī bandish yā sāzīsh meh sharīk h. Cf. Conspire Conspirator, n. Sāzīsh yā bandish kuminda; mufsid, jo shakhs juim kaine kī nīyat se kisī sāzīsh meh sharīk ho; bāgā.

Conspire, v. 1.—Sāzish k; bandısh k., jurm karne ke itāde se āpas men qasam yā mu'āhada karke khwāh aut kisī zati'e se ittifāq k.

To conspire against a person-Kisī shakhs kī nisbat sāmsh yā bandish k.

2.—Muttafiq h., kısı maqsad-ı-wahıd ke anjam men ittifaq k.

Constancy, 22. 1.—Ustuwārī, mazbūtī, lā-tagaiyur rahnā; gair-mu-baddal rahnā, hamesha jon kā tou (yak-sān) rahnā, istibkām.

2.—Istiqlāl; dil ki mazbūtī; sābit qadamī, aisā irāda jo lā-tajum ho; tallīf kī hīlat men dil kā mazbūt r., muhabbat yā ulfat men sābit qadamī; wafā-dārī

Constant, a. Jo badaltā na ho yā badal na sako; lā tagaryur; mustahkam; pāe-dār, lā-tajum, mazbūt; sābri-qadam; gānu muzāj

Constantly, ad Mazbūti se, ustuwārī se, sābat-qadami se; hannesha, sadā, dhun se.

Constituent, a. 1.—Juse kisi shar ki tarkib ho, jo kusi shar ke banane (tarkib dene) men mu'in bo, zarini, labudi, asli

2. - Intikhāb ya taquirui kā mujāz

Constituent, 2 1.—Woh shakhs yā shai jisse koyî shai qara ho ya bane, banane ya tarkib d. w

2.—Kısı shar ka juzw-ı zarüri

3.—(Law) Muwakkii; woh shakhs jo kisi dürre ko apni taraf se kār-o-bār ke anjām ko hye ba-taur inj ke mukhtar ke (mukhtār-ikhānagi) mugairar kaic. (banānā

Constitute, n t 1 — Qāim k., inuqarra k., waz' k; ha taur qānūn ke A law constituted by liwful authority—Qanān jo min janib i-hakimsi majas banāyā jā waz' kiyā gayā ho

2 - Bandua, tarkib d; wundd d.; paida k; gaim k.

The particular act alloged does not constitute an offence-dre fill-i khas ka wuga' men and bajan kiya gaa hai ose koy juun puda nahin hota.

3—Māmūr k; muqarar k; muqarar wa mujāz k.; muqarar kar-ke kisī bāt ke karne kā il-htiyār d.

A has constituted B his agent—Zaid no Bakar ko apañ karinda mugarrar kiya hai ya'ni use apañ karinda mugarrar karko akhtiyanat-i-kānindagi use diye ham.

Constitution, n 1.—Muqarrar k., quim yu waz'k; taqarrar, tarkib... dihi, bandwat

2.—Rahne kī hālat; kisī shai kī aslī hālat; snisht; hālat-i jibillī;

paidāishī kaifīyat, taikīb; bauāwat; mizāj, labī'at, sirat.

3 —Woh usul ya qawanin-1 asli jinku hartaw kisi riyasat ya jumhur ki jamb se ho 'am isse ki woh tahrui khwah us mulk ya jumhur ke dasturat am rawaj par mahui hon

4.—Woh qanun ya ayin wagana jo kisi riyasat ya mulk ke band obast intizan ya naim o nasy ke liye muqarrar ho; hukm-iani ka dasturu-l-amal ya tariq

Constitutional, a. 1 — Khiloī; jibillī; zihnī yā jismānī; aslī; paidžisbī,

2.—Usul ke mutābiq, kisī riyasat ko qanun-i-aslī ke ru se jaiz, qanun ke mutābiq yā qanunī, sharī. jāiz

3.—Jiskā madār kisi mulk ke qānāu pai ho yā uskā mahkūm. Constitutionally, ad 1.—Rī-aslihī, snishtī yā paidāishī; khilqī.

2.—Riyāsat ke qā'ido ke mutābiq

Constrain, v s. 1.—Majbūr k.; tang k.; kisī bāt kā jabrīyā karānā; zabar-dastī se karānā.

2.—Jakagnā yā jakar-band k., bāndhnā; kas-kar bāndhnā Constraint, a. Majbūrī, zabardastī; jabr, sor; dabāw; dāb; ikrāh. By constraint - Majbūran yā majbūrī se; tang ākar; dabāw meh paṛ-kar yā dab kar; zīq meh paṛ-kar, jabr wa ikrāh se

Construct, v t. 1 — Banānā, ta'mīn k — jaise 'imānat. [sākht k.

2—Apnī tajwīz se banānā; nagsha banānā; daul dālnā, banānā; Construction, n. 1.—Banāwat; ta'mīr; sākht; banāne kā dhang yā tarīq; tarkīb.

2—Tāwīl; ta'bīr; tauzīh; tafsīr, mafhūm; ma'nī, kisī wāqi'a ke samajhne kā tarīq; woh ma'nī yā manshā jo kisī bāt se mansūb

kīyā jāc.

To put a construction upon a point of law—Kısī amr-ı-qānün kī ta'bir tauzih yā 'tafsīr k.; kısī qānūnī bāt kā manshā yā uske ma'ni ko bayān k; kısī amr-ı-qānūn kī nisbat wāzi'ān-i-qānūn kā manshā yā mafhūm batlānā

Constructive, a. Jo tāwīl tafsīr yā tauzīh se akhz kiyā jāe, jiskī sarāhat na ho balki woh zimnan sainjhā jāe; tāwīlī; jo mazmūn se samjhā jāe.

Constructive possession — Qibza-i-tāwili, qabza jo wāqi'i hāsil na ho par uske bilā-teammul pāne kā haq fariq ko hāsil ho.

Constructively, ad Tāwilan, zimnan; tāwil yā tafsīr ke rū se; munāsib natīja mkāl kar

Construe, v t. Tawīl k ; tauzīh k., bayān k , ta'bīr k. ma'nī samajhnā; ma'nī yā manshā bayān k., tafsh k.; samajhnā

To constine a law—Kisi quada ki tuwil k.; kisi quada ke ma'ni batlana yt samajimu, kisi quada ki mishat uske wazi'in (bandae wuloh) ka mansha bayan k

Consult, v. t. 1 — Apnī rāe qāim karne kī garaz se dūsre se rāe l.; mashwara k.; salāh k , tāe pūchhnā, istiswāb k.

To consult a friend-Kiel dost se mashwara k. (rue l. yā ietiswāb k)

2.—Kıtab ya kagazat wagana ko dekh-kar kisi amr ki kaifiyat daryaft k.

All the official documents have been consided—Daryüft-i-hāl ke liye kul kūgazāt-i saiishta mu'āyana kiye gaye (dekhe-gaye). Several legal works have been consulted on the subject—Is būb men inkishāf-i-hālāt kǐ garaz se kayi qānūn kī kitāben dokhī gayīh

3 — Lihāz k yā lihāz r ; khayāl k. yā r., pās r.; kisi ke haq men 'amal yā tajwīz k.

The prisoner consulted his own safety in effecting an escape—Bhagne men us quid ne apni hifazat kā khayāl kiyā. To consult public or private interest—'Awām ke yā apne nai' par khayāl r.

Consult, v. 2. 1 — Düsre se rae l., istiswab k.

2.—Bāham mashwara k ; āpas men gaur-o-tajwīz k.

Followed by with.

Consultation, n. 1 — Maslahat; mashwarat, salāh; kisī amr ke tasfiye ke liye do yā zāid shakhson kā bāham mashwara k, tadbīr.

2.—Bāham mashwara karne ke liye asbkhās kā yakjā h.; kisī muqaddame men jisqadar haunsalī wagaira bon unkā us muqaddame kī nisbat āpas men shūra k.; kisī sakht bīmārī men chand tabībon kā yak-jā ho-kar bāham mashwara k.

Consume, v. t. Jala d.; khā jānā, aubāshī men kho d.; fuzūl-kharchī men tabāh kai-dālnā, mā d.; talaf k., zāi' k.; barbād k.; bitā d., guzrān d ; mkal jāne d.; ghulā d.; istīsāl k., nest-o-nā-būd kar d

Consummate, v. t. Pūrā k.; takmile ko pahmiehānā; had ko pahmichānā, darja-r-gryat tak le-jānā; pakkā vā puķhta k.; aujām vā khātune ko pahunchānā.

Consummate, a. Pārā, kāmil; had yā danja 1-gāyat ko pahunchā huā. Consumption, n. 1.—Itlaf; ısraf, tabahi; bai badi, tazi'a, kho d., zai' kur-d.

2.-Kamī, ghattī; nuqsān; kam h. yā ghat-jānā.

Sil, ebhayî kî bîmarî. diq

Contact, n. Ittisāl; lagāw; mass; do ajsām kā bāham miljānā.

To come in contact with-Kisi se milui.

Contain, v. t. Rakhnā, gunjāish r.; shāmil r.; mushtamil h.; kisī shai par muhtawi h.

Contaminate, v. t. Nā-pāk k.; dāg logānā; dhabbā logānā; najis yā ganda k ; ālūda k., chhūt lagānā.

Contamination, n. Nā-pākī, gandagī, najāsat; chhūt. Contemplate, v. t 1 — Kisī shai ke sab jawānib par lihāz k.; kisī bāt ke muta'alliq jitnî baten hon un sab par khayal k.; khab dhyan lagākar sochnā ; fikr k

2.—Khayal men r., maddi-nazar r; pahle so khayal karlena, kısı bit ke wuqu'-ı 'ayında par khayal k.; mansha ya irada r.; zıhu

meń r ; tajwiz k.; markūz r.

Contemplate, v. i. Khūb grur k ; khauz k , dil lagā kar sochnā. Contemplation, n 1 -Gaur; fikr; khayāl; taanunul; kisi amri-khās

par dil kā barābar mutawajjih r , khauz ; tasawwur. To have in contemplation - Italia k yar., mansha h; zoritajwiz r.; madd inazar r.; fikr men h , morküz 1.; khayül r ya klayül moü r.

2.-Murāqaba; dhyān.

Contemplative, a. 1 — Šālub i gaur-o-taammul; jisko kisi bāt kā dhyān har-dam rahe, jo kisī bāt ke soch-bichār men lagā-rahe,

2.—Çaur ya khauz ki quwwat 1. w.

Contemporaneous, a. Ham asr, ek hi waqt men rahue 'amal karno ya wāqi' hone wālā. rahno ya hono w.

Contemporary, a. Ham-'asr; ham-'ahd; ham-zamān; ek hī waqt mon Contemporary, n. Ham-waqt, ham-asr; ham-ahd

Contempt, n. 1 — Tauhin; tahqir, zalil aur nā-chīz samajhnā; zillat; jo shai zalīl samjhī jāc usse nafrat. 2.—(Law) 'Adalat ko ahkam qawa'id ya hukm-namajat ka 'udul,

'adālat ke samne kalimāt-1-hiqārat-āmez yā gustākh-āna kahnā yā gustakhī yā talıqīr ke sāth bartāw k. jisse kār-rawāyī-i-'adālat meii khalal pare khwāh ta'zīm men futur awe; tauhīn-i-'adālat; 'adālat lī 'adül-hukmi,

Contempt of lawful authority - Taubīn-i-ikhtiyār-1-jālz.

Contemptible, a. Qābil-i-tahqīr; nafrat yā hijārat ke lāiq; zalīl; khwār; subuk ; khafif ; nā-chīz ftahqiri. Contemptuous, a. 1.—Jisse tahqīr ya tauhīu pāyī jās; hiqārat-āmez;

2.—Auron ko haqir samajhne w.; mutanaffir, mutakabbir; magrür.

Contemptuously, ad Higārat yā nafrat ke sāth, nü-chīz samajh-kar. Contend, v i Mugābala k , kisī chīz ke hūsil karne yā bachāne ko liye dil se koshish k , khūb bahs k.; barā munāgasha k.; takiār k , jhagrā k yā jhagarnā, dalīl k.; bahs posh k., dalīlan (ba-dalāil) 'uzi k.

To contend for—Kisī shai ke hūsil karne kī koshish k.

Contending, ppr Mukhālif, mutazād, ek dūsie ke khilāf; muqābil yā muqābale kā.

Contending claims—Da'āwi i mutazād; mngābil ke da'we, da'we jo ok dhero ki jūnib se kisī shai-i-wihid ki nisbat pesh hon,

Content, a Qani', sābir, mutmayın; khātir-jam', paroshāu-khātir nahīn, muraffahu-l-hāl; rāzī, khush, shīkī nahīn; gan-mu'tarız.

Content, v t. Mutmayın k.; dil ko asuda ya khush k.; qanı' kar-d; muraffahu-l-hal kar-d; dil ko ısqadar taskin d kı shikayat ya mukha-lafat usse paida na ho.

Used chiefly with the recipiocal pionoun.

Content, n. Hālai i-manjūda par dil kā rāzī ialmā; qanā'at; itmīnān; serī; tawakkul, darja-i-i'tidāl kī khushī.

Contented, a. Razi, kliush; ser, mutmayur.

Contention, n 1 — Jhaqrā; takrār, kisī chīz ko hāsil karno ke liye barī koshish; kisī shakhs,da'we yā mazarrat ke rokno ke liye jahd-i-balig (dil se koshish).

2.—Nizā'-i-lafzī; bahs, munāgasha; hujjat.

The pleaders had a good deal of contention on points of law-Umir-i-qanini ki mishat wukali men bahut mish-i lafzi (baha) hayi.

Contentions, α 1 — Jhagrālū; jang-jū, gusso ke sāth jhagrā k. w.; taktārī; larānkā, ragarī. [takrār paidā ho.

2.—Nizi' barpā k. w., munāza'at-angez, jhagtā paidi k. w.; jisse Contentment, n. Qanā'at; dil-jam'ī, khushī; serī, tawakkul.

Contents, n. pl. 1 — Mazmūn; jo kuchh kusī nawishte men likhā ho.

The contents of a deed — Mazmūn-i-dastāwez, jo kuchh kuī wasīqe men likha ho.

2. — Shan-i-mahmūla; jo shai kusī dusrī shan men yā usko andar ho;

mazrūf.

The centents of a box—Ashyā-i-mahmūla-i-sundūq; woh chizen jo kusī sandūq men hon. [hon, hundī kā dām.

The contents of a hundi—Zar-i-hundawi, jusqadar rupaye hundawi men likhe Table of contents, or the contents—Jun jin batan ka bayan kisi litab men ho unka khulasa ya unki fibrist, fibrist-i-manamin-i-mundan ja-i-kitab.

Conterminous, a. Ham-danda yā ham-sarhad, ek hī danda yā sıwane par, mulhaq; lagā huā

par, mulhaq; lagā huā Contest, v. t. 1 — l'tırāz k ; kisī bāt ke khılāf bahs k.; hujjat k.; takıār

yā nizā' k ; muzāhim h ; roknā ; māni' h.

The pleader contested every point—Us wakil ne har amr kī nisbat i'tirēz kiyā.

2.—Kisī shai ke qāim iakhne yā bachāne kī dil se koshish k.; hifazat ke liye jidd-o-jahd k.

3 — (Law) Kisi nālish yā kār-rawāyī r'adālat men jawāb-dīhī k.; kisī da'we kī nīsbat qānūn ke mutābiq muzāhīm h. (hujjat yā 'uzr pesh

k); ı'tuāz-ı gānūnī k yā gānūn ke ba mūjih mu'tarız lı.; tardīdr-da'wī k

The claim was not contested by the defendant-Madda'a'alash no us da'we ka jawāb na dryā (uskī tardīd na kī yā aspar r'tuāz na kryā)

A contested suit or proceeding - Woh nalish ya kar rawayi jismon mudda'a 'alan ya fario-i sani rawab dihi kare (i'tuaz kare ya rawab-dih ho).

Contest, v i Barābaiī k , muqābala k ; ham-sarī k ; jhagarnā. Contest, 2 1 - Bahs; hujut; takrār; muuāqasha; mzā'-1-lafzī; qīl-o-qāl. jharpā-jhaipi.

2 — Larāyi, jang

Contestable, a. Bahs vā i'turāz ke qābil; hujjat-pazīr, jiskī nisbat i'tirāz

ho-sake, qalnl-1-tardid

Context, n Matn, 'ibārat; 'ibārat kā qarīna yā silsīla; jab kīsī kalām ke ek juzw kā i'āda kīyā jātā hai to uske āze piehho kī 'ibārat par is lafz (context) kā itlug hotā hai.

Contiguity, n. Baham ya nazdik mazdik mila rahna; ilhaq; ittisal; Contiguous, a Laga hua, mulhaq; parwasta; mulanq; kisi dusri shai ki sath ya hashiya so mila hua, saha ya chhaye; muttisil; nazdik; qarth. Contiguously, ad Lage lage, sate sate, ck dune ke chiave huve:

nulā bud, satā bud.

Contingence,) n. Waqi' hone ka imkan; amra-mumkinu-l-wuqu': woh

Contingency, | bāt jo māgabāń ho jāc, wāqi'a yā mar-i-itifāqī.
Contingent, a 1 —'Ārīzī; ittifāqī; gan mu'niyan, jo bilā irāda yā ummod kiye haye hojae; jiska hona mamkin to ho par yaqini na ho.

Contangent charges or exponses - Masarit-i-'arizi ya gan-mu'aiyan ; aiso akhraiat

jinkā honā mumkin to ho lekin yaqīnī na ho

2 —(Law) Mashrütu-n-nafāz, jiskā nafāz aisī bāt par munhesir ho jiskā honā yā na honā donon mumkiu ho; muhtamalu-l-wuqu'; kiei aisī bāt par maugūf riskā honā yā na honā mutahaqqaq (pakkā) na ho.

A contingent right - Hagg 1-mashrutu n-nafta, aisī hig jieks milas kiet aise

düsre amr ke wuqu' par munhasir ho jo zuhür men hye ya na äye.

Contingent, n 1 —Amr-1-ittifāgī; woh būt jiskā honā mumkin to ho par mutahaqqaq na ho; amar-i-'arızı; ıttifaq.

2 - Hissa-i-mināsib yā rasadī, jitnā parte so pare; jo kuchh bahut

se logon par bante jane ke ba'd kisi ke hisso ya bakhre men pare,

Continual, a. 1 — Lagatar; jiskā silsila na tūte; musalsal; jo barābar hamesha kā yā dawāruī. gāim rahe.

2.—Bāihā; beshtar; jiskā rada aksar huā karo; jo phir phir ho; Continuance, n 1.—Kisī khās hālat men harübat tahnā yā gāim rahnā; hālat 'ādat yā sukūnat wagaira kā qīyām, pāc-dārī, ustuwārī.

2.—Kısı shai ka sılsıla-war qaim rahua; barabar naya-purana hota

jānā; hamesha qāim rahnā; phailuā.

Continuation, n. 1.—Woh shar jusse kisi düsri shar ko wug'at ho ya uskā sīlsīla barh jāc ķhwāh pūrā ho-jāc; sīlsīla yā tasalsīl.

In continuation - Ba-tasalsul, kiel ke silsile med.

2.—Qiyam; barabar phailtā ya silsila-war hotā jana; darāzī; paidāish yā phailāw.

Continue, v. i Qāim rahnā; kisī khās jagah par yā kisī khās hahit men rahnā, thahrā rahnā, hamesha yā barāhar qājin rahuā; isith ātu i .

pāedār ralinā ; kisī bāt par sālnt-qadam ralinā.

Continue, v. t. Kisi chīz kā silsila jārī r ; kisi shai ko silsila ķo na Ļoput, kisī shar ko barhāte jāmā yā usko isrār ke sāth qām r ; krai ahat ka chhor na d.; kisî bût kû k. ya kisî shai kû isti'mal hand na k. (sie i s barābar kiyo jīnā), lambāyi men khamehe chalnā; ck jagah se doser jagah tak khaidch le-jānā.

Continued, pp. or a. Musalsal; silada-war; jo barabar chala ata ho; Jiskā silsīla tūtā na bo, jo barābar gām raho; jo barábar phailtā jar. Continuous, a. Bila takhallul, musukal; barabar; bila milaile ker tille

huye, jo barabar phailta jae, tawil, wasi'.

Continuous possession — Qubza-i-musalsal ya hila takhallul, aisu qabaa lu shura

se barābu chalā ātā ho (jismon kabhi tatār na para ho).

Contraband, a Mamnu'; quan ya 'ahd-name ke ru se man' kiya gara yā nā jāiz samphā gayā, nā jāiz.

Contradand goods - Na Jais mal; mal jekā ok malk se diser malk med girin

ya 'ald-namo ko ru so haa-jana mumuu' ho.

Contract, v. t 1,-Samojnä; sakojuä; tang k ; mukhtasar k.; whaldaa, finnigni kar d kam k.

2 .- Mansüb k., shādī ki hāt-olik pukhta kar-donn; ni det hard, A has contracted his daughter to B. - Zand no upon hely Baker or mounts kar-di har

To contract a marriage - Shadi k.; in igud i izdiwaj k.; nikah k. i iyah k.

3 .- Paidā k ; gām, k., kisī shai men par jūnā; apne dpar gam k , häsil k.

To contract a debt-Qure k. ya l.; dain-dar banna; appe upar their quite 1 apne ko garwalar bandan ; magras h.

To contract a victors habit - Kest burn adat ha lahtiyar k, ya uruch par jana

Contract, v. z. 1.—Sikurnā; simutnā; chhotā yā tang ho jūna

2.—Mu'ahada k.; gaul-o qarar k.; do ya saul shakirson ka kesa list ke anjām ke liye apas men 'alid o-paiman har lena; thika k ; whart h

To contract for supplying an army with cattle-Kisi fanj med manachi his baham-rasini kā thikā k

Contract, n. 1 — (Low) Web qual-o-garar jo kisi kam ke kurus ya ma karne ko liye do ya zaid shakhson ke ma hain kisi jain ya bali mu 'awaze ke 'iwaz mcu ho; mu'ahada; thika ya thika.

To break a contract-Mu'ahada torna; kias mu'ahado ke hidlas k.; 'aha shikanî ya naqz-i-mu'ahada k.; mu'ahado ki khilaf-warz: k.

To enter into, or make, a contract - Mu'ahada k ; qaul-o-qarar k · thika l.

To perform a contract - Ta'mil-i mu'ahada k.; mu'ahada ke ba-maiib k.

To get a work done by contract-Royi kain thike par karana.

To give, or take, a contract - Thika dend ya leng.

2.—Wasiqa-i-mu'ābada; woh nawishta jo min jānili-j-matn'āntil till i-mu'āhada usko subūt ke liye likhā jāc.

3 — Qaul-o-qarār ; 'alid-o-paimān ; shart ; mu'shada. iffen dar. Contractor, v. Fariq-i-mu'ahada; mu'ahada k. w. ya mu'ahid; fhike-dife

Contradict, v. t. 1.—Ek hayan ke khilaf düsra bayan k.; khilaf-bayana k.; takhaluf-1-lafza k., bayanat-1-mutanaqiz ya mukhalif k; inkar k; kah-kar mukar jana, tardal k; ulat d; kat d.

2.—Kısı ke bı-l-kul-klulaf h , kisi ka zıd h., mukhalafat k.

Contradiction, n. 1.—Klulaf-bayaui; tanaquz; ınkaı; jo kuchh kışı bayan ı-awwal ke khilaf kaha jao, bayan ya qaul-ı mukhalıf, tardid.

2.—Ikhtılaf-ı-sanhı; tanaquz-ı lazımı; 'adam munasabat; ok düsre

ke khilaf h.

Contradictory, a Mukhālif; mutazād; mutauāqiz; bar-'aks; ultā; munāfī, jīsse kisī bayān-i-sābīq kā inkār pāyā jāc; jīsse pahle kī kahī huyī bāt rad ho-jāc, tardīdī

Contradictory assertions—Bayanat-1-mukhālif; aqwāl-i-mutanaqiz; aisī bāten jo kisī bayān i-sābiq kī munāfi hon (usko rad karen)

Contradictory plans—Ause mansübe jinmen baham munitsabat na ko (jo ek düsre ke khilāt hoù)

Contradistinction, n Do mukhtalif chizon ko bāham munābala karne ke zarī'o se tamīz.

In contradistinction to - Ba muqubala; muqubale mon.

Contradistinguish, v. & Do chizon mon baham muqabala karke unki

mukhtalif sifaton ko daryāft k.

Contrary, a. Khilal jā mukhālif; bar-aks; ultā; mutazād; mukhtalif; jānib-i-mukhālif ko mutaharrik yā chalne walā; dūsre ko rad karno yā kātne wālā, munāfi

Contrary, n. 1 — Woh shar jismon kisi düsre ke khilüf sifaten hon.

2 — Jo bit kahi jie uske khilüf qaul ya bit, woh waqi'a jisso kisi

düsre wäqı'a ki taıdıd ho.

On the contrary - Bulki; kisi ko khilaf; kisi ke har-'aks ya bi-l-'aks.

To the contrary - Kisî manshîi ya waqi'a ke khilat

Contrast, v. t. Do yā zāid mukhtalif chīzon ko ek düsre ke muqābale men r tāki mallīm he-jāc ki unmen se kaun dūsien se barh-kar hai; muqābala k ; milānā

Contrast, v i. Farq zāhir k.; muqābale men thaharid, muqābil h.;

jor khānā; takkar khānā.

Contrast, n. Chizon ya sufaton menukhtiläf; muqabala; milan, jor.

Contravene, v. t. Khilaf k., khilaf-waisi k.; kisi shai ke 'annal ke rokna (uska 'amal hone na d); saqit kar-d., rad kar d.; kbt d.

To contravene orders—Hukm ki khiläf-waixi k; 'adul hukmi k.; hukm ko khiläf 'amal k.; hukm ki ta'inil men häng h. (use ta'inil na hone d.).

Contravention, n. Muzāhamat; mukhālafat; 'amal yā tāsir ko 10k d. (usko na hone d.)

In contravention of - Khilaf, bar khilaf, jisse koyi düsri bat rad ho-jae.

Contribute, v. t. Düsren ki shirkat men kuchh d., kisi 'äm sarmäye men yā kisi 'am maqsad ke liye kuchh d., hissa d.; kuchh d.; chanda yā behrī d.

Contribute, v. i. Madad d.; r'ānat k.; kisī fi'l yā natīje men sharīk h.; kuchh d.; kuchh quwwat d. yā asar pahunchanā.

Contribution, n. 1.—I'anat ya undad, madad k.

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2.—Hissa-i-rasadī; chanda; behrī, bāchh, kisī 'ām sarf men harek sharīk ke hisse kā adā kiyā jānā, jo kuchh koyī kisī 'ām sarmāyo ke liye de, woh kul saimāya jo mukhtalif shakhson ke diye huye rupaye so qāim ho.

Contributor, n. Kısı 'am maqsad men düsion ke sath madad d. w , kısı sarmaya-ı-'am men rupaye-paise ki shirkat k. w ; madad-gar

Contrivance, n. Tadbii; mausūba, hikmat, jor-tor, upāi; bandish, fitiat, ijād; woh bāt jo soch-kai nikāli jāe. [qāim k. Contrive, v. t. 'Aql se nikāluā; ijād k.; tajwīz kaike nikālnā paidā yā

Contrive, v. t. 'Aql se nikāluā; ījād k.; tajwīz kaike nikālnā paidā yā Contrive, v. z. Tadbīr k ; mansūba k., fikr se ijād k.; apnī 'aql se koyī bandish k.; jor tor lagānā; fitrat larānā.

Control, n. 1.—Rok, qaid, ār, zabt.

To speak without control—Jo kuchh zabān par āwe use kah d; zabān men la gām na r.To act without control—Koyī kām kar-guzarnā, bilā qaid 'amal k

2.—Ikhtiyāi; qābū, dāb, dabāw; hukūmat, iusidādkā ikhtiyār, ingiānī. To be under one's control—Kisī ke qābū meň h., kisī ke zer-i-ikhtiyār h To be above, or beyond, one's control—Kisī ke ikhtiyār se bāhar h yā uske dabāw (qābū) meň na h

Control, v. f. Zabt men k.; mahkūm k.; zer-i-hukm k., tābi' k.; apne qābū men k. [hukm ke tābi' he sake.

Controllable, a. Zabt men läye yā roko jāne ke qābil; jo mahkūm yā Controller, n. Woh ahl-kār jiske zimme kul hisābon kā jāiza lahtā hai; woh afsar jo hisāb ke muta'alliq bi-l-kul umūr kī nigiānī dūsre afsalon par rakhtā hai aur unke hisābāt kī tasdīq aur liskī nisbat hidāyat kartā hai.

"More commonly written comptroller" Webster.

Controversy, n. Bahs; nızā', hujjat, 1add-o-badal, takrār; rāc yā khayālāt-i mukhālif kā 1zhāi; mubāhasa, munāzara; jhagrā.

Controvert, v. t Bahs k.; tardīd k.; 1add o-badal k.; hujjat k.; munāqasha k.; tahiīr yā taqrīr ke zarī'e so mubāhasa k ; krsī kī rāe se munkir hokar uske rad kurne kī koshish k ; dalīl-1-mukhālif pesh k.

Controvertible, a Hujjat-pazīi ; mashkūk ; qābil-i bahs , itnā sāf nahīn ki uskī usbat ikhtilāf-i-iāc na ho sake ; qābil-i-i'tirāz.

This is a controvertible point of law - Yali ami-i-qanun hujjat-pazīr hai (uspar i'tirāz hossaktā hai).

Contumacious, a 1 — Haithi; jo düsre kā kalmā na māne; nā-farmān-

bardār; jo apnī lī pakar pakae lahe 2.—(Law) Shora-pusht; mutamarrid; 'adālat ke hukm ko dīdao-dānista na mānne-wālā; hukm-i-'adālat ko 'amadan 'udūl k. w.

Contumaciously, ad. Shora-pushtī yā tamarrud se; hukm ke khilāf;

hukm ko 'udūl karke. [mānnā. Contumacy, n. 1 — Tamarrud, hath, kisī ke hukm ko hath ke sāth na

2.—(Law) Shora-pushtī, tamarınd; 'adālat ke hukm kā 'udūl, 'adālat ke hukm yā qawā'id kī ihānat.

Contuse, v t. Bhītarī-mār māmā, is tarah māmā ki kahin badan par zakhm khul na jāe; kūchuā kuchalnā yā dalmasnā

Contusion, n Chot ya sadma jo jism ko kisi be nok-dar ale ki zarb ya kahîn gir pame kî wajh se pahunche par koyî zakhm namûdar na ho, dhus; bhitari ghāw yā bhitari-mār.

Convalescence, a Sihhat i-badani kā phu se qāim li , bimāti ko ba'd Convalescency, J sihbat kā honā aur tāqat kā ānā, 'alālat yā zu'f ke ba'd jism men

[yā quwwnt kā ānā az-sai i-nau guwwat kā ānā, ifāqa. Convalesce, v. t. Bimārī ke ba'd changā aur qawi h ; zu'f ke ba'd tāqat

Convene v t Jam'k., yak-jā k ; ekatthā k , batornā yā hator k.

To convene a meeting-Jalsa k , majma k , bator k Convene, v. v Ekatiha h.; ek hi jagah jam' h.; yak-ja h.; baturna. Convenience, n. 1.—Munāsabat, tawāfuq, ārām, dushwārī se ba-

rāat, suhūlat; subītā.

2. - Woh hat jisse aram ya naf' ho; amr-1-ba'is-i-rafih, aram ki bāt; jo zarūrat yā hājat ke raf' kurno ke liyo munāsib ho.

At one's convenience-Da man, bu faingut, also want jih kist tarah ki diggri na ho, subite so, hihm se

Convenient, a. 1 .-- Munāsib; sazāwāi, ina'qūl, laiq; mauzāu, lieshihāl, kisī kām ke nikālue ke lāiq

2 — Ārām dih, naf-bakhsh yā uāfi', fiide kū; ārām kā

Conveniently, ad. 1.—Munāsib taur par, mange' se; aisī tarah par ki kāi āmad ho.

2.—Ārām yā suhūlat se, bilā-taklīf yā diqqat ko; subīte ke sith. Conversation, n. 1 - Bat-chit, guit-gü, bol-chal, mukalama, bat-kahi. Converse, v i Apas men jī khol-kai bāt-chīt k ; guit-gū k.; hain kalām h., bol-chāl k.

Conversant, a Bakhūbī wāqif yā ārāh ; nihāyat mānūs yā āshna; isti'mal yā tahsīl ke zari'e se wāqd, māhir

Conversion, n.-1 --- lik halat se badai kar düsri halat mun he jana.

2 —Ek farîq ya mazhab ko chhorkar dasre furiq ya mazhab ki

shirkat ıkhtıyar k.

3.—(Law) Tasarruf-1-māl; düste ke māl ko apnā banā l. Sec Trover. Convert, v. t 1.-Ek halat se badal kar düsi halat men kar-d.; sürat vā aslīvat ko badal d

2.—Mazhab badal d ; ok mazhab ko chhor-kar düsrä mazhab ikh tıyar k.; ek fariq ya guroh ki shırkat tark karke düsre fariq ya guroh

kā sharīk h.

Ek masıaf (kām) se dūsre masraf meń lānā.

4.—Apue kām men lanā yā lagānā, naf i-zātī ke liye isti'māl k.; tassaruf k.

Convert, v. i. Badal jānā; tabdīl ho-jānā, kisī se mubaddal ho jānā.

Convertible, a. Jo badal sake, jiski haiat wagaira men tabadala ho-[zarī'e se le jāuā sake, tabādala-pazīr.

Convey, v. t. 1 - Ek jagah so düsri jagah le jana; pahunchana; kasi Ek shakhs se düsre shakhs ko pahunchana.

To convey a right from father to son—Kisi had ka bap so betc ke pahunehan?

第

3.—(Law) Muntaqil k.; kisī shai kī nishat ek shakhs ke haq ko düsre shakhs kī taraf dast-āwez likh-kar yā kisī aur sabīl se muntaqil k.

These lands were conveyed to him by sale - Yah arazî bai' ke zari'e se uske pās muntaqul huyī.

Conveyance, n. 1 —Le-jānā; pahuńchānā

2.—Le-jāne yā pahunchāne kā zaifa; sawārī yā bār-baidānī jaise sawāi kī gārī wagana yā bāi bardāi kī larhiyā.

3.—(Law) Intiqal; ek shakhs se dusre shakhs kī taraf kisī istih-

qāq da'we yā jāe dād kā muntagil k.

4—(Law) Dastāwez i intiqāl, wasīqa i-intiqāl, intiqāl-nāma, woh nawishta jiske zarī'e se kisī jāe-dād yā istihqāq i-mita'alliqa-i-jāe-dād kā intiqāl ek shakhs se dūsre shakhs kī jāmb 'amal men āwe.

Deed of conveyance Cf Supra.

Conveyancer, n. (Law) Woh shakhs jo dastāwezāt-i-intiqāl-i-haqqīyat murattah kiyā kartā hai.

Conveyancing, n. (Law) Jāc-dād yā haqqīyat ke intiqāl ke wusān kā bā

zābita murattab k yā uskā pesha.

Convict, v. t. 1.—Mujrım thahiana; jurm sabit qara dena; mulzam gardanna, faisala-i-qananı ke ra se kisi mulzam ki nishat mujrimi ki tajwiz sadır k.

The accused has been convicted of theft—Us mulzam par chori kā jurm sābit qarār diyā gayā hai.

2.—Sābit k.; pāya-i-subūt ko pahunchānā

Convict, n. Woh shakhs jispar koyi jurus qununan sabit ho-jac; mujrim.

A life convict—Woh mujrim jo apnī tamām 'umr ke liye qaid kiyā jāe , jo shaklis mādāmu-l-hayāt qaid kiyā jāe [i-mī'ādī

A term convict.—Woh mujiim jo ek mī'ād-i-mu'aiyana ke hiyo qaid ho; qaidi Conviction, n. I.—Tajwīz i-subūt-i juim; woh tajwīz jiske rū se koyī muj rim 'adālat-i-mujāz ke iū-ba-rū mulzam qaiāi pāye.

2.—Tayaqqun-i-wāsiq; tayaqqun; itmīnan-i-kullī, yaqīn-i-kāmil,

qāilīyat; qāil-ma'qūl ho-jānā.

Convince, v. t Subūt ke zaite se dil ko mutmayın k , dalâil se qail ya ma'qul k., kısı bat ki sachayî ka yaqın dılana.

Convincing, ppr. Subūt se dil ko mutmayın k w.; ma'qūl; aısā kı use dil bilā-takallıf qabūl kar-le; qāil k. w.

A convincing proof—Subūt-i-ma'qūl yā qawī; aisā subūt jise dil bilā-pas-o pesh qabūl kare (jisse dil ko itmīnān ho-jāe)

- · Convincingly, ad. Ba-tarz-1-ma'qūl; aisī tarab par ki shubhe kī gunjāish na rahe; aise tarīq par ki dil amr-1-nizā'ī ko chīr-nā chāi qabūl kai-le
 - Cool, α 1.—Darja-1-i'tidāl par sard; kisīqadar thandhā; kuchh kuchh sard; khunuk; tar.
 - 2.—Jismen josh na ho; sar-garm nahīn; dbīmā; gazab-nāk nahīn; jismen gussa na ho; jismen ishtiyāq na ho, said-mihr; kisī qism kā josh na r. w.
 - 3.—Jismen 'ujlat na kī-jāe; jo samajh būjh kar kiyā jāe.

4 — Nā-dāmsta yā 'amadan un khafīf khufīf bāton par lihāz na r. w. jupar libāz munāsib ho , gustākh. lus ituī garmī. Cool, n. Kısıqadar saıdı, ı'tıdal ki thandlınk ya klınınki, na itni sardi

Cool, v. t 1.—Thandha k., said k ; khanki pada k. dhima kard

2.—Kısı shar ki garmi ya josh ko kam kar-d.; r'tidal par kar d., Cool, v. i. 1.—Thandha ho-jana, gaimi kā mkal-jana, khunki ka a-jana Coolly, ad. 1.—Garmî ya sıyada sardî ke sîth nahîn.

2.—Be-parwäyî ya be-i'tmayî so, sard-mihrî se; garmî garmî ê nahin , zaug-o-shaug ke sath nahin -[kar , soch-bichar &

3 .- Ahistogī se, 'ujlat se nahîn ; dil jam'î ke sath, sam yh bajh-Co-operate, v z. 1 - Kisî düsre ke sath ek kam ke anjan men shaik h : düsre ke sath milkar kam k., kam karne men sath d.; baham kām k,

It has with before the agent, and to before the end-

2.—Bāham 'amal k.; natīja-1-wāhid bi-l-ittifāq paidā k Co-operation, n Kisi maqsad i-wahid ke anjam ke hye auron se mutia-

fic ho-kar kār-rawāyī yā 'amal; 'amal-i-bāliamī; bā-ham anjām-ikar; ek sath koshish ya milinat ka k. lius taht nahin. Co-ordinate, a. Ruthe ya danje men harabar; ham-murada, harabar; Coparcenary, n (Law) Shurakat-1-ins, wurdent 1-mushbaraka; hisi us hi nisbat wnāsat kā haqq-1-mushtarak.

A coparconary tenure - Patti diri

Coparcener, n (Law) Warrs-1 sharik; woh shakhs jisko kisi irs mon dusron ke barabar hissa pahunchta ho; ham-waris; patti dar; shariki shikmī, sharīk jiskā hissa barībar ho

Coparceny, n (Law) Kisi irs ki hissa-i-musāwi. Copartner, n Hissa-dar, shatik; woh shakhs jo kisi kām men auron kā sharīk ho, woh shakhs jo kisī tijārat yā ani qism ko kār-o-bār men düsre kā sharik ho; sājhī.

Copartnership, n Kısı kam med shirakat; tijarat klıwalı kisi our kar-o-

bār men dūsron kā shaitk b , sājhā

Cope, v. v. Larne lagua ya larto jaut; larayî k.; barkbarî ke sath larayî k.; muqābala k.; barābarī k.; hamsarī k.

Usually followed by with.

Copious, a. Kasīru-l-mīqdār yā kasīru-t-ta'dād, mīqdār yā ta'dād men zıyada, bahut; wafir; kasır.

Coriously, ad. 1.—Kasrat se, frat se; bahut kuchh; ba muqdar-i-kasir. 2 — Tawalat ke sath; khub khol-kar, bari wazalat ke sath; mufassal.

Copiousness, n. 1.-Ifiāt; kasrat, ziyādatī; bahutāyat.

2.—'Ibārat kī tawālat.

Copy, n. 1 — Naql.

Attested copy—Naql i musaddaqa; woh naql juski tasdiq bi zibita kijawa.

2.—Musanvā; part; jild; fard, nuskha; kisī asl navishte kī jab muta'addıd naqlen taiyar hoti hain to unmen se har ek juda gana part par is lafz kā itlāq hotā hai.

Asi navishta wagafra jiskā chhapnā matlūb ho.



Copy, v. t. Naqi k.; musanna banana.

"Often followed by out, but the use is not elegant." Webster.

Copy, v i, Taqlid k.; kısı düsre ko dekh-kar usı ke mutabıq kucha k.

Copyist, a Naql nawis.

Converght, n. Haqq-1-tasuif; haqq 1-musannifi; wob haq je musannif ko apnī tasnīf ke ehhāpne wa mushtahar aur farokht karne kī nisbat qanunan basıl hota hai.

Cordial, a. 1.—Dilī; jo dil se ho; sachchā; be makr-o-riyā; jisse

muhabbat kī gaim-joshī pāyī jāe, jisse izhār-i-muhabbat ho.

2 — Jisse ai wāh ko tāzagī ho, rūh-afzā; muqawwī; quwwat d w.; jisse dil ko farhat ya khushi ho

Cordial, a. 1.—Koyî shat jîsse dil ko khushî taskîn anr farhat ho.

2.—Woh dawā jisse zu'f aur afsuida-dilī kī hālat men dil ko quw wat farhat aur tāzagī ho. Juayi, sida dili. Cordiality, n Sachchi muhabbat anr mihrbani, khulus-i-batin; be-Cordially, ad Sachchi muhabbat se, dil se, sachayi se, sidq-dili se;

be nāyī se , bilā maki-o-fireb.

Corner, a. 1 — Gosha; konā, kon. 2 —Koyî band jigah; tanhayî ya goshe ka maqam; parde ki jagah. 3.—Hissa; har ek yā koyī hissa. men talāsh huyi

Every conner of the forest was searched - Jangal ke har ek hisso (saie jangal) Corporal, a. 1.—Jismānī, badanī.

Corporal punishment - Sazā i jismānī yā badanī.

2 — Mujassam , rühäni nahin , mäddi.

Corporate, a 1 — Qānūn ke rū se ba-tam ek jamā'at ke banā huā; ek nama'at ke taur par gam ho-kar ganun ke mutabiq shakhs-i-wahid ke huquq aur zimmadarıyan r. w

2. -Kısı jama'at-i-qautini se muta'alliq.

Corporation, a Logon ki woh jama'at jo qanun ke ru se bani aur ba-taur shakhs i-wāhid ke kām ke anjām kā ikhtiyār iakhtī ho aur uske shurakā hamesha ek düsre ke ba'd gām buā karen.

Corpse, a Lash ya na'sh, muda, mitta

CORPUS, [Lat] Juzw-i-kasît; hissa-i-kasîr.

CORPUS DELICTI, [Lat.] (Law) Woh subūt jo kisī jurm ke sābit karne ke liye labudi ho; manshā-i-jimm, woh shai jiskī misbat jurm wuqu' men aya ho masalan maqtul kulash ya choruka mal wagana.

Correct, a. Sahih, durust, nāqis nahin; jismen galati (bhūl-chūk) na

ho, thik; sachchā; rast, manāsib, wanb.

Correct, v. t. 1.—Sanih yā durust k.; galati raf k ; thik k.

2 — Tambih k.; chashm numāyi k.; sazā d., ta'līm k., tādīb k.; kisi kī chāl ko sudhārnā. stabdīl kar d; ıslāh k

3.—Raf'k, dürk; jo kuchla be-jā yā muzır ho use nıkāl d yā Correction, n. 1 -Silihat; duruste; naqs ya galati kā raf kiya jana, bihtarī ke liye tabādala; taimīm tashihat.

2 -Galati ko raf' karke jo kuchh uske 'iwaz qaim kiya jae;

3.—Woh būt jisse kisī nags kā raf' karnā maqsūd ho.; tambīh; sazā, ta'zīr, tādīb.

- 4 Jo shai muzii yā taklīf-dih ho uskā dafīya, islāh. [mutābaqat Correctness, n. 1 Sihhat; duiustī; sachīyī insāf yā munāsabat kī 2. Jo dastū yā qā'ide qām ho-chuke hon unkī mutābaqat.
 - 3.—Asl kī mutābaqat, Jaisā asl ho usīke mutābiq li

Correlative, a. Nisbat-i-bāhamī i ikline yā zāhir k w.; lāzīm-malzūm Correlative terms — Woh alfaz jo bāham lāzīm-malzūm hon---jaiso bāp nur botā badshāh aur ia'īyat wagaira.

Correlative, n Woh shakhs yā shai jo dūsie shakhs yā dūsrī shai se kuchh nishat rakkhe, lāzim malzūm; muinzāif masalun betā aur bāp, mutazād—jaise tātīkī aur taushanī

Correspond, v i. 1 — Mutābiq h , mawāfiq h ; jawāb h ; yak-sās h ; barābai h ; kisī ke hasb-i-bāl h ; mutābaqat i , milnā ; mauzūn h ,

ham-andāz jā musāwī h

2 Khat-kitābat r.; bī-ham khat-khutūt bhojuā; bā-ham murāsalat r; āpas men chitthī pattii bhojuā yā likhā-parhī k

Correspondence, n 1 -- Mutābaqat; mināsabat, tawātuq; mel; bāham mauzūn yā ek dūsie ke hasb-i hāl h.

2.—Rāh-o-tasm, sähiqa, bāham tawāzn' wa mudārāt, khat-kitābat,

nawisht-khwand; likhā-parhi; mukātabat wa mutāsalat.

To carry on, have, hold, or keep, correspondence with a person - Kisi slinklis se khat kitabat r ya jari i , hisi se baham murababat r.

3.—Khat-khutūt; murāsalāt, chrithī pattrī; weh chitthiyān jo

do shakhs āpas men likhen-parhen

Correspondent, a. Mutābiq, muwāhq, hasb i-hāl; mauzāh.
Correspondent, a. Khat kitābat i. w.; mukātaba par-dāz; woh. shakhs
jisse khat kitābat yā nāma o-payām ho. dāsro kī tarah.

Corresponding, p. a.—1. Mutabaqat r. w; mutabıq; muafiq; manzan; 2—Khat-kitabat r. w. [sihhat (durusti) matlab ho.

CORRIGENDA, (Lat) pl Sibhat-uama; woh baten ya ulfaz juki Corroborate, v t Ziyada-tar yaqin dilaua; uu mutahaqqaq k , mustah kam k , tasdiq k ; tayid k ; pukhta k

There is no evidence to corroborate the plantiff's assertion -- Mutlaq subfit

nahîn hai jisse mudda'î ke bayan ki tasdiq (tayîd) ho.

Corroboration, n Tayid, tasdiq, istihkām; woh shai jisso kisi düsie amr ki tahqiq ho.

Corroborative, a. Tāyīdī; jisse tāyīd ho, muwaiyid; muwakkid; jisse kisī dāstī bāt kī pukhtagī ho.

Corroborative evidence or testimony - Subut ya shahadat-i tayidi; aisa subut jisse kisi amr ki tahqiq ho

Corrupt, v t I.—Sarā d.; ubsā d , galā d ; ganda kar-d.

2 — Achchhe ko burā kard, kharāb kai d. yā hanā d ; zalīl banā d.; wargalānnā, wargalān-kar burāyī kī taraf mārl k., dryānat men futūr dālnā, rishwat d., rāshī yā murtishi banā d ; bigār d

Corrupt, v z. 1.—Sarnā; ubasnā, bigar-jāvā. [mukaddar ho-jāvā. 2.—Ķharāb ho-jānā, zalīl ho-jānā; hālat-i aslī par qāim na rahnā Corrupt, a. 1.—Sarā; bigara, kharāb; ubsā, ganda; muzir.

2.—Bad; kharāb, fāsiq; fājir, rāshī; rishwat-khor; murtashī; gairmuta laıyan; hīlat i-aslī par nahīn, joskī asliyat men futūr ā gayā ho; bigarî hua, aslî nabîn; jismen galtiyon ki wajh se futür ä-gayā ho.

Corruption, n 1.—Sajā galā yā ubsā d, sarāhat, galāwat

2.—Nekī wagaira men futūr kā par jānā, safāyi yā diyānat kā qāna na rahnā; zillat; kharāla, badī, qubh; bigār, rishwat l. yā d.; rishwat-dihî yā rishwat khorī, ritishā.

Corruptly, ad Bure tariq par, burāyi se, bilā diyānat; be-imānī se; sa-

fāyī se nahīn; ba-tarz-i-mazmūm, badī se, rishwat dekar.

Cost, n 1 — Qīmat; bahā, saman; jo koyī shan kharīd kī-jās uskā badal; qimat jo naqd ya jius ke zaii'e se di jae 2.-Khaich; saif; lagat; jo kuchh iupaye wagaira saif hon ya

hone wale hon; jo kuchh dūsī chīz ke badle men diya jāe.

3 — Kisī qisin kā nuqsān, mazariat, taklīf, iauj, dukh

4—(Law) pl Jo kuchlı 'adālat kī larāyī men kharch pare; masānf-1-munāza'at; 'adālat kī nizā' (larāyī) kā kharch yā kharcha.

To adjudge or award costs - Kharcha dilānā

To charge or saddle with costs - Kharcha dālnā yā šad k , zer bār-i-kharcha k Inclusive of costs - Ma' kharche ke, kliwche samet.

Exclusive of cost. - Dud khuche ke; kharcha chhoj-kar

Proportionate or rateable costs - Kharoha 1-rasadi

Judicial costs - Kharcha i-'adālat, jo knobb 'adālat men kharch pare.

One set of costs - Ex kharoha, kharchar-wahid. Two or more sets of costs -Do ya zaid khaicha.

To make costs payable by, or recoverable from, a party - Kivi fariq se kharcha dılana, kısı fariq ke zimme kharcha aid k ya uspar dalua.

Each party to bear, defray, or pay, its own costs - Kharcha-i farfgain zimma-ifarigan ho , mudda'i aur mudda'i 'alaih apnā apnā kharcha adā kareh.

Cost, v t 1.—Lagnā, lāgut laguā yā parnā; kharch parnā; denā parnā; baithnä; sarf h. yā parnā

2 — Uthānā yā bardāsht k. parnā, uthnā; honā.

To cost dear-Saif i-kasii (bahut khaich) chāhnā.

Costly, a. Barī lāgat kā, besh-qīmat; garān-bahā, jismen bahut sarf pare; jo bare sarf se kharîd kiya jae

Jouch, v t. 1.—Letana, bistar ya düsif aram kī jagah par r., phailana;

rakhnā, barābar bielīhā d.

2 — Dai-parda dāķhil yā shīmil k ; chhipā kar zābir k ; kisī mudda'ā kā ba-alfāz-1-mujmal zāhir k tāki unhī se samajhne wālā asl matlab samajh jāe; zāhn k , bayān k

To couch under – Ba-'ibārat-i mujin d zāhir k., kisī lafz yā 'ibārat se kisī amr kī taraf rshāra k yā usko sochānā

Touch, v, v. 1 — Letnā, ārām k, nthangnā.

Dabak baithuā, chhip rahuā, chhipne ki garaz se let jānā.

3.—Ta'zīman yā dard wagaira ke sabab se badan ko jhukā d.

Jouncel, n. I — Woh jalsa jo kisī amr i-aham kī misbat gaur wa mashwara karne ke liye mun'aqid kiya jae.

Mashwarat ; kısı qısm ke jalse ke shuraka ka baham mashwara k.

Legislative council.—Majina'-i-wāzi'ān i-qawānīn; woh majma' jismen qantin banāye jāen. [bote haib

Privy council—Inglistăn men woh majlis jiske arakin bădahāh ke mushir. Conncilor, n. Kisi mashware ki majlis kā ek ruku.

"The distinction between councilor, a member of a council, and counselor, one who gives counsel, was not formerly made, but is now very generally recognized and observed." Webster.

Counsel, n 1.—Mashwarat-i-bāhamī, āpas men salāh k. yā ek düsre kīrāe'l.

2.—Woh shakhs jo qānūn ke mata'allıq mu'āmalāt men rāc de;
woh shakhs yā ashkhās jo kisī muqaddame men suwāl-o-jawāb wa

pairawi ke liye muqatrar hon; kanusali.

"In this sense, the word has no plural, but in the singular number, is applicable to one or more persons" Webster.

3.—Rāz kī bāten, bhed kī bāten jo mashware kī bālat men kahī jāen, posbīda rāen yā maqāsid.

To keep counsel-Kisī bhod ki bāt wagaira ko düston so na kahna, raz darī k.

4 —Rāe; salāh; nasīhat; kahnā

Counsel, v t. 1 — Salāh yā rāc d.; mashwara d.: nasīhat k.; sikhlānā; munāsib samajh-kar kuchh batlānā.

Sıfarısh k , sa'î h ; tahıik k ; salah d
 Counselor, n. 1. Salah ya mashwara d. w., mushir.

2.—Mushīr-i-qānūnī; woh shakhs jo 'adālat ke mu'āmalo larne wālon ko qānūnī tadbīr batātā aur unke mu'āmalāt kī pairawī kartā hai. Count, v t. 1.—Ginnā; shumār k , ginti k.

2.—Kisī hisāb men mahsūb k., niebat d. yā minsāb k.; kisī so

muta'allıq samajhuā, samajhnā; tasawwur k ; khayāl k.

Count, v. i. 1 — Shumār kiyā jānā; mahsūb h.; ta'dād ko barhā d.; kisī shat kī quwwat yā zor ko barhā d [mansūba qāim k.

2.—Pakiya k., istidlāl k., bharosā k.; kisī shal kī bunyād par koyī

Followed by on or upon

Count, n 1.—Shumai, woh ta'dad jo ginti karke qaim ki-jae.

2.—(Law) Da'wā, 'adālat men mudda'ī ke di'wo ka hā zībita bayān; kisi istigīsa-i-jurm men ekkhās bayān yā ilzām; madd-i-jurm; 'illat; ilzām; da'wā jismen wajh i-istigāsa bā zābita mufesal bayān kījās.

Countenance, n.—Chihie kī sūrat, bashra, inkh, nazar; chitwan; shakl.

2.—Chihra; iti; khat-o-khal.

3.—Mihrbānī, 'ināyat; shafaqat; madad; sahārā; taqwiyat; dastgīrī; himāyat; kisī shakhs yā amr kī himāyat (uske qāim rahne sur taraqqī dene men mihrbānī)

4.—(Law) I'tıbar; qadr, tauqir.

To keep the countenance—Gusse ki wajh se bashre ki sanjidagi med futur na parne d'; chihre ki shaki badal kar habs na parna ya gussa waguira zahir na k.

In countenance - Düsron se mihrbanî ya qadr kiye jane kî hâlat men, tayaqque kî hâlat men; metmeyin; sharm ya kbauf se barî.

To keep in countenance—Kisi ko taqwiyat ya dharhas d.; sahara d.; sharminda 'ya khauf-uzk na hone di

Out of countenance - Pareshan; sharminde; much latkaye have; diler ya fparesbān kar d. mutmavın nahlö

To put out of countenance - Munh latka d , nadim k .; dara d., be-qarar ya Countenance, v t Tagwiyat d., rukh d., sahārā d-; manzūr k; jāiz r.; madad d ; i'ānat k.Î

Counter, a Mukhālif; mutazād; ultā

Counter, ad 1 - Khilāf; bar-'aks; jānīb-i-mukhālif ko; ulţā.

"Used chiefly with run or go" Webster

To run counter to a rule, etc -Kisî ga ide wagaira ke khilaf h,

2.—Jānib-i-khatā, ultā; sīdhe yā wājib tarīq ke khilāf.

"This word is prefixed to many others, chiefly verbs and nouns, expressing opposition." Webster.

Counter-act, v t. Kisî ke khilaf 'amal k.; 'amal ya asar-i-mukhalif se 10k d , talaf yā māyūs k

Counter-action, n, 1 —'Amal-1-bi-l-'aks yā mukhālif, rukāwat: muzāhamat. 2 -Nälish-i-mutakhülif, ek nälish ke khiläf düsri nälish; muda ä-

'alaıh kā da'wā.

Counter-balance, v. t Kisî ke muqabil men tulna, kisî ka ham-wazi h. dūsie ke muqabil yaksān quwwat yā tāsa r , baiābar li yā baiābarī k Counter charge, n. Kisi mustagis ke istigase ke khilaf istigasa; woh nālish jo mulzam kī taiaf se mustagīs par hotī hai, da'wi-i-mukhālif yā taidīdī.

Counter-deed, n. (Law) Woh makhfi tahrii jisse koyi bā-zābita likhā

huā wasīga rad bātil yā mutagaiyar ho-jāe

Counter-evidence, n. Subūt-1-taidīdī, woh shahādat 10 kisī dūsrī shahā-

dat ko iad yā bātil kare.

- Counterfeit, v t 1.—Ja'li masnū'i yā libāsi banānā; kisi asli wasiga yā sikke wagaira ke mushābih dūsiā wasīga yā sikka wagaira bilā istihqaq ya ikhtiyar-i jaiz 13 garaz se banana ki log dhokhe men akar shar-ı-talbīsī ko ba-taur aslī ke kām men lāven.
 - 2.—Taglīd k., nagl k., dūsie kī shabāhat ikhtiyār k.

Counterfeit, v. 1. Dhokhā d.; bahāuā k., iddi'āyī sūrat bākarnā

Counterfeit, a 1 —Ja'lī; masnū'ī; multabīs; qalbī, Žhūthā yā khoṭā; kāsıd , aslī nahīn yā gair-aslī.

A counterfest coin - Sikka i-multabis ya qalbī

2 — Makkār; 'aiyār; jhūthā; gundum-numā jan-farosh ...''
Countermand, v t Kisī hukm-i-sābiq ko mansūkh k., jo hukm pahle sādir huā ho uske khilāf dūsrā hukm denā jiese pahlā hukm man sūkh ho jīwe yā ta'mīl na ho; taidīd yā rad k. 🦿

Counterpart, n Juzw-i-muqā'nl; jo kuchh kisī dūsrī shai kā jawāb yā uske mushāhih ho; woh do kāgazāt jo kisī mu'ābade ke muta'alliq farīgam likkhen; kisī nawishte ke do muqābil parton men se ek, nagl, musaunā.

The counterpart of a lease - Qabuliyat

Counter-petition, n.—Darkhwāst-i-'uzr dārī; woh suwāl 10 kisī sāil ke suwāl ki taidīd ke live divī jāe, suwāl-i-firīg-i-sānī yā mukhālif,

Counter-plea, n. (Law) 'Um i taidīdī, woh 'uzī jo mudda'ā 'alaih ke 'uzr bī taidīd yā jawāb men pesh kiyā jāc

Counter-sign, v & Dast-khat-1-tasdīgī k., kisī ahlkār ke mātaht kār aise nawishte par tasdīgī dastkhat k. jisput uske alsar ke dast-khat ho chuke hon

Counter-signature n Tasdiqi dast khat, jis nawishte par afsar ke dast-khat hon usipai uske mataht ki tasdiqi dast khat. [ki tardid ho. Counter-statement, n Bayan i-tardidi, aisa bayan jis o kisi dusie bayan

Counter-step, n. Kār-rawāyi-i-mukhālif, 'amal yā tadbā-i-khilāf

Countless, a Jiskī guntī na hosake, nā qābul-ī shumār; jiskī tahqīq jā tashkhīs na ho-sake; be shumār, be-hīsāb

Country, n. 1 — Qat'-ı arāzī; mulk, woh mulk jismen kisi ki paidāishi huyī ho, watan, woh sarzamīn jahān kisi ki sukūnat-i-mustaqil ho.

2.—Debāt; mufassal; dīyār.

As opposed to a city of town.

3.—Kisī mulk yā saizamīn ke log (uske bāshinde yā rahne wāle). Courage, n Jurat, himmat; dilorī; dil kī mazbutī; jusarat; mardumī; dhithāyī

Courageous, a Jari (juiat i. w), diler, juwänmard; bahadur; ni dar, be khauf | mat ke sath,

Courageously, ad Dileiāna; bahādurī jā jurat se; mardānagī se; him-Course, n. 1 — Daur; chāl; raftār—jaise jāuwaton kī.

Bahāw, rawāni — jaise kisī saiyāl shai ki.

3 —Harakat, chāl, daura

4 —Ghur daur wagana ki zamîn.

5.—Dantān—jaise hahs wagaira kā.

6.—Mūris se wāris ko pahunchne kā silsila,

7.—Kārrawāyī kā mu'aiyan aur musalsal tarīq; ma'mūlī tarīq; bandhā huā silsīla, zābita, sar-rishta.

- 8.—Tarz-i kār-rawiyi; tarīq-r'umal, chāl; tarīq; dhang; tadhīr
- 9.—Silsila; kisī fi'l yā 'amal kā musalsal tarīq; mtizām yā nazm
- 10.—Khāne kī chīz jo ek martaba taqsīm kī jāc; khāne kā daur.

In course - Musalsal, silsila-wāi, paiham; qa'ide se

Of cowse-Ma'mülī taiq par, be-gerr khās hidāyat ya intizām ke, zarūr; az-ķhud, āp-hi-āp; muqarar

Court, n. 1.—Sahn; maidāu; āngan; chank.

"In popular language, a courtyard" Webster

2.—Mahal, bādshāh ke rahne kī jagah; qasr; dāira i-daulat.

3.—Woh log jo kısı bādshāh yā jalilu-l-qadr shaklıs ke huzür men hāzır rahā karte ham; darbāri; munayi.

Bādshāhī jalīson kā majma', darbār.

To hold a court - Darbar k ; dīwāu 1-'am yā khās meh baithnā.

5.—Tawāzu'-mudārāt, khushāmad, chāplūsī; kisīk ekhush karue kifikt To make court—Khushāmad wagara kī bāten kab-kar khush k.

6—(Law) (a) 'Adālat; kachahrī; woh makān jahān insāf hotā hai; 'adl-gustarī kī jagah.

- (b)—Hukkām-i-'adālat, woh ashkhās jo ikhtiyār-i-qāmūn ke rīt se adl-gustatī ke liye waqt wa maqām-i-munāsib par jam' bon, mansab-iāron kā woh majma' jo kār-rawāvi-i-'adālat ke live qūnūn ke mutā-inq ho; ek yā kayī hīkim (hukkām) jo muqaddamāt kī samā'at yā ajwiz ke liye ijlās kaien.
- "In the last sense used in contradistinction to the counselor or iry or both" Webster.
 - An original court, a court of original jurisdiction, or a court of first instance—
 'Adalat-i-btidayi, 'Adalat-i-murafa'-i ula, woh 'Adalat jise ibtidayi muqaddamat ki sama'at ka ikhtiyar ho
 - An appellate count, a count of appeal, a count of appellate jurisdiction, or a count of second instance—'Adalat 1 apil; 'adalat-1-murafa' i sani; woh 'adalat jise muqaddamāt-1 apil ke tarade kā ikhtiyār hāsil ho
 - A court of revision, or a revisional court—'Adalat raiga-rinigram, with 'adalat rise muqaddamat men nazar-risa il kā ikhtiyār ho
 - A court of reference Woh 'adalat jo apnī 'adalat-1-mā-talīt ke istiswāb par falsala sādur kare.
 - A court of small causes 'Addiat-i-mutalabat-i khafifa, chboti 'adalat.
 - A civil court, or a court of civil jurisdiction 'Adalat-i diwani
 - A criminal court, or a court of criminal jurisdiction 'Adalat 1-fangdari.
 - A revenue cous t-'Adalat-1 mal.
 - A court of session 'Adalat-1-seshan , seshan jaj ki kachahri
 - A competent court, or a court of competent jurisdiction—'Adalut-1-mujaz, 'adalut-1-zī-1khtiyar, aisī adalut jise kisī bāt kā pūrā ikhtijar ho
 - The court passing a decree—'Adzlat i-mujawwiz i-digrī; 'adītat-i-sādir kunandai digrī, jis kachahiī se digrī ho.
 - The count executing a decree, on a count of execution—'Adalat i-ijrā-kunauda-i-digrī, jis 'adalat men koyī dīgrī jārī ho
 - The court oldering an attachment of a sale—'Adaleti amu i quiqi ja nilam; jo 'adalet quiqi ya nilam ka hukm de.
 - The court issuing a commission, or the court out of which a commission issues—'Adalat-1 ijiā kunanda-1-kamishan ; jis 'adalat se kamishan jārī ho
 - A court of wards -- Woh malikama jisse un logon ke jān o-māl ki hifāzat ho jo nā bālig yā fāturu l-'aql wagaira hon.
 - To come into court 'Adalut men ana, nalishi h , da'wa ruju' k. ya k.
 - To be out of court—Khārij az 'adālat h ; 'adālat men nālish kā mansab na rakhnā [sāmne (bār-i-'ām).
- In open court—Sar-i-ijlās, barmalā kachdrī men; kachahrī men sab ke t-day, n. 'Adālat ke ijlās kā din, jis din 'adālat kī nishast ho, kaadrī kā din; daibār kā din .
- teous, a 1 Khalīq, khush-akhlāq; shāista, muhazzab, sāhīb-iuruwwat, chashm i-muruwwat i. w, dūsron kī shinwāyī k w.
- Applied to persons.
- 2 Jisse akhlīq pāyā jāe; 'umda, khush; jisse khulq aur muiuwat kā izhār ho.
- Applied to manners.

Courtesy, n. 1 — Husn-i-akhlāq; akhlāq aur mihi bānī; muruwwat; khushkhalqī; husn-uslūbī-

2. Akhlāq yā ta'zīm kā fi'l, mihibānī kā fi'l jo akhlāq ke sāth

kıyā jāe, tawāzu' yā takrīm, shafaqat anı khush akhlāqī.

3.—Mihibani, ri'āyat, 'māyat.

As distinguished from right (haq)

Court-hand, a 'Adalat kā khat, jo khat 'adalat ke kāgazāt ke likhne men musta'mal hotā hai; kachahi kī likhāwat yā tahrīr.

Court-house, n. 'Adalat kā makān; kachanī kā ghar.

Court-martial, n. Lashkarî 'adālat; fauji yā jangī kachabrī, woh 'adālat jismen barrī yā bahrī fauj ke qawānīn kī khilāf-warzī ke muta'alliq jurmon kī tajwīz hotī hai.

Cousin, n (Father's brother's child) Chacherā bhāyī yā chacherā bahin; 'am-zād yā chachā zād bhāyī yā bahan, chachā kā betā yā chachā kī betī.

¡Father's sister's child)—Phupherā bhāyī yā phupheri bahin. (Mother's brothers' child)—Mamerā yā māmūn-zād bhāyī yā mamerī bahin (Mother's sister's child)—Mauserā bhāyī yā mauserī bahin, khāha zād bhāyī yā hahan

"The children of brothers and sisters are usually denominated

cousens, or cousens-german" Webster

Covenant, n 1 — (Law) 'Ahd; 'ahd-o-paimān, qaul o-garār: mu'āhada, kisī fi'i yā amr ke kaine yā na karne kī nishat do yā zāid shakhson ke mābain mu'āhada-i-tahiūī jispai muhr bhī saht ho.

2 — Ahd-nāma; iqrāi-nāma, woh nawishta jismen inniāhade kī

sharāit mundarj hon, igrār-nāme ki koyi shart,

Covenant, v. i. Quul-o-qarar k., 'ahd-o parman k.; shart k.; mu'ahada k. Covenanted, pp. or a. Muta'ahhid, hene 'ahd kiya ho.

A covenented servant - Mulāzim-i-muta'ahhid

An uncorenanted servant-Mulazim-i gair-muta'ahbid.

Covenantee, n. (Law) Mu'āhid-lahū, jīsse 'ahd o-paimān kiyā jāwe. [k. w. Covenanter, n. (Law) Mu'āhid, jo shakhs mu'āhada kare, mu'āhada Cover, v. t. l.—Kisī shai ke ūpar koyī chīz bi-l-kul phadā d. yā nase use chhipā d; kisī shai ke ūpar kuchh dāl yā rakh d.; lapot d; chhipā d., saiposh k; dhānkoā yā dhānpnā; topnā

2.—Senā—jarse aude.

3.—Kisi āisī shai se chhipā d jo daimiyān mon hāil ho.

4.—Bachānā; hifāzat k.; mahfūz i.

5.—Hāwî h, shāmil i ; kāfī h.; barābar (musāwī) h.; miqdār men yak sān h yā ham-miqdāi h

The Indian Penal Code coversall possible cases of a oruno—Majmü'a-i ta'zī rāti-Hind men kul jarāim-i-mumkina shāmil hain (woh kul jarāim-i-mumkina par hāwī hai) Hīs receipts do not cover the expenses—Uskī āmadanī kharch ke liye kāfī nahīn hai (kharch ke baiābar nahīn hai yā kharch se kam hai)

Covert, a (Law) Zer-ı hımāyat hukūmat yā hifāzat.

A feme-corert or femme copert—Zan i-manküha, woh 'aurat jiski shadi huyi ho; sohāgan; shauhar-dār 'aurat

Coverture, n. (Law) Hālat-1-izdiwāj; hālat-1 zaujīyat; 'aurat kī shādī ke ba'd woh aıyam jab tak kı uskā shauhar zında rah-kar uskā mubāfiz wa khabar-giran rahe.

During coverture - Hālat-i-izdiwāj yā zaujīyat men, shauhar ke jītejī

Covet, v t. 1 — Kisi shai ki khwahish dil se k ; kisi shai ka dil-o-jan se khwāst-gār h , kisī chīz ke pāne kī tamannā r.

Used in a good sense

2 — Lālach k.; tam' k ; hīrs k.,kisī shai kī khwāhish nā-jāiz taur par k In a bad sense

Covetous, a. 1 -- Nihāyat hī khwāhān; barā mutamannī yā tamannā r w.; hāsil karne yā pāne kā azbas shānq.

Used in a good sense.

2 — Līlachī, tam'ī yā tāmi'; hīrsī yā harīs; kisī chīz ke pāne aur use apue qabze men rakhne kā had se ziyāda shāiq

Covin, n (Law) Do yā zāid shakhson ke mābain sāzish yā bandish jisse

kisī tīsie shakhs ko nuqsān pahunche.

Coward, n Buz-dil (dupokuā) shakhs, woh shakhs jismen khatre ki hālat men sābit-qadam iahne ki juiat na ho; nā-mard, kādar; jo dai se dum dabāke bhāg jāe

Coward, a 1.—Buz-dil; darpoknā; kādar; zalīl; be-himmat; diler nahin

2 — Jisse buzdilī pāyī jāe; jo khauf ke bā'is se ho; jisse khauf yā nā-maidī zāhir ho

Cowardice, n Buz-dilī; darpoknāpan; nā-mardī, khatre men parue kī jurat kā na rakhnā, be-jigarī.

Cowardly, a. I — Khāif; daipoknā; buz-dil; nā-mard, kādar.

2 — Biz dilāna; zalīl, jo darpokne ko phabe; jiskā wuqū' khatre [se, khwārī se. ke khauf se ho.

Cowardly, ad Buzdil kī taiah (buzdilāna), zillat ke sāth; kamīnagī Crave, v t 1 - Kisī shai ki iltijā dil se k ; iltimās k.; daikhwāst k , ıtā'at yā filo-tanī ke sāth māngnā; minnat k., dast basta sāil h.

2.—Kisī shai kī barī khwāhish r., chāhuā yā talab k.

"Sometimes intransitively, with for before the thing sought, as I crave for mercy " Webster

Crazy, a 1 -- Tūtā huā; ukhrā huā; za'īf; kam-zor; shikasta-hāl.

"Applied to the body or constitution, or any structure" Webster

2 - Fātiru-l-'aql; za'īfu-l-'aql, bāwlā yā bāwrā, hawās-bākhta,

pareshān-khātır; majnūn; dīwāna. [wujūd d Create, v. t 1.—Paidā k.; nestī se hastī men lānī; manjād k. yā

2 - Nayī haisīyat yā nayā mansab wagaira d ; banānā, gāim k

Creation, n. 1.—Paidā k; wujūd d. yā qāim k., paidāish—jaise dunyā ki 2.—Nayī haisīyat d.; taqarrur; banājā jānā; qāim kiyā jānā. 3.—Khilqit; khalq, kāināt; smisht; āfirinish; dunyā, makhlū

qāt, khalqu-l-lāh. [kıyā jāc.

4 - Koyī shar jo pardā kī-jāe; koyī shar juskā wujūd ibtidāan gārm

Creative, a. Jismen kisî shar ke paidā karne kī quwwat ho; mūnd Creater, n. 1.—Paidā qāim yā muqarrar k. w.—'ala-lkhusūs Khālıq;

Bārī-tu'ālā; Āfrīd-gār, Kartār; Sirjanhār

2 — Woh shar jisse koyî düsiî shar parda ho ya wujud paye.
Creature, n 1 — Makhlüq; koyî shar jo parda huyî ho; Khaliq ke siwa anr har shar jiska wujud ho, woh kul chîzen jo qarm-bi-z-zat na hon.

2.—Kısı qısın ka jandar am irse kı harwan ho ya mazır-khusüsan mazır.

3 — Insan, Jab kisî shakhs ko haqu samajh-kur ya pyar ki rah se uska zikr karte ham to un donon halatou men is ma'ui ka itlaq hota har

4 — Woh shakhs jisko kisī dūsre ke bā'is se nushw numā yā daulat hāsil huyī ho, kisī kā patwaida yā dast-gnifta, jo dūsre ke ikhtiyār men yā uske tābi' ho, tufailī

Credence, n 1 — l'tibar; i'timad, bhaiosa, woh i'tibar jo kisi shai ki misbat apni khas waqifiyat se nahin balki gairon ki shahadat se paida ho.

2.—I'tıbar ya ı'tımad karane ka zaria.

A letter of credence-Stärishī chitthī, woh khat jiske zaifo se maktūb ilah hūmil-i khat par i'tibāi kare

Credentials, n. Woh asnād junse yah sābit ho ki unkār. w. qābil-i-i'tibār zī-iķhtiyār khwāh zī-mansab hai masalau woh khutūt wa iklitiyār-nāmajāt jo kisī niyāsat ko satīr ko is guaz so dijo jāte hain ki riyāsat-i gair men uske qaul-o fi'l par i'tibār kiyā jāe [q ibil b. Credibility, n Mu'tabarī; mu'tamadī; i'timād, zī-i'tibār ; i'tibār ko Credible, o. Qābil-i i'tibār, shāyān-i i'timād, jispar i'tibār yā bharosā ho-sake, mu'tabai; qiyās se ba'īd nahīn.

Credibly, ad. Asse tarīq par ki i'tibār ho-sake; ba tarz-i-mustanad, [mād. Credit, n. 1 — I'tibār; yaqīn; kisī qaul yā fi'l pai takiya yā istidlāl, i'ti-

The police gave no ciedit to the report of the informer—Ald karan i-pulis ne mukhbir ki khabar par kuchh i'uban na kiya.

2.--Nek-nāmī, tauqīt, 'izzat, ābrū, noh nām jo dūsron ke i'tibār karne se paidā ho

He is a man of credit - Woh shighs nek-nam ya zi-'izzat hai.

3.—Mu'tabarī, shahādat, r'tıbār yā waq'at jo kısı ko uskī nek chalnī wagaira se hāsil ho.

The court's judgment proceeds on the credit of this single witness—'Adalat ki tajwiz isi ek gawāh ki mu'tabarī yā shahādat par mabnī hai

4.—Ikhtiyār; iqtidāi; woh ikhtiyār jo sachāyī yā īmān-dārī wagaira ke zaii'e se hāsil ho

To have ciedat with a person—Kisi kā mu'tamad-'alaih h., kisi ke dil par akhta

5 — Bharam; sākh, i'tibār, dād sitad men i'tibāi-i-bāham; āpas kelen-den men mu'tabanī, woh i'tibār pake zazī'e so koyī saudā-gaz yā mahājan kisī dūsre saudā gaz yā mahājan so māl yā rupaye is wa'de par letā hai ki ham is māl kī qīmat pīchhe se denge yā yah rupaye pāchhe se adā karenge; istitā'at auz diyānat ke zazī'e se i'tibār.

That firm has lost its credit — Us kothi kī sālh jūti rahi, us kothi kā bhalam bāqī na rahā (kho gayā)

The merchant has good credit with his customers - Jo log us sauda-gar so kharid-farokht karte ham we aspar babut r'tabar rakhte ham.

6. Us māl kī qīmat ke adā karne kī muhlat yā mī ād jo bilā adāı-qīmat (udhār) farokht huā (bikā) ho. A long credit, er a short credit—Zıyada ya kam muhlat muddat ya mi'ad On credit—Udhar, ayında qimat waşaıra dene ke wa'de par — [par kharid k To buy or purchase on credit—Udhar kharid k; ayında qimat dene ke wa'de To sell on credit—Udhar bechna ya'ui kharidar ko imandar aur zi ıstıta'ıt — samajlı-kar qimat ke ayında ada kiye jane ke va'de pu koyi chiz bechna

To take on credit — Udbăi 1; āyında dene (ya'nî qimat khwāh zar-ı-qarz wagarra ke āyinda dene) ke wa'de par l

To lend money on credit—Rupaye udhār yā dastgardānd ya'nī yah samajh kar d. ki madyūn mu'tabar aur zī istr'tā at hai unkī wāpasī men khalish na hogi 7.—Jam', hisāb kā woh mad jismeu raqam-i wusūlī darj hotī hai, madd-i-jam'; jam' kī ek raqam yā ruqūm-i jam' kī majmūī ta'dād.

Opposed to debit

The credit side of an account—Madd 1-jam', jam'-khātā, madd-i-wusūl
To carry or place to one's credit—Kisī kā jam' k, kisī ke haq men (uske nām)
jam' k yā wusūl d; wusūl ke mad men likhnā; jam' khāte ch irhānā, mujrā d
To give credit to a person for an item—Koyī raqam kisī ko mujiā yā wusūl
d yā usko us shakhs ke nām se jam' k

Credit, v t 1,—I'tibar k., bawar k.; kisī kī sachāyī par yaqīn lānā.

To credit a person or his statement—Kisī shakh- yā usks bayān par a'tibār k

2.—Jam' k., jam' men likhnā, jam' khāte charhānā wusūl d ;mujiā d.

Have you credited the amount paid?—Kyā iagam-i-adā shuda ko tumne
jam' kiyā? Credit this sam to nie—Yah iagam meie hisāb men jam' karo
yā mujhe mujrā do

Creditor, n Dām, qarz-dihanda; qarz-khwāh, woh shaklis jiske rupaye kisī ke zimine hon, mahājan; dhanī.

Opposed to deutor.

A judgment creditor-Digit-dar An attaching creditor - Dain-i-qaiq.

Creditress, Creditrix, Creditrix, Creditrix, Credulity, n Saiī'u-l-i'tiqādī, zūd-i'tiqādī; subūt-i-khafif par khwāh bilā subūt ke bāton par i'tibāi kaine kī ragbat, Lisī bajān par bilā kāfī subūt ke yaqin lāne yā uske māu lene kī khwāhish; bholā-pan, sāda dilī Credulous, a Khafif yā nā-kāfī subūt par i'timād kaine pai māil, jo jald bāton par i'tibār kar-le yā dhokhā khā jāe, jiske dil men kisī bāt kā

shakk-o-shubha na rahe; zūd-1'tiqād; sāda-lauh, bholā.

Credulousness, n. vide Credulity.

Creep, v. i. 1 — Zamīn par pet ke bal chalnā, rengnā mīsl kiron ke, bachchon kī tarah hāthon aur ghuthnon ke bal chalnā

2. —Zamīn khwāh kisī aur chīz par bel (latai) kī tarah lipattā-jānā

yā phailnā, barābai jamuā, baunduā.

3.—Buddhe yā kam-zor shakhs kī mānind āhista āhista chalnā yā sanbhāl sanbhāl ke qadam r.

Āhista āhista aur lā ma'lūm guzartā jānā—jaise waqt kā.

5.—Chap chāp yā chhip-kar chalnā; aisī tarah par chalnā kī koyī dekh na le yā shubha na kare.

6 —Be-ma'lüm andar jā tahnā; is tatah āge ko qadam r ki na koy! desh sakeaur nasun; yabāyak yā nazu hachāke ājānā yā dākhil ho-jānā

7.—Khushamadana bartan k; gulum ki tarah dasi bista rahua. Creeper, n. 1.—Bel, latā; nob darakht jo angūr ke darakht kī mānud zan în khwah kisî düstî shat par baundta hat; baunt.

2.--Kirá.

Creep-hole, n. 1.—Woh sürākh pemen kojī januar isliye ghus jāc ki use na koyî dekhe ya na koyî afat uspat aye.

2.—'Uzr; hīla; bahāna

Cremation, n. Jalana-khususan murde ki läsh ka, dah-karm.

Crier, n. Munadi-nawaz, rlank w, woh ahl-kan jo 'adalat ke ahkam ko 'ilân de ya mushtahar kare

Crime, n. 1.—Jurm, gānun kī khilāf-waizī; fi'l-i-mahkuma-i-gānun kā na kainā yā fi'l-i-mamnú'a i-qānūn kā kainā.

2.—Gunāh; pāp; 'isiyān.

Criminal, a. 1.—Kisi jurm kā mujrim; jispai kisī jurm kā dāg lago.

The neglect of this duty renders you craminal in the eye of the law-Is Laiz ke anjām mengulist ki wejh es tum gānāmu mujum ho.

2.—Mujrim-āna, jo dākhil- jarm ho; jismen jurm kā shumul ho; jisse qanun ki khılaf-warzi ho.

Theft is a criminal act—Chori et fil i mujuim-fina hai; chori jurm mun dakhil hai (usse qānān kī khilāf-waizī hotî hai)

3.—Fauj-dātī ke muta'allıq.

A criminal law - Qanun 1-fauj-dail.

A commal action or process - Nālish i-fanjdārī

Opposed to civil

Criminal conversation (usually abbieviated crim, con.) - Zink ya winh-kaii; jis 'aurat ki shādi huyi ho uske sāth nā jāuz rubt

Criminal, n Mujrim khususan woh shakhs jo kalalat se ahl i-jüri ki tajwīz yā apne igrār khwāh subūt-i jurm ke bā'is mujeun garās pāye

Criminality, n Mujumi, pase jum qam ho; mujum hone ki halat;

gunah-gānī, jurm kī qusūr-wānī. Criminate, v. r 'Illat yā tuhmat lagānā, kisī jurm kā ilzām lagānā, mujum thahrānā; jurm men mākhūz k , jurm sāhit qarār d.; qusür-wär säint k.

To criminate one's self-Apne ko mujum banānā; opnī tayīh jurm meh mākhūz karānā yā mujum bayān k

Crimination, n. Ittiliam; ilzām, kisī fil-i-mujrim-āna ke irtikāb kī tuhmat; ishāt-ı juim; jurm med mākhūzī

Criminative, a. Tuhmat-angez, jisse ilzam lage.

Crisis, n. 1 — Woh waqt jab koyî bat is nanbat ko pahunche ki uska khātīma ho-jāc jā woh koyi nayā tarīq yā dhang pakar le khwāh apnī halat-rash par aud kar-jae (palta kha jae); woh wagt jub kiei bat ki wārā nyāta (tasfīya-t-qat'ī) bo jāe, paltā khāno kī juguh yā uskā manga'; 'am waqt; muna.

2.—Buhrān; maraz kî kaifîrat kā badəl jānā jisac uskā natija zāhir ho; maraz men woh tagaiyui jisse sihhat ya maut ki 'alamat sahir ho.

Criterion, n. Zari'a-1-tajwiz; woh qa'ida-1-mu'aiyana ya mustamira jispar kısı amr ki nisbat sabih sabih rae qam karne ki halat men 'amal kıya jāe; jānch ki kasautī (mihak-i-imtihān).

Critic, n. 1.—'Ulūm-ı adabiya ke muta'alliq tasnīfāt ke husn-o-qubh kī tashkhīs men māhir, naqqād i-sukhan; sukhau-sanj; daqīqa-shinās; ahl-ı funün ki san'aton ka naqqad (parakhne w)

2.--'Aıb-gir; harf-gir; ılzam dene ya naqs nıkalne w., kısı amr

ki tajwiz men sakht giti k. w.

Critical, a. I.—Musannifon ki tasnīfāt ki nisbat bahs wa tashkhīs ke muta'allıq, jısmen daqaıq (barîk baton) par khūb khayal rakkhā jāe

2 —'Ulum ya funun ke muta'allıq umur ke husn o qubh (unki bhalāyī aur burāyī) men tamīz kī barī mahārat yā guwwat r. w.,

jaubar-shinās; ma'ni-shinās.

3 —Bārīk-bīn; nihāyat ihtiyāt se tamīz aur intikhāb k. w., jiskā mutmayın k. mushkil ho; nihāyat hī tamīz ke sāth 'amal k w

4 — Aıb joyi par māil; kisi amr ki nisbat iāe qāim kaine men sakht-gîr (karāyī r w)

5 —Buhrānī, kisī maraz kī woh hālat yā naubat zāhir k w. jisse marīz kī maut yā sihhat kī 'alāmaten zāhir hon , jiskā natīja mashkuk ho, khatai-nāk yā pui-khatar.

Critically, ad. 1 - Barî tahqîq so; bajî barîk bînî se; nihayat ahtıyat

au sihhat ke sath, thik thik.

2 - Am waqt par, thik waqt par, bar-mahal, asse waqt jab kısı bāt kā wārā-nyārā (tasfīya-rākhu yā qatī) hone wālā ho, mune par 3.—Aise mauga' yā jagah par khwāh aisī hālat men jisse kisī amr

kā natīja-1-ākhu paidā h w. ho, aisī hālat men jab kisī bāt ke hasb-

khwāh hone yā na hone kā shubha bāqī rahe.

Priticise, v t Kısı sharke husu o-qubh (uski achbayı aur burayı) ya uske 'aib-o-hunar par lihāz k , kisī aisī shai kī msbat jo 'ulūm-i-adabīya yā funun se muta'allıq ho apni rae zabanı ya lıkh-kar zahu k., harf-gül k.; nukta-sanji k ; achchhā yā buiā kahuā, ta'iif yā mazammat k

Criticise, v 2 1 — Kisī shat ko bātīkī se jānchnā aur uskī nisbat apnī rāe qāim k; achhāyī aur builyī par khayāl rakhkar tajwīz k.

2.-Nags nikālnī, ilzām d.; harf-gītī k. yā burā kahnā, nāgis yā nā-pasandīda qarār d

Criticism, n. 1.—'Ulūm-i-adabīya yā funūn ke muta'allīq san'aton ke husn-o-qubh kī tashkhīs yā tajwīz; nagqādī, sukhan-sanjī; bārīkbīnī.

2.— Aib-o-hunar yā achbāyī aur būrāyī kī nisbat rāc kā izhār; kisî shar ko khūb dekh-bhāl yā samajh-būjh kar uskī nisbat zabānī yā tahıiri ta'rif ya mazammat; kısı shar ke har rag-o-reshe ki tahqiq wa tashkhīs aur uskī nisbat izhār-i-rāe.

Crooked, pp. or a 1.—Terhā; kham, sīdhā nahīn; bal khāyā huā; kaj. 2 — Terhī chāl r. w.; jāda-i-iāstī se munharif; kaj-raw; ziddī,

hathī; sīdbī rāh par nahīn.

Crop, n. 1 .- Fasl jaise galle ya phal ki; paida-war; jins; galla; anaj; 2.—Nāj wagaira ke darakht jo kate na hon.

 Koyi chiz jo kāţī yā jam' kī gayī ho. Pross, n. 1.—Salib..

- 2. —Hazrat-i-Īsā ke dīn kā nishān; mazhab-i-'Īsawī, 'Īsāyī log
- 3—Āfat, musībat; balā; taklīf; sabr kā imtihān; taklīf jo kisī pa Ķhudī kī jāmb se is gaiaz se dātī jātī hai ki dekhā jūc ki woh sābi aur nek-kirdār rahtā hai yā nahîn

4 — Salībī nishān (x) jo dast-khat ke 'iwaz men kisī dastāwoz

wagaira par woh shakhs kar-detä hai jise likhnä iinhin ätä.

Cross, a 1 - Ārā, beiā; terhā, tuchbā

 Mukhālif, jaisī khwāhish yā ummed ho uske mutābiq nahūn muzir; ultā yā bar aks; bad yā nā-mas'ūd

3.—Chirchirā, tunuk-mizāj, jisse bad-mizājī zāhir bo

4.—Jo fariq-ı mukhālıf ki taraf se kiyā jāe.

Cross interrogatories - Suwālāt jo farīq-i mukhāhi kī tarai se kiye jāeŭ

Cross, v t 1 -- Qalam-zad k., kāt d., qalam khamch yā mār d.

2 — Kisī ke is jānib se us jūnib ko jānā; 'ubūi k; pāi k, ntainā To crass a road — Sarak is pār se us pāi jānā To crass a liver — Daryā utarnā (usko pā yā 'ubūr k)

3 -- Mukhālif h. jā mukhālafat k , iokuā

Cross-action, n (Law) Nähsh i mutakhalif ya mukhalif; woh ualish jo mudda'a alah ki taraf se mudda'i pai shai-i wahid ki nishat ki-jae

Cross-examination, n (Law) Suwāl-i farīq-i-sānī; woh suwālāt jo farīq-i-sānī farīq-i-awwal ke gawāh se pūchhe, suwālāt-i jarah; suwāl tardīd, jis farīq ne kisī gawāh ko talab karāyā no uske farīq-i-mu-kiālif kī jāmb se jo suwālāt us gawāh se kiye jāci.

The examination-in chief being over, the cross-examination was commenced—
Jis faild ne ganāh ko talab karāyā thā uske suwālāt ke ba'd fariq-i-mukhālif hi jāmb se suwālāt kā pūchhnā shurū' huā; failq-i awwal he suwālāt
jab khatm ho-chuke to failq-i sānī ki talaf se suwālāt i-jalah shurū' huye.

Cross-examine, v t. (Law) Suwālāt-1-jarah pūchhnā, tardīdī suwālāt pūchhnā, us ganāh se suwālāt pūchhuā jiskī talabī aur zahātā handī farīq-1 mukhālif kī taraf se huyī ho.

The presence was not allowed the opportunity to cross-examine the witnesses for the prosecution—Subut he gawahon se jarah he suwalat he puchhae ha mauga' mudda'a 'alash he diya na gaya

Cross-purpose, n. Maqsad ya mansha-i-mukhalif; woh bat jo kisi dusii bat ke khilaf ho. [rawayi k

To be at cross-purposes - Do shakhson kā nā-dānista ek dūsre ke khilaf kar Crown, n. I.—Imtiyāz yā 'izzat' kā nishān

2.—Woh shai jiski just-o jū bataur ajr yā sila wagaim ke kījāe,

web shai jisse kisî dürrî shai ko zînat buzurgî ya kamal hasil ho. 3 —Wob shakhs jo kul îh i-shahî ke pahanne ka mujaz ho; badshah.

With the definite article

4.—Ikbtıyar-i-shahî; badshahat. [yat ka hota hat.

5.—Ek tarah kā sikka jo mukhtalif mulkon men mukhtalif māli-

6.—Kısī sbarkā khās yā sab se ūpar kā hissa—jaise sar kī chāndī pahāi kī chojī yā topī kā thandā wagaira.

Crude, a. 1. — Apnī aslī hālat men, āg yā garmī se pakāyā yā taiyār kıya hua nahin, ve-pakaya; be-bana, a, be-saf kıya hua; kachcha.

2 —Kachchā; khām, pukhta yā pakā huā nahīn. ho; be-pachā

3.—Çair-munhazıma; jo mi'de men khūb hazm yā tahlil na huā 4 — Adhūrā, adh kachā; pukhta ya pakkā nahīn, muntashar yā gair-murattab; jismen 'ujlat huyī ho aur khūb soch jā fikr na kī gayī ho; khām, nāqıs, nā-tamām.

5.—Khām; wāqifīyat-i-tāmma yā pūra pūra 'ilm na r. w; jiske

khayālāt men pukhtagī na āyī ho.

Crudely, ad. Bilā tahaiya-i-munāsib, be taitībī se; khāmī se; kachāyī

se, adhūrā yā nā-mukammal

Cruel, α I.—Dūsron ko jismānī yā qalbī taklīt pahunchāne par māil; sang-dil, be-rahm, jiskā dil patthar sā bo, wahshī-mizāj, jismen hamdardî mihrbanî aur rahm na ho; be daid, be-mihi, qisayî.

Applied to persons or their dispositions.

2 — Taklif d.h, ranj yā musībat paidā k w; ķhūń khwār Cruelly, ad Be-rahmi ya sang dili se, be dardi se; bari taklif ya 'uqubat

se, sakhtī se; walishiyāna tarīq pai.

Cruelty, n 1 —Be-rahmī; sang-dilī, qasāwat, dūsron ko bilā zarūrat taklif yā rang dene ki khwāhish, bo-daidi; wahshat-mizāji

2 —Be-rahmī kū fi l, woh fi'l jisse düsre ko 'abas taklīf ho; fi'l i-

be jā, nā-iusāfī, zulm; ta'addī

Cry, v : 1 -Zor se āwāz d , chillānā; hānk mārnā, shor k.; baland

āwāz se boluā pukārnā yā kuchh kah uthnā,

2.—Wāwaila machānā yā k., nāla mārnā; ranj taklīf yā musībat men zor se chilland, ro 10 aur ah mulkar ranj zahir k.; zor se ronapīțuā; larke kī tarah chikh-māruā (chillānā).

3.—Bolnā; jāuwaron kā zor se bolnā.

To cry out - Chillana, shor machana

To cry out against - Mazammat karne ki niyat se kisi ki shikayat zor zor se k.

To ery to - Du'ā mānguā; iltijā k.

Cry, v t 1.—l'lan k.; mushtahar k.; ittila'-dihi ki garaz se kisi shai ka nam lekar bar-i 'am zor se pukarna; koyî chîz je kho-gayî ya hathāji ho khwāh kisī biki wagaira kī chīz kī ittilā' logon ko āwāz se pukār kar (chillākai) d.

To cry up - Ta'rif k , tausif k., sarāhnā yā bakhānnā, kisī shai kī ta'rif zor zor se 'awām men kurke uskī qīmat yā qadr-o-manzilat ko barhā d.

To cry down-Kısı shar ki be-waqarı zabanı ya lıkh-kar k; mazammat k.: nāqis thahrānā.

Cry, n. 1 —Chillahat; woh shor jo koyī insān yā haiwān machāye; bāng , kharosh ; na'ra. yā āwāz, gul.

2.—Shor, shor-o-gul; pukār; gaugā; hānk yā hānk-pukār; sadā 3 — Khushī hairat ranj yā musībat kā izhār jo ba-āwāz-i-baland kiyā jāc—jaise jaijaikār hai-hai hāi-hāi wagaira; girgirāhat; minnat-o-samājat; nālā-o-faryād; rolāyī; giriya-o-zārī

4.—Baland awaz se kısı bat ka rlan—jaise dast faroshon ka bikri

kī chīz lekar āwāz d.

Crying, a. Lihāz ke qābil; jispar chār-nā-chār tawajjuh aur lihāz kaiuā

pare, ma'ı ūf, 'ām; barā.

Culpable, a Qābil-: rizām, mustaujīb-ī-dzām; dzām dene ke lārq, chashmnumāyī yā sarzanīsh ke qābil, jo maurīd-ī-dzīm ho-sake; jīspai ilzām lag-sake, mujīmāna; nāgus; qabīh yā kharāb.

Your omission of this important duty is culpable—Is faiz-i-aham kā tumhārā tark k (uskā na k) qābil-i-ilzām hai. The man is culpable—Woh shakha mulzam hai (uspar ilzām diyā jā saktā hai)

"Generally culpable is applied to acts less atrocious than crimes"

Webster

Culpableness, n Mustaujib i-ilzām h, taqsīr-wūrī; mujumī; gunahgārī. Culpably, ad. Aisī tarah par ki ilzām wārīd ho-sake (lag-sake), mulzamāna. [sābīt huā ho.

Culprit, n. Mulzam yā mujim; woh shakhs jispar koyī jurm 'āid yā Cultivable, a. Zirā'at ke qābil, kāsht kārī ke lāiq, jote boye jūne ke

laiq, jisko jot aur bo saken, jismen kheti ho-sake

Cultivate, v i 1.—Jotkar bone ke hye tanyān k., kāsht-kārī k.; zurā'at k., khetī k.; khet banānā, galla pandā kanne ke hiye tanyār k.; khād dāloā hal chalānā dunnet kannā bonā aur pub galla uniyār ho use kāt lenā, tanaddud k.; uthānā; mihnat yā band-o bust kanko zurā'at men tanaqqi d., ābād k

2 — Unhat yā tahsil ke zai e se taraqqī d, kisi shai men taraqqī k.; shāista yā muhazzab banānā, sudhārnā. [mihnat k.

3—Kisī shar kī taraf tawjjuh-i-khās k; kīsī shaf kī taraqqī men Cultivation, 1.—z Kāsht-kārī, zīrā at; khetī; kāsht; taraddad; kisnayī, girhastī, zamīn ke jotne bone kā ihtimām; fasl paidā karno ko liyo zamīn ko jot-kar durast k; ābādī.

To be under cultivation - Mazia'a h , jota boya jana; ahad rahna.

To be out of cultivation - Gau-mazrū'a h, be varaddud (uftida gair-ūbād yā parti) h., 1015 boyā na 1505.

2—Kısı shai ki taraqqı durusti ya afzüsh ke liye tahsil fikr aur mashq; taraqqı ki tadbiron ka k; apni ya garon ki bihbudi ki fikro-koshish, tahzib; jism 'aql ya dil ki halat men taraqqı; arüstagı.

Cultivator, n. 1 — Kāsht-kār; muzāri', kisan, khetihar.

A resident cultivator — Chhapai band asīmī, khud-kāsht; woh kāsht-kār jo usī gānw men rahtā ho jahān uskī kāsht-kārī bo.

A non-resident caltivator - Pālai yā pābi-kāsht, web kāsht-kār jo ek mauza' men rahe aur dāsre inauza' men kāsht-kārī kare. (kare.

2 — Woh shakhs jo 'umda 'umda bāton men taraqqī kī fikr-o-koshish - Culture, a 1.— Zarā'at, khetī; kāsht kārī; fasl paidā karne ke liye zamin kī quiba-rānī aur durustī

2. Kisî nada bāt kī taraqqī yā afzāish kī koshish (usmeu

mihnat yā tadbīron kā k)

Curator, a Muhāfiz; amīn, dāroga; woh shakbs jo kisī aisī amlāk kī muhāfazat ke liye muqarrar kiyā jāc jiskā mālik uske ihtimām kī talāhiyat-ī-qāndnī na rakhtā ho, khwāh kahīn chalā gayā ho; sipurddār; muhtamim, munsarīm. Cure, n. 1 — Bîmāri kā 'ılāj , mu'ālaja ; 'ılāj kā tarīq.

2.—Kāmyābī ke sāth maraz kā 'nlāj; suhhat; shifā; ārām; bīmārī

ke ba'd phir tan-durust ho-jānā.

3. - Kisî maraz ya butayî ke dür karne ki tadbir, 'ilaj; daru; darmān, kisi maraz wagaira ke daf'iya kī tadbīr, chāra. fachchhā k. Cure, v t. 1.—Sihhat baklıshna, alam k , changa k ; shifa d ; bimari se

2 — Daf k.; dûr k., raf k., bāqī rabue na d; rafāh kī sūrat paidā k. 3.—Khushk karke khwah namak wagatra mal-kar mahfuz r.; is

qabil bana d ki kuchh 'aise tak mahfuz ya qaim rahe.

Curiosity, n. 1 — Tuftish ya tahqiqat ke zari'e se kisi nayi shai ke dekhne ya gair ma'lum bat ke daiyaft karne ka bara shauq: naye halat yā un bāton ke jānne yā daryāft kaine kā shauq jo dil-chasp hon; kısı navi ya gaır-ma'müli chiz ke dekhne ki tamanna: tafahhus: tarassus, dhundh: 10vāvî

2.—Koyī 'ajīb-o-garīb shar, koyî nayî am nadar chîz jiske dekhne

ko ji chāhe yā jo dekhne ke laiq (qābil-i-did) ho.

Curious, a. 1.—Kisī ami ke daryāft yā ma'lūm karne kā sbāiq, kisī shai ke 'ilm kā tālib, jo bāton kī talāsh aur tahqigāt kā 'ādī ho: mutalāshī, mutafalihis (kisī bāt kī dhūndh men lagā rahue wālā).

With after or of

2 — Tawayuh aur daryaft ke laiq; jisse hairat paida ho; 'ajīb-ogarīb; nādn, anūthā

3 -Jo ihtiyat aur karigari se bana ho; 'umdo; nafīs; kamil.

Currency, n 1. - Jārī rahnā (rawāj), zeložu z id-i 'awām yā murawwaj rahni, waqtan fa waqtan qam rahua khwah taslim ya bawar kiya jana. 2 —Sikke vā lot wagaira ki chalan (unkā rawāj vā logon men

dast-ba-dast muntagil huä k.)

3.—Sikka yā lot wagana jo jātī (rātju-l-wagt yā chalan-bāzār) ho: woh shut jisko maliyati ya mal ka badal samujb-kar fog liya diya karen Jurrent, a. 1.—Rawān; hāl, maujūd, jo is waņt guzariā yā maujūd ho.

A cui i ent month or year - Mah ya sau-i rawan: mahiha ya san jo guzar rahaho.

2 - Rān yā rānud-waqt; jiskā rawāj bo; jānī, jiskī chalan bo, 'am; use log 'umaman qabal karte hon.

A current com - Sikka-1-iāiju-l-waqt; sikka-1-chalan bāzār A current report -Khabar-r'am, mashbur khabar Ouvrent price-Nirth, sharh; bazar ka bhaw Curreat business - Rozmarre kā kāro; chaltā kām ; kār-i- ijrāvī

3-Jise log 'umūmau qabūl kar-saken; aslī; 10 chal-sake; gābil-1-

jawāz yā taslīm.

Intrent, n. 1.—Bahāw; jhokā; āge ko chalnā yā bahnā—jaise pānī yā hawa wagaira si saiyal chizon ka.

2.—Hawa ke jhoke ya samundar khwah darya wagaira men pani kā tor ke sāth (nihāyat tezī se) kisī khās taraf ko bahuā, dhārā

3 —'Am daur yā raftār; ma'mūlī tarīq; silsīla, barābar chalā chalnā The current of time, of events, of opinion, &c - Wast majaron ya rae wagaira kā sileila.

larrently, ad 'Umumau, 'am taur par; bi-l'emum ya 'ala-l'umum, sab logon men, 'awamu-n-nās men.

Cursorily, ad. Sarāsarī yā rawā-rawīmen, 'ujlat ke sāth; jald yā jaldī se; kuchh kuchh: khafif sā; tawajjuh ke sāth (dhyān dekar) nahīn

Cursory, a. Sarāsarī; rawā iāwī, jo khūb ji lagā kar na kiyā jāc; jo ujlat ke sāth kiyā jāe, jismen ihtiyāt kām men na lāyī jāe.

In a cursory manner, Cf Cursorly A cursory reading - Mutala'a i-surasari (kisi kāgaz wagaira kā 'ujlat ke sūth parhnā (gair o-taammul ke süth na parlmā), Curt, a. Mukhtasar; jismen tül-kalami na ho.

A curt reply – Jawāb i-mukhtasar (do-tappī jawāb)

Curtail, v. t. Mukhtasar k.; chhota k., thoia k; ghata d, kam kar

d.; kotāh k.; taqlīl k ; kāt lenā.

Curtain, n. Kapre kā parda jisko apne hasb-khwāh khainch yā uthā len yā phir girā den, palang ki masahrī yā khirki wagaira kā parda; parda jo tamāsha-gāh men lagāyā jātā hai.

Behind the ourtain - Chhip-kar, 1khfa ke sath.

To draw the curtain-Kisī shai ko chhipā yā khol d.; kisī kām yā tamūshe wagaira ko shurd' yā khatm k [ko pahunchānā]

To drop the custain-Kisī dāstān yā tamāshe wagaira ko khatin k. (khatime Custodian, n. Kisī 'imārat-i-'ām kā muhāfiz; muhāfiz; mutawallī.

Custody, n 1 — Hifazat; hırasat; mgah-bani; ıhtıyat, khabar-gai, hıfazat-i-mahkūma-i-'adālat, kisī aise shakhs kī hitāzat jiskī nisbat koyī hukm-ı-ta'zīrī sādır huā ho.

The record of this case is in the custody of the record-kooper-Is mugaldame kî misl muhāfiz-daftar kī muhāfazat men bai. The piisoner was made over to the custody of the parlor - Woh quidi daroga-i-mahbas ki hnāsat men mpurd kardıyagaya.

Qaid, nazar-bandī, hawālāt.

To keep in custody - Qaid yā hawālāt men rakhuā; nazar-band r.

To commit to custody - Hirasat men sipurd k. yā kar d.

Custom, n. 1. - Dastūr, rawāj, sarrishta; zābita; tarīq-i-mu'aiyana; hamesha kā 'amal-dar āmad.

2 —Chīzon kī kharīdārī; kisī dūkān wagaira par aksar jākar chizen kharîdna ya farmaishen d., rozgar men madad ya dastgirî.

The shopkeeper has an extensive custom, or a good run of custom - Us dil kandar ke bahut se kharidar (gahak) ham

 (Law) Woh rasm-o-rawāj jo 'arsa-i-darāz sc qāim ho aur log use barābar mānte āye hon; dastūr-i-mustamira.

Local custom - Rawāj i mukhtassu l-maqam, woh dastūr jo kisī khās jagah par jārī ho. Custom of the country-Rasm-i-mulk; des kī chūl. Custom of a family - Rasm-i-khāndān; kulāchār, kul-rīt. Village custom - Rawāj-1dehî, gawa ka dastur.

Custom of merchants - Dastürāt-i-muta'alliqa-i-tıjārat; saudāgarī yā muhājanī . General customs - Dastürāt jo kisī riyāsat yā saltanat men jārī hon.

Particular customs - Kisī shahr yā zil' ke dastūrāt.

4.—pl. Mahsül-ı-parmıt, woh mahsül jo kısı tıjarat ki elsiz par ek mulk se düsre mulk men ane ya wahan se düsre mulk men jane ke waqt liya jata hai.

CUS

Customable, a. Jispar parmıţ kā mahsūl lag sake.

Customarily, ad Aksar, 'umuman; bataur dastur ya rawaj ke; 'adatan. Justomary, a. Ma'mūli, rasmī; bandhā huā, jo rawāj-i-mustamīra ke mutābig ho.

Justomer, n Kharidar, gahak; jo kısı dükan wagarra par aksar jakar

chizen kharide yā unkī farmārsh kryā kare.

Ug/y customer — Jiske säth lenden ya kisi qism ka bartaw mushkil se ho-sake. Custom-house, n. Parmit-ghar, woh makān jahān parmit kā mahsūl liyā ſīāshnā; do tūk k; 'alābīda k. jītā hai

Jut, v. t. 1.—Kisī shai ke ajzā ko ek tez āle se judā judā k , kātnā; ta-2 --Kāt-kar dhā yā guā d.--jause darakht; kāt-kar jam' kar-lenā

(bator l)—jaise galla khun wagaira. 3. - Kāt-kar dūr k. yā nikāl d , kāṭ ḍālvā; tarāsh l - jaise bāl nā-

4 — Kāt yā tarāsh kai kisī sūrat yā shakl kā banānā; kanda k,

5 — Kısî ke dıl ko chot pahunchānā yā zakhmī k.; ghus jānā; chubh jānā; barā asar pahunchānā yā bahut hī lagnā. Jānā,

6 — Taqātu' k ; ek shai kā dūsrī shai ko kūtte (usse hokar) nikal-

Out and di ied - Bana-banaya, pable se taiyar; lais

To cut a figure - Numāish k, namūd k

To cut down (a) - Kāt-kar girā d , nādim k , pashemān k ; sharminda k .: dabā d . past kar-d (b) Ghatana, kam k., takhfif k. To cut down expenses-Masānī (kharch) men kami yā takhfif k , kharch kam kar-d

To cut off - Kat-kar juda kar d; alag k; juda k., khatm kar d, nest kar-d.; zāil k , kal-'adam k ; rok d ; munqat' k

To cut out - Bich ya danmıyan se nıkal d., kat kar koyi sürat ya shakl qam kar-d , kīsī daul yā sbakl kā banānā, soch-kar nikālnā, mauzūn k.

To cut short-(a) Yakayak rok d ya band kai d; dafatan khatime ko pahunchā d; yakāyak rok-kar āge chalne (bajhne) na d. (b) Mukhtasar k. ghatānā; kam k ; taqlīl k

To cut up - (a.) Kāt-kar tukre tukre k (b) Nuqsān pahunchānā; barbād k.

sadma pahunchānā, zarar pahunchānā

To cut the acquaintance of, or to cut a person-Kisi se rah-o-rasin tark kar-d . kısı ko dekh-kan usse na ashna ban-jana (aısı tarah se pesh ana ki goya kabhī kī jān-pahchān na thī)

ut, v i. 1 — Kāt k ; kātnā.

A knife cuts well-Chhuri khūb kāt karti hai,

2 — Kat jānī; kat kar judā judā ho jānā

To cut across - Kisī se hote (usko kāṭte) sīdhe uskal jānā.

ut, n. 1.—Zakhm; chīr; kāt. kā fi'l

- 2.-Woh bāt jisse dil ko sadma pahunche; koyī khiffat yā subkī
- 3.—Rāsta yā nahr wagaira jo kāt kar nikle.
- 4,-Tukiā, chhānt, pāra.

5.—Kısı shar ke kate ya banaye jane ka tariq; shakl; waz'; tarz: tarāsh yā tarāsh kharāsh; qat' yā qat' burīd; byont.

A short cut - Tirchhi rāh jisse rāsta jald kat-jae; nazdīk kī rāh.

Bacoit, n. Dākū; dakait, Handustān ke un samga-1-bi l-jabr kaine wālon ' se ek shakhs jo gol handh-kar waridat karte hain; guiat-gar.

A gang of dacosts - Dikuon kā gurah, dākuod kā tāsfa.

Dacoity, n. Dakaiti; daka-zani; dakuon ka daka dalna.

To commit a decoity - Daka daina, daka marna, daka-zani k.

Dacoity with or without murder - Dakaiti ma'gatla-'amd ya bila gatla-'amd

Daily, c. Roz-āna, har 10z kā, jo roz maira ho.

Daily account - Roz roz yā har 10z kā bisāb, din din kā lekhā, yaumīya hisāb Daily expenses - Masant t-10zāna, jo kuchh hat roz kharch p tre

Offences of daily occurrence - Jaigim jo har roz (102 man a) wund men ayen Daily, ad. Roz roz ya har roz; yauman fa yauman, din ba din, roz ba roz. Such offences happen dudy-Also jaraim her roz (yauman fa yauman) waqi hote hain

Dam, n. Bandh, band., pānī kā bahāw rokne ke liye miţţī ya lakrī kā ar Dam, v. t. 1.—Bandh bandhna; pani ki rukawat ke liyo bandh banana. bandh bandh-kar pani ka bahaw 10k d.

Often used with in or up.

2.—Band kar-d.; rok d.

To dam out-Esidh band ya bandh kar rok d (bhitar ane na d).

Damage, n 1 — Woh nuqsan ya mazarrat-1-dawami go kisi ku zat jae dad ya nek-nami ki mishat ho, zarar, khisana; mazarrat; gazand, sijan; msidad-1-nat'.

To cause damage - Khisaia ya nuqean pahunchana.

To suffer or sustain damage - Ningish khisara ya tota uthana; ningish suhna 2.—(Law) pl Kı-ī mazarrat ya nuqsan ka tawan-i-naqdī, talan i-zarar, mu'awaca-i-ziyau, jo kuchh shakhs i zarar-rasīda ko uski anogsani ke 'iwaz men zatai-pahunchane wale se dilaya jae; nuqsani kā hadlā; harja, khisāra; zar-i-haija yā zar-i khisāra.

Measure of danuyes - Miqdar-rkinsara; nuqsaai ki woh miqdat jiske ba mingd

harja dilāyā jās

Inquidated damages—Zer-i khisara-i mushakhkhasa, woh zar-i barja piski ta'dad sırf tahqiq ke sath ta'sıyun kar-di gayi ho par ussa muta'liqidain ı mu'žhada kā yah manshā na rahā ho ki koyī mu'āhada-1-ta'sirī qāim ho.

Unliquidated damages — Zni-i khisära-i-gair mushaklillasa

Damages for defamation of character - Hurmat-baha, woll khisaia jo isala ihaisīyat-i 'urfı ke 'ıwaz men dılaya file ginn k.

To assess damages - Khieare kī tashkhīs k., harje kī ta'dād kā muqarrar yā Nominal damages - Woh khistra jo kist nuqska-i-vägi'i ke 'iwas men nahi'i balki mahz kısı haq talfı ke liye dılaya jawe

Damage, v. t. Nuqsān pahunchāna; zarar pahunchānā; kisī shas ko nāqus ya kbarab kar d ya uskî 'umdagî khwah waq'at ko ghata d.; sadma

pahunchānā, zīyān k.

Damege, z. i Nuquan pahuachaz, 'umdagi ya qinat wagara men futur par jānā (uskā kbarāb yā nāgis ko-janā khwāh ghat-jānā). [ā-sake Bamageable, a. Nugampazii; jisko mazarrat pahunch sake; jismen futur Damage-frasant, a. (Law) Zarar-rasān; nugsāu k. w.; dūsie kī mažī par ba-tarz-i-nā-jārz jāne w—jaise mdweshā [kuchh hhāgā huā. Damp, a Na itnā khushk air na itnā tar; kisī qadar tar; nam; kāchh Damp, n l.—Narmī, tarī; rutūbat

2.—Afsurda-khātirī, pazhmunda-dilī, shikasta-dilī; drl kā tāt jānā; hausale kā past ho-jānā. [odā kardi

Damp, v s. 1.—Nam k., tar k , martūb k , kuchh kuchh bhigā d , 2—Ghatā d.; pazhmurda k., pāle kī tarah mār d.; tond.

3 — Âge barhne yā zor karne na d, za'if kai-d; past kai-d; rok d; tor d, taraqqi wag,ura men mā'n' h. [auron ke sāth

Dance, v z 1.—Nānchuā, raqs k., bāje par nānchuā chāhe tauhā yā 2.—Idhar udhar yā āge pīchhe jald jald yā khush hokar chelnā; harakat (chāl) se khushī kā izhār k., kudakuā, phudakuā; kulel k.

To dance in a cope, or to dance on nothing - Bhansi paras

Dance, v t. Nachānā, idhar udhar yā nīche ūpai kudānā.

To dance attendance - Khushāmad kī rāh se hāzir bāsh tahoā; khush yā apnā mihi bān-i-lai karāne ke liye hāzir tahnā (hāziri d. yā hāzir bāshī k.)

Danger, n Khatra; woh āfat jiske wuqū'-i-āyinda kā ilitimāl ho; jokhim, nuqsān taklīf yā dūsiī musībat kā muqābala (uemen parnā)... Dangerous, a. Khatar-nāk; pur-khatar, khatre se bharā huā; āfat-nāk; gair-mahfūz, jismen kisī bāt kā khatra yā jokhim ho.

A dangerous person - Khatar-nāk shakhs, ass shakhs jiskī nisbat kasī khatra kī bāt ke padā karne yā kuchh nuqsān pabunchāne kā ahtamēl ho..

A dangerous weapon — Ala-1-khatai-nāk, aisā āla jiski nisbat zakhm-i-muhlik pahunchāne kā khauf ho

A dangerous wound—Zakhm-1-pur-khatar, alsī zakhm jisse majrüh (zakhimi) ki Dangerously, ad Aisī taralı par ki kisi būt kā khatra (jokhimi), ho; khatar nāki se.

Dare, v 1. Kisî maqsad ke liye kafî jurat r.; diler h.; sahas r.; na darna; khauf na khana; jurat k ; hummat k.

Dare, v. t 1.-Kisī bāt kī himmat r. (uske karne kī jurat r)

2 — Muqābale kī jurat zāhir k., lalkārnī; muqābala chāhitā; chhernā. Dark, c. 1 — Tāitk; andherā; jismen raushanī na ho, bil-l-kul yā' kisi qadar siyāh; unjelā nahīn, siyāh yā siyah fām.

2 -Jo saf saf samajh na pare; jismen aql ko jald rasayr na ho;

poshīda, makhfī, muglaq [rahe. 3.—Jismen jahālat kī tāniki phailī

4 — Jisse bad atwari zahir ho; kharab, zabun; bura, bad.

5.—Burāyī kī alāmaten zāhir k. w ; tārīk; siyāhī chhāyā huā.

Dark, n 1.-Täriki, andhera, raushani kā na h.

2.—Jihālat kī hālat, 'aql par paida pire rahne kī kaifīyat; tārīkī; zulmat. [mahīna aur diņ

Date, n. Tankh, miti; tuthi, kisi nawishte men uski tahir ka san According to date - Tarikh war; mitake mutabiq. Bearing date or dated - Muarrakha, jispar san mahina ain tarikh likhi ho.

Due date - Terikher wa filbud-edis , pakiki miti.

Date, v. t Tārīkh likhnā charhānā yā denā; kisī tahrīr par san mahina aur tārīkh-r tahrīr likh d.

Date, v. 2. Shuru' h ; ibtida r.; bunyad parna.

With from.

Daughter, n Larki, beti; dukhtar, sabiya. Daughter-in-law, n. Patoh, bahū, badhū, bete kī jorū.

Day, n. 1.—Roz; din, yaum; bār.

Day by day - Roz-āna, har roz; yauman-fa-yauman; bilā-nāga.

Days of grace-(a) Muhlat ke din aiyām-i-muhlat (b) Woh tin din jo ma hājanī rawāj ke mutābiq hundī ki miti ke pūjue ke ba'd uske dām ke dene ke hye muqarrar hote hain.

Qaziye yā munāqashe men kām-yābī, jang men fath.

He has won the day - Usne fath pāyī, woh kām yāb huā.

3.—Zamāna; 'asr, waqt, zindagi, hayāt.

In this sense, the plural is often used

One day, or one of these days - Kisi khās waqt men, ek din, kisi na kisi din, chāhe jald ho yā der ke ba'd.

To-day - Aj , fi-1-hal; bi-1 fi'l.

Day-book, n. Roz-nāma, roz-nāmche ki bahī, woh hisāb ki kitāb jismen roz āna jam' kharch līkhā jātā hai

Dead, a. 1.—Murda, marā huā, jismen zındagi bāqī na ho, be jān. 2 —Be-sūd, jisse kuchh naf' na ho; fāida-bakhsh nahin.

Dead capital - Sarmāya-i-be-sūd, woh sarmāya jisse kuchh naf' na ho

3.—Barābar ek tarah kā, patpar; nipat, nirā, yaksān

A dead plain-Patpar maidān, baisbar yā miā maidān. A dead wall-Niiī

ya nipat diwar, diwar-1-mahz; aisi diwar jismen koyi jharokha wagana na ho. 4.—(Law) Jiske huquq-i-shahil süqit ho gaye hon, jiski ikhtiyar nishat tasarruf-i-huquq-i-māl zāi' ho gayā ho,

The man having been banished became civilly dead-Jila watan kiye jane ki wajh se us shakhs ke huquq i-shahri zāil ho gaye yā uskā iqtidār misbat tasaruf-i-huquq-i māl saqıt ho gaya [bas ho

Dead drunk - Nashe men chür ya bad hawas, isqadar sarshar kı bil kul be-Dead language -- Woh zabān jo boli na jāti yā 'awām men jāij na ho.

Dead letter-(a) Woh chitthi jo kisi dak-khāne men ek waqt-i mu'aiyana tak rahe aur uske ba'd kısı tālib ke na hone ki wajh se sadr sarrıshta-ı dak men bhej di jae. [isti'māl, sāqitu n-nafāz.

(6)—Jiskī waq'at imtidād yā kisī rawāj ke sabab se jātī rahe, matrūku l The law has become a dead letter-Woh qanun saqıtu-n-nafaz ho gaya (ab nāfiz yā jārī nahīn hai)

Dead letter office-Sadr mahkama-i-dāk kā woh sīga jahān gair-matlūba chițikiyăt kī jānch aur unkī niebat kār rawāy1-1 munāsīb kijāti hai. Dead, n. 1 -- Woh waqt jab mutlaq shor-o-gul na rahe; nihāyat sannāte

kā waqt; jis waqt bi-l-kul sunsān yā tārīkī rahe, bīch kā hissa yā madh—jaise järe kī fasl yā rāt kā.

2.—pl. Mare buye log , murde. [wuqu'-i-marg bo.

Deadly, a. 1.—Qātil; muhfik; jisse jān jātī rahe; jo bā'is-i-halākat yā

- A deadly blow or wound -- Zarb yā zakhm-i-muhlik, zarb yā zakhm jissemajrūh yā zakhmi marjāye.
- 2.—Jānī; zindagī kā khwāhān; jisko kisī tarah par rāzī na karsaken, jiskā manshā halākat yā barbādī ho.

A deadly enemy—Jāni dushman, aısā dushman jise kisî tarah par rāzī na karsaken Deadly malice—Jāni 'adāwat

Deaf, a. I.—Bahrā, jisko yā jismen āwāz ma'lūm na de (sun na pare)

2.—Jo samā'at par rāgib na ho, jo jānbūjh-kar 'adam-tawajjuhī kare; jo qāil na ho; jo wāqi'āt yā dalāil ko qabūl na kare, pumbaba-gosh; munkir.

To be deaf to a representation—Kisī kī bāt ke sunne par rāgīb na honā, kisi kī bāt ko jānbūjh kar na sunnā—To be deaf to an argument—Kisī dalīl ko qabūl na karnā yā usse qāīl na honā.

3.—Bahrā hokar; jab samā'at kī quwwat rah na jāe.

Deal, v. t 1 -Thora thora d, taqsim k; bantna.

Often followed by out.

2 -Pai dar-pai d.; ek ke ba'd dūsra d.

[mārnā

To deal out blows - Paiham mārnā, zarb par zarb d yā lagānā, mār par mīr Deal, v. i. 1 — Tijārat k., saudāgaiī k.; kharīd-farokht yā uskī guft gū (bāt chīt) k., roz-gāi yā kār-o-bār k.

2 — Do shakhson ke darmıyan men parna, kısı se kısı qism ke mu'amalat r., bich men parna, logon ka darmıyanı ban-kar kar-rawayı l.

3.—Düsron kī jānib kisi qism kā tariq ikhtiyār k.; bhalī yā burī chāl chalnā, 'amal k., kām yā kārrawāyī k [burā

To deal by—Achchhī yā burī tarah se peshānā, sulūk k chāhe achchhā ho yā To deal in-(a) Kisī shai se kuchh ta'alluq yū sarokār r; kisī bāt men masrūf rahnā, karnā.

He deals in political matters—Wo h mu'āmalāt-i-mulki se ta'alluq rakhtā hai yā unmen masrūf rahtā hai [farokht k)

(b)—Kīsī chīz kī tijārat k To deal in corn—Ģalle kī tijārat k (uski kharīd To deal with—(b) Kīsī tarah se pesh ānā, sulūk k. chāhe achchhā ho yā burā, bhalāyī yā burāyī se bartāw k.

That person should be dealt with according to law—Munāsib hai ki us shakha se qānun ke mutābiq baitāw ('amal-duāmad) kiyā jāwe (uskā tadāruk qānun ke mutābiq honā chāhiye)

(b)-Muqābala k ; roknā; insidād k.; islāh k.

leal, n Hissa yā juzw; aısā mıqdār wagaira jıski ıntıhā na ho.

Generally qualified with great

A. great deal of labour - Bahut kuchh yā barī mihnat

Dealer, n. Rozgārī; tījārat-pesha, dūkāndār; dallāl; saudāgar.

A dealer in linens or woollens — Sūtī yā ūnī kapron kī tijārat k. w.

A word of very extensive use.

Dealing, n. Kār o-bār; mu'āmalāt; len-den, dād-sitad; saudā; sarokār; sulūk; rabt-zabt; rāh-o-rasm; ta'alluq; saudāganī; tijārat.

Fair dealing—Sāf mu'āmala; kharā mu'āmala; īmān-dārī kā saudā yā len-den; mu'āmale kī safāyī. Unfair dealing - Bad-mu'āmalagī, len den men be īmānī.

Dear, a. 1 — Manbgā; garān, jiskī qīmat ma'mūl se ziyāda ho; gaiāńbahā ya'nī ma'mūl se ziyāda qīmat i. w

2 — Pyārā, nihāyat 'azīz, jiski qudr ziyāda ki jāc.

Dear-bought, a Garān-bahā, jo bahut kuchh saif se hīsil ho yā mile. Dearly, ad. 1.—Muhabbat se, dil se, baje shang se; chāh ke sāth.

2.—Shiddat se, ara tarah par ki ranj uthe, bahut kuchh dekar ya sah-kar, ba-sarf-i-kasir

Death, n. 1.—Maut; marg, wafat, halakat, qaza, mamat.

Civil death - See under Civil

2 — Marne-kā talīg, jis tarah par maut kā wugū' ho

An acordental death—Marg 1-1ttifāqī Sudden death—Marg-1-mufājāt; qazā 1-nāgahānī A violent death—Māipīt se marnā, maut jo mārpīt se paidā ho Death's door—Qarību-l marg hone ki hālat.

At death's-door - Qarību-i-marg, jān-ba lab; hālat-i-naz' men; pan gon men latkāye huye, ab-tab lagā huā

To cause death-Halākat kā bā'is h; mār dālnā yā marwā dālnā.

To put to death-Qati k , halak k , man dains, jan lens

To be the death of - Kisi ki mant ka ba is h ; mhi-dalon, halak k

Punishment of death—Sazīlmaut, phāusī kī sazā. [kā hukm d

To sentence an offender to death—Kisi mujrum ki nisbat sazā-i-maut (phānsi) Death-bed, m Bistar i-marg; kisi marīz kā dam i ākhir; us shaklis kā ākhir waqt jo bīmāi-rahkar mare.

Death-warrant, n. 1 (Law) Phānsī kā wārant yā hukm-nāma; woh hukm jo afsat-1-mujāz ke huzūr se kisī mujum ke phānsī diyejāne kī msbat jārī ho.

2 — Jisse ummed yā khushi munqat' ho-jāe (bāqī na rahe).

Debar, v t Mahium ya mahjub k.; mani h.; baz rakhna, rok d.; dakhl ya tasarruf na kaine d.; kharij kar-d.; na dena ya inkar k

Debase, v. t. Kisi shai ki 'umdagi waq'at asliyat ya martabe wagana ko ghati d ; zalil k ; be waqr k ; khota bana d [pazii.

Debatable, a. Jiski nisbat nizā' yā munāqasha ho-sake; hujjat yā bahs-Debate, n. I.—Bahs, mubāhasa, munāqasha, takrār yā nizā'-i-lafzī; munāzara; hujjat ba-garaz-i-inkisbāf-rasi-i-haqiqat; ashkhās-i mukhtalifu-l-ātā ke mā-bain takrāi

2-pl. Kisî amr ke muta'alliq mubāhase ki kaifiyat jo mushta-Debats, $v \ t$ Nizā'ı-lafzī yā bahs k , dalāil ke zaīle se kisī bāt ke

qāim kazne ki koshish k , hujjat dalīl yā takrāi k.

The question was debated till a late hour—Us amr to mishat der tak baha huyi.

DE BENE ESSE, (Lat) (Law) Mauzūri-r-shai-tī, taslīm-r-fi-l-hāl.

A de benë erse erammation of a witness—Kisi gawah 15 izhar jo waqt par taslim karliya jae lekin uski, njehat yah ikhtiyar rahe ki istifsai imazid ya kamil ke ba'd woh phir pesh na kaya ya na-manzar kardiya jawe; izhar-ngawah mashrut ba manzun-i-ayapda.

[shahadat k

To take evidence de dene esse—Ayında ki mənzüri ya nü manzüri ki ahart par Debenture, n. I.— Woh nawishta jismen qarzdazi taslim kijawe; tahrir mush'iri-ijab-i-dam; woh tahrir ya sanad jispar kisi afsur-i-sar

kārī ke dast-khat is amr ke subūt men sabt bon kr fulān kī yāftanī is qadar hai; wok ragam jo aise navishte men mundari ho.

2 — Woh sanad jo parmit-ghar se māhki-māl ko mahsāl kā chhūt

wusul pane ke liye dijati hai, chhut ya phirte ki chitthi.

3.—Woh kafālat nāma jo railway kampanī apne qarz hye huye rupaye kī mabat likhtī hai, qarz kī distāwez yā uskā kafālat-nāma. Debentured, a. Jispar chhūt yā phu tā mil-sake.

Debintured goods—Chhūṭ kā māl; woh māl jispār mahsūl kā phirtā mīl-sake Debit, n. Tahiīiī raqam-i-qarz, madd-i-kharch; nām kā mad; nām khātā; hisāb kā woh mad jismen aisī kul raqmen mundarj hon jo auron ke zimme hon.

The debit side of an account-Madd-i-kharch; nam-khata.

Debit, v. t Qarz kī tarah par likhnā, qarz khāte likhnā; madd-i-kharch men qārm k.; nām likhnī yā nām khāte charhānā [ke zimme ho.

Debt, n. 1.—Qarz; dain, labnā; rm; woh rupaye jo ek shakhs ke düste 2.—Woh shai jiskā ek shakhs kī jāmb se düste shakhs ko diyā jānā yā uske naf ke liye kiyā jānā faiz ho, faiz; bār.

A debt secured by a bond-Tamassuki garz

A debt secured by word of mouth – Dast guidānyāhath-pher qarz , zabānī qarz An outstanding debt – Labnā; woh qarz jo babut din se wājibu-l-adā ho.

A debt of honour—Imān kā qarz Debt or an action of debt—(Law) Qarz ke wusül ki nāhish, qarza dilā pāne kī nālish To run in, or into, debt—Qarz-dār yā maqi üz ho jāvā; zer bāi yā dain-dār ho yā bin jāvā

Debtee, n (Luw) Dāin, qaiz d. w., yā qarz-khwāh, mahājan

Debtor, n. Madyün, qarz-dār; jiske zimme qarz ho; dain-dār; shakha i-maqrūz, zer-bār; maihūn.

An insolvent debtor — Madyūu-i-nā-dār, aisā shakhs jiske pās apņe qarz ke adā ke liye jāe dād i kāfī na ho; diwāliyā, madyūu-i-gair zī-istitā'at.

A judgment debtor – Madyūn i digrī.

Decamp, v i Khama ukhāruā, derā uthānā; chal d.; rafūchakkar hojānā, rāhī h; bhāg jānā

Decease, n Wafat; marg; maut

Decease, v. v Marnā yā mar-jānā.

A deceased person—Mutavaffa; maihūm, magfūr; baikunth-bāsī, jannat-nasīb Deceit, n. Woh hīla sāzish tadbīr darog-bajānī yā 'amal-i-makhfī jo dūsve shakhs ko fareb dene ke liye kiyā jāwe, dagī; fareb, maki, phande men phansāne kī tadbīr, dhokhā; mugālata.

To practise deceit—Fareb k ; dagā k.; dhokhā yā mugālata d

Decentful, a. Makkār, dagā-bāz; fareb-dih yā farebī, fitiatī; hīla-sāz

Deceitfully, ad Dagā-bāzī se; fareb se yā fareb kī rāh se; dhokhā dene kī garaz se. [yā dhokhā dene kā manlān Deceitfulness, z. Daokhā dene kī khwāhish, farebī h; gumrāh kazne

Deceitfulness, z. Dřackhā dene ki khwalush, farebi h; gumrāh kazne
Deceive, z. t Gumrāh k, aisī tadbīt k. ki jhūth par yaqīn kiyā jāe aur
sach par i'thār na ho, dhokhā d, mugālata d.; phansānā; phande
men dālnā; fireb d.; dagā k., māyūs k.; nā-ummed kar d. [ho.

Decennial, a. Dah-sāla, jo das baras tak qālm rahe, jo das das sāl par

A decennial settlement — Dah-sāla band o-bast; das baras kā mī'ādi band-o-bast Decency, n. Qaul yā tarīq kī munāsabat; āpas ke rāh-o-lasm yā bātchīt

wagaira men husn-uslūbi; ādāb ke rusūm kā lihāz; munāsibāna uklilāq wa ādāb; hijāb, sharm; fubsh kalimāt wagaira se lihtirāz; imtiyāz.

Decent, a 1.—Kalām tarīq poshāk aur ādāb wa akhlāq ke lihāz se munāsib, mauzūń; shāista-bāista; muzaiyab; munāsib.

2 -- Be-hijābī yā fuhsh se barī; mahjūb

3.— Darja-ı-ı'tıdal ka par kar-rawayı ke liye kafı, kafı; mu'azzaz

Deception, n. Dhokhā; fireb yā fireb-dihî; dagā-bāzī, dhokhā khānā yā dhokhe men ānā

To be liable to deception - Dhokhe men ane ke (aiq h., dhokha kha-sakna.

Deceptive, a. Fneb dih, jisse dhokhā ho; jisse mugālata ho yā khayā-

lat-ı-fasid paıdı hon

Decide, v. t. Qat' 1-nızā' k., kısī bahs nizā' yā jhagre men ek jānīb yā farīq ko gālīb karke khātima-1-nizā' wagaira kar d; tai k, tasfīya k.; faisal k.; tajwīz k.; niptā d.; khātime ko pahnāchā d; kısī amr ke natīje kī tanqīh kar-d.; kısī bāt kā wārā-nyālā kar-d.

The court decided the cause in favour of the defendant—'Adalat ne woh muqaddama be haqqi-mudda'a 'alaih faisal kiyli

Decide, v. 2. Thahrānā, tauqih k ; 13e-1-qāti' yā ākhir qāim k.; faisala k. yā sādir k , tajwīz k. yā sādir k

The court decided in favour of the defendant—'Adālat ne fassala ba haqq i mudda'ā 'alaih sādn kiyā, 'adālat se mudda'ā 'alaih ke haq meu tajwīz huyī Decided, a 1—Mutahaqqaq; jismen shubha yā pas-o-pesh na ho, thanā huā; musammam; yaqīnī.

A decided purpose—Thauz huz irāda, 'azm-i-bi-l-jazm; arsā irāda jismen shubha yā pas-o-pesh na ho.

2—Sāf; gair-mubham; lā rad; jisse inkār na hosake; sarīhī, ibhām se barī; qat'ī.

A decided proof—Subūt-i-sat yā lā-rad, subūt-i-yaqīvī yā qat'ī. [ho-sake. Decidedly, ad. Sāf sāf; bilā-shubha, qat'an, aisī tarah par ki shubha na Decipher, v. i 1.—Kamsalā ke hurūf nikālnā; jo kuchh ramz ke tarīq par likhā ho uskī tauzîh 'ibārat-i-saiī' ul-fahm men k.

To decipher a letter written in ciphers or secret characters—Kisī aise khat ko 30 hurūf-i-ramzī men likhā ho 'ibārat i sarī'-ul-falim men tarjama kar d ya'nī 'alāmāt-i-ramzī ke badal jo jo hurūf hon unko nikālkar mazmūn-i-'ibā-rat bayān kar k.

2—Kisi pechida bāt ko suljhānā; kisi 'uqde ko hal k., kisī mub ham yā mushkil bāt kī tauzīh k, kisī shai ko gaur karke nikālnā tā-ki uskā mafhūm yā manshā dūsre ko mā'lūm ho jāe, 'uqda-kushāyī k.; kholnā.

Becision, a. 1.—Infisāl, tasfiya; niptāw; ıkhtitām, khātima-ı-nızā'; tajwīz yā rāc-i-ākhir us muqaddame men jo zer-i-bahs yā zer-i-tajwīz rahā ho.

What was the decision of the court in the case heard yesterday? Jis muqad-dame ki same at kal huyi usmen 'adalat ki rae (tajwiz-i-akhir) kya thi To arrive at, or come to, a decision—Akhir rae qaim k; tajwiz-i-akhir k.

2.—Faisala; tajwīz; woh nawishta jismen koyī faisala-i-qānūnī sarāhat ke sāth mundarj ho; kisī 'adālat kī rāe aur tajwīz kī kaifīyat.

3.—Tasmīm-ı-nādat, woh dil kī mazbūtī jismen ligzish na ho; kisī bāt ko musta'idī aur mazbūtī se thān l

Decisive, a. Qāti', qat'ī; ākhir, mukhtatim; nātiq; jisse bahs yā takrār bāqī na rahe; jisse koyī jhagrā tai ho jāe yā kisī amr ke natīje kī taiqīh ho; shāfi; kāmil.

A decisive judgment—Faisala-i-qat'î ya akhir; aisî tajwîz jisse bahs ya takrar ka tasfîya-i qat'î ho jawe [tasfîya ho-jae

Decisively, ad. Qut'an, aise tarīq par ki nizā' shubha bahs yā tajwīz kā Decisiveness, n. Shubha yā takiār wagaira ke iaf' karne kī salāhiyat; kisī bahs yā subūt men jhagre yā shubhe ke mitā dene kī quwwat.

Declarant, n Muqir; iqrar k. w

Declaration, n. 1 -- Izhār; iqrār; i'lān; bayān-i-sāf [par kī-jāwe.

2.---Woh nawishta jiske zari'e se kisî bayan kî tasdîq sanadî tariq A legal decluration -- Woh, wasîqa jismen kisî bayan yê r'lân kî tasdîq ba tarzi mu'aiyana-i qanûn kî-jawe

3 --(Law) Woh kāgaz-1-'adālat usmen mudda'ī apnī nālish ke wujūh silsīla-wār auī mufassal zāhu kare; bayān-i da'wā yā da'wā.

A solemn declaration - Iqiār-i-sālih , bayān-i-halfi

A dying declaration - Bayan-i-waqt i-marg ; izhar i-halat-i naz'.

Declaratory, α Musharrih, muwazzih, mufassii; jisse kisi kā matlab sāf sāf zāhir ho

A clause declaratory of the will of the legislature—Woh zimn-i qānūn jisse us qānūn ke wāz in kā manshā zāhir ho

A declaratory act — (Law) Woh qanun jiske zari'e se kisi qanun-i nafizu-l-waqt ka mafhum wa mansha sat saf zahir kiya jawe, qanun-r-tafsiri.

A declaratory decree - Digri-1-1stiquăi -1-haq

Declare, v t. 1 — Sif sāf bayān k.; 'nlan k ; mushtahar k.; zāhir k ; kahnā; batlānā; dekhlānā, samjhānā, ma'lūm kanānā. jbayān k. 2.—Mahsūl wagaira dene ke liye māl wagaira kī mufassal kaifiyat To declare one's self—Apnī rāe zāhir k , sāf sāf kah denā ki hamārī rāe yah hai yā ham is failq ke jīmb-dār hain

Declare, v. i. 1.—'Alāmya zāhir k., kusī farīq wagaura se apnī muwāfaqat yā mukhālafat zāhir k; kusī irāde kā 'ilān-i-sarīhī k.

With for or against.

2 — (Law) Qānūnī tarīq par wajh-i-nālish bayān k

The plaintiff declares in debt or trespass—Qarz yā mudākhalat-1-be-jā kī nālish men mudda'ī qānūnī wujūh-i-nālish bayān kartā hai.

Decline, v 1 1.—Nīche ko jhukānā; zu'f māndagī yā nā-umedī wagaira se jhukā yā latkā d.

2 — Ghatnā, kam h ; zawāl par ānā yā h. rū-ba-tanazzul h.; dhal-

rā, khātima zawāl yā nestī par h.

The day declines — Din ghatā yā dhalā jātā hai, din zawāl par hai Business declines — Kām men kumī hai yā kām men zawāl ātā jātā hai; kār-o-bār rū-ba-tanazzul hai.

3 - Muńh pher lenā; inkār k.; kaline ke mutābiq na karnā; na karnā, na mānnā; ihtirās yā ijtināb k. [ınkar kiya

The prisoner declared to make any defence-Mudda'a 'alaih ne jawab dihî se 4,-Qīmat yā maliyat men kam ho jānā; ghat jānā; utar jānā.

Decline, v t. 1.-Jhukana, nīcha k.; girana

2 – Nā-manzūr k , kisī bāt ke zimma uthāne yā uske karne se ınkar k.; kanara-kashî k.; qabul na k ; ıhtiraz k , bacha jana.

To decline an offer-Kişî aisî shar ke lone ya qabiil karne se rukar k jo koyr

shakhs bilā talab detā ho.

Decrease, v r Ghatna, kam b.; wus'at qad miqdar ya ta'dad khwah quwwat sıfat ya 'umdagî men ba tadrîj kam b

Decrease, v. t. Ghatana, kam k ; wus'at qad mıqdar ya ta'dad khwah

quwwat sifat ya 'umdagi men ba-tadrij kam k

Decrease, n Tanazzul, kamī; zawāl, ghattī, takhfīf, āhista āhista kamī Decree, n (Law) Kisi muqaddame men 'adālat kā hukm-i-ākhir; digrī.

To make, or pass, a decree-Digri k ya sadir k To give a decree to, or in favour of, a party - Kisī farīq ko digrī d. yh uske haqq men digrī sādur k. A decree-holder - Digri-dar; jis shakha ke haq men digit huyi ho.

Decree, v. t. Digrî k. ya sadir k ; hukm d , fatwa d., 'adalat ke ikhtiyar se hukm d., faisala yā tejwīz k.

Decrement, n. I.-Kamī; zavāl; āhista āhista kam hone kī hālat.

2.—Jisqadan ähista ähista ghat jäwe

Opposed to increment.

Decretal, a. Hukm ya digri ke muta'alliq, jismen hukm i-akhir ho.

A decretal order - Hukma-digri The decretal portion of a judgment - Woh juzw-i-faisala jismen liukm i-ākhir bo.

DEDIMUS, [Lat] (Law) Woh hukm-nāma jiske zuī'e se koyī shakhs hākım-i-adālat ke qāim-maqām kī tarah kisī fi'l-i-muta'alliga-i-adālat ke karne kā mujāz kiyā jāwe masalan gawāh wagaira kī zabāń-bandī kā, Beduce, v. t Nikālnā; istimbāt yā mustambat k.; natīja nikālnā; hāsil

k.; istikhrāj k. Deducible, a Jo ba-taur natīje ke nikal sake; qābil i-istimbāt; muutaj. Deduct, v t Minhā k., ghatīnā, waz' k.; kam k ; mhāl l yā d ; bād k ;

kātnā; mujrā d. yā k.

Deduction, 2 1. - Waz'; minhāyī, kamī, bād; chhūt; minhāyī kī regam. chhūt yā bād kī raqam; kamī yā takhfif.

2.—Natīja; hāsīl yā mā-hasal, istīmbāt; woh rāc wagaīra jo kiei

wāqi'a wagara ki bunyad par qārm ho

This opinion is a fair deduction from the principles you have advanced -Jo usul tum ne pesh kiye hain uu se yah natija ba taiz-i-munusib mustambat hotā (nīkaltā) hai

Deed, n. 1.-Kam, kār; fil; kirdār, 'amal.

"A word of extensive application including whatever is done, good or bad, great or small." Webster.

Words and deeds - Qaul was fi'l ya aqwal wa af'al.

2.—Koyī barā yā mashhūr kām.

3—(Law) Dastāwez; wasīqu'ala-l-khusūs woh wasīqa jo kisī jāe dād-i-gair-manqūla ke intiqāl kī nisbat tahrīr pākar uskī tahrīr wa takmīl kī tasdīq qānūn ke mutābig kī-jāe.

When compounded with other words, such as mortgage, sale, gift, part nership, &c, it (deed) is equivalent to the Persian nāma and the Sanscrit pass a as mortgage deed, or deed of mortgage-Rihn-nāma, sale-deed-Bar'-nāma, deed of gift-Hiba yā bakhshish-nāma, dān-patia. [yā dar asl

Indeed - Wiqi'i, sachmuch, haqiqatan dar-haqiqat ya haqiqat men, asl men Deem, v. t Khayāl k., tasawwur k , samajhnā, sochuā, rāe qāim k ,tajwīz k.

Deep, a 1 - Gahıra; 'amīg, bahut nīchā, nīche dūr tak.

2 —Pechīda; makhfī; jo juld samajh men na āve; juskā patā (thāh) na lagsake; galmā, muglaq, jusmen fahm ko juld dakhi na ho; dushwār-fahm

3.—Dūr-bin, baton men khūb dübne wālā, dagiga-shinās; barā

'ālım yā fāzil, kāmil, fāzil, fahm-i-rasā r. w.

4 — Jiskā dil par barā hī asar ho, gāyat darje kā; tamām-o-kamīl

5.—Nihāyat hī sunsān yī tārīk, kāmil; mrā, gahnā, jo jald tūt na jāe yā jismen khalal wāqi' na ho.

6 -Shokh, gahne rang kā, gārbā, balkā nahīn.

7 — Dhīmā; baland-ānāz nahīu; āwāz men tez nahīu, sanjīda, bhārī Deepen, r t 1 — Galniā k , aur amīq banānā, nīche ko aur dhansānā.

2.—Aur tārīk k : 211 ādatar shokh k , aur gārhā yā gahirā k [rhā d

3 — Ziyāda tar innj-āwar yā muassir k , ranj wagana kī sakhtī ko ba 4 — Ani bhātī yā dhīmī kar-d.— jaise āwāz ko.

Deepen, v i 'Umuq (gahnā)ī) men barh jāuā; aur gahnā ho-jāuā [ho Deep-laid, a 1—Gahnā; jīskī bunyād fitrat wa dāmshmandī se dālī gayī Deeply, ad Sath ke nīche bahut dūr tak, mhāyat hī, khūb hī; tamāmo kamāl, bahut hī, bajī ruqat se, mhāyat afsos ke sāth; mhāyat dāmshmandī se, hunarmandī yā pechīdagī se

Deface, v t 1 -- Sūrat bigāi-dālnā, bad-numā yā bad-shakl kar-d ; ūpar

se kharab kai d.; bad haiat kar-d

2 — Kisi shai ko uske khās khāsajzā ke mitā dene ke zai e se nuqsān pahunchānā yā bigāṭ-dālnā, mahw k., mahkūk k ; chhīi d., bigāṭnā, mitā d , khaiāb kai d . nuqsān pahunchānā.

To deface a letter or urring—Kisi harf yā nawishte ko chhil d yā mahkūk k. To deface a deed—Kisi wasīqe ko uske khās khās ajzā ke chhiloe yā mitā dene ke zarī'e se nuqsān pahunchānā

Defacement, n Kisī shar kī harat yā khūbsūrtī men nuqsān yā zarar; mahkūkī; mītāw yā mītānā; woh shar jisse bad-sūratī yā bad-haratī pardā ho [ho; manjūda; haqīqī

DE FACTO, [Lat] (Law) Wāqr'ī, aslī; dau-asl, sach-much, jiskā wujūd

An owner de facto - Mālik-i-aslī yā haqiqi; mālik-i-hāl.

Used in contradistinction to de jure

Defalcate, v. t Kāt l., kuchh nikāl yā minhā kar-l.

"Used chiefly of moneys, accounts, rents, income, &c." Webster.

Defalcate, v. i Tagallub-o-tasariuf k; zai-i-amānatī ko gabn yā khurd burd k. (khā yā ba-tarz-i-be jā tasarruf kar-jānā).

Defalcation, n. 1.—Kamī; ghațtī; totā

2—Tagallub-tasarruf, gabn; khurd-burd; jis ahl-kār kī tahwīl men yā uske zimme rupaye paise hon unkā uskā khā yā tasari uf kar jānār Defamation, n Izāla-i-haisīyat-i-'urfī, 'adāwatan ihūthī bāton kā kahnā yā sisī khabaron kā phadānā jisse kisī dūsre shakhs kī nok-nāmī men zawāl āwe, buhtān; bad-nāmī, jhūthā dzām; dūsie kī nek-nāmī kā izāla, hatk-i-āb-rū yā 'izzat.

"In modern usage, written defamation bears the title of libel

and oral defamation that of slander." Webster.

Defamatory, a. Tuhmat-amez, muzil-i-haisīyat-i-'urfī, jisse nek nāmī men futūn āwe; hatk-āmez, jo nek nāmī ke liye muzii ho, jisse hatk-i-ābrū ho.

Defame, e. t. Haisīyat-i-'urfī kā izāla k, uek-nāmī men zaiar pahunchānā, bad-nām k, burāyī k.; bad-goyī k.; tubmat-āmez bāten kahkar be ābrū k; jhūthī jhūthī 'adāwat kī bāten kisī kī nisbat kah-kar use bad-uām k

Default, n. 1 — Jis bāt kā karnā munāsib ho use taik k., matrūki i ame-i-wājib, kisī aisī bāt ke anjām men gaflat jo farz yā malikūma i-

qānūn ho; khatā.

This defalcation has occurred through the breasury officer's default - Yah gabuo tasarruf is wajh se wuqu' men aya ki muhtamun i khazana ne ajme kari-mansabi ke anjam men gaflat ki [qāsir r

2.—Na honā; 'adam-i-wujūd, kotāhī; kamī yā kumtī, totā; ibtiyāj; In default of—Na hone ki hālat meň yā na hone ke sabab so. [mauqūf hoge You shall be dismissed in default of security-Zamānat na deno ki hālat meň tum 3—(Law) kisī aisī kār rawāyī-i-zarūtī meň gaftat yā uskā na karnā jo qānān ke hukm se naf uthāne ke hiye zarūt ho—masalan tārīkh-i mu'aiyana par jawāb-dihī kī gaiaz se mudda'ā 'alaih kā 'adālat men hāzir na honā Gawāh wagaira kī gan-hāzir se bhī yah lafz muta'alliq

kıyı ja sakta hai

"A plaintiff's failing to appear in person or by counsel is usually

called a non-appearance" Webster.

To suffer a default – Jawab dihî ke liye mudda'ê 'alaih kû hêzir na hokar mu

qaddame ko samā'at ke wāste pesh hone d.

Default, v 1 Kısı mu'ahada ya qanl o-qarar ki ta'mil mon qaqir h; 'adalat men hazır na h.; kısı muqaddame ko bila-jawab-dilii (yak tarfa) fassal hone d

Default, v. t (Law) Kısı mudda'a 'alaıh ya aise düsre fariq ko jispar 'adalat ki hazırı farz ho talab k. (bulana) aur dar-surat na hazırı hone uske uskı gair-hazırı qalam-band karke muqaddame ko yak-tarıfa farsal k lshaklıs-1-gair-hazır.

Defaulter, n. 1.—Woh farīq jo pukāre jāne par 'adālat men hāzir na ho; 2.—Jo koyī farz-1-sarkātī ke anjām se qasīr rahe; jo shakbs us zari-sarkātī ke hisāb samjhāne se qāsīr tahe jo uske sipurd ho, bāqīdār; mujrim (tansīkh

Befeasance, n 1.—Ibtāl yā ma'dūmī; kisī wasīqe ko nāfiz na hone d;
2.—(Law) Kisī dast-āwez kī nisbat ek aisī shart jiskī ta'mīl ke ba'd woh dast-āwez kal'adam ho-jāe.

3 — Woh dast-āwez jo ba indirāj-i-sharāit kisī dast-āwez-i-haqqīyat ke sāth hī 'alāhida likhī jāwe aur uski sharāit ke wafā par woh wasīqa-i-haqqīyat bātil ho jāwe.

e**feasible,** a. Qābil-i-mansūķhī yā ibtāl; jo rad yā kal-'adam ho sake;

jo zāil ho-sake (jispar zawāl ā sake); qābil-1-itlāf.

A defeasible title — Haqq-i-qābil-i-ibtāl, aisā haq jo rad bātil yā zāil ho-sake Defeat, n. 1.—Shikast; hār, hazīmat [zawāl; nafī ho-jānā

2.—Ibtāl,ma'dūmī; mahrūmī, hirmān; bāṭil yā talaf hojānā,

The defeat of a title—Mahrūmī yā ibtāl-i-haq; haq-taltī

Nā-kām-yābī; māyūsī.

The defeat of a plan-Tadbir ki nā-kāmyābi yā uskā kār-gar na h

Defeat, v t 1.—Shikast d., harānā, maglūb k ; fath-yābī ke zarī'e se roknā, muntashai yā tabāh k , mār-hatānā; hazīmat d. [kar d

2 —Rad k, bātil k; ma'dūm k., zāil k; talaf k.; kal-'adam To defeat a title—Kisī haq ko zāil talaf yā bātil k

3.—Kām-yābī ke sāth 10knā yā muzāhamat k.

To defeat the law-Kam-yabi ke sath qanun ki muzahamat k.

Defect, n. Naqs, 'aıb, kanıı, kisı aisı bat ka 'adam-ı-wujud ya na hona jo kısı shai ki takmıl ya'nı uske pürä karne ke hye zararı ho; suqm, futür.

A defect of form - Be-zābitagī; khilāf-sariishtagī

A legal defect - Naqs yā suqm-i-qānūnī

Defective, a. Nāqis, nā-mukammal, nā-tamām; jīskā ek jūzw na ho; pūrā mukammal yā tamām o-kamāl nahīn; adhūrā,

Defence, n. 1 — Hifazat; bachaw; panah; ar.

2 — 'Uzr; ma'zarat, aisī bāt jisse bachāw ho.

3—(Law) Mudda'ā 'alaih kā jawāb yā 'uzr; da'wi-i-mudda'ī kī tardīd, mudda'ī ke da'we ke jawāz yā sadāqat se inkār; jawāb-da'wā, woh tarīg-i-kārrawāyī jo mudda'ī kī nālish se apnī tayīn bachāne ke liye mudda'ā 'alaih ikhtiyāi kaie; tarz-i-jawāb-dihī.

To enter upon or make a defence—Kısī da'we yā nālish kī jawāb dihī k , da'wı i-mudda'ī ke jawāz yā sadāqat se inkār k ,, mudda'ī ke da'we kī tardid k.

For the defence—Mudda'i ke da'we ki tardid men; mudda'ā 'alaih ki tarai yā jāmb (khwāh uski jāmb se); minjāmb-1-tardid.

There are two witnesses for the defence—Da'wi-i-mudda'i ki tardid ke liye do gawāh hain, mudda'ā 'alaih ki jāmb khwāh min-jāmb uske do gawāh hain.

"In this sense, defence is distinguished from prosecution

Defend, $v.\ t$ 1.—Ķhatre yā nuqsān se bachānā, hamle yā yūrish se mahfūz r, hifāzat k; himāyat k., bachānā, āṛnā.

2—(Law) Jawāb-dihī k.; mujīb h.; da'wi-i-mudda'ī se mkār k; da'we kī nisbat 'nzr yā i'tiiāz k.; nālish meň hujjat yā nizā' pesh k. Defendant, n. (Law) Mudda'ā 'alaih; farīq-i-sānī; taraf-i-sānī; farīq-i-mu-khālif, woh farīq jo kisī istigāse mutālabe yā ilzām kī nisbat i'tirāz pesh kare.

"The term is applied to any party of whom a demand is made in court, whether the party denies and defends, or admits the claim and

suffers a default." Webster.

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A defendant pro formā—Mudda'ā 'alaih-i-tartībī; woh shakles 30 malız takmilı-zābıta ke liye mudda'ā 'alaih banāyā jāc [panāh d. w

Defender, n Hāmī yā himāyatī, pushtī-būn, bachāne-wālā; muhāfiz, Defenseless, a Jiskā koyī bachāw na ho, jisko kisī mazarrat se mah fūz rahne kā koyī zaiī'a na ho, jismen gal'-bandi wagaira na ho—jaise koyī shahi; nangā, nihatthā; muqābale ke liye taiyāi nahin, kamzoi, hathiyār-band nahīn—jaise koyī shakhs.

[yā munāsih

Defensive, a. 1 - Juse hifizat ho; bachane wala, hifizat ke liye mauzun

2 - Jo hamle ke rokne ke liye kiya jae

Defensue war - Jang 30 apnī tarəf se shurü' na ki-jūe balkı dushman ke hamle ke rokne men ho, baduāw ki larāyi.

Defensive, n. Hifazat kā zaiī'a, jisse bachāw ho.

To be on the defensive, or to stand on the defensive—Bachaw k; hifazat k, ar yā rok k ya'uī khud harola yā chher-chhār na k halki apne bachāw ke wāste roktok yā muqābala k-

Defer, v t. Multawi k ; kısı waqt-ı lyında par mangüf r , til d

Defer, v a Adab ke lihāz se düsre ki khwāhish ko mintābiq k., kisi ki iāc ko taslīm k, kisi ke iqtidār ko māmā

Deference, n. Adab; ta'zīm; pās, lihāz, tab'īyat, ta'zīm kī nazar so

kısı ki rae ki mutalia'at.

With great deference to the judgment of the court, I submit that this finding is not correct—'Adalit ki tae ki nisbut kamal adab so meri yah guzdilsh hat ki vah tajwiz salih nahin har

Defiance, n. 1—Laikā; talab i-jang; larīyī ko liyo hulānā; dushman se yah kalmā ki ugai jurat h) to ā lar, chher ishtiāl; barangekhtagī

2 — Talah-i-mbūt: istulā-i-subūt-i-bahs, kisi so yadi kahna kī tū

apne qaul ya da'we ko sahit kar.

3—Khatie jā muzāhamat ko nā-chīz samajhuā; ta'arruz yā muqā-bala jisse mukhālit kī tauhin jā ihānat zālin ho, aisī muzāhamat jisse yah samjhī jāe ki muzāhamat k w. apne mukhālif ko haqir samajitā hai, muqābala, musāhamat (roktok)ki khwālish; āmādagi-i-jang To att m defiance of a law, or to set it at defiance—Kisī qānān kitanhīn k , kisī

qāndh ke hukm ko nā-chiz samajhkar uske khilāt 'amal k. (usko na mānnā)

Deficiency, n Kamī, nuqsān, kotāhī; jis qadar zarūr ho usse kam h, totā, khāmī.

To make good a deficiency—Kisî shai kî kamî ko pürk k.; jo kuchh kam ho uskî mu'āwaza kar-d. (use pürā khwāh nakî bhartî kar-d)

Deficient, a Kam; nāgis; nā-mukammal, pūtā nahīn; adhtīrā; kotāh, nā-kāfi; galīt, kisī aisī shai kā jo matlūb ho pūrā pūtā yā ba gadrī kāfi na r

Deficit, n. Kamī; kotāhī; ghātā yā ghatī, tūtā yā totā: kasar.

Befier, n. Tālio i-jang; lazāyī yā muqābala dhundhue w; muzāhamat qānun yā hukm ko haqīr samajh kar amal k w., qānun kī ihānat k. w.

Definable, a Joseph takevan ' wil , gabil-e-tashkhis ya ta'aiyun-ehududi ta ilili ay joseph le-sake.

Define, * 1. 1

k. khitume ko pah

khatm k.

2 — Kısı shaı ke hudūd qāim k; had-bandı yā had-bast k.; sar-had kā nıshān d, hudūd-ı-arba' kā ta'aıyın k.

ad ka mshan di, muddi-larba ka ta aiyan k. 3.— Ta'rif k yā bayān k.; kisī lafz wagaira ke ma'ni thik thik

batlana; ta'aıyun-ı-ma'ui k., kısı lafz ke mafhum ko bayan k.

Definite, a Jiskī had muqarrar ho, mahdūd, mu'aiyan; muqarrar, thik, jiski miqdār mu'aiyan ho, mahdūdu-l-ma'nī; mushakhkhas, mutahaq qaq [khāsīyatoù kā bayān.

Definition, n. Ta'ıîf; kisî lafz ke ma'nî kî ta'ıîf ya tauzîh, kisî shai ki Definitive, a Qat'î; ākhir; gair-mashrüt, mukhtatam, nātiq, jismen agar-magai na ho; jisse qat'-i-nizā' ho-jāe. [mashrūt

A definitive sentence or decree—Hukm ya digni-inatiq, hukm ya digni-i gair
"Opposed to conditional, provisional, or interlocutory" Webster

Definitively, ad. 1.—Tahqiq ke sath; yaqinan; sarihan.

2.—Qat'an; bi-l-maqta', bilā-qaid-i-shaiāit, kāmil taur par.

Deforce, v t (Luw) Kısı jāe-dād-ı-garr-manqula masalan arīzī wagarra ko uske mālik ke qabza-ı-jārz men jāne na denā; mālik ko qabzar-jārz se bāz 1.

Defraud, v t. Fareb de-kar haq se mahrūm k yā haq-talfī k.; farebī kār-rawāyī ke zarī'e se qabze se bāz r.; nā-jāz tarīq par bāz r , tagallub-o-tasarruf kar-ke nuqsān pahunchānā, dhokhā d. yā dhokhā de-kar le-lenā.

The plaintiff is anxious to defraud the defendant of his right-Mudda'i ki yah fikr hai ki mudda'ā 'alaih ko fareb de-kar uski haq talfi kare.

The agent has defrauded his principal by embezzling the money in his charge — Us guimāshte ne apnī tahwīl ke rupaye gabu kai-ke apne āqā ko nuqsān palnuchāyā

Defray, v t. Donā; adā k.; chukānā; zimma-dār h yā zimma uthānā.

"It is followed chiefly by expence, charge, or cost." Webster. Defrayal, n Adā karnā yā denā, adā.

ayan, a Ana karna ya dena ada.

The defrayal of necessary costs - Masarif-ı-zaruri kā d

Defunct, α. Murda; mutawaffā; marhūm. Defunct, n. Shakhs-i-mutawaffā; marā huā shakhs.

Defy, v. t Larayî ke liye chherna, kisî ke khilaf 'amal k , lalkarna; da'wat-i-jang k., kuchh na samujhna, na-chiz samajhna; muqabala k.

To defy the power of a magistrate—Kisī hākim-i-fauj-dārī ke iķhtiyār ko nā-chīz samajhnā. To defy the law—Qānūn ko kuchh na samajhnā; qānūn ke khilāf 'amal k.

Degradation, n. Ma'zūlī; tanazzul, kisī bare rutbe yā darje se chhote iutbe yā darje par kar-denā yā kar-diyā jāuā, khiffat, be-ābrūyī, zillat. Degrade, v. t Ma'zūl yā tanazzul k; kisī baie mansab se chhote mansab par kar denī; 'izzat le-lenā; be-ābrū k, be-pānī kā kai denā yā pānī utārnā yā lenā; be-qadr k.; be-waqr k yī waqr kho d.

Degree, n. 1.—Darja; sifat rutba yā tahsīl wagaira men taraqqī yā tanazzulī kā ek sılsıla.

2.—Rutba, martaba, manzilat , pāya, taraqqī kī had, miqdār, andāz.

3.-Nasl; nasab; pusht, pīi hī

The defendant is the plaintiff's relation in the fourth degree-Mudda'i wa mudda'ā 'alath ke mā bam qarābat men chār pusht ke farq har. By degrees - Rafta refta, darja ba-darja; thorā thorā; qulan bu qudum, shuda-To a degree - Giyat darje tak; mhiyat ya bahut hi

DEHORS (Fr.) (Law) Gair-muta'allıq; khārij-az; dākhil ya shāmil nahīn; kisī wasīqe ke bāhar (usse khān) yā usmen shāmil nahīn) DE JURE [Lat] (Law) Haq ya istihqaq ke iu so, istihqaqan; huqqan,

qāndu ke mutābiq, qāndul çāndu ke id se yā gānduau, shar'i.

Opposed to de facto

Delay, v. t. 1.-Multawī k , mauqūf r ; 'arsa lagānā, āgo ko tālnā yā barhānā, tawaqquf k

2.—Koknā; kuchh der tak rok yā thahrā r., kisī chīz ke daurān

ko rok d , kisî shai kî raftar ko sust kai d.

Delay, v. v. Ähista ähista chalnä, thore 'aise tak ruk-jänä, atak-jänä Delay, n. Iltiwā; ta'wīq, tawaqquf, rukāwat, dor, tākhār; tal-matol,

dırang, sahl-ankaıı, muhlat; thahraw

Delegate, v t 1 - Apnā qāim maqām karke bhojnā; elchi-garī kā ikhtıyar d.; ta'mat k.: apnī taraf se kısī kam ko anjam ka ıkhtiyar dekar nā; sipurd k bhejnā; apnā mukhtār banā kar bhejnā.

2 — Dusre ki bifazat ya ihtimam men sipurd k , infwiz k., saunp Delegate, n Woh shakhs jise koyi apnā mukhtār banā kai blieje; jo shakhs düsre kā gām magām banākar bhojā jāwe, nāih; qaim-magām, mukhtar, woh shukhs jo kisi ki taiaf se ba laur uske qaim-maqam ke kār rawāyī ke liye bhejā jāwe.

Delegate, a. Ta'ınat-shuda, düsre ki taraf so kar-rawayi ke liyo blieja

gayā; dūsre kā qāim-maqīm bauā kai bhejā gayā

Delegation, n I -Qaim-roaqam ya mukhtar ka taqurur; apni taraf se kār-rawāyī ke liye kisī dūsre shakhs ko ikhtiyār de-kar bhejnā yā Jawayî ke liye ta'inat kiye jaen. ta'ınat k

2 - Woh shakhs ya ashkhas jo dusre ya dusron ki taraf se kar-Deleterious, a. Muhlik, zindagi kā talaf k. w., muzir; harbād k. w.,

zahrīlā, sammī, sammīyat 1. w.

Deliberate, v. t. Dil men tolua, kısı bat ke wujuh ki bhalayı wa burayı par khub gaur k ; taammul ke sath sochna; gaur k ; fikr k ; apne dil se salāh lenā yā mashwara k.

Deliberate, v i Vids supra

Deliberate, a 1 -Kısı tajwiz ke qaım karne ke lıyo waqı'at aur dalail par gaur karne wālā; kisī fil ke natāiji mumkina par ihtiyāt se sochne w ; chaukas; āhistagī se rāc qāim k. w.; jo apnī tāc ke qāim karne men 'ujlat na kare; mudabbir; sāhib-i tadbīr; ügü-pīchhā sa majhne w , dūr-andesh; chaukas.

A deliberate judge – Mujawwiz-i-dūrandesh yā mudabbir; aisā mujawwiz jo

wāqi'āt au dalād par gaur karne ke ba'd apnī tajwīz qām korc.

Jo bagaur-o taammul qāim kī gayī ho, jo khūb soch-bichār kar thana gaya ho; jo eka-ek ya jaldi se wuqu' men na awe; musammam, mazbūt; puķhta, pakkā.

A delaberate opinion or measure - Pukhta ya musammam rae ya tadbir, sisi rše vā tadbīr jo khāb soch-bichār kar thāni jāwe

Deliberately, ad. Khūb samajh-būjh kar; dūr-andeshī se; jaldī se yā ekā-ek nahīn, āhistagī se; dīda-o-dānista, 'amdan; jān-būjh-kar.

This purpose was deliberately formed - Yah irāda khūb samajh-būjh-kar qaim

Deliberation, n. 1 — Kisī tajwīz yā tadbū kī bhalāyī wa burāyī (husn-oqubh) par gaur k. gaur-i-kāmil, fikr-i-balīg, ihtiyāt ke sāth taamul yā gaur, bajā soch-bichār.

That measure has been taken with deliberation—Gaur-i-kāmil ke ba'd woh tadbīr 'amal men āyī yā bare soch-bichār ke ba'd woh tadbīr kī gayī.

2.—Kısı tadbir ki achhayı wa burayı ki nısbat jo wujüh hon unki chhan; bahs-o-taftish ı-kamıl; hahs-o-tajwiz-ı-bā-hamı, mashwara

The deliberations of a legislative body or council—Wazi'in-i-qawanin ki jama'at ya majlis men jo bahs-o-taftish-i-bahami kua amr ki msbat ho.

Deliberative, a Gaur ke muta'allıq; gaur ke ba'd yā āpas men bahs-otaftīsh ke ba'd kār rawāyī yā 'amal k. w.

The legislature is a *deliberative* body—Wāzi'ān 1-qawīnīn kā majma' aisū haz pamen arbāb-i-palsa ke mā-bain bahs-o- taftīsh-i-bā-bamī ke ba'd kār-rawāyi kī jātī haz

Delicate, a. Nāzuk; bārīk; mushkil; jismen 'ujlat na ho sake, jismen 'ujlat yā be-i'tināyī ko dakhl na ho, jiskī nisbat guft-gū yā tahrīr men ihtivāt daikār ho.

Delinquency, n Tark-1-anjām-i-farz; qusūr; fi'l-1-bad, jurm, gunāh.

Delinquent, a. Woh shakhs jo apne farz ko anjām na kare, mujrim, gunah-gār; qusūr-wār, woh ahl-kār-i-sarkārī jo apne lawāzım-1-mansabī ke anjām men gaflat kare.

Deliver, v. t 1.—Rukāwat kā chhorānā, āzād k.; qaid se chhorānā; hukūmat se khalās k., chhor d., āfat se bachānā; bachānā, chhutkārā d.

2.—Denā yā muntaqil k.: kisi shai kā qabza d yā uskī hukūmat se bāz-ānā; dūsre ke hāth judā kar denā, hawāla k.; sipurd k.; saunpnā; dūsre ke hāth yā ikbtiyār men de-denā.

Often with up or over, to or into

Deliver this letter to the addressee-Yah khat maktūb-ilaih ko de do.

The thief has delivered up the stolen property—Us chor ne chori kā māl dediyā. The murderer delivered himseli up to the police—Us khūni ne apnī tayīn pulis ke hāth men (ikhtiyūr men) de-diyā yā woh khūni pulis ke mulāzīmon ke pās hāzīr ho gayā. The intestate property was delivered over to an heir of the deceased—Woh māl jiski nishat mutawaffā koyī wasiyat nahīn kar-gayā thā uske ek wāris ke hawāla kar-diyā gayā.

3.—Dūsre ko batlānā yā use muttala' k; dūsre se kah d; kahsunīnā yā sunānā, kisi bāt kā izbār dusre par k.

To deliver a message—Ek shakhs kā paigām dīlsre shakhe se kah d To deliver judgment in a case—Kisī muqaddame men faisala sunānā, kisī muqaddame men natīja-i-tajwīz se farīqain ko muttala' k

4 — Lagānā, dāgnā, chhomā, mārnā. [chhomā, To deliver a fire—Bandūq wagaira 5.—Larkā jannā, bachcha jannā yā denā.

Delivery, n. 1.—Rihāyī; makhlasī, najāt; chhutkārā.

The delivery of a captive - Kisi quidi ki rihāyi (uskā quid se chhūtuā).

2.—Hawālagī, sipurdagī, tafwīz, dūsre ke hāth men de-denā,

3.—Jannā, paidīish,

4.-Talaffuz, lahja; tarz 1-kalam; taqıir; talaqıt.

Demand, v. t 1 — Talab k.; mutālaba k., mānguā; tagāzā k.; kisī shai kī nisbat da'wā yā nālish pesh k ; tang-talabī k.

To demend a debt – Qarza māngnā; qarze kā tauūzā k ; zar 1 yarza talab k.

2 — Matlūb r ; mhāyat zarūrat r. ; bataur zarūrī yā kār-āmad ke darkār r; chābnā; talab k.

This case demands great care - Is muqaddame men buri ihtiyat dar-ka, 12 Demand, n. I.—Mutālaba vā talab, tugāzā, bataur wāņbu-l-adā ke talab k The demand of a creditor - Mahajan ya dam ka mutalaba ya tagaza.

2.-Istifsār; suwāl; kisī amr kī bajī tahqīgāt.

3.-Barī talāsh, bajī māng; chāh, pukār.

There is a great demand for a work of this sort-Is qism ki kitab ki bari māng (talāsh yā talab) hai

4.—Shar-r-matlūba yā mutada'wiya; da'wā, mutālaba; qarz; jiskā mutālaba ba-taur wājibu l-adā ke kiyā jāo.

There are large demands on that estate - Us jan dad par bare bare mulalube 5.—(Law) Shai-i-wajibu-l-adā ya yaftanī ka mutalaba; shai ya ragam-i-wājibu-l-adā, zar-i-yāftanī, shar-i-mudda'ā-luliā, woh rupaye

yā woh chīz jiskā da'wā ba-taur wājibu l-adā ke kiyā jāe

On demand - Inda t talab ya 'mda-l mutalaba , mangue par , hundavi wagaira ko pesh karke uske zar-i-saman ke mangne par.

This bill of exchange is payable on demand-Is hundari ke rupaye mangne par milenge yā (yah hundavī darshanī hat.)

In demand - Mailib, darkar

A dictionary of this sort is much in demand - Is quim hi lugat ki bari mang (chāh pukār yā talāsh) hai; is qism ki lugat mhāyat mutlib hai.

Demandable, a. Talab kije jane ke qabil; jiskā da'wā yā mutālaba hosake, wājibu-t-talab.

Payment is demandable at the expiration of the credit - Zar i quant ko add karne kī mī'ād-i-mu'aıyana ke guzarne par rupaye kā mutālaba ho-saktā hai,

Demander, v. Tālib , da'wī-dār ; khwāst-gār , joyā , māngno-wālā.

Demarcation, (a. 1.-Hudūd kā aushān k., had-bandī; tashkhīs wa Demarkation, } ta'aiyun-i-hudūd, taqsīm; taftīq

2.—Had yā bad-bast; hudūd-i-mushakhkhasa wa mu'aiyana; wohi hadd-ı-fāsıl jıskā nıshān ya ta'aıyun kar-dıya jae ; danda, sıwana.

Domanour, a Phang; tarz e-tarīq, waz'; 12wish, harakāt-e sakanāt.

The demeanour of a witness while under examination may be noted down by 2 court-'Adalat ko akhtiyar bas ke izhar dene ki halat men jo dhang ya tars-o-tariq gawah ke ho uski nisbat yad-dasht likh le.

Demise, n. 1.—Kısı mu'azzaz shakhs ki wafat.

ě.

2.—(Law) Jāc-dād-1 arī zī kā intiqāl ba-zarī'a-1-ṭhīka yā wasiyat-nāma.

Demise, v. t. 1.—(Law) Kısı haqqıyat ka intiqal-ı-hin-ı-hayatı ya mi'ad k.; thike yā ijāre par de-d; muntaqil k.

2 — Marne ke waqt hiba k.; wasīvat ke zari'e se d.; wasīvat k.

Demolish, v t Girā d.; dhā d ; mismār k.; kisi shar ke dhānche ko tor d.; munhadım k.

Demolition, n. Inhidām; tor girā yā dhā d.; mismār kai d.

Demonstrable, α, Qābil-i subūt, jo suhūlat se nikālā yā zāhir kiyā jā sake; jisko yaqīnī sābīt kar saken; jiskā subūt qat'ī ho sake.

Demonstrate, v. t. 1.—Zähir k; nishān d., numāyān k. 2 —Dalil se säbit k, natīja nikāl-kar sābit kar-d.; is tarah par qāim yā sābit k. ki shubha yā inkār na ho sake, mutahaqqaq k.

Demonstration, n. 1.—Numāish, tauzīh; subūt, shahādat, aisā subūt jo shubhe ke imkāu se bāhar ho; dalīl; burhāu.

2.—Zāhirī 'alāmatou se khayālāt kā izhār, izhār; numāish-i-zāhuī.

Demonstrative, a. Musbit; qati', jisse subūt i-kamil ho

Demoralize, v t Akhlaq ko bigarna; akhlaq wa adab ke usul ki tasir ko mitana va kam kar d., tabi'at ko zalil kar d

Demur, v. i I — Tawaqquf k., taamul k; kisî shubhe ya diqqat ki wajh se kār-rawāyī multawī kar-d.; tajwīz yā natīja-1-akhīr kā tāl r.

2 — (Law) Muqaddame men kısı amr ki nısbat ı'tıraz i-qanunı pesh kar-ke uskā faisala 'adālat par munhasır kar-d.; ı'tırāz k., jarah k, qānun par hası k.

Demur, n. Rukāwat, taamui; kār-rawāyī men pas-o-pesh, kisī bāt kī tajwīz yā kār-iawāyī men āgā-pichhī

Demurrage, n Jahāz kī rawānagī yā uspar māl lādne khwāh utārne men jo tawaqquf khilâf-i-mu'ahada ho uskā khisāra, harja yā zar-i-harja, khisāra; nugsān

"The term is also applied to land carnage, by wagons, railways,

Demurrer, n. 1.—Shubha waswasa ya pas-o-pesh k w

2 --- (Law) I'tıraz-i-muta'alliqa-ı-qanun ya ı'tıraz-ı-qanuni; kısı muqaddame men ek fariq kā tajwīz-1-'adālat ke liye yah 'uzr pesh k kı ba-farz-ı-taslim-ı-sadāqat-ı-bayan-ı fariq-ı-mukhālıf āyā bayan-ı mazkūr gānūnan kāfī hai aur farīg-ı-'uzı-kunanda paı uskī tardīd farz haı yā nahīń.

Demurier to evidence (Law) - l'tirāz-i-gānūnī muta'alliqa-i-shahādat; woh ı'tirāz jo ek fariq apne fariq-ı-sanî ki pesh ki huyî shahždat ki nishat kar ke bayan kare kı yalı shahadat amr.ı-mutanazi' ke subüt ke liye qanunan kāfi nahīn hai iskā faisala 'adēlat se hokur kār-rawāyi-i-mazīd kī jēwe

Deniable, a. Qābil-i inkār yā taidīd , jisse inkār yā jiskī tardīd hosake Denial, n Tardīd-r-kalām, mkār, manzūrī se mkār; kisī istid'ā kī mā mauzūrī, 'adam-ı-taslīm, 'adam-ı ījāb, be-ta'alluqī kā ızhāı; yah kalına ki fulan amr se hamko kuchh wasta sarokar ya ta'alluq nahîn hai. nafe kushi.

Denuel of one's self-Kısı hazz-i-nafsanı se ınkar; apnı khwahıshon ka rokna, Denominate, v. t. Namzad k , koyî nam r.; mulaqqab k.; mansüm k. Denomination, n. 1.—Tasmīya, nāmzad yā mulaqqab k

2 —Kısı shai kā nām , laqab ; khitāb , 15m.

[qism

3.—Ashkhās kā woh majma' jo ek nām se mausūm ho; firqa, Dencte, v. t. i.—Nishān k., kisī 'alāmat-i numāyān se zāhir k., nishān dihī k; batlānā. [mafhūm r.

2.—Kisī shai kī 'alāmat h ; kisī shai par dalālat k., manshā yā Denounce, v. t. 1.—Kisī amr kā i'lāu sanjīdagī so khwāh bā-zābita k , zāhir k ; kisī shai kī khabai d.

2.-Kisı 'alamat-i-khānni ke zani'e se dhamki d

3.—Kisī shakhs ko wājibu-t-ta'zīr wagaira kahnā; kisī shakhs par la'nat bhejnā; muttaham k

DE NOVO. (Lat.) Phir se, naye sar se, az-sar-i-nau; mujaddadan.

This case will be tried de novo—Is muqaddame men az-sar-i-nau (phir se) taj wiz 'amalmen äye gī yā yah muqaddama naye sar se tajwīz kiyā jāwegā. [hai Beny, v. t. 1 — Rad k.; tai dīd k.; kisī amr kī nisbat kahnā ki yah sach nahīn

The defendant denses the truth of the plaintiff's assertions—Mudda'ā 'alaih ko mudda'ī ke bayānāt kī sadāyat se inkār hai yā mudda'ā 'alaih yah kahtā hai ki muddu'ī ke bayānāt sach nahīn hain

2.—Dene se ınkār k., na denā.

[diya gaya

The witness was densed his subsistence money—Us gawah ko zai-khorak na 3.—Kisi shai ki nisbat ta'alluq ya zimma dari wagaira so inkar k; qabul na k.; inkar k; taslim na k.

The accused deny their guilt—Mulzamon ko apni mujrimi sc inkar hai

To deny one's self-April khwālushon ko pūrī na k.; nafs-kushi k.; april khwālushon ki pairawi na k , parhez k , ihtirāz k.

Depart, v. : 1 — Rawāna h ; jānā , chale jānā.

Opposed to arrive.

2.—Guzar jānā ; gāib hojānā; zāil hojānā; qāim na rahnā; jūtā rahnā.

3 —Duniya se nikal guzar ya uth jana, mar jana.

4.-(Law) 'Uzr-ı-sabıq ki bunyad chhor kar nayi bunyad qaim k.

To depart from - Inhirat k.; tark k.; pā-bandī na k.; chhor d., dost-kash ho jānā: bāz ānā. [sakte (unko chhor nahīn sakte) You cannot depart from these rules -- In qawa'id se tum inhirat nahin kai

You cannot depart from these rules—In qawa'id se tum mhmāf nahm ka Depart, v. t. Kahīn se chale mānā; chhor mānā.

To depart this life - Mar jana

Department, n Sīga, sarrishta; mahkama.

Departmental, a. Kisī sīga mahkama yā sarrishte ke muta'alliq.

Every public official should be guided by his departmental rules — Har ahli-kāri-sar-kārī ko chāhiye ki jis sīge men woh ho usī ke muta'allıq qawā'id kī paīrawī kare.

Departure, n. 1 - Rawanagī; kūch; chale jānā.

2.-Maut; wafāt, mamāt.

3.—Inhirāf, 'adam i-ittibā'; taik; pā-bandī kā na k.

4.—(Law) 'Üzr-1-säbiq ki bunyād tark karke bunyād i-jadīd qāim k Depend, v. i. 1.—Dāir rahnā ; zer-1-tajwīz rahnā ; gair-i-munfasila yā lait o-lāi men rahnā ; parā rahnā. [men dāir yā zer-1 tajwīz hau The cause or suit is still depending in court—Woh muqaddama abtak 'adāla

2.—Munhasır mauqüf ya mashrüt h ; madar r.

Followed by on or upon

The success of your suit depends on the testimony of your witnesses — Tumhare muqaddame kī kām-yābi tumhāre gawāhon kī shahādat par munhasir hai

3.—Bharosā r.; takiya k ; i'tibār yā i'timād k.; pūrā i'tibār r , i'timād-i-kāmil r. [i'tibār k na chābiye

Such false witnesses should not be depended upon—Aise phūthe gawähoù par

4 — Mutī' h ; farmān-bardār h., tābi' h.

Dependence, n 1 — I'tıbar; ı'timad, bharosa, takıya.

2 — Madār ilaih; takiya-gāh; jispai kovī bharosa kaie; pushtī-bāh Dependent, a. Tābi'; dūsre ke ikhtiyāi men, munhasir, mauqūf, mashrūt, dūsre par qāim; jo bagair dūsie kī i'ānat ke kuchh kar na sake, munhasir bi l-gan; mā-taht; qāim bi-z-zāt nahīn.

With on or upon.

Dependent, n. Tābi' yā tābi'-dār; lawāhiq; wābasta; dāman-gii tufailī dast-guifta yā dast-nigar; parwalish yā mihibānī ke liye dūsre par takiya r. w. [zalīl; tabāh, zār

Deplorable, a Afsos ke qābil, ranj-dih; pur-malāl, musībat-nāk, khwār; Deplore, v t. Kisī kī nisbat nihāyat hī ranj k. yā zāhir k., ranj k;

mātam k.; afsos k., taassuf k.

Deponent, n. $(L\alpha w)$ Muzhir, jiskā izhār halaf ke iū se liyā jāwe; woh shakhs jo shahādat-i-tahilil is garuz se de ki woh 'adālat men bataur subūt ke kām men lāyī jāe.

"An affiant is one who makes an affidavit or declaration under oath, in order to establish the truth of what he says A deponent is one who makes a deposition, or gives written testimony under oath, to be used in the trial of some case before a court of justice" Webster.

Depose, v. v. Gawāhī d.; adā-i shahādat k.; shahādat d.; izhār d.; muzhir h., izhār de-kar tasdīq k.

The plantiff's witnesses depose as follows—Mudda'i ke gawāh hasb-i-zail muzhii hain. The facts deposed to by the witnesses are these—Wāqi'āt i muzhara-i-gawāhān yab hain; jin wāṇi'āt kī tasdīq gawāhon ne izhār de-kar kī hai we yah hain

Deposit, v i. 1.—Dalna, jam'k; pat d.

The mundation has deposited a large quantity of sand—Tugyānī se bahut sā bālū jam' ho gryā (paļ-gayā) hai

2 —Hıfāzat ke liye kahīn r., rakhnā, jam' k.

The goods were deposited in the warehouse—Woh māl godām men hifazat ke liye rakkhā gayā.

3.—Kısı shakhs ke pās hıfāzat ke hye r.; kisi kī tahwīl meń sıpurd k.; amānat r; zumma k, hawāla k.; rupaye wagaira kısı koṭhī yā bank meň ıs garaz se jam' kar-d kı jab chāheň use wusūl kareń.

Deposit, n. Woh shar jo kisi jagab par ya kisi shakhs ke pas hifazat ke liye rakhdijawe; amanat; zar-ramanat; wadi'at; thati, shai-ramanati.

He has a deposit of money in his hands—Uske pas rupaye aminat rakkhe ham (ba-taur amanat ke ham)

In deposit or on deposit - Amanatan yā ba-taur amanat ke, amanat men. To hold in deposit - Amanatan (ba-taur amanat ke) r.

Depositary, n 1.—Amānat dār; sipurd-dār; muhāfiz; amīu; shakhs jiske pās koyî shai hifizat ki garaz se khwāh usko mālik ke faide ke liye kam men laye jane ke maqsad se rakkhi jae.

2.--(Law) Woh shakhs jisko koyi mal hifazat ke liye sipurd ho par

us hifazat ke i'waz men kuchh diya na jawa.

Deposition, n (Law) Izhār; zabān-baudī, shahādat-1-tahrīrī; woh shahādat jo kisi afsar i-mujāz ke rū-ba rū halaf yā iqiār i-sālih ke iū se li jãe aur asmen jarah ke suwālat bhī pūchhe jāch

Depositor, n Amanat i. w ; amanat kunanda, jam' k. w., dakhil k w. Depository, n. Woh jagah jahan koya shar hifazat ya farokht ke liye

rakkhī jāe; godām; wadī at gāh, tosha-khānn, muhāfiz-khāna.

Deprecate, v t Kısı shar ke dal'iye ki du'a mangna, kısı shar ki nisbat yah chāhnā ki yah qāim na rahe; kisī shai se najīt dhūndhnā, nihāyat mutaassif h (afsos k).

Depreciate, v t Kısı shar kı qımat ya maliyat ko ghala d , kısı shar kı waq'at ko kam kar d , kısı shar ki nısbat yah kahna ki yah mahz he-

qadr ya be-waq'at han

Depreciate, v 2 Qīmat kā ghat jānī, kam-qīmat ho jānī; be qadr ho jana, qimat men gir jana (qalilu-l qimat lio jana),

Depress, v t. I. - Dabānā; baithāl d.; guā d.; nīchā kar d.

2 -Tor d.-Jaise gurur ko. [kar d.; udās kar d 3 — Dhansa d ; gua d.; bajha d., pazhmurda utsurda ya magandm 4.—Sust kar d., manda kai d., muntashai kar d.; ghat'i d.; khub

chalne na d — jaise tijārat wagura.

5 —Kısı shaı kı qimat ko ghatā d; arzān (sastā) k. 6 — Muflis tangdast ya garib bana d., tabah k., jalilu-l-biza'at kar d Depression, n. 1.—Girānā yā gir jānā; pastī kī hālat.

2.—Jauf; garhā, gar, upar se niche ko dhans jānā. 3.—Afsurdagī; tabī'at kā dhans jānā, udāsī, jurat yā zinda dilī kā

 Sard-bāzārī; tijāiat wagaira kā ghat jānā (usmen tanazzulī); kār-o-bār yā māl-o-matā' men tanazzulī; rozgār yā kār-o-hār kū sust (manda) par jānā. [lenā; chhīn-lenā

Deprive, v t. Le-lenā; mahrūm k.; kisī ke qabze yā tasarruf se nikāl

To deprive a person of his life-Kisī shakbs ko jān se māi dālnā.

To deprive one of his property - Kisi ki jae-dad uske qabze yil tasarraf se m kāl-lenā, kisī kā māl chhīn lenā

Depth, n. 1.'—Gabırāyī, 'umuq.

2.--Mausim kā wast (madh). The depth of winter-Jare kā wast yā madh. Bichlā khwāh nihāyat tārīk vā sunsān hissa. The depth of night—adhi rat, rat ka wob hissa jab khūb tarīki clihāyī ya saimāta he. Woh hissa jo kanare se dur he, bichla hissa. The depth of a forest—jangal kā bichlā yā woh hissa jo kanāre se dūr par ho. 3.—Gabirāyî; kisī bāt men khūb dūbnā [kar-saker

lkar-saken, igla-į.

4. Kışı sha ka ısqadar mushkil h kı usmen asanı se taltısh ua Deputation, n. 1.—Kısī shakhs ko apnā i'waz qāim-maqām yā naib muqarrar karke bhejnā, talinātī.

2.-Woh shakhs ya ashkhas jo kısı ki taraf se ba-taur uske qaımmaqam ke kar rawayî ke liye muqarrar hon.

Deputation allowance - Bhatta ya zar-i-bhatta.

Depute, v. t Ba-taur qăim-maqam ya mukhtar ke muqarrar k.; kisî kām ke anjām ke liye apnī taraf se ikhtiyār de-kar bhejnā; nāib yā

qam-maqam muqarrar karke bhejna, ta'mat k.

Deputy, n. Naib; munīb; qaim-maqam; woh shakhs jo dusre ki taraf se kār-rawāyī kā mujāz kiyā-jāwe ; dipţī [wasīle se hāsil yā paidā ho-sake Derivable, a. 1.—Jo kisī dūsrī shai se mil sake yā hāsil ho-sake; jo kisī

Income is derivable from land - Zamīn se āmadanī hāsıl ho-saktī (hosaktī) har

2.—Jo mūrison se hāsil ho sake yā pahunch sake. An estate derivable from an ancestor-Woh milkīyat jo mūris se wāris ko

pahunch sake vā hāsil ho-sake. 3 — Qābil-i-istikhiāj yā ishtiqāq, jo kisī shai se mustakhraj mush-

taq yā paidā ho sake; qābil-i-istimbīt.

No argument is derivable from these facts - In waqi'at se koyi dalil mustakhraj yā paidā nahīń ho saktī (nikal nahīń saktī)

Derive, v. t 1.—Hāsıl k ; pānā, kısī asl shar se pānā; kısī mūris se pānā; nikālnā, mushtaq k

The plaintiff derives his title from his ancestors-Mudda'l ko usha haq uske mūrison se hāsil hotī hai. From whom was this information derived "-Yah khabar kisse milī (pāyī gāyī yā hā il huyī)

2 — Kisī aslī lafz se nikālnā; kisī mādde se mushtaq k.; kisī shai kī aslīyat daryāft k. (18 būt kā patā lagānā kī woh kahān se miklī yā āyī); mushtaq yā mustakhraj k. Derogate, v. z. Ghata d.; be-waqr ya bad-nam k , hatk ya kasr-i-shau

kā bā'is h-Derogation, n Be-waqrī; be-qadrī; khiffat; snbkī; halkā-pan; tahqī; Followed by of, from, or to.

Derogatory, a. Jisse be-waqrī khiffat yā subkī ho; jisse waq'at kam hojāe, jisse kasr-i-shān mutasawwar ho, zaiar-rasāh, muzir.

With to.

Derogatory clause in a testament (Law)-Kiel weelyst-name ka woh jumla jiskā 'ilm sirf mūsī ko ho aui usse yah shart muta'allıq rahe ki tā-waqte-ki yah pumla i makhfi lafz-ba-lafz mundarj na ho koyi wasiyat-nāma-i-s inī jāiz na hogā, woh 'ibārat jo mūsī apue wasīyat-nāme men ba-tarz i makhlī is garaz se likh de ki bar-Tyuda kisi also wasiyat nāma-i-sānī kī guitt ho sake jo usse jabi in ya kahsan kar likhahya-gaya ho

Descend, v 2 1 —Balandı se pastî par ānā; nīche kī taraf ānā; utarnī, girnā; bab ānā

2.—Dafatan ā-parnā; yakāyak ānā; tūt parnā, gazab-nīkī se

3.—Paidā h.; nasl se h. The plaintiff is descended from respectable parents-Mudda'i ki paidaish

wāhdam i mu'azzaz se hai yā mudda'i mu'azzaz walidam ki nasl so hai 4.—Pahunchnā; ek nasl se dūsrī nasl ko milnā; naslan ba'da

naslin pahunchnā; wnāsatau milnā, pushedar-pusht chalā ānā.

The estate of the deceased plaintiff will descend to his sons—Mudda'i i mutawaffa kā matrūka uske beton ko pahunchegā yā wirāsatan milegā

5.—'Ām bāton ke tazkiro ke ba'd khās khūs bāton kī turaf rujū' h, bazī barī bāton ko kah-kar chhotī chhotī bāton kā kahnā.

To descend to particulars - 'Āia qism ke hālāt ko bayān ko ba'd khā khās hālāt bayān k

Descendant, n. Nasl, aulad

Correlative to ancestor

Descendible, a 1 — Jismen utar ho, jiske niche utar saken

2 — Qabil-i-taurīs, jo mūris se wāris ko pahunch sake; jismen wuāsatan pahuuchne kī salāhiyat ho

A descendable estate — Jāc-dād-1-qābil-1-taurīs; aisī milkīyat jo mūris kī watāt ke ba'd uske wāris ko mil sake

Descending, p a Jo nīche ko chale; bāp se bete pote wagaura kī taraf āne-wālā, mutanazzīla

In a desceading line—Silsila i-mutanazzila men masalan b p beta peta wagan i Descent, n. 1.—Utainā; balandī se pastī kī taiaf ānā.

2 -Niche kî taraf jhukāw, dhāl.

3 — Hamla, yūrish, jahāz se utar kai halla yā charhāyī.

4 .- Paidāish, nasl, khāndān

5 — Pusht; pīrhī, mūris-1-a'lā sc fasl.

6-(Law) Wirāsat ke silsile se (wirāsatan) pahunchuz; mūris se wāris kī taraf muntaqil h.

Inneal descent - Woh wirāsat jo bāp se bete ko nur bete so poto ko paliunche Collateral descent - Woh wirāsat jo kisī so uske bhāyī bhatīje yā dūare rishta-dār-i-yak jihatī ko pahunche

Describable, a Bayān ke qābil, jiskā bayān ho sake; sharli-pazīt Describe, v t. 1.—Bayān k; ahwāl bayān k; sharh d, alfaz yā 'alāmat ke zari'e se dūsion ko batlānā [utārnā]

2—Kisī shai kā naqsha banānā (uskā khāka khainchuā banānā yā Description, n 1.—Kaifiyat; bayān; ahwāl; sharh.

2 - Huliya, weh baten jinse kısı shar kı tamız ya pahehan ho.

3.-Qism, nau'iyat, tarah.

Descriptive, a Mubaiyin; jismen kisi shai ka bayan ho.

A descriptive roll—Huhya ya fard-i-huhya, chihrabandi

Desert, v t 1 - Alag ho jaua; qat'ı-ta'alluq k., chhorna; tark k.

2.—Farz wagaira ko bilā ijāzat chhor-kar chale jānā, naukui; chhor bhāgnā

Desert, v. 2 Be nazat hasıl kıye huye naukari chhor d,; bhag jana.

Desert, a Ujār, gair-ābād, jahān na koyī jān-dār ho na zirā'at, jangal, wīrān; ūsar; gair-mazrū'a

Desert, n Gair-ābād zamīn, barā registān (bālū kā maidān); darakhton kā jangal; wīrāna; dasht, sahrā, bayābān.

Besert, n. Woh jazā yā sazā jiskā koyī mustahan ho; woh shai jiskā koyī sazā-wār ho; istihqāq-i-jazā; liyāqat.

Deserve, v. z. 1 - Laiq h.; sazāwār h.; shāyān h.

"Applied to good or evil." Webster.

2.-Mihnat ya khidmat ke zarî'e se laiq h , mustahaq h. ya haq r.; afāl-i-nek yā khūbī ke bā'is kisī shai kā mustahaq h. Deserve, v t. Jazā (badle) kā mustahaq h.; läiq h.; sazāwār h.

Usually with ill or with well

eservedly, ad. Wājib tarīq par, bhalāyī yā buiāyī ke lihāz so juisā

chāhiye yā munāsib ho.

DESIDERATUM, n (Lat.) Woh shar jiske na hone se uski zarurat ma'lum ho, woh chiz jiski khwahish ya ilitiyaj ho, woh shai 10 hāth men na ho par uskā rakhuā markūz ho; woh ihtiyāj jo musallama-i-'awām ho; shai-i-matlūb.

Design, v t. 1.—Nagsha banānā; khāka banānā yā khainchnā; khat khamch-kar kısı chiz ki shakl namüne ke lıye banana, naqsha utarna.

2.—Kisī shai kā mansūba yā uskī tajwīz k., mansūba bāndhnā; bandısh k , dıl men tarah dalna. Slagāne kā īrāda r. 3.—Irāda k.; chāhnā; maqsad r.; manshā r., kisī kām men

With for

Design, n. 1.—Naqsha; khāka; danl. murad

2.—Mansūba, tadbīr; tajwīz; bandish; nāda; maqsad; manshā; Designate, v t. 1 - Nishān k yā dekhlānā; klintūt nishānāt bayān yā kısı aısı shaı se zāhır k. jo ma'rūf aur mutahaqqıq ho; dekhlana, kısı khās laqab se mulaqqab k.; kısı nām se mausum k; nām-zad 'umūman ma'lüm karānā [(palielianwānā).

2.—Nishān d , batlānā , nishān dekar auron se tamīz karānā 3.—Muqarrar k.; kısı khas maqsad ke liye muntakhab ya mumai-

yaz k , kısı kam ke liye 'alahıda k.

Designation, n. 1 - Nishāu-dihī, dekhlānā; batlanā, aurob so tamīz 2 — Taqarrur, kisi maqsad ke liye intikhab aun ta'aiyun.

3 - Nām; laqab, woh nām jisse koyī shai mausūm ho.

Designedly, ad. Bi-lirada; qasdan; 'anıdan, janbüjli-kar; jan-kar; dīda-o dānista.

Opposed to accidentally, ignorantly, or inadvertintly.

Besigning, p. a. Fitua-pardāz; fitratī; dhūrt; makkār; dagā-bāz, firebī, 'aiyāi; nuqsān pahunchāne kī tadbīrcu k. w.; dhokhe-bāz.

Desirable, a. Pasandida; qābil-i-pasand; margūb; shāyān; khwāhish ke qabil; chahne ke laiq; qarin-i-maslahat; munasib.

Desire, v. t 1.—Ķhwāhish r. yā k., ārzū r. yā ālzū-mand li , mustad'ī h, multajī h.; darkhwāst k, istid'ā k., kisi anir ki nisbat khwāliish zähir k.

2.—Hukm d ; imä k.; hidayat k.

Desire, n 1 - Khwähish; arzū; shauq; tamanna, arman; chāh.

2 — Īmā; irshād; hukm; hidāyat; istid'ā; darkhwāst. Desirous, a. Khwahan, khwast-gar, chahne w, arzu-mand; mutamanni, Desist, v i. Bāz ānā yā rahnā; dast-bar-dār h , parhez k ; hāth hatā lenā; kanāra k. yā kanāra kash h , alag ho jānā; kīsī kām kā karnā

band kar-d.; dast-kash h.; hāth khainch yā uthā lenā.

With from.

Desk, n. I -Ek qism ki dhaluan mez jo likhne payhne men kam ati hai; lakrī kā ek dhāuchā jise musattah mez par iakh kar uspar likhte parhte hain.

2.-Kıtābat kā pesha; likhue kā pesha; muharrinī kā pesha.

He intends one son for the bar, and another for the desk-Uaka naids has kick bete ko to wakil wagaira banaye am dürre ko kitabat ke peshe men lagayo

Despair, v 2. Nā-ummed h ; hālut-1-yās men (māyūs) h., kul ummed munqat' kar-d (chhor d), mutlaq nunmed na r.; nnās yā bo ās hojānā, kisī shar se hāth dho barthuā.

With of

Despair, n. 1 -- Nā-ammedī, yās; humān, nmmed kā chhor d., bi-l-kul hāth dho baithnā yā jī chboi d; māyūsī; nuās; inqitā'-i-ummed.

2 -Woh shar ya amr jisse na-ummedi ho (paida ho); woh bat

jiski ummed na ho; woh shai jiski nisbat yas ho.

Besperado, n. Woh shakhs jisko kisi talah ka khauf na ho; nihavat tund-mizži shakhs, bart hi maglubu-l-gaiz shakhs; woh shakhs jirko apui muhāfazat kā kuchh khayāl na ho, nidui be-bāk yā jān baz. majnüu.

Desperate, a 1.—Jismen bihtari ki ummed bi-l-kul süqit ho-jio; jisso koyî hath dho-baithe (bel-kul na-ummed ho-jac); Jisko sambhalno sudharne ya phir sar-sabz khwah iu ba-rah hone ki tuwaqqu' na ho. lā-ilā, islāh-pasit nahīn; bi-l-kul gayā guzrā (hāth so ho hāth).

2 — Jo nā-ummedī kī wajh so ho ; jismon khatro yā hitamit kā khayāl

na kiyā jāe: jo jī chhor kai (bilā khauf-o-khatar) kiyā jāo.

A desperate effort-Kisi amr ki koshish jo jan-büzi ko sath (ji pat khel kai ya ji chhor-kar) kī-jāe.

3 —Māyūs; nuās; gazab-nāk, jān par kholo huyc.

He has become desperate - Na-ummedi ki wajh se woh jah bitai kar raha hai (jān par khel rahā hai).

4.—Nihāyat bī, bajā bī; gāyat darje kā, saklit.

A desperate fool - Bara hi be wuquf.

The last is the popular sense of the term.

Desperately, ad 1.—Jan se hath dho-kar; josh-o kharosh so; gazah naki se, majuun ki tarah; bila khauf-o-khatai; be-dharak; be-tahash.

2 — Bahut bī; mhāyat bī, sluddat so. tawaqqu' chhor d. Desperation, a. I.—Nā-ummed h.; qat'-i-ummed kar-d., kusi bāt ki

2.-Nī ummedī; māyūsī, āge-pichho kā khayāl na r. [wag'at. Despicable, a Nafiat ke qabii, haqir; zalil, dun, dani, na-kara; be-

Applicable equally to persons and things.

Despise, v. t. Higarat ki nazar se dekhna; haqir samajina; hiqarat k.; bahut hi nāchīz samajhnā ; nafrat k.

Despite, n. Bārī hī dushmanī, khusumatı-shadul; barā kina yā buga.

Despute, prep Ba-wujud, ba-wasf, kisî bat ke hote hinye.

Bestination, a 1 — Manshā; maqsad, murād; kisī shai kā masraf jo pable se thahra dıya jae.

2.—Woh maqām jahān khātima-i-safar ho; woh maqām jahan kisī

shakhs yā shai kā jānā maqsūd ho, thekānā.

Destitute, a 1.—Muhtāj; khālī, na rakhtā huā, mu'amā.

Followed by of.

2.—Tihî-dast; mufiis; jiske pās kuchh na ho, jisko koyī wasīla na ho; be-bāl o-par.

Destritution, n. Muhtājī; muflisī, nā-dārī; gurbat, be-bāl-o-parī, be-kasī.

Despatch, v. t. See Dispatch.

Destroy, v t. 1.—Munĥadim k.; mismār k; gilā d.; dhā d.; gārat kar-d; tor dālnā. [d, khātima kar d.

2.—Nest-o-nābūd k ; bar-bād k .; talaf k ; nahīn (nest yā nafī) kar

3.--Qatl k.; halāk k , mār-dālnā

Destruction, n. Inhidām; itlāf, halākat, bar bādī, qatl; wīrānī, tabāhī. Destructive, a. Muhlik; bar-bād-kunmda, ziyām-kār; muzir; barī burāyī paidā k. w., jisse tabāhī halākat yā bar-bādī ho.

With of or to.

Desuetude, n Tark-1-1sti'māl, 'adam-1-isti'māl, isti'māl yā rawāj kā band he-jānā; suqūt-1-rawāj yā isti'māl, jo bāt 'arse tak hotī 1ahī ho uskā band ho jānā.

Desultory, a Be-tartīb; gair-musalsal, be-rabt, ek bāt yā mazmūn ko chhor-kar bilā lihāz-i-taitīb yā silsila dūsiī bāt yā mazmūn shuiū' kar d. w, be-nizām; be-qā'ida

A desultory remark - Kalām-1-be-1abt.

Detail, v. t. Tafsīl-wār kahnā, mufassal bajān k , tafsīl k.; sharh-wār bayān k.; ek ek karke batlānā

Detail, n. 1.—Tafsil; juz-o-kul; tasrih yā tashrih; mufassal bayān.

Used chiefly in the plural.

2 —Woh bayan jismen chhoți chhoți bāten bbi dākhil hon, aisā bayan jismen juzwi hālāt bbi tiroguzāsht na hon.

In detail—Bi t-taisil, beore wār, taisil-wār, mufassal yā mufassalan, tukra tukra karke, juzwī juzwī

Detain, v t 1 — Bāz rakhuā, aṭkānā, dabā rakhuā; aṭkā rakhuā; na denā, kisī shakhs ko us shai se mahium r. jo uskī ho [yā ṭhahrā i

2.—Roknā yā 10k r., jāne na d , uljhā rakhnā, bithlā 1-, thahrānā 3.—Band r., qaid r.; lināsat men r.; chaukī-pahre men yā nazar-

band 1. [kī chīz ko apne pās rakh-chhernā

Detainer, n (Law) Düsre ke māl ko apne qabze men iakh-lenā; düsre Detect, v t Kholnā, patā-lagānā; surāg lagānā; talāsh-karke nikālnā, zāhir k., pakarnā; girift k, inkisbāf k.

The theft has not yet been detected—Woh chori abtak na khuli (ushā patā abtak na lagā) All the errors have been detected—Bi-l-kul galtiyon ki gurift hogayi (sab bhul pakar gayī)

Detecter, n. Daryāft yā zāhir k. w., woh shakhs jo aisī bāt ko apnī talāsh se khol-de jiske chhipāne kī koshish dūsiā shakhs kartā ho, kāshif; girift k w.; zāhii k w

Detection, n Inkishāf, zuhūt, kisī chlipī huyī bāt kā zāhir k. (khol d.), kisī aise shakhs yā aisī chīz kā hāl khol d jiskī nishat makhfī rakhne kī koshish kī-jāe; girift; khul-jānā; zāhīr ho jānā.

The forgery, with which the accused person stands charged, could not escape detection—Jis ja'l sāzi kā ilzām is mulzam par lagūyā gayā hai woh zarūr khul-jātī.

The detection of the murder is creditable to the police—Is khūn kā inkishāf (uske hāl kā kholnā yā daiyāft k) ahl-kārān-i- pulis ke liyo bā'is i-ta'iīf har Detective, a. Jaiāim ke inkishāf kī munāsabat r w. (ns fau men māhir):

Jurmon ke surāg lagāne ke liye muqariar.

He belongs to the detective police—Woh shakhs un ald kārān-i-pulis se hai jo inkishāf-i--jarāim ke hije muqarrar hain.

Detective, n Mahkama i pulīs kā woh mulāzim jiskā khās kām yah ho ki bad-waz' ashkhās ke āmad-o-i aft ke maqāmāt aur unkī 'ādaton aur fi'lon ko chālākī se daryāft kiyā karc.

Detention, n 1.—Bāz rakhnā; kisī kā haq dabā r.; aisī shar kā rakh chhornā jo dūsre shakhs kī ho aur jiskā wāpas kar d munāsib ho.

2.—Qaid; band, hirāsat men rakkhā jānā, nazar-bandī, rukāwat;

tawaqquf, uljhaw, atkaw.

Deter, v t Khauf dekhla kar baz r. ya rokna; khatra qabahat ya kisi dusre khayal se kisi ko past-himmat kar ko kisi fi'l se usko baz r.

Such difficulties ought not to deter you from your duty—Munasib nahin harkraisi dushwaryon se khauf-khakar tum apna farz unjam na karo.

Deteriorate, v. t Bad tar (au burā) kar-d., kisī shar kī 'umdagī ko ghatā d [ho-jānā; zalīl ho jānā Deteriorate, v i Bad-tar yā aur kharāb bo jānā, bigar jānā; nāqıs

Determinable, a. Tanqib tashkhis ya misal ke qabi ; khatuma-pazir.

Determination, n 1.—Tangih, tashkhis; thahrana ya thahraya jana.

2.—Ikhtitām; khātīma, akhū ko pahunchānā yā pahunchnā; sugūt. 3 —Infisāl, 'adālat se kisī nīzā' kā faisala yā iaf'-dād; kisī jhagie

kā 'adālat se tai pānā. [pakkā thahrā lonā.

4.—Musammam irāda; 'azm-bi-l-jazm; thān; dil mon kisi bāt kā

2.—Musamman Irada; azin-bi-l-pazit, mati; dir inin kisi dat ka Determine, v. t. 1.—Kisi bahs yā nizā' ko kliātime par palnunchānā, hākim-āna hukm dekar ba-zari'a-i hukm-i-'adālat tau k.; faisal k, tajwīz k.; raf'dād k.

The court has determined the course—'Adālat ne us muqaddame ko faisal kar diyā (woh muqaddama 'adālat se faisal hogayā).

2.—(Law).—Sāqit kar-d.; kal-'adam kar-d.

To determine a will-Kisi wasiyat-name ko saqit kar-d.

3.—Musammam ırāda k.; dil men than lena; tajwiz ya ırāda qaım karāna, targib d., kısı amr ke ikhtıyar karue par ragib k.

The police were determined to mal treat the privoner which determined the latter to escape—Ahl-kārān-i-pulis ne mudda'ā'alanh par tashaddud kā irāda musammam kar-liyā thā chunānchi usī wajh se mudda'ā'alanh ko bhāgne kī targīb huyī.

4.—Qāim k.; ta'aıyun k., targib k.; tashkhīs k., hukm ke zari'e se muqarrar k., thahrānā [had mu'aıyan k.

5.—Had-bandī (ta'aiyun-i-hudūd) k.; nishān karke 'alāhida kar d , Determine, v. i. 1.—Khatm ho-jānā; sāqit ho-jānā; kal-'adam ho-jānā, band yā mauqūf ho jānā, 'jātā rahnā.

2.—Tajwiz k , thahrānā; munagqah k.

Often with on or upon.

Detriment, n Mazarrat, nuqsān; zīyān, khīsāra, kamī; tanazzul.

Used very generally; as, detriment to interest, property, religions, morals, reputation, and to land, or buildings.

Detrimental, a. Muzir; nuqsan paidā k w yā karāne w.; zarar-rasān, ziyān-kār

This order is detrimental to his interest-Yah hukm uske haq men muzir has Devastate, v. t Barbīd wnān yā tabāh kar d , gārat kar-d ; ujār d.

Devastation, n. 1.--(Law) Wasi ya muhtamim ki janib se mutawaffa ke tarke ki barbādi; ıtlāf-ı-matrūka-ı-mutawaffā mın-jānıb-i-wasi yā muhtamım

2.—Barbādī, barbād karnā yā honā, tabāhī.

DEVASTAVIT, [Lat] (Law) Bar-bādī itlāf yā wītāvī min-jānīb-i-wasī khwāh muhtamım, sarf-ı-bejā wa be-faida ke zarī'e se matrūka imutawaffā kī bar-bādī

Devest, v t (Law) Kisī haq yā istihqāq ko muntaqil k., mahrūm k, qabza haq ya haqqīyat se mahrum k.

Devest, v. v. (Law) Zāni yā mantagri kar dryā jānā jaise kisī istihgāg yā "This word is generally written divest, except in the legal sense." Webster Opposed to invest

Deviate, v. t. Aslī rāh chhoikar dūsiī iāh par chalnā; kisī taiīg-i-ma'mūlī ke khilāf amal k , gumiāh h ; bhataknā , zalālat men painā , jis ami kā karuā munāsib ho uskā na k. [gunāh; bhūl, khatā

Deviation, n Inhuaf, rū-gardānī, tauīq-1-ma'mūlī se takhāluf, gumrāhī, Device, n 1 — Tadbir; tajwiz; bandish, mansūba; fitrat; ijad; woh

fi'l jisse hunaimandî ya 'aijarî zahir ho. 2.—Nishān, tamga

Devisable, a. 1.—Wasiyat ke qabil. jise wasiyat karsaken.

2.—Qābil-i-jjād yā ikhtiyār, jise sochkai nikāl saken.

Devise, v t 1 — (Law) Wasiyat k yā wasīyat-nāme ke zarī'e se denā jaise arāzī yā aur koyī jāe dad-i-gair mangūla; de marnā, chhor jānā; wasīyat ke rū se hība k.

2 — Ijād k ; paidā k.; sochkar nikālnā, 'aql ke zor se gāim k.,

khayāl karke qāim k; mansūba kaike nikālnā.

To devise a plan of defence - Jawab dihi ya bachaw ki tadbir sochkar nikalna Devise, v i. Mansūba bāndhuā, tadbīr k.; bandish k, sochnā; ījād k Devise, n. (Law.) (a)—Wasiyat-nāma likh-kai jāe-dād-i-gair-manqūla kā de-denā yā uskā intigāl.

(b.)—Wasiyat-nāma yā wasiyat-nāma-i-jāe-dād-i gair-mangūla.

(c.)—Jāe-dād-1-mūsā-bih; woh jāe dād jo wasīyat-nāme ke zarī'e se dī yā wasīyat ki gayī ho; jāedād jiskā hiba wasīyat ke rū se ho.

Devisee, n. (Law) Woh shakhs jiske nām jāe-dād-i gair-manqūla az-rū iwasiyat-nāma muntaqıl huyi ho, müsä-ilaih; müsä lahü.

Devisor, n. (Law.) Mūsī, woh shakhs jo wasiyat nāme ke zarī'e se lie-dad i-gair-manqula de dewe (hiba kar-dewe).

Correlative of devisee.

Devoid, a. Khāli, muhtaj, na iakhtā huā.

Followed by of.

Devolution, n Ek shakhs se düsre ki taraf muutaqil h., ck se düsre ko silsila-war milna, waiis qaim-maqam ya ja-nashin ko pahunchia Devolve, v. t. Muntaqil kar d.; hawala k.; sipurd ya tafwiz k., dast-ba-dast pahunchana

Generally with upon on to.

Devolve, v 2 Hāthon hāth ānā yā pahunchnā, ck shakhs se dūsre shakhs ke pās muataqil h ; ck qābız ko hāth se nikal-kar nsko jā-nashin (qāım-maqām) ko milnā, sısıle se pahunchnā; wirāsatan pahunchnā; muntaqil h.

Followed by on or upon.

Dextenty, n. 1 —Chusti, phurtî, musta'ıdî, tezî; tajribe aur mahārat kī wajh se kısî kām kā jhatpat (chatpat) k.; ā'zā ko kām men läne

men hoshyārī aun subūlat.

2.—Kısı bat ke sochkar nıkalne ya kısı maqsad ke anjam ko hye tadbiron ki ijad men 'aql ki tezi, tadbiron ki ijad men musta'ıdı, kısı tajwiz (mansüba ya bandısh) ke anjam ya insiram men 'ujlat aur hoshyarı, chalakı, chaturayı.

Dexterous, a. 1 - Phurtila, tez-dast; hath so kisi kam ke karno men

hoshyar aur châlak; musta'id.

2—Tadbiron ki ijād men hoshyār; mudabbir, kisi tadbīr ke sochne aur uske anjām men musta'd; chālāk, chatur; siyānā.

3 -Jo hoshyānī (chaturāyī) se kiyā jāc.

Diary, 2 Roz nāma, 102 nāmeha, awārja; woh kitāli jismen roz roz ke hālāt likhe jāwen, sijāha.

A general diary—Roz-nameha 1-'ām. A special diary—Roz-nāmelm-i-ķhās.

A diany writer - Roz namcha-navis.

Dietate, v t 1 — Is garaz se kuchh kahnā ki dūsrā shakhs uso likh le; kisi ko koyī bāt is muiād se sikhlāuā ki mauq'o par woh uso kahe

2.—Farmānā, tahakkumāna kahnā; irshād k.; huku d.; sādir k. jaise huku. [i kalām; 'ībānat; tanz-i-sukhan Diction, n Alfaz ke zarīe se khayālāt kā izhār; intikhāh-i-ulfaz; tanz-

DICTUM, n. [Lat.] 1 - Qaul yā sanadī qanl, bayān; kahāwat.

2 (Law.) Woh rae jiskā izhār mm-jānīb-i-hukkām-i-hitālat aise nmūr kī nisbat kiyā jāe jinko muqaddaine se ta'alluq i khās na ho.

Die, v v 1.—Marjānā; marnā; hastī se nestī men parjāna yā hast se nest ho-jānā, murda ho-jānī; rūh kā parwāz kar jānā; jān kā nikal-jānā; faut h.; qozā karjānā; guzar-jānā; dam nikal-jānā; dunyā se guzar-jānā, jahān se uṭh-jānā, mulk-r-adam ko rāhī h., ba-qaid-rhayāt na rahnā; be-jān yā khushk ho jānā; ukaṭh jānā

Said of animals or vegetables

"Often with of, by, or more soldom for, before the cause or occasion of death" Webster.

2.—Jān d., mar-jānā; zindagī (jān) khonā, halāk kiyā jānā; phānsī parnā. [jānā, miţ-jānā; bujh jānā. 3.—Nest ho-jānā; mauqūf ho-jānā; zāil ho-jānā, kuchh rab na

Let the secret die in your own breast - Is blied ko apne hi dil men mit jane do

4.—Baith ya dhans jānā, pazhmurda ya afsuida ho-jānā; kam-zorī shikasta-khātirī yā muhabbat wagana ke sadme se bujh jānā yā gashī kī bālat men ho jānā [rahnā.

5 —Kisi kā mahkūm (uske tābi) na rahnā, kisi men mubtalā na

To due to pleasure or to sin -Khushi ya gunah men mubtala na rahna.

6 —Pīchhe ko palat jānā yā khūb sunāyī na d., barābar kam hotā (ghattā) jānā jarse awāz kā. Nazar se gārb hojānā; ur jānā, jātā rahnā, nazar na parnā jarse kisī rang kā.

Often with out or away

7.—Bad maza yā be-dam ho-jānā; utar jānā, tezī kā bāqī na rahnā.

Mostly used in the participle.

The beer is dead - Woh bir sharab utar gayi.

DIES NON, [Lat an abbreviation of dies non juridicus] (Law) Yaum-i ta'tīl-i-'adālat, kachahrī ke band lahue kā diu jaise Itwāt (Yakshamba) wagaira; jis roz hākimon kā ijlās na ho; jo din kachahrī kā na ho

Diet, n. 1.—Khurāk: gizā, khāne-pine kī chizev

2 — Woh gizī jo kisī qā'ida-i mu'aiyana yā sihhat ke lihāz se khāyī jāe. Diet, v. t Khānā khilānā, khilānā, parwansh k, qillat se yā qā'ida-i mu'aiyana ke mutābiq khilānā-pilānā.

Diet, v. 2. Khānā; qā'ide ke bamūjib khānā pānā; bachā bachā ke (thorā vā kam) khānā [na 1.; ek qism kā na h

Differ, v i. 1.—Mukhtalif h, aut tatah kā h, muwāfaqat yā mutābaqat

The statements of the witnesses differ in this case—Is muqaddame men
gawāhon ke bayānāt mukhtalif hain (ek qiem ke nahih hain). The court
differs with the assessors as to the prisoner's guilt—Is mudda'ā 'alaih ki
mujrimi ki nisbat 'adālat ko asesaioù ki iāe se utifāq nahih hai. These
two books differ from each other—Yah do kitāben bāham mukhtalif hain

2.—Mukhtalıfu-r rāc h ; ek tarah kī rāc na r., rāc men neuttafiq na

h.; am hī sochnā; tajwīz yā rīe men mukhālafat k.

3.—Mubāhasa k., takrār qazīya yā jhagīzā k ; jhagarnā, mīzā'-r-lafzī k Difference, n. 1 — Ikhtīlāf, nā-muwāfaqat; farq; bhed; tafāwut, nā hamwārī; gur-mushābahat.

2 — Ikhtiläi-1-räe; miaq; mza'; bahs, takiar; jhagra, munaqasha, wajh 1 takiar, ami-1-ma-bihi-n-niza'; woh bat jiske sabab se jhagra

paidā ho (jiskī nisbat nizā ho).

To make up a defference – Bāham suih k.; raf'-i-shar yā takiāi k.; tasfiya-i nizā' k Different, a. 1. – Judāgāna ; 'alāhida 'alāhida; ek hī (wāhid) nahīn

2 — Mukhtalıf naw'iyat shakl ya sıfat ka, yak-san nahîn; mukhtalıf, mutafarrıq, gau-mushābih; bāham mukhtalıf; düsre ki manınd ya düsre sa nahin

Infficult, a. 1.—Jiskā banānā karnā yā anjām d. dushwāi (diqqat-talah yā mushkil) ho. sahl (āsān) nahīn jismen mihuat aur jān fishānīkainī pare

2 — Jiškā khush k. mushkil ho; jiske dil ko jald (asānī se) pher na saken, jo kisī kī bāt (uskā kahnā) jald na māne; mizāj kā sakht (karā); jo kisī kū qaul jald bāwar na kar le.

3.—Jispar charhnā chalnā yā uskā 'ubūr k. mushkil (diqqat-talah) ho—jaise pahār sarak yā daryā wagana.

Difficulty, n 1.-Dushwari, ishkal, sakhti, diqqat; asani ya suhulat ka

na h., kisī shar kī woh hālat jisse uskā anjām mushkil bo

DIF

2 - Woh bat jo mushkil ho, woh ami jiska anjam dushwar ho (sahl na ho); woh bät jismen milinat pareshānī yā nljhāw ho, taklif kī bāt, woh bāt jiskī wajh se taraqqī wagana mon diqqat ho, uljherā, bakherā, ihanihat, janjāl, rukāwat kī bāt.

3.—Hujjat, mzā', ikhtīlāf, ta'arruz, 'uzī, i'tiiāz

Diffidence, n. April va gair kī quwwat istitā'at vā liyāqat wagaira ki mishat shubba ya'ni uspar takiya na k (bharosā na i), inhisāi-i-zāti na r., lujāb., saukoch., sakuch.

Diffident, a Apnī yā gan kī quwwat wagana par shubha r. w., waswāsī: wahni, apni zātī liyāgat wagana par bhaiosā na 1. w.; sankochi; mahjūb, kāmon ko dar dar k w

Diffuse, v t Dhalkar phailana juise kisi saiyal (bahuc wali) shai ko; bahānā; chāron taraf pharlānā, ghumānā; mushtahar k , khonā; zāru k.

Diffuse, a. Dhalkar bahaya hua, khub phada hua, gar-mahdud; na (poli k ya hatana tawwal, tūl-o-tawil (lambi-chanji) jatse 'ibāi ti

Dig, v t 1 — Khodnā, gornā; mittī ko kudāli yā kisī dūsre tez ālo se 2 - Mitti nikāl-kar khāli kar d., khodnā jaise knān; garhā kar d To day down-Khod kar jar khāh karke girā d (dhā d) - To day down a will-Diwās ki bunyād (new) ko bhitari bhitar khod-kar use girā d - To dag an -Khod kai pātnā, To dig in manure - Khād ko khod-kar zamīn men bhai vā pat d - To dig from, out, or up - Khod kur mikalna

The preposition is often omitted.

Dig, v v. Kudāli wagana lekar kām k ; zalīl kām k.; kamīnoh kā kām k. To dig in-Kudāli wag ma se khod-kar garhā k—To dig through "Is par se us pār tak khod-kar ūne jāne kī iāh kai-d.

Digest, v. t 1 - Murattab k.; tartīb d , taryār k ; silsīla-wār durust k, 2 -Hazın k, pachānā; kaimūs banā d.; tahlīl k.

Digest, v. i 1. - Hazm h., pachnā; tahlīl h

Paknā; mawād kā ā-jānā jaise phore yā zaķhm men.

Digest, n Qawanin kā majmū'a, majmū'a-i-āyin.

Dilatory, a 1.—Sust; dhila; jo 'adatan der kare.

2 —(Law) Jisse tawaqquf ya der ho ya neka hona magrad ho.

Dilatory plea - Wah 'uzr jo muqaddame ki tajwiz ujen tawaqqui kajane ke liye kisî are amr kî nisbat pesh kiyû jêwo jirko rûdûd se ta'elliq na bo.

Diligence, n Kisī qism ke kām meń barābar lagā nahnā; no koyī kām shuru' kıya jae uske anjam ki barabar panawi, dil o jan se milmat, ztawajjuh-i kāmila, kisī kām men jis-qadar dil lagānā inunāsib ho jusmen utui hi tawajjuh; mihnat; nyāz.

To do one's durgence, give duligence, use diligence—Sa'l h; dil-o jan se koshish k , jahān tak ho-sake fikr k , ķhūb tau dihi k

biligent, a. 1 -- Dil-a-jān ez mutawanıh, mihnati: be-khabar yā gifil nahin nihayat sa'l wa argurm hameehs kam men laga h ia

2 —Jo barābar kryā jāe, jiskī pairawī men fikr aur koshish barābar kām men lāyī jāe, jo mihnat yā ihtiyāt se ho

To make a ddigent search—Kisī chīz ko barī fikr aur milnat se dhundhnā, kisī shai kī just-o-ju barī juad-o-jahd se k

Diluvial, a. Jo daryā wagaira ke sailāb (bārb) se paidā ho

Diluvial deposit - Woh bālū yā mitţi wagaira jo daryā ke sailāb kī wajh se par jāe, daiyā-shikast gang-shikast yā daryā-burd

DILUVION.) n. Bālū yā muttī wagama jo daryā kī tugyānī (bārh) se DILUVIUM,) par jāc (jam' ho jāc)
Dimension: n. Kusi shau kī lambāyī chaurāyī unchāyī gahrāyī motāyī yā

Dimension: n. Kısı shar ki lambayı chaurayı unchayı gahrayı motayı ya uska ghera, kısı shar ka tül-o-'arz aur 'umuq ya dabazat, wus'at; qad o-qamat; bıstar, phailaw [kısı tarah par kam ya chhota k.

Diminish, v t 1 —Ghatānā; kam k.; miqdār yā ta'dād men kam k, "Opposed to mcrease and augment. It is particularly applied to bulk and quantity, as shorten is to length." Webster

Diminish, v. i Kam yā chhotā ho jānā khwāh nazar ānā; ghat jānā.

Diminution, n 1 — Ghatānā, kam k.

2.—Kamī; kam ho-jānā; ghat jānā. [ho.

3.—(Law) Woh firoguzāsht galatī yā nags jo kisī wasīga-i-gānūn men Diploma, n. Sanad, woh navishta jo dast-khat khwāh dast-khat aur muhi se murattab ho-kai kisī ikhtiyār ke nafāz dilāne ke liye ek shakhs ko divā jāwe.

Direct, a 1 -Sidhā, terhā yā pechida nahin.

2—'Aın maqsad ko pahunchāne wālā, jisse thik manzil-i-maqsūd par pahunchen, jismen kaj-o-pech na ho [takalluf hāsil ho

Direct means—Sidhī tadbīr; aisī tadbīr jisse tadbīr-kunanda kā maqsad bilā 3—Sarīhī; badīhī; gan-mashkūk yā mushtabah; sāf; fāsh, khulā

huā, mubham yā muzabzab nahīu

Du ect evidence—Subūt 1-saibī badībī yā gair mashkūk. Direct interference— Mudāķhalat-1-sarih yā fāsh

4.—Yak-jihatî nahîn, bâp bete pote wagaira ke silsile men bakhatt-i-mustaqîm; bâp bete kî taraf; silsila-i-mutanazzila men.

A descendant in the direct time—Bap bete pote wagain ki aulad men.

In this sense, direct is opposed to collateral.

Dn ect tax — Woh mahsül jo logon ki āmadani yā māl-o-matī' par lagāyā jāe

In this sense, "distinguished from taxes on merchandise or customs, and from excise" Webster

Direct, v t. 1.—Nishān d ; kisī jagah yā chīz kī taiaf sidhe batlānā yā nishān d ; shist lagānā ; tāk bāndhnā.

2.—Intizām k ; band-o-bast-k.; kisī ķhās taiīq par chalānā; insirām k

3.—Sabīl yā tarīq-i-munāsib batlāuā, sīdhā iāsta debbā d., rah numāyī k., iāh dekhānā

He directed me to the left-hand road - Usne mujhe bayen hath ki rah dekha di

4.—Hukm d, hidāyat k; irshād k., farmānā, bare kī taiah sikhānā

ö —Kısı khat par maktub ilaih ka nam wa pata thikana likhua; jab koyi chiz lifafe khwa'i pulinde wagana men band karke bhejen to us lifāfe yā pulinde par us shakhs kā nām aur thikānā likh d jiske pās woh bhejā jāwe filihā jāwe f

How is this letter to be directed?—Is khat par maktub ilaih ka nam aui pata-

Direction, n. 1.—Intimām; band-o bast, insirām, ingiami, hidāyat

Who has the direction of the affairs of that firm?—Us kothî ke kar-o-bar ka ihtimam kiske zimme hai?

Hukm, hidāyat, risbād; īmā; kārrawāyī kā taiīq batlānā.

The requisite directions have been given to the Munsarim - Zanūri hidāyaten Munsarim ko kaidā gayī hain.

3.—Samāma, maktūb-ilah wagaira kā nām ma' laqab wa sukūnat, nām am patā thikānā, lifāfe par kī 'ibārat.

4 -Samt; jamb, taraf; or

In what direction?—Kis taraf yā jānib?

[sipurd ho

5.—Woh kul ashkhās jinko kisi amr kā insuām (kisi kām kā anjīm)

6 — Woh bāten batlānā juise kirī shakhs yā maqām kā patā lag jāc Directly, ad 1 — Bilā takhallul, bilā ibhām, saiāhatan, sāf sāf, zimnan nahīn, ghumā philā kai nahīn; ba-khatt-i-mustaqīm, sīdhā.

The evidence does not hear directly upon this case - Is mingaddamo so shahadat ko saf sat ta'alluq nahin han

2. - Fauran, bila tawaqquf ya takhir; turt ya turant, jhatpat, sidhe.

3 — Jonhin, kısı ke ba'd hi; ba-munarad, ba-faur (kar-rawa. Director, n 1 — Muhtamını ya sarbarah-kar; munsarın, chalano w.;

2 —Mushīr, nāsth, hādī; rah-numā

3.— Pā ; gurū ; murshid. — [ke insuām ke liye muqariar ho. 4 —Woh shakhs jo kisī j imā'at wagana kī taraf se uske kūro-bār

Disability, n. (Law) 1.—Qānūnī hyāqat jā qābiliyat kā na honā; 'adam ihyāqat i-qānūnī, shar' yā shāsti ke iū se kisī fi'l ke anjūm kī salāhiyat kā na rakhnā, qānūnī nā-hyāqatī; imtinā' i-qānūnī, kisī fi'l-i-jāiz ke karne kī salāhiyat na r (yā zihnī quwwat wagana na 1.

2.—Be-maqdūrī, 'adam-r-istitā'at; lā-chārī, majbūrī, kāfī jismīnī Disable, v. t. (Law) 1.—Qānūnī haq yā salābiyat se mahrūm k.; qānūn ke mntībiq nā lāiq banā d., qānūn ko mutābiq kisī fil ko karne kī

salāhīyat rahne na denā.

2.—Nā lāiq k, be-kār k; jismānī yā zihnī tāqat so mahrūm kardenā; nā-tāqat k, kisī shai ko is tarah par kamzor yā be-kār kardenā ki woh phir kām ke lāiq na rahe, be miqdūr kardenā; za'īf kard, kamzor hai d

Dîsabled, p. a Nî-lîng; ma'zûr, kısî fi'l kî salâhıyat na rakhtā huā, kam-

zor, zakhm yā chot wagarra ke bā'ıs kām kā nahin (bekār)

Disadvantage, n 1 — Faide se mahrumi; nā-muwāliq hālat, woh amr jo kām-yābi men māni khwāh nuqsān yā mazarrat kā būr's lio.

To be under some disadvantage—Arsī hālat men honū jo apne hāl ke muwāfiq na ho, nā-muwāfiq yā mazarrat angez hūlat men h. To act at disadvantage—Afsī hālat men krsī fil kā k. Jisse nuqsān yā mazarrat ho (usmeň kāmyābi na ho)

2 — Ziyān; naqsān, mazarrat; naf nām-warī yā i'tibār wag ura men nuqsān. [paune bechnā

To sell a thing to disadvantage - Kisī chīz ko nuqsān uṭhā kar bechuā, aune

- Disadvantageous, a Taraqqī kām-yābī yā naf' ke hye muzir; nā muwāfiq, mukhālif, muzir, zarar-iasān; nuqsān k. w.. ārām yā subhīte kā nahīn, kisī amr kī bihbūdī ke hasb-i-hāl nahīn. [tardīd-i-kalām k
- Disaffirm, v t. I.—Bar aks yā khilāf kahnā; rad k; mkār k; kāt d,
 Said of what has been asserted.

2.—(Law) (a) Bahāl na r., 'adālat-1-mā-taht ke fusale ko mansūkh yā mustaradd k. [i-mfisākh ko

(b) — Mansūkli yā kal-'adam kar denā; jaise kisī mu'āhada-i-qābil-Disagree, v. v. 1 — Muttafiq na h.; mukhtalif h.; yak-sān na h., ek tarah kā na h.; ikhtilāf r.

The facts stated by the plaintiff disagree with those stated by the defendant— Jo waqi'at mudda'i wa mudda a'alaih ne bayan kiye unmen ikhtilaf hai.

2.—Mukhtalifu-r-rāe h.; tajwîz men ikhtulāf r., ek dil na h.; bāham ikhtulāf yā munāgasha r.

The best judger sometimes disagree-Ba'z waqt 'umda se 'umda mujawwizon ki tujwiz men ikhtiläf hotä kai

3.—Nā-muwātiq h.; muwāfaqat na r.; nā sāz h., hasb-1-hāl na h.

The climate of that district disag, ees with his health—Us zil'e ki ab o hawa use na-muwaing har

Disagreeable, n. Nā pasandīda, nā-guwār; jisse tahi'at ko ranj pahunche yā woh mutanafhr ho. [jhagu]

Disagreement, a Ikhtilät; nä-mawäfaqat; takhäluf-i-räe, bihs; nizä, Disallow, v. t. Jäiz yä rawä mir., nä-manzärk., kisi shai ki waqat yä jawäz se munkii h., kisi shai ko taslim na kaike khärij yä nä manzäi k, ba-tam wäjib ke qabül na k., näzat na denä; nä jäiz yä nä-qäbil-i-jiwäz tasawwii k

The plea of innitation has been disallowed by the court—'Uzr-1-hadd esamā at 'addlat se nā manzān huā. The collection charges will be disallowed—Ma sānf 1 tahsil-pizin nā manzān kiye jāenge

Disallow, v. v. Ijāzat na donā, manzūr na k [untinī' Disallowance, v. Nā-manzūnī; taslīm se unkār, jāiz rakhne se inkān, Disappear. v. v Dekh na paruā, nazar se gāib yā bāhar no-jānā, gūb ho-jānā, kāfūr ho jānā; na rahnā, jātā rahnā, qārm na rahnā, kisi aur chīz men chinp-jānā

Disappearance, n Gāib yā nazar se bāhat ho-jānā, jātā rahuā.

Lisappoint, v. t. 1 — Ummed khwähish tamanna aizu ya made ko pura na hone d.; mayus k., mahium k, jis shai ki tamanna ya ummed wagana ho uske husul se baz r., na-kam k.

2.—Kār-gar na hone d.; natīja-t-maqsād ke paidā hone men mānt' h; asar yā natīja na hone d [ua ho

Disappointed, p. a Nā-ummed, mrās; māyūs; nā-kām, jiskī ārzū pūni Disappointment, n 1 — Māyūs k yā h, māyūsī; nā-murādī, nā-kāmi, kisī nāde yā mausūbe kā pūrā na h; nā-ummedī, humān [ho

2.— Woh shai yā ami jiski wajh se nā-ummedī uā-murādī yā nākāmi Disapprobation, n Nā-mancūtī; nā-pasandīdagī, kisī be jā nā-munāsib yā khilāf-i-maslahat bāt kā dil se nāqis (ma'yūb) ṭhahrānā; qābil-i-ilzām samajhnā.

Lisappioval, n. Vide Disapprobation

Disapprove, v. t 1.—Nā-pasand k , be-jā yā nā-munāsib qarār d khwāh tasawwu k , malāmat k ; sarzanish k

2 — Nā-manzūr k ; manzūrī se inkār k ; rawā yā jārz na r.

"It is often followed by of; but modern usage inclines to omit of" Webster

Disarm, v t Hathiyar chhîn-lena; be silah kai-d.; nihattha kai d.; beqabu kar d.

Disarrange, v. t. Be-taitīb kar-d.; daiham-barham kar-d; abtar k.; badnazmī paidā k.; ulat-palat d.; silsile yā taitīb ko shikast kar d.

Disavow, v t. 1 — Taslīm ījāb yā iqbāl se nikāi k.; kisī shai kī nisbat apnī zimma dārī se munkir h. yā mukir jānā; taslīm yā qabūl na k, iad kar d, kisī wāqi'a ilzām yā rāe se munkir h

He was charged with embezzlement but he disavoued the fact—Us par tagallub o-tasarruf kā ilzām lagāyā gayā thā par usne usse inkāi kiyā (use qabāl na kiyā)

Opposed to own or acknowledge.

2 —Kısı amı ki sıbhat ya asliyat se ınkar k.; ıad k.; kisi amr ke khılaf sabıt k.

Disavowal, n Inkār, 'adam-ı-ijāb; lā-da'wā

Disbelieve, v t. Ptibār na k.; kisī bāt kī msbat yah samajhnā ki yah sahīh yā wāgi ī nabīh hai, yagin na lānā; na mānnā

The court disbelieres this evidence—'Adālat is shahādat par i'tibūr nahīh karti (isko mu tabar nahīn samajhtī yā isko nahīn māntī).

Disburden, v t Bojh utar I., subuk-dosh k.; halkā k ; garān bārī raf k. Fisburse, v. t. Khaich kainā, sarf k , de-d , uṭhā dālnā Fisbursement, n. 1 —Kharch; sarf.

2 — Zat-ı satf-shuda, jiş qadar rupaye kharch paren; makhārij; ma-sārif, khatch yā akhtājāt.

The annual distursements exceed the income—Khaich i-sil-ana annulani se zi-Discharge, v t 1 —Bojh utaina, jo kuchh asbab wagaira lada ho use utar l

"Applied both to the ship and the loading" Webster.

2. -Rihā k.; qaid se chhornā, chhor d.

The court has ordered the pusoner to be discharged on bail—'Adalat ne us quidi ko zamānat pir rihā kiye jāne kā hukin diyā hai

3.—Kisi farz ko anjām d.; kisī dam ko adā k.; kisī shart yā mu'āhade ko pūrā k yā uskī ta'mīl k.

He discharges the duties of his office well—Woh apine mansab he fatātz ko ba khūbī anjām detā hat. He has discharged his debts—Usne apnā qatz adā kar diyā

4. – Mauquf k.; naukarī se bar khāst k., chhorā d; har taraf k

5 — Da'we ya mutilabe se barî k.; fang-khattî ya bhar payî likh d The creditor discharged his debtor – Usdan ne apne mady un ko bhar payî likh di.

6 —Rukhsat kar denā, chale jāne kī ijāzat d

The witnesses were discharged after they had been examined—Zaban bandi (uzhar qalam-band kiye jane) ke baid gawah rukhset kar d ye gaye.

- 7.—Muwāķhaza yā zimma-dārī se barī k.; barīn-z-zuoma k The surety cannot be discharged - Woh zämm muwākhaze se barī nahīn ho
- 8 Jurm yā ittiliām se baiī k.; kisī juim yā ilzām se safāyī kard , barī k.; āzād kar-d. , makhlasī bakhshnā
 - 9 —Chhoruā , dāguā—jaise bandūq wagaira

10 — Nikāinā , khārij k , bahānā. A pipe disohai ger water — Naj se pānī nikaltā (bahtā) hai.

hacharge, n. 1 — Rihāyī, makhlasī; qaid yā hirāsat se āzādī.

2 — Anjām; ta'mīl, īfā, adā

3 --Ma'zūli-i-'uhda; mauqūfī; bar-khāstagī, bar-taifi; woh na wishta jo ba tam subūt bar-khāstagī ke diyā jāwe,

4. - Zimma-dārī dain yā tāwān se barāat, woh nawishta jo dain wagaira se barāat ke subūt men dīyā jāwe; fārīg khattī, sāfī-nāma

Rukhsat, chale jāne kī yāzat.

6.-Jurm yā ilzām se baiāat, barāat.

7.--Woh shar jo nikle ya kharij ho masalan mawad wagaira [sar h.

8.—Chhorna, dagna, shalakh, top wagana ka chhatna chalna ja Disciple, n. Chela, murid, panaw; woh shakhs jo dusie se ta'im paye, shāgud ; talmīz

Discipline, n. 1 - Woh bartaw jo muta'allım (sikhne ya ta'lim pane wale) ke liye mauzun ho, ta'lim, taibiyat, ta'lim aur mashq ke zari'e se dil ki quwwaton ki tarraggi

2 —Qawa'id-1-mu'aiyan ke mutabiq kar-rawayi (unpai 'amal karne) kī ta'līm; bandhe huye silsile ke mutābiq baiābai kāi-iauāyi kā

'ādī k.; masliq, qawā'id

3.—Qā'ide kī pābandī, hukm kī bajā-āwaiī, farmān-baidāiī, itā'at

4.—Tādīb, tambīh, kisī naqs ke daf īye ke liye sakhtī ke sāth ta'līm, musībat taklīf yā ta'zīr wagana ke zarī'e se kisī bāt kā sikhlānā

5.-Durustî; arastagī; tambīb; kisī 'aib ke dūr karne ke liye [k., tarbiyat k ta'līman sazā-dīhī.

Discipline, v. t. 1.—Ta'līm d yā k.; ta'līm aur mashq ke zarī'e se pakkā 2 —Qā'ide ke mutābiq barābar kār rawāyī kā 'ādī k., mahkūm k,

zabt men länä; farmän bar-däri sikhlänä; pä-band-i-qawä'id k.

Disclaim, v t, 1 — Kısı shar ki nısbat da'we se kullivatan inkar k ; kısî sha ki milkiyat khwäh uske muta'allıq zımma däri se munkir h ; kisî sharke qabze se iukar k ; kısî sharke lene se yah kah-kar ınkar k kı yah hamatı nahın hai, ınkat k, qabul na k, taslim na k., chhor d., taik k.; na mānnā; munkir h.

The defendant disclaims all knowledge of the alleged mortgage transaction -Jis mu'āmala-1-11hn kā bayān huā hai uskī wāqifīyat se mudda'ā 'alaih ko He disclaims any right to the property alleged to bi-l-kul iokāi hai have been mortgaged - Jis jae-dad ke rihn hone ka bayan hat uski mabat apne istihqfiq se use bi l-kul inkār hai

2 —(Law) Kısı sharki nısbat da'we se dast-bardar h. ya yah kah nā ki hamārā da'wā is par nahīn hai; lā da'wā h., dūsre ke da'we ko qahūl na k., kisī haqqīyat milkīyat khwāh 'uhde ke qabūl karne se ftark k w nukāu k Disclaimer, n. (Law) 1 - Da'wā yā qabūl na k. w ; munkir ; chhorne yā Discrepant, a Mukhtainf; mukhālif; bar-'iks, nā-muwātiq; mutazād.
Discretion, n I.—'Aql, imtiyāz; tamīz; hosh-yārī, āqibat-andeshī; samajh-būjh, sawāb-dīd, ihtiyāt.

2—Apnī tāe ke mutāhiq kām karne kā ikhtiyār: iqtizā-i-rāe, woh āzādī yā iqtidār jo har shakhs ko is bāt kā hāsil hotā hai ki bilā muzāhamatigaire apnī tajwīz yā pasand ke muwāfiq kār tawāyī kare, ikhtiyār, mai zī

To leave a thing to a person's discretion—Kisî amr kā anjām kisī shakhs he iqtizā-t-rāe par chlioi d, kisī bāt kā ek shakhs pii is garaz se chhoi-d ki asko woh apnī hī taj vīz ke mutābīq kare—To exercise one's discretion—Apne iqtizā-t-tāc ko kām meā lānā, jo apne ko munāsib ma'lūm ho wahī k—At discretion—Bilā sharāit gair mashrūt, bilā pābandī kisī shait ke—To surrender at discretion—Apne ko kullīyatan furīq-i gālib ke ikhtiyār meā kar d; bilā pābandī-i quyūd farīq-i-gālib kī itā'at qabūl k.

Discretionary, a Iqtızā 1-1āe-1-khās par chhūtā huā, apnī hī tajwīz par munhasır, jiske msnām men apnī hī tajwīz kām men lāyī jāwe; mut lag; gar-mahdūd; ikhtiyārī.

Judicial officers are, in certain cases, invested with discretionary powers to act according to circumstances—Ba'z ba'z halaton men hukkamı adalat kons bat kankhtıyar dıya yata hai ki ba-lıhaz i halat apun taywiz ke muta bıq kar-ıawayı karek.

Discuss, v. t. Bahasnā; mubāhasa k; asl haqīqat ke daryāft ke liye i'tirāzāt wa qubāhāt ko taf' k; chhān k; taftīsh k, kisī amr kī mabat is gataz se dalātl pesh k ki rāst wa darog (sach aut jhūṭh) men fatq (tamīz) ho jāwe

Discussion, a Bahs, mubāhasa; taftīsh, tahqīq, asl bāt ke daryāft ke liye kisī amr kī nisbat mufīd wa gair-mufīd sab bātoù kā sochnā; mubāhase ke zarī'e se kisī amr kī taftīsh. [qūq se mahjūb k.

Disentitle, v t. Haq yā da'we se mahrūm k.; kisī kā haq chhīn l; istih-Disfigure, v. t Bad-sūrat k; sūrat yā shakl bigār d., be-daul yā kudaul k., sūrat ko nāqis yā bad-haiat kar d. [nāmī; hatk, Disgrace, n 1.—Zillat, fazīhat; rū-siyāhī, be-waqarī, be-lazatī, bid-2.—Jisse be-lazatī vā he-āhrūvī bo bā'issi-nedāmat nā ilnīma obar-

2.—Jisse be-izzatī yā be-ābrūyī ho, bā'is-i-nadāmat yā ilzām; shaim kī bāt, mūjib-i-ilzām.

Disgraceful, a. Jisse hatk yā be-ābrūyī ho; bā'is i nadāmat (sharm paidā k w.), be-'izzatī kā sabab, muzīl-i ābrū, ma'yūb; zalīl

Disguise, v t 1 — Kısı ki sürat tabdil kar-d.; dhokhā dene ko irādo se gair-ma'mūli poshāk pahin yā pahinā-kar asli haiat (shaki) ko chhipā d., bhes badalnā, tabdīl-i-libās k., masnū'i sūrat banā l, aise kalām musta'mal k yā aisā tarīq ikhtiyār k. jisse dūsre ko dhokhā ho. 2 — Madhosh k.; matwālā banā d.

Disguise, n 1.—Woh poshāk yā zāhnī sūrat jo aslī haiat ke chhipāne khwāh dūsre ko mugālata dene ke liye ikhtiyāi kī-jāe [nā-jaiz kā k To do an unlawful act in disguise—Ba-tabdīl i-libās (bhes badal-ker) kisi ā i i

2.—Numāish-i-darog; libāsī sūiat, dekhne wāle kī mugālata dihi ke iiye sūrat-i-iddrāyī yā masnū'ī kalām kā isti'māl.

Under the disguise of great candour - Bari safayi i qalb zahir karke.

Lish, n. 1.—Rikābī ; qa'h ; chaurī khule munh kā bartan—jaise thālī

wagana jismen khānā chunā jāc (khānc ki chīzen rakkhī jācn) [khānā.
 Woh khānā jo nkābī wagana men chunā jāc; kisī khās qism kā

A cold dish — Thandhā yā bāsi khānā A warm dish — Gurm yā tāza khānā A delicious dish — Mazedāi khānā (gizā-i-latīf yā khush-guwār)

Dishearten, v. & Shikasta dil k , dil tor d ; himinat harā-kar nā-umroed kar-d , be-dil ķhwāh afsunda-khātir kar d [māi]; dagā-bāz, farebī, khāin.

Dishonest, a 1.—Bad-dıyanat; be-iman, daga karne ya dhokha dene par

A dishonest man - Mard-1-bad-diyānat; be imān ādmī, aisā shakhs jo dagā karne yā dhokhā dene par mād ho, dagā-bāz

2 — Jiski bunyād fareb par ho, mabnī-ba-fareb; jismen fareb huā ho, farebī, fāsīd; khoṭā [yā jo frieb par mabnī ho.

A dishonest transaction—Mu'āmala-i-fai ebi, aisā mu'āmala pemen faireb huā ho Dishonestly, ad. Bad diyānatī se; be-īmānī se; fai eb kī nīyat se.

Dishonesty, n Pad-diyanati; be imani; dhokba dene ya fareb karne ki niyat, tareb, daga-bazi; khiyanat; diyanat ya iman-dari se inhiraf Dishonery a Pad-diyanati; be karneti; be harmati

Dishonour, a. Be-ābrūyī; be-izzatī; be-hurmatī, ruswāyī, sharm, woh bāt pisse nek-nāmī men dāg yā dbabbā lag jāwe.

Dishonour, v. t 1 — Be-'izzat (be-ābrū yā be-hurmat) k; maurid-i-na

dāmat yā ilzām k, ķhiffat d yā ķhafīf k, be-waqarī se pesh-ūnā, nek-nāmī men dāg yā dhabbā lagānā; 'izzat le-lenā

nes-nami men dag ya dhabba lagana; uzzat ie-iena 2.—Be-'iffati ya be-'asmati k., kharab k ya bigaina, pani le-lena

yā utāmā, be-pānī kā kar-d. [dām na denā).

3.—Kisī hundavī wagana ko na sakārnā (uske nupaye yā uskā

"Said of a draft on acceptance which is due or presented." Webster

A dishonoured bill of exchange—Woh hundavi jo na sakutī gayi ho (jiskā dām na patā ho) Dishonourable, a 1—Jisse be-izzatī ho; nadāmat se bhatā huā; zahl;

Dishonourable, a 1—Jisse be-izzatī bo; nadāmat se bharā huā; zahi;
jisse hatk rābrū ho; pisse badnāmī ho—juise fi'l.
2—Ba ābrū tābrū bikhta - gulīl

2.—Be ābrū; ābrū-bākhta; zalīl

A dishonourable man - Ābrū-bākhta (zalīl) shakhs

Disinherison, n. Mahjūbu-l-ırs k yā h., hajb-i-ırs; mīrās na pāne d.; irs se mahrūmī, hajb, mahrūmı-ı-warsa

se mahrūmī, hajb, mahrūmı-ı-waısa

Disınherit, n Maurūsī istihqāq se mahjūb k., wirāsat se mahrūm k.;
mahjūbu-l-irs (mahrūmu-l-irs) k, mīrās na milne d; kisī wāris ko visī

jāc-dad yā haqqīyat par qābiz na hone d. jo usko wirāsat ke silsile se qānun yā rawāj ke mutāmq pahunchti ho Disinheritance, n See Disinherison

Disinherited, p, p Mahjūbu-lus, mūrās se mahrūm kiyā gayā

Disinterested, p a. Be garaz yā be garazāna; be-lagāw; jisko zātī naf kā khayāl na ho, fāide yā ham-dardī ke khayāl se ta'alluq na r w.; kisī bāt yā mu'ām de men zātī ta'alluq yā mj kā naf na r. w, be-tam'; jis men jāmb-dārī na ho; jo apue naf ke khayāl se na kiyā jāe

A desenter ested judge — Aısā mujawwız jisko mu'āmalāt ki tajwiz men zātī naf'e kā khayāl na ho.—A desenter ested decesion — Tajwiz jo bilā-lihāz kisī zātī naf'e ke kī-jāe.

Disinterestedly, ad. Be garazī se; be-garazāna; be-lāg yā bilā-lagāw; bilā-khayāl-i-naf-1-zātī; bilā-jānib dārī. [k; gair-jānib-dārī

Disinterestedness, n. Be-garazī; apne khās naf' ke lībāz se jānīb-dārī na Dislocate, v. t Apnī jagah se haṭā d., khaskā d.; jor par se haṭā yā atāī d ; haddī wagaira ko jor par se haṭā d ; nkhār d.

Dislodge, v. t. 1.—Jis jagah par kisi shar ko qarar ho wahan se use hata

d., kisî chîz ko apnî aslî jagah se dur kar-d.

2.—Jis jagah koyī (haiwān yā insān)chhipā yā panāh liye ho wahān se nikāl-kar use bāhar kai d.

Disloyal, a. Be-wafa, namak-harām; bāgī, gardan-kash yā sar-kash; bad

khwāh, jhūthā, dagā-bāz; be īmān, sābit-qadam nahīn

Cismember, v. t. Kisī shai ke ajzā ko judā judā k.; kisī asl se usko far' ko judā k.; 'alāhida k.; alag alag k.; judā k.; taqsīm k ['alāhidagī Dismemberment, n. 'Alāhidagī, tahīq; taqsīm, batwārā; algāw; ajzā kī

The dismemberment of an estate—Taqvim-i-mahāl, kisī mahāl kā jude jude hisson men bāntā jauā, gunw kā batwāra.

Dismiss, a. t 1.—Rukhsat k ; jīne ki yāzat d., jāne d ; chhutți d.

2 — Naukarī mulāzamat yā 'uhde se ma'zūl k.; innuqūf k.; bar khāst k., jawāh d.; bar-taraf k , chhoyā d.

3.—(Law) litifāt ke qābil na samajh-kar nā manzūr yā ķliānij k.,

dismis k., kližiji k., nā-masmū' gaiāi d.

To dismiss a claim or suit - Kisi da'we ya ualish ko khanj ya dismis k.

Dismissal, | n 1 — Jāne kī ijāzat, iuklisat.

2.---Bar taifi; bar-khāstagī, mauqūfi; ma'zūlī.

3.—(Law) Ikhrāj; dismisī, nā-masniu garāt diyā jānā

Disobedience, a Ta'mīl i-hukm men gaffat k yā usse munku h; hukm ke khilāf 'amal k., jis bāt kī mumānā'at kīgayī ho uskā k., jis bāt kē kaine kā hukm ho uskā na karnā aui jo bāt man' kīgayī ho uskā k., 'udāl-i-hukm yā 'udūl-hukmī, nā-faimānī, inhilāf-i-hukm. [ne w Disobedient, a Nā farmān; mutamairid, sai-kash; hukm kā na mān Disobey, v t. 'Udūl k., 'udūl-hukmī k, nā taimānī k.; hukm kā na bajā lānā; ta'mīl-i hukm na k.; hukm ke mutābiq karne men gaflat k jā usse inkāi k.; jiskā karnā farz ho usko na k. aur jiskā k. man' ho usko k, inhirāf k., khilāf-waizī k, itā'at se iukāi k. [palat Disorder, a 1.—Be-tartībī; paieshānī; abtarī, darhamī; bu hamī; ulat

The papers are in desorder—Kägezät abtari ya be tartibi ki hülat men (abtar khwah be tartib) hain [ke ann men futur

2.—Be-ıntızāmī, bad-nazmī; naqz-i-amn; hangāma; balchal; 'awām' 3.—Bīmārī, maraz [k; be-tartīb kar d.

Disorder. v t. 1 — Muntashn k ; pareshān k.; darham barham k., abtar 2 — Alālat pandā k.; aslī hālat men khalal dālnā ; bīmārī pandā k,

kasal-mand k, 'alīi kar-d yā banā d. | kar d. | kar d.

3—'Aql men futür dälnä; ghabrä d; hauän k; dil ko be qaiär Disorderly, a. 1.—Munattab (tartib-wär khwäh silsile wäi) nahin; gair-murattab, gair-musalsal; abtar, pareshän, darham-baiham, ultä-pulti.

The papers in the record are in a disorderly state—Kāgazāt-i-mashmūla-i-misl abtar (pareshān darham-barham yā ulte-pulte) hain

- 2.—Khilāf i-qānūn; qānūn wa husn i-intizām ke khilāf; be-qā'ida yā khilāf-i-qā'ida; hangāma-khez.
 - A disorderly assembly Majma'-ı khilaf-ı qanun ya hangama khez
 - 3.—Bad-nām; jahān aubāshī ho; jahān āwānagī ke fi'l hon; jahān bad-fi'li ho. [fi'l hoā

A disorderly house—Bad-nām ghar, woh makān jahān aubāshī yā āwāragī ke Disorderly, ad. Be qāi'da; be silsila, intizām ke sāth nahīn; be-dhang Disordered, pp Be-taitīb; bad-nazm; abtar, pareshān; daiham-bar-ham; 'alīl, kasal-mand; bīmīr.

Disorganize, v t Abtar k., darham bu ham k., ultāpultā k., silsila tor d.; mhāyat intishār men dālnā; kisī ke silsile ko tor d yā uske ajzā ko jo bā-ham mile hon judā judā kar d.

Disown, v. t. 1 — Yah kahnā k fulān shai humārī nahīn hai; apnā karke na mānnā, gabūl na k., hāb (taslīm) na k; mkār k.

The stolen property being shown to the prosecutor, was discussed by him - Woh chori kā mā' mudda'ī ko dekhlājā gajā lekia usne kihāki yah hamāiānahin hai

2.—Ba-taur jāiz ke taslīm na k , nikār k ; ījāb se nikār k ; munku h. To discom a claim — Kisī da'we se munkir h (asko ba-taur jāiz ke taslīm na k.)

Disparage, v. t. 1.—Kisī adnā shar se muqābalu karke zalīl banānā; rutbe yā qadr men kam kar-d.; be qadr k; be-waqar k, halkā k.; zalīl k nīchā k., mat'ūn k.

Disparagement, n Kisī aisī shai se taqābul ke zarī'e se mazarrat pa hunchānā jo 'umdagī vagaita men kam ho; aisī rāe yā nisī kanāya jisse hark-i-ābiū ho; kam-qadiī; be waqaiī, be-'izzatī; ihānat, la'n

Followed by to.

Disparity, n. Nā-hamwātī; 'uunr rutbe hālat yā 'umdagī men ikhtilāf; bhed, farq, ikhtilāf'

Followed by between, in, or of.

Dispassionate, a. 1 — Jiske dil pai kisi qism ka khayal na ho; dhima; jam'iat i-khatir r. w; jismen janih-dari ya pas na ho.

Dispassionate men or judges—Alse log yā mujanwiz jo kisī kī jānib dālī na 2 —Jo gussa yā jānib-dālī kī wajh se zuhūr men na āwe.

Dispassionate proceeding - Woh kār-rawāyi jo bilā janba-dārī kī jāwe. [wāna k. Dispatch, v t 1 - Koyī zarūrī khabar lekar jald bhejnā, daniānā, jald ra-

patch, v f. 1. — Koyi zarūri knavar lekar jaid bhejnā, damānā, jald ra-2. — Nikāl-kar bāhar kar-d.:— ķhusū-an mār-dālnā, qatl k.; halāk k.

3 — Kisi kām ko anjām k.; karnā; jald tamām k., jald khātime ko pahunchānā (khatm k.), ihatpat kar d

Dispatch, n 1.—'Ujlat ke sāth yā kisī kāi-i-aham ke liye kisī ko zawāna k.

2.—Anjām-dihi-i-kār ba-'ijlat; musta'idī ke sāth yā fauran anjām

d., mihnat; jaldī, ta'jīl.

3.—Woh khabar yā paigām jo 'ujlat ke sāth bhejā jāwe; kisī kār-i-aham ke muta'alliq jo chitthī yā murāsala ek ahl-i-kār-i-sar-kārī kī jā-nib se dūsie ahl i kār ke pās bhejā jāwe.

Often used in the plural.

Dispauper, v. t. (Law) Sīga-i-muflisī men (ba-taur muflis ke) nālish karne kī salāhıyat rahue na d., aisā kar denā bi phir muflis kī haisīyat se nālish na kar sake. The plaintiff having obtained certain property from his father is now dispau pered - Chünki mudda'i ko kişi qadar jāe dād uske bāp se mil gayī lihāzā ab woh siga-1-muflisi men nālish nahīn kar saktā gāib kar d.

Dispel, v. t Nikāl d.; khāny k ; rabne na d , dūr k ; raf' yā daf' k ; mitā d.;

Dispensary, n Woh dukan ya jagah jahan garib bimaron ko muft dawa dī yā batlāyī jātī hai; khairātī shīfa-khāna, dawā-khāna, woh jagah jahān dawāen bauāyī jāen.

Dispensation, n Dulish, deni; taqsim ya qismat; jo kuchh Khuda apne makhluq ko de, jo kuchh tanj wa rahat Khuda ki janib se insan ko pahunche; Khudāyī kārkhāne; nazm-o-nasq-i-Hahī.

Dispense, v t.1.—Thora thora ya kuchh kuchh bant d.; taqsīm k [dawāen do Dispense medicine to the poor gratuitously—Gurabā ko bilā akhz i qīmat (muft)

2 — Nafāz dilānā yā nāfiz karānā — jaise qānūn kā khās khās hālaton men , ta'mīl k. , mutā'bı'at k , 'adl gustarī k. ; msāf k

Dispense, v. z

DIS

To dispense vith -(a) Nāŭz na hone ki njāzat d ; kisi shai ki taraf se gatlat kā ranā r, kisī ami ke tark kiye jāne par Ptirāz yā lihāz na k , lisī aīsī būt ka honā yā nafāz pānā band k. jo zarūr ho yā ba-zari'a i-rawāj ķliwāh istimrār qāim ho; dai guzar ka, nazar-indūz ka. The law can not be dispensed with in your rayour—Qānūn kā nafāz tumhīre hag men band nahin kiyā jā sakta Will the court despense with the plantiff's oath?-Kyā 'adālat mudda'ī ke halaf se dar-guzar kareg ? (b) Mu'af k, kısı shar-i-zartiri ya mahkama ke na karne ki njäzat d The court cannot dispense with the attendence of such an important witness – Aise kām-ke gawāh kī hāzirī 'adālat se inu'āf nuhin ho sakti. The court cannot dispense with your compliance of this provision of the law—'Adālat is bāt ki ijāzat nahīn do saktī ki tum is hiikm-ī qūnūn ki (c) Kısı kam-ki ya aram-dene walı chiz ke be gau klun cha ta'mīl na karo The services of a Central Nazir can be dispensed with - Sadr Nazir ke begair kām chal saktā har.

Disperse, v t 1 - Muntashir kar d., jā-ba jā phailā d.; chhitrā d.; phallanā—jaise 'ılm raushanī wagana; zāhu k ; ma'lüm karānā.

2 -Kısı shar ke garb kar dene kā ba'is h. (use nigüh se dür kar d.), mutafarııq kai d , alag alag ya juda kar d.

Disperse, v i Muntashu h., idhar-udhar chale jānā; mutafarriq hojānā, chhitiā jūnā; judā ho jūnā, nazar se gāib ho jūnā

Displace, v. t. 1.—Jagah badal d , hatā d , kanāre kar-d.; ma'mūlī yā munāsib jagah se hatā d.; apnī jagah se dūr kar-d.; be-mauqa' rakh d. Why have the books in the library been displaced !- Kutub khāne kī kitāben apnī jagah se kyūn hatā dī-gayīn 🧌

2.—Kısî 'uhde ya mansab se bar-taraf k., ma'zül k., mauqüf k.

Display, v t 1 --- Kholnā, phadānā, pasāmā.

2.—Nazar ke samne phadanā, dekhlānā; madd-i nazai k.; zāhir k., 'ayan k , kısı shaı kı kaıfıyat dil par munkashıf k. (kholna).

3 —Numāish k.; namūd k.; kisī shai ko fakhrīya dekhlānā

Display, n. Izhār ; numāish ; namūd, fakhrīya numāish.

bisplease, v t Nā-khush k., nārāz k, nā-guwār h., 1auj d. yā pahunchānā, diq k.; be-zār k; 1anjida k [voke" Webster.

"It usually expresses less than to anger, vex, irritate, and proispleasure, n Nārāzī, nā khushī, ranjish, āzundagī, khafagī, gussa, itāb-To incui one's displeasure—Kisi ke khilāf-i-marzī kisī fi'l ke karne se uskā

maurid-i-'itāb li (uskī khafagī men parnā yā use iznjīda k)

naurud-ruta u (uski kalataji men parna ya usertanjida k.)
Disposable, a Qābil-i-intiqāl, alāhida yā judā kiye jāne ke lāiq; jo
masraf men na ā-chukā ho; jise zarūrat ke waqt kām men lāno men
koyî rukāwat na ho, jo kisi kām yā masraf ke liye makhsūs na ho.

lisposal, n 1.—Tartīb, nazm, silsila-wāi yā qā'ide se rakhuā

2.—Ikhtiyāi; ihtimām, hukūmat; nazm-o-nasq kā ikhtiyār; sudūr-i-hukm band o-bast yā dād-dilnish kā ikhtiyāi. hāth, qabza; bas The estate of the intestate is entirely at the disposal of his administrator— Mutawaffā jo bilā wasiyat margajā uskā kul māl-i-matrūka uske muhtamim he ikhtiyāi men hai

3.—Dene ('atā karne) kā iķhtiyār (mansab).

This office is at the disposal of the Local Government—Is manual kē 'atā kar ne kā ikhtiyār in maniālik ke Gavaimint ko hai.

4 — Farsala, tastīya. [ke liye saman jān k. To issue summons for the final disposal of a suit—Kisi nālish ke tistīya-i-qat'ī

5 — Intiqal; 'alahidagi; juda k.; bar' wagana ke zari'e se intiqal Dispose, v t. 1 — Ārāsta k., murattab k; tartīb d, thikāne thikīne

kar d., apne apne mauqe' par rakh-d [kiye gaje ham The records have been chronologically disposed—Kāgazāt tārīķh-wār murattab To dispose of—(a) Judā k, intiqāl yā muntaqil k; bechnā, faroķht k,

'alāmda k The judgment deptor has disposed of all his property—Madyun i-digrī ne apnī kul jāe dād muntaqul kar dī Let the movable property of the deceased person be disposed of by auction sale—Mutawaffā ki jāedād-i-manqūla ba-zarī'a-i-nīlām farokht kar dālo—(b) Kisī ko de-d, kisī dūsie ke qabze yā ikdtiyār men kar-d, 'ātā k, bakhshish kar-d, yā bakhshid He has disposed of his daughter to a nich man—Usne apnī larkī ek daulatmand shakhs ko de dī (c) Faisal k, tasfiya k; niptānā; tai k Five cases have been disposed of to-day—Āj pānch muqaddamāt faisal huye I shall soou dispose of this business—Xah kām main jald kar dūngā(nipṭā dūngā)

2.—Bā-qā'ıda k ; qāım k., ıntızām se r., munaqqah k , thahıānā
3.—Taqsīm k kisī kām men iagānā yā uske liye makhsūs k., kisī

manshā yā maqsad ke liye d ; lagānā, masraf men lānā

4--Māil k; rujū' k; phirā d.; kisī ke dil ko pher d.; kisī ko kisī shai kī taraf jhukānā (usko uspar māil k.).

Usually followed by to

Disposed, p. a. Rāgīb; māil, khwāhāń, chāhue w.; maushā yā nīyatr. w; nāda r w.

Disposition, n. 1.—Tartīb; intizām; silsila; band-o-bast.

2.--Intiqal; taqsim, hiba, de-d . kisī ko de-d."

He has made a testamentary disposition of his property-Usine apnī jāc dād

wasîyat ke zarî'e se muntaqıl kar-dî (usne apnî jāedād ko waxiyat ke zarî'e se hıba kar dıyā).

3.--Kısı shar ki taraf aslı madan, aslı khāsıyat se ruju' h.

4.-Mızaı; khaslat; tariq, atwar; tabi'at.

Dispossess, v t. Be-dakhi k , qabze se nikāl l.; qabze se mahrūm k khusūsan atāzī yā jāc dād-i gur-mauqūla ke qabze se

The tenant has been disposeesed—Woh käsht-kär be-dakhl (qabze se mahrūm) ho gayā. The landloid has disposeesed his tenants of their cultivating of cupancies—Us zamīń-dār ne apoe kāshtkāton kī haqqīyat-i-kāsht tiake qab ze se mkāl lī.

Usually followed by of before the thing taken away.

Dispossession, n. 1 — Be-dakhlk yā he-dakhl h.; be-dakhlī, gahze se mahrūmi, ikhrāj. Ike qabze se nikal jāne kī wajh se pahnāche 2.—(Law) Woh mazarrāt jo jīe dād-i-gair mangūla ko apne qānz Otherwise called ouster

Disproof, n Tardid, butlāu; kisi amr ki misbat yah sābit k. ki woh darog yā galat hai.

No evidence has been offered in dispreef of this fact—Is waqi'a ki tardid men mutlaq subût pesh nahia kiya gaya

Disproportion. n. 1 — Miqdar men ham-andaz ya barabar nu h ; gair-m ur zuniyat, na-hamwari; ek shin ka dusri shar ke ham-andaz na h., kisi shin ke ajza men baham gan-manzuni; na-sazi, be mel h ['adam-i tawafuq.

2—Gan-munāsib yā nā kātī h ; ikhtilāt; kamī-beshī ; nī-muwāt.iqut. Disproportion, v. t. Miqdār sūrat yā kisī maqsad ko anjām ko hyo munāsabat men gair-mauzūn k , kisī shai ke ajzā kī mauzūnīyat gām na

r., be-jor lagānā; nā-munāmb jā gur-mauzūti tarīq par bāham imlām. Tisproportionable, a Sūrat qad miqdār yā munāsabat ke lihāz se Disproportional, gair-mauzūn; nā-hamawār, nā musāwī; barābar

nahīn; be dhangā; kudaul, kam-o besh, chhotā-barā, ghat-barh. Disprove, v t. Rad k., bātil yā galat thahrānā, qat' k; kāt d

The plaintiff's assertions have been disproved by the defendant—Midda's ke bayānāt mudda's 'alaih ne rad kar-diye (mudda's 'alaih ne mudda's ke bayānāt ki tardid ki yā unko galat thahrāyā).

Disputable, a. Jiskī nisbat bahs ho-sake, bahs tardīd yā i'tmāz ko lāiq; jiskā yaqīnī yā munāsib honā mushtabah ho; qābil-i-tardīd

Disputant, n Bahs k. w., takrārī; hujjatī, jo dūsre ke khilāf dalīlen pesh kare, munāzir.

Dispute, v i 1.—Bahs k.; hujjat k, kisî amr kî nisbat dalail-i-muwafiq ya mukhalif pesh k.; munaqasha k. [bat lajna ya jhagayna).

2—Kısi hamsar ke muqabale men kisi amı ki koshish k. (uski ms-Dispute, v. t. 1—Bahs k., dalil-i-mukhāhf pesh k.; rad karne ki koshish k., tardid k.; kisi se ikhtilāf yā mukhālafat zāhir k; i'tiraz k; jarah k.

2.—Qāim iakhne kī koshish k., kisī shai kī nisbat jhagarnā; kisī shai ko apne taht yā qabze men iakhne kī koshish k.

The defendant disputes every portion of the property claimed by the plaintiff—Jis jāe dād kā da'wā mudda'ī ne kiyā hai mudda'ā 'alaih nake har ek juzw ke qāim rakhne kī hoshish kaitā hai.

Dispute, n. Nızā'-ı lafzī, bāton kā jhagrā, munāzara, munāqasba; huj jat; bahs, jhagrā, takrār

Beyond dispute, without dispute—Bilā-shubha; bilā hujjat; nā-mumkinu t-tardīd, lā-rad, qat'an, sarīhan—In dispute—Nizā'ī, mutavāzi'a-fih, jiski nis bat takrār ho

Disqualification, n. 1 — Nā-lāiq k. yā h., 'adam-ı-liyāqat, nā-qābiliyat; 'adam-ı-salāhiyat, nā liyāqatī; ma'zūrī, aisī bāt jiskī wajh se koyî khās fi'l na ho sake.

Sickness is a disqualification for study—Bīmārī ac tahsīl-i-'ilm ki salāhiyat jātī rahti har, bīmārī kī wijh se tahsīl-i-'ilm nahīn hosaktī

2 — (Law) Qānūnī nā qābiliyat, qānūnī istihqāq yā salāhiyat se mahrūmī, woh amr jiskī wajh se koyī fi'l-i-mahkūma-i-qānūn na ho-sake, imtinā'-i-qānūnī; ami-i-'āriz ('āriza).

Conviction of a crime is a disqualification for office — Makhüzi i-jurm 'uhda päne ki salāhiyat se mahrūm kar det. hai (kisi jurm men māķhūz hone ki wajh se 'ubda nahīn mīl saktā)

Disqualify, $v \ t \ l$ —Nā-qābil yā nā lāiq k., un sifaton yā bāton se mahrūm k. jo kisī maqsad ke aujām ke liye zarūr hon, ma'zūr k

2.—(Law) Qānūuī liyāqat iqtidār yā istihqāq se mahrūm k.; qānū nau nā-qābil k ; aisā kar d ki koyī fi'l i-mahkūma-i-qāpūn na hosake

A conviction of perjury disqualifies a man to be a witness—Jo shakbs daiog-halfi men mākhūz huā ho woh qānūn ke mutībiq phir gawāhī nahin de saktā

Disquiet, \ n. Be-chami, be-kalī; be-qarārī; mtishār, pareshānī; ghab Disquietude, \ rāhat; fiki, audesha.

Disquisition, n. Woh risāla jismen kisī mazmūn ke muta'alliq wāqi'āt aur hālāt kī taftīsh aur bahs wāq'ī ho-kar uskā natīja-i-natsu-lamrī likhā ho; risāla-i-ma'qūl

Disregard, v t Lihāz tawajjuh yā khayāl na k; nazar-andāz k.; be-iltifātī k., gastat k., tawajjuh yā lihāz ke qābil na samajh-kar 'adam tawajjuhī k. [be-khabarī, be-tawajjuh

Disregard, n 'Adam-i-tawajjuh, be-litifatī, malhūz na rakhuā, gulat, Disreputable, a i — Mu'azzaz nahīn, be-waqr; zalīl, kamīna, hatk kī bāt, jisse be-waqrī (be'izzatī yā be-ābrūyī) ho, jisse bad-nāmī ho, bā'is-i-ruswāyī

Disreputation, n Badvāmī, be ābrūyī, be-'izzatī; be-waqiī, hatk.

Disrepute, n Vide supra

To fall into disrepute—Badnām h; be-tanqīr h; ābrū (qadr) kho d yā kho
Disrespect, n. Be-tdabī, be-tanqīrī; tark-radab, be-imtiyāzī, gustākhī
Disrespect, v. t Be-adabī k., gair-muaddabāna bartāw k. [muhazzab

Disrespectful, a. Gan-muaddab, jisse he-adabî pâyî jê e. na shaista; gair Dissatisfaction. n Nakhushî, narazî, be-zarî, woh beqararî jo na kamî ya na-muradî se parda ho.

Dissatisfy, v. t. Nā-khush k; nā rāz k; bezār k.; kisī khwāhish yā ummed ke pūre na hone kī wājh se be-qarārī paidā k. [dakhl k.

Disseize, v. t (Law) Qabza-1-wāqi'i se mahrum k.; nā jāiz tarīq par be-

Disseizee, n (Law) Who shakha jo appī jāc dād-1-gair mangūla ke qabze se ba-tarz-1-nā-jānz be-dakhi knyā jāe.

Disseizin, n. (Law) Jae dad-ı gair-manqula ke qabiz-ı-waqı'i ki he-daklılı i-pā-jāiz, qabza-ı-wāqı'i se mahrümi yā uskā chhīn lıyā jānā; be dukhli i-nā-jaiz ījām be-dakhl kare.

Disseizer. n (Law) Woh shakhs jo kisî qabiz-i-haqiqi ko be-taiz-i-ni-Dissension, n Woh shadîd ıkhtılaf-ı rae jıski wojh se haia munazara ho, nızā'-ı lafzī, radd-o badal, nā-chāqī, nā-ıttıfāqī, jhagrā, takzār. muniqasha.

Dissent, v. i Mukhtalıfu-r-rāe h ; muttafiqu-ı-rāe na h ; rāe men ıttıfāq na k , ikhtilāf k , jo kuchh dūsiā soche uske khilāf sochnā.

Followed by from.

The bill passed without a dissenting voice - Musawwada-i-qanun ki manzuri men ek shakha ne bhī ikhtilāf-i-iāe na kiyā [yaksān na h

Dissent, n 'Adam-t-ittifaq i-tae; ıkhtılaf-i-rae, rae kī mukhalafat (uska Dissentient, a Mukotalifu-riāe; mukhtalifu-riāe hokai; apuī nā itti faqî zahir karke fzāhu kare

Dissentient, n Ikhtiläf-1-rae k. w.; jo kisī kī rāe se apnī muķhālafat Dissimilar, a Tabi'at khāssiyat yā sūrat-i-zāhnī men mukhtalif; yaksan (ek tarah ka) nahin, gan-mushabih

The tempers of men are as dissimilar as their features. Insanon ki tabi'aten ntnî hî mukhtahî hotî ham ptuî kî unxî süraten

Dissimilarıty, n İkhtılaf. 'adam ı-mushabahat; ek tarah kā (yaksāń) na h Dissipate, v t 1 — Judā aut gātb kat d., pareshān kar-d., idhar udhar kar-d.; ohbitai-bitar kar-d.

"Used appropriately of the dispersion of things that can never again he collected or restored." Webster

2.—Fuzûl-kharchî men ba bād k., kho d ; urā dālnā; talaf k.

Dissipate, v. : 1.--Judā judā hokar gātb ho-jāmā; idhar-udhar ho jāmā, muntashar bo-jānā

2 — Hazz-i-nıfsanî kî paırawî men fuzül-kharch ya awara ho-jana, badī men pai-kar sust aur 'aiyāsh ban-jānā.

Dissipation, n. 1 --- Muntashar h.; idhar-udhar ho-jana; alag alag ho-jana 2 — Alvāshī men fuzūl-kharchī; āwāragī; aubāshī, woh tarıq jismen fuzul-khaichī aur kastat i-aubāshī kī najh se sibhat aur daulut donon men futür pare ya zawal aye

3 — Woh khafīf bāt jisse tahi'at muntashar ho-jāe

Dissolute, a. Bad kär; tājir, anhāsh; tamāsh-bīn; 'aiyāsh, bad-chalan, pāband-i-zawābit nahīn, nasāih par 'āmil nahīn.

Dissoluteness, n Āwāragī; anbāshī, bad wazī, fisq o-fujūr med mubtalā rahnā, 'aiyāshi, luchchā-pan. Dissolution, n 1.—Barkhāstagī; kisī jalse kā bar-khāst yā shikast kar

2 — Shikastagī-i sharākat; sājhe kā tūt-jānā

3 — Infisākh yā mansūkhī; tūt-jānā, sugūt, gāma na rahnā.

The dissolution of a marriage contract - 'Aqd-1-nikāh kā 10fsāķh; shādi ke qaul-o qarar kā tūt-jānā

- 4 —Galāwat; hālat-i-injimād se badal kar raqīq ban-jānā; garmī yā rutūbat se pighal jānā, raqīq bo jānā.
 - 5.—Insan kī zindagī kī nestī; maut
- Dissolve, v. t. 1 Tor d., shikast k., alag alag k., mauqūf yā barkhāst k., band k., khātime ko pahunchānā; nest o-nābūd k.; wujūd ko qāim na rahne d.
 - 2 —Raqiq kar d., gali d ; ghulā d.—jaise kisī munjamid shar ko.
 - 3.—Kısī shar kī quwwat ko zāri kar d., kamzor kar d.; kisī shar ke asar ko mītā d
 - 4.—(Law) Mansūkh k , kal-'adam k., rad yā faskh kar d.

To disso've an injunction—Kisi hukm nāma-1-'adālat ko faskh kar d

Dissolve, v i 1 — Zāi' ho jānā, gal-pach yā tūt-phūt jānā.

2.—Gal yā ghul jānā, raqīq yā sanjāl ho-jānā

3 — Jātā rahna , gāib ho jānā.

Dissuade, v. t. Targīb dekar kisī bāt kī taraf se dil pher d., kisī bāt ke khijāf (uske na karne kī) salāh d., salāh dekar roknā bīz 1. yā barajnā. Dissuasion, n. Kisī amr ke khilāf mashwarat, kisī maqsad yā kām kī nis bat wujūh i-mukhālif pesh karke usse bāz rakhne kī koshish; imtinā'. Dissuasīve, a. Jisse dil kīsī bāt yā niāde se phu jāwe, māni' yā mukhālif. Dissuasīve, n. Dalīl yā mashwara jiske zarī'e se kisī ko kisī amr kī ustuat khauf dilākar uske karne se use bāz rakkhen, woh bāt jo. dil ko kisī maqsad kī par awī se pher de

Distance, n 1.—Fasl; bu'd, dūtī; tafāwut; fāsila, tappā; pallā.

Often with at

2.—'Aısa; waqfa, woh zamāna-ı mahdūd ('ām isse ki guzashta ho yā āyinda) jo do muddaton yā wāqi'āt ke mābain ho.

Ten years' distance-Das baras kā 'arsa wagla yā fasl.

3 —Wirāsat ke silsile yā qarābat men dūrī yā fasl, dūri-i-qarābat. The distance between the ancestors of the parties to this case is great—Is muqaddanic ke farīqani ke mūrison men bijā fasl hai (dūri-i-qarābat bahut hai)

4 - Woh düri wagaira jo muqtazā-1-adab ho adab, ta'zīm.

Distant, a. l.—Dür, fäsile par, tappe par, palle par; tafāwut par, farq, 'alāhida. [nazdīk nahīn

2.—Jagah waqt (makān yā zamān) qarābat yā nisbat men ba'id,

A distant place—Woh jagah jo dūr ho, woh maqām jo nazdīk na ho—A distant relative—Dūr kā rishta mand, sisā rishta-dār jo qarābat i-ba'īda rakhtā ho

3 — Jissesard-mihrīyā kashīda-khātirīpāyījāe, jisse be i'tīnāyizāhir ho 4.—'Adam-mutābiq; mukhālif, mugāir

5. -Khafif, za'if, jiske bar-āne (pūre hone) kā ihtimāl kam ho.

A distant hope or prospect - Ummed-i-za'īf, aisī ummed jiske bar āne (pūre hone) kā ihtimāl kam ho

6.—Muhmal, mujmal; thorā thorā, khafīf sā, sarīhī nahīn; jo fauran dekh jā samajh na pare, dūr kā yā dūr se

A distant hint—Ishāra-i-mujmal, dūi kā ishāra listateful, a. 1.—Bad-maza, nā-khush-guwār; bad-zāiqa jiskā zāiqa achchnā na ho. [burā; khaiāb.

2.—Jisse dil ko ranj ho; jisse dil khush na ho; ranj-dih, dil-āzār,

3.—Jisse nafrat yā nā pasandīdagī zāhir ho Distill, v. 1 1 .- Tapaknā, gatra gatra girnā

2 —Ahista ālusta bahnā, chhotī nadī kī tarah bahnā.

3 — Bhatthī men chulānā

Distill, v. t 1.--Tapkinā, qutra qatra girīnā [khainch-kar utārnā

2 - Chulana, chula-kar banana, muqattar k, saf k, khinchna ya Distillery, n. Woh makān anr kār-khāna juhān sharāb wagana chulāyī jāe, ābkātī kā godām [gayā, 'alāhīda

Distinct, a 1 — Kisī 'alāmat-i-zāhirī yā nishān wagaira se judā kivā 2.—Judā judā, ek dūsie se milā huā nahīn arāzī bam

The parties have distinct plots of land - Fariquin ke pas jude jude quatat i 3 —Ek hī nahīn; mukhtalıf; ham ta'dād yā ham-qısın nahīn, judā

gāna, judā judā.

The thief having committed thefts in the houses of A and B, is guilty of two distinct offences - Chūnki us sāriq ne Zud wa Bakar ke makānon men chorî kî lihāzā woh do judā-gāna jarāim kā murtakib huā. The prisoner caused muschief by five and also committed a robbery, and he thus rendered himself hable to punishment for two distinct offences - Mudda'a 'alaih ne štash-zanī se miq-ān pahunchāyā aur sariqa i bi l-jabr bhī kiyā lihāzā woh do jude jude jarām kī pādāsh men mustanjib-i-sazā huū

4.—Sīf; mushanah, mushakhkhas, amā nahīn ki samijh men na āwe; fāsh, sarīhī; gair-muhmal, is tarah par judā ki ki-l aur shai se m≠kblūt na ho sake dagī vā tafrīq.

Distinction, n 1.—Tafriq-1-ajzā; namūdar 'alāmaton ke zatī'e se 'alām-2.- Farq, tamīz; woh bāt jisse ek shai düsrī shai se tamīz kī jāwe

(pahchānī jāe)

[kyā farq hai, tamīz, imtiyār 3 --- Ikhtılāf kā lihāz; is bāt kā dekhnā ki fulān fulān ohīzon men

4 —Rutba, martaba; i'zāz; shān, buzungī. [khalt-malt hokar Without distinction - Bila-tamīz, yaksān, sab kā sab yā sab ke sab, miljulkar,

Distinctive, a Jisse farq yā tamīz pāyī jāe, mumaiyiz

Distinctly, ad Saf saf, mufassal, tatsīl-war; waxahat ke sath.

Disunctness, n 1 — Judā yā 'alāhīda h , 'alāhīdagī: judāyī

2 — Safāyī, tauzīh; wazāhat (chān (shinākht) k Distinguish, v t 1 - Namudār nishānon se judā judā kar d yā pah

2.--Knās khās nishānon yā sīfaton se pahchānnā yā tamīz k.

 Mashhūr yā ma'iūt k , mu'azzaz yā nāmī-girāmī banānā. Distinguish, v v Farq k.; ıkhtılaf nıkalna ya dekhlana, tamîz k.

Distinguishable, a 1 —Qābil-i-tamīz; jise judā kar-saken, jise munqasım kar-saken, jise jan va pahchan saken; shinakht ke laiq.

2.—Qāhil-i-lihāz, jispai tawajjuh i-khās ho-sake

Distinguished, p. a. Mashhūr, mumtāz, nāmi-girāmi, nām-war; saruām ā'lā qism kā, auron se barh-kar.

Distinguishing, p a. Mumaiyiz; jiske bā'is aur sab chīzon se tamīz kar saken, makhsūs, khās qism kā. [kharāb kar d

Distort, v. t 1 —Aslī yā ma'ınūlī shaki ko bıgar d.; ainth ya maror kar 2.—Aslī hālat par rahne (qāim rahne) na d.; pher d.: ulat d.

3.—Aslī mafhūm (ma'aī yā mazmūn) ko tabdīl kar-d ; bigār d. Distortion, n. 1.—Amth; maror, pher-phar-kar tabdil-i-sūrat k.

linsaf k.

2 — Aslī hālat se mhirāf, kajī; kharābī.

Distract, v t. 1.—Mukhtalıf chīzon kī taraf mukhātab karke pareshān kar-d , ek shar kî taraf se hatā-kar düsrī shar ki jāmb rujū' kar-d

2.--Mukhatalıf chizon ki taraf mail k.; tarah tarah ke khayalat se bhar d ; ghabiā d , hairān kar-d.; pareshān kar-d.

3 - 'Aql kho d . 'aql men futur dil d., wahshi ya majnun bana d. In this sense, "most frequently used in the participle distracted"

Webster

Distraction, n 1 — Pareshānī, hairānī; uljhāw.

2.—Mn'āmalāt men abtarī yā intishār, darhamī; bad-nazmī; takhallul , dangā fasād , dhūm-dhām

3.-Futur-1-'aql, khalal-1-dımag, junun.

Distram, v t (Law) Qurq k . lusi dam wagarra masalan lagan ke ada karāne ke līve māl-i-mangūla gurq k

Distrain, v . (Law) Kunq k.—jaise asbāb wagaira

I cannot distrain on him for debt - Qarz ke babat main uske mal-o-asbab to gurg nahīd karā saktā. 1-ta'liga

Distinued property - Mal i magrifique Inventory of distrained property - Fard-Distrainable, a Qurqi ke qabil; jo qurq ho sake, jise qurq kar-saken Distrainer, \ n. (Law) Qaiiq, woh faiiq jo mal-o-asbab ki qurqi ka-Tistrainor, ∫ ıäve [takl:f

Distress, n 1.—Gāit darje kā ranj yā sadma; barī jismānī yā rūbānī 2.—Woh bāt jisse taklīf ho; musībat; āfat; balā.

3 - Khatre kī halat; kisī chīz kī ihtiyīj; dukh. 4.—(a) Quiqī. (b) Shai i-maqrūqa, jo mil-o-asbāb qurq ho-

Distress, 1.—v. t. Dard yā rauj pahunchānā; musībat dālnā, hairān k.; taklīf men mubtalā k.

2 — Taklīf yā musībat kī wajh se kisī bāt ke karne par majbūr k.

3 — (Law) Quiq k., dam (qarz) ke muākhaze men qurq k

Distribute, v. t. 1 — Denā; bakhshnā, karnā.

To distribute justice - 'Adl-gustari k ; insaf k , 'adl k.

2 — Do yā zāid shakhson ke darmiyān tagsīm k.; tukiā tukrā yā hissa hissa karke d., taqsīm k ; bāntuā; kavī pai phailānā.

3 —Qısm-ba-qısın k.; judi judi qısın ki chizon ko alag alag k.

Distribution, n. 1.—Taqsim, muta'addıd ashkhās ke mā baın taqsim; kayı shakhson ke darmıy**a**n hıssa hıssa karke b**ant**na, taqsim-ba-hısas.

A distribution of the estate of the deceased person should be made among his heirs – Munāsib hai ki mutawaffā kā tarka uske wurasā ke mā-bain taqsim

2.—Karnā; ek se zāid shakhson ke haq men k.

Distribution of justice-'Adl-gustari, ma'dalat gaii; har shakhs ke haq men

3 —Jude jude hisson yā qismon men taqsīm

kıya jae

District, n Zil'. District Court - 'Adelst-i-zil'. District Judge-Jaj-i zil', 'adelat-i-zil' ke hakita. District Officer - Hakim-i zil'. District School - Zil'e ka madrasa, madrasa 30

larkon ki ta'lîm ke liye kisî zil'e men ho.

DISTRINGAS, [Lat] (Law) Woh hukm-nāma-r'adālat jiske zarī'e se Sharif ko yah hukm diyā jātā hai ki shakhs i-mundai ja-i-hukm-nāma kı jiedid-ı-manqula ko qurq karo takı won hukm-ı-'adalat ki ta'mıl chār-nā-chār kare

Distrust, v. t I'tibāi yā bhaiosā na k.; gan-mu'tabar yā nā qābil ivitibār tasawwur k., sachāyī par shubha k, shubha k.; shak k.; kisī

shar ki asliyat wagura ko mashkuk samajhna

Distrust, n 'Adam mu'tabaii; be-i'umādi; be-i'tibāii, asliyat yā sadāqat ki nisbat shubba, shak, shubba, bharose yā i'tibar ki jātā rahnā Distrustful, a 1.—Shakki; bad guman, bad-zan. [mahjüb

2.-Kisī shai par i'tiqād (bhaiosā yā i'tibāi) na r w , gair-mu'taqid; Distrustfully, ad Mashkuk tarīq par; shak yā shubhe se, bad-gumānī se. Distrustingly, ad Vide supra paidā k., pareshān k

Disturb, v. t. 1 - Darham-barham k , khalal dalua, amu men futur

2 -Rok d , dafatan band-kar d ; khalul-andas h.

3 —Muztanb k, be-cham k., dil men intishar paida k.; be-kal k Disturbance, n 1 -- Bad-nazmī; haij-mary, amn men futur, intishār, be-chami; hangama; shor o fasad, danga, bakhera, balwa, inti/am men barî abtarî.

2.—(Law) Istihqaq men khalal-andazī; kisī shakhs ko tasarrufi tātz wa bilā takhallul men māni' h. yā futur baipā k , haq men

mudākhalat; tasan uf-t-haq men msidād yā tutūr

Disturber, n I — Khalal-nudāz, futūt dālne w ; muntashar k. w 2 — (Law) Woh shakhs jo kisī dūsre ko chupchāp uske haq kā mutasarrif na hone d , haq ke tasarruf men hārij yā khalal-andāz

Disniage, n Istrimāl yā rawāj kā rafta rafta hand ho jānā, istrimul nafaz yā mashq men gaflat; tark-i isti'māl; jārī na rakkhā jānā, kām men na laya jana; suqut i-i awaj, be rawaji.

Disuse, n Vide supra

Ditto, n 1.—Mazkur ya mazkuru-s-sadr; wahi bat paka zikr upar hua, " Contracted into do in books of account" Webster.

Ditto, ad Jassī apar kahā gayā; usī tanīq par yā usī tarah; azan; 'ala-bāza l-qiyās, wahi; usī tarah pai, bhī

Divers, a Kayî; kayî ek, ek se ziyada par kasiat se nahîn

We have divers examples of this - Iski muta'addid (kayi ek) nazīren hain.

Diversely, ad. 1 -Mukhtalif tariq par, tarah tarah par, kayi tarah par 2 — Mukhtalif jawanıb men, kavî tıraf ko [tarah kā; günā-gün

Diversified, p a Mukhtalif shakl vā sūrat kā, anwā' aqsām kā, tarah Diversify, v t Makhtalif sürat ya sīrat kā banānā, tarah tarah kā banānī, anwā' agsām kā banānī, rangā iang k. taraf kar d

Diversion, n 1 -K:sī fāh shagl yā maqsad kī taraf se pher kar dūsaī 2 - Woh shar jo dil ko ek taraf se dünī taraf pher de; woh bāt jo dil ko fikr yi tahsil i'ilm ki jamb se pher-kar tafiih par mukhatab

kar de, khel, bāzī, lahw-o-la'b; tafrīh, sair-o-tamāshā

DIVERSITE DES COURTES, [Lat.] (Lane) 'Adalaton kā ikhtilāf. Diversity, a. 1 — Ikhtiläf, 'adam i-mushababat, ek tarah kā na h.

2 - Nau'iyat, gunā-gun h; tarah tarah kā h.; anwā' aqsām kā h

3 —'Alābīda yā jūdā h.

Opposed to identity

 $DIVERSO\ INTUITU, \{ \text{Lat } \} (Law) \ \text{Aur hi nivat ya maqsad se} ; ba-tarz-1$ mukhtalif; dusie tariq par, dusii sabil se aur hi rah se, kisi aur dhang se.

Divert, v t 1---Kısı tariq samt ya masraf-ı-khās se pher-kai düsrî taraf ko kar-d, ek taraf se phuā kar dūsrī taraf kar-d [tab k; bahlānā, khush k 2 --Kār-o-bār yā tahsīl-ı'ılm se dil ko pher tafrih ki jānib mukhā- j

Divest, v t. 1 - Kapre bathıyaı ya saz-o saman chbin l.

Opposed to invest.

2 — Mahrūm k.; le lenā.

[used as a technical term of law This is the same word as devest, but the latter is appropriately

The defendant has directed the plaintiff of his right-Mudda's alaih ne mudda'i ko uske baq se mahrüm kar-dıya

Divide, v t 1 — Tukre tukre k ; 'alahida k ; juda k

Divide this in two-Like do tukre kar do

2 — Alag alag k , d : chîzon (m is dan makân wagaira) ke darmiyan ek hadd-ı-fasıl qaım kurke unko baham ında k.; kısı khattı farzi ya had ke zari'e se judā k. [hadd-1 fāsi] hai

A wall dw. des these two houses - In donoù makanon ke darmiyan ek diwar

3 -Bahut se shakhson ko bānt d., hisse lagānā, hisson ke mutā biq bīntuā; tagsīm k , hissa i-iasadī ke mutābių d. jaise kisī saimāje ke manāfi kā mālikon yā hissa-dījon ko paida k

4 —Rāe yā naff-nuqsān men judā k , mukhālif banānā yī ikhtilāf The members of that family have become divided amongst themselves-Us khāndān ke shurakā ki rāc judi judi hogayi (ha-lihāz-i-naf'-o-nuqsān unmen judāyi bo gayi). [i-rae ke liye do insse kar d.

5 —Kısı amr ki munasabat wa gair-munasabat ke bib men daryaft To divide a legislative house in voting - Kisi jalsa i wazi'an-i-qawanin ko rae dene ke hye do hisson par manqasim k. [tūk ho-jān**ā**

Divide, v : 1 -- Alag alag hojānā, judā judā hojānā; khul-jānā; do

2 -Nifaq ho-janā, muhabbat kā jata r (gāim na rahuā). 3. — Majma'-ı wüzı'in-ı qawanın ko do hısson men karke rae d, İnahin Divided p a Munquem; banti hna; judā judā; alag alag, ek yā muttafiq

A divided estate - Jae-dad-1-munqasıma, woh jar-dail jo kayı bisson men bant gayī ho - Davided in opinion or interest - Mukhtalifu-r-rūe yā naf'-o-nuqsān men judă judă.

Dividend, n. Zar-i-munqasıma; hissa; bakhra; bhāg; woh hissa jo ba-hisab-i-fi-sadī taqsīm ke rū se mile; woh hisa-i-rasadī jo fi-sadī ke hisab se kisî madyün i-nä-där (diwäliye) ki jäe-däd ki taqsim ke ba'd uske dāmon ko mile, woh rasadī hissa jo kisī tijārat yā roz-gār men fî-sadî ke hisîb se manafî' ya sûd ko bant kar har ek shurîk ko

Divisible, a. Qālul-i-taqsīm; taqsīm-pazīr; jise bānt saken, mumkinu-t-

Division, n. 1.—Tafrīq; taqsīm; bānţ; baotāyī.

A division by metes and bounds - Taqsīm az-rū-1-paimāish wa had-bandi.

A pro raid, or proportionate, dimsion — Taqsīm-i-lasadī, taqsīm ha-hissa-i-rasadī A division of estates paying revenue to Government—Taqsīm i dehāt-i-khālisa — A nominal division—Taqsīm-i-farzī jā barāe-nām—A complete division—Taqsīm i mukammal — Division of the crop between a land lord and his tenant—Bitāyī Division by stocks or bundles of mowed corn—Bojh-hatāyī. Division of an estate into separate villiges—Gānw-bat.

2 — Woh shat jo do chīzon ke datmiyān wāqi' hokar unko judā judā kare; shat-t-fāstl, hadd t-lāstl: patda; dīwīr, dānda wrgatra, woh hissa jo is tarah par judā kiyā jāwe, khand, qat'; qismat; 'alāqa.

To make these rooms separate, you should make a division between them—
In kamron ko judă karne ke liye munāsib hai ki tum unke mā-bain ek parda
(diwār ot tattī wagaira) banāo. There are 5 divisions in this field—Is khet
men pānch dānde (hisse) han—This house has three divisions in it—Is ma
kān men tin qat'āt han; yah havelī tīn khand kī hai.—How many divisions
are there in this Commissionership?—Is Kannshnarī men kai qismat hain?
A murder has taken place within the division of that police officer—Us af
sar-i-pulis ke 'alāqe (davīzhan) men khūn ho gajā

3.—Iķhtilāf i-tāe, nā-ittifāqī; bar hamī, banāw kā na h.

There was a division among the assessors — Assesaron men ikhtiläf-i rāe thā

4.—Jo jamā'at kī kisī amr kī tajwīz men masītīf bo tiske arākīn kā bagaraz-ī daryāft-i-ittifāq wa ikhtilāf-i-iāe do hisson men kiyā jānā

The motion passed without a division — Woh tahrik bi-l ittifāq manzūr ho gayī ya'nī uskī manzūrī men majma' i tajwiz-kunanda kī :āe men ikhtilāf ho-kar do firqa na huā

Divisional, a 1.—Jisse kisī shai kā taqsīm houā zāhir ho; jo kisī shai ke mungasim houe (bānte jāne) pai dalālat kare.

3.—Kisi qismat ya zil'e se muta'alliq.

Divorce, n. (Law) 1.—Talāq; 'adalat yā panchāyat wagaira ke hukm se jorū aur khasam ke mā-bain 'aqd-i-nikāh (shādī ke iishte) kā tor diyā jānā; shikastagī i-'aqd i-nikāh ba sabīl-i-jāiz, wohjudāyī jo zauj wa zauja (jorū-kbasam) ke darmiyān khwāb-o-khur (khāne aui sone) kī nisbat ho

A reversible divorce – Talāq i rāj'i — An irieversible divorce – Talāq 1-bāin. — M. L.

2.—Woh hukm yā nawishta jiske zaiī'e se talāq 'amul men āwe Divorce, v t. Talāq d ; 'aqd i-nikāh ko shikast k , shīdi kā rishta tor kar jorū khasam ko judā judā k., kisī byāhī 'aniat (zau-i-mankūha) aur uske shauhar ke darmiyān khāne sone kī nishat judāyi kar-d ; chhor d

A divorced woman - Zan-1 mutallaqa; woh 'aurat jisko talāq diyā gayā ho - Receiving back, or returning to, a divorced wife - Raj'at - M L.

Divorcement, n. Infisākh-1-nīkāh , talāq

Divorcive, a. Jisse nikāh faskh ho jāwe ; fasikh yā nāsikh-i-nikāh.

Bivulge, v t. I'kān k; ifshā k, zāhir k; khol d., kisi aisī bāt ko jo pahle poshīda yā lā-ma'lūm rahi ho janā d. yā fāsh k, batlānā.

Bo, v. £ 1.—Karnā ; anjām k.; kisī kām kā k. [hai woh yahī hai This is all you have to do—Tumhen yahī karnā hai, jo kuchh tumko karnā

2—Paidā k.; anjām-i-kār men paidā k., ba-taur natīje ke paidā k. yā zuhūr men lānā; karnā.

This will do you no harm - Yah tumbāre liye koyī mazarrat paidā na karegā; isse tumbājā kuchh nuqsān na hogā.

3 — Anjām yā khātīme ko pahunchānā; khatm k ; pūrā k., tamām k. Used chiefly in the participle done

As soon as work was done—Johlin kam khatm hua (ho-chuka).

4 — Pakā ke taiyār k.—jaise khānā, khāne ke liye taiy r k.; is tarah pakānā ki kabīń se khāmī (kachāyī) na rah jāc.

The meat is done on one side only - Goeht ek hi tarat pakkā hai.

5.—Zarürat ki halat men kısı fi'l ka k , ba-darja-rākhir ya ba-taur ı-chāra-kār-ı-ākhir kisī fi'l kā k ; kisī tadbir kā k yā 'amal men lānā.

What will you do in this emergency?—Is zarūrat-i-ashadd ki hālat meń tum kyā (kaun ar tadbīr) karoge 2

To do to death-Mar dalna, halak (qatl) k.-To do away-Dur kar d ; zail kard., nikši d — To do on – Pahinna — To do off – Utarna – Jaise onbiune ke kapie. To do into-Kisî tahrir kā tarjama ek zahān se dūsrī zabān men k —To do one s best, one's diligence, and the like - Hatta-l-was' (hatta-l imkan ya hattal magdür) koshish e ; apne gibü bbar fikr k . jahāti tak ho sake kbūb mihnat k - To do over - (a) Phir se k .; mukarrar yā do bāra k .. az-sar-i nau k - (b) Lipna; phausna; potna -To do up-Ek men bindh-kar lepet d, bandh-kar buqcha banānā — To do with — Kām men lānā; kām men lagānā, kisi masraf kā k yā koyī nikās k. 😝 Usurlly pieceded by what-What will you do with these old books? - Yah purani kitaben tum his lam men lange tinka mkās kyunkar karoge)!—To hive to do with-Sarokār ta'alluq yā 'alīqa r.; wasta kam ya rabita r - What have you to do with this case ! - Is mugaldame se tumko kyā wialluq hat? Never have to do with gamblers-Qumān-bazon se hargız sarokar (rabita ya wasta) na rakkho. sahih ya gair-sahih rahna. i, v z. 1.- Alālat jā sihhat ke lihāz se kisī bālat men h ; mizāj kā How do you do ! - Tumhārā (āp kā) micāj kaisā bai! Mizāj ki kaifīyat farmaiye (kuhiye) Mizay-1-sharif ? [k.; kām rilālnā. 2 — Kām chalnā; kān nawāyī h; kifāyat k; kāfī h; kān-banārī Will this do !- Kyā isse kām chal jāegs ! Kyā yah kāfi hogā (isse kām nikal paega 1) -- To do for -- Munasib h., hasb-i-hal h; laiq h; kisi amr ke hye karāmad h — To do without – Kiel düell chiz ke begair kām chalāuā yā kār rawāyī k , kisî a nr kā anjām ek düsil bāt pir munhasir na r , dar-guzar k The court can do without the evidence of this witness - 'Adalut ki har-rawayi bila is gawith ke hosakti has -To have done - Khatm ker-d ; shurti' se akhir tak kar d , khāteme ko pahnūchā d ; ta'a luq-i-mazīd na r , phir kuchh sarokār na r

ock, n Woh jagah jahān mujrim yā mulzam muqaddame ki tahqiqāt wa tajwiz ke waqt 'adālat men khurā kiyā jātā hai, 'adālat men mujrim ke khare hone ka maqam [jurm kā muqır hai,

The presoner in the dock preads guilty-Mudda'a'alaih-i-hazir-i-'adalat apne ocket, n Kāgaz kā parcha jispar koyī mazmūn ikhtisāi ke sāth likhā jāe. ocket, v. t. Kisi kägiz ke pusht (pith) par uska khulasa likh d.; kisi mazmūn ko ba-tarz-i-mukhtasar kāg iz ke parche par likhnā. octrine, n. Masala , usül

The doctrine of factum valeat - Masala-i-waq'at-i-amr-i waq: ocument, n 1.—Hidāyat shahādat yā smidt-i tanrīrī; koyī asl vā samshte kā kāgaz jispar bataur kisī amr ke madār-i-subūt yā tāyīd

ke istidlāl kijā jāwe; woh nawishta wasīqa sanad yā dast-āwez jiske zaiī'e se koyī bāt sābit karāyī jāe.

A forged document—Dastāwez -1-masnū'i; ja'lī dast-āwez , A genuine document — Dastāwez yā wasīqa-1 asli . nish wasīqa yā nawishta jo ja'lī na ho A re gistered document—Dastāwez-1-rajistarī-shuda yā musaddaq ba rajistarī An unregistered document—Dastāwez-1 gair-rajistarī-shuda; aisā wasīqa jishī tasdīq mahkama-1 rajistarī men na huyī ho. A testanientary document—Dastāwez 1-wasīyatī; wasīyat nāma A non-testamentary document—Dastāwez i gur-wasīyatī; aisā wasīqa jismen kisī qism kī wasīyat na kī gayī ho A public document—Dastāwez-1-'ām yā sar-kārī A prīvate document—Dastāwez i khāngī, kisī kī nīj kā yā khās wasīqa An original document—Asl wasīqa; asl ya'nī naql nahīn

Documentary, a Subūt-i-tahrīrī se muta'allıq ;mushtamil-bar-wasāıq; dast āwezī kīgazī yā tahrī ī, lisānī (taqrīrī yā zabānī) nahin [jagah hatjānā Dodge, v. i i — Jhijhak kar kanāre ho-jānā, yakāyak ek jagah se dūsrī 2.—'Aiyārī k, maki o-fareb k, jul d.; buttā d., ummed d. par

use pūtī na k ; dhokhā d

Dodge, n Kısi qısm kī chālākī, fitrat; makkārī; jul; dhokhā; buttā Dog, n I — Kuttā, sag

2.—Kamīna aur nākara shakhe; kambaklīt; mardak; kuttā.

To give or to throw to the dogs—Be-kar samajh-kar phenk d — To go to the dogs—Tabāh ho jānā, barbād h., khāk ho-jānā; mitti no-jānā (mitti men mil-jānā).

DOLI~C~iPAX, [Lat] (Law) Fireb dene yā mazarrat pahunchāne ke gāml. Jo muļrimāna irāda kar-sake

DÖLI INCAPAX, [Lat.] (Law) Jismen mazarrat pahunchāne ki salāhiyat na ho, nivat-i-mu innāna ke gābi nahīn

Domain, n. 1.—Mamlukat, bādshāhat; saltanat [nsīke qabze men ho. 2.—Arāzī, woh arāzī jo kisī amīr ke daulat-khāne ke ird-gird khās 3.—Milkīyat-i arāzī, amīlāk yā ns-i-pidarī jo kisī ko istihgāg-i-zātī ke

rü-se hāsil ho; amlāk, milk; mikkī at-1-mutlaq yā kāmil i. mamlukat, rāj Domestic, a. 1 — Khāngī; ghar kā, ghar aur larke bālon ke muta'alliq

2.—Kısi qaum se muta'allıq, mulbî, andurünî, gair-mulk ke muta'allıq nahîn; desî [men laga rahe.

3.—Jo ghar par kasrat se rahe, jo ghar ke kāmon vā uski khushiyon 4.—Jo msān kī ābādī men yā uske nazd k rahe; paluā, wuhshi nahīn—jaise jānwai. [shakhis hamesha rahe

Domicile, ** 1.—Sukūnat-i-dawāmi kā maqām; woh jagah jahān koyi 2—(Law) Kisī khās maqām par sukūnat jisse yah bāt yaqīnī yā qiyāsī taur par sābit ho ki usī maqām par bilā ta'aiyun-i-aiyām (hamesha) sukūnat rakkhī jāwegī, sukūnat-i-mustaqilla.

Bomícile, v t Kisi jäc-i-sukūnat-i-mustaqilla men istiqāmat ikhtiyār k ; kisī uisi jarah jūke rahnā jahān maskan i-dawāmi ho; sukūnat-i-mus

taqılla ıkhtıya: k.

Domiciliary, a Sukūnat-i mustaqilla yā dawāmī se muta'allıq, us jagah se ta'allıq r w. jahān koyī shakhs ya kısī khāndān ke log rahte hon.

Domiciliary rights—Huqiq-i muta'allıqa-i-sukünat-i-dawāmī; jo huqüq sukü nat-i-mustaqilla ke zari'e se hāsil hon Domiciliary visit—(Law) Hukm ke zari'e se khāna-talāshī ke liye kısī ke makān-i maskūna par jānā

omiciliate, v. t See Domicile, v t

Domicılıation. n Sukünat-ı dawāmī yā mustaqılla, hamesha kā rabnā Dominant, a Ģālib; mustaulī; jiske ikhtiyār men 'indu-i-hukūmat ho; hukm-rān, qawī

The dominant party — Fariq-i-gālib Dominant estate or tenement — (Law) Woh arāzī (zamīn) jiskā rāsta yā mujrā r-āb (panāla wagaira) ietihqāq-i āsāish ke rū se kiel dūsrī arāzī par ho, woh arīzī jisko retihqāq-i-nafāz-i haqq-i murūr wagaira niebat dūsrī arāzī ke hāsni ho

"Opposed to servient estate or tenement, which signifies the estate from which a servitude or easement is due to what is called the dominant estate of tenement." Webster

Dominion, n 1 — Bādshāhat, saltanant; iqtidār-i-ā'zam; hukm-rānī kā ikhtiyār, bilā-muhāsaba qabza wa tasairuf kā ikhtiyār, apnī marzī ke mutābiq hukūmat wa tasairuf kā iqtidār

2 — 'Amal-dārī, qalam-rau. 'alāqa, mulk, mulk kā woh hissa jo kisī bādshīh yā riyāsat ke zer-i-hukūmat ho | kā haq

3—Hukûmat, istihqaq i-hukûmat; hukm-ranî ya farman-rawayî DO UINUS, n [Lat] (Law) Malik, aqa, woh shaklis jiske ikhtiyar men koyî chîz ho, kisî chîz ka malik; darinda-i-milk, woh shaklis jiskî koyî chîz milkîyat ho; kisî chîz kînisbat haqu-i-milkîyat; w.

DONATIO, [Lat] (Law) 'Atiya, bakhshish, hiba, dan [pai kiya jae DONATIO MORTIS C (US 4, [Lat.], (Law) Hiba jo maine ki ummed DONATIO NON MORTIS CAUSA, [Lat.] (Law) Hiba jo maine ki ummed par na kiya jae [kiya jata

DONATIO NON PRASUMITUR. [Lat.] (Law) Hiba kā qiyas nahin Donation, n 1.—Denī; bakhshish yā atī k , atīya, bakhshish; hiba dan.

2.—Jo shar bataur bakhshish ya dan ke dijawe, shari-mauhuba, woh sharjo kisi ko muft men ya'ni bila mu'awaza-i-naqdi dijiwe 'atiya.

3—(Law) Woh fi'l jiske zari'e se ek shakhs apnī kisī chīz yā uske haqq-i tasaruf ko kisī dūsre shakhs yā ashkhās kī jamā'at kī taraf bilā akhz-i mu'āwaza-i-naqdī muntaqil kar-de, woh fi'l yā mu'āhada jiske rū se koyī shakhs kisī shai kī inshat apne haqq-i milkīyat ko az khud wa bilā-adā i-mu'āwaza muntaqil kar-detā hai.

DONEC PROBETUR IN CONTRARIUM. [Lat] (Law) Tāwaqte ki bi-l'aks sābit na ho, jab tak koyī amr-i-mukhālit sābit na ho

Donee, n I — Mauhüb ilaih woh shakhs jise koyî shai ba-taur bakhshish va liiba ke dijîe; woh shakhs jise koyî chîz dan kar dîjawe; mauhüb lakû [mukhtai

2 — (Law) Woh shakhs jise kisī kām ke anjām kā iķhtiyār diyā jāwe,

"In the latter sense, the donee is sometimes called the appointor"

Webster

Donor, n. 1.—Wāhib; hiba k.w., woh shakhs jo koyī chīz kisī dūsre shakhs ko bilā mu'āwaza (muft men) de dān k w

2—(Law) Ikhtıyār-dihanda; mukhtār muqarrar k. w [badal na ho DONUM GRATUITUM, [Lat.] (Law) Hiba-i-bilā-'iwiz, woh hiba jiskā Doom, v. t 1.—Kisi mulzam kī nisbat hukm s-sazā sādni k; tajwīz ke rū se mulzam garār d, hukm-i-ta'zīri sādir k.; sazā kā fatwa yā hukm d.

2.—Taqdīi (qismat) men likhnā; kisī kā aujām-i-kār is tarah qāim k. ki woh tad yā mit na sake
Doom, n. i — Hahm i-sazā musaddara-i-adālat; aisī tajwīz jisse kisī ko

mazarıat pahunche, hakm-ı-ta'zīrī.

2 — Taqdī: qısmat, jo kuchh bhāg men lıkh jāe; nasīb kā lıkhā.

Door, n 1 — Darwāza; woh dar 10 makān yā kamie meň āmad o-iaft ke liye hanāyā jāwe, āne jāne kī rāh.

2.—Kewāi, woh takhta wagaira jise aksar qubze wagaira par lagā kar makān men āmad-o raft ke liye band kaite yā khol-dete hain

In doors or within doors—Makan ke andar, ghur men; saye wien—Next door to—Nazdik, muttasil, qarib, ham sarhad; ham kanar, hüshiye pai —To lie at one's door—Mansüb ho sakna, kisi ke zimme lig-sakna ja 'aid ho sakna; kise ke sar parna. The fault lies at his door—Yah qusür usse mansüb ho-sakta har (uspar 'aid hota har).

Dormant, a 1 - Sotā huā, khufta.

2.—Jiskā izhār yā inkishāf na kiyā jāe; jispar istidlāl yā isiār na kivā jāce, jo ba-taur-i khud chhor diyā gayā ho; jiskī khabar gīrī na kī jāc, jisko nafāz na dilāyā jāwe; mu'attal

A do: mant elaim or title — Aisā da'wā jā haq jiskā izhār yā jispar istidlāl na kiyā gajā ho; da'wā yā haq jo ta'attul men rahe (mu'attal yā gair-nānz pajā rahe)

Dormant partner — Tijāiat kā woh sharīk jo kumpanī yā sharākatī jamā'at ke logon ke sāth kuchh kām wāq'i na kere par naf'-nuqsān men shaik rahe

Called also sleeping or silent partner.

Double, a 1.—Dunā, dugnā, do-chand; dohrā; muzā'af.

2 - Jore kā jorā, ek qısm kî do ekatthî chizen; do chizen jo ek düsre kī mānınd hon.

3—Do hisson par bantī huā; mutazalzal; makkār; 'aiyār, zīhir men kuchh au bātin men kuchh; ūpar se kuchh aur bhītar se kuchh. Louble, ed. Dūnā, do chand, almuzā'af.

He is double his brother's age — Uski 'umr uske bhāyī ki 'umr se almuzā'af ha:

Double, v. t 1 — Dūuā k ; do-chand k., almuzā'af k , koyī chīz jituī bo
utnīhī usmen aur milā yā barhā d.

2.-Dohrānā; dohrā k., bīch se mor kar do tah kar d.

Often followed by up

3. — Jitui koyī chīz houski do-chand h., muzā'af k., dūnā h.; dugnā h.

Touble, v i 1.—Dūnā h., do-chand h ; almuzā'af h

2.—Phir kar phir usī tāh pat ānā, palat yā ghūmkar usī jagah pah unch nā; phir-phirākat phir usī maqām par ānā yā jāmb-t-mikhālif ko jānā 5.—Makr-o-tareb k., 'aiyātī k; dhokhā d., jul yā buttā d., chhalnā

Donble-dealer, n Jo do tarah ke mukhtalif fi'l kare, dagabaz wa makkar shakhs, jiski zaban par kuchh ho aur dil men kuchh; do-fasla, jiske qani wa fi'l men duyi ho, gandum-numa i-jau-farosh.

Double-dealing, n. 'Aıyāri; makkārī, fareb-dihī, kahnā kuchh aur karnā kuchh, do-rangī

DOUBLE-ENTENDRE, (dōē'bl-ĕng-tongdr) n. (Fr.) Woh lafz yā ka lām pskī do ta'bir ho sake ; lafz yā kalām-1-sū-ma'nī. louble-entry, n Hisāb-navīsī kā woh tarīq jiske rū se ek raqam jam' wa kharch donon maddāt men is garaz se likkhī jātī hai kī ek mad kī raqam kī jānch dūsre mad kī raqam se ho, jānch ke liye iaqim i-hisāb kā jam' wa kharch.

ionble-plea, n. (Law) Mudda'ā 'alaih kā woh 'uzr jismen sisī do bāten hon ki numen se koyī nālish-i-mudda'ī ke mamnū'u-s-samā'āt qarār-

diye jîne ke liye kafî ho

lonbly, ad Duna, do-chand; dugna.

Doubt, v. i. 1.—Pas-o-pesh k , āgā pīchhā k. rāc mer mutazalzal h ; shash o-pauj men rahnā; kisī amr kī nishat tazanzub men (muzabzab) rahnā; dubdne men rahnā, shubbe men rahnā

I doubt whether it is proper -- Mujhe iski munāsabat (iske munāsib kone yā na houe) men pas-o pesh yā shubha hai.

Sometimes with of

ĺk.

2.—Ihtimāl r., khauf khānā, khataknā yā khatkā r.; shubha r ; gumān Doubt, v t. 1 — Mushtabah samajhnā. manzūr na k., bāwar kaine (ya-qīn lāue) men taamul k yā hichaknā; i'tibūr karne men pas-o-pesh k. The court has heard the prisoner's statement, but it doubts the truth of it—'Ad lat ne mudda'ā 'alaih kā bayān sunā lekin usko uski sachāyi par yaqīn lāne men taamul hai

2.-Ihtimil r , khauf khānā , shubha r.

Doubt, n. 1.—Woh hais-bais (pas-o-pesh yā shash-o-pan)) jo kisī shai ke 'ilm yā subūt kī kamī kī wajh se dil men paidā ho, tazabzub, ibhām, shak; shabha, rāe kī kisī jāmb qām na h.; taammul, waswās, dabdhā

2.—Khauf, ihtimāl, gumān; khatkā [iāz

3.—Wol, qababat jo raf' karne ki garaz se pesh ki jāwe, 'uzr, i'ti-Doubtful, a 1.—Pas-o pesh men; mutaammil; hais-bais men; jiski rāe ek jāmb ko musammam na ho (jami na ho).

I'am still doubtful of this fact-Is waqi'e ki nishat main ab tak pas-o pesh

men hūn; is bāt kī nisbat meil rāc abtak nahin jamī

2.—Jismen shak yā shubha ho-sake; mushtabah; wāzīb sāf yā yaqīnī nahīn, qābit i-i'tirāz, mashkūk, gair-munaqqah; muzabzab; jiskī sarāhat yā jiskā ta'aiyun ba-āsānī na hosake.

3.-Jismen do ma'nī paidā hon, zū ma'nī, mubham.

A doubtful expression — Zū-ma'nī 'ıbārat, aısī 'ıbārat jisse do ma'nī nikalte hon

4 - Jiskā natīja (anjām yā maāl-i-kār) thik ma'lūm na ho.

Doubtfully, ad Mushtahah tariq par; shubhe ke sāth, shubhe se; ihtimālau; tazabaub ke sāth; hilā-tasmīm-i-irādat; khauf ke sāth; pakkā

yā bharosā karke nahīn, yaqīnī nahīn.

Doubtless, adv. Bilā shubha, be-shak, lā-raib; aur kyā [taur par dījāwe. DOUCER, (doo'sûr)[Fr] Woh tuhfa nazr yā bakhshish jo rishwat ke Dower, n = 1.—Kābīn; mahr; woh naqd o-jins yā haqqiyat jo nikāh ke waqt shaubar ke zimme muqarrar kī jātī hai.

Fatima's (wife of 'Ali's) dower—Mahr-1-Fatimi.—A customary or proper dower—Mahr-1-misl.—An exigible or prompt dower—Mahr-1-mu'ajjal.—A deferred or an inoxylola, dower—Mahr-1-mu'ajjal.—A deferred

aıyan —An unknown dower — Mahr-: majhül —To settle a dower — Mahr ban dhnā, mahr qāim k -- To remit a dower -- Mahr bakhsh d , mahr mu'āf kar d.-Deed of dower-Kabin-nama, wasiqa-1-mahr -- (M L.)

2 — Jahez, dahez, jo kuchu 'amat ko shādi ke waqt apne sāth

susrāl lejāne ke liye diyā jāwe; strīdhan

3.-Kisī byāhe shakhs lī jāe-dād-i gan-manqūla kā woh hissa jis par uske marne ke ha'd uski zauja apue hin-i-havāt (jīteji) mutasaruf rahe, kusi shakha ki jäe-däd 1-anäzi kä woh juzw juskä ustihqäq uskî wafat ke ba'd uskî hewa ko hāsil ho. own, prep 1.—Utar (nozūl) men; bulandī (ūnchī jagah) se pastī

(mehī jagah) kī taraf; niche unchāyī se nichāyī kī taraf. Down a hill-Pahār ke niche ya'nī pahāi ke upar se niche ki taraf Down a

well-Kuen men ya'nî kuen ke üpar se uske andar

2.—Daryā ke mobāne kī taraf, us jagah kī tarafjahān daryā kā pānī samundar yā jhil men gu tā ho, us taraf ko jidhar pānī kā hahāw ho

To swam down a stream-Julhan dhānē kā bahāw ho nsī jānub ko tairna Down the country - Samundar ki taraf; us jamb ko jahan nadiyon ka pam samundar men girta ho Down the sound-Samundar ki taraf, jidhar ko bhāthe kā bahāw ho

own, ad. 1 —Charhaw se utar kī taraf, farāz se nisheb kī taraf

He is going down-Woh nisheb kî janib jata hai (ya'nî kisî jagah se jo charlia₩ par hai ntāi kī taraf jātā liai)

2.—Zamīn par ; nīche

He is down-Woh niche hai Hold him down - Use zamīn par dhai rakkho. 3 —Utuq ke niche.

The sun is down - Surij ufuq ke niche chala gaya (gurub ho gaya).

4 -Bartar hālat se adnā hālat men; tanazzul kī hālat men, badnāmī vā zillat ki hālat men.

His reputation is going down-Uslī nek-nāmī zawāl par hai (ghaṭtī jātī hai) To write one's self down-Apnī hī tahrīr se apne ko zalīl yā bad-nām k

5 -Bahut se thora; thekāne par, andāz par

To boil down – Joshānda wagaira ke taiyār karne yā khānā pakāne kī hālat men ıs kalām se yah samıjbā jātā hai ki pānī wagaira ko jalākar thorā aur düsre ajzā ke mutābiq kar-denā chāhiye leta hua

6 —Phailā huā, zamīn yā kīsī sath-i-musattah par phailā parā yā To lie down - Zamîn wagaira par let yā phail-kar par jānā Up and down-

Yahan-wahan; idhar udhar; age-pichbe, ghumta-phirta. - Down with - (used in energetic command) (a) Girā do, dhā do, mismār kar do masalan kısı 'ımaat ko (b) Patak do, gıra do, markar gıra do-jaise kisi shaklıs ko

wncast,a Niche guā huā, zamin ki taraf mukhātab, mahjūb, sharmgin, pazhmurda, sar-nigūn. [hijāb yā ranj zāhir ho

A downcast look - Nīchī nazar; ānkhen nīchī karke dekhnā pisse nadāmat wnfall, n. Barbādī, tabāhī, dafatan zawāl kā ā jānā, rutbe nek nāmī vā khushī wagaira kā yakāyak ghat jānā khwāh zāil ho-jānā. waright, a. 1 - Sāda, saiīh; sāf sāf, khulā khulā, fāsh; nipat; mahz, thik, mutlaq (yā mahz) behūda bāt

Downright madness - Nirā (mahz) pāgalpan Downright nonsense - Sāf sāf (nir,

2 — Sāda-lauh; be-makr-o-riyā, gair-muhazzab; nā-tarāshīda.

He spoke in his downight way—Woh sāda-lauhī se bāt chīt kartā thā (uskī guftgū men banāwat nahin pāyi jātī thi) {ke manzil par.

Downstairs, ad. Kothe yā zīne ke nīche; nīche ke marātib par; nīche Downward, ad i Nīche; zer hukudī se nesti ki taraf

Downward, $\left. \left. \right. \right\}$ ad. 1 — Niche; zer, bulandi se pasti ki taraf

To move downward - Niche ko chalnā, pastī kī taraf jumbish k.

2.—Mohāne sire yā nikalne kī jagah se utār kī taraf

3.—Mūris se wāris kī taraf ba-khatt-i-mutanazzila—jaise bāp se bețe aur pote kī jānib

4.—'Uı üj ya nam-warī se pastī ya zıllat ki halat men

Downward, a 1. Niche ko māil, zamīn yā uske markaz kī taraf māil.

2 —Sire yā nikalne kī jagah se nīche ko

3 -Zalīl; past; afsurda, udāsī se bhaiā huā

Doze, v. 2. Ünghnā; jbapkī l., khwāb-i-khargosh men pare rahuā, alsānā, sust pare iahnā [alsāyā k]

To doze over a work-Kısı kam men susti k (usko hye sust pare rahna ya Draft, n.1 — Hundî ya hundavî, woh hukm jo ek shakha düsie shakha ke pas bhejkai kısı ko rupaye dilaye

2 — Naqsbe kā ķhīka, naqshe kā ḍbāncha.

Draft of an account-Khasia; chittha; hisab ka kharra, parcha-i hisab.

Braft, v. t 1 - Nagshe kā khāka yā dhānchā banānā.

2 — Musawwada banānā yā tanyān k , kisī mazmūn ko samajhkar hkh-dālnā, khanā khanā k

Draftsman, n Musawwid yā musawwada banāue w.; naqsha-kash yā naqsha khīnchne w [1; khukh kar-d.

Drain, v. t. 1.—Āhista āhista yā ba-tadij khīnch 1.; khālī kar d., chūs His hitgious spirit draine! his ticasure and made him a pauper—Uskī jang-jū tabī'at ne uskī daulat khālī kar dī aut use muflis banā diyā

2.—Pānī yā aur kisī saiyāl chīz ko rafta rafta (dhīre dhīre) bahā kar khālī kar d , ba-tadiji khushk yā khālī kai d ; nichor l ; intūbat namī yā tarī bāqī iahne na d ; daulat yā āmadanī wagaira se khālī kar d., khālī kai d [yā ṭapkānā.

3.—Chhānuā, sāf karne kī garaz se kisī sūrāķh-dār chīz se bahānā

Drain, v. v 1 — Ahista āhista bah-kar nikal jāna

Let the water of the low ground drain off—Us nichi zamin ke pānī ko āhista āhista bah-kar nikal jāne do [ho-jānā, khush ho jānā

2.—Pānī wagaira se uske bah yā tapak kar nikal jīne ke bā'is khālī Let the cloth hang and diam—Us kapre ko latkā do tāki uskā pānī ṭapak kar khushk ho-jāc Let the vessel stand and diam—Us bartan ko kharā kar do tāki uskā pānī ṭapak-kar woh khāli ho-jāc

Drain, n 1.—Khainch I.; khīnch-kar khālī kar-d [inkās 2.—Pauālā yā panārā. nālī; panārī, muhrī; badar-rau, pānī kā Right of drain—(Law) Istihqāq-i-ijrā-i āb, woh haq jiske rū se ek shakhs dīsie shakhs kī zamīn par nālī wagaira banā-kar pānī bahātā hai [diyā-jānā

Drainage, n. 1.—Pānī wagaira saiyāl chīzon kā batadrīj bah-jānā yā nikal-

2. –Kısı mulk ya zil' ke paul ka uske darya wagaira ke zari'e se [bāhai nikal jāe nıkal jane kā tariq

3 - Woh badar-rau wagaira jisse kisî shahr wagana kû pânî bahkar raw, v t. I —Khinchnā, apne pichhe yā apnī taraf zor de-kar chalānā, age se pichhe ya pichhe se age khinchna ya chalana [lana, lubhana

2.-Koshish k., apnī tarat mail k.; iagib k.; mutawajjih k., phus

3.-Nikālnā, khinch-kar bāhar k.; kisī zarf se uske mazrūf ko nikālnā, jis chīz men koyī shar ho (rakkhī ho) usse nikālnā, miyan se nikālnā yā bāhar k

4.—Akhz k ; istimbāt k., istikhiāj k , natīja nikālnā.

5.—Jahān koyi chiz rakkhī yā jam' ho wahān se use l , kisī sarmāya wagaira se talab karke l hāsil k

6 —Qur'a nthāne ke zari'e se pānā, khush-qismatī se pānā; jītnā, 7 — Phepharon men l., dam l.; dam le-kar bāhar nikālnā, bharnā,

sāns khīnchnā

8 — Khinchkar lambā k yā barhānā, lambāyi men baihānā, phail ānā; kisī dhāt (sone chāndī lone wagaira) ko barhā-kai uskā tāi khīnchnā.

9.—Khinchuz; banana, naqsha taswir ya shaki wagaira banana,

khutūt (lakīreā) khainch-kai kisī chīz kī shabīh banānā

10-Tarz-ı mu'aiyan par likhna, wajıb tariq pai tahiir k , ha zābita likhuā, kisī tahlīr kā musawwada taiyāi k ; kisī kāgaz kā khāka (kharīā) banānā. rāyi chāhna

11.—Pānī men dhansnā, tairne yā bahne ke liye kisî qadar gah Drawn butter - Makkhan jo khāne par chulāne ke liye galā (teghlā yā pighlā) kar taiyār rakkhā jāe — Drawn game or buttle - Laiāyi (jang) jumen minjumla do farīq ke koyī gālib na ho, barābar kī larāyī -To draw a bow -Tir chhor nā — To draw a curtain - Parda girānā yā uthānā, shurū' yā khatm k --To draw back-Chhūt pānā, phutā pānā -To draw in-(a) Dāķhil k khanochkar bhitar lana, jam' k (b) Wargalanna, phuslana -- To draw in terest - Sūd paidā k yā pānā, byāj sijhāuā yā sījhnā; kisī shai par sūd pāne kā mustahaq k -To diaw off -(a) Kisī tiraf se khīnch 1, koshish k (b)Nikāll, khamehl; bahād (c) Chulā lar nikāluā, khamehnā — To draw on-(a) Phuslana; targib d; wargala-kar apne sath kar-l (b) Paula k, karānā, zuhūr men lānā; kiel shai kā bā'is h -- To draw up -- (a) Musawwada banana ya taiyar k. likh kar taryar k ; hasb r zamta (bandhe huye tariq yā dhang par) murattab k —(6) Tartīb-wār qārm k , qatār bāndh kar kharā k , saf-ārāyī k [kī quwwat :

raw, v. s. 1 —Khinchnä, khamehne men zor k., khameh ke le chalne A horse draws well - Ghorā gārī wagara achchbī tarah (zor se) khińchtā har

2.—Koshish k , targīb yā tam' d , lubhānā, phuslānā.

3 - Phoje wagaira ke mawad ko jam' ya ekattha kard., rim ko bator d , pakā d., pakā aur bahā d

4.—Hawā se bhar jānā jismen jahāz zor pākar āge ko chalne lage. 5.—Nagsha khamichnā; sūraten banānā, taswir khinchnā, mus-

awwirî k. 6.—Sikur jānā, khinch-kar chhotā ho-jānā ·

7.—Mıyan se bahar k.; mıyan se nikal İ.—pase talwar.

8 — Jo rupaye jam' yā wājibu-l-adā hon unke wusūl ke liye hundavī yā chibthī wagaira likhnā.

Usually with on.

9.-Klunchuā; khinch jāuā jaise gājī vagura kā

To draw back—Pas pā h. pīchbe ko hat jēnā; bhāg jīnā, kanāra kash ho jānā
To draw neur or nigh—N izdīk pahunchuā, quib ājānā—To draw off—Chale
jānā—To draw on—Charbte jā barhte jānā, piliunch jānā—To draw up—
Parā jamānā yā parā-bandī k., qatār bāndhuī, safārāyī k.; ārāsta k

Draw-back, n. 1—Fände men nuqsan, ziyan-i süd, naf' ya qimit men kami, amri-hänij ya mani'; aisi bat jisse kisi shai ki taraf se be-

dılı ho (dıl tüt jae).

2 — Woh inpaye jo mu'āf yā wāpas kar-diye jāch, woh mihsūli-māl jo kabhī thorā aur ba'z waqt sab kā sab saikār kī jāmb se mu'āf yā wāpas kaidiyā-jītā hai, chhūt; phitā.

Drawee, n Woh shakhs jiske nām hun lī likhī jāe; woh shakhs jispar (jiske upai) hundī kī-jāe, hundī kā maktub-daih; upar-wālā, hundī kā dam d. w. [mkālne w

Drawer, a 1 — Khiúchne w., kuch so pānī nikālne w; pīpe se sharāb 2.—Mez wagnira kā darāz.

3 — Hundi k. w., jo hundi kaie; hundi kū kātib; likhi-wālā.

ET Correlative of Diamee.

Drawing-room, n. I.—Mulāqāt kā kamiā; daibār kā kamiā, diwān-khāna, diwān-i-ām, gol-kamiā, woh kamiā jismen shurafā ke mih-man khāne se fārig hokar baithte ham. [mulāqāt.

2—Dîwăn-ı-'âm yā dîwān-khāne men shâm ke waqt qū'ide kī To hold a drawing-room—Umarā wagaira kā shām ke waqt dīwān-i'ām men bā qā'ida logon se milnā [jā) hoń.

3.—Dīwān-i-'ām ke hīznīn, jo log dīwān-i 'ām men jam' (yak-Dread, n 1. Woh khanf jo kisī āfat ke nāzil hone (āne) kī ummed yā khayāl se paidā ho, khatro kā barā hī dar ihtimāl yā khauf.

2 —Rub, adah; dah. [shakha jiskā adah kijā jāc.

3.—Bā'is-ī-khauf; woh shakhs yā shai jisse khauf kiyā jāe, woh Dread, a. 1.—Jisse barā khauf paidā ho; khauf-nāk, haibat-nāk,

2.-Nihāyat ru'b-dāb kā; jiske log bahut mar'ūb hoà.

Dread, v. t Bahut hi damā; mhāyat hi khauf khānā. [nāk, 'azīm. Dreadful, a. Haibat-nāk, khauf-nāk; jisse bahut hi khauf paidā ho, haul-'Dream, n. 1.—Ķhwāb; sapnā; woh khayāl yā khayālāt jo sone men paidā hote hain. [taiang, lahar.

2.—Khayali bat; khayal-ı kham; behūda khayal ya shubba, wahm;

Dream. v. i. 1.—Khwab dekhna; sapna dekhna.

With of before a noun

2 — Khayāl k ; pesh-bīnī k ; qıyās k.; sochnā. Dream, v. t. Khwāb men dekhnā; khayāl yā bāwar k.

To dream away, out, through, dc.—Khayālāt-i-khām yā sustī men bitānā yā guzrān d., behūde bātod ke sooline men zū ī k.

ress, v. t 1 — Parā jamānā yā bāndhnā, safānāyī k, qā'ide ke mutā biq qatār jamānā — jaise sipāhiyon ki. [k.— jaise zakbm wagaita men

2 — Pawā lagānā, dho yā sāf kaike maiham lagānā, marham patīī 3.—Kām ke lūq taiyāi k., kisī kām ke qābil banā d., kisī maqsad

ke hasb-i-hāl kai-d; taiyār k.; muiattab k

To dress a slain animal—Zibh kiye huje jānwai kī khāl khainch-kar pakāne ke hye use kāṭkūṭ ke taiyāi k—To dress leathei or cloth—Chamre yā kapie ko ma-āla yā māndī wagaira lagā-kar kām men lāye jāne ke qābil banāna To dress (more properly trim) a lamp—Sham' ko sāf wagaira karke jalāne ke hye taiyār kainā.—To dress a gaiden—Bāg ko murattab yā ātāsta k ; kiyā rion ko qurīne se banākar manq'e manq'e se phūl wagaira lagā d.—To dress food or meat—Khānā yā gosht pakānā

4.—Kapre pahinnā; poshāk pahinnā; zarq-barq kapre pahinnā; 'umda 'umda libās se malbūs h , ārāsta k , ārāish k.

To dress up—Nafīs yā tauqu-l-bharīk posbāk pahinnā —To dress a shīp—Zebāish ke hye jahāz men jhaude aur jhandijān lagānā

Dress, v i 1 -Silsile se qatai bandh kai khare h.

2.—Kapre pahinnā; poshāk pahinuā, malbūs h.

Dress, n 1 — Kapre; poshāk; lībās, palnāwā. 2.— Shurafā kī bībiyon ke pahune kā gherā yā sāya [par pahne jāen.

3.—Rasmi poshāk, woh kapie jo iawāj ke iū se khās khās maug'on 4.—Kapre ke pahinue kā shu'ūr yā salīga, 'umda 'umda kapie pahinuā, khush-poshākī [wagaira pinā

Drink, v 2. 1.—Pyās bujhāne ke liye khwāh kisī dūsiī gaiaz se pānī 2.—Tafiāh yā nasha ke liye munashshī 'aiqon kā pinā; shaiāb-khwāiī k., shiddat se shaiāb pīnā, had se ziyāda mai-khwāiī k; 'ādatan shaiāb pīyā karnā

To deink to—Sharāb pīne ke waqt salām k, pahle ķlud sharāb pī-kar dūsron ko pīne ke liye kalmā, piyāla hāth men lekar dūsre ke haq men kalmāt i-khair kahnā

Drink, v. t 1.—Pi-jānā; utār-jānā; khameh le-jānā

2 — Jazb k.; sokhnā; khīnchnā, pī-lenā.

3.-Hawas-i-khamsa ke zaife se akhz k., sunna; deklina.

To drank down - Sharāb pī-kar takhfīf yā firo kar d; sharāb ke 'amal se ghatā yā dabā d — To drank off, or up — Ek martaba kul pī jānā, ek ghūnt men sab kā sab solh jānā (gat kar javā). — To drank the health, or to the health, of — Yah ek rasmī muhāwara hai jiske rū se sharāb pīne-wālā jiyāla hāth men lekar apne mukhātab kī taraf ta'zīmī yā nek-khwāhī ke kalām kahtā hai

Drink, n Pine kī chīz masalan pānī sharāb sharbat joshānda wagaira. Drip, v. z. 1.—Tapakuā; qatra qutra giruā; tap tap chūnā.

Water di sps from eaves - Olti se pāni tapaktā hai.

2.—Rutūbat yā pānī kā tapaknā,

A wet garment drips - Bhings (tar yā nam) kapre se pānī tapaktā har,

Drip, v t. Chulanā; tapkānā, qatia qatia guānā.

Drip, n. 1.—Tapak yā tapkānā, jo kuchh tapke.

2 — Chhat kā hāshīja jā kauāra, oltī.

Right of drip (Law) - Woh haqq-i-āsalish jiske rū se kisī shakhs ke makān kā pānī bah-kar uske parosī (ham-sāy-1) kī zamīn par gire.

Briva, v 1. I.—Kısî tarah kā zor pahunchākar āge ko chalânā; āge ko hatanā; āge ko chalānā; hānknā

To down cattle—Maweshi ke hankana ya age ke chalana. To down a nail—
Mekh dhausana ya garana. The wind drives a ship along—Hawa ke zor
se jahaz age ke chalta hat.

2 — Hānkuā jaise gārī ke ghoron yā khud gārī ko; gārī wagana par sawāi kaiā-ke le-jānā.

To drive a pair of hoises-Gheroù ki juri hadkua. To drive a person to his own door-Kist ko gait wagaira par sawar kata ke uske darwaze par leja-kat utar d.

3.—Kisî halat men majbûran dal d ; majbûr k.; la-char k.

To detre one mad-Pigil bana d, beikhtiyan majufin kar-d

4.--Karnā; chalāuā-jaisc koyī rozgār pesha yā kām.

To drive ar engine—Kijî kil ko që ide se chalinë —To drive loge—Latthon ko dai ya he dhëre men dël kar jidher le-jîni bo udhari bahê lejênë.

Drive, v i 1.-Zor se chaluā, shiddat yā tundī se bahnā

2 —Zor se ige chale chalnā; kisī shai yā shakhs ke zor paliunchāne se āge ko hatuā yā chalnā.

3 — Garī wagaira par sawār ho-kar chaluā, jo jānwar kisī gājī men jute hon unko jā us gārī ko chalānā

4.—Kisî shat kî taraf rujû' k.; kısî bat kî koshish k.

Few know the end I am drawing at - Jis bat ke anjam ki fikr mujhe hai usse belut kam log waqif hain

Drive, n 1.—Tafrih wagaira ke liye gāji par sawār hokar maidān kī sair
Distinguished from a 12de, which is taken on horseback

2.—Wo juguh jahān gājī ke hānkne kā subhītā ho; saļak jo gāriyon par sawāi ho-kar jīne ke liyo taijār ki jāe

Drizzle, v z Jhisi parvā phūbi parnā; tarashshuh h.

Droop, v. i. 1 —Kamzorī wagana ke bā'is se dhans yā latak jānā-jaise kisī jānwar yā darakht wagana kā, jhuk jānā

2.—Māyūsi ranj yā isī qism ke kisī aur sabab se zaif yā kamzoi ho-jānā; shikasta-dil ho-jānā; pazhmurda-khātir h; dil tūt jānā; hāi-jānā yā zāil ho-jānā joise himmat kā.

Drop, n. 1.—Pānī kā būnd; qatra; top yā thop. (30 Jhār med lagāyā jāe. 2.—Kān med pahinuekā āwezayā latkan, shīshe kā āweza yā qalam

3.—Sharāb ki bahut hi qalil miqdar

4 — Phāirī kā takhta.

5.—(pl) Koyi dawa jiski mu'tad hūud (qatrat) ke hisab se di-jae.

Drop, v t 1 -Qatra qatra giranā; tapkanā; chulanā

2.—Guā d; chhor d jaise langar wagana. [kash ho jānā 3 — Band k; mauqūf k; chhor d., tark k.; kanāra-kashī k; dast-Drop the pursut—Pīchhā (ta'āqub) chhor do The enquiry has been dropped—Tahqīqāt band yā mauqūf kar dīgryī. [se sochā d.

4.—Ishāre kanāye yā āhistagī se kuchb kah d. yā batlānā; dhīre To drop a hint-Ishāre yā kanāye se kuchb kāh d.

5 — Zimnan darj kai-d. (likh d), ba-taur jumla-i-mu'tariza ke dāķhil kar-d [bāt zimuan likh d To drop a word of instruction in a letter - Kisī chitthi men koyī nasīhat ka

6 — Dāk ke sandāq men chliorkai bhejnā-juse chitthī.

Please, drop me a line - Mere pas ek shuqqa' (:uq'a) dak par bhej dijiye. 7 --- Chhor d; band kar-d.

To drop an acquaintance—Āshnāyī chhor d.

8 —Sāqit kar-d , kal- adam kar-d , band k ; qëim rahne na d

To drop a fashion-Kisî waz' ko saqit kar d

9 —Sawārī se utār d sarvāl shar kā Drop, v i 1 - Chūnā: tapaknā; qatra qatra (top top) girnā jaise kisī 2.—Yakīyak yā āp-hī-āp nīche ā-parnā; chū-parnā; tapaknā.

Ripe fruit d rops from a tree—Pakkā phal daraklit se chū-partā har

3 — Mainā yā daf atan mainā.

To drop into the grave-Yakāyak mai-jānā, dafatan goi men jānā.

4 — Aparnī, yakāyak ā-jānā, daf'atan pahunch-jānā

With in or into

5 -- Khatm hojinā; band yā mauqūf bo-jānā, 'adam-khabar gīn kī waih se sāqit ho-jānā.

The affair deopped-Khavargiri na hone ke bā'ıs woh bāt săqıt ho gayi

6,-Gir yā baith jīnā, rīchā ho-jānā.

[(baith gayi) The point of the spear deopped a little-Us bhale ki nok kuchh nicht hogayi

Prought, n I - Menh ya pani ka na h; ab-o-hawa ki khushki juse zamīn ko mazariat pahunche aur darakhton kī bālīdagī iuk-jāe, khushkī, khushk sālī, sūkliā, jhūiī; imsāk-i-bālān.

2.—Halq aur munh kī khushki, pyās, tishnagī

3 —Qillat, na h. ku d ; dubo bahānā Drown, v t 1 - Sailāb k ; gaigāb k ; tah-rāb k., buranā yā būrā

2 — Pānī men dubā d ; dubā d , dubā mārnā ; dubānā , burā māmā 3.—Dūb jānā; garq hojānā, shiddat se mubtalā k; kisī burāyī men kasrat se par kai apne ko kho d

Brown, v. v. Dūb-marnā; bur mainā; pānī men mainā yā jān khonā Drowse, v. i. Kuchh kuchh sonī, gahtī nīnd se na sonā; nīnd se bhatā rahuā, shiddat se ünghnā

Drowsy, a 1 — Nındāsā, nīnd se bharā huā; ünghtī huā, khwāb-ālūda.

2 — Jisse vā jīskī wajh se mind Tye; jīske hā'is koyī so jāe Drudge,v : Barī mihnat k ; zalīl kāmon men had se ziyāda mihnat k. Dradgery, n. Shiddat ki mihnat, kam jiski kasiat se karne wala thak

jāe; kafan-ghasotī, zalīl kāmon men rīyāzat-ī-shāqqī Drug, n. 1.—Mufrad dawāen jiuko milākar 'attār aur' tabīh muiakkab dawāen banāte ham, koyī chīz jo dawāon ke banāne yā tarkīb dene men kām āye, rang banāne kī chīzen

2 — Trjārat kī chīz 10 pās parī ho yā farokht ke qābil na ho, koyī chīz jo jald jald na bike yā jiskī māng bāzār inen na ho.

A mortal drug, or a deadly drug-Zahr, bikh; sam.

Drug, v t 1 -- Apzā milānā; dawāen milākai banānā.

2 - Koyî aisî chîz milana jo muzir ya na-guwar ho.

 3.—Andāz se ziyāda dawāen khilānā kab na kare; pansārī. Druggist, n Jo shakha suf dawaen kharid-kar beche par unko murak-Drum, n 1 — Phol, duggi, tambūr, tāsha, mudang

2. —Kān kā parda.

Drum, v. 1 1.—Dhol bajānā; qamchī se tambūr wagama bajānā.

2 -- Ungliyon se bajana, tai tar ya par par bajana

To drum up for - Munādī-nawāz kī tarah phur phu bhartī ke sipāhī khwāh kisī fi'l ke shurakā yā gāhak wagana apne dabāw aur koshish se jam' k.

Drum, v t Dhol wagana bajana

Di um out - Dhol bajā kar nikāl d - To di um up - Dhol wagaira bajā-kar jam' k : ekattha k ; batorna To dium customers - Gahakon ke pas khud jakar unko kharid-farokht ke liye apni taraf ruju' k.

Brunk, a. Nashe men chūr; bad-mast; mad-hosh, matwālā.

Never used attributively, but always predicatively.

Drunkard, n. Jo 'ādatan kasrat se sharāb pīye; barā sharābī.

Drunken, a. 1.—Sharāb-khwārī kā mhāyat hī 'adī; matwālā; sharāb ke nashe men mast

2.—Sharāb yā tarī se bbīgā huā; tar; nam.

3 — Nashe-bāzī se muta'allıq; jo nashe ke bā'is se ho; jo kasıat se sharāb pīve kā natīja ho.

A drunken quarrel — Takrār jo nashe kī hālat men ho-jāe, sharābiyon yā badmaston Li larāyi (unkā jhagrā)

Dry. a.l.—Har ek qısın ki sutübat so basi; khushk, tar ya nam nahin; asli yā ma'mūlī rutūbat ba-tarz-i-kāfi no r. w.; sūkhā, odā yā bhīgā nahīn.

- (a) Diy land Khushk yā sūkhī zamīu (b) Diy weather Jab bānsh na hotī ho, jab menh na barastā yā kuhāsā na partā ho (c) Dry wood—Sūkbī lakrī, lakrī jo harī na ho yā jiskī rutūbat jazb hokar khūshkī āgayī ho (d) Jo đã dh na đe — The cow is diy — Woh gặc đã dh nahĩn đetĩ. (c) J_{18} se ānsū na bahe A dry eye-Ankh jisse ansū na bahe
- 2.—Rūkhā, Jismen dil lagne yā tafrīh kī koyī bāt na ho; aisī bāt se khālī jiskī chot dil par lage (asar pahunche), sāda sāda, khushk, jismen koyî san'at na ho.

A di y style -- Rükhī 'ibārat; sāda kalām, 'ibārat jismeň kisī qism kī san'at na ho. A dry subject — Rūkhā mazmūn, jismazmūnmeā dil lagāne wālī koyī bāt naho

3.—Sakht, durusht; rūkhā; tez.

A d/y remark – Sakht bāt , kisi ki nisbat aisī bāt jo tezi yā rukhāyī se kahījāc. Diy goods - Har qism ke kayre fite lais wagaira.

Distinguished from groceries

Dry, v. t. Sukhānā, khushk k ; rutūbat khamch l.

kar-d

いいい、 人 治職等のとなるはないないないないのと

To dry up - Kul pānī khiúch l, kuchh bhí pānī rahue za d; jalā d.; khushk Dry, v. z. 1 -Sūkh jānā; khushk ho-jānā. khushk ho-janā. 2.—Sab ke sab pānī yā rutūbat kā bukhār ho-kar khinch jānā,

The water dries, or dries up - Pānī bukhār hokai khinch jātā hai (sūkh jātā hai)

Dubious, α 1.—Mushtabalı; muzabzab; mashkük; gair-mustahkam; gair musammam.

2.—Jisse shubha paidā ho, sāf uabīn

3 — Gair mutahaqqaq, jiski asliyat mushakhkhas ya ma'lum na ho.

4.—Jiskā natīja muzabzab (maubūm yā mashkūk) ho; jiskā natīja

yaqīni taur par ma'lūm na ho.

pānā; denā; lenā, zimma.

UCES TECUM, [Lat.] (Law) Woh hukm-nāma-1-'adālat jiske zarı'e se kisi ko yah hukm diya lawe ki 'adalat men hazii ho kar fulan mu qaddame ke muta/alliq jok br-i-tajwiz hai jisqadar dast-awezen aur kitaben (bahi wagaira) tuk hare qabze men hon pesh karo. ue, a. 1.—Woh shar jiskā ek shakhs kī jāmb se dūsre shakhs ko-dryā jānā yā woh fi'l jiskā ek shakhs kī jānib se dūsie shakhs kī jānib kiyā jānā munāsib ya farz ho, wājibu-d dain ya wājibu-l-adā, yaftanī;

Civility is due from one man to another—Ek insan ka düsre insau ke sath khulq se pesh ana munasib har Reut is due by or from the defendant to the plaintiff-Mudda'î ko mudda'ā 'alash se lagān pānā yā leuā har, mudda'i kā zar-i-lagāu mudda'ā 'alaih ke zimme hai, mudda'ā 'alaih ko zar-i lagān mudda'ī ko denā har, zarī lagān yaftanī-1-mudda'ī zumma-1 mudda'ā 'alath hai

2.—Jo hālāt ke lihāz se (nazar ba hālāt) zaiūr ho; jitnā yā jis qadar chāhiye; munāsib; wājib; shāyān, ma'qūl; kamā-yambagī, kam i haqquhü

Due enquiry has been made - Jisqadar tahqiqat halat ke libaz se zarur thi (jituī chāhiye thì) kī gayī, tahqīqāt-i-munāsib yā ma'qūl 'amal men āyī.

3.—Bar naqt, waqt-i munāsib yā mu'aiyun par; thik, munāsib. Send this off in due time—Ise bar waqt (thik waqt par) bhej-do

4.—Jiske pahunchne kī ummed munāsib tarīq par ho; waqt-i-mu-'aiyun ke pahle jiskā pahuuchnā yā maujūd honā munāsib rahā ho, kısı shakha ya chīz ke ane ka jo waqt muqarrar ho us waqt na pahunchne kī hālat men kısī waqt uskī amad kā h.

The returns from the subordinate courts are now due-Mahkamāt-1 mā-taht se naqshon kā ājānā ab munāsib hai (unko ab ānā chāhīye, we ab -āne wāle hain, ab unkī āmad hai)

5 —Wajh yā sabab se, bā'is se.

se huyı .

This success is due to his exertions - Yah kām-yābī uskī koshishon ke sabab ue, ad. Thik; sidhe; rāst. [hawā chal rahī hai.

The wind blows due north - Hawa thik uttar ki bah rahi hai, sidhi uttar ki ue, n. l.—Kisī kā pānā yā uskī yāftanī; woh rupaye jiske dene yā woh fi'l jiske karne kā mu'āhada ek shakhs dūsie shakhs ke sāth kare , woh rupaye jinkā d yā woh fi'l jiskā karnā qānunan yā insāfan zarūr ho

2.—Woh fi'l jiskā karnā iusāniyat yā munāsabat ke tarīq par zaiūr ho; woh fi'l jiskā anjām yā woh rupaye yā chīz jiskā diyā jānā mansab rutba rabt-ı-bāhamî istihqāq yā husn-ı-akhlāq ke iū se zarūr ho

3 — Woh rupaye yā chīz jiskā denā qānūn yā rawāj ke mutābiq zarūr ho; mahsūl; dastūr; rusūm, marsam; haq, lagat, kar, neg.

Custom dues-Mahsūl-i-parmıt Marriage dues-Neg jog , shādī yā byāh ke neg; huquq-i-shadi; jo kuchh shadi ke waqt rawaj ke muwafiq diya jawe. Collection duss — Haqqu-t-tahsil

報母関を強いまいとれた ちま

4.—Istihqan, haqqi-wajib, munasib da'wa.

Duck, n. Bat; battakh.

To make ducks and drakes—Chhuchhirian khelna—To play at ducks and drakes (with one's property)—Apne malko bewunutana muit kho d, mal luta ya urid

Duke, n. Inglistān men Prince of Wales ke rutbe se utaikai sab se ā'lā darje ke amīr kā khitāb; Europe ke ba'z mulkon men us faimān-i awā kā lagab jo bīd-shāh na kahlātā ho. [nā ni pānā.

To dine with Duke Humphrey - Be khaye rahna, bhūkhā iahna, faqa k, kha-

Dull, a 1,—Kund zihn; jiskî samyh tez na ho, ahmaq; gāwdā

2.—(a) Bhātī; sust; be-jān; pazhimuda. (b) Jiskī harakat (chāl jā rawānī) men tezī na ho. (c) Samā'at jā basātat men zu'f 1. w. (d) Tarbīyat pazīt jā fahīm nahīn

3 — Tež bāih yā nok na 1. w.; jo tez na ho, kund; bhuthrā.

4—Jiskī raushanī ānkhen ko khūb ma'lūm na ho, andhā; rang kā shokh nahīn, ohamehamāta bhaiklīā yā dahaktā nahīn, dhumlā; mandā; phīkā yā udās—jaise rang. [tabī'at na lage

5.—Udās, jisse khushī yā farhat na ho; jisse dil na bahlo; jismen

6.—Pharchā nahīń, badli chhāyī huyī; j ib āsmān sāf na ho.

Duly, ad. 1.—Munāsib taur par, achebbī tarah se, jarsā ki chābiye, ba-tarz-1-ma'qūl; kamā-yambagī, kamā-haqquhū, wājib taur par yā wājibīyat ke sāth, thik thik

2.—Waqtı-munäsib par; jis waqt ki chāhiye; bilā-nāga.

Dumb, a. 1.—Jismen quwwat i-nātiqa na ho; gūngā, sum.
2.—Jiske sāth kuchh kanā na jāc; pismen sukūt rahe.

A dumb show—Numaish jo sukūt ke sāth kī jās—Damb signs—Aise ishāre jo chup chūp (be kuchh kahe sune) kiyo jāsn—To strike dumb—Ghabrā d., haisān k, shash-dar ya mutahuyar k, hanat se dam ba khud kar-d., gūngā

banā d., bolne kī tāṇat bāṇī na i

DUM FUIT INFRA TATEM, [Lat] (Law) Uskī nā-bāl gī men; uskī kam-smī men. [qaiyad) thā.

DUM FUIT IN PRISON î, [Lat] (Law) Jab woh quid men (mu-DUM FUIT NON COMPOS MENTIS, [Lat.] (Law) Uski majnūniyat men; jab woh maslūbu l-hawās thā

DUM RECENS FUERIT MILEFICUM, [Lat.] (Law) Jab mazarrat

tāza thi; nuqsān pahunchue ke ba'd hi-

Dun, v. t. Tang-talabī k ; taqāzā k , qarze ke mutālabe men karāyī k.; qarz-dār se rupaye bārbār māngnā.

Dungeon, n. Woh qaid kā mukān jo mhāyat mahfūz ho; aisā qaid-ķhāna jo bataur tah khāne ke banārā jāc aur usmen raushanī pahunch na sake.

Duodecennial, a Doāzdah sāla, jo bārah baras tak rahe.

A duodecennial settlement—Band-o bast 1-doīzdah-sāla; woh band-o-bast jiske gāim rahne kī mī'ād bārah baras ho

Dupe, n. Jo shakhs dhokhā krā jāwe, woh shakhs jo apnī zū'd-i'tiqādī (za'īfu-l-i'tiqādī saii'-u-l-i'tiqādī jā sāda-dilī) kī wajh se jald gum-rāh ho-jāwe (dhokhe men ājāe) [dhokhā dekar gumrāh k.

Dupe, v. t. Dhokhā d.; chhalnā ; kisī ko uskī za'īfu l-i tiqādī kī wajh se To be duped by flattery—Khushāmad kī wajh se dhokhe men ā-jānā. Duplicate, a. Dohrā, do-part, do-chand.

Duplicate, n 1.—Musannā, dūstī part; naql; utār. [sawwar ho. 2.—(Law) Kisī asl wasīqe kī naql jo qānānan har tarah jārz muta-Duplicate of a bill of exchange or hundi—Hundi kā musannā; panth In

duplicate - Do part, asl wa naql, do naql

Duplicity, n.1 —Do-dnlī; do-zabānī: ek hī bāt kī nisbat jude jude waqton men naye naye dhang zīhir k jā tarah tarah kī bāten kahnā; do-rangī, riyā-kānī; makr; fureb [bayānāt jawābāt yā 'uznāt kā pesh k.

2 —(Law) Aise manq'e par jahān ek hī kāfī ho do yā zāid judejude Durable, a. Pāe-dār; jo bahut 102 tak 1ah-sake; jo kisi khās hālat men 'arse tak rah sake, saiī'u-z-zawāl yā tagaiyur-pazīr nahin; mustah-kam; der-pā; thahrāū; mazbūt

DURANTE, [Lat] Ba-zamān; zamāne men; aiyām men; hālat men,

jab tak koyî halat qamı rahe; rahte; bhar, tak; men.

Durante absentia - Manjūd na rahne kī hūlat meň, garbat 'adam-manjūdagı yā na rahne kī hūlat men - Durante bene plucito - Jab tak khushī ho.

Durante minore ætite. } Nā bāhgī ki hālat men; nā bāhgī ke zunāne men, Durante minoritate.) nā bāhgī men; nā oāhgī tik—Durante vidutate—Bewa rahne kī hālat men, aiyām-i-bewagī men.—Durante vitā—Zindagī men; ba-hālat-i-haiyāt, jitejī, haiyu-l qāim rahne kī hālat men

Duration. n. Woh aiyām jismen koyī shui qāim rahe, qiyām; daurān; mī ād, muddat [kāwat, nazai bandī, hii āsat

Duress, n 1.— Sakhii jabr. dahāw, qaid; band, habs, āzādi men ru 2.—(Law) Woh hālat jismen kisi shakhs ko ba-taiz i-nā-jāiz qaid yā habs men rakhkar yā uspar wāqi'i tashaddud kaike yā use bid'at kī dhamkī dekar usse chār-nā-chār yā jabrīya koyī mu'āhada kaiāyā khwāh kisī qism kā wa-īqa likhāyā jāwo yā kisi mu āhade kī ta'mīl khwāh kisī jurm kā irtikāb kaiāyā jāwe.

During, prep See Durante.

[kisī chīz ke bārīk tukre

Dust, n 1.—Ķhāk, dhūl, gard; mittī, chūr, reze yā zarie, sufūf; ret; 2.—Qabr, gor; z mīn j; muidon ke qaiār kī jagah hai; mittī

3.—Zalīl hālat; zillat; 'ājizī ki hālat

Dust, v t. 1 — Khāk yā dhāl nikāl d , kāńchī jhāran yā jhārā se gard wagaira jhārnā pońchhuā yā sāf kar-d.

ž — Khāk gard yā mitti dālnā 3 — Bārīk sufūf banānā; buknī yā burāda banānā; pīs-kai bārīk

Dusty, a. 1 — Mitti gard yā khāk se bharā huā; gard-ālūd; gubār-ālūda, 2 — Ķhāk sā, khāk ke iang kā; khāki.

Duteons, a. Amr-i-munāsīb kā k w.; qānūn insāf yā munāsabat kā jo kuchh muqtazā ho uskā k. w., farmān-bardāi, mutī'; tābi'dār, khidmat-guzār; jis shakhs kī itā'at bi-t-tab' yā qānūnan darkāi ho uskā adab mānne w.

Butiful, a. 1.—Vide supra.

2.—Jisse adab yā apne farz ke aujām kā khayāl zāhir ho; muaddab; ta zīmī, jisko farz ke anjām kā lihāz ho; jo farz ke adā karne ke khayāl se ho (kiyā jās.) Duty, n 1 — Farz, woh fi'l jiskā kainā yā na karnā kisī par bi-t-tab'
khwāh nekī yā badī ke lihāz se yā qānūnan lāzim aur wājib ho, amr-1-lāzimī, dhaim.

2 —Khidmat, kām; naukaiī; chūkaiī.

On duty - Kām yā naukarī par, pahre par

[pai liyā jātā hai

一年一年 ないのでは

3 — Mahsūl, lūgat; rusūm, kar, woh mahsūl jo sarkār se kisī māl Stamp duty—Rusūm-i istām

Dwell, v i. Sukūnat 1., sukūnat-pazīr h.; rahnā, hamesha yā kuchh roz tak rahnā, sukūnat-i 'ārizī yā mustaqd r.

To dwelt on or upon—Tahrīr taqvīr yā mubāhase meň kisī amr kī nisbat bahut kuchh likhuā yā kahnā; kisī bāt kī taraf der tak mutawajjih yā mukhātib rahnā, kisī shai kī taraf hama-tan masrūf rahnā, kisī bāt mon dilojān se lipţe rahnā.

Dwelling, n Ābādī; maskan; jāe i-qiyām; rahne kī jagah.

Dwelling-house, n. Makān-ı maskūna; rahne kā ghar

"In distinction from a store, office, or other building." Webster.

Dwelling-place, n. Jāc-i-sukūnat; rahno yā qiyām kī jagah

Dwindle, v i. Ghut jānā; kam-hoj înā; sīkur yā shikan-par-kar chhotā ho-jānā, talaf yā bar bād ho-jānā; ghatte ghatte kuchh na rah-jānā; zalīl ho-jānā, gu yā utar jānā [nest ho-jānā

To dwindle into nothing - Ghatte ghatte kuchh bhī bāqī na rahnā; nafī yā

Dwindle, v t Chatānā, kam k; past k.

Dymg, a! — Fānī, fanā-pazīt, jiskā marnā lāzimī ho, qābilu-z-zawāl.

2 — Jispar maine ke waqt koyî shikhs letā ho.

A dying bed - Bistai -1-marg; maran sej

3.—Jo kuchh marue ke waqt (hālat-1-baz' jān-kandanī jā sakarāt meň) diyā kahā yā zāhir kiyā jāwe; marne ke muta'aliiq yā marne kā.

A dying declaration — Bayān i-waqt-i-marg A dying request — Isud'ā-i-hālati-maz', woh istid'ā jo dam-i-marg kijāe. Dying words — Woh bāten jo dam-i-marg kahī jāwon, jo kuchh hālat-i-naz' men kahā jāe. Dying hour — Marne kā waqt, hālat i-naz'

Dynasty, n Rıyasat, badshahat; kisi mulk ke badshahoù ke khandan ka sılsıla; nasl-ı-shahi; kısı khas mulk men ek hi khandan ya nasl ke

bādshāhon kā silsila.

Dye, v. i Ranguā; rang charhānā yā denā.

Dye, n. Rang, rangat

Dyer, n. Rangrez; woh shakhs jo kapre wagaira langta hai.

\mathbf{E}

Eager, a. Kisī shar kī parrawī kā barā hī mushtāq; kisī shar ke anjām yā husūl men sargarm, shāiq; kisī bāt kā dil se chāhne wālā (uskā mutamannī yā ārzū-mand).

Eagerly, ad. Kamāl shauq se; bajī tamannā se, sargarmī se; dil se, musta'idī se; jhatpat; tezī se; 'ujlat se (yā bajī chāh

Eagerness, n Kamāl shauq, barī tamanuā yā ārzū, dilī ragbat khwāhish Ear, n. 1.—Kān; gosh [men sur aur tāl kī pahchān

2 — Quwwat-ı-sāmı'a; samā'at; burī aur bhalī āwāz kī tamīz; āwāz

A delicate, good or nice, ear for music-Gane bajane men sur aur tāl kī khūb pahoban (uskî tamîz ki barî quwwat).

In the singular only.

bänäna samä'at

3.-Sunne ki ragbat, dhyau; tawajjuh, khayal; hhaz; pas, mihr-To lend one's ear to a person - Mutawajjih hokar kisī kī bāt sunnā - To give car to a person or thing - Kisī bāt ko dhyān (tawajjuh) se sunuā, tawajjuh ke sāth kisi kī bāt sunnā [kundā; qabza; dasta

4.—Kısî be jan chîz ka koyî hissa jo jan-dar ke kan ki manınd ho :

5.-Nāj (galle) kī bāl; khosha.

About the ears - Kisi ke bahut hi nazdik, qanib hi; muttasil hi - To be by the ears, to fall together by the ears - Larna dhinga mushti k; jhagra va takrar k; larayī k -To set by the ears - Lara d; larayī kara d; bhira d Up to the ens-Garqab, düba huä; nihâyat hi mubtala, kisi bojh se bi-l-kul daba huā

Early, a Jo want ma'muli ya muqarrar ho uske pahle; achchhe want se; waqt ke pahle.

Early, ad Jald, achehhe waqt se; mauq'e se; musta'idi se, sawere.

Ear-mark, n. 1.—Nishān jo bherī ke kān par nskī pahchān ke liye kardiya jata hai. 2 - (Law) Weh nishān yā 'alāmat jisse ek chīz dūstī chīz se pah-

chānī jāe; shinākht (pahchān) kā nishān, 'alāmat i-murnaiyiza

3.—Woh khās 'alāmat yā nishān pisse kisī chīz kī nisbat milkiyat yā ta'allııq zāhii ho

Earn, v t. Mihnat ke zarî'e se sazā-wār h.; aise kām kā k. jisse in'ām kā haq paidā ho 'ām isse ki ii'ām mile yā na mile, milmat khidmat yā kısı kam ke anjam ke zati'e se hasil k.; mu'awaze ka saza-war hokar uskā pānā , kamānā ; hāsil k , paidā k.

Earnest, a 1.-Kisi shai ki pairawi men sargaim, husul ka mushtaq, barā shāiq yā mutamanuī, nibāyat masrūf yā āmāda; garm-josh.

mustamand; dil se chahue wala.

2.—Lagi huyi, gati huyi; jami huyi—jatse nazar, [dil-sozi; dil-dihi. Earnest, n 1 - Sachāyi, asliyat, tasmim-i-nādat; irāde ki mazbūti,

2.—Kısı qaul-o-qarat ya wa'de ke wata ki nisbat irade ki mazbütî sābit karne ke liye jo kuchh diyā yā makfūl kiyā jāwe, nāde kī nisbat yaqın dilina, bonhar ki nıshanı.

3-(Law) Bar' āna, woh rupaye jo mushtarī kī jāmb se bār'a ko mu-'āmala-i-bai' kī guft gū kī pukhtagī ur uske subūt ke liye diye jāwen,

To be in earnest - Mazbūt irāda r , kisī bāt kā sach-much (wāqi'i yā dar-asi) chāhnā, kisī būt kī nisbat hansī dillagī yā maskharagī na k. Are you in earnest or in jest - Tum fulān bāt sahih sahīh kahte yā hansī karte ho ?

Earnestly, ad. Shauq se, sargarmî jā garm-joshi se; chāh se; āizū yā

barî tamannê se, dhyên-dekar; tawajjuh se. Earnest-money, n. Zar-i-bai' āna; bai'-āna, sāyī; woh nupaye jise dekar

koyî sauda pakka kıya jie , jo rupaye kişî mu'amala-ı-bai' kî pukhtagî aur subût ke liye peshgî diye jawen. Earning, n Kamāyī; jo kuchh mihnat khidmat yā kisi kām ke anjām ke

zari e se pandā kryā jāwe khwāh uskā haq hāsri ho; ajr; samra, m'ām.

Used commonly in the pluial.

Earth, n. 1 —Zamin; dunyā; jahān; 'ālam.

2.-Mittī, gıl, khāk

3 -Dunyā ke log, kura i-zamīn ke rahne wāle.

4 -Khushki; tari nahin, az.

Earthly, a. 1.—Dunyāwī, 15 dunyā se mutr'allıq; msan ki hālat-ı manjūda se nisbat r. w , arzī, āsmāni yā rūhāni nahin; nafsāni , jismāni

2 — Jitaī chīzen jahāu men han sab ke i'tibāu (lihāz) se; mumkiu;

jahān tak qıyas men ā-sake

Ear-witness. n. Sama'ī gawāh, jo shahādat-i sama'ī de-sake.

Ease, n. 1 — Ārām; dard taklif yā mihuat wagaira se āzādī; sukūn; qarār, fursat se be-kār yā be-hiss-o-harakat paje rabnā.

Said of the body.

To take one's ease—Ārām k. To sit at one's ease—Ārām se baithe rahnā; be mihnat (chain se) baithe rahnā [dagī, rāhat, amn, sulh.

2.—Dil kā qarār; dil men ianj yā fikr wagaira kā na iahnā, āsti-

3—'Ibārat kī salāsat, banāwat kā na honā; kisī qism kī bāt men dushwārī banāwat rukhāyī yā durushtī wag ura kā na h., subūlat [se buz.

At ease—Amin-chain se, atam su, faragut se, farigu-l bāl; ranj ya taklīf wagaira Ease, v t 1.—Be-chamī dūr kan d; fiku ko dūr ya raf kan d, jusm ya dil kā bojh hatā d, halkā yā subuk-dosh k.

Often with of.

2.—Kısı musibat kı shiddat ko ghatı d; kısı sadme ke bojh ko kisiqadar halka kar-d [rifiliyat.

Easement, n. 1.—Woh shar jisse äräm rifah ya madad ho, äräm; 2.—(Law) Woh äzädi istihqiq-i khās ya faida jo bila lihāz-i-milki-yat i-arāzī ek zamīn ke mālik ko dūsie mālik kī zamīn kī nisbat muft men hāsil ho—masalan rāste panāle wagara kī nisbat; haqq-i āsāish.

Easily,ad 1.—Asani se; begair diqqat yabarımılınat ke, begair barı koshish

ke, bilā saif-izai; suhūlat se; baithe-bithāye. [be-fikiī ke sāth 2.—Be-taklīf; be-taraddud; bilā takhallul, amu se; cham se, ārām se,

3 — Khanda-peshāuī se; khushī se, pachhtākar nahin; be-takalluf, begair afsos ke. [khalish.

4.—Chupchap; ahistagi se; ek tarah par; be shor-o-gul ke, bila-

5—Be bahut hile yā jhatkā khāye; suhūlat se. [khātī. The carriage moves easily—Chalne ke waqt woh gārī hilti yā jhatkā nahiā Easy, a. 1.—Ārām men; dard yā taklīf wagarra se barī.

2.—Fikr yā ranj wagaira se khālī, amn-chain meu; āsāish tneh.

3 — Be takalluf, jismen rukhāyī karāyī jā takalluf na ho, sāda.

4 — Āsān; sahl; dushwār yā mushkil nahīn; mihnat-talab nahīn, jismen koshish dar-kār na ho. [mile.

5.—Arām dih, jiski wajh se fiki yā mihnat jātī rahe; jisse ārām 6 — Zūd-i'tiqād; jo kisī ami kī nisbat ta'arruz na kare; jo kahnā-

6—Zūd-i'tiqād; jo kisi ami ki nisbat ta'arruz na kare; jo kanna sunna jald mān lo, mom ki nāk.

7 - Jab rupaye-paise ke len-den men tangī na ho.

The market is easy - Bazar manda har.

To ent one's words—Bāt chabā jānā yā khā Jūnā; kahkar palat jānā; kahkar mukar jānā; apne qaul ko pher l., bāt ko ulat d.

でこし、イントの成形なことがある、これがなる場合に対して

Eat, v & 1.—Khānā; nosh k.; bhojan k.

Said especially of food not liquid.

2 — Khā jānā, āhista āhista ghulā yā galā d.; talaf kar d.; urā d; nuqsān pahunenānā—jaise sihhat yā dil pai, miṭā d.; giib kard; khā-pī baiābar k.

Eat, v t 1 -- Khānā ; khānā khānā.

2 — Zārqa r ; mazā d. yā r.

To eat, or to est in or into-Khākar rāh yā surāķh kar d; chabā jānā, ghiste ghiste yā ragar khāte khāte bhîtar ghus-jānā; jalā d

Eaves, n pl. Orī; oltī; orautī

Ebb, n. 1 — Bhāthā ; jazr , juār kā samundar kī taraf palatnā.

Opposed to flood.

2.—Zawāl, tanazzul; achchhī hālat se burī hālat men ho-jānā; ghaṭtī [jānā, bhāṭhā h; utanā

Ebb, v. i. 1.—Pīchhe ko bahnā; juār ke pāne kā samundar kī taraf palat Opposed to flow.

2.—Ghat-jānā, zāil h., zawāl kā ā jānā, achehhī hālat se burī hālat men ho-jānā.

Eccentric, a. Khilāf-i-qā'ida yā dastūr, niiālā, tailq-i-mu'aiyan dastūr i-ma'mūlī yā zawābit-i-mustamira ke khilāf; ma'nūlī iāh chhor-kar chalue w [lāf'amal; nirālā pan, khayāl-parastī. Eccentricity, n Jo koyī bāt bandhi muqarrar yā ma'mūlī ho uske khi-

Echo, n Āwāz jo palat-kai kān men āye, woh āwāz jo kisī shai se takrā-kar palte; āwāz kī bāz-gasht; gūnj.

Echo, v. 1. Günjua, awaz ka palatua.

Echo, v. t. 1.—Āwāz kā paltānā yā lautānā. [qabūl k.

2.—Jo kuchh kıya jae usiko manzür karke phir kahna; jawab d; Eclipse, n l —Gahan ya grahan; kusüf (khusüf). [ya kisiqadar zawal.

2.—Tārīkī; rannaq damak yā ābnū wagama par kuchh 'anse ke hye Eclipse. v t. 1 —Chhipā d; andherā kar-d.; tārīk kar-d.

Said of a heavenly body.

2.—Kisi shai ke husu āb-o-tāb yā ābi ū wagana ko kam k. ķhwāh mitā d. (zāil kar-d), be-ābr ūk.; zillat men dāl d.

Eclipse, v. i Gahan lag-jānā, tārīkī men chhip jānā

Economical, a. 1.—Kītāyat-shi ārī ke muta'allıq; umūr-i-khāngī yā umūr-i-naqdī ke insirām se muta'allıq 'ām isse ki we zātī hon yā nahīn; nazm-i-audurūnī (ghar ke bhītar ke mtizām) ke muta'allıq; bar-bādī wa sarf-i-gair-zaiūnī kā bachānā [sān yā bar-bādī kā lihāz r w.

2.—Kifāyat-shi'ār, juz-ras; kharch men 'āqil yā dūr-andesh; nuq-Said of characters or habits. [na kiyā jāe

3.—Jo kifāyat yā juz-rasī se kıyā jāe; jısmen be hūda yā fuzūl kharch Said of acts.

Economist, n. 1.—Jo shakhs umur-i-khāngī yā dusrī bāton kā ihtimām o-insuām kifāyat-shi'ārī se kaie; jo rupaye waqt yā mihnat ko muft na khoye balkī usko 'āqilāna taur par isti'māl kare; kifāyat-shi'ār; muntazim, girhast,

で、これないのはながれば、好はない

2—'Ilm-i-siyāsat-i-madan men māhir, jo us 'ilm men koyī rīsāla wagana tasnīf kare [kharch k. Economize, v. t 'Aql-mandī ke sāth kām men lānā, kifāyat se sarf yā

Economize, v z Mu'āmalāt-1-naqdī men kıfāyat-shi'ārī k , rupaye-paise ko 'aql-mandī ke sāth kharch k; tahaffuz-1-zar yā husūl-1-milk ke mauq'e ko hāth se jāne na d.

Economy, n. 1.—Umūrāt-i-khāngī kā insirām; ghar ke kāmon kā bando bast, girhastī, masārif kī nisbat inu'āmalāt-i-khāna-dārī kā ihtimām

2 — Kısı bare kam ya rıyasat wagurı ka ıntızam 'ala-i-khusüs uske muta'allıq ke uaqdı mu'amalat ka band-o bast

Political economy - Siyasatu-l-mudan.

3 — Kifāyat-shi'ārī, juz-iasī; aisā ihtimām ki nuqsān yā sarf-i-behūda na ho, khaich men kifāyat, bilā zarūiat khaich na karne kī nisbat dūr-andeshī wa ragbat; 'āqilāna tahaffaz-i zar

4.—Kisī shai kī taitīh (uskā intizām yā nazm), qawā'id zawābit aur iusūm; haiwānāt aur nabātāt kī paidāish parwaiish aur unkī

hıfazat ki nısbat ma'ınüli 'amal ı-qudınti ya tabi'i.

E CONTRA,
E CONTRARIO,
Lat) Iske bar-aks; iske bil-aks, khilāf iske.
EUCONVERSO,
[wag.ura kī nok.

Edge, n. 1.— Kısı bathıyar ya auzu ki barh ya dhar, dam, talwir 2 — Woh bat jo hathıyar ki barh ki tarah kat kare (dil par lage ya

chot kare), kisî bat kî chot (dil par uska sadma pahunchia).

3.—Kīsī shui kā kauāra, kor, hāshīya; lab, zīli. 4.—Tezī, hiddat, shiddat; sakhtī

5 .- Awail , shuru' ; agaz , ibtida.

In the edge of evening—Sar-1-shām; shām hote hī. On the edge of winter—Jāre ke shurā' men, mausm-1-sarmā ke awāil men—To set the teeth on edge—Dānt khatte ku-d

Edge, v t 1.—Dhir charhānā, sāu r, bārh charhānā; tez k.

2.—Kor yā kanāra lagānā; jhālar yā hāshiya lagānā

3.—Ubhārnā, targīb d'; chher ke age barhānā yā kisī ti'l par amāda k.

4.—Ahista ähista chalānā, ek taraf chalānā; dhīto se yā chaukasī ke sāth pahunch jānā; sarkānā. [lāo).

Edge your chair along — Apuī kursī is yā us taraf khaskā lāo (āhista se khainch Edge, v. i Ek taraf ko kanāre kauāie chalnā; āhishta āliista chalnā (barafrat vā urmhush k.)

(harakat yā jumbish k) [chale āo Edge along this way—Is taraf ko kanāre kanāre chale āo; katrā kar idhar Edifice, n. 'Imārat , ta'mīr , makān khusūsan 'umda 'umda makānāt aur

barī barī 'imāraten.

Edit, v. t. Apnī mgrānī men chhapwāna yā tab' karānā, mushtahar yā shār'a karne ke liye kisī kitāb yā kāgaz ko bazura-i-tahrīr sihhat yā intiķhāb-i-mawād (mazmūn) murattab k.; ihtimām k.; chalānā.

Who will edit this work? - Yah kitab kis ki nigrani men chhapegi?

Edītion, n 1.—Kīsī kītāb yā tahrīr kā chhāpā, tab'; kīsī kītāb wagaira kā shāi'a kiyā jāuā.

The first edition of this work will soon be ready - Is kitāb kā tab'a awwal jald taiyār hogā; yah kitāb pahli martaba chhap kar jald taryār hogī

2 - Kıtāb wagama kā bi-jinsihi khwāh nazar-i-sāni wa sihhat ke ba'd phu se chhapnā; tab'-i mukarrar yā sānī.

My former work has already passed through a second edition - Meri pahli kitāb bār-r sānī chhap chuki har; merī pablī kitāb kā dūsrā chhāpa (tab'-r-sānī) [mu'i 30 ek martaba clihape. ho-chuld ha

3.--Jisqadar kıtaben ek bar chhapî jaen; kitabon kî ta'dad-i-maj-The present edition will consist of a thousand copies - Is martaba hazār kitāben (ıs martaba ek hazār yılden) chhāpī jāengī

Editor, n Shāi'k w ; woh shakbs jo koyī kitāb risāla yā akhbār wagaira shār' karne (phailāne yā rawāj dene) kī garaz se murattab kare khwāh uskī nazar-1-sānī wa sihbat karke apnī nigrānī men shāi' karaye.

Who is the editor of this book or new spaper? - Is kitab ya akhbar ka shar k. w. kaan hai?, yah kitab ya akubat kiske thumam men shat hota hai?

Editorial, a 1 —Kisî kitab wagaira ke shai' kaine wale ke muta'alliq. [hai Editoriai labours - Woh mihnat jo hitib wagaira ke shai' karne wale ko karni parti 2 -Shāi' kaine wāle kī likhī huyī ? [karne wala likhe

Editorial remarks - Woh baten (rae wagama) jo kisi alhbai wagaira ka shan Editorship, n Shāi' kame wāle kā kām yā mansab; kisī kitāb wagaira

ke shāi' kaine ki khabai-giri wa nigiāni

Educate, v t Ta'lim d , sikhlana-parhana-jarse larke ko; tarbīyat d yā k., parhānā likhānā, taraqqī i-zihu k, tādīb wa tahzīb k; kisī peshe yā kār-o-bār ke hye tanyār am laiq k ; dunyā ke kār-o bār ke laig kan d

Education, " Ta'lim; tarbiyat, 'ilm aur bunar wagaira kā sikhlaua. likhānā parliānā ; tādīb wa tahzīb, nawisht o-khwānd, kam sinon(larkon) ko un sah bāton kā sikhānā aur batlānā jinse dil ko raushanī ho mizāj i'tidal par aye wa atwai aui 'adat durust bon aui 'umuman woh ayinda kām ke lāig hon

Educational, a. Ta'lim ke muta'allıq; jo ta'lim se hāsıl ho.

Educe, v. t Nikālnā; mustakhraj k ; zāhir k., kisi rukāwat yā dabāw ko dür karke kısî bat ka parda k

Efface, v t 1.-Sath par se dur kar-d., chhil ya khurach kar nikal d, mahkūk k; assā kar-denā kī parhā na jāwe; mahw k., mitī d, mitā kai aisā kar-d. ki dekh na paje yā tamīz na kiyā jāsake.

2.—Dil se dür k ; mahw aur mansī kar-d., dil se mitā d., bhulā d.

"To deface is to injure or impair a figure; to efface is to rub out or destroy, so as to render invisible ' Webster

Effacement, n Mitana; mahkūkī.

Effect, a. 1.—Natīja, tāsīr, asar; anjām; maāl yā maāl-i kār; samra.

2.—Natīja paidā kerne ki tāqat, waq'at; tāsir, asar-gari; zor

To speak with effect - Aisī tarah se kalām k ki sunne wālon (sāmi'īn) ke dilon par asar ho The agreement has no effect-Is mu'ābade ko kuchh tāsir yā waq'at nahīn hai. [fāīda, naf', kār āmadanī

3.--Maqsad; mudda'ā; matlab; garaz, 'ām manshā; natīja-i-maqsūd; With to.

大学の ちちょうなん いれいれいかいしている

I have received a letter to this effect - Mere pas is mudda's La khat aya hai; jo khat mere pās āyā har uskā yah matlab (maqsad yā natīja-i-maqsūd) har.

4 — Asliyat; haqiqat; mahz sürat-1-zihiri nahin, wāqi'a.

5.—Khayāl yā asai jo dil par ho (paidā ho)

6.—pl Asbāb, māl-o-matā', māl o-amwāl; manqūla chīzen yā māl-i-manqūla. māl-o asbāb

The effects of a deceased person-Tarka; māl-1-matrūka; kisī mutawissā kā For effect—Jisqadan asan wāqi'i ho-sake usse ziyā lah asar paidā kaine ke liye — Of no effect, or without effect - Be-tasīr, be waq'at; tasir waq'at ya jawaz wagarra se khālī — To give effect to - Jārz k.; 'amal men lānā, anjām ko pahunchānā, ta'mīl k; bajā lānā; nāfiz k yā nafāz dilānā — In effect - Asl meň, dar asl, wāqi'ī, suf zāhir hī meň nahīň, haqīqit meň, haqīqatan.

Effect. v t Paidā k , kaiānā yā karnā; anjīm ko pahunchānā, saranjām k.; zuhūi men lānā, 'amal men lānā, pūiā k

Effective, a. Jismen natījon ke paidā kaine ki quwwat yā sifat ho; natīja paidā karne ke liye maiizūn yā uspar māil; kāi-gar; 'amal k w.

Effectively, ad Tasii ke sath, quwwat ke sath, zoi se; bi-l-kul, tamam o kamāl; pūrā pūrā

Effectual, a. Muassır, kar-gar; juse natīja-i-maqsūd paidā ho; jismen us natīje ke paidā karne kī kāfī quwwat ho jiskī zuhūr men ānā maqsüd ho, kāfī, anjām-1-maqsad ke liye kāfī

Effectually ad Tasir ke sath, asse tariq par ki anjam-i-magsad ho; tımanı-o-kamal, kama haqqulın, matlah-bararı ke hyejarsa chahiye Effectuate, v. t Pūrā k ; anjām ko pahunchānā, zuhūr men lānā; karānā.

Efficacious, a. Bī-tāsīr, asar paidā k w, muassii, jisse untija-i-maqsūd paidā ho, kār-gar; qawī, jo kisī manshā ke pūrā kaine ke liye bakhūbī kāfī ho.

Efficacy, a Quwwat-rasar, tasîr, jis asar kā zuhūr men ānā magsūd ho uskā paidā k ; tāsīr-garī, natīj m ke paidā karne kī quwwat.

Efficiency, n Tāsīr-garī, natīja-1-maqsūd ke zuhūr men lāne kī quwwat;

musta'ıdı wa qabiliyat, kai-guzaii

Efficient, a. Natīja paidā k w , asar paidā k w ; kār-guzār ; musta'idī se kām k. w , majhūl sust yā nā-lāiq nahīn; jismen musta'idī aur kārguzărî ho

Effiux, n. Bah-kar nikal-jānā, khuiūj.

Efflux of time-Inqizā nanyām; mi'ād kā guzar jānā, tamādī, waqt-i-mu'aıyana se khārij yā mutajāwiz ho-jānā. This suit is barred by efflux of time - Is nālish ki mi'ād guzar gayī, is nālish men hadd-i-samā'at 'āriz hai

Effort, n. Jismānī yā zihnī tāgat kā kām men lānā; mihnat ke sāth koshish; jidd-o-jahd, kisi maqsad ke anjām ke liye hāth pair hilānā, sa'ī, koshish; daur-dhūp.

Effrontery, n. Gustākhī, shokhī, be-hayāyī; be-sharmī, dhithāyī

Egregious, a Barā; 'awām se barā; 'ajīb-o-garīb; ashadd yā shiddat se; qābil-i lihāz; sangīn, palle sire kā, 'azīm.

In a bad sense, and often applied to persons.

Egregiously, ad. Bahut hī, bajā hī, shiddat se; sakht; itnā ki uspar sharm ave

Usually in a bad sense.

Egress, n. Bāhar jānā yā nikal jānā; kisī ghuī huyī yā qaid kī jagah se chale jāne kā ikhtiyār, nikās; khurūj; bar āmad.

Eigne, a Sab se barā, jethā, akhar. "An epithet used in law to denote the eldest son" Webster.

Eject, v t. 1,-Aiāzī yā makān waguna kī milkīyat yā uske qabze se mahı am k ; be dakhl k , qabza utha d ; qabze se kharij k ; nikal d 2 - Nikil d , khārij kai d., badar k , dūi kar-d ; mardūd kaike

nıkāl d., rad k

Ejection n. Be dakhli; zabar-dastī jā hukūmat se be-dakhl kiyā jānā; se mahıümi. gabze se mahrūmī. Ejectment, n. 1 — Ikināj, nikālnā; bāhar k.; be dakhlī; ikhiāj; qabze

2 — (Law) Woh nālish jo jāe-dād-i-gair-manqūla ke qabze ke dilā pāne kī nisbat ho aur jismen qabza i-nā-jāiz kī wajh se jisqadai khisāta pare uske wa kharcha-i nālish ke bhī dilā pāne ka da'wā' kiyā jāwe. The lessee for years has brought an ejectment for his being ejected before the

expiration of his term - Mustāju-1-mī ādī ne nālish-1 daķhl-yābī is bunvād per ki hai ki woh qabl-i-inqizā-î-mī'ād be dakhl kiyā gajā Ejector, n (Law) Be-dakhl karane wala, woh shakhs jiski wajh se kovi

apnī zamin ke gabze se mahrum kiyā jāe. Eke, v. t. 1.—Karhāuā, zīyāda k ; taraqqī d.

2 - Jis kisī shai kī kamī yā qillat ho usmen aur milā kar use pūrā kai-d ; jisqadai daikār ho use pūtā k., milā-kar baihā d.

Generally with out

Elaborate, v t 1.-Mihnat se paidā k.

2 — Jān fishānī karke takmīl k.; kisī shai men khūb mihnat kaike uskā takmila k , kisī shai ko mutawātir 'amal ke zaiī'e se (use bār bīr karke) taraqqī yā iaunaq d.

Elaborate, a Mihuat se banāyā yā taiyār kiyā huā; jo baiī ihtiyāt se khātime ko pahuńchījā gayā ho, jo thīk thik pūrā utārā gayā ho; mukammal; mukallaf; nıhāyat 'umda yā ma'qūl.

Elapse, v. i. Guzamā; guzar-jānā; mungazī h., bītnā; ho jānā; jātā rahnā; nikal jānā; be malūm chalā jānā.

Used chiefly in reference to time.

Blastic, a. Lachîlā, dam-dār; jismen yah quwwat ho ki kham kiye dabāye yā phailāye jāne ke ba'd jab use chhor den to phir apnī asli hālat par ho-jāe.

Elbew, n 1 — Kuhnī yā kohnī; mirfaq. [tarah harakat kare. 2 — Pakh, mor; kham; kohnī; koyī shan jo kuhnī sī ho yā uski

To be at the elbow-Nihāyat hī nazdīk h , qarīb hi h., bagal men h.; pās hi manjūd rahnā — To be up to the elbow - Tamām-tar masiūf yā dūbā rahnā; hama-tan mashgül yā fidā rahnā

Elbow, v. t. Kuhnî se dhakkā d.; dhakkā de khwāh haṭā kar dūr kar-d.; kisī par tūt paņnā.

Elder, a Düsie ki nisbat 'umr men barā; dūsre se ziyāda musin; akbar. Opposed to younger,

Elder, n. 1-Dūsie ki nisbat 'umr men ziyada.

Mūris; buzurg; purkhā.

ì

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Elderly, ad. Kisiqadar bürhā, jiski 'umr ansat se ziyāda ho; musin; sın rasıda, adher, jisko kuchh kuchh burhapa ata ho.

Elect, v t. 1 - Chun lena, bahut so logon men se pasand kar-lena: chhānt kar nikāl lenā; ba-muqābala dūsre ke achchhā samajbkai pasand kai-lenā, taijīh d.; intikhāb k.

2 - Kisî mansab ya 'uhde ke liye muntakhab k. bahut se logon men se chhant lena, tahını yazıbanı rae de-kar pasand ya ıntıkhab k. Election, n. 1 - Pasand, min jumla auron ke ek ya zaid ka intikhab.

2 —Kisi tarīq par izbār-tarjīb kar-ke (masalan qur'a yā chitthī dalkar khwah hath uthakar ya zahani) ek shakhs ko kisa mansab ya 'uhde ke liye muutakhab k fintikhāb yā 'amal kaine kī āzādī,

3 — Chunne yā muntakhah karne kā ikhtiyār; apnī khās ragbat:

4 —Ihtiyāt yā tamīz ke sāth intikhāb, tamīz

Electioneer, v i Kisî 'ahde ya maasab par maqairai hone ke liye ummedwāron ke intikhāb ke waqt kisi uinmedwār i khās kī māmūrī ke liye tahilk (sa'i sifarish) ya tadbir k. tikbāb 'atā kiyā jāwe.

Elective, a 1.—Pasaud par manque ya manha-ai; jo ba-zarî'a-1-in-

Opposed to hereditary

An elective office - Woh 'ulida pispar koyî shaklis balint se ummedwaron men se chun kai muqairai kiya jawe,

2 — Jismen intikhāb kā iqtidār kām men līyā jāwe, chumie kā: An elective act - Channe kā kām; fi'l i-intikhāb.

Electively, ad Pasaud so, ek ko düsre par taijih de kar.

Elector, n Muntakhab k w , intikhāb kā haq i. w.; intikhāb men shirkat kā haq r w ; kisī unimedwār i-mansab ke haq men iāe dene kā mustahaq, kisi mulk men woh shakhs je rae dene ki qinunan mujiz ho. Eleemosynary, a 1.—Khairat se muta'alliq, khanat ki taqsim ke hiye maqsüd, (khanātī,

2. - Jo khanāt ke taur par diyā jāe; jiskī bunyād khairāt par ho;

3 -Jiski parwansh khanat se ho.

Eleemosynary, n Khanat par angat-basari k. w , khanat-khor.

Blegance, In 1 - Nafasat, umdagi, woh husn ya khub-suiti jo un baton ke bil-l-kul na hone se parda ho jinse bad-surti ya bure khayāl paudā hon, weh zīnat jo san'at yā 'amal se paudā ho; safāyī; suthrā-pan, latāfat; khūbī; shuttagī, husu uslūbī yā khushuslūbī. [like."

"Said of manners, language, style, form, architecture, and the Elegance of manuers or behaviour-Khush waz'i, khush tariqgi; akhlaq oādāb yā mahast-o-barkhāst men woh khūbi (achhāyī) jo 'umda ta'līm aur suhbat kā natīja ho Elegance of language - Khush-tahrīrī yā khush-taqrīrī; likhne ya bolne men 'umdagi - Eleganoe of speaking - Khush-bayani va khush-taqrīrī, bolne ki hālat men alfāz-i-sahīh wa munāsib aur 'umd i kā isti'māl aut unkā husn-uslūbī se adā aut malfūz k Elegance of composition -Khush-tahrīrī, tahrīr men 'umda 'umda wa sahih aur munāsih alfāz kā isti'māl. Elegance of form - Khūb sūrtī ; khush-q it'ī; sudaul-pan, sugh: āpan.

2 —Woh shar jo apnī 'amdagī sudauli suthrāpan yā khub-sūrti ki wajh se khush-numā yā khūsh-āyand ho (achohhī lage yā ma'lūm de)

In this sense it has a plural (elegarcies).

Elegant, a. (a) Shusta: muhazzab, bhalā, ķhush, pismen khulq pāyā jāe—jaise atwār (b) Suthiā, pāk, 'umda, natīs, sahīh, shusta—juse

ibārat yā tahnīr (c) Munāsabat aur achchhī adā se khush-kalami kw—jaise muqarin (taqrīr yā kalām kw, bolne w)—(d) Sudaul; hasīn; khūb-sūrat; muqatta—; aise shakl—(e) Khush numā, sūrat am raugat kā achchhā, khūb sūrat—jaise phūl—(f) 'Umda, nafis, besh qīmat aur zebārsbī—jaise makān wagaira le ārāish kī chīzen

Elegantly, ad Alse tariq par ki usse dil khush ho, khush uslübi ke sath, kamal mauzūniyat ke sath, 'umda ya 'umda tariq par, nafasat ke sath, nafasat se, latafat ya khūbi ke sath

Element, n 1 - Kisī shar kā asl-i-usūl yā sab se chliotā hissa.

2 —Shar-r-mufiad, woh shar jisse kisi murakkab shar ki tarkib ho 3.—Juzw-r-ba-it, juzw-r-lāyatajazea

4 — (pl.) Kısı 'ılm ya hunar ke usul klıwah ıbtıdayı qana'ıd. [atash.) 5 — (pl.) Aıba' 'anasır ya'nı panı hana mıttı anı âg (alı 'bad khak

6.—Woh halat ya maqain jisko kovi shar bi-t tab' qabiil kare ya jismen woh ba-tarzi munasib rah sake.

7.--Khākā; dhānchā [fī aslihī, ba-zāt i-khās gāim.

Elementary, a 1 — Mufrad, jiskā dūstā jūzw na ho, gair murakkab,

2.—Kisī shai ke usūl se muta'alliq; ibtidājī, shuiū' kā, jismen ibtidājī usūl yā qawā'id dākhil hon [usūl ke muta'alliq tasnīf k w

3—Usāl ko yakjā karke unko tartīb dene yā unkī tauzīh k w, Elevate, v t 1.—Balaud k, ä'lā darje yā nutbe ko pahunchībā—jaise Lisī shikhs ko. [tanaf rujū' k.—jaise tabī'at ko

2.—Taraqqī d, tahzib d yā k zalīl khayālāt se 'umda khayālāt kī

3.—Buzuig jā baitai banānā, 'urūj d', waq'at d 4.—Khush k', zinda dil k—jaise tabīat ko

4.—Khush k, zinda dil k—jaise tabiat ko
5.—Unchā k., baland k, uthānā charhānā yā barhānā—jaise āwīz

Elicit, v t. Zīhu k ; munkashif k.; khol d , jis bīt kā zāhir karnā kisi ko manzūr na ho usse khineh-khāneh-kur (fiki kar ke) us bīt kā kahlānā bahs yā dilīl kar-ke kisi mauhūm bāt ko sāf kai d , 'uqda — kushāyi k

It is difficult to elect truth from such false witnesses—Aise jhūthe gawāhon se sachehī bāt kā kahlānā mushkil hai Eligibility, a 1.—Kisī mansab ke liye pasand yā muntakhab kiye jāne

kī salīhiyat, liyāgat yā qābiliyat-i-qānūnī. 2 — Pasand kiye jāne kī munāsabat yā gābilīvat, woh bāt jisl ī wajh se

ek chīz dūstī chīz kī mebat murajjah (zīyāda qābil-i pasand)samjhī jāne. Engible, a 1 — Pasand ke qābil jisko auron ke muqābil muntakhab kiye

jane ki salahıyat hoj qanuni liyaqat r. w , qanun ke iü se qabil ya laiq This person is not eligible to the post of a Munsif-Qanun ke ru se yah

shekha Munafi ke laiq nahin hai.

2 — Pasand ke laiq, pasandi la; murajjah; mustahsan; ma'qūi,

munāsib; auiā [nāsib pai wāqi' hai
The house stands in an eligible situation—Woh makān manqa'-i-ma'qūl yā mu-

Riope, v. i Jis jagah par rahuā farz ho wahān se bhāg yā chup chāp nikal jānā; ki-ī vyāhī 'aurat kā apne shauhar ko chhorkar bhāg jānā aur apne āshnā ke sāth iahnā, kīsī be-byāhī 'aurat kā apne ghar se

一切人人

khufyatan yā bilā ijāzat nikal-jākar apne āshnā se shādī kar-lenā yā uske sāth tahnā [runs away with a lover"—Webster

Said especially of a woman, either marited or unmained, who belo sement, a Jahan tahna futz ho wahan se ching kar ya bila ijazat chale jana masalan kisi zanja ka apne shanhar ya kisi latki ka apne hap ke ghar se ching chap ya bila ijazat nikal bhagna aur apne ashna ke sath tahua

goquence, n Fisahat; khush taqini; lassani; khush bayani; goyayi; husu ya shirin kulami [shirin -zaban; balig.

E oquent, a 1 — Khush-hayān, khush taqın, goya, shirin-guftar, fasih,

2 — Jisse josh i-tabī at kā izhāi fasāhat aui zor ke sāth ho, jismen fasāhat aui balīgat ho, jishī 'ibārat chust aur bā tāsīi ho.

Else, a & pr Dūsiā, aur, ck yā uske siwā ani koji.

Who else is coming? — Am kaun (dusrā kaun yā fulān ke siwā aur koyī) ātā hai? Else, ad & con; I — Siwā, 'alāwa; jiskā zikr hochukā ho usko chhorke dūsrā, am bhī

The plaintiff alone has appeared and no one clse-Mudda'i ke siwa (mudda'i ko chhorkar) anr koyî hazir nahîn har [hota to.

2.—War na, wagan na, nahīn to, dūsnī hālat men, agar atsā na The plantiff failed to appen, clsc he should have got his case—Midda'i hāzir na huā war na woh appā muqaddama jīt jātā (īgar mudda'i hāzir hotā to uskā muqaddana sar-sabz hojātā)

Elsewhere, ad 1 - Kahin am, aur kahin, düsti jagah

Such false witnesses we not to be found elsewhere—Aise jhuthe gaush am kalin (düsii jagah) nahin milte [jagahon med,

2 — Jā-ba-jā, aise dūsre maqāmāt par jinkā ta'aiyun na ho, aur aur It is reported here and elsewhere—Yah khabar yahān aur aur jagahon men phali har

Elucidate, v t. Sāf yā wāzih k., muhmalāt ko dūr kaike saif'u-l fahm kai-d, tashih k; raushan k, bāl khol d, tauzih k.

An example will clucidate the subject - Yah mazmun ek tamsil se saf ho-jaega, yah bat ek misal se samaja men ajaega

Elucidation, n. Kisī muzabzab mazmūn ko sāf sāf bayān k yā uskī tauzih k, tashrīh; tauzīh; tamsīl, imsāl dekai matlab khol d

Elude, v t 1 — Hīla makt yā chālākī se hach yā bachā jānā, chhip kur bach jānā; hāth se nikal-jānā, nikal bhāgnā, khisak jānā, tal junā, tāl d.; kār-gar na hone d, mahtūm k

To elude detection — Zahir hone se kisī tarah bach jānā To elude an officer — Kisī afsar ke pauje se koyī dhang nikāl-kar bach jānā (uske hāth na ānā jā na lagnā) To elude a blow — Kisī kī wār bachā jānā.

2 — Na khulnā, munkashif na h., nazar se bach jānā, zāhir na h.; bilā tauzīh parā r

That come has hitherto cluded discovery—Woh jurm abtak zāhir na huā (nahin khulā) The point has cluded the best lawgivers—'Umda-tarīn shān'in us būt ki tauzīh na kar-sake.

3 —Yakāyak bhāg-kar mahrūm k ; daf'atan firār ho kar dhokhā d. To elude pursuit—Yakāyak bhāg-kar pīchhā karne wāle ke hāth na lagnā

Emaciate, v v Badan ke gosht kā āhista āhistā ghat jānā, ranj khwāh sugūt-i-ishtihā (bhūkh ke na lagne) yā kisi dūsre sabab se dublā hojānā; badan kā ghat-jīnā yā tahlil hojānā; ghul yā gal-jānā

Emaciate, v t. Ghulā yā galā d., badan kā gosht tahlīl karke dublā kar-

d ; lāgar kar d [tahlīl ho-jānā. Emaciation, n. Lāgarī, dublā-pan, ranj wagaira se gosht (badan) kā Emanate, v. i Kisī masdar se nikalnā, kahīn se paidā h , paidā h ; ni-

kaluā; jārī h., sādīr h Imanomate. v. t. 1. — Kisī ādī

Emancipate, v t 1 — Kisī āgā kā apne gulām ko khud ba khud āzād kard, gulāmī se āzād kard; kisī qaid yā rukāwat se barī kard.; iihāyi d. 2 — Kisī aisī shai se khalās kajiskā asar binā yā nā-jāiz ho; najat

yā makhlasī d. [chhutkārā, barait.

Emancipation, a Äzād k yā honā, āzādî; makhlasī, nhāyī; najāt, Embank, v t Bāndh hāndhnā, pushta—handī k; band k, pushta yā mend ke zanī'e se hifāzat k, gil-andāzī k; band banānā

Embankment, n 1 —Gil andāzī, pushta-bandī; bāndh bauānā

2.—Bāndh pushta band yā mendh jo sailāb se hifazat ke hye yā kisī aur garaz se banāyī jāwe

Embark, v t. 1 — Jahāz yā kashtī par sawāi kaiānā

2 — Ki-i kām men mushgūl yā sharīk k., kisī kām men lagānā To embai k friends or money in an enterprise — Kisī bare kām men doston ko

sharik k yā rupaye lagānā

Embark, v : 1.—Jahāz yā kashtī par sawār h. [dālnā yā qadam r. 2.—Kisī kār-o bār men masiūt h.; shatīk h.; kisī kām nied hāth The young man embarked rashly in a wild speculation, and was ruined—Woh kain-sin shakhs be-samjhebūjhe ek bebūda rozgār men masiūf hokar tabāh

Embarrass, v t l — Uljhānā; pher men dālnā; pechīdagī men dālnā yā pechīda k.; ghabrānā; pareshān k , darham-barham k , āshufta khwāh pareshān-khātir k , mutaraddid k

2 — Zer bār k ; qaiz se dabā d , taqāzon yā shadīd mutālabon se aisā tang kar-rakhuā ki madyūn apne dujūn (qarz) na de sake; aisā

kar-d kı qarz adä na ho-sake

"Said of a person or his affairs In mercantile language, a man or his business is embarrassed when he cannot meet his pecuniary engagements" Webster.

Embarrassment, n 1 — Pareshāuī, bahāuī; abtarī; uljhāw; āshufta-khātrī, pechīdagī, qabāhat.

2.—Woh pareshānī jo adā-i qarz kī be-istitā'tī se pardā ho, woh harrānī jo be maqdūrī yā kuchh roz tak qarz adā na kar sakne kī wajh se kisī madyūn ko lāhiq ho.

Embassador, in Elchī, safīi; wakil; 'alal-khusūs woh iukn-i-saltanat jo Ambassador, i ek bādshāh ke huzūr se dūsre bādshah ke huzūr men bataur qāim-maqām-i-shāhī umūr-i-riyāsat ke insirām ke liye bhejā jāwe.

Embassadors are called ordinary (safir yā wakīl-i-'ām) when they reside

permanently at a foreign court, and extraordinary (safir ya wakil 1-khas) when they are sent on a special occasion

Embassy, n I — Elchi-gari, safarat; wakalat.

2 — Wob shakhs yā ashkhās jo elchī yā safīi banākai bheje jāwen. Embellish, v t Aiāsta k ; sanwārnā; āiāish d., zebāish d.; sajāna, khūbsūrat banānā, singāi k ; zewar wagana pahnā ke ārasta-o-pīlāsta k Embellishment, n 1 — Āiāstagī; sajāwat, banāwat; singār.

2 — Galiuā; zewar, zebāish kī chīz, woh shai jisse ķhūb-sūrtī yā nafāsat barhe, woh chīz jisse koyī shai khushuumā ma'lūm de yā

'am tarah par pasandida ho

Embezzle, v. t. Jo shar kısı ko hıfazat ke liye sipurd kıgayı ho uska azrah-ı fareb apne kam men lana, amanat men khıyanat k.; khıyanat ke zarı'e se apne tasarruf men lana, khıyanat k; gabn k., tasarruf k; tagullub k, pacha jana, hazm k, dab barthıra, kha jana.

The treasurer has embezzled some public money—Wolt khazānchī kuchh sar-

kād tupaye hazm gabn yā tasattuf kar-gayā (dāb batthā)

Embezzlement, n Fareb ki iāh so us shai kā apne kām (tasarruf) men lähā jo ba-guiaz-i-hifāzat wa ihtimām sipurd kī-gayī ho; gabn, tasariuf, amānut men ķhiyānat, tagallub, tasariuf-i-bejā

"Embezzlement denotes a wrongful appropriation of what is al-

ready in the wrong-doer's possession" Webster

Emblem, n 1 — Koyî shar yā kısî shar kî shabîh jiske dekhue se kısî düsrî shar yā sifat wagaira kā khayāl ho; kojî shar jo kısî düsrî shar kî hamsıfat mutasawwar hokar ba-jāc uske kām men lājî jāc; taswîr wagarra jisse kisî düsrî shar kā khayāl paidā ho, 'alāmat, nishānī.

A balance is an emblem of justice - Tarāzū msāf kī mshām ha: A crown is the emblem of royalty - Tāj i-shābī se furmān rawāyī kā ķhaytī hotā har ya'nī uskā pahinne wālā bādshāh samjhā jātā hai.

Emblematic,) a. 1 — Shabih se muta'allıq ya jismen shabih ho; Emblematical,) jismen shabihen kam men liyi jaen.

Emblematic worship - Kisi shai ki shabih ki 'ibādat', munat (murti) ki puja 2 -- Jisse koji aisi shai zāhir ho jo bataur rawāj ke 'umuman

samjbī jātī ho, ham-qism (ek tarah kī) sifuton par dalālat k. w

A crown is emblemetre of royalty—Tāji-shāhi se 'um'uman saltanat samjhi jāti hai. Whiteness is emblemetre of purity—Supedi tahārat ki 'alāmat hai (uspar dalālat kartī hai).

Embody, v t 1 — Mujassam k , jism men dāķhil k.

2-Jam'k, yak-jāk, ekatthāk.; ek men k joinā yā shāmilk.

Embrace, v t 1.—Bagal-gītī k.; ham-āgoshī k., muhabbat yā pyār se chhātī se lagānā, gale lagānā; ham-kanār b

2 —Shauq se ikhtiyār k, dil se qabūl k, khushī se taslim k, jo kuchh pesh āye use ragbat se lenā, ba-khushī mustafīd h [khayāl r

3 — Kısı bât men shauq ya sargarmi se lipte rahna, kısı bat par dil se 4. — Shamil r., dakhil r.; mushtamil h [k. jaise ahl-i-jūrī par

5.—(Law) Rishwat wagaira dekar dabāw pahunchāne ki koshish Embrace, v. i Bagal-gii b.; ham āgosh h; gule laynā

Embrace, n. Bagal-gîrî; ham-āgoshî; chhātī yā gale se lagānā.

マートラー ここ こうちのはないというないのできないというない

Embroider, v t Süyî ke kam ke bel-bûte banana, chiqan banana, kar chob banana, zar-dozî ya tesham ka kam kapre wagana par sûyî se banana, bel-bûte karhua. [chob

Embroiderer, n. Sūjī kā kām banāne wālā, chiqan-doz; zar doz; kar-Embroidery, n. Kapie wagaita par sunahie yā rupahle tār khwah resham wagaita ke bel būte gul-phūl sūyī se banānā; zar-dozī; chiqandozī; kashīda-kārī, kār-chob-kārī [hotī har, paudhe kā gābhā

Embryo, n. Man ke pet men jandar kî woh halat jo janin ban-jane ke pahle
In cmb, yo - Khayal men par takmil ko na pahuncha hua; sihn men par bila

takmīl; mihz ibtidāyī hālat men, jiskā 'uqda na khulā ho Emendation, n Kisi tahrīl se galatī wagaira kā dūr kar-d., tabādala, lafzon kā badaluā, sihhat, durustī.

Emerge, v i Pini wagana se mkalnā; kisī ansī shan ke bāhar mkal ānā jismen koyī chīz dūni chhipī yā lapetī rahī ho; mkalnā; paidā h, chhipe rahne ke ba'd namūdānh, tānikī kī hālat se mkal-kan numā-yānh.; bar-āmad h

Emergency, n 1.—Nikalnā, namūdār h; yakāyak namūdār h yā ubharnā 2 — Koyī aisī bāt jiskī nisbat fauran kār-rawāyī yā tadbīr karnī pare; zarūrat-i-ashadd; barī zaiūrat.

In case of emergency, or in an emergency - Jab zai urat-i-ashadd ho.

3—Aisî bāt jo yakājak zuhūr men āwe; wā'qi'a-i-gur-mutaraqqaha, nāgahānī, hādisa-i-ittifāqiya, us bāt kā hojānā jo pahlese sūjh na parī ho Emergent, a Zaiūnī, tang, jismen bilā-tiwaqquf kār iawājī daikāi ho, jiskī nisbat fauian tadbīr karnī pare, ittifāqiya, jiskī zuhūr men āne (ho ne) kī ummed pahle se na rahī ho, iihāyat zarūrī, ashadd-i zarūrat kā Emigrant, a 1—Jilā-i-watan k w se muta'alliq.

An emigrant slip, or hospital — Woh jahāz jispar jilā-ī-watan sawār hokar apne mulk se bāhai jācō yā woh shitā khāua jismen alse logon kā mu'ālaja ho

2.—Jilā-i-watan k w., ek mulk se dūsre mulk men jākar r. w.

An emigrani nation—Woh qaum Jiske log apne watan ko chhor düsre mulk men ja basen,

Emigrant, n See supra No 2

Emigrate, v i Rahne ki garaz se ek mulk yā riyāsat ko chhorkar düsre mulk yā riyāsat i-gair men chale jānā, jilā i-watan k ; tark-i-watan k.

Emigration, n Ek mulk yā 113 āsat ke bāshindon kā us mulk yā 113 āsat ke chhor-kar dūsie mulk yā gair 113 āsat men jā-basnā, jilā 1-watan, tark-i-watan.

Eminence, n 1.—Unchi jagah; balandi

2.—'Ālī mantaba, logon men buzurgī; rutbe 'uhde yā nāmwanī men 'awām par fazīlat, pāya; 'urūj, bartanī, nām yā nām-warī, shuhrat; taijih; angusht numāyī

Eminent, a. 1.—Unchā, buland; rafī'.

2—'Ā ī-martaba; jalīlu-l-qadī; 'ālī-shān; mumtāz, saī-balaud, sarfarāz; zī qadr; su-l-qadr; mashhū; nāmī-guāmī; nām-war.

Eminently, ad. Nihāyat hī, barā hī; bahut hī, auron se kahīn ziyāda (barh kar), isqadar ki logon ke madd-i-nazar ho-jāe.

Emssary, n Woh shakhs jo kliufy tan khabar-lekar ya kisi kam ke anjam ke liye bheja jac, woh kai paidaz jo is gaiaz se muqarrar ho ki apne aqa ki bihbūdi ki tadbir ikhfa ke sath (parde men) kaie.

Emit, v / Nikālnā; phenkuā, khān k

Fire emits heat and smoke - Ag si garmi aur dhuan mkalta har

Emolument, a Woh nai jo 'uhde yā naukatī so ho, woh rupayo jo bataur mu'āwaza i khidimat milen; jo kuchh 'amadauī kisī 'uhde ke muta'alliq ho masalau zar-i-mushāhara wa ruqūm-i-bālāyī (tusūm wagura) jo 'alāwa zar i mastūr dilāye jāwen, mauāfi', fāida.

Empanel, v. ! See Impanel.

Emperor, n Shahanshah, qaisar

Emphasis, n 1 — Woh zor jo taqrir men un khūs khās alfāz yā kalāmon par divā jūtā hai jinkī taiaf qāiī ko apne sāmi'in kā makhātab kaiānā mauzūr ho, tākīd-i-lafzī. [kaiāyā jās

2—Kovî khās qiem kā asar jo kalām yā khayālat men paidā To dwell on a subject with great emphasis—Kisi bāb men (kisī mazmūn kī nisbat) bare shadd-o-madd se tahtā yā taqrīr k (nihāyat zor yā barī tākīd se kuchh likhnā yā kahnā)

Emphatic,) a Jo tākīd se kahā jīc, jo tākīd kī nazar se ek ķhās Emphatical, j qism ke lahje se kahā yā bolā jāc, qamī, mazbūt, aisī tarah par ki asar kaie (muassir ho)

An emphano tone - Woh lahja jisse kalām men tākul pājī jāe

Emphatically, ad Tākīd se, mazbūtī se, zor-r-kulām ke sāth, nihāyat hī, darja-r-gāyat kā [shāhī.

Empire, n 1 — Darja-i-ā'lā kī hukūmat, saltanat ; farmān-rawāyi, shāhan-2 — Shāhanshān kī 'amal-dārī yr uskā qalam rau; saltanat

Employ, v. t 1 — Ması üf k ; masbgül k kām meň lagānā , kısī shar meň lagānā yā ması üf k., kısī shagl men musta'mal yā sarf k.

He is employed in writing a judgment — Woh ek tajwîz ke likhne men masrûf (mashgûl yā lagā) hai

2 —Kısı kām ke kune men ba-taur ale ya zari'e ke kām men lana; kısı ehiz ke banane ke kye ba-taur asbab (masaith) ke kām men lana

A pen is employed in writing—Qulam biline ie kām men lāyā jājā hii; qalam āla i-tahrli hai (usse likhte hiii)—Medicines are employed in curing disease—Bimāriyon ke aclichliā kaine men dawāen kām men lāyī jātī hiii; adwiyāt zarī'a-i-sihhat-i amrāz haii. Bricks are employed in building—Int 'imāiat ke banāne men kām men lāyī jātī hai,

3 — Kısı khidmat men laganı, karo-bar ke anjam ke hiye ba-taur kar-pardaz mulazım ya qaım-muqam ke muqarıan ki, ikhtiyar di ya sıpard ki, apnı taraf se karo-bar ke anjım ka ikhtiyar di [mashgulk.

To employ one's self - Apne waqt aur tawajjuh ko sarî k ; apnı tayın masını ya

Employ, n. Mulāzamat, khidmat, naukarī

EMPLOYE, (em'ploy-ā) n [Fr.] Mulāzim; naukar, khidmat guzār;

woh shakhs jo mulāzimat men (naukar) rakkhā jāe [koyī rahe

Employer, n. Khāwiud, āgā, māhk, naukar r w; jiskī mulāzamat men

Employment, n. l.—Mashgūl k. yā rahnā, naukar rakhuā yā rahnā;

kām men lānā yā lāyā jānā

The Water Branch

2 - Mashgala; shagl; jismen waqt ya tawijuh saif ho; pesha;

kām ; roz-gā: ; kār o-bār, mulāzamat, naukatī

Empower, v t Ikhtiyār d; mukhtār k. yā banānā; mujāz k; ikhtiyāt-1-qānūnī d, qānūn kamīsban mukhtār-nāma aslī istīhqāq yā ijāzat-izabānī ke zaife se ikhtiyāi d

Empress, n. Qaisai, sultān

Empress of India - Qarar-i-Hind

- Empty, a. 1 Jismen kuchh na ho; jiske bhītar koyī shai na ho, khāli, bharā nahīn, pur nahīn, chhūchhā; tihī.
 - "Said of an enclosure, as a box, 100m, house, &c." Webster.
 - 2.—Jo tāsīr sachāyī yā ma'nī se khālī ho, be-tāsīn, gau-sādiq; behūda yā be-ma'nī jaise alfāz wagana. [mirā; mahz; be-asl.

3 — Jisse tabi'at khush yā āsūda na ho; jisse dil ko itmīnān na ho, 4.—Whān, ujār; gan ābād-jaise koyī jagah. [mir, be-bār.

5.—Jismen kuchh padā na ho; jismen phal na lagen, gair-mus-

Said of a plant or tree

6.—'Aql yā 'ılın wagaıra se khāli; be-dımāg, be-magz, jāhıl. [khām 7 — Jismen asliyat na ho, jiskā mujūd wāqi'i na ho, be asl, khāli,

Empty, v t Khālî k , kisî shai ke mazi ûf ko usmen se nikāl l., jo kuchh kisî shai men ho usko usse nikāl-kar bahar kar-d , undelnā, unhaluā. [yā bahānā

Empty, v t 1.—Apne mazitif ko nikal ya baha d., apna pani guana

2.—Khālī ho-jānā

Empty-handed, α Jiske hāth men kuchh na ho, tihī dust; khālī hāth. Emulate, v. t Sifāt yā af'āl men dūsie ke baiābai jā nese baih kar hone +ī koshish k; kisī kā ham-sar yā usse baitai hone kī gaiaz se uskī tatabbu' k., muqūbala k, baiābaiī k., jor milānā

Emulation, n 1.—Barābarī, ham-sarī, kisī se barh kar hone kī khwā-

hish aur koshish, hamsari yā fazilat kā hausala

2 — Jhagrā; munāqasha, taqābul, raqābat, shauq, dūsie ki barā-

barī anı uske dabā dene kā shauq

Emulous, a 1.—Düste kî tarah kisî bāt ke kame yā uske barābar khwāh usse barh-kar houe kā barā hausala r. w; düste hî kī mānud kisi bāt men charh-barh kar houe kā shāiq yā khwāst-gāt.

2 —Barābarī yā raqābat k. w , hamsar , jaug jo

Enable, v t Kībī kām ke lāiq k., zaiī'a yā manqa' wagana d.. kāfī jismānī yā zihnī tāqat d., ikhtiyār d; mujāz k, lāiq k, salāhiyat d.

With a remoter object preceded by to.

Enact, v t. Qānūn banānā, hukm i-qīnūn d ; kisī musawwada i-qānūn ko badarja-i-ākhir mauzūi kaike nāhz k , kisī musawwada i qānūn kī nisbat wāzi'ān-i qānūn kā woh h'l-i-ākhir k Jisse us musawwade ko jawāz i-qānūn hāsil bo; kisī musawwada-i-qānūn kā min-jānib-i-wāzi'ān mauzūr kiyā Jānā; bukm d ; waz' k

Enactment, z.1 — Kisi musav wada-i-qânûn kā ba-martaba-i-ākhir manzūr ho-kar qānûn ban-jānā, rāe aur bukm de-kar kisi qānûn ko jāiz aur nāfiz

qarāi d.

2.—Āyin, qanun; hukm-i qanun.

Enactor, n Wāzi'-ı qānūn, jiske bukm se koyi qānūn nāfiz aui sā-

Enemour, v t 'Ashiq k. yā banānā; farefta yā maftun k.; lubbā 1;

With of, or with before the person or thing.

ENAUTER DROIT, [Lat] (Law) Düsre ke istihqaq ke rü se

Encamp, v t Khaima-zan bo.; mugim aur mukhim h., kuch ki halat men khaima nasab kaike fāuj kā rāt bhai yā ziyida arse tak qijam k.

Encamp, v. v Khama gurnā (mukhim b.); kuch kī hālat men fan; ko khaime men utāi d yā muqim k,

Encampment, n 1 .- Khauna-zan h.; dere-khaime gar kar rahna

2.-Khama-gāh; parāw, chhānnī, lashkar gāh; dere-khame nagaire jo lashkat ke qiyam ke liye nasab kiye jaen med se ENCEINTE. [F1] (Ung sant) a. flamila, pan se bhan, pet se; um-Encircle, v. t 1 - Bogul-gir k., ham-agosh k

2.—Kisi ke chāion taraf ghūmnā; chāion taraf jāņā yā ānā; gher l

Enclose, v t See Inclose

[kar-d , muhāsara k. Encompass, v t. Kisî ke gird ghûmjana. ghei l , charon taraf se baud Encounter, n. 1 — Magābala, dū-ba dū ā yā ho jāuā, mulāgāt, do yā zīid shakhson kā ittifāqiya yā yakāyak ek düsre se (bāha n) mil jānā (mulāqī h); sāmnā

2.—Mukhāsimāna mulāqāt; laiāyi, jang; mujādalah, ma'rka.

Encounter, v. t 1.—Muqābala k; dū-ba-dū h, bhir-jānā, larāyī men muqābil h , larnā ; jung k.

2 - Munh na mor kar raf' yā daf' karne kī koshish k

To encounter difficulties - Mushkilat ke daf' ya hal karne ki koshish k To encounter obstacles - Qabahaton ke dür karne Li koshish k.

Encounter, v. 1. Muqabil h ; milnā, bhijuā; lainā, jang k.

Encourage, v t. Taqwiyat d , dhātas d , himmat dalna; ummed d.; jān dāl d, sahārā d, jurat daluā; baihāwā d.; pith thok d, dılasa d ; kam-yabî ka tayaqqan karana

Encouragement, 1 - Taqwiyat, sahata, tahrik. dil-dihi, tasalli; barhawa 2 - Woh bāt jisse taqwīyat ho; aisi bāt jisse kisī kām ke karne men dil barhe ya sahata mile jaise mihrbani ka karna taqwiyat khwāh m'ām yā manāh' wagana kā d. dhāras yā tagwīyat d. w.

Encouraging, a 1.—Unimed aur bharosa paida karane w; himmat 2 — Jisse kām-yābī kī ummed kī waih paidī ho; muwāfig; hasbi i hāl Encouragingly, ad. Aisi tarah par ki himmat barhe; aise dhang se ki

matlah barāsī kī ummed pasdā ho

Encroach, v. v Düsre shakhs li haqqijat wa qabze men ahista ahista hāth dālnā, gasab k ; dabā l ; ghus-ānā ; parthuā ; zīyādatī k ; dūsre kī milkiyat par qabza kar-lena, be-jā mudākhalat k ; dūsre kī had par thorā thorā karke barh jānā aur uskī haqqiyat par apnā qabza kar l.; hadd i-munāsib se tajāwuz karke dūsre kī haqqiyat men ghus-jānā.

The defendant has encroached on the plaintiff's land by building a house upon it-Mudda'ā'aiaih ne mudda'i ki samīn par makān banāke woh zamīn dabā li.—The river has encroached on the plaintiff's land-Woh darya mudda'i ki zamin rafta rafta bahā le-gayā; mudda'i ki zamin daryā-burd (daryā shikast) ho-gayi -The plaintiff's land has encroached on the river - Mudda'i

kī zamīn se daryā-barār (daryā bar āmad) he gayā —By taking cognizance of a suit for more than a thousand rupees, the Munsif has encroached on the Sub-Judge's jurisdiction—Ek hazār rupaye se ziyāda kī nālish kī sama'āt se Munsif ne ba muqābala Jaj-i-mātaht ke apne ikhtiyār se tajāwuz kiyā

incroachment, n I — Mudākhalat-i-nā jāiz, dast-daiāzī; dūsre ke hu qūq yā qabze men ba-tadiji mudākhalat k

2 — Woh shai jo düsrī shai men mudākhalat karne se hāsil ho.

3 — (Law) Jis-qadar nājib ho usse ziyāda lenā, kisī ke haq yā qahze men nā-jāiz taiīq par daķhl d (use dabā 1) Encumber, v t 1 — Kisī shai kī harakat yā uske 'amal ko rok d — jaise

bojh se; bojh se dabā d; ioknā, ghabiā d., pareshān kai d 2.—Qarz rilin yā dūsie jāiz mutālabon se bhar d yā zer-bār k;

garz kā bojh (hār) dālnā, zer bāi i duyūn k

The numer's estate is encumbered with debts -- Us na-balig ki jae-dad par qark ka bojh hai (uspar bahut qaiz hai)

Encumbrance, n. I.—Bojh, amr-1-hīng yā māng; koyî bāt jiskî wajh se kāmawānī moshkul aur milijustatalah hojās

se kāi-iawāyī mushkil aur milnat-talab ho-jāc
2.—(Law) Kisī jāe dād par muākhaza yā bāi; woh mutālaba-i-jāiz

jiskā īla muta'all.q i jāe-dād ho, dain i-zimma-i jāedād [par ho Encumbrancer n Woh shakhs jiskā dain yā mutālaba-ī-jāiz kisī jāe-dād End, n 1 —Juzw-i gājat jā ākhn , ākhir hissa ; woh hissa jispar kisī shai

kā khūtima ho jāe, khātima, muhā; had; jiske ba'd kuchh na iah jāe 2—Anjām-i-kār, maāl i-kūi, natīja; phal; natīja-i-ākhir; mā hasal 3.—Hastī jā khushī kā khātima, zawāl, barbādī, nestī; zawal

yā maut kā bā'is 4 —Manshā; maqsad; garaz, nīyat; mudda'ā, natīja-i maqsūd

5 — Jo kuchh bach jāe (hāqī rah jāe yā chhūt jāe), hāqī-haqāyā, banchā-khunchā; reza-purza, chūr-chār, ţukrā; ālāish; jo kuchh kām kā na ho

Odds and ends—Woh bāten jo pūrī pūrī na hon; be-kār bāteh; mutafai rīqāt —
To stand on end—Kharī h, siharnā —End jor end—Ultā-pultā —Ends of
the earth—Rū-1-zamīn par dūr ke mulk —To put an end to—Barbād k; nest
kai-d; tamām bar-d., lāqī na rahne d, thekāne lagā d—To put an end to
one s life—Kisī ko māi dālnā (balāk k; zinda na chhornā)

End, v. t. 1 — Khatın k , khātıme ko pahunchānā; anjām ko pahunchānā, ākhu k , tamām k.

2 — Halāk k , mār dālnā , jān le-l [pahunch jānā

End, v 2. Khatm h ; ākhu h , tamām h , mauqūf h .; band h ., had ko Endanger, v t Khatre men dālnā; jokhim men dālnā; ma'riz i-khatar men dālnā, zawāl men dālnā, aisī bālat men kar d ki nuqān ho

Endeavour, n. 1.—Kisī shai ke hāsil karne men zihnī yā jismānī kosnish, koshīsh; sa ī; jidd-o-jahd

Endeavour. v. z Koshish k.; sa'ī k ; jidd-o-jahd k , iqdām k.

Endeavour, v t Hāsil karne kī koshish k.; anjām kī fikr k ; karne kī pairawī k. [intihā; lā-ta'ad

Endless, a. I.—Jiskī mtihā na ho, jisko pāyān na ho; be-pāyān, lā Applied to length, and to duration.

2 -- Jo hamesha buā kare, jiskī intihā zāhu men na ho; jo barābar hotā jāe, be-had ; jiskā silsila baiābai qāim rahe, [nāsil, 'abas, be fāida

3. Jiskā natīja kuchh na ho; jisve kovī magaid hāsil na ho; lā

4 —Jiskī kuchh manshā na ho, jisse kuchh maqsūd na ho

Endorse, v. t (Correctly andorse q v) 1 -Kisi kāgaz ki pusht (zahr vā pīth) par likhnā, 'ibārat-r-zahrī likhnā

To ender se an acknowledgement of notice - Kimi attila'-name ke zahr par uski rasid (pahunch) likhnā, ittila'-yābi yā ittilā' shud likhnā; kisi ittilā' nāme ki pīth par yah likhnā ki muttali' huā (hāl ma'lūm huā ; ittilā' huyī).

2.-Muntaqıl k., bechi likbua, farokht ki 'ıbarat likhua.

This hundi was endorsed by A to B - Yah hundi Zud ne Bakar ke nam fatokht kī, is hundi par Zaid ne Bikar ke nām kī bechī likhi.

3.—Tasdiq k.; jārī k ; taslim k.; manzūr k., khud manzūr karke madad d; himiyat k

Endorsement, n See Indorsement

Rudow, v t Kisî kar-i-khair wagana ke baqa ke liye rupaye ya unka badal de-d , naqdî band o-bast kur-d ; kısı shar ke qıyam ke live kovi āmadanī uske muta'allıq kaı-d , waqf k.

3.—J thez d ; stuidhan d , mahr d

3.--Koyî sifat ya quwwat wagana 'ata k , bakhshna.

Endowment, n 1 -- Woh mal sar māya yā amadanī jo kisi shar ke dawāmī qıyam ke liye uske muta'allıq kai-dī-jāwe, waqt.

2.—Jahez kā d ; kisī shakhs masalan bewī yā ālim wagaira ke

basar r-angat ke liye naqdî ya ani koyî dawamî band-o bast kar-d.

3.—Khuda-dad jauhar-i-zatī ya sifatī, qudratī ni'mat, qabiliyat; ouwwat 1 tabī'ī

Endurance, u 1.—Qiyam; istihkam; baqa, bai-qaiaii; sabat; rahna ya

10p kā ton rahnā fsabr, sahuā. 2 — Tahammul, bardāsht; taklīf yā musībat men sībit qadamī; Endure, v. t. 1.—Kisî halatmen mazbüt inhua, baidasht k, sahna, uthana,

dabāw wagaira men par kar na tūtnā yā jhuknā (jarse kā taisā rah jānā). 2 -Sabr se sahnā, mutahammil h, chup chāp sah lenā, bardāsht k.

Endure, v. z. 1.—Mazbūt aur mustahkam 1.1hnā; apnī hī hālat par bilāzawāl gāim iahuā, gām yā bur-gaiāi rahuā.

2.—Musibat men säbit qadam rahna ; taklif ko istiqlal ke sätli bardāsht k., kisī āftat ko chup-chāp aur mazbūtī se sahnā.

Enemy, n 1 — Dushman, khasm, 'udū, pske dil men kudūrat ho, jo kisi se burā mānkar uskā nuqsān chāhe yā mazairat pahunchāne kī koshish kare

2 — Jo kisî būt se nafrat yā usko nā-pasand kare

An enemy of, or to, truth or falsehood-Sach ya jhuth ka dushman , jisko sachāy i yā jhuthāyi se nafiat ho - The enemy - (a) Shaitān, iblis, khabis Mukhālif kī fauj , dushman kî sipāh

Energetic, a. 1.—Qawī, jismen chustī pāyī jāe; musta'id, 'āmil; Energetical, mutahanik. sath ho.

2.—Mazbūt, qawi; bā-tāsīr; jiskā 'amal zor quwwat aur tāsīr ke Energetic measures - Mazbūt tadbīren; woh tadbīren jinkā zon aur asar bakhūbi bo.

Energy, n I -Asli quwwat; 'amal karne ya natija paidā karne ki qābilīyat yā magdarat 'am isse ki usse fāida uthāyā jāe yā nabîn.

2 —Kār-ranāgī kī matānat; musta'idī, iqtidār (iķhtiyāi) jo mezbūtī [nat-jaise kisī 'i)āiat kī aur tāsīr ke sāth kām men lāyā jāc.

3.—Zor, tākīd; jān; quwwat i izhār; bayān kī mazbūtī jā matā-Enervate, v. t Tagat ya quwwat khainch lena, kam zor kar-d, tagat ghatā d; za'īf banā d; nā tāqat kar-d.; nā mard kar-d, injūliyat kho d Enfeeble, v. t Vide supra.

Enforce, v t. 1.—Majbūr k.; jabrīya karānā, tākīd se karānā

To enforce obedience to commands—Ahkām kī ta'mīl jabrīyā karānā

2 — Zabardasti se hāsil k. yā nīkālnā, jabrīya jānā.

To enforce a passage into a building, &c. - Kisi 'imarat wagaira men zabar-dasti jānā yī ghus jānā

3.—Tākīd ke sāth pesh k.; zor de-kar kahnā ; zihn-nashīn k

To enforce remarks or arguments – Kusi iāc yā dalil kā tākīd ke sāth zābir k

4.—Nāfiz korāliā, asar-pazīt karānā, jārī yā ta mīl karānā, nafāz dilānā. To enforce the laws - Qawanin ka nafiz ya jari karana (nuko nafaz dilana)

Enforceable, a Nafaz dilaye jane (nafiz karaye jane) ke qabil; qalnlu n nafiz; qābil-i-yrā; jismen jārī yā ta'mīl karāye jāne kī salāhiyat ho Enforcement, n. 1.—Nafiz, ta'mīl, ıjıā; 'amal-darāmad, bartāw.

2.—Woh shai jisse kisi düsri shai ko quwwat wag'at ya tasir ho.

Engage, v t 1.-Shart k., qasam wa'da mu'ahada ya qaul o-qarar se kısı fi'l ke karne ya na kaıne ka 'ahd-o-paıman k., qaul-o-qaıar k, pā-band k ; zabān d , wa da k

2.—Naukar r ; bhartî k , rıfāqat yā madad ke lıye sharîk k ; sāth dene jā imdād kī galaz se dāķhil k. (mu'aiyan yā muqarrar k). Four pleaders have been engaged in this case - Is muquidame men char

wukala muqarrar kıye gaye hain

3 — Mukhātab karānā, apnī taraf khinchnā; kashish k , muta wajih k.; laganā. charh-jana

4 — Mujidala k , muqābala k.; larāyī k.; larnā; hamla āwar h.;

5 — Zāmin h., zāmānat k.; kisī dain kī zamānat k.

Engage, v i 1.-Masıûf lı, shatik h; kısı kām men lagna, muta-

wajjih b , ta'alluq r , kisî kām kā birā yā zimma uthānā

2.—Zabān d yā hārnā, wa'da k.; qaul k yā hāmā, mu'āhada k.; zimma k , zimmadār h.; mau'ūd h., apnī tayīn kisī bāt kā pāband ya zımma-dai k.

3 — Larnā, larāyī shurū' k ; larne lagnā; hamla-īwar h

Engagement, n. 1 - Wa'da, qaul-o-qarar, mu'abada; qarar dad; 191ar; shart, pā-bandī (kām, phansāw, atkāw; lagāw.

2 -Shagl; mashgala, farz; Jismen bahut tawajjuh darkar ho,

3 — Larāyī, 'ām larāyī

"Applied to actions between small squadrons or single ships, rarely to a fight between detachments of land forces." Webster. Engaging, p.a. Dil-rubā; dil-fareb; kashıshr w., khush-kun; jissedil ko khushī Engender, v. t. 1.—Paidā k.; jannā, janmānā, taulīd k.

2—Paidā k yā karānā, kisī shai kā zuhūr kaiānā (uske zubūr kā bā'is h), kisī kī binā dālnā [h, zuhūr men ānā. Engender, v z Sūrat pakarnā; wujūd men ānā; paidā h; zuhūr pazīr Engine, n. 1.—Kal, āla.

2 — Kısı qism kā ala auzār yā hathıyaı jisse koyı natija paidā ho khusūsan woh āla jo zakhun aur halāk karne ke liye maqsūd ho

3.—Koyî chîz jo kisî maqsad ke anjam ke liye kam men layî jûe, wasîla, zarî'a, tadbîr

"The term engine is more commonly applied to massive machines, or to those of great power, or which produce some difficult result" Webster

Engineer, n. 1.—Wob shakhs jo larāyī yā panāh ke liye ta'mīrāt ke naqshe wagana ke banāne am un kāmon-masalan qal' dhus wagana ke ta mīr karāne ke fan men māhu ho (a military engineer); woh shakhs jo sarak nahr bāndh wagara ke naqshe ke banāne aur unke ta'mīr karāne kā fau bakhūbī jāntā ho (a c.vil engineer). [ne wālā. 2.—Wob shakhs jiske zimme kisī kal kā ihtimām ho, anjan chalā-

Engrave, v t. 1 — Kanda k ; khoduā , khod kar katba yā taswīr banānā, dhār patthar khwāh kreī düsrī chīz par kanda k (khoduā); patthar yā dhāt par handase hurūf yā naqsh wagana khodnā khwāh tarīshnā; qalam kārī k. [koyī achchhī bāt kreī ke dil par.

2 — Munaqqash k.; khūb jamāvā, baithānā, zihn nashīn k — jaise Engross, v. 1 1.—Kisī nawishte ki naql ba-khatt-i-wāzih (mote haifoù yā jahī khat meñ; k, kisī nawishta ko aisī tarah par sāf k ki uske huiūf sāf sāt aui parhe jāne ke qābil hoù.

The deed of sale should be engrossed on a parchment-Munasib hai ki woh bar-nama chamie ke kagaz par ba khatu i-wazib wa ma-yuqia saf kiya jae

2.—Jazb k ; tamāmtar massūf k., bi-l-kull khīneh l ; sab kā sab apnī taraf kar l.

That case engresses all his thoughts—Uske khayālāt tamāmtar us muqaddame kī jāmb ham, wob bi l-kul us muqaddame kī soch men rahtā han.

3.—Kisî jins ko bi-l-kul ya uska juzw i kasîr is garaz se kharîd karl ki qîmat barhâkar uske bechne se kuchh naf'ho

4—Ba miqdār-i-nā-jāiz (andāz se ziyāda; jitnā wājib ho usse ziyāda) apne tassarruf men kan lenā yā le-l

To engress power—Jitnā wājib ho usse ziyāda ikhtiyār par qādir h (use kām Enhance, v t 1.—Barhānā, ziyāda k ; izāfa k., beshī k., charhānā.

Applied to price or value. Webster

The late drought has enhanced the price of food-grains—Hal ki khushk-sali ki wajh se khane ke galle ki qimat barh (charh) giyi. In what cases can rent he enhanced?—Kin kin halaton men izafan lagan ho sakta hai?—The embankment will enhance the value of the lands—Is gil-andazī se arāzī kī mā·liyat ziyāda ho-jāwegī

2 - Zıyada k , taraqqı d.; afzaish k.

Applied to qualities, quantity, pleasures, enjoyments, &c. Webster 3—Ziyāda saugīn k., sakht k.

To enhance come – Jurm ki sangīni barhānā (usko am sangīn kar d.),

Enhance, v z. Bath jīnā, zīyāda ho-jīnā, izāla pānā, tataggī pānī Enhancement, a Barbana ya barbaya jana: izafa, boshi, sangini, sakhtu Enigman 1.—Kori suwal ya quul pisha matlab sif saf samajh men un aye, mu'ammā, chīstāu, paheli, woh bāt piskā malbūm qiyās se hatlāvā jāe

2 - Woh fi'l va tarz i kar-ranayî jîska hal bakhûbî batlaya mija sake Enjoin, v t. 1 - llukm d; tākīdi bukm d., tahakkura ke rāth hidāyat k 2 - (Law) Ba-ran'a i-bukm-i-adalat mun' k ja iokua; 'adalat ke

mansab se untina k, kār i anājī band karne ko liyo hukur i initina'i

ı-qanüni jül k.

Enjoy, v t 1.—Kisi bât par dil men khush h , masariat nthava: kisi shai ke apae pā- tahne se khush hi, kisî shai kî kaifîyat se mahaûr

h ; kisî shar ke tasarruf par khushî manana

3 - Khushî ke sath pana rakhua ang kam men lana, koyî 'umda yā pasandīda chīs apne qabze men rakhpā, qābis na mutasartif h., bhogna ya bhog k; bilasua, mutamatti' h. | bāshniat k , jimā' k

3 -Kisi ke sith ham-khwab ham bistar pa ham subbat h, mu-To enjoy one's self - Dil hi dil mon kho di h ; jin khushiye'a ka koyi mutasariif ho unhià se mabzūz rabnū, khusb rahnā; mang men rahnā,

Enjoyable, a. Jisse khushi uthi saken, papur mutasarriit ho-sakci ; pisse khushi hasil ho-sake, jisse mutamatti' ho-saken

Enjoyment, n, i — Khushi; may usat, bazz, 'aish

2 —Tasarruf; tamatto', bhog, bhog brias; khushi ke sath muqaba. zat - ki-ī shai i-mustabsan jā qabil i-pasand kā iakhnā

3 — Jis-e dil ko masanat ho, khushi ya ihtizaz ka ba'is

Enkindle, v t. Uhhārnā; bhaikānā, paidā k , mushta'il k.; har-angekhta k., vthānā; kharā k.

Enlarge, v t 1 -Baihānā, aur barā k, miqdāi yā gad-o-gāmut nien taraggi d, phulana, nasi k. ja nus'at d, hudad 'urz ja impagi chințāyi ko barhā d. I wagana se harhā d.--jaise dil ko.

2.-Kini shar kî gunjîrsh ko harhî d , wasî' k ; wus'at d. . kuushî

To enlarge the heart—Azad sakhi aur mukhaiyir banduk (kaink)

Enlarge, v a 1 —Barā yā aur bbī barā ho-jānā, phail jānā, wasī linjānā; taraggī pānā, wasī' h Herhā-kar kahnā yā likhna

1 - Talını ya taqını men tawalat d , tüln kalım k ; kisi bat ko Enlargement, n 1 -Ba zāhir yā dur-asl qud yā miqdār ki tamiqqi; 'arxo-tal jā hudud kī afcaish, afcaish, tausi, taraqqī.

2.—Dil'ilm jā zihn kī taraqqī, khayālat aur atwar ki 'umdagi;

dil kī aur niko khwāh wa mukbaiyir b.

3.—'l agrīr yā tahrīr men tamā'at, kisî khās mazmūn kī nisbat tūlkalāmī, barī guftgū ya bahs [d.; unjela k.

Raighten, v. 1 - Raushan k ; munawwai k ; darakhshan k ; raushanī 2.—Aısa kar-d kı samajh men khüb awe, 'alım ya 'aqıl bana d.. 'ilm aur mazhab ke zarî'e se buland k, agah k, sıkhanā; batlanā, aısa kur-d ki asl-ı-haqiqat dekh ya samıjh pare.

Enlightenment, n Raushan zamir k. yā h.; raushani-1-tah'; raushan-

zamīrī, Ledar-dilī; āgāli-d_lī

Enlist v 1 F bi st par charl a a, filmst men likhuā; kitāh men darj k. 2.—Sai-kārī mulāzamat men naukar rakhuā, filmst men nām dā

· khil k., bhaitī k , chihra likhuā ; nām-likhnā ; isin qāim k

3 — Kisî mu'āniale men mazbūtī se shatīk k.; kisī amr kī bih būdī men masrūf k., kisī bāt men dil-o-jān se lagānā

Enlist, v a. 1.—'Ahd-o paimān ko manzūr karke yā apnā nam likhākar sarkārī mulāzamat men dākhul h [ushī bih-būdī manzūr ho.

2.—Kısı kam men khushi se is tarah sharik h. hi giya dil ojan se

Enliven, v t 1 - Juli d, tāzu-dam k, tez k., bharkā d.

3—Zmda dil k, khush k, bashshāsh yā masi ūr k, jān dāl d; arwāh ko tāzagi bakhshiā.

Enmity, n. Dushmani, 'adāwat, khusūmat, 'mād; mukhālafat.[harbā d. Ennoble, v. t. 1.—Barājī d., buzurgī d., darjo sifat jā 'undajī men 2.—Amīr banānā, amīron kā laqah d.

Ennni, (ong-we') n. [Fr] Thakawat uur nafrat: askut aur del ka dhansa jana, mindagi; be-l'ttua, i [(khilaf-1 qa'ida ya bura) fi'i.

Enormity, n. 1.—Qā'ida-i-mu'aiyana yā wujūb se tejāwaz, koyī bejā 2.—Jurm-i-sangīn yā kabha; aisā jurm jo mi'n.ūlī had sebaihā ho.

3 - Sangini-i jurm , jurm ki ziyadati va sakhti

Punisument should be proportioned to the correcty of the crime-Runssib had hi saze bash-i migdar a sangin-i juan ho, obstace hi jusqular jurm surgia ho was hi sazi ho

Enormous, a. I.—Be-andax; had so ziyada; jisqadar ba nazar-i-balat

munīsīb bo usse ziyāda.

Enormously, ad Bahat hi, had se ziyada; bad irja i-gaşat

Enough, a Jisse khazhiah püri ho-jae, jisse dil ko äsüdagi ho-jae; jo baqadr-ihtiyaj ya talab ho; jisse kam mku jis; bas, kaii.

"Usually, and more elegantly, following the noun to which it belongs." Webster.

Money enough - Kafi rugaye-parse.

Enough, ad. 1.—Kāfī laur par, isqadar yā itnā jisse tashafīi hogās; jitnā darkāi yā matlūb ho utuā hī; atnā jitne se jī bhargāe, jitne kī ummed ho-sake utnā hī, khātn-khwāh.

That house is large grough - Jetha chaheje utna hi bara web makau bai.

2 - Bakhūbī; bi-l-kul, bahut bī

"Used to express slight augmentation of the positive degree, and sometimes equivalent to very."

He is ready enough to embrace the offer - Jo kuchh usee kaba ja a han uske

menzdi kaine par woh in lekul amada ba.

3 — Kısıqadar; jitnā chāhiye usse kuchh kam; bas ituā ki usko dil qabūl kar-le

The song was well enough—Woh gir kisiqadar achibbi thi pa'ni uski achbayi ki ptui ummed thi utui to na thi par usis ghat kar thi lekin itui buri na thi ki dil usho qabil ua kare.

Enough, n 1 - Kāfī; ktsī shai kā usqadar honā jisse khwāhish pūrī hojāe jā zarūrat bāqī na rahe.

He has enough of this sort of cloth—Is qism i a kapra uske pas kafi hai.

2.—Kisi shat ki miqdar jo quwwat ya ikhtiyar se ziyada na ho

He had enough to do to take care of himself—Usko isqadar kain tha ki woh apni ihtijat nahio kar-saktā thā.

Enough / (This is a shortened form of it is enough) - Bas! Kafi hai! Enough enough / I'll hear no more - Bas! Bas! main our kuchh na sinnunga

Enrage, v.t. Gusse se bhar d.; itnī chher k ki junun ho jāe; gusse se

pāgal banā d ; gazab nāk kar-d , āg babūla k

Enrich, v t. 1 — Daulat-mand k , zar där k. [d — janse zamin ki 2.— Zan-khez k , khād wagaira dekar paidāwār ki quwwat barhā 3 — Ilin ke khazāne se bhar d,— jalse dil ko, sikhānā , tarbiyat d. EN PASSANT, (Fr.) Zimnan , qat'-nazar kisi aur bāt ke.

Enroll, v t (Written also enrol) 1 - Fibrist yā kitāb men dākhil k ;

nām likhuā, mundaij i-kāgazāt k

Used also replexively -

2.— Nām likhānā, darj-i-kāga lāt karānā; bhartī karānā

He has got hunseli en olled as as a pleader of the lower grade - Usne apnā nām ba-taur wakil danja 1-aduā ke danj kurāyā han

Enrollment, n (Written also enrolment), l—Likhuī, darī k, indirāj.

2.—Woh shai jismen koyī chiz darī kījāe; filnist, faid; rajistar.

 $EN \ ROUTE$, (Fr.) Kisî dûstî jigah ko jîte huye tâh men, rîste men, ENSEINT, (en sânt) a (Law) Hâmila. See Encente

Enslave, v. i 1 — Gulam banana, halqa-ba-gosh k., azadi chlim-kar ek aqa ki marzi ke tabi' k

2—Kısī shat kā mutī' (uske tābi') k, kısī shat kā pā band yā mah. Ensue, v i Kısī ke ba'd ānā yā waqi' h, kısī ke pichhe honā; āyinda ko honā; kısī shai ke natije kī tarah padā h

Ensuing, ppr or a 1.—Bataur natīje ke utkalne w. [ba'd kā 2 —Kisī ke ba'd hī āve (hone yā wāqi' hone) wālā, āyındu, mā

Ensure, v t See Insuie

Entail, n 1 — Woh jāedād-i-grur-manqūlā jo wirāsatan kiel khās wāris jā wurasā ko pahunohe. [mishat qāim kiyā jāwe.

2.—Woh qa'ida jiske ru se wirasat kā silsila kisi haqqisat ki Entail, v. t. Kisi shai kā lisi shakhs yā chīz par khwāh kisi shakhs aur uski nasl par aisi tarah qāma k. ki woh phu muntaqil na ho sake, 'ala-l-khusus aiāzi wagaira jo az iū-i qa'ida-i mu'aiyuna pusht dar pusht wiiāsatan pahuńchti jāwe, hiba ke zaii'e se aiāzi wagaira kisi shakhs aur uske khās khās wārisan ko is qaid se d ki na to manhūb-lahā aur na koyi qābiz i-mā ba'd usko muntaqil yā wasijat kar sake

A has entacled his estate to B and to his (B's) eldest son or to his heirs of his body begotten or to his heirs by a particular wife — Zaid ne apai milkiyat Bahar aur uske khalaf i-akbar jā uske wuratā i-sulbī yā un wuratā ko jokisī khās zauja ki nasī se hon istarah par dedī ki use na mauhūb-lahū aur na koyī qābiz i-nāba'd muntaqil yā wasīyit kar saktā hai. By his intemperance he has entacled infirmities, diseases, and rum on his children—Apai be i'ti dāhyon se usne apaī aulād ko hamesha ke hiye kam-zoi marīs aur tabāh kar-dijā. This suit will entarl a heavy expense—Is nāhsh men bahut kharch puregā (hogā yā lāgagā.)

taılment, n 1 — Milkiyat dekar tariq-i wirisat ya'nı is amr kı hıdayat kar-denā ki m unhūb-lahū ke wurasā ko woh kis tarīq par pahunche yā ānki uske kisī ķhīs wāris yā wulasā ko mile. (muqarrar kar-d,

2.--Kisi shar kā kisi shakhs aur uske wārison ko hamesha ke liye ıtangle, v t I —Aisî tarah par maror ya ek düsre men lapet d. kı āsānī se judā na ho-sake; uljhā d., pareshān yā parāganda kar-d jaise dhāge rassiyon yā bāl wagaira ko.

2.-Kisī au chiz men phansā d jusse chhūtuā mushkul ho masalan pair ko jäl ya khaidar jhari men juljhā d. jaise 'aql ko.

3 - Harran kar-d ; hakkā-bakkā banā-d.; ghabra d.; pareshan kar-d ; nter. v. t. 1 - Andar (bhītar) ānā yā jānā, andurūnī (bhītarī yā bhītar ke) bisse men jānā; ghus-jānā, dākhil h.

The thief entered the house-Woh chor us makan men gaya ya ghus gaya

2 .- Sharik h.; dākhil h., bhaiti h.; nām likhānā.

He entered the law class two years ago-Do baras huye ki woh qanun ke darje men dækbil hug. [h ; dakhu h

3.-Koyî kar-o-bar kam ya mulazamat shurû' k , naukar ya bharti He entered the legal profession last year - Sal-1-guzashta men usne wakalat ya mukhtari wagara La pesha shuru' kiya.

4.-Likhnā, daij k; qalam-band k., siyāha k; tānkuā, koyī hisāb kisī bahī kitāb yā iajistar men likhuā (charhānā).

When was this item entered? - Is ragam kā siyāha kab huā, yah ragam kab likhi ya charhayi gayi? Enter this information in the special diary-Yah ithla" 10z-namcha i-khas men dari ka -lo

5.—(Law) (a) Arāzī par jākar uskā gabza-î-wāqi'ī kai lenā.

The defendant entired the plaintiff's land-Mudda Walash ne mudda'i ki arazi par jākar uskā gabza kailiyā.

(b)-'Adālat men bā-zābita (aksar ba-zarī'a tabrīr ke) pesh k ; 'adālat men likhnā; likh kar shāmil-i-misl k.

The plaintiff has failed to enter appearance - Mudda'i ne apni haziri 'adalat med ba-zari'a-1-talırır zähir nuki. Has judgment been entered in that case? Kyā us muqaddame men tajwīz-i-'adālat likhkar shāmil-i miel ki gayī !

6 — Pahuńchna, hasil k., shuru' k.; hona; lagna.

The boy has entered his tenth year - Uslarke kā daswān baras lagā (uskā daswāh sāl shurū' huā) — To enter one's teens — Us 'umr ko pahunchoā 10 terah baras se unnis baras tak rabe. [parthalns.

7. - Ghusānī; dhansānā; dākhil k.; ghuresanā; thok ke bhītar To enter a knife into a piece of wood, a wedge into a log-Chhuri ko lakri ke tukre men ya pachchar ko latthe men ghusana (dhansana ya ghuresna)

Inter, v a 1 -Bhitar jana ya ana: andar dakhil h.

To enter into a country-Kisi mulk men jana.

2 —Bhītar jā-rahnā; andar ghus jānā; andar dākhil ho-jānā; ghus jānā; kısî shai kā juzw h. (usmen shāmil yā dākhil h.); sharīk h.; shirkat r. Usually with ento; sometimes with on or upon.

3.—Khūb ghus jānā; dūr tak pauthnā; ham-dardī k.; dard-sharik h.

To enter into the feelings of another—Düsre ke ranj-o-rāhat (khushī aur gam) men sharīk h ; düsre ke sāth ham dardī k

Enterprise. n. 1 — Woh bāt jiskā bīrā uthāyā jāe yā jiske anjām kī koshish kī-jīe; kisī aisī bāt kī koshish jismen juint yā sargarmī daikār ho khwāh koyī khatia ho; koyī barā kām; kār-i aham; muhim; ma iika.

2.—Alse mihuat ke kām men masrūf hone ki lagbat yā uskā shauq jismen julat musta'idī chustī o-chālākī aurusī qīsm kī sifaten darkār hon.

A man of great enterprise—Aisā shakhs jo un kāmon men barī ragbat yā shauq se hāth dāle jumen jurat wagana darkāi ho.

Enterprise, v t Uthānā; būā uthānā, shurū' karke anjām karne kī koshish k., koī kām ko jurat karke shurū' k (usmen qadamı khwāh hāth dālnā)

Enterprising, a. 1.—Dileri yā musta'idī se kisī kām kā būjā uthāne wālā; kisī amr-i-aham (bare kām) kī koshish dil kī mazbūtī yā musta'idī se kainewālā; 'ālī-himmat; 'ulu-l-'azm; jān bāz, dilei; bahādur; hiwāyī, sāhasī.

Entertain, v † 1 — Mihmān-nawāzīk; kisīko bataur mihmān ke iakhnā; kisīko ghar par khilānā yk khilānā aur sulānā, mihmānīk; mihmān

kī tarah rakhuā, khātur-dārī k.

2 — Khush k ; dil bahiānā, aisī bāt kī taraf mukhātab karānā jisse

waqt khushī se kat-jāe; man phemā, rijhānā 3—Qabūl k, taslīm k.; mauzūt k., tajwīz wa infisāl kī garaz se lenā yā manzūt k.; lekar gaur k., kām men lānā, samā'at k.

To entertain a plea or proposal—Kisi 'uzi yā tajwīz ko manzūr yā taslīm k—
To entertain a suit—Kisī nīlish ko mauzūr k, ya'nī tajwīz wa infisāl ki
garaz se use lenā (uskī samā'at k.)

4.-Mihr bānī ki nazar se dil men r.; dil yā zihn men r.

The court entertains no doubt on the subject—Is but ki nisbat 'adulat kuchh shubha nahun rakhti—The court entertains a favourable view of this case—'Adulat ki rae is muqaddame ki nisbat achchhi hai. [pilana.

Entertzin, v. 2. Mez-bānī k., mihmānon ko apne ghar rakh-kar khilānā-Entertzining, a Jisse khushī yā faihat ho; khush-kun, dil-bahlāw;

dil-chasp; jisse ji bahal jās; mufairih.

Entertainment, n. 1 — Mihmän-nawāzī, mihmānī yā mihmān-dāiī, mihmānon ko apne yahān ba ajr yā bilā ajr nakhnā aur khilāuā-pilānā; tawāzu', khātii-dāiī; āwbhagat

2 — Mihmāu ke liye khāne pīne kī chīzen; 'umda 'umda khāne pīne

kī chīzen, nafīs nafīs gizā aur sharāb wagaira, mukallaf khānā.

3.—Woh tafrīh khushī yā achchhī achchhī sīkhne kī bāten jo guftgū taqrīr khush-bayānī yā nagma-o-sarod(gāne bajāne) wagaira se hāsil hon, woh khushī jo dil ko kisī dil-chasp bāt se hāsil ho; tafiīh; tafarruj; dil-bahlāw, dillagī; nāch-o-tamāshā.

Entice, v. t. Kısı chiz ki ummed ya uska shanq dilakar uski taraf ragib k ; targib d.; gumrah k , bahkana; burayi ki targib d.; buri bat ki

taraf māil k. yā jhukānā; wargalānnā

Enticement, n. 1.—Targīb yā targīb-dībī; wargalānnā; bahkānā; burāyī kī taraf māil k. [bāt yā chīz.

2.—Woh shar jisse badī kī targīb ho; burāyī kī taraf māil karne wālī

Entire, a. 1.—Jiske kul ajzā (hisse) pūte hon; pūrā pūtā aur kāmil; tamām o-kamāl; jismen taqsīm ho-kar kamī na huyī ho; musallam, datobast; sab kā sab, kul; samūchā; ek kā-ek.

He has the entire village in his possession — Uske qabze men musallam (darobast yā samūchā) mauzu' hai.

2.—Bi-l-kul, sārā; pūtā pūtā, jismen aur koyī sharīk na ho.

He has the entire control of that business - Us kār-o bār kā sātā ikhtiyār usi ke hāth men hu (usīko hāsil hai). [usmen maujūd hob

3.—Pūrā, kāmil; apne ajzā ke i'tibār se pūrā; jiske kul zarūrī ajzā

4.—Jismen kisī tarāh kī milāwat na ho; sāf; suthrā, sachehā, dilī, bā-wafā, hama-tan fidā, khālis; pakkā; dil-o-jān se nisār. [ghorā.

5 — Andū, ākhta kiyā huā nahīn, jismen koyī aib yā naqs na ho—jaise Entirely, ad Bi-l-kul, sab kā sab; kullīyatau, tamām-o-kamāl, sārā, vak-aalam; kul; alag nahīn.

2.—Sachāyī se, sachche dil se; mazbūtī se

Entireness, n. Pūrā pūrā h.; samūchā jā musallam h., tūtā-phūtā na h. Entirety, n l.—Pūrā pūrā h., mukammal h.; adhūrā yā nāqis na h.

2.—Bil-kul, dar-o-bast, samüchā, musallam

Entitle, v t 1 .- Khitab d , mulaqqib k , nam zad k , mausum k .;

ta'zīmī lagab d ; kahnā yā pukārnā.

2 — Mujāz k.; zī haq yā mustahaq k , kisī shai ke māngne yā uske lene (pāne) kā mustahaq k., kisī shai ke liye lāiq k., kisī shai kī khwāstgārī ke wujūh baham pahunchānā; liyāqat-i-munāsib kī wajh se kisī shai kī da'wī-dārī kā mujāz k.

Entrance, n 1.—Andar-jānā; dāķhil h.; dukhūl.

2.—Kisî jāc dād yā mausab par qābiz h

Magistrates at their entiance into office usually take an oath-Apne mansab par kar-rawa hone ke qubl hukkam-i faujdari aksar halaf uthate hain

The entrance of an heir upon his inheritance—Kisi waris kā apnī irs par qābiz h. 3—Ander jāne kī ijāzat, andar jāne kā ikhtiyār, bār yābī, rasāyī; dakhl; pahunch.

4.—Woh darwāza phātak yā rāh jiske zarī'e se kisī jagah jā

saken, madkhal; bhītar jāne kī rāh, andar jāne kā rāsta

5.—Ibtidā; āgīz; shuru', bismiliāh.

Entrance, v. t 1.—Wajd men dāluā; behosh yā gashī kī hālat men

kar d., ashyā i maujūda se be-khabai kar d

2.—Māre khushī ke jāme men rahne na d., be khud kar-d.; khushī yā haurat se jāme ke bāhar kar-d; hālut-i wajd men kar-d; hāl men lānā. Entrap, v. t. Phande men phansānā, qabāhat yā musibat men dālnā;

dām i-tazwīr men giriftār k.; uljbānā, dām (phande yā jāl) men lānā yā phansānā

Entreat, n t 1 — Dil se iltijā k.; minuat k.; ārzū k.; balāyen l; lajājat-o-samājat ke sāth istid'ā yā daikhwāst k.; dahā dabā ke (mutaqāzī ho kar) kisī bāt kī darkhwāst k.

2.—Minnat-o-samājat ke zarī'e se targīb d ; hāth jor hhwāh

pānw parke kisī bāt ke karne par āmāda yā iāgib k.

Entreaty, n. Iltimās; istid'ā; barī minnat-samājat; dil se darķhwāst; kisī bāt ke liye bāth jornā yā pairon parnā.

Enumerate. v. t. Shumār k.; ginnā, guntī k.; ek ek karke kahnā; tafsīlwār bayān k ; kisī kā khās ani judāgāna muhāsaba d.; phir se bayān k. Enumeration, n 1 — Gintī; shumār, judāgāna mazkūr; lāda

2.-Mufassal hisāb, bewrā; tafsīlwāi hisāb

ENTREE, (ŏug-trā') [Fi] n. Dakhl, andar ānā, bhitar jīne kī āzādī; andar dākhil hone kī njāzat yā uskā haq; guzar. [men rasāni yā guzar r To have the entres of a house—Kisi malān men jāne kī njāzat i; kisī makān

Entry, n.l.—Dākhil b ; andar jānā, ibtidā ; iqdām [dirāj ; ruqam ; madd 2—Siyāha ; dākhila ; likhnā yā kisī kitāb wagama men tahrīr k , in-Make an entry of this document in your register—Is dast īwez kā siyāha apne rajistar men sar-lo. The entries in this diary are not made properly—Yah roz nāmehabā-zābita aur silsila-wār munatrab nahīn ha. The information in the their case was recorded as entry No. 32.—Us chorî ke muqaddame kī itbilā madda battīs men likhī gayī.

[darwāza; dewihī

3—Jāne kī rāh, kisī makān 'mānat jā kamre men jāne kā rāsta; 4.—(Law, (a) Arāzī par khwāh kisī makān waganā men jākur uskā qabza-i-wāqi'i kar leuā; qawa, dakhl.

(b) Bā-zābīta aur silsīla-wār likhuā--jaīse kisī 'adālat kī tahrīr kā (c) Woh fil (makāu ke andai ghus jānā) jo jurm-i-nagad zanī-ba-

khāna ke takmile ke liye lābudī hotā bai.

West of entry - Hulm ušma yā parwāna-i dikhl-dihānī, woh bukm nāma jo us shakhs se qabza 1-saāzī dilāne ke bye jārī kiyā jātā har jo nā-jāra taur par dakhti bo kar qābiz bo [mashtubar k , zābir k.

Enunciate, v. t 1 — Kisī shai kā bayān qā'ide ke mutābių k ; i'lān d.; 2 — Aisā kahaā ki sāf sif sun pare; boluā; malfūz k. [chhipā d' Envelop, v t.1 — Ghei leuā; vi-l-kul chhā yā chhipā l.; chāron taraf hokar

2 —Lapetuz, lifafe wagaira meń band k., malfūf k.

Envelope, n. Lififa; poshish; gilaf, khol, klinsusan khat ka lifafa.

Envenom, v t. Zahr-ālūd k., zahr milānā, bikh milānā; khāne wagaira men koyī zahillī shai milā-kar use khatarnāk yā mublik banā d.; zahr men bujhānā—jaise tīr wagaira.

Enviable, a. Juse basad padda ho-sake; rashk ke qabil; jisse uske dekhne ya janne-wale ke dil men uske rakhne ya uski manind hone

kā kamāl sbang paidā ho-sake.

Envious, a Jishe dil men hasad ho; hasid; rashkī; dāhī; jo dūsre men kisi bāt ki 'umdagī khwāh uskī taraqqī jā khushī dekli-kar ranjīda yā beqarār ho, had-audesh; jisse hasat zāhir ho; jo hasad kī wajh se kiyā jāe; jisse hasad paidā ho, hasad-angez [kar-l.

Environ, v. t 1.—Gherna; muhīt k.; chāron taraf ho jānā; muhāsara

2 - Lapetnā, chhipā l.; mubtalā kar-d.

Environs, n. pl. Woh maqamat jo kısı düsre maqam ke charon taraf ya nake qurb-o-jawar men hon; hawalı, nawahı; gırd-pesh kı jagah; sawad, jawar; pairamun; amaf, minzafat

Envoy, n. Elchî, safir, woh shakbs jo kısî badshalı ya riyasat ki jamb se ahd o paiman khwah kısı düsre anır ke anjam ki garaz se kişi malkagan ke badshah ya riyasat men bheja jae

Envy, v. t. Hasad k.; dāh k', hasrat se dekhnā; lashk k.; dūsre men kisi

bat ki buzurgi dekh-kar khwah uski nek-nami ya khushi par jal-marua (dah le-jana); dusie ki tai aqqi par na khush b (use dekh na sakna) knvy, n. 1—Hasad; rashk, hasiat; dah, jalan, woh ranj ya be qarari wayara jo dusre ki kamyabi ya usuo apue se barh kar dekhne ki wajh se ho

2.—Kina, bugz; 'adāwat

3 — Woh shar jispar rashk karen, hasad ya hasiat ki chiz, woh shar jisko dekh-kar dah le-jaen; sab ki nigahon ka mishana.

EO ANIMO (Lut.) Us irāde se; ne manshā se.

EO NOMINE (Lat) Us nām se

Epidemic, } a. Jiskā asar kisī qaum kī qaum khwāh usmen se kasrat Epidemical, } se logon par ho; 'ām; muiawwaj; ghar ghar phailne w., 'ālain-gīr. [waqt men 'awām ko ho.

Epidemic. a Maiaz i-muta'addī; woh vīmārī jo kisī wajh-i-ām se ek hī Epistle, a Woh tabrīr jiske zarī'e se kisī amr kī itulā' dasti khwāh dāk wagaira ke wasīle se kisī shakhs ko dūr par dī jāe; chiṭṭhī; khat, khat jo kisī gair maqām par bhejue ke liye likhā jāe.

"Rarely used in familiar conversation or writings." Webster.
Epistolary, a 1.—Chitthyon ke muta'allıq; khutüt aur murasalat ke

liye mauzüñ

Au eputotary acyle-'Ibaiat jo khutūt-nawisī ke live mauzūń ho

2. Jo khutut men dari ho ya unke zari'e se ho.

An epistola y correspondence - Khat kitābat, chirthi-patur, kbutūt lā anā-jūoz. Epithet, n Woh kalınna-1-tausifi jisse kisi khās shaklis yā chīz kī koyī sifat-i khās yā munāsib zāhir ho.

"Now confined wholly to adjectives." Wedster.
Epitome, n. Kisi kitab ka khulasa; khulasa; muntukhab.

Epitomize, e. t Kisi kitāb wagaira ko zartītī mazāmīn kā khulāsa k.; kisī tahtīr ko mukhtasar k.; chhotā k.; kāt kar kam k.; ghatā d.

Epoch, s. Koyî zamāna-i-mu'aiyan jisse uske ba'd ke salon yā sanon kā shumār ho, woh zamāna-i-daiāz jā qalil jismen kisi aise mājare kā wuqū' huā ho jiskā lihāz uske wuqū' ke ba'd logon ko bahut hī ho; san; sākā; sammat.

Aquability, n Yaksan rahne ki sifat ya balat; barabar ek tarah par rahna; yaksaniyat; barabari. [hi halat men rahne wala.

Equable, a. 1.—Barābai aur ek tarah kā; augāt-i-mukhtalifa par ek
Said of motion and the like.

[khavā]āt

2.— Gair-mutalawwin; jo bedlā (tabdīl huā) na kare—jaise mizāj yā Equal, a. l.—Miqdār daija māliyat wagaira men mukhtalif nahīn, hum-qad ham-miqdār ham-qimat ham darja 'alā hāzi-l qiyās, na à'iā na adnā, ua barā na chhotā, na bihtar na bad-tar, mushābih, yak-sān; musāwī, barābar.

[r w ; kāfī; lāiq, munāsib.

2.-Munasabat r. w., ham-andaz, iqtidar hyagat ya kari'a-1-kafi

3.-Ek tarah kā; mutalawwin nahīn, yak-sān.

4.—Donon pallā (pahlū) barābar r. w., jo kisī taraf ziyāda na

jhukā ho; gau-jānīb-dār; munsīf, 'ādil.

5 — Siyah suped donon ko barabar samajhne wala, kisi shai ki msbat na naf se ta'alluq r. w. na nuqsan se, kisi amr ke do jawa-

n b se ek ki n sbat bhi fikr na r w sab ko yak san samajhne wala; barabar janne wāla, la-parwa.

It is equal to a just judge whether a planutiff wins his case or no - Mujawwiz i-'ādıl ke nazdik kisi mudda'i kā apne muqaddame kā jituā yā na jituā donon barābar han

Equal, n Woh shakhs jo ba-nisbat dūsre ke na a'la ho wa adua; ham-'umr ham-rutba ham mausab ham-hyaqat ham-maqdarat wagaira; barābar, woh shakhs jo kisī bāt men dūsre ke baiābai ho; miqdār-imusāvī, jitui dūsrī shai ho utnī bi Equal, v. t. 1.—Barābar houā yā hojāvā; ham-miqdār ham-qīmat ham-

darja yā ham-rutba wagaira h.; kisī ke ham-andās h.

2. -Mu'awaza-i-musawī k.; pūtā pūrā 'twaz-mu'awaza k.

3.-Kısı ke barabarık.; aısa kar-d. kı ek shai düsri ne barh na jae (uspar sahaqat na lejāe); muqābii banānā; muqābala k , barābar samajhnā.

Equality, n. 1 - Burabarî; barabar h; ham-mıqdar ya ham-darja h.: qīmat rutba rā safat wagaira men dūsre kī mānind h.; musāwāt

2.—Barābar ek tarah kā rahnā; ek hī hālat par rahnā, yaksāni-

yat; ham-wārī—jaise mizāj kī.

3.—Barābar yā musattah h ; nīchā ūnchā ne h.; hamwārī.

Equalize, v t. Barābar k.; mushābih k.; migdār yā rutbe men dūsre kī mānind banā d., donun pallā baiābar kar-d.

To equalize accounts-Hisab (lehhā) barabar k , jam' kharch yaksan kar-d (uski bidh milā d); sām aur jam' donoù ek kar-d

Boually, ad. Kisî düsre ke barabar, ba-hisas i-musawî, barabar hisson men : ek andaz se; bila ra wa ilayat; bila tahiqa; adl ke sath; balabar; yak san, wanb tariq par; bila taraf-dan; donon turaf barabai.

Followed by with

Equilibrium. n. 1.—Wazn ya bojh ki barabari.

2.—Kisî shai ke sabat (uske ek balat par rahne) ke liye uske mu-

ta'allıq ke har ek amr kā barābar lihāz r.; i'tidāl.

3.—'Aql kī tarātū par kisi shar ke wujūd kī tol (nskī tajwīz); woh tazabzub ya hais bais ki halat jab do mukutalif wujub ki tajwizi-qat'i na bo-sake.

In equilibrio-(Lat) Barābar; yaksān; ek hālat men.

Rquip, v. t Kam ya kisi hajat ya zarurat ke liye murattab k : durust k ; saz-o-saman k ; hatbiyar khane pîne ki cbîzen aur golî-barût wagaira se sijal kar-d.; safar-i-daryāyī ke liye sab zaitītī sāmān muharyā kar d.

Said especially of ships or of troops.

Equipage, n. 1.—Saz o-saman; jahaz ya lashkar ka sab zaruri saman,

2.—Ārāish; zebāish kī chīzen; zīnat ke asbāb. [ke ham-rāh chalen. 3 -Sawārī; julūs; julau; ādmī ghore gāņīyān wagana jo kieš kī sawārī

Equipoise, n. See Equilibrium

Equitable, a I.—Jismen insaf ho, jisse insaf kā izhār ho; jisse wujūb ya gair-janabadārī kā lībāz-i-wāqī'i pāyā jāwe; jismen logon ke buquq yak-san samjhe jawen; jisko rū se mutakhasimsin ke haq men barābar pasāt ho; jiske rū se har shakba ko uskā haq dilāyā jāwe; wājib; munsif-āna; jismen taraf-dāri na hc.

この食いけったかとりな

An equitable dec sion—Faisa a muns is a a să fa sa a jese izhār nest ho (yah sāb t ho k am wāj b pa b lā jānib dāri lihāz-i-wāql'i kiyā gayā ha.) An equitable distribution of an estate—Kizi jāc-dād kī taqsīm-i-wājib (uskā zisī tarah par bāniā jānā ki jiskā jisqadar haq ho use mile) An equitable judge—Mujawwiz-i-adil, insāf karne wālā hāzīm-i-adālat

2.—'Adālat-i-insāf yā gā'ida-i-insāf se muta'allıq; jiski tahqīqāt

yā tajwīz 'adālut-1 meāf men ho.

The equitable jurnsdiction of a court—'Adalat ha woh ikhuyar jiske rā se qa'ida-i-insāf ke ba-mājib 'amal kijā jāwe yo'nī bilā libāz-1 qānān yā rawāj is bāt ki tajwīz kī-jāne hi 'aqlau wa msāfau amr-1-mutamāzi'a-fih kī msbat hjā karnā chāhiye

Equitableness, m Munsif aur be-lagaw hone ki sifat; nasfat, insäf kä karni yä han shakhs ko uske da'wn-jinz yā munāsib ke munābiq denā. The equitableness of a judge—Mujawwa kā munsif aur be-lagaw h., nasfat-imujawwix.

The equitableness of a decision, or distribution of property—Kisi faisale kā munsaf-āna honā yā jāc-dād kā aisī tarah hānţī jānā ki har shakha ko uska da'wī-jānz ke mutābiq hissa wile. [insāf ke sāth.

Equitably, ad. Munsifāna tarīq par; wājib taur par; bilā jānib dānī; Equity, n 1.—'Adl; msāf; gar-jāmb-dānī, 'aql aun ns qāmun ke mutābiq jo insān kī hidāyat ke liye Janāb-i-Bānī kī taraf se mauzū' ban bar ek insān ko uskā haq denā yā uske dene par mān honā; sab ke sāth yaksān bartāw; munsifāna kān rawāyī; kār-nawāyī jaskī bunyād maha insāf par ho; haq yā da'we kā wājib kbayāl.

The court should, in equity, allow this claim -'Addlat ke chabiye ki ineaf ke linez se (haq ja da'we par wajibana lihaz karke) is da'we ke manzur kare.

2.—(Lanc) Da'wi-1-wajib.

The plaintiff's equity is too well established to be devied by the defendant— Mudda'i kā dā'wi-i-wājib isqadar axbit bai ki mudda'ā'slaih ussa inkār nahīh kar-saktā

3.—'Ilm-ı-qanün men equaty ke lafz se us qism ki dad-gustan maqsüd hoti han jo ba halat-ı naqs-ı-qawanın khwah ıs wajh se ki qawanın men zavabit ki pahandi had se ziyada sakhti ke sath ki-jiti hai unki 'aqli tawil ke zari'e se 'amal men ati hai.

Equity of redemption—(Law) Woh faide-1 quoint jo rubin ko arazi i marbuna ke infikāk ke hye umbiat-1-ma'qūl ke zail'e se us hālat men diya jātā har jab ki uskā istingāq-1-mfikāk is wajh se sāgit ho-jās ki wage-i-mu'aryana par usne zar i-tihn adā uz kiyā ho, infikāk i rihn kī nisbat gānūuī rī āyat.

Equivalence, n. Ham qîmat ya barabar b.; malîyat mafhûm ya waq'at men barabar

To give an equivalence of money for goods—Jins kī qīmat ke barābar nagd d. Equivalent, a. 1 — Ham-mālīyat; ham-qīmat.

"Equivalent in value or worth, is tautological" Webster.

2.—Taqat zor ja täsu men butabar; ham-waq'at; dil par yak-san asar paida k w; ham-ma'ni, barabar ya ek tarah ka mafbum r. w; jo dusre ka badal ho-sake.

[shai ke barabar ho. Equivalent, n Aisi shai jo qimat waq'at rutba ya zor men kisi dusri

To offer an equivalent for damage done-Jo kuchh kh sara ho uske barābar q mat ā mal yat kā kuchh d.

Equivocal, o 1.—Jiske kayî ma'nî hoû par sab kā îtlāq mnnāsib taur par ho-sake, jiskā kayî ma'hûm yā matlab ho; jiskî do ta'bîr ho-sake; zū-ma'nî; mubham, muzabzab, mashkūk—jaise alfāz.

2.—Jisse kayī qism kī nījat yā irāda mansūb kar-saken; jisse mukh talif ķhayālāt maqāsid yā taiīq zālin hon; jisse koyī bāt puķhta pājī na jāe; mauhūm, mashkūk—jaise tarīq yā chāl. [mashkūk; mushtabah.

3.—Jisse kisī bāt kā pakkā thekānā na lage—jaise nishān yā ishāna; Rquivocate, v. Aise alfīz kām men lānā jo zū-ma'nī yā mashkūk hon, apnī rae ke zāhu karne men aise kalām musta'mal ka junkā kayî matlab hosake, dhokhā denehî garaz se mauhūm (go) yā pech-dāi) bāten kahnā.

Era, n San, sākā yā sākhā, sanvat yā sammat [kī paidāish se hotā hai. The Christian eru — San-i-Iswī ya'nī woh zamāna jiskā shumār Hasrat-i Masīh

Eradicate, v. t Itstīsāl k.; jar se nīkāl d.; jar khod d.; bekh-kanī k.; nest o-uā-būd k.; kuchh bbī bāqī na rakhnā, miṭānā yā miṭā d.; bebekh-o-bunyād kar-d. [ukbar-jānā.

Eradication, n. Bekh kanī; istīsāl; pūrī barbādī; jar se ukhārnā yā Erase, v i. Mitād.; chhīl kar nikāl d.; khurach d.; mahkūk k. jaise likhe khude yā raug bhare hurūf kā, dho dāluā, pouchh dāluā; kāt dālnā; qalam zad kar-d., khāny k, mahw k., dil se dūr k. yā bhulā d.

Eraser, n. Khurachui, chhilui; kazlak.

Erasure, n. Kāt kūt; mashkūk mahkūk, chhilā-chhalā, galam zad [pahle. Ere, ad Qahl; jab tak kisī bāt kā wuqū' na ho uske pahle, kisī bāt ke Ere, prep Waqt ke i'tibār se pahle; gabl.

Erect, a. 1 — Kharā, sīdhī; kham yā jhukā nahîn; mustagīm; istāda.

2.—Uthā; ubbiā; ūpar ko munik kiye, baland; ūnohā.

3.—Jhukā yā guā nahīn; mazbūtī se qālin; dilei, lā tajum; khūb mutawajjih au 'aql larāye huye.

Erect, v. t. 1. Khaṣā k.; ıstāda k.; uṭhānā, bulaud k. [koyi 'imārat. 2—Ta'mīr k., banānā, khaṣā k.; uṭhānā—jaise makān yā mar

3.—Naye sar se qām k., binā dīlnā; banānā; gām k.; kharā k. jaise koyī bādsbābat jumhūr qā'ida yā usūl. ['urūj d'; barhānā.

4 —Baland k ; 'ālī-martaba kai d.; halandī baitarī yā buzurgī d.; 5.—Dil barhānā, himmat yā taqwiyat d.; khush k.; zinda-dil k.

Erection. n. 1.—Uthānā, kharā k.; ta'mīr, bunyād dīlnā; gāim k.; himmat barhānā, tahrīk; taqwiyat.

2.—Koyî shai jo ta'wît kî jãe; kısî qısm kī 'imārat.

Erelong, ad. Bahut 'arsa guzarne ke qabl; jald; thoie 'arse ya dinon men; koyi dam men; bahut der na hone paye uske pahle.

E REGIONE (Lat.) Ba-jānib i-mukhālif, thik ultā. E RE NATĀ (Lat.) Hasb-i-zarūrat; jaisī zaiūrat ho. ERGO (Lat.) ad. Is-liye; is wajb se; is-wāste; libāzā.

Err, v. i. 1—Sīdbī rāb se bahak jānā, jo rāsta muqarrar yā aslī ho usko chhor d.; āwāna-gardī k.; āwāna (be-thekāne) ghūmuā, gumrāh h. 2.— Tajwīz yā rāe men galatī k.; bhūl k., chūk jānā, galat samajhnā; galat-fahut k., galatī k., nā-wāqtī yā be-tawajjuhi se koyī fi'l be-jā k. 3 Akhluq aur adab khwah muzhab ke khilaf ama kata ku farz kam sse kavoh jambu sau ho ya Khuda, kabbi kabbi ya 'adatan ranj da; sahwan ranj d

Errand, n. 1 — Zabānī paigām yā payām; sandesā; hukm; irshād; bāt jo karnī yā kahuī ho; woh khabar jo dūr par kisī se kahnī ho; khabar; farmāish, jo kuchh karne ke liyo kahā jāe

The servant was sent on an errand; he told his errand, he has done the errand—Woh naukar ek khabar lekar bhejä gayā; usne khabar kah yā de dī; woh hukm yā farmāish kī ta'mīl kar chukā (jo kuchh kanne ke hye usee kahā gayā thā use woh kar-chukā)

"These are the most common modes of using this word." Webster. 2.—Kisike kahinjine kā mansbā (maqsadyā garaz). [chhāpe kī bhūl).

ERRATUM (Lat.) Galatī; bhūl-chūk; tahrīr yā tab' kī galatī (likhne yā Erroneous, a. Jāda-i-rāstī se munbarrī, muntashar; sadāņat yā insāf ke mutābiq nahīn; galat; be jā, nā-durust, jismen galatī ho; jhūth; gumiāh k. w.; jiske samajhne men galatī huyī ho.

An erroneous view - Galat rüe; khayāl i-be-jā. An erroneous doctrine - Masa-la-i-galat; aisā masala piese gum rāhi ho.

Erroneously, ad Galati se; subhat ke sāth (salūh sahīh) nabīn, jhūth; sahwan; bhūl se; ohūk se, khatā se.

Erroneousness, n. Galati, 'adam-r-sihhat, be-jaiyat.

Error, n. 1.—Galatī; sahw; bhūl; chūk; khatā, galat-fahmi.

Clerical error - Kitabat (likhue) ki galati, katib (likhue-wale) ki bhul.

2.—(Law) Kār-rawāyı 1-'adālut men umūr-i-muta'ulliqa-i-qānūn yā wāqi'āt kī galatī; farīqam ke 'uziāt yā tajwīz-i-'adālat men galatī.

Errors excepted (E. E.)—Ba istisuā-i-galati; galatiyon ko ehhor ke; jo kuchh bhūl-chūk ho blā libāz uske, Errors and omissions—Bhūl-chūk, jo kuchh galat zur chhūţā (firo-guzāsht buā) ho

Erndite, a. Khūb parhā; 'ālim; fizil; pandit. [parhne ke ba'd hāsil ho. Erndition, n. 'ilmīyāt, fazīlat; 'ilm-i-'adab kī tahsīl; 'ilm jo bahut kuchh Eruption, n. 1—Phūt parnā; tūt parnā; kisī ghirī yā band jagah se yakāyak bāhai uikal ānā. [dāne jo bukhār med nikal āte haid.

2—Kisî jildî maraz kā hojānā; jildī maraz—jaise surkh suikh Escape, v t. 1.—Bhag kar bach jānā, mkal-jānā, bachā jānā; kisī khatre se pauāh yā amn pānā; khatre yā nuqsān ko bachā jānā; nikal-bhāguā; bhāg kar khatre se mahfūz rah-jānā; khatre se bach-jānā; bezaiar bach-nikaluā.

The accused escaped arrest—Woh mulzam bhāg-kar giriftāri se bachgayā His companions were arrested, but he escaped—Uske sāthi giriftār ho-gaye par woh nikal-bhāgā.

2.—Nazur-andāz b., nigāh se bach jānā; nazar yā tawajjah se bach-jānā, khayāl na paṇnā; malbūz na rahnā.

The fact has escaped the attention of the Court - Us bat ke 'adalat me mazarandaz kar-dıya, us waqı'a ki taraf 'adalat ne tawajjuh na ki To escape one's memory - Yad na rahna; bhūl-jana. (bacha-jana.

Escape, v. s. 1 -Bbag kar khatre se bach jara; khatre ya sadme ko

2 Be-zarar r h jana khatre se bach jana sāf bach ya n.kal jana. Escape n l Khatre se bach-mkama yā use bachā-jānā; mgāh bachā jānā; kisī āfat se be zaiar bach-rahuā, muqsān yā rukāwat se āzādī yā najāt.

To bave a narrow escape—Kisī āfat balā yā musībat men parte parte (giriftār hote hote) bach-jānā, aisī āfat se mahfūz rah-jānā jo qarīb pahunch gāyī ho; āyī huyī halā kā tal-jānā.

2.—(Law) Kisī shakhs-1-giriftār-shuda yā qadī kā qabl isse kī woh bā-zābīta rīhā ho hīfāzat yā bīrāsat-1-jāiz se mār-piţ kaike yā chup-chāp (khufyātan) nīkal-jānā, fiiār.

Escheat, n. (Law) 1 — Asāmī ke lā-wāris mar-jāne kī wajh se arāzī kā uske asl mālik kī tanaf 'aud k.; qābizīn-i-mujāz ke na hone kī wajh se jāe-dād-i-gan-manqūla kā farmāń-rawā-i--'ahd (gavarnint yā rīyāsat) kī taraf ba-hasīyat-i mālik-i-aslī aui ākbir 'aud k

2 — Wow afazi jo uske asl mālik yā bādsbāh ko asāmī ke lā-wālis mar-jāne yā uskī qābiz-i-mujāz ke na hone kī wajh se mile; nuzūl

Escheat, v. i. (Law) Ashkhās-1-21-haq ke na hone yā zahtī kī wajh se arāzī kā jānih uske mālik-i- aslī yā bād shāb-1-waqt khwāh 11 yā sat ke 'aud k. |

Escort, n. 1 — Woh shakhs yā ashi hās jo kiel ke hamiāh uski bīfāzat ke liye khwāh ta'ziman tahen; woh sipāhi jo hathiyār ligā kar kiel afsar khwāh asbāh wagaira ke hamiāh jo khushkī se kahiu jātā ho

hıfazat ke lije rahed; gärad. 2—Safar ya kabin bahar jüne med muhafazat. [nigah.lan r.

To travel under the acost of a friend—Safar ki balat med kisi dost ko appa Escort, v. t. Nigah-bānī aur hifāzat ke liye kisi ke sath izhnā; ba-taur nigah-bān ke kisi ke ham-iāh rahnā; kisi ki ta'zīm yā tauqīr ke liye nake ham-rikāb yā uski khidmat men bāzir rahnā. [land" Webster.

"Used especially with reference to journeys or excursions on Especial, a. Khās; ā'lā; barā; ek bī qism ke dūsron men mumtāz.

Especially, ad. Khūs tarīq par; takhsis ke sāth; khūs kar; khūs satan; khusūsan; ek bī shakhs jā chīs ke muta'allıq; ma'mūl se ziyāda; gāyat darje kā.

Esponse, v t. 1.—Shādī kar-d.; byāh d.; shādī kī nisbat kar-d.; mangnī kar-d [l.; rzdrwāj k.

2.—Shādī kar-l.; byāh l; apul zanja banā l.; apul zanjīyat men 3.—Hāmī bannā; himāyat k; pushtī d; tāyīd k, apuā kar-l.; apue ng kā banā l., kisī kī taraf ho-jūnā; ikhtiyār k; qabūl k.

To espouse the quarrel of another—Düsre kā jhagṛā mol l (spne zimme kar-l.). To expouse a cause—Risī mu'āmale men hāmī (madad gār) ban jānā.

Espy, v. t. 1 — Dekh pānā; āṅkhoù se dekh l., kīsī dūr kī chuz ko jo kuchh kuchh chhipī yā khāb numāyān ho dekh pānā, yakāyak dekh l. 2.— Nigāh khol-kar dekhnā, dekhbhāl-kar nigajān r.; tārā k.

Esquire, n. Ek ta'zīmî lafz jo maktūb-ilaih ke nām ke sāth Angrezi khutūt men musta'mal hotā haz.

Equivalent to Rahādur in addressing letters in the Vernacular.

Essay, v. t Koshish k.; fiki k.; kisī kām ke karne kī koshish k.; kisī shai kī nishat apnī zibnī quwwaton ko āzmānā; āzmānā. [koshish; āzmānāh.

Essay, n. l.—Kisī shai ke anjām ke liye zibnī yā jismāni koshish;

To make an essay - Rosh sh k

2 Woh tahrır jo k s khas mazındı kı nısbat ki-jāe; jawāb-i-maz-mun.

Essayist, n. Mazmūń-nigār, khās khās mazāmīn kī nisbat apnī iāc likh-

ESSE (Lat) Hasti; wnjûd.

Essence, n. 1.—Woh sifaten jinse kisî shai kî tarkîb ya jinpar us shai ke wujûd ka madar ho; sifat-i-khas; nife, janbar; asl madda; mahiyat; woh sifat jinse ek shai ba-muqabala auroù ke tamîz ki-jawe; khassiyat, khawas; asl-i usûl.

2.—Hastī; wujūd.

3 – Kisî nabût yû dawa kû janhar; sat; hîr; kisî nabût ka iangan jisko tez shalûh mch milakar batani dawa ke kam meh layen.

4.—Khushbū, 'itr; woh jaubar jisse khushbū bane.

Essential, a 1.—Nafsu-l-amrī; zātī, aslī; jiskā wujūd wāqi'ī bo; jo kisī shai ke qāim rahne yā uske taikīb dene ke hye lābudī ho.

2.—Nihāyat aham; babut bī zarūrī; kisī magsad ke busūl ke liye

pur zaiūr; labudī, lazimī.

Essential, n. Nihājat zarūtī bāt; asl; mabdā; mūl; tattwa; woh usūl junpar kisī amr kā madāt ho (jinpar woh mabnī ho).

Essentially, ad. Fi-nafsihī; bì-zāti-hī; dai asl: asl men, ba-tarz-i-abam; bahut kuchh, tāsīi yā mazmūn meh.

The civil and criminal laws are essentially different — Qawanin-i-diwani wa faujdäri fi-naisihi mukhtalif ham.—The two statements differ but not essentially —In donoù bayanat men ikktilai to hai par bahut nahin; go yah donon bayanat mukhtalif hain par ba-lihāz-i-mazman ya tasir unwen ikhtilai nahin bai.

Establish, v. t. 1.—Mazbūt yā mustahkam k ; aisā qāim karnā ki phir tabdīl na ho, hamesha ke liye (dawāman) gāim k ; ta'aiyun k ; qarār d.

2.—Nāfiz k.; sādu k.; hākim-āna tarīq par aisā hukm jārī k. kī woh hamesha gāim rahe

"Said of laws, regulations, and the like," Webster.

3.—Qāim r.; bahāl i.; manzti karānā; taelīm kaiānā.

"Said of opinions or doctrines, or forms of religion" Webster.

4.—Bunyad dalna; qaim k.; nasab k.; khara k.; bunyad dal-kar qiyam-i-dawama ka mazbut band-o-bast k.

"Said of a colony, a state, or other institutions" Webster.

5.—Sābit k.; tāyīd k.; kisi muzabzab mushtabah yā za'if amr ko mazbūtī se qānu k.

6 - Kār-o-bār jamānā; gāim k.; hamle vā nugsān se mahfūz k.

Used reflexively,

Established, pp. or a. Qāim; mu'aiyan; muqarrar; mustahkam; mahkum; nāhz shuda; nanzur-shuda; sādir-shuda; bahāl; bar-qarār; jo riyāsat kī jāmb se mugarran anr gāim ho.

Establishment, n. 1.—Qām k. yā qāim kiyā jānā; bunyād dālnā yā bunyād kā dālā jānā, istilikām denā yā mustahkam kiyā jānā; sādir

k. yā sudūr, isbāt; bahāli, bar-qarārī.

2. —Guzrān yā basar-ı-auqāt kā dhang; ma'mūli khareh; mawājīb-imuqarrar yā auqāt-basarī kā zarī'a; āmadanī; mushāhara. 3 — Woh iagah lahan sukanat ya kar-o bar ki garaz se koyi shakha

annā band o-bast dawām ke līve kar-le.

4 — Qıyam-gah ya jae ı-sukunat ma'zamın wa asasu-l-bait wa sawarishikāri wagaira; daftar yā kām karne kī jagah, mulāzimin, naukarchākar, 'amla; 'amle-fi'le.

Estate, n l.--Milk, amlāk, jāc-dād; māl, dhan, jo kuchh kisī ke qabze men ho, har qısm ki jae-dad 'ala-l-khusus jae-dad-ı-arazı ; har qısm ki ma ishat (jāc-dād māl o matā' yā milkīyat) jo koyī mutawaffā chhor

jāwe, māl-i-matrūka; matrūka-i-mutawaffā, taika.

Real estate - Jāc-dād 1-a1āzī, jāc-dād 1-gair manqūla - Personal estate - Māl 1manquila,—Hereditary estate - Ide-dad-i-maurusi,, miids , irs - Paternal estate - Matrūka-1-pidarī, jāe-dād-1-pidarī, bāp kā māl - Joint estate - Jāe-dād i umāli vā shužkatī ; muhāl r-ijmāli — Estate paying revenue to Government -- Mahāl-ı-māl-guzārī , mahāl ı māl-guzār-ı-sar-kār , mahāl-ı-khālısa ---Landed estate-Jāedād-1-arāzī, zamīńdārī; haqqīyat -An estate given as a pension Jāgīr; mu'āfī; altemgā; amma.—An encumbered estate-Jāe-dād jo zerbār-i-qarz ho; woh jāe-dād jispar qarz (daiu) kā bār ho.

2 - pl. Riyāsat, mulk, rāj, bādshāhat.

fhäsil ho.

3.—(Law) Woh haq yā istihqāq jo kisī ko arāzī yā dūsrī jāe-dād men An estate for life - Haqq 1-hin-hayati; woh haq jo kisi ko uski zindagi tak hasil rahe -An estate for years - Haq-1-mi'adi; haq jo chand sal tak qaim lahe. A temporary estate - Haqq-1-chand-roza; alsa haq jo thore dinon tak quim rahe, haqqiyatı 'arızi

Esteem, v. t. I. — Qadr k.; kisi shai ko 'umda samajhnā; ganīmat jānnā; 'azīz r.; ginnā yā shumār k.; samajhnā, khayāl k

2 —Besh-qimat samajhna; garan-baha khayal k.; bari qadr k.; adab k ; ta'zîm k.; 'ızzat k.; tauqir k , muhabbat k ; bajā samajhnā; sochnā, samajhnā; khayāl k. mān k ; ādai k,

Esteem, v. s. Tashkhis k.; kisi shai ki 'umdagi wagaira par lihaz k.; Esteem, n. Qadr, waqr; bara khayal, qadr-o-manzılat; barı ta'zim; 'izzat, kisî shai ko 'umda tasawwar karke use achchhā samajhuā. rāe, tashkhīs, livagat yā 'adam-i-livagat ki nisbat rāe yā khayāl.

In one's esteem - Kisî kî rãe (dânist yā tajwīz) men. To live in much esteem -

Bahut qadr kıya jana, barı tauqır se rahna

Estimable, a 1 — Jiski tashkhis ya qimat ho-sake; jiski maliyat ka takhmina ho-sake. Ita'aiyun ho-sake.

An estimable damage – Alsa harja ya khisara jiski maliyat ka takhmina ya 2 — Tauqīr yā ta'zīm ke qābil; shāyān-i 'izzat; mu'azzaz; wājibu t-

ta'zîm ; achchhā samjhe jāne ke lāiq.

Estimate, v. t Kısı shaı kı qımat tajwız k ; kisi shaı kı qımat ya mıqdār wagara kā bilā uske wazn yā paimāish ke apnī rāc yā tajwīz se qaim k , tashkhis k., andaza k., takdama k.; takhmına k., qimat laganā, ānknā, kūtņā; atkal se batānā.

Estimate, n Tashkhis-ı-zıhni, takhmına; wazn mıqdar ya qimat wagaıra kī nisbat tajwīz; hisāb bilā paimāish yā wazn; takdama; andāz, kūt;

Estimate of crops - Kankut; dana-bandi Rough estimate - Kachcha takhmina, tashkhis-i-khām; qimat wagarra kī nirī atkal-pachehū tajwiz.

Estimation n 1 Tashklis sh mar h sil giiti, andaza; kisi shai ki mil yat wus at (ambayi chaurāyi wagaira) yā miqdār kī nisbat rāc yā tajwīz jo kisī aisi bāt par qāim na ho jisko pukhta karke mān len.

2.—Tauqir; qadr; pās; libāz; 'umda khayāl; 'izzat; hurmat, ābrū. Estop, v t (Law) Roknā, māui' h, insidād k., āge barhne na d.; kieš ko khad usike fi'l se māui' h.; sadd-1-tāh h., hārij h.

Estoppel, n (Law) Rukāwat; insidād; imtinā'; 'uzr-1-māni' jo kisī ke fi'l-1-khās par mabni ho aur jiskī wajh se woh koyī bayān khilāf apne bayān-1-sāhiq ke na kur sake, amr-1 'āriz; imtinā' jā insidād nishat kisī aise bayān yā inkār ke jo kisī ke khās fi'l bayān yā inkār-1-sābiqa ke bar-'aks ho, māni'-1-taqvīr-1-mukhālif; taslīm 1-qat'ī wa nā-qābil-1-tardīd, amr-1-māni'-1-takinila-1-qānūnī; 'uzr 1-amr-1 māni'.

To work as an estoppel - Māni' h; kisi ko apne pohle iqrār khwāh inkār ke khilāt kuchh kahue as d , taqrīr-i mutazād men māni' h.

Estovers, n (Law) Zurūrī chīzen; rasad; woh muwājih jo kisī shakhs ko basar-i-auqāt ke liye uskī amlāk se diye-jāwen masalan woh muwājih jo kisī qaidī aur uske 'ayāl-o-atfāl ko ba hālat-i-qaid uske uskī jāe-dād se diye jāwen; woh muwājih jo kisī kī zanja ku ba-hālat-i-talāq bataur nān-nafqa ke zawaj kī jāe-dād se diye-jāwen.

Estrange, v t 1.—Dür iabnä; kanäre yā kanāra-kash rahnā, uus aur muhabbat taik kar d. [yā nā-chāq. paidā k.

2.—Ajuab banā d , tabī'at pher d.; mugāirat paidā kar-denā , mifāq Estrangement, n Muhabbat chhorī d. yā uskā chhūt-jānā; nā-chāqī, mifāq; mugāirat; dūr rahuā, khud-ba-khud kanāra-kash ho-jānā, ka-

nāre hat-jānā, kashīdagī; sard-mihrī

Estreat, n. (Law) Hukm-i jurmāna wagaira ke asl kī naql-i-sahīh (uskā musannā yā muntakhah) jo misl-i-'adālat men 13 garaz se rahe ki woh rupaye 'adālat kā ahl-i-kār i-mujāz wusūl kare; jab koyī muchalka zaht ho-jāe to uskī dast-āwez kā misl-i-muqadduma se is maqsad se 'alāhida kar-l ki uskī nisbat usī lihwāh dūsrī 'adālat men kār-iawāyī kī-jāe.

Estrope, v. t. Nangā yā barahua kar d.—jase darakhtoù ko unkī shākhen tor kar yā zamīn ko uspar se jangal kāt yā makānāt munhadīm karke; zamīn jangal yā makānāt ko is tarah gārat k ki usse dūsre ko nuqsān pahunche [jangal khwāh makānāt kī mishat woqā' men āye.

Estrepement, n. Woh bai-bādī-i-'azīm jo kisī asāmī kī jānīb se arāzī yā ET CETERA (Lat.) Aur bāqī; wagaira. [aur na fauā-pazīr; lāyazāl. Eternal,a 1.—Jiskī na ibtidā ho na intībā, qāmau-l-wujūd; na kisī se nīklā

The eternal God-Khudā i-layazāl. [mudāmī ; gaīr-fanā-pasīr. 2.—Azalī wa abadī ; jo hamesha qātm rahe ; lā-intibā ; lā-zawāl,

Eternal glory - Jalal i-la zawāl; la intihā buzurgī.

3.—Jiskā silsīla na tūķe; jo band (mauqūf) na ho. Eternal fires—Āg jo kabhī na bujhe (hamesha jalā kare).

4.—Lā-tagaiyur; lā-tabaddul, jo kabbī na badle.

Bigraul truth - Woh nafau-l-amr jiski asliyat kabhi na badje.

Eternal, a. Qaiyum; Khuda.

Eternally, ad. Hamesha, lā-ibtīdā yā lā-iotīhā, jīskā khātīma na ho; pon kā ton; bili-tagaiyur; sadā; mudām [gī; baqā.

Eternity. n. i.—Azal-o-abad; muddat-i-lā-iutihā; mudāwamat; hamesha-2.—Woh hālat yā waqt jiskā āgāz maut ke ba'd hotā hat, 'ālam-i baqā; 'āqībat. [aisā kar-d ki zamāna-i-lā-ta'ad tak qāim rahe Eternize, n. t. l.—Kisī shai ko hamesha qāim r.; kisī shai ko baqā d.; 2.—[ā-zanāl banānā; hamesba ke liye mashhūr. k.

Ethics, n. 'Ilm-1-akhlaq, farāz-i-iusānī kā '1lm; woh usul aur gawa'id jo

insan ke farāiz se muta'allıq hon.

Etiquette, n. Rusum-1-ādāb, adab-qī'ide kī woh bāten jinkā baitāw nij ki mulāqīton khwāh darbār-1-'ām yā khās men hāzirīn ke mā-bain ho, pishast-o-baikhāst yā raftār-o-guftār ke muta'alliq woh bāten jo tahzīb kī nazar se khwāh ba-ittioā'-i-hukm-1-hākim nij kî suhbaton khwāh darbīr wagaira men maihūz rakkhī jāen.

ET SEQUENTES (Lat) Woh chizen jo kisi ke ba'd hi (pichhe hi) hon. Eulogium, n Kisi shakhs ke sifat-i-zāti yā uske husn-i-khidmāt kī Eulogy, f ta'rif-o tausīf jo likh-kar yā zabānī kī jāe; wast; sanā, madh, barāyī. [ke sunne se khihsi ho

Euphony, a Khush-āwāzi; hurūf wagaira kā aisī tainh malfūz k ki us Evacuate, s. t. I.—Khālī k.; shai-i-mahmūla ko khārij kar-d., nikāl d nikālnā, khārij k [lan kisī shahr yā nal'e wegaira ko

2—Kahîn se chale jānā; chhor d; tark kar-d.; khālī kar-d. masa Kvade, v. t Chhal-bul karke nikal-jānā; tezi babāne chālāki yā hikmat se baclā jānā; nikal bhāgnā, gurez k., kanāra k. yā kanāra-kash h; tāl jānā, lait-o-la'l k. [se gurez k (use bachā-jānā)

To evade pumshment or service of a process - Sazā yā kisī hukm nāme kī ta'mīl

Evade, v. 1 — Bach-jāuā; nikal jānā.

2 - Bachne kī koshish k ; bachne ke liye hila-hawâla k.

Evaporate, v z. 1 — Pānī wagaira kā bhāph (bukhār) bankar ur jānā.
2.—Ur jīnā; kār gar ua h ; asar ua k.; rāe-gān jānā; zā'i ho-jānā; faut ho jānā, gāib bo-jīnā; sāqit h.

Arguments evaporate in words - Dalilen laffāzī med gāib ho-jātī harh. The spirit of a writer citen evaporates in translating - Tarjame med aksar musannif kā manshā faut ho-jātā har

Evaporate, v t. Bukhār banā d.; bhāp kar-d.

Evasion, n Gorez; kanāra-kashī, hīla-hawāla; tāl-matol; kisī bahs tuhmat yā ilzām kī tardīd se chālākī kar-ke bach rahnā; suwāl wagaira ke jawāb dene men hīla hawāla k. yā baglen jhānknā, mugālata.

Brasson of a direct answer weakens the testimony of a witness—Saf jawab .

ke dene men gurez se gawah ki shahadat men zu'f ajata hai. Evasion of process—Hukm-name se ru poshi (use kisi tarah ta'mil na hone d)

Evasive, a. Mail-ba-gurez; māil ba-mugīlata-dihī; jisse hīla hawāla yā tāl matol pāyā jāwe; muzabzab.

An sensize anewer - Mugalate kā jawāb : aisā jawāb jismen asl bāt se gures kiyā jāe; sāf jawāb nahin; gol jā jāl-matol kā jawāb.

Eve, a. 1.—Shāra; magrib ke qarīb kā waqt; awāil-i-shab; din kā ākhir. 2.—Kisī khās ros ke pahle kī shām masalan tewhār wagaira kī.

- 3 —Kısı waqi'a i-aham (barı bût) ke 'ain maqabl ka zamana.
- Even, a 1.-Barābar, ham-wāi; musattah; nīchā-ūnchā nahīn; nishebfarāz nahīn, harakat yā tarz-i-kār-rawāyī men yak-sān nahīn

An even tract of land—Qut'-ı arazi-ı musattab; aisā zemīn kā tukrā jo barābar ho (nīchā nūchā na ho). [bat, hamesha ek tarah kā

2.—Dhīmā, jismen pareshānī yā khalal jald wāqi' na ho; muuza-An even temper - Mizāj jo hamesha yak sāu rahe, mizāj i-munzabat.

An even temper – mizaj jo namesna yaz san rane, mizaj i-munzabat. 3 — Jismen donon pablü (palle) barālar hon, donon turaf wājib;

jismen jämbäm se ek kī yāftanī dūsie ke zimme na ho, tai, dewrhā, lenā denā donon baiābar.

Said of accounts, bargains, or of persons indebted.

The accounts of both parties are even—Fariqain kā hisāb barābar hai; farīqain ko apne apne hisāb kī nisbat ek dūsre se kuchh lenā-pānā nabīn hai (unkā hisāb tai yā dewibā hai). [āth das wagaira.

4.—Juft; jug; tāq nahīn, jo do se bant-sake—jaise chār chha

Said of numbers,

Even or old - Tāq yā juất; phut yā jorā -On even ground - Naf' yā fāide men barābar, achhāyī men yak-sān.

Even, v. t 1.—Barābar k; hamwār k; pīnā k. [kar-d.

2—Hısāb barābur kar-d; lekhā dewrhā k.; donoù pallā yā pahlū ek Even, adv 1.—Bı-'annıh yā bı-'annıhī; barābar; yak-sān, thīk utnāhī ya usīqadar; thīk thīk waisā, waisāhī; bi-juisihī, 'alā hāzi-l-qiyās.

As it has been done to you, even so shall it be done to others—Is bab men jaisā bartāw tumhāre sāth huā hai waisāhī dūsron ke sāth hogā

2.-Us waqt bhī; us hālat men bhī, usī waqt; usī hālat men.

I knew the facts even when I wrote to you - Jis waqt main ne tumko chitthi likhi us waqt bhi mujhe waqı at ma'lüm the.

3.—Yahān tak ki; hattā ki; itnā ki [hamlogon ko nahīn hai We are not even sensible of the change—Hattā ki is tabādale kī khabar bhī

4.—Jiskī ummed nahīń ho-saktī thī.
The common people are addicted to vice, and even the great are not free from it—'Awām badī ke'ādī haiñ aur bare bare log bhī usse barī nahīñ hain

it...'Awām badī ke 'ādī hain aur bare bare log bhī usse barī nahīn ham (ya'nī baren kī nabat yah ummed nahīn ho-saktī thī kī we bhī badī ke 'ādī honge).

(āna; wājīb

Even-handed, a Jismen taraf-dārī (jāmb dārī) na ho; 'adīlāna; munsif-Even handed justice - Insēf-i-'ādilāna; msēf-i wājib

Evening, n. 1 — Shām; din kā zawāl, sānjh.

2.—Zindagī kā pichhlā hissa; burhāpā, pīrī; zawāl (ghatne) kā waqt—jaise tāqat yā buzurgī ke. [ham-wazn. Evenly, ad. 1.—Barābar; ek tarah par, kam-o-besh (ghat-barh) nahīh:

2 — Nichā unchā nahin; nisheb-farāz nahīn; barābar; chauras.

3.—Bılā-jānub-dārī; bılā rū wa ri'āyat, barābar; yaksān, ek dhang par; na dostī kā khayāl rakh-kar na dushmanī kā.

Event, n 1.—Jo kuchh äye pahuńche yā wāqı' ho (bîte); jiskā zuhūr ho; koyī burā yā bhalā wāqı'a, sar-guzasht; mājarā; hādisa; jo sar par pare yā bīte.

['amal khwāh ā'māl kā anjām.

2.—Natīja; samrā; anjām; maāl-i-kār; akhir; khātima; kisā fi'l yā

In the event of — Dar surat, dar-hālat; agar aisī naubat ho yā pahunche; agar aijām-i-kār aisā ho; kāsh aisā ho.

In the event of the plainuff's death—Dar-sūrate ki mudda'i mar-jāwe; agar mudda i ki w niāt kī naubat pahunche. At all events—Ba-har-taqdīr; ba-har-hāl; bar-sūrat men; jo kuchh ho.

Eventful, a. Jismen pahut se mājare yā sāmhe hon; jismen bahut se yā baie bare 'ām yā khās tabādalāt hon; bare bare wāqi'āt ke liye mashlūr.

Eventual, a. 1 — Jo bataur natīje ke zuhūr yā wuqū' men āwe. 2.—Ākhir, ākhiru-l-amrī, āķhir men hone wālā.

Eventually ad. Ākhirash, ākhiru-l-amr; ākhir ko; anjām-i-kār ko; bi-lākhir; ākhir men; yah natīja huā ki; maāl-i-kār yah huā ki.

Ever, ad 1 — Kisi waqt ya zamāne men; kabhī.

2.—Har waqt; hamesha; barabar; 'ala-d dawam.

3.-Be-rukāwat; bilā-takhallul; ākhir tak; barābar.

Ever and anon—Gāb-gāh, kabhī-kabhī, jab-tab.—For ever—Hamesha; dawāman; mudām—As soon as ever—Joū hī, jab hī —Ever so—Jitnā hī —For ever and a day—Hamesha (Colloquial). [dawīmī; mudāmi.

Everlasting, a Hamesha rahne w.; lāyazāl; azalī wa abadī, lā-zawāl; Ever-living, a Vide supra. [lā intihā tak

Ever-more, a. Hamesha, mudām; sadā; har-waqt; āyında ko zamāna-i-Every, a Har; har ek; ek ek; fardan-fardan; bi l-infirād

Every now and then - Aksar; barhā; bār-bār; thore thore 'arso ke ba'd; beshtar, kasrat se; gharī gharī (Colloquial)

Every-day, a. Har roz ke kām kā; roz ke qābil; ma'mūlī; 'ām [jagah. Every where, ad. Har jagah; har maqām par; har kahīn; sab kahīn, sab Evict, v t (Law) Hukm-i-'adālat yā 'amal-i-qānūnī ke zarī'e se be-dakhl k.; khārīj k.; majbūrī se nikāl d.; chhorne par majbūr k.; chhorānā.

Kviction, n. (Low) Be-dakhlī ba-zarī'a-i-hukm-i-'adālat; qānūn ke mutābiq bā-zābita arāzī wagaira kā kisī ke qabze se nikāl lenā

Evidence, n. 1 — Jisse koyī bāt sāf sāf samajh men ā-jāc yā zāhir ho-jāc; madāi-i-yaqīn yā tajwīz; subūt-i-qat'ī, bayān mutazammin-ba-subūt.

2.—Jusse subūt hāsul ho (mule), gawāh; shāhid.

3.—(Law) Woh shar jo 'adālat-i-mujāz men ba-tarz-i-mu'aryana iqānūn is garaz se pesh ki jāe ki usse amr-i-zer-i-tahqiqāt kī tasdīq ho; wajh-su'jūt, subūt, shahādat; gawāhī. [subūt mundarj ho).

4 — Wasiqa yā tahrir jisse koyi bāt sābit ho (jismen kisī bāt kā Additional evidence—Shahādat-i-maxīd, aubūt-i-zāid; jitnā aubūt maujūd ho iske 'alāwa aur subūt.—Circumstantial evidence—Subūt-i-qaiām yā wāqi'āti—Collateral evidence—Subūt-i-zīmnī.—Corroborative evidence—Subūt-i-tāpili, ahabādat-i-muwaiyida—Direct evidence—Shahādat-i-sarīnī, subūt-i-badīli—Documentary evidence—Subūt-i-kāgazī, tahrirī subūt—Evidence for plautīli—Documentary evidence—Subūt-i-mudda'ī yā mustagīs; subūt.—Evidence for prosecutiou—Subūt-i-jānīb-i-mudda'ā 'alaih; tardīd.—Evidence for and against, or pro et con—Subūt-i-tāyīdī wa tardīdi; subūt-i-farīqsin; mudda'ā 'alaih kā subūt—False evidence—Shahādat-i-darog yā itāsiba; jādībī gawābī.—Heareay evidence—Shahādat-i-sama'ī yā samā'ī,

chashm-dīd shahādat nahīn. —Indirect endence — Shahādat-i-gair-sarihi; subūt jo badīhī na ho. —Occulai endence — Shahādat-i-royat yā chashm-dīd, āhkh kā dekhī bāt kī gawāhī; nazarī subūt —Oral or parol endence — Shahādat-i-zabānī, suhūt-i-taqrīlī yā lisānī. —Piesumptive endence — Shahādat-i-qiyāsī yā zannī —Pima facie endence — Subūt-i-bādiu-n-nazarī —Primary endence — Shahādat-i-aslī; subūt-i darja-i awwil — Secondary endence — Shahādat i-darja-i-duwam; qism-i adnā kā subūt — State's endence, Queen's endence — Kisī jurm kā shaik jo sarkālī gawāh banāyā jāc; gawāh-i-sarkārī. — Endence on record — Shahādat i-maujūda-i-misl, subūt jo misl (kisī muqaddame ke kāgazāt) men maujūd ho. —To'give endence — Shahādat d, gawāhī d. yā k — To record endence — Shahādat qalam-band k., izhār likhnā. —To take endence — Shahādat lenā, izhār lenā.

Evidence, v. t Zāhir k., sāf dekhā d. yā kar-d ; sābit k ; pāya-i subūt ko Evident, a Jo sāf dekh pare, jo sāf sāf samajh men āye aur dil ko mutmayin kaide; zābir; 'ayān, numāyān; wāzih, 'alāniya, jo dil par sāf

khul jāe (zāhir ho-jāe).

The guilt of the offender is evident-Us mujrim kā jurm zāhir hai.

Evidently, ad Sāf sāf, sarīhan; arsī tarah par kr dil ko yaqīn ho; bilā-shak; lā-rarb, lā-kalām.

Evil, a. 1.—Woh khāsīyaten r. w jisse nuqsīn yā mazarist paidā ho; bad-khaslat, bad-khū, zarar rasān; bad; acbehbā nahīn; nā-kāra yā muzir; 'umda nabīn. [khaiāb; zubūn; qabih.

2.—Jismen burī sifaten hon, jisse badī zābir ho; burā; bad; 3.—Jisse rang musībat nugsān yā āfat paidā ho yā paidā hone kā ihtimāl ho; nā-mas'ūd; bad, burā, bad-shugūn; nahs yā manhūs.

The evil one - Shaitan; iblis.

Evil, n 1.—Woh shar jisse ranj paidā ho; woh shar jisse hīlatan yā sarīhatan koyī taklīf paidā ho, mazarrat; nuqsān; musībat, āfat, balā, nuhūsat [sharārat.

2 —Nekī se inhirāf; badī pai iagbat; dil kī burāyī, badī, khabāsat; Evīl-eye,n Chashm-i-bad, burī nazar; burī nigāh; nazai-i bad [khwāh. Evīl-eyed, a. Bad-nazar; chashni-i-bad r. w.; hāsid; rashkī, hasratī; bad-Evince, v t. Sāf sāf dekhlā d., aisī taiah par sābit k. ki phir koyī shubha ba-tarz-i-ma'qūl rah na jīe, zāhir k.; sābit k.

Evoke, v t Talab k.; chāhnā; khinchkar bāhai nikālnā.

Evolve, v t I — Kholnā, tah khol d; khol kar phailā d.; suljhā kar sāf sāf aur achchhī taiah dekhlā d.; zāhir k.

2 -- Nikālnā, khārij k; bāhar k.

-Evolve, v i Khul jānā; phail jānā, zāhir ho-jānā.

EX, (a Latin prefix).

"When prefixed to names of office, it denotes that a person has held that office but has resigned it, or been left out, or dismissed." Webster.

Ex minister—Wazīr-i-sābiq; woh wazīr jo apne 'uhde se ma'zūl yā musta'fi ho-gayā ho.

Exact, a 1.—Wāqi'a ke mutābiq; asl haqīqat ke thik thik mutābiq; jismen mutlaq yā zarā sā iķhtilāf na ho; thīk thīk; bi-jinsihī

He has paid me the exact amount I had advanced him - Usne mujhe thik thik

usīqadar rupaye diye ham jitue main ne use diye the.

2.-Jo 'ādatan pāband-ı-qā'ıda-i-mu'aiyana yā wa'da ho; kharā [thik waqt par lets dets har karā; jo koyī kām thik wagt par kare

He is exact in his dealings - Woh apne Ien-den men kharā yā karā bai; woh 3.-Muhtat; gāfil nahīn; qā'ide yā hukm kā khūb lihāz r w ; kisj

silsile kā pā-band. Tuibāyat muhtāt har

This man is very exact in keeping accounts-Tartīb-i hisāb men yah shakhs Exact, v t Hukūmat vā istihqāq ke rū se talab k. yā chāhnā; kisī chīz ke dene par majbūr k.; jabrīya karānā; jabr se lenā; istihsāl-i-bi-ljabr k., ba-zoi lenā, zabardastī lenā

Exacting, p. a. lkhtijār ke hîle se rupaye talab karne yā koyī fi'l jabrīya karāne w ; mutālahon men zulm yā be-mauqa' saķhtī k. w.; tang-talab; jo bilā-lihāz-i-khulq yā hālāt farāiz ke anjām karāne par māil yā uskā 'ādī ho; jo jabr se koyī shar hāsil kare.

Exaction, n. 1.-Hukūmat ke sāth mutālaba karke uske wafā ke hye majbūr k ; mutālaba-ba-zor-i-hukūmat ; ıstıhsāl-ı-bı-l-jabr ; zabardastī

wusul k.; kisî bat ke karne ke liye majbûr k.

2.—Woh rupaye wagaira jo ba-zor-i-hukumat liye jāen; woh rupaye jo sakhtī yā be-msāfī sewusūl kiye jāen, woh i usūm yā zar-i-m'ām yā chanda wagaira jiske mutālabe yā wusūl men sakhtī yā be insāfī kī-jāe.

Exactly.ad. Thik thik; bi-'ainihi; hū-ba-hū; jon kā ton, jaise kā taisā; bininsini, huwa-huwa; thik qa'ide paimane ya waqi'e ke mutabiq; sihhat ke sāth; bārīkī ke sāth; thik thik jausā wājub munāsub yā haq ho. Exactness. n 1.—Sibhat; bārīkī, qā'ide ki mutābaqat, husn-uslūbī.

Exactness of judgment - Sihhat-i-tajwīz; tajwīz ki bārīkī

2 — Silsile yā qā'ide kā barā lihāz i. aui sachāyī kī mutāba'at k.

Existres in accounts or business - Hisāb jā kār-o-bār med qa'ide aur rāstī kī mutāba'at

Exaggerate, v t. Barhānā; had se zīyāda barā banā d ; baland k.; jitnā sach yā wājib ho usse bath kar batlanā; mubālaga k ; barhā ke kahnā; dun kī lenā; lambī chaurī hānknā; dīng mārnā [barhāwā; tūl-kalām Exaggeration, n Mubalaga; jo kuchh asliyat ho usse ziyada bayan k.:

Exalt, v. t. 1.—Baland k , unchā k ; upar uthānā 2.—'Ālī-martaba baland-iqtidār yā bajā daulat-mand wagaira k :

bartari d , taraqqi d ; barhana.

3.—Bahut khush yā magrūr k , khushi se phulā d ; dil barhānā. 4.—Bajāyī k., ta'iīf yā tauqīr ke zaii'e se barhānā; sanā-khwānī L., buzurg banānā.

5 —Barhānā—jaise āwāz yā sur; unchā k; uthānā.

Examination, n 1. - Jānchnā yā jānch, imtihān k. yā imtihān, ihtiyāt ke sāth talāsh tahqiqāt yā just-o-jū; asl haqiqat yā nafsu-l-amr ke daryāft men barî taftîsh, ihtiyat ke sath kisî ohîz ka mu'ayana ya mulabaza

2.—Kisî bāt yā amr-ı-tajwiz-talab kī nisbat hālāt jā wāqi'āt par ba-khūbī gaur k.; taftīsh-i-zihnī, dil se istifsār.

3.—Imtiban; taftīsh 1-ligagat.

4.—(Law.) Shahādat ke zaīi'e se wāqi'āt ki tahqīqāt yā unke muta'alliq istisar; suwalat püchb-kaı sachchī bāt ke daryāft ki koshish; zabān-bandī; izhār; shahādat; pūchh-pānchh; ıstıfsār.

Examination-in-chief - Woh suwalat 10 gawah se fariq-i-talab-kunanda puchhe. suwāi yā istifsār-i-farīq-i-awwal.—Cross-exmination-Suwālāt 10 gawāh se fariq i-mukhālif pūchhe; istifsār-i-faifq-i-sānī; suwālāt-i jarah yā tardīd Re-examination - Web suwalat jo gawah se un umur ki nishat puchhe jawen jo suwālāt-i-jarah se pardā hon, īstifsār-i-mukarrar i-fariq-i-awwal

Examine, v. t. I -Kisî chîz ko is garaz se bakhûbî dekhnâ (mu'āyana yā

mulāhaza k) kī uskī aslīvat (uskā thik hāl) ma'lūm ho iāe.

To examine a house - Kisî makan ko is garaz se deklina-bhalna ki uskî halat dar-haqiqat kyā hai.

2.-Suwālāt ke zarī'e se wāqi'āt aur hālāt kā daryāft k.; suwāl nüchhnā; istifsār k ; zabān-bandī k.; izbār l.

To examine a witness - Kisî gawah se suwal k ya uska izhar l., suwalat püchh-

kar gawāh se kisī amr kī nisbat wāqi'āt aur hālāt kā daryāit k.

3.—Kisî bat ke wujuh par gaur k.; kisî amr kî nisbat dalail par gaur k.; gaur k; lihaz k.; sahîh zae qam kame ke liye dalîlon par gaur k. aur wāqi'āt kā milānā yā muqābala k ; kisī amr ke sab pahlū aur jawānib par nazar k

4.—Kısı bat ki taftish k., kısı bat ko tawajjuh se dekhna

5.-Imtihan lena, mihak - i-imtihan par rakhna; jo shakhs kisi shai ki tabeil men ması üf ho ussezalı anı yalıkb-kar uslı lıyaqat ka hal daryaft k

6 — Janchna, kasautī par kasna, imtihan k, tajuba k.: tarīg-i-

mu'aiyana par janchua

Examinee, n. Woh shakhs jiskā imtihan hyā jāe; mumtahan. Exminer, n 1,-Jänch imtihan ya mulahaza k w, suwal k. w.

Examiner of accounts - Mubassir-1-bahi; lusab ki jauch-partal k. w ; muhasib Chemical examiner - Mumtahin-i kimiya.

2 — Imtihān i. w , mumtahin.

Examining, p a Imtihān lene kā mujāz, imtihān ke liye muqarrar.

An examining committee - Kameţī jo imtihān lene ke liye muqarrar ho.
Example,n 1. - Woh shai jiski taqlī l kī-jāe ;namūna ; nazīr , tamsīl , misīl.

2.—Woh bāt jise Ma'yūb samajhnā chāhiye yā jisse parhez dar-kār ho; tambih; 'ibrat, chashm-numāyi.

To make an example of - Kısî shakbs ki sază ya chashm număyî îs garaz se k ki usko dekh-kar auron ko 'ibrat ho (ya'ni dnere log aise fi'l se parhez karen).

3.-Woh shar jo kişî düşrî shar kî manınd ho, nazîr, shabih.

4 — Misäl; woh nazīr jo kisī qā'ide wagaīra ke itlāq ke sābit karne

ke livê zarûr ho. For example—Masalan; jaise; masalto masalan. To take example from—Kisi kī tatabbu' k (uskī pairawī k , usse kuchh sīkhnā). To set an example— Nazīr qāim k ; kisi bāt kī iāh kholnā, kisi bāt kā karnā shurū' k jise dekh

kar düsie bhi waisahi karne lagen. To follow one's example - Kisi ki pairawi k , jo dūsrā kare usī ke mutābiq khud bhī k , tatabbu' yā taqlīd k.

Exasperate, v. t 1 - Bahnt chirhana; kurhana; chherna, diq k.; gussa

dilānā, ishti āl d; bai-angekhta k.

2.—Aur barbānā; aur ranj-dih k ; aur burā k.; kisī badī kī sakbtī

ko barhā d., kisī būrāyī kā zor zīyāda kar-d.

Excavate, v. t. 1.—Khālī k.; gān yā garhā k; kāt kor yā khod kar khaāh isī qism ke kisī dūsre amal so khokhla polā yā khālī k.; yā ragarkar use khokhlā yā poplā banānā. khāli karke banānā. Excavation, n. 1.—Kisī shar ke andurunī hisse yā mādde ko kāt khod 2.—Garhā; khandaq; gār.

Exceed, v. t. 1.—Hadd-rmu'aryana ya farzi se tajawuz k.; kisi mu'aiyan paimāna yā miqdār wagaira se barh jānā (ziyāda ho-jānā).

Sabaqat le-jānā, murajjih h ; taijīh r.; 'umdagī men barh-jānā:

afzal h , kısī se barh-kar h.

Exceed, v. i. 1 —Bahut barh jānā, hadd-1-munāsib se tajāwuz kar-jānā; kise badd ta dād yā paimāna-i-mu'aiyana se barh jānā.

2.-Dūsre kī nisbat ziyāda h.; aur ziyāda yā barā h.

Exceedingly, ad. Nihāyat hī; bahut hî; ma'mul se ziyāda; shiddat se: kasrat se; ba-darja-i-gāyat, us sire, palle sire.

Excel, v t Tajāwuz kar jānā; barh jānā; sabaqat yā gū i-sabaqat le-jānā, fazilat r., tarjih r ya le jana; achchhi achchhi sıfaton ya ta'rif ke

qābil kāmon men düsron se barh-jānā, fauqīyat r.

Excel, v. i. Ma'mūl se ziyāda achchbī achchbī sifaten r. yā 'umda 'umda kām k.; auron se barh-jānā; afzal bartar yā murajjih h.; nām-war mashhūr yā mumtāz h.

Excellence, n. 1 —Buzurgī; barāyī; auron se barh-kar h.; 'umda 'umda

sıfaten ya khübiyan r.; darja-ı-â'la ki lıyaqat.

Koyî 'umda sifat, koyî aisî bāt jiskî qadı kar saken; woh bāt

jiske i'tibar se koyî auron se barh jae; khûbî; jauhar.

Excellency, n Ek ta'zīmī laqab jo safīron gavarnaron aur dūsre 'ālī rutba arākīn-1-saltanat ko diyā jātā hai [qābil, ba-dana i-gāyat. Excellently, ad Nihāyat hī umda tarz par, bahūt hī khūb, ta'rīf ke Except, prep. Ba-istisnā; chhorkai; siwā; 'alāwa.

"I have finished all the letters except one" is more marked than "I have finished all the letters but one" "The same remarks apply to

excepting, and with the exception of." Webster.

Exception, n. 1.—Istisnā, mustasnā; woh shakhs shai yā hālat jo 'alahrda ho (auron men shamil na ho); woh shai jo kisi 'am qa'ide ya bayan se auron se 'alahida ki gayi ho. [ba-istisnā

With the exception of-Kisi ke chhor ya mustasna karke; chhora ke; siwa; 2.—(Law), (a) 'Uzr yā i'tirāz-i-tahiri yā zahānī; jarah; guift, hugut; kısı amr-ı-çanunı ya bayan-ı-muta'allıqa-ı-waqı'at ki nısbat us amr se mkāi jo farīq-i-sanī jāiz samajhkar bayān kare.

(b) Dast-awez-i-hiba men woh daf'a jiske rū se wahib kisi aisi shai

ko mustasnā kar-de jo pahle dākhil-1-hiba rahī ho.
3 —Nukta-chīnī, 'aib-joyī; haif-gīrī; rok-tok, ikhtilāf-1-iāe; nārāzī; khafīf sā bulā mānnā.

Especially with to take, and usually followed by at, to, or against. Bill of exceptions - (Law) Woh kagaz Jismen kini faisale ki nisbat is gares so rurazāt likh-kar shātāt-misl karā diye jāwen ki woh mahkama-i-akbar men yā ijlās i-kāmil ke rū-ba-rū pesh hon.

Exceptionable, a. Qābil-i-r'tirāz; jarah yā girift ke qābil; jiskī nisbat

hujjat ho-sake; jispar i'tıraz warıd ho-sake

Exceptional, a. Istisnāyi; jisse koyi istisnāyi hālat paidā yā gāim ho. Excess, w. I.—Zivādatī, had se tajāwuz, zarūrat se zivāda h.; fuzūlī; făzil h.; be-ardaz h ; kasrat; shiddat; sangînî.

- 2 —Be-l'tidāli; bad-parhezī, be ihtiyātī, ihtizās-i-nafsānī men jāda-i i'tidāl se guzar-jānā, aubāshī.
- 3.—Woh shar jo miqdar yā andāz-i-munāsib se ziyāda ho, koyī shar jo gan munāsib yā gair mauzūn ho; ziyādatī
- 4.—Mıqdaı ya zar-ı-fazıl; woh miqdaı ya ta'dad jo düsri miqdaı ya ta'dad se zıyada ho; barhtı, baqı

A sum in excess - Raqam-i-sıwayı; raqam-ı-fazil.

xcessive, a 1.—Jisse ziyādatī zāhu ho, ma'mūlī darje paimāne yā had se bāhar, 'ām andāz se zāid, be-andāza; nihāyat; saķht, gūt; bahut hī ziyāda.

The amount of damages claimed by the plaintiff is excessive—Zar-i-khisāra-i-mutada'wia i-mudda'ī ma'mūl se ziyāda (bahut hi ziyāda yā be-andīza) hai Excessive labour—Sakht mihnat, mihnat-i-shāqqa; riyāzat i-gair-mu'tadila.

2 —Jo nasih 'aql munisabat insif ya mazaq ke khilaf ho; fuzul, 'aql ke khilaf; be-andiz.

xcessively, ad Nihāyat darje tak, zāid-az-andāz, nihāyat hī; shid-dat se; ba-hadde; az-had; bahut hī; zor se, sakht xchange, v. t. 1 — Kisī chīz ke badle men kojī chīz d; kisī dūsrī chīz ke mu'āwaze men d yā l., mu'āwaza (badal) ke 'īwaz men dūsre ke pās muntaqil k; 'iwaz le-kar kisī shar kā dūsre ke hāth judā

k.; badla-badli ya i'waz-mu'iwaza k, badalna

"It differs from sell only in the kind of compensation To sell
is to part with something in consideration for a sum of money, to ex-

change is to alienate one commodity for another." Webster

Tell them to exchange their hoises—Unse kah do ki apne ghore apas men
badal len He does not wish to exchange oxen for corn—Woh nahin

chāhta ki bail de-kar galla le 2.—Kisī shai ko ek dūsrī shai ke badle men judā k., kisī shai se ek dūsiī shai ke 'īwaz men dast-bardār h. (use tark k.; chhoṛnā khwāh usse musta'fī h).

Usually followed by for.

To exchange a crown for a cowl—Tāj-i-shāhī ke badle faqīrāna libās pahannā (bādshābī chhor-kar faqīrī k.).

3 — Bū-ham yā āpas men denā-lenā; denā aur lenā; ek hī qīsm kī chīz kā 'īwaz-mu'āwaza k.; badalnā.

They exchanged compliments with each other—Unbon ne bāham sāhīb salāmat ki To exchange blows—Bā ham mār-pīt k; āpas men ek dūsre ko mārnā To exchange thoughts—Tabādala-i-khayālāt k; apne ķhayālāt kā izhār dūsre se karnā aur uske ķhayālāt kā ķhud sunnā

"It has with before the person receiving the thing given, and for before the equivalent; as, Will you exchange horses with me? Will you exchange your horses for mine?" Webster.

schange, n 1.—Ek ham-qīmat yā ham-mālīyat chīz ke badle men dūsrī chīz kā d. yā l.; l. l. l. l. l. l. l. l. l. yā ham-mālīyat.

2 -Ek shai ki jagah par düsrî shai ka qaim k.

An exchange of grief for joy-Ranj ki jagah khuahi ka qaim k.

3.—Bā-ham yā āpas men adlā-badlā k ; āpas men lenā yā denā [mī. An ezchange of civilities — Āpas men ek dūsre ki tawāzu'-takrīm, mudārāt i-bāha-

4 — Woh shar jo li yā dī huyī shar ke badle men di yā li jāe; mu'āwaza; badlā [uske badle merī jān le.

O, spare her hie, and in exchange take mine-Dryden. Uski jau chhor de aur

"In ordinary business, this is called Change." Webster

5.—Woh tarīqa-i-tasfīya-ī-hisāb yā duyūn jo bilā-wisātat-i-zar-inagd ba-zarī'-i-tabādala-i-hundaviāt (orders or drafts) mā-bain aisc ashķhās ke mar'ī (jārī) rahe jo ek dūsre se fāsile par rahte hon.

The orders or drafts above alluded to, are termed bills of exchange (q. v)
The term bill of enchange is often abbreviated into exchange, as, to buy or sell exchange—Hundi kharid k ya bechna-

6.—Kısī shahr men woh jagah jahān saudāgar dallāl aur mahājan roz gār karne ke liye audāt i-mu'āiyana par yak-jā hon.

In this sense, it is often contracted into Change.

Course of exchange—Hundi kī nirkh (ustā bhāw) jo do jagahon par ho 'ām isse ki ziyāda barābar yā kam ho.—Par of exchange—Ek mulk ke sikke kī mu'ziyau qumat jo dūsre mulk ke sikke kī qīmat-1-mu'ziyana ke mutābiq zāhr kl-jāe masalan pound kī qūnat Hundustān 'ke sikka-i rāiju-l waqt ke mutābiq.—At par—Batābar par; barābar kī; barābar qīmat par masalan jab ek mulk kī kisī tā'dād-1-mu'ziyana kī hundavī usī ta'dād par dūsre mulk men kharti kī jāwe.— Below or under par—Ghaṭtī par, kam qīmat par masalan jab ek mulk kī ta'dād-i mu'aiyana kī hundī dūsre mulk men us ta'dād se kam par faroķht ho—Abore par—Beshī par; charhtī par masalan jab ek mulk kī hundavī kī nisbat dūsre mulk men ziyāda zar-i-saman kha rīdār ko denā pare—Exchangē is in favour of a place (Hundavī kā bhāw kahīń dhang se hotā ha) when it cam be purchased there at, or abore, par. Inference of exchange.—Hundavī kā baṭlā, kardā, phirautā.—Surplusage or gain on exchange—Barh oatjā.

Exchangeable, a. Tabādala-pazīr; jiskā tabādala ho-sake; badalne ke lāiq. Exchange-broker, n. Hundavī kā roz-gār (kār-o-bār) k. w.

Excisable, a. Jispar mahsül lag-sake yā lagtā ho,

Excise, n. Woh mahsül jo un chīzon par lagāyā jāc jo ek mulk men padā aur sarī hon masalan āb kārī ke godām ki sharāb yā gānja bhang wagaira kā mahsūl, muskirāt par mahsūl.

Excise, v. t. Kisî shar masalan muskirāt wagana par mahsūl lagānā.

Emitable, a. Jisko ubhār yā bharkā-saken; targīb-pazīr; jisko tahrīk bo-sake; jisko āsānī se josh tahrīk yā harakat men lā-saken;

Excite, v. i. 1.—Uthānā; ubhārnā; kisī qism ki kār-rawāyī par mānl yā sušda k.; tabrīk d.; bharkānā; josh men lānā, paidā k; qāim k.; bar-pā k; ishtiāl d., musta'id kar-d. [uske kisī hisse men jān dāl-d.

2.—Jism ya neke kisi hisse ki quwwat ko barha d.; badan ya

Excitement, n. 1.—Ubhārnā; jagā d.; ubhar yā jag uthnā, bedār hojānā, quwwat pakar l, tahilk men ā-jānā; josh men ā-jānā.

2.-- Wajh-ı-tahrik; woh shar jisse jumbish tahrik ya karıawaji

kī targīb ho, shai-1-muharrik.

3.—Jism khwāh uske kisi hisse men tāqat kā barh jānā

Exciting, p a Woh bāt jisse dil ko targīb yā tahrīk ho, ubhārne wālā; muharrik.

Exciting causes - Woh baten jinse bimārī fauran paidā ho.

Exclaim, v t Zor se bol uthuā; chillā uthuā; shor machā-kar kuchh kahnā; jazbe yā gusse kī wajh se shor-machānā; ba-āwāz-1-baland kahnā, pukār kar kahnā.

Exclamation, n. 1 — Shor-o gul; hank-pukar; nala-o-faryad, wawaila,

chillahat; hairat iani ya gusse wagaira ka izhar.

2 — Jo bāt shor ke sāth kahī jāe; harrat dard yā gusse wagarra kā izhār—jaise hār hār, wār-wār, tubah-taubah, trāh-trāh, ahā-hā, wāh-wāh wagarra

Exclude, v t. 1 — Bhītar āne na d.; andar jāne se bāz r., shīrkat yā tasarruf se mahrūm k; kisī shai se mahrūm k.; mustasnā k, khārij k; bāz r., alag k; mahjūb k [na hone d.

To exclude from inheritance - Mahjūbu-l-irs k., wirk-at se mahrūm k., wāris

2.—Bāhar nīkāl d. yā nīkāl-kar bāhar k ; khārīj k

Exclusion, n. Hajb, ikhiāj, mahrūmī; kisī istihqāq fāide isti'ināl yā tasariuf se bāz-rakkhā jānā, mustasnā kiyā jānā; istisnā

Entire or total exclusion — Hajb-r-humān.—Partial exclusion — Hajb-i nuqsān M. L.—To the exclusion of — Ba-mahrūmī; ba-istisnā, kisī ko chhor-kar, ba-mahjūbī-i-fulān

Exclusive, a. 1.—Shirkat ya tasarruf se mam'; jispai auron ko chhorkar (mustasna ya alag kar-ke) qabza-o-tasarruf ho; khas, bila-shirkat i gaire, bila-musahamat-i-ahde, jismen aui koyi sharik na ho.

An exclusive right—Istihqūq-i khās; aisā istihqāq jismen aur koyi sherīk na ho Exclusive possession—Qabza i-khās, qabza jismen koyi aur sharīk na ho, qabza bilā musāhamat-i-ahde; qabza jismen kisī dūsie kī shirkat na ho-2—Siwā, bi-istisnā; chhor-ke, bilā-shumūl; 'alāwa; qat'-i-nazar;

jo ginti ya hisab se chhuta ho, jo mahsub na ho. [khāne ki

Five thousand troops; exclusive of artillery-Pānch hazīr sipāh 'alāwa top-Exclusively, n. 1 — Khud hī, āp hī āp; jismen koyī dūsrā sharīk na ho; bilā-shirkat-i-gane, jismen aur koyī sahīm (hissadār) na ho.

To enjoy a privilege exclusively -- Kisī istihqāq-i-khās par khud (āp hī āp yā bilā shirkat-i-gaire) mutasairif h. [ke; ba-istisnā.

2.—Jo kisī hisāb yā ta'dād men shāmil na ho; bilā-shumūl, chhor-Excommunicate, v. t. Mazhabī firqe (qaum zāt yā barādarī) se ķhārij k.

Excommunicate, v. t. Mazhabī firqe (qaum zāt yā barādarī) se ķhārīj k. yā nīkāl d, mazhabī afsar ke hukm se us mazhab kī 'ībādat-gāh se ķhārīj karke uske muta'allīq kī murā'āt se mahrūm kar-d

EX CONCESSO (Lat.) Jo kuchh taslīm yā farz kar liyā jāc usse.

Excruciate, v. t. Kişî ko barî hî taklîf d.; barî sakhtî k., 'uqubat k; 'azîyat d.; bahut azar d ya dukhana.

Exculpate, r.t Qusūr yā jurm ke îlzīm (tuhmat) se barī k.; rlzām se subukdosh k., be-gunāh (be-qusūr) thahrānā, barī k; rlzām se barī k, ma'zarat k. The morderer attempted to exculpate himself and throw the blame on others—

The murderer attempted to exculpate himself and throw the blame on others—
Us Lhūni ne is bāt ki koshish ki ki apni tayīn be-qusūr thahiā kar dūsron
par ilzām dāte. The prisoner's witnesses do not exculpate him—Mudda ā
'alah ke gawāh use jurm (ilzām) se barī nahīn kai te

Exculpation, n Ilzām i qusūr yā jurm se baiāat, ma'zarat.

Exculpatory, a Khatā yā jurm ke ilzām se safāyī kī salāhīyat r. w.; jīse ilzām se safāyī (harāat) ho-sake; ma'zarat-āmez; jīsmen 'uzr-khwāhī kī, bāten hon.

EX CURIA (Lat) 'Adalat ke bahar.

Excursion, n. 1.—Daur, kısı jagah se küch; yürish; tākht, charhāyī; dhāwā [chale jānā.

2 — Tanîh ya sihhat-i-badanî ke liye thore 'arse ke waste kahîn An excursion into the country—Sair o-tamāshā khwāh tabdil-i-āb-o-hawā ke liye do-chār din ke waste dehāt men chale jānā.

3 — Kısı mazmün ya asl mausha-ı-tahıir ko chhorkar düsre mazmün wagama ki taraf rujü'h

Excursive, a. Jisko qarār na ho; jo ek jagah na rahe; muntashar, sar gardān; gair-mustaqil; āwāra; jo barī barī (aham) bāton kī fiki yā ḍhūndh men lagā iahe.

An executatre faccy or imagination—Khayāl jo yak-jā na rahe (kisī daur yā kisī atur ki taftish meń lagā rahe). [ke qābil

Excusable, a 1.—Mo'āfī ke lāiq, shāyān-i-'afw; wājību-r-ri'ājat, 'afw The man is excusable—Who shakhs mu'ātī ke lāiq (wājību-r-ri'āyat) hai.

2 — Afw-pazīr; jiskī nisbat mu'āfī ho-sake, mumkinu-l-'afw; ma'zarat ke qābil, jiskā wijūb taslīm ho-sake. (taslīm ho-sake)

An excusable action—'Afw pazir fil, ass fil jo mumkmu-l'afw ho (jiskā wujub Excusably, ad Aise tarz par jo 'afw ke qābil ho, yahān tak ki dai-

guzar kar saken, mu'afi ke qabil tariq par.

Excusatory, a. Ma'zarat āmez; Jismen 'uzi-khwāhī ho, Jismen kisī qusūr se mu'āfī chāhī Jāe. (jāe; 'uzr-1-ma'zarat-āmez

An *excusator y* plea — Alsā 'uzr jiske zarī'e se kisī qusūr wagaira se ma zarat ki-

Excuse, v. t 1.—Ilzām se barī k.; qusūr yā ilzām kī tuhmat se āzād s.; jurm se barī k.; kisī ilzām se chhor d yā khalās k

2—Mu'af k, masalan qusür kā, bi-l-kul mu'af k yā kisi qadar sar-zāmsh ke qābil taslīm kar-ke igmāz k., dar-guzai k., jāne d; chashm-poshī k; ri'āyat k., mihr-bānī se ehhor d

3-Mu'afi chahna; khwast-gar-i-n'ayat h.; ma'zarat k.; 'uzr-

khwāhī k , ma'zarat kar-ke ilzām se barī k.
Excuse, a 1.—'Uzr, ma'zarat; woh bāt jo ba-taur wajh-i-mu'āfī ke pesh ki-jīwe; jo bāt is garaz se kahī-jāe ki kisī bare qusūr yā be-qā'ida bāt men khiffat (kamī) ho; banāwat; bahāna; hīla; bāten banānā.

He has no excuse to offer for his neglect of duty—Apne farz ke anjām men gzfiat ki nishat woh koyī uzr pesh nahīn kar saktā Excuses for delay of payment—Rupaye ke depe men tawaqquf (der yā tākhīr) kā nishat ma': sauni (banāwai hīla yā tāl match).

EX DELICTO (Lat.) Jum se; qusūr se [zalīl, mardūd. Execrable. α La'nat bhejne ke qābil; mal'ūn; nibāyat nafrat ke qābil; Execrate, v t, Kisī par la'nat bhejnā; bahut hī nafrat k., bad-dn'ā d; kosnā; sarāpnā [nafrat kā izhār]

Execution, n. Bad du'ā d. yā bad du'ā; la'nat; nahīn; sarāp; dilī Executant, n (Law) Muqin; woh shakhs jo koyī wasīga yā dastāwez likh khwāh likhā-kar uskā gānūnī takmila kar de. [ākhir ko pahunchānā

Execute, v. t. 1.—Anjām ko pahunchānā; pūrā k , takmīla k ; khatm k;
To execute a purpose, a plan, desīgn, or scheme—Kisī magsad mansūbe irāde
yā tadbir ko anjām ko pahunchānā (use pūrā k).

2.—(Law) Takmīl k. masalan kisī wasīqa-ı-qānūnī kā; us bāt kā karnā jo kisī wasīqa-ı-qānūnī ke jawāz ke liye darkār ho—jaise dast-khat wa muhr.

This power-of-attorney was not caecuted before the proper registering officer—
Is mukhtär-name kī takmīl sīga-i-rajistarī ke afsar-i mujāz ke rū-ba-rū nahūyī (ya'nī uspai muqir ke dast-khat yā uskī muhr yā donoh mahlma-i,
rajistarī ke afsar ke rū-ba-rū sabt na huye. To execute a deed in favour of
a person—Kisī shakha ke haq men (uske nām) dast āwez likh d (ja'nī use
likh-parh-har muqir ke dast-khat wagaira se mukammal k)

3.—Ta'mil k ; náfiz k, yā nafāz d.; mā k ; jānī k,

To execute a warrant - Ilukin nāma ta'mīl k (jo kuchh usmen hukin ho usko karnā yā kaiānā) To execute a decres - Digri jāi k (ta'mīl k).

4—Kisī shakhs kī nishat hukm-i qānūn khwāh tajwīz yā hukm-i-sazā kā nafāz dilānā, kisī par hukm-i-sazā-i maut kā nafāz dilānā, gatl k ; gisās k., mār dālnā; phānsī d.

5.—Bajānā—jaise bājā.

Execute, v. 2, 1 - Koyî kam ya farz anjam d.; apna kanı k

2.—Bājā bajānā. [1i; pūrā k. Execution, n. 1—Nafāz; ijrā; īfū; ta'mīl, takmil; anjām; bajā-āwa-Execution of a decree—Nafāz i-digrī, ijrā-i-digrī; ītā-i-digrī

2.—(Law) Qisas; halakat; ta'mīl-i-hukm-i-sazā-i-maut; tarīq-i-

mu'aiyan par qatl k, yā phānsi d

3.—(Law) Kısı wasıqa-ı qanunı par dast-khat aur muhr kā sabt - k. yā us wasıqe ki nıshat un manāsım kā anjām d. Jisse woh jāiz mutasawwar ho; takmīl-ı-dastāwez.

In execution of a decree—Kisi digri ke ijrā meb; digrī ki 'illat meb; digrī ke ifā meh To sue out execution of a decree—Darkhwāst dekar digrī jārī kaiānā Execution of orders—Tu'mīl-i-ahkām; hukuloù kā bajā-lānā (unkī ta'mil). Execution of duty—Anjām-i fars, farz kā adā (pūrā) k.

4.—Asar, maāl-i-kār; anjām; jo kuchh kiyā yā anjām ko pahuńchāyā jāe [kare; phānsī d. w. Executioner, n Jallād, qātil; woh shakhs jo hukm-i-sa/ā-i-maut kī ta'mīl Executive, a 1.—Nafāz ta'mīl yā ijiā ke liye maqsūd kbwāh munāsib.

Executive talent—Inyāqat-1 11rā 1-kār; qābiliyat-1-'āmilāna.

2.—Jisse qawānīn ke nafāz dilāne kī salāhiyat hāsil ho; nafāz-i-

gawanin (unke hukm ki ta'mil) ke muta'allıq.

Executive power or authority—Ikhtiyār-i-ta'mīl yā nafāz i-gānūn; ikhtiyār-i-'āmilāma; iqtidār-i-nafāz Executive duties—Farāiz-i-'āmilāna, woh bātefi jinkā karnā ahkām-i-qawānīn lī ta'mīl ke liye farz ho [judicial'' Webster "In government, executive iş distinguished from legislative and."

Legislative body — Wāri'ān i-qawānīn; woh log jo hākim-i-waqt kī jānib se qānūn banāne ke liye māmūr (muqarrar) hon. Judicial body — Woh ashkhāş jo bādshāh-i-waqt kī taraf se qawānīn kī ta'bīr aur is amr kī tajwīz ke liye mangarrar hon ki unkā itlāq kin kin kbās hālatoh men ho-saktā hai, mujawwizin-i-'adālat. — Executive body — 'Amilīn, woh ahl kār jo hākim-i-'asr kī taraf se qawānīn ke nafāz dīlāne kī garaz se mu'aiyan hon khwāh unke nafāz ki nigrānī karsā.

Erecutive,n. Wohafsar 10 qawānīn kenafāzkī nigrānī kare; hākim yā hukkām; "āmil ; kār kun; 'āmil āna ikhtiyār yā iqtidār muta'alliq-i-nazm-i-riyāsat.

Executor, n. Wasī, woh shakhs jise wasīyat-kuninda (mūɔī) is garaz se nāmzad kareki woh uskī wafāt ke ba'd wasīyat-nāme kī ta'mīl kareyā karāye, Executor in kis own wrong—(Low) Woh shakhs-ī-gair-mujūz jo kisī mutawafīz ke māl i-matrūka men dast-andāz hokar mahz be-sūd apne ūpar khidmāt-i-wasī

ke anjām kā bār utbāye.

Executorial, a. Wasī ke muta'allıq; ta'mīl-i wasīyat se ta'allıq r. w. Executorship, n. Wasī kā kām; wasī kā mansab

Executory, a 1.-Lawazım-ı-mansabi kā anjām d. w; 'āmilāna.

2.—Jiskî ta'mîl ya jiska nafaz ayinda par maqsûd ho; jiska nafaz kist aise amr ke wuqû' par muhawwal ho jo bar-ayinda zuhûr men awe, jiska hova kisî amr-i-muhtamîlu-l-wuqû' par maqsûd ho.

Executrix, n Wasiya; woh 'aurat jo wasi muqarrar ho Exemplar, n. Namūna, dhāocha, khāka; tuswir-i-khayālī.

Exemplary, a i — Pairawi ke qābil, jo ha-taur namūne ke kām men lāyā jāwe; jisko dekh kar usī ke mutābiq 'amal karen, lihāz yā taqlīd ke qābil; ta'rīf ke lāiq; numāyān

2-'Ibrat-numā, mūjib-i-'ibrat, jisse dūsion ko tambīh yā dar ho,

jisko dekh-kar düsre log jui in yā badī karne se daren

Ezemplary punishment.—Sazā jisse auron ko 'ibrat ho ; aisī sazā jo dūsron ko 'ibrat dilāne ke liye kī-jāwe; jo sazā tambihan kī jāwe

Exemplification, n.1.—Tamsīl; mısāl dekar sābit k.; nazīr dekar dekhlānā 2.—Naql;kısīkāgaz i-'adālatkī naqljiskī tasdīqdast-khataur muhi seho Exemplify, v. t. 1.—Tamsīl d.; misāl yā nazīr se sābit k. [musaddaq ho

2.—Naql k.; kişi kāguz-i-'adālat kī naql jo dast-khat aur muhr se 3.—Naql-i-musaddaqa ke zail'e se sābit k [tamsīlan; masalan.

BXEMPLI GRATIA, (Lat.) Tamsil ke tariq par; mısal ke taur par;

Contracted into e g

Exempt, v t. Musiasnā k.; jis hālat men dūsre log hon usse barī mustasnā yā khārij kar-d; kisī shai se baiāat d.; kisī farz se āzād k.; khālās k.; chhorānā; barī k.

Followed by from.

Exempt, a. Mustasnā; khārij-shuda; us shai se āzād jiskī nīsbat aur log pā-baud kīye gaye hoù masalau mahsūl wagaira se; khalās; āzād; barī; ohbūṭā huā; mu'āf; mustawjīb yā mustalzīm nahīn; kīsī khās istilegās ke rā se barī, gair tābī' yā gair mutī'.

Azemption, u Mustaana k.; baraat; makhlasi; us amr se āzādī jo auron ki nisbat king ho; trhāyī; chhutkārā; bachāw. [karm se hlāga r. w.

Mangaiel, a k6 muta alleg, kafn-dafn se mubat r w , kriyā

Exequies, n. Tajhiz-o-takfiu, kafn-dafn; kriyā-karm. [ruf-pazīr.] Exercisable, a Kiye yā kīm men lāye jīne ke lāiq; nafāz-pazīr; tasar-Exercise, n. 1 — Kām men lānā; zor d. yā zor pahunchānā.

The exercise of the eyes, or of the senses, or of any power of body or mind—
Ankhon khwah hawas-i-khamsa ya kisi zihni ya jismani quwwat ko zor d
(is tarah par usse kam liya karna ki waqt par mayusi na ho)

2 — Nafāz, 'amal-darāmad; anjām; ijrā, insirām; kām meň lānā; karnā, kisī kām yā kār-o bār ke anjām meň jo koshish aur naql-o-harakat (mihnat daur-dhūp wagaira) kī-jāe.

Exercise of authority—Nafaz-i ikbtiyār; hukūmat kā kām men lānā; iqtudār kā 'amal men lānā.—Exercise of right—Nafaz-i-haq; haq kā 'amal-darāmad — Exercise of functions—Lawāzim-i-mausabī kā anjām (ihtimām-o-insirām)

3.—Parastish; 'ibādat; pūjā-pāt; farāiz-1-mazhabī kā anjām

4.—Kısı bat ke sıkhne ya usmen taraqqı ki koshish; mashshaqı wagarra ke liye kisi kam ka aksar kiya karna; mashq, muhawara; kas-

rat; kartab; qawa'id.

5—Jism par is garaz se zor pahunchāyā karnā ki ā'zā sahīh aur durust rahen; sihhat-i-badanī ke liye chalnā phirnā tahalnā ghore kī sawārī k. yā aur tarah pai badan par zor pahunchānā; kasrat, warzish; riyāz yā liyāzat [warzish par hotā hai.

The wise for cure on exercise depend Dryden—Sibhat ke hye 'āqilon kā madār To take exercise on horseback—Sibhat kī nazar se ghore kī sawārī k—Violent exercise—Riyāzat-i-shāqqa; aisī warzish yā milinat jismeò jism par bahut hī zor pare.

6.—Kām; woh bāt jo kisî ke zimme anjām ke liye kar dī-jāe [se ho. 7.—Mashq; woh sabaq yā tamsīl jo mahārat paidā karne kī garaz

Exercise, v t 1 — Kām men lagānā; korānā, harakat d; jidd-o jahd k.; 'ādatau yā hamesha masrūf r., sikhlānā; mashq karānā; masrūf r.

2.—Ta'lîm ya taraqqî ke liye koshish k; mashq k; quwwat ya mashshaqî ke barhane ke liye kisî kam ka kiya k., karate karate taraqqî d.; ta'lîman karana; qawa'id karana. [îza-rasanî k.; be-cham k.

3.—Dıq k.; tang k.; chhernā; ranjīda k.; mutafakkur k.; bojh dālnā; 4 — Nafāz dilānā, nāfiz k.; kām meň lānā; 'amal meň lānā; anjām k. yā d. masalan kisī mansab ke khidināt.

To exercise authority—Iqtidar 'amal men länä; ikhtiyar näfiz k.; hukumat k.
To exercise an office—Kisi mausab ke lawazim (uske käm) ko anjam d.

Exercise, v. i. Warzish k.; kasrat k.; riyāz yā riyāzat k. [riyāzat k. To exercise for health or amusement—Tan-durustī yā tafrīh ka liye warzish yā Exert, v t. I — Quwwat zor yā liyāqat ko kām men lānā; barī koshish k.; musta'idī se kār-rawāyī k.; zor mānnā; tag-o-dau k; jidd-o-jahdk., daur-dhūp k

2.—Koshish ke natije ke taur par paidā k ; karnā; 'amal men lānā.

To exert one's self—Sa'i k; koshish k; hāth-pair hilānā yā mārnā, zor mārnā. Exertion, n. Tahrīk; koshish; sa'ī; daur-dhūn; jidd-o-jahd, hāth-pair kā hilānā; sor mārnā.

EX GRATIA, (Lat) Ri'āystan; mehrbānī ki rāh se.

FX GRATIA QURLA, (Lat.) 'Adelat ki mihrbānī (ri'āyat) se.

Exhale, et 1. - Nikālnā, khārij k ; paidā k - jaise bukhār (bhāp) wagaira. 2.—Knameh lenā; bukhār (bhāp) banā-kar nikāl d; bhāp kī [rah na jāe; sukhā d, sokh l. tarah nıkāl yā urā-d.

Erhaust, t. 1.—Sab kā sab khamch lenā, aisā khimch l. ki phir kuchh To exhaust the water of a well-Kisî kucû kā sab pānī khainch l. 2.—Kısı zarf se uske mazrûf ko sab kā sab nikāl-kar us zarf ko khālī To enhaust a well of its water-Kisi kuen men jitnä päni he sab ko nikälkar kuch ko khāli kar-d. (sukhā d.).

3 —Sab kā sah kām saif yā kharch men lānā; sāre kā sāiā kharch kar d.; kuchh bhi baqi rabne na d., khali kar-d.

To exhaust one's means or resources-Kisi ki kul amadani ko kharch kar d (use t.hi-dast kar-d ; khūlī hāth kar d)

4 — Thakā d; kul quwwat khinch l; kuchh zor bāqī na chhornā. To exhaust one's scrength or pattence—Kisi kī tāqat yā sabr bi-l-kul khainch l (use bi-l-kul nā-tuwāù yā be-sabr kar d).

Exhaustion, n 1 - Sab kā sab khainch I. yā sukhā d.; bi-l-kul khālī kar-d , kuchh bhi bāqi na chhornā. [nā; chus-jānā.

2.—Kbālī ho-jānā, bi-l-kul nātāqat yā kamzor ho-jānā; mehur nth-Exhibit, v t I — Dekhlana; mulahaze ya mu'ayane ke liye pesh k : dekone ke liye age dhar d ; manzūrī kī garaz se pesh k.

To exhibit a document in court - Kisi dastāwez ko mulāhaze ke liye 'adālat men pesh k.—To exhibit in an account-Hisab men dekhlänä (charhana dari khwān siyāha k yā manzūrī ke liye likhnā).

2 —Bīr-r-'ām zāhn k , bā-zābīta pesh k ; pesh k To exhibit a charge - Bār-i- ām yā bā-zābita nāhsb (istigāsa) k.

Exhibit, n. (Law) (a)—Kāgaz-i-subūt; woh wasīqa jo kisī 'adālat men khwāh salis wagaira ke ru-ba-ru ba-taur sanad yā subūt-i-wāqi'at ke pesh (dākhil) kiyā jāe; sanad yā wasīja i-pesh-shuda; wajh-i-subūt.

(b)—Woh kāgaz yā nawishta jo 'adālat men pesh-hokar igbāl yā

gawāhon ke zārie' se sābit kaiāyā jāc.

Exhibition, n. 1 — Peshī, dekhlānā, mulāhaze ke liye madd-i-nazar k. 2.—Woh shai 10 dekhlāyī yā pesh kī-jāe; kisī shai kī numāish-i-'ām. Exhilarate, v. t Khush k ; masrūr k.; shād k ; bāg-bāg kar-d.; farhat

bakhshnā ; shādān-o-farhān k Exhort, v t. Kahnā sunnā; salāh d.; kisī nek kām yā ta'rīf ke qābil kārrawāyī kī taraf dalilon se rāgib yā māil k; mashwara d.; jatīnā; mutanabbih k ; kisî nek kām ke karne kî salāh d. [taraf rujū' k.

Exhortation, n. 1.—Nek kāmon kī targīb; achchhi achchhī bāton kı 2.—Woh taqrır jisse tahrık aur taqwiyat karayı jae; salih, mashwara; pand; nasīhat. mkālnā.

Exhume, v. t Madfan se khodkar nikālnā; murde ko qabr se khod-kar Exigence, in Ashadd-1-zarūrat; barī hī zarūrat yā taklīf; woh hālat Erigency, 🐧 jısmen kar-rawayı ımdad ya chara-sazı fauran dar-kar bo; tagāzā; muqtazā; zarūrat,

The extgence of the times or of business-Muqtazā i waqt ya kar.—An unforeseen ezigeney — Aısı zartırat-ı-ashadd yıskı ummed pahle se na rabî ho. Exigent, a. Ashadd-i-zarūrī, jismen imdād yā kār-rawāyī fil-faur darkār Exigible, a. Mu'ajjal.

Ecigible dower. See Dower.

diya jana.

Exile, n. 1.—Jılā-watanī; shahr-badarī; apne watan se jabrīya nikāl 2.--Jilā-watan, jo shakhs hākim ke hukm se apne watan ke bāhar kar-dıya jae. Woh shakhs jo khud tark-i-watan kar de (apne des ko

chhor pardes chalā jāe) fapne mulk ko chhor d. Exile, v. t Jilā-i-watan k ; shahr-badai k.; ba zor-i-hākim yā āp hī āp Exist, v. v. Hastī r., wujūd r.; zinda rahnā; jīnā; qāim rahnā, honā;

wāgi' h., chalā chalnā Existence, n Wujud, hastī; qıyam; wuqu'; zuhur; rahna; hona.

Existent. a. Hastī yā wajūd r. w., maujūd; gāim.

Existing, ppr. or a See above. Exit, n. 1.—Bāhar jāne kī rāh; makhraj.

Used in contradistinction to entrance.

2.—Kūch, nhlat; maut; wafāt lmihrbānī kī nazar se. EX MERÂ GRATIÂ, [Lat.] (Law) Mahz 11'āyatan, sirf EX MERO MOTU, [Lat] (Law) Apnī hī khwāhish se, bi-r-iagbat; barazā wa ragbat-r-khud; āp-hī-āp, be dūsre kī tahrīk ke.

This phrase occurs in grants, charters, &c

EX MORE, [Lat.] (Law) Dastūr ke mutābiq; iawāj ke muwāfiq EX NECESSITATE, [Lat] (Law) Zarūiat se. zaiūiat kī wajh se. EX NECESSITATE LEGIS. [Lat] (Law) Qānūnī zoiūrat ke sabab se.

EX NECESSITATE REI, [Lat] (Lav) Zarūrat i mu'āmala ke lihāz se, muqaddame kī zarūrat kī wajh se. [rū se aur bilā yāzat-r-khās. EX OFFICIO, [Lat] (Law) 'Uhde (mansab) ke i'tibar se, 'uhde ke

Exonerate, v. t Ittihum yā ilzām se barīk, tuhmat chhorānā, safāyī k, masalan tuhmat wagara se; kisî bar wagara se subuk-dosh k.; kısî amı-ı-lazımî ya dam khwah farz se apnî baraat k.; jawab-dihî ya zımma-däti se bari k., batiyu-z-zımma k

Exoneration, n. Subuk doshī; makhlasī, barāat, chhutkārā.

Exorbitance, | n Hadd 1-ma'mūlī se tajāwuz; sanginī; ziyādatī; fuzūlī: Exorbitancy, be-qā'ıdagī, gair-munāsabat.

Exorbitant, a I .-- Ma'mūlī tarīqke khilāf, qawā'id-i-mu'aiyanake bar-'aks; hadd-1 munasabat se mutajāwiz, be had, be-andāz; bahut hī ziyāda. An exorbitant demand or claim—Be-had (fuzūl) mutālaba yā da'wā 2 —Be-qā'ıda; khılāf-ı-qā'ıda.

Expand, v t 1.—Phailaua; khol d.; kushada k.

2 —Barhānā; barā k.; wasī' k.; chaurā k , kushāda k.; kholnā; da-[darāz h. rāz k.; farākh k.

Expand, v. v. Khul phail yā barh jānā; khil yā phūl uthnā; shigufta h., jāyī, phailāwat. Expanse, n. Wus'at, phailaw; sahn, asmau.

Expansion, n 1 — Phailana ya phailna; wus'at; phailaw, dai azi, chau- $E\bar{X}$ -PARTE, [Lat] (Law) Yak-tarfa; ek hi taraf ya sırf ek taraf se.

Ex parte application - Woh darkhwast 10 be-gair ittila'-i-fariq-1-mukhalif guziī ho yā jispar i'tirāz kā mauqa' farīq-i-sānī ko na dīyā gayā ho, darkhwāst-1 yak-tarfa.—Ex-parte hearing or endence—Samā'at yā shahādat 1yak-tarfa; woh samā'at jo farīq-1-sānī ki 'adam-manjūdgī men ho yā woh shahādat jo fariq-1-mukhālif kī garbat med li-jāwe

Expatiate, v. t. 1.—Āwāra ghūmnā, khule-band phirnā.

2 — Tagrir ya tahı ir men tawalat k.; bahs ya dalil men tul-kalami k.. Followed by on.

Expect. v. t Ummed r.; kısî aïsî bât kî ıāh dekhnā jo āyında hone wālī ho chāhe woh burī ho yā bhalī; tawaqqu' k

Expectance, | n Ummed, woh bat jiski ummed ki-jae; shai-i-mutaiaq-Expectancy, gaba.

Estate in expectancy - (Law) Woh haq jiske nafaz o tasarruf kā istihqāq kisi zamāna-1-āyında men ek haq ke sāqit hone khwāh kisī haqq-i-mauhūba ke wihib kī taraf 'aud kaine ke ba'd yā kisī kī wafāt par hāsil ho.

Expectant, n. Ummed r. w; rāh dekhtā huā.

Expectant estate-(Laze) Woh haq jiskā nafāz us waqt tak multawī rahe jab tak ki ek haqq i khās saqıt na ho le.

Expectation,n.1.—Intizār; muntaznī k. yā muntazir rahua, kisī bāt ke wuqu' ki ummed, chashm-dasht, tarassud, as; ummedwari, muntasıri. 2 - Woh shar jiskî ummed ki jāc, woh shar jiskā intizār kiyā jāc;

woh bāt jiskī rāh dekhi jāe; shai-i-mutaraggaba. ki bunjād.

3 - Ummed kî wajh; āyinda ke manfa'at yā 'umdagī kī ummed 4.—Kisī bīmālī kā ba taur-i-khud chhor d. ki tabī'at use daf kare,

Expectation of life-Kisi 'umr-r-khās par pahuuchne ke ba'd ashkhās kī zindaga kī muddat kī ausat, ausat-i-zindagī yā hayāt

Expedience, \ n. Qarin-i-maslahat h., kisî manshā yā maqsad ke husül Expediency, ke liye munasabat; pasandida h; naf; kisi amr ke hālāt-i-khās ke lihāz se kisī bāt kā munāsib h.; sawāb.

Expedient, a Jo kısı maqsad ke anjam men mu'in ho; naf-bakhəb ya nafi'. hāiāt ke lihāz se munāsib yā wājib; qarin-i maslahat; qarin-i-salāh, pasandīda, jo amr maqsūd ho uske basb-i-hāl [jāwen, tadbīr; 'ilāj; upāi. Expedient, n Woh munāsib tadbīren jo kisī magsad ke anjām ke liye kī

Expedite, v. t. 1.—Jaldī k.; ta'jī k; 'ujlat k.; harakat yā raftār men tajīl k.; jald jald chalānā, thokar hatā d ; rawān yā chaltā k.; kisi bāt kā be rukāwat ke karānā (usko jald karānā).

2.—Rawāna k., jārī k.; bā-zābita bhejuā.

Expedition, n 1 - 'Ujlat; musta'ıdi; tezi, sur'at, jaldi; ta'jil; phurtī. To do a thing with expedition - Kisi bat La ujlat ke sath (jhatpat chatpat ya phurtī se) k

2 —Kısı bare kam ke anjam ke lıye rawana k. ya rawana h.; koyi barā kām (muhim) jiskā takmila kahīn dūr jākar ho; 'azīmat; khush-kī yā tarī se larāyī ke hye fauj kā kahīn fāsile par jāuā, kisī maqsadı'umda yā 'azīm ke anjām ke liye kuchh logon kā yak-jā hokar apne mulk ke bahar nıkal-jana; woh log jo kısı aise kam ke karne ke liye ekatthe apne mulk ke bähar chale jäwen.

Expeditious, a. Jismen musta'ıdi aur 'ujlat ho; jo jald kiya jae; 'ujlat ke sāth karne wālā; tez; subuk-rau; bād-pā; sabā-raftār; phurtīlā;

jo phurtī se kiyā jāe.

An expeditacus messenger—Paigām-bar jo jald payām pahuūchāye; paik-isabs rafter. An expeditious march-Kuch jo tezi ye 'ujlat ke seth ho; kūch jiemen manzil jald tál kī-jāc.

Expel. v. t. 1 -- Nikālnā; khārij k.; bāhar k jaise kisī qaid kī jagah se. 2.—Shahr badar k., jılā-watan k ; kısî ko uske mulk se bāhar k (nikāl d), chhorā d, yā chhorne par majbūr k,

3.—Madrase yā subbat wagarra se kisi kā qat'-i-ta'allug kar d.

(wahān se use khānj k. yā mkāl d).

4.—Bhītar āne na d.; dūi r.; bāz r.

Expend,v. t. Kısı tarıq par kharch k. lagana ya kam men lana; kam men lākar saif k., uthānā, sarf k.; kām men lānā; de-d , bānt-d ;urā d., kho d. Kharch; sarf, jisqadar rupaye sarf men dai ayen Expenditure, n (khaich hon).

Receipts and expenditures - Amad-o-kharch; amadani aur kharch, jam'-kharch;

madākhil-o-masārīf [muqaddame kā sarf. EXPENSÆ LITIS [Lat.] (Law) Akhrājāt-r-nālish; nālish kā kharch;

Expense, n. 1.—Kharch, sarf; sarf-1-zar waqt ya mihuat.

2.—Jisqadar rupaye khaich paren, lagat; uthau; jo kuchh waqt

mihnat wagaira kisi kam men lage ya sarf ho

Current expenses - Masaiif i-rozmaiia, chalta khaich. Expenses of collection -Masaiif-i-tabsil, tabsil kā khaich - Private expenses - Nij kā kharch, masaiif-To do a thing at one's expense-Koyi kam apne hi kharch se k.

Expensive, a. Sarf-augez, jismen bahut kharch pare, qimati ya hesh-qimat, garan-baha, mahuga Expensiveness, n Jismen bahut sarf-pare; garan-baha h., fuzül-khaichi, Experience, n. 1 .- Tajrība, wāqi'i imtihān, 'ilm jo āzmāish se hāsil ho; kısı shar se waqıfiyat jo uske khud dekhne ya ımtıhan wagama karne se paidā ho.

2.—Tajiiba kāiī, azmūda-kārī, wāqifiyat, jo kuchh koyī zamāne kī saidī aur gaimī (khushī aur taklīf) dekh kar sikhe; woh bāten jo kisī ko zamāne ke inqilāb ke natījon se ma'lūm hon, 'ilm-i-'amali, woh waqıfiyat jo taklifon ke uthane kısı shai ke kam men lane kısı bāt ke mutawātir karne vā hai shai ke bahut dekhne-bhālne se ho.

Experience, v. t Kisī shai kā tajriba hāsil k ; kisī bāt ko khud karke usse waqıfiyat paıda k., khud ımtıhan k., isti'mal ya ımtıhan se sabıt k.; kisî par bîtna ya parna, kisî ke sar parna, karke janna; dekhte-

bhalte waqıf h.; karte-dharte sadme ya samre uthate agah h. Experienced, p. a. Tajııba-kaı, azmūda-kar, waqıf; jahan dida; gurg-ıbājān dīda, jisko kisī bāt kā tajrība uske imtihān isti māl yā

mulāhaze se ho; jisko kisī shai kā 'ilm aur 'amal donon ho.

Experiment, n Imtihān, āzmāish, woh fi'l yā 'amal jisse kisī aise nafsu l-amı usül ya natije ka daryaft maqsüd ho jıska hal pahle se ma'lüm na ho yā ba-hālat-i inkishāf-i-hāl uskā sābit aur qāim k. manzūr ho. Experimental, a. 1 — Imtihān-mansūb; bāton kī āzmāish kā 'ādī; āzmāish

yā mtihān par mabnī yā usse paidā; jisse kisī shai kā imtihān ho Tajube se sikhā huā; imtihāu se hāsil kiyā huā, jānchā kiyā

[ke taur par; tajrıba yā ımtıhān karke. yā āzmāyā huā. Experimentally, ad Imtihanan; azmaish se ya uske ru se; imtihan

Expert,a.Māhir; mashshāq; kār-āzmūda; hunar-mand; hoshyār, khūb sīkhe huye, pakkā; kisī shai se khub wāqif, tez yā tez-dast, musta'id; chusto-chālāk; jise mashshāqi ke ba'is kisi kām men suhūlat hāsil ho.

Usually followed by in.

Expert, n. Mähir hunar-mand ya mashshaq shakhs; woh shakhs jise 'ilm hanar yā hirfe wagana ke muta'allıq khās khās bāton kā tanıba ya 'ilm khusüsiyat ke sath ho; kısî 'ılm ya peshe ke muta'. allıq kā gawāh.

Expertness, n Mashshāqī; mahārat; musta'idī; tezī; phurtī; chustī-Explable, a Jiskā kaffāra kar saken; jiskī nisbat tauba kar-saken; jisse

dar-guzar kar-saken.

Expiate. v. t. Kaffára d.; tauba k ; kisī aise fi'l kā k. jisse gunāh mit-jāe; Explation, n Kaffara, taubah: talāfi; mu'āwaza; parāshchit

Expiration, n. I - Khātima, ikhtitām, inqua, ākhir ko pahunchnā:

kısı waqt-i-mu'aiyan kā guzar-jānā; pūrā ho-jānā.

The expuction of a term—Kisī mī'ād kā guzar-jānā (uskā khator yā pūrā ho jānā.) The expiration of a contract—Ikhtitām yā khātima-i-mu'āhada.

2.--Maut; dam-ı-ākbir yā wāpasīn kā ānā; nestī; wafāt.

Expire, v. t. 1 - Sīûs (dam) nikālnā; phephre se khārij k , dam lene kī hālat men munh yā nathne se nīkālnā

2.--Nikālnā; kbānī k., jaise bukhār (bhāp) khushbū wagaira, Expire, v. i l.-Marnā; khatm ho-jānā; zāil ho-jānā, nest ho jānā;

sāqīt bo-jājā

2.—Khatm ho-jānā, khātime ko pahunchuā; mungazī h; ākhir ho jānā; guzar-jānā, hāqi na rannā; nest ho-jānā, kisī mi'ād-i-mu'aiyana kā pūrā ho-jānā; pūjnā yā pūj jānā [begr

The lease will expire in a month - Us patte ki mi'ad ek mahine ke ba'd khaim Expiree, n. Woh mujrim-i sazā-yāfta jo apnī sazā kī mī'ād tai kai-chukā ho. Expiring, p. a 1 - Phephre se hawā nikāltā huā, dam letā huā, dam l-

ākhir yā wāpasīn letā huā; martā; ākhir yā khatm hotā huā 2.—Jo marne ke waqt nikle ya bola jae; muta'allıq-ı-marg

Explain, v t Saf wazıh ya sari'u-l-fahm k.; tariki dür kar-d.; tashrih k ; kısı bat ko khol kar kahna aur uski mısal bayan k.; tauzih k.; tafsir k.; samjhānā; bayān k, sāf sāf batlānā; bujhānā; suljhānā; shaih d. Explain, v i. Kaifiyat bayan k.; hālāt-i-muta'alliqa zāhu k.

Explainable, a Qabil-i-tauzîh ya tashrih, ta'bii-pazir; jisko is tarah bayan kar-saken ki saf samajh men aye. Samajhne ke qabil kar-d. Explanation, n 1 — Tashrih. tauzih; ta'hir, tazabzub ko raf' karke

2.—Bayau, kaifiyat; aisī bāt jisse dūsrī bāt kī safayī ho, shaih; tafsīl, tafsīr.

A satisfactory explanation — Bayān-ı qābil i-itminān ; alsā bayān pisse dil-jam'¥ 3.—Ma'nī, mafhūm; ta'bīn, tāwīl (ta'bîren hajî

There are different explanations of this doctrine-Is masale ki muchtalif-4 — Musālaha; tasfīya; jin do shakhson ke mā bam kaj-fahmī (bigār yā nīzā') ho unkā āpas men samajh būjh lenā; sulh, raf dād

The parties have come to an explanation-Fariquin men taxiiya ho-gaya;

farīqan āpas men samajh būjh gaye.

Explanatory, a Jisse tauzih ho; tashrihi; jismen sharh ya tafsil ho. Expletive, a Jo sirf bhartī ke liye mılaya jae; bhartī kā; fuzūl, fazıl. Expletive, n. Bhartí kā lafz, fuzūl lafz; jo zarūrī na ho par surf bhartī (hasn-ı-kalām) ke liye milā diyā jāe.

Explicable, a. Qābil-i-tauzīh, qābil-i-inkishāf, jiske ma'nī khole jā-saken; Gabil-i-tanjih (jiski wajh ya jiska sabab bayan ho-sake), sharh bayan yā tafsīl ke lāiq; mumkinu-l-shaih; sainjhāve jāne ke lāiq

Explicit, a. I.—Mahz zimnī nahīn, sarīhī, sāf sāf bayān kiyā huā, sīdhā, khulā-khulā; ba-'ibātat-i wāzih, jo fauran samajh men āwe, muzabzab yā zū-ma'nī nahīn, sāf, wāzīh.

An explicit statement - Bayān i-wāzih, aisā bayān jo nihāyat hī sāf 'ibāiat men ho tāki uskī nisbat galīt fahmī (uske samajhne men galatī) na hosake

2 -- Jo apnā matlab chhipā na rakkhe; jo apnā manshā dil kholkar bayān kare, sāf dil, sīna sāf

He was explicit in his statement-Usne apne bayan men kuchh chhipa na rakkhā, usne apuā bayān dil khol-kar kiyā, jo kuchh usko kahnā thā use usne sāf sāf kah-dīyā

Explicitly, ad Saf saf; wazahat se, khol ke, khula khula, sarahan yā sarāhatan; zimuan nahīn, jī khol-kar. Explicitness, n. Wazāhat. safāyī, khayālāt yā manshā kā jī khol kar

Explode, v 1. Dharāke kī āwāz se phūtnā; uruā; chhūtnā

Explode, v t 1 - Uiā d.; bhak se (chhūţte hī) urā d ; bārūt ke zor se

ftalıqır karke mardud k. dharāke se urā d. 2.—Badnām karke rad kar d ; nā manzūrī yā hiqārat se khārij k

Exploit, n. Kam, fi'l, juwāń-mardī (babāduii) kā kām, nām-wan kā kām, kojī barā yā 'azīm kām; muhum, karāmat. Explore, v t Barī talāsh k; kahīn ghus yā ghūm-phir kar koyī nayī

jagah wagaita nikālnī, dekh-bhāl kar nikālnā; kisī ke sab ajzā ko dekhuā, khūb dekhnā bhālnā, burī tahqīqāt k. tasādum

Explosion, n. Zor se phūtnā, dhar se urnā, baland āwāz se chhūtna, Explosive, a. Zor aur dhajāke se urāne w, urāne w.

Exponent, n Woh shakhs ya shar jo dusie ki jugah par ho; kisi shar par dāl yā dalālat k w.; kisī amr kā zāhii k w. Export, v t Ek riyasat ya mulk se le-jana masalan tijarat ka mal,

dūsrī qaumon ke pās bhejnā---jaise qīmatī ajnās [laftani Export, n 1 -Ek mulk se düsre mulk men le jana ya bhejna; rawanagi,

2 - Jo māl gur mulk mon bhejā jāwe; woh māl-o-asbāb jo ek malk se düste mulk men tijärat ke hye bhejä jäwe.

In the latter sense, used chiefly in the plural, exports

Exportation,n Sandāgarī kī nīyat se ek mulk ke māl wa pardāwār ko dūsre mulk men bhejnā yā le-jānā, gair mulk ko bhejnā; rawānagī; chālān Expose, v. t 1 — Bāhat 1; bār-i-ām r; aisī jagah r jahān se dekh pare.
To expose goods for sale—Bikii (farokht) ke hye asbāb bāhar r., bechne ki

garaz se asbāb aisī jagah i jahān log use dekh saken.

2.—I'lân d , tashiih k , kisî rāc wagaira kā barnialā zāhir k.; mushtahar k ; mufassal bayan k. [(mufassal bāyān) kiye

He exposed the principles of the science-Usne 'ilm ke usul mushtahar

3 — Parda uthā lenā, sāya hifāzat yā himāyat se mahrūm k ; khulī yā gair-mahfūz jagah men rakhnā, aise mauqe' par dāl d. jahān khatie men paj-sake; aisā kar-d, ki har tarah kī nuqsān kī bāt kā asar pahunch sake.

To expose one's self to danger - April tay in khatre men dalna

4 — Parda-darī k ; parda fāsh k ; ifshā k., aisā kar-d. ki 'awām majūm kar-saken masalan koyī ma'yūb yā sharm ki bāt khwāh juim wagara, khol d , sab ko dekhā d [khol-d (fāsh kar d).

agaira, khord, sao ko dekas d To acpose the fulls of a neighbour—Hamsaye ke ahon (uske magson) ko

5.—K sikeharakāt-i-nā-shāistakozīhirkai-d, kisiketarīq yā uskī'aiyāiī (chhal-bal) kozīhir kai ke use logon kī nazaton men haqīr (zalī!) kai d.

To ecose a har - Kisî ki jhuthayî zahir kard, kîsî ko istarah par jhutha sahit kard (kana ya thanra d) ki 'awam ushî tahqir karen

To expose a child—Kisi larke (bachche) se apnī be-ta'alluqi zāhir karke use 11-l kul chhor d, kisi larke ko is nīyat se bāhar phenk d, ki jo kuchh chāhe uspar bite, bachche se muhabbat-i-pidatī yā mādatī uṭhā-kar is nīyat se use chhor d, ki chāhe woh mar-jūe yā koyī use uṭhā le-jākai apnā kar-le

Exposition, n 1 - Numäish; dekhānā.

2 — Woh maqam jahan koyi shar khuli ho (jahan usmen be-rukawat ane-jane kiriah ho ya jahan uska samna khula ho).

That house has an easterly exposition—Woh makan parab taraf khula har (uskā sāmnā parab taraf ko band nahīn har)

3 — Kisi musaunif yā 'ibātat ke mafhūm (matlab yā ma'nī) kā sāf sāf bajān k ; tauzīh ; tashiīb ; tāwīl ; tafsī

4 — Sharb yā kitāb i sharb woh kitāb jismen tashrībāt yā tā wīlāthon; tīkā; kisī 'ibārat ke wohma'nī jo tāwīl kuninda qāim kare. tāwīl, bewasthā. Expositor, n. Shārib; mufassir; ta'bū k. w.

EX POST FACTO, [Lat] (Law) Jiskā wuqū' kisī dūsre amr ke ba'd ho, kisī fi'l-i-nā-ba'd se yā uske bā'is se;ba'd-az-wuqū'-i-nāq'a, fi'lho jāue ke ba'd.

Ex post facto law—Woh qānān jiske rā se koyī fi'l jo qabl nafāz us qānān ke jurm mutasawwar na hotā iahā ho ba'd nāfiz hone us qānān ke jurm quār pāye, aisā qānān jiske zari'e se woh h'l wājibu-t-ta'zir qarār diyā jāe jiski nisbat pahle koyī ta'zīr na hotī rahī ho.

Expostulate, v Radd-o-kad k.; kisī ko dil se yah samjhānā ki dekho tum ne fulān bulā kām kiyā hai ab usse dast-kash hu yā uskī talāfī karo

Expostulation, n Kısı shakhs se uske tarıq ki nısbat kuchh mukhālif guttgü k., radd-o kad, mihrbāni ki nazar aur dil se kısı ko uski kısı bad-a'mali ki misbat fahmaish; burayı se dil ko pherne ki targib

Exposure, n.1.—Khol d.; ıkhfā ko dūr kar-d , ıfshī, parda-darī; hıfāzat ko qā m na ıahne d ; maurıd-ı-ılzām yā qābıl-ı-tahqīr kar d.

2.—Khulā yā nangā chhor d , khatre men dāl d ; aisī hālat men chhor d. ki hai ek muzir shai kā asar pahunche yā hai qism kī taklīf ho.

3.—Samt, kısı maqam kā aısı jagah h jahan hawa ya 1aushani begair rukāwat ke ā-sake.

A northern or southern exposure—Samt-i-shamālī yā junūbī—Exposure to the sun, and the like—Dhūp wagarra ke sāmne parnā [tāwīl k.

Expound, v f. Sharh k ; tafsīr k ; matlab kholnā; tazabzub raf k.;
To expound a law—Kisī qānūn ki sharh yā tafsīr k.

Expounder, n. Shārih ; mufassir ; ta'bīr k. w. [jabrīya kahlānā. Express. v. t. 1.—Dabā yā nichor kar nikālnā ; munkashif k. ; kholnā ; 2 — Zāhir k.; sahīh sabīh hatlānā; iāe yā khayāl kā chitwan yā adā khusūsan 'ibāiat se zāhu k; kahnā, bayān k., batlānā, fāsh k, kholnā [dil kī bāt zāhir k.).

3 — Kısı kı rae ya kheyalat ka zahir k.; kısı ke dıl kı kahua (uske

4—Kısı khās le jāne wāle kī ma'rīfat bhejnā; kisi sabīl-i-khās se Express. a 1—Saih; saiābatau bayān kiyā huā, jo ishāre yā kanāye se zāhir na kiyā gayā ho; jo istarah par na chhor diyā gayā ho ki mukhātab mutakallim ke taiz i-kalām se uskā mafhūm mustambat kar-le; sāf sāf aur kisi khās ami ke muta'alliq yā khusūsiyat ke sāth batlājā huā, muzabzab yā mubham nahīn; ba-'ibārat-i-saih, jo tafsīr kā muhtāj na ho; wāzih, āshkāiā, 'ayān

He was informed in express terms—Usko ba'ibārat-i-sarīha (sāf sāf) ittilā' digayī—The terms of the contract are express—Is mu'āhade kī sharten sāf (wāzīh'ayān yā gair-mubham) hain—Express consent—Manzūrī-i khās; aisi manzūrī jiskā izhā: sāf sāf aur khusūsiyat ke sāth huā ho—There is no express law on the subject—Is bāh men koyi hukm-i-qānūn ba-'ibārat i sarīha

(khās) uchīn bai

2.—Kisī khās kām ke liye maqsūd; jo koyī khās payām lekai bbejā jāe, jo tākīd aur 'njlat ke sāth rawāna kiyā jāe.

An comess messenger -- Qā-id-i khās, woh shakhs jo koyī khahar wagaira lekar sidhā (khās 'ujlat ke sāth) manzil-i maqsād ki taraf rawīna kiyā jāe

Express, n Harkāra jo koyī khās payām lekar bhejā jāe; woh gārī wagaira jo juld jald khatoù ke pulinde le-jāne ke liyo muqarrar rahe, woh kashti yā juhāz jispar koyî bare kām kī khabar bhejī jāe.

Expression, n 1 — Nichor, dabā-kar nikālnā; jabrīya kahlānā, inkishāf

2 — Izhāi; bayān; zāhir yā bayān k.

An expression of the public will-'Awam ya 'awamu-n nas ki rae ka izbar

3 — Adā; lab-o-lahja guftār, talāqat; mauqa wagarra ke lihāz se kisī bayān kā qism-i-khās par k.

4 — Taiz-i-kalām; sukhan; muhāwara; qaul; 'ibārat

Past copression, beyond expression—Quwwat-i-bayaniya ke hahai bayan se ziyada; iina ki bayan na ho sake (uski nisbat kuchh lah na saken).

EXPRESSIS VERBIS [Lat] Ba-ihārat i-sāf, mujmal yā muhmal tarīq par nahīn, sarāhatan (sarāhat ke sāth)

Expressive, a 1 — Zāhn k w., kisī amr par dalālat k w., batlāne w.

Followed by of

2.—Jisse dil kā manshā yā uskī kaifīyat khūh zāhir ho; pur-ma'nī, nîhāyat matlab-khez. (sāf khul jās

Expressue words or looks—Aise alfāz yā aisī chitwan jisse kisī ke dil Lī hāl EX PROFESSO [Lat] Sāfsāf; khulā khulā ; zāhir zāhir, kah-kar, qaul se. EX PROPRIIS, (Lat) Apue khās sarmāye (rupaye yā āmadanī) se. EX PROVISIONE LEGIS. [Lat.] (Law) Hukm-t-gānūn se: manshā-t-

EX PROVISIONE LEGIS, [Lat.] (Law) Hukm-i-qanun se; mansha-iqanun se

Expulsion, n 1.—Nıkâlnā; khader d.; jabrīya bāhar kar d.

2.—Nıkāl yā khader diyā jānā

Expunge, n t Qalam-zad k ; qalam uthā kar kāt d.—jaise lafzoń satroń yā figroń ko; mitā d ; chhīl d., khārij kar d ; pońehh-kar mitā d.; nest-o nābūd k ; kuchh bhī rahne na d. [achehhā ki jī khush ho-jāe. Exquisite, a. l — Nihāyat hī 'umda, bahut hī nafīs; nādir; ā'lā; itnā 2.— Nihāyat, bahut bī; daija-i-gāyat kā.

Used in a bad or a good sense.

[qiqa-san].

3 — Nihāyat bā-tamīz, jiskā khush karnā sahl na ho; bāi īk-bīn, da Evquisitely. ad. Barī 'umdagī se; baie kamāl ke sāth, bahut hī, barī ihtivāt se. [indāsat Exquisiteness. n 1.—Khūbī, kamāl; nihāyat darje kī 'umdagī, barī

2 -Shiddat, sakhti.

Extant, a Manjūd; hestī men; jo bi-lifil qāim ho (maujūda-i-hāl); jo isqadar dab na gayā ho ki nazar se gāib ho-jāe yā bhūl jāe, jo zāi' yā talaf na huā ho; qārn; bāqī (ban-jāe yā anjām pā jāe), be-sākhta. Extemporaneous, a Badībī; bar jasta, jo mauqe' par ho jāe (kahā jāe EX TEMPORE, ad. (Lat.) Daf'atan, begair pahle se sāmān kiye huye; haijista, fi l-badība; jiskī nisbat pahle so soch-bichāi yā tahaiya na huā ho; bilā-taammul.

Extend, v. t I - Khinchna; phailana, tūl d; lamba k; baihana

2 -Barā yā chaurā k , barhānā , phadānā

3.—Muhlat d.: muddat barhā d., mi'ād barhānā; waqfa d.; danāz k, waqt ko āge chalned [kī mi'ād barh sakti han?

Can the time of payment of revenue be extended!—Kyā māl-guzānī ke dene 4.—'Atā k; kisī kī jānih k yā kām men lānā, banatnā, denā; kahnā ki fulān shai mil saktī bai lenā ho to lo.

Mercy cannot be extended to a murderer—Khūni par rahm nahīn kiyā jā saktā (rahm kā bartāw uskī nisbat nahīn he saktā).

Extend, e z Phailnā; pahunchnā, lambāyī yā chaurāyī (tūl yā 'arz) men kisī taraf chilā jānā. [rāzī-r-aryām.

Extension, v. 1 — Tawālat; wus'at; phailāw; 'arz yā tūl kī daiāzī, da-2.— Adā-i-dain kī muhlat kā woh mu'āhada-i tahiūi jo min jānib kisī tājir ke uske madyūn ke haq men 'amal men āwe.

Extensive, a Kushāda, wasī'; chaurā; barā, 'arīz, darāz; phadā huā Extensively, ad Bahut kuchh, bahut dūr tak, nihāyat, bahut zijāda.

The story of the their is extensively circulated - Us chori ki kalaui bahut kuchh ya bahut dur tak pha li hai.

Extent, n Phanaw; wus'at, sath; halqa; dana, andaz; qad; lambayī; tūl, miqdar, had; darja; martaba.

What is the extent of your information in this case?—Is muqaddame mentumhāri wēqifiyat ki had kahān tak hai? Is mu'amale ke hālāt tumko kahēn tak (kiajadar) ma'lūm hain—To what extent?—Kitnā, kiagadar, kahān tak kis duje tak, kis had tak?

Extenuate, v. t 1 — Dublā k , lāg u banā d. , tahlīl kar-d ; patlā kar d.

2.—Ghatānā, kam k ; takhtīf k. masalan kisī jurm kā ; jieqadar sangīn koyī juim tasawwur kiyā jāe usse uskā kam sangīn h sābit k ; sangīni-jurm men takhtīf k ; za'īf yā kamzor k.—jaise kisī bayān ko.

Extenuate, v. i. Aur dublā ho jānā ; aur patlā h. yā khinch uthnā.

Extenuation, n l — Duhlā yā lāgar k , ghatānā ; kam k.

2.—Jisqadai bejä näqis ya mujiimäna koyi fi'l ho usse kam zähir k ; takhfīt-i-sangīm-i juim, bayān-i-mush'ir-i khiffat-i juim, aisā bayan jisse jurm halkā (kam sangīn) samjhā jāe, 'uzr; pozish.

Exterior, a. 1 — Bāhari, bei ūnī; khāriji, andui ūnī (bhītar kā) nahīn.

Opposed to interior

2.—Sūrī; jo dil men ho uske khilāf; zāhirī.

3 --- Gair qaumon ke muta'allıq; ajnabi.

Exterior, n 1 —Kısı shar kā berūni hissa

2 — Zāhirī taiīg iasm yā baitāw, sūrat-i-zāhiii.

Exterminate, v t. 1.—Kisi magām ke hudūd ke bāhar nikāl d ; istīsāl k.; khader d; bāhar kar-d, be-nām o-nishān kar-d

2 —Kısı shaı kā zor yā galaba dūr kar-d ; jar se nikāl d ; nest o-

nābūd kar-d ; kuchh bbī rahne na d

External, a. 1 — Andui uninahin; bei uni, suri, zahiri; jo ba zai a-i-hawas ikhamsa mahsūs ho sake, khāriji, jo nazar āye; jo ba-asbāb i zāhir ho.

Opposed to internal

2.--'Ārīzī; shāmīlātī, zimnī, ittifāqī; gair-muta'alliq

desi 3 — Gair mulk kā; ajnabī qaumon se mansūb yā muta'alliq, par External taxes - Us mal par mahsul jo ek mulk men dusre mulk se aye.

Externally, ad Zāhir men, ba asbāb-i-zāhii, sūiat se, dekhne men, bāhar se, ba-zāhir. Dartaw

Externals, n pl Bāharī hisse, zāhirī sūrat; rusūm-1-7āhnī, zābir kā Extinct, a 1.—Ma'dum; nest, khatm; munqat', tamām; fanā, galtans, jiskā nām lewā yā pānī-dewā iah na jāc.

The family has become extenct—Wob khāndān ma'dum (munqat' yā tamām) l.o-gayā, 18 khāndāu ke mūrison kā nām-lewā yā pānī-dewā koyī bāqī na rahā, us khāndān se koyī bach na rahā, us khāndān men sab ke sab mar gaye (gal gaye), us gharāne kā chuāg gul ho guyā.

2.—Jātā rabā; khatm ho-gayā, mit gayā, sāqit ho-gayā

The enmity between the parties is extinct—Fariqam men khusumat jati rahi ((band he gayā) he

3 — Ma'dum; matrūku-l-istr'māl; garr-nāfiz, jārī nahīn; jo uth gryā The law is extinct - Woh qanun gan-nafir hai (jiri nahin hai ya uth gaya)

4 —Gul, bujhā jā butā huā ; jaltā nahin masalan chnāg yā agwagaira Extinction, n Ma'dūmī, nestī; suqūt-1-nafāz, baud ho-jānā, jātā rahnā; bujh jānā; gul ho-jānā; ķhātīma, inqitā', barbādī.

Extinguish, v. t 1 -- Ma'dum k ; nest-o-nābūd k.; barbād kar-d ; zāil kar-d; sāqit kar-d; mitā d; uthā d, munqat'k.

2 — Bujhānā; butānā, gulk; thandhā kard-; jaltā na rahne d Extirpate, v. t.1. - Jar se ukbar l : jar se nikāl d ; yak-qalam rahne na d

2 — Nest-o-nā-būd kar-d., istīsāl k., jar se dūr kar-d.; kullīyatan daf' yā dūr kar-d ; nikāl d.; khārij kai-d fua chhoruă.

Extirpation, a Istīsāl, bekh-kanī, ma'dūmī, nestī, kuchh bbī bāqī Extol, v. t. Ta'rif k.; barhānā; sarāhnā; barāyi k.

Extort, v t. 1.—Zor dhamki nazar-bandi tashaddud (mar pit) hukūmat yā kisī nā-jaiz sabīl (zaiī'a yā wasīla) se lenā khwāh hāsil k.; dabākar l.; zor pahuńchākar l.

2.—(Law.) Kisī ablı-kār kā apne mansab ke hîle se koyî qimatı chīz yā aise rupaye nā jāiz tarīq par l. jo uskī yāftanī na hon khwāh nskī vāftunī se zivāda hen yā hanoz wājibu-l-adā na hon; istihsāl i bi-l jabr k , ziyāda sitānī k

To extent money or a confession of guilt-Zor dekhā kar yā dhamkī wagaira ke zarı'e se rupaye i. yā kısi jurm kā iqrār karānā, jabriya yā ba-tarz-i-nājārz rupayel yā jurm kā iqiār kaidnā

Extert, v. z. Jebr-sitānī k., istihsāl-i-bi-l jabr k-; zabardastī k.

Extortion, n 1 - Jabr dhamki hukūmat yā iqtidār ke nafiz-i-nā. munāsit ke zarī'e se hāsil k., istihsīl-i-bi-l-jabr; husūl-i nā-jāiz; qanun ke kbilaf zabr dasti se rupaye lya kisi kam ka karana. 2.-Jo kuchh jabilya liya jie jo kuchh zabardasti liya ya hasil kiya

Extorticaate, a. Jabur-ana, zulmī, jismen sakhtī ho.

EXTRi, [i Latin preposition] Zāid, khānij, kisī ke bāhan; had ke bāhar, 'alāge yā ikhtiyār ke bāhar.
Extra, a Jo kuchh wājib muqanar yā ummed kiyā gayā ho usse ziyāda;

gan -ma'mūlī, ma'mūl se barh kar

Ext; a work—Zāid kām; ma'mālī kām se zīyāda, jisqadar kām kī nisbat mu'āhada yā iq: āi huā ho usse ziyāda (se zor kar-ke mikālnā, ukhārnā

Extract, v t. 1.-Nikālnā, khainehkar bāhai k ; kisī mustahkam jagah 2.—Chulā-kar nikālnā; mugattar karke nikālnā; wagana khanichnä tahıīr se

3 — Muntakhab k ; chun lenā—jaise koyî 'ıbārat kisī kıtāb yā Extract, n. 1 - Jo kuchh kisī shai se khainchā yā nikālā jāc. [mustakhraja, 2 —Khulāsa: Lisīkitāb yā nawishtekā intikhāb; muntakhab, 'ībāi at i-

3.—'Itr yā 'araq wagaira.

Extraction, n. 1 — Nikalna, khainch 1; muntakhab k.

2.—Nasl, nizhād, woh khāndān jisse koyī paidā ho; kul, bans (vans); paidāish, hasab-o nasab; asl, bunyād.

3 — Itr yā 'anaq wagara khainchnā.

Extradition, n. 'Ahd-o-paimān ke rū se ek qaum yā nyāsat kā düsiī qaum ya nyasat ko un ashkhas ka hawala kand, jo sazan wajib se bachne ke hye firar ho gaye hoù; hawalagi-i-mafrurin, bhagoron ka de d

Extra-judicial, a Khūnj-az-'adālat-i-mujāz ,zābīta 1-qānūn ke ma'mūlītarīq ke khuāf ; jiski zarūrat ba-lihāz-i-muqaddama na ho ; jo qānūnan (qānūn ke rā se) madūb yā darkāt na ho, khilāf-tzābita, sarīshte ke khilāf

Extra-judicialiy, ad. Aise tariq par jo kār-iawāyī-i mahkūma i-qānūn ke ma'mālī silsue ke khilāf ho, khilāf-i-zābita.

Extraneous, a. Jo kisī shar se muta'alliq yā uspar mauqūf na ho ; gairmuta'allıq; khāngī; bāharī; gan-zarūtī; fuzūl; zānd.

Extra-official, a Khānj-az mansab; jo lāzīma-i-mansabī ke līhāz se darkār na ho; 19tidāi-1-mapsalā ke bāhar

Extraordinarily, ad Aise tariq par jo ma'mūl ke khilāf ho, ma'mūl se kahîn baih-ka: ; bahut hî, khusüsiyat ke sath, gayat daije par.

Extraordinary, a. 1.—Sılsıle yā tarīq-i ma'mūlī ke bāhar yā usse khārij; gan-ma'mūlī; gan-murawwaj; khilāf-i-qā'ida; 'ām nahin.

2 — Ma'muli andāz se zīyāda; nādīr; 'ajīb-o-galīb, shāz, nīrālā; auokhā; 'ajīb; jo 'umūman na ho.

3 — Jo kisī maqsad-i-gair-ma'mūlī yā khās ke liye bhejā-jāwe, khās, jo kisī khās mau'qe pai iawāna kiyā jāwe.

An extraordinary messenger—Khās paigām bar, khās harkāta; jo kisi khās yā gair ma'mūli manshā ke anjām ke hiye bhejā jāc—A gazette extraordinary—Kisī gazīt yā akhbār kā gair-ma mūli paicha

Extravagance, \ n Had se tajīwuz k , jis-qadai wājib yā munāsib ho Extravagancy, \ usse ziyāda h , qā'ide ke khilāf h.; isrāf, māl kā sarf-i-nā-munāsib, fuzūl-khaichī, mubālaga yā fuzūl-goyī, zijādatī, be andāzagī, bilā-zaiūrat saif-i-zar; be-audāz iupaye paise kā kharch, kisī shai kī ziyādatī \ [i munāsib se mutajāwiz; khilāf i qā'ida.

Extravagant, a. 1 — Had se ziyada, bahut hi ziyada; be-andaz; hadd-2.— Jismen rukawat na ho, jispar zabt na ho; wahshiyana, andaz

se zıyada; ma'müli had ke bahar.

3—Fuzūl-khaich, musrif, urāū; be-andāz yā bilā zaiūiat khaich Extravagantly, ad. Mubālage ke sāth, had se ziyāda; jitnā chāhiye usse ziyāda; fuzūl-kharchī ke sāth, bilā zaiūrat yā mahz wāhiyāt saifimāl haike.

Extreme, a 1 —Sab se dūr; sab se kanāre ke sīre hāshiye yā kanāre par 2 —Nihāyat, gāyat, bahut hī barā, nihāyat shadīd, be-had, intihā kā. Extreme para—Intihā kā (nihāyat shadīd) dard

3 —Ākhn ; duja-rāķhn kā, jiske ba'd kuchh rah na jāe.

An exticenc remedy - Chāra-kār rakhir, ākhiri tadbīr, woh tadbīr jiske ba'd koyī dūsir tadbir bāqī us rahe

4.—Sab se burā yā sab se bhalā; bad-tarīn khwāh bihtarīn

An extreme case - Sab se burî ya sab se bhali l Tiat

5 — Ashadd, mhayat sakht mhayat hi, bahut baji.

Extreme necessity - Zarūrat-1 ashadd; baint barī zarūrat

Extreme, n 1 —Kisī shai kā ākhii hissa, had, intihā

2 — Darja-ı güyat; hadd ı-ıntıhayî, zarüratı-ashadd.

In the extreme - Hadd î-mukān tak, jahān tak lo sake; jisqadar mumkin ho, mihāyat hi; ba-daja i-gājat [daije kā, baiā hī shiddat se Extremely, ad Nihāyat, bahut hī, ha darja-i-gīyat, palle sire yā us Extremity, n l --- Hadd-i-ākhn; intihā; kanāia.

2 — Darja i gāyat yā ākhu, intibā, khātima

3 — Nihāyat darje kī taklif yā musībat, birī hī zarūrat, barā hī khatia, us daije yā palle kī tangī [sake Extricable, α Jise suljhā saken, jise chhorā saken; jisse makhlasī ho-Extricate, v. t. Qabāhat yā uljhāw se chhorā, khalās k, mkālnā,

Extricate, v. t. Qabāhat yā nijhāw se chhornā, khalās k, mkālnā, chhorānā; āzād k, phande yā pech se mkālnā yā bāhat k; rinā k, subuk-dosh k. [se chhorānā]

To extricate one's self from debt—April tryin quizse najūt d (dāinun ke phande Extrication, n 1 — Uljhāw se chhūţnā; chhuţkārā, najūt, makhlasī. 2 —Nikāluā; khārij k; ikhrāj.

Extrinsica, a. Beiūnī; bāharī, ķhārijī; gair-zarūil.

Opposed to intriusic.

Exuberance, n Ziyādatī, kasrat; ifi at se hī; bahutāit.

Exaberant a Kasir; währ, had se zıyada; fuzül; bahut hi, mülämäi Exult. v a Khushi se uchhalna, had se zıyada masrür ya shad hi, khushi se phüle na samana, bag-bag h

Exultation, n Bīg-bāg h., kāmyābī wagarra par bahut hī khush h

barī khushī, shādī-marg, khushī se jame men na samānā.

EX USU, (Lat) Isti'māl se, tasamuf ke sabab se.

Eye, n 1 —Ankh, chashm, dida; am.

- 2 Dekhne kī quwwat, nazar kī barī quwwat daur jā bārīkī, ānah se dekh-kar ashyā i-zāhirī kī barī tamīz, ānkh; nazar; basārat.
 - 3 Dekhnā; nazai; nigāh, 'ilm i nazaiī, tajwīz, rāe, tashkhīs.

4 — Rū, sāmnā, muqābala, mnwājaha, huzūrī

5 — Nigiānī, mulāhaza; tawaijuh; dil se khayāl k ; nigāh.

6 — Jo kuchh sūrat yā harat men ankn kī mānind ho— jaise sūy kā sūrākh huk kī ānkh mor ke pai ke dāg ālū wagana kī ānkh.

7 — Jisko ānkh kī sī waq'at yā buzurgī ho

To find farour in the eyes—Mihrbānī ke sāth milnā aur baratnā, achchhī tarah milnā aur ķhāur-dārī k—To hare an eye to—Kisī par tawajjuh-i khās k.—To heep an eye on—Nigiān rahnā, dehhte iahnā, ķhabar-girān rahnā—To see with half an eye—Āsānī se dehhnā, bilā diqqat dekhnā—To see the eyes on—Dekhnā.

Eye, v t Gaur se dekhnā; tawwajjuh se dekhnā; ānkhen garā ke dekhnā. Eye-witness, n Gawāh-i-chashm-did, gawāh-i royat; aisā gawāh jiske rū ba rū koyī fi'l jā wāqi'a ho, woh gawāh jisne kisī kām ko hote dekhā ho.

F

Fab'e, n 1 — Koyī banāyi huyī bāt jo ta'līman yā tafiīhan kahī jāe; koyī jhūtnī kahānī jiske kabne se kisī mufīd sachchī bāt yā nasīhat par zor denā manzūr ho; afsāna; qissa, kahānī, naql, hikāyat.

2 — Jhūth, jhūthī bāt; darog goyī, afsāna. [kharāsh.

- Fabric, n 1.—Kisi enîz ki banāwat; sākht, kātī-gatī; bunāwat, tatāsh Tuis cloth is of a beauful jubric—Is kapre kī bunāwat khūbsūrat hat (yah khūbsūrtī ke sāth banā buā h-ti).
 - 2 Jo kuchh banāyā (sākht kiyā) jāe, dhāncha; ta`mū; 'imāiat; koyī 'ālī shāu makāu wagaira, bunā huā kaprā
- Fabricate, v t 1.—Ta'mīr k ; banānā , kisī shar ke jude jude hisson ko ek men jor-kar us kul shar ko qārm k

To fabracite a bridge-Pul banant ya ta'mir k.

2.—Hunar aun mihnat ke zuile se banānā, hāth se banānā; paidā k.

To fabricate woolens-Uni kapre banduā, parhmīne paidā k

3.—Ijād k aur banānā; sākht k yā ja lī banānā; soch-kar jhūthā banānā; ikhtirā' k.; jis amr kā wujūd na ho use soch-kar qāim k; be sar-c pā bāton ko wujūd men lānā, garhnā.

To fubilicate a story - Koyi bayān ījād k yā garhnā - To fabricate evidence - Shahādat sākht k. yā ja'lī banānā, subūt gurhnā, mansūbe ke zor se jhūthi ganānī banānā

Fabrication, n Ta'mīr; sākht; banāwat, sakhun-sāzī; pākhand; rachnā; jhūth yā jnūthī bāt; masnū'i shar, ja'l yā ja'l-sāzī; masnū'iyat.

abulous, a Banāwat kā yā banāyā huā; ijād kiyā huā; ikhtirā' kiyā huā; darog; jhūth jirkā bayāu afsānon (qisse-kahāniyon) men ho,

aslı nahîn, gair haqîqî, sakhta.

ace n 1—Kisi ohiz ki berünî shakl yā sürat; woh hissa jo nazar pare 'alal-khusüs äge yā sāmne kā hissa khwāh sath, madd i-nazar ya'nī kisi ohiz kā woh juzw jo dekhne-wāle ko khās-kar nazar pare, rū; āgā, sāmuā; agwārā [yī iū

The face of the earth - Sath-1-zamīn - The face of a house - Makān kā agwārā 2 - Zāhnī sūnat, haiat i-zāhnī, shakl, zāhnī shakl khwāh woh

asli ho ya banawat ki, kanfiyat i zahiri ya suii.

This would produce a new face of things—Isse ek naye qism ki kaifiyat i-zāhirī paidā hogi —This story has the face of probability—Yah dāstān yā bayān ba-zāhir qarīn-i-qiyās hai. [bashra; sajdhaj, baiat i-zāhirī

3 — Chihia, iukh; muñh; mukh; iū; chibra-muhia, khat-o khāl; To set the best face on a thing—Kisi chīz kī haiat-î-zāhiri ko khūb hī durust kar d, uske chihre-muhire yā sajdhaj ko jabān takho sake bahut'umda banā d

4 — Nadāmat yā pareshāne chilie par numāyān na hone d., dilen, beshannī; behayāyī, shokhī; jurat; munh; dhithāyī.

Who has the face to tell such a lie?—Amī jhūthī bāt kahne kā muih kiskā hai? Atsā diler be-shaim be-hayā yā shokh kann hai jo aisī darog-goyī kare?

5.—Sūrat zīt: usm. munh shakl

5—Sūrat, zīt; jism, munh, shakl He has not shown his face for months—Usne mahinon se apni sūrat nahin dekhāyi (apnā munh nahīň dekhāyā).

6. - Munh ki terhi-berhi sürat.

To make faces, or to make way faces—Terhā berhā munh banānā—On the face of—Bādi u-nazar men, sūiat hī se, ba shakl-i zāhirī, dekhue hī se—This document is, on the face of it, a forgery—Yah dastāwez bādiu-n-nazar men la'iī hui; iskī sūiat hī yā iske dekhne hī se ma'lūm hotā hai ki yah la'lī hai —Face to face—Ba-niuqābala i-yak dīgar; ek dūsre ke sāmne hī, dū ba-dū; iū-ba rū, āmne sāmne —To set one's face against—Ta'arruz k; mukhālafat k, roknā, nā imihrbān h; shafaqat kī nazar se na dekhnā—Before one's face—Kisī ke dū-ba-dū iū-ba rū muwājahe men yā usī ke munh pai āmne sāmne yā ānkh ke sāmne; maujūdagī men—In the face of—Mu qābale men; jo shai sāmne ho bā-waxī uske hone ke; sāmne se, bā wujūd

uce, v t 1.—Muqābala k., sāmnā k.; ār r.; roknā, muzāhim h.; munh To fuce an enemy – Dushman se muqābala k

2.—Muqābil men h.; mahāzī men wāqi'h; äge yā sāmne h., kisī dūsie kī taraf rukh yā munh r. [jaise ek kapņe ke ūpai dūsrā kapņā. 3.—Kisī ke iū par nur kuchh lagā kar use chhipāuā, abrā lagārā To face down—Shokhī yā dhithāyī se muqābala k.; muchhen par chaih-baihnā, dānt yā dibī r, ānkhen nichī kar-d., mūchhen latkā d; jiupā d.

ce, v i. 1 — Aıyarı k.; makkarı k., jhūthi sūrat banaye rahna.

2 — Munh phernā, rukh yā muùh k. [Muñb pher-ka ghūm jānā To face to the right or left – Dahne yā bāyen muňh phernā – To face about – cetious α 1 — Khush-tab', hansor, thathol, zarīf, thatthebāz; mazāq kā 2.— Zarāfat-āmez (jismen zarāfat kī bāteň hon); jismeň aisī aisī

bāten bhan hon jinse jī khush ho; jismen bansi dillagī kī bāten hon. [ke sāth ; jī khush karne ke līye mazhaka-āmez Facetiously, ad Mazāgan yā mazāg ke taur par; khush-tab'ī se, zarāfat Facetiousness. n. Zarzfat; khush mızājī, bansor pan; mazāq, thatthe-bāza. Facilitate, v. t Sahl k.; āsān k.; kisī kām kī dushwārī ko kam kai denā, qabāhat yā rukāwat daf' kar d , kisi kām men jisqudar mihnat pare usko ghață denă

Facility, n. 1 —Suhūlat, āsānī; qabāhat se āzādī

[kiya

He performed the work with great facility-Usne woh kam bari subulat se 2.— Anjām-i-kār kī suhūliyat; tashīl-i-kāi, woh musta'idī yā chālākī jo hunarmandî ya kasrat-ı-ıstı'mal se hasıl ho, tez-dasti; malaka.

Practice gives facility - Mashq se malaka hotā hai

3.—Woh bāt jisse kisī kām ke kaine men āsānī ho; woh bāt jisse kısı kām ki anjam sahl ho-jawe, finda; 'umda madad; ı'anat.

In this sense, generally used in the plural.

No facilities were afforded to the court in arriving at the real facts of the case -Is muqaddame ke asl hālāt ke mkishāf men "adālat ko kisī tarah kī "umda maded as mui.

Fac-simile, n Bynusibī naql yā shabīh jaise sawād-i-khat kī, kisī tahrīr ki hū-bahū nagl; kisi likhāwat kā thik utāiā

Fact, n 1.- Woh fi'l jiskā waqu' yā zuhūr huā ho; jo natīja zuhūr men ājā ho, mājajā; fi'l; kaifījat; amr-i-wāgi'.

2 — Asl-1-haqiqat, aslī bāt, sacheli bāt; amr-1 1āst In fact—Asl men, haqiqatan, dar haqiqat, sach to yah hai

3.—Bayāu-1-nmr-i-wāqı' yā shui-1-maujūda; woh bāt jiskā honā bayan ya tasawwur kiya jawe; ka fiyat, hal, waqi'a. yan ya tasawwur kiya jawe; ka nyat, hai, waqi'a. [hun Tinsevidence abounds with false fucts—Is shahādat men jhūthi bāten bhari

FACTA PROBANTIA, [Lat] (Law) Waqi'atı musbit, woh baten jinse

koyî wanî a sahit ho.

Faction, n 1.—Kısı rıyasat men un logon kı jama'at jo muttafiq hokar us rıyasat ke khilaf koyi kar rawayî karen; mukhahfia ka zırga; kısı qısın ke log jo apas men mılkar apne zati naf' aur 'awam ki burayı ke liye bila waswasa koyi kai-rawayi kaien; tar. dal, jatha

2. Khal-fishār; nā-ittifāqī, mizā', jhagrā; fitna; tasād, hal-chal Factious, a 1 - Baham ittifaq karke riyasat ke khilaf khwah 'awam ki mazarrat ke liye danga-o-fasād kā 'ādī, hangāma-khez, mufsid, fitnapardāz—jaise skakhs [fil yā bāt.

2 — Fitna pardāzī ke muta'allıq; jisse fitna-pardāzī zāhir ho—jaise

FACTO, [Lat] (Law) Waqı'a men; fi'l ya waqı'a se

Factor, n. Jo dusce ki taraf se kār-o-bar kare; gumāshta; kār-kun, munīb 'alal khusūs woh shokhs jo kamishan par (ārhat lekw) dūsion kī taraf se māl khatīde aut beche aur rozgār chalāwe, arhatīyā.

Factorage, n. Arhat; arhat ke rupaye, zar-i kamishan.

Factory, n 1.—Arhat kī jagah; woh makān yā jagah jahān arhatiye apne mālik ki taraf se rozgār chalāne ke live rahen, kothi.

2 — Woh log jo kısı maqām par koyı kar-khāna chalāte hoń.

3.—Woh 'ımarat ya 'ımaraten 10 kisi mal ke banane ke lıye makhsus hon; kothi; godam, kaikhana.

Cotton factory, indigo factory, opium factory, &c —Rūyi kā kārkhāna, nīl yā afyūn kī kothī yā uskā godām wagaira [cha. Factotum, n Woh shakha jisse har qism kā kām liyā jāc , harbābī cham-

FACTUM, [Lat.] (Law) 1.—Kusī shakhs kā khās kām wa fil, 'alalkhusüs woh bāt jo bayān ke zanī'e se mutahaggag kan-dī-gayī ho

2—Kısı wası at name ka munasıb taur par takmil pana aur uske muta'allıq un sab baton ka kıya jana jo uske jawaz ke liye labudi hon. FACTUM PROBANDUM, [Lat] (Law) Waqı'a i-subūt-talab; woh waqı'a jiska subūt darkar ho.]koyi amı sabit ho FACTUM PROBANS, [Lat] (Law) Waqı'a-i-musbit; woh waqı'a jisse

FACTUM VALEAT, [Lat] (Law) Wag'at-i-amr-1-wagi'a.

Faculty, n. 1 — Zihnī yā dimāgī quwwat, kisi bāt ke karne kī quwwat; liyāqat, salāhiyat. [o-chālākī; fau.

2 —Suhūlat-ı-anjām-i-kār; mashshāqī, hoshyārī; tez-dastī, chustī-

3.—Zātī sıfat; maılan yā 'ādat 'ām isse ki burī ho yā bhalī

4.—Ikhtiyar; woh istihqaq ya iqtidar jo kisi ko ri'ayatan aise fi'l ke karne ka diya jae jo woh qanunan na kar-sakta ho; ijazat.

5 —Kısı peshe ke log khusüsan daktar log.

Fade, v i 1—Kamzor ho-jānā, mujhānā, pazhmurda h, khushk h.

2 — Tāzagi : angat yā āb kā jātā rahnā; rang kā ur-jānā; faq ho jānā; kumhlānā. [na iahnā.

3 — Āhista āhista gāib ho-jānā, dhīmā ho-jānā; jātā rahnā; bāqī Fade, v. t. Khushk kar d, tāzagī yā zor khainch l; kumhlā d; pazh-

murda kar-d; thrthrā d
Fail, v i 1.—Na h; kam h; kusīqadar kam h yā bi-l-kul na h, ma'mūlī
tarīq par baham na pahunchuā yā kisī chīz kī pahunch (bahamrasī)
kā ekbārgī band hojānā

The crops have failed this year - Is sal fast kam huyi 32 bi-l-kul na huyi

2.—Tāqat wagana kā ghatnā; aur kamzor h , dhansā jānā; tahlīl hotā jānā, rafta nafta nā-tuwān ho-jānā

The sick man's strength fails—Us marīz kī tāgat ghattī jātī hai, woh marīz ziyāda-tar kamzor ho rahā hai; woh marīz dhañsā jā tahlīl huā jātā hai

3 — Ma'dūm h, nest-o-nābūd h, mar jānā; masdūd ho-jānā; phir paidā na h; guzar jānā, bi-l-kul gāib ho-jānā, phir bāqī na iahnā; kuchh bhī rah na jānā [natīja paidā na k, anjām i kār men gāsir h 4 — Khatā k chūknā kām na k kāroar na h: oāsir h : asar vā

4.—Khatā k., chūknā, kām na k., kārgar na h.; qāsir h; asar yā His eye-sight finis—Uski basārat (nazar yā nigāh) khatā kartī hai. An enquiry was made with care but failed—Intivat ke sāth tahqīqāt ki gayi par uskā kuchh asar yā natīja paidā na huā (woh kārgar na huyi)

5.—Kāmyāb na h.; māyūs h.; jis magsad kā hāsil h. zihu men ho uskā bar na ānā, jo natīja magsūd ho uskā zuhūt men na ānā, murād kā bar na ānā (hāsīl na h.); vā-kāmyāb h. [bar na āyī yā bāsil na huyī

The plantuff has failed — Mudda ī kāmyāb na huā (nā-lāmyāb huā ; uskī murād

6.—Diwālā nikaluā, diwāliyā ho-jānā, tāt ulat jānā, nādāi ho jānā; apne qarz ke adā ki salāhiyat na r.; duyūn-i muta'alliqa-i-kār o bār ke adā ke qābil rah na jāuā, tūtā paruā. [us koṭbīwāl kā ṭāṭ ulaṭ gayā).

The banker has failed—Us mahājan kā diwālā mkal gayā (woh diwāhyā ho gayā; "When merchants and traders fail, they are said to become bank-

rupl, when other men fail, they are said to become insolvent." Webster.

".--Anjām-i-farz men qāsir h, yā kotāhî k.; tark k. yā gaflat k chhor d.; na kazuā.

Herein fuel not—Is hit men gāsir na ho jā kotāhi na karo, is kām men gafis na karo; ise tark na karo, is amr men tikid jāno, is kām kā kainā apne upa lāzīm vē vājib jīmo.

Fail, v. t Kisî li zarûnat wagana konafî na k ; kisî ke liye kafî na h. kisî ko dhokha d. ya use mayûs k., kisî ke kam na ana (use chhor d

Fall, n Tark-r-fi'l; 'adam-i-anjām-i-kār (kisī kām kā na k) [jo kuchh ho Without fuil-Be chūke huye; bila qaid, kullīyatan, zarūr khwāhī-na khwāhī

Failirg, n 1 - Kotābī, qusūr, nags; bhūl-chūk; khatā.

2—Dinālīyā yā nā dār ho-jānā [band ho jānā Failure, n. 1 — Kamî; kotāhī; naqs 1-kāmīl; bi l-kul na honā, āmad kā Failure of rain or orops — Binsh yā fasl kī kotūbī (uskā bi-l-kul na h) [nak

2.—'Adam 1-ifā. 'adam 1-wafī, adam 1-ta'mīl yā aujām, taik; pūiūnak, The failuie of a promise—'Adam 1 ifā i wa'da (wa'da kā pūiā na k)

3 — Zawāl yā naqs ba-wajh-i-zawāl. [hā yād na rahns

The failure of memory—Zawal-i-hafiza, quwwati-hafiza ke zail hone se baton 4—Piwala; nadan, qurz ke ada ki istita'at ka na r [par mill Fain, a Khush, kisi zaiurat ki halat men kisi bat ke khushi se kaine Fain, ad Khushi se, masariat se

With would

Fair, a 1 — Dagilā chitkahiā mailī yā nāqis nahīn; be-aib; sāf, suthrā; matla sāf, goiā, siyah-fām nahīn [ma'lūm ho

2 — Khush-numā; khūbsūrat, khūb-rū; jo dekhne men achchhā 3.—Sāf; abr chhājā huā nahīn, badlī ghirī huyī nuhīn; nibaddar,

muwanq, mukhalif nahir, jis turaf jaua manzur ho udhar hi ki.

Said of the wind or weather.

4 -Khulā; sāf, be-rukāwat kā, sīdhā-jaise rāsta wagama

5.—Sāf-dīl, îmandār; gau-jāmbdār, be chhakke-panje kā, sīna sāf; kaptī nabīu, mutadaīyan; jiskī nisbat kisī tarah kā shubha na ho-sake; jismen taraf-dārī na ho; munsif, munsifāna; wājib, sāf, yaksān; īmāndārī yā diyānat kā.

Said of persons, character, or conduct.

6 — Achchhā yā achchhī, khush; jisse ummed aur bharosā paidā ho; talkh yā karwī nahîn, khush-kun—jaise bāten wa'de wagaira.

7.—Sāf; parhe jāne ke qābil; mā yuqiā, khush-khat

The letter is written in a fair hand - Us khat ki tahrir saf hai, us chitthi ki likhāwat parhi jā saktī hai.

8 — Ausat darje kī; gair-ma'mūlī nahīň, i'tidāl par, na bahut ziyāda na bahut kam; mutawassit. [achchbī tarah; aise dhaug se ki jī khush ho. Fair, ad 1 — Sāf sāf; khulā khulā, jī khol-kar, akhlāq se, īmāndārī se.

To bid faw—Qarīni-ciyas h; honhār h, achchhī ummed dekhānā, achchhā āgam dekhānā—Faw and square—Wājib-wājib; imāndārī se, insāf se, belagīw Imāndārī, diyānat—Fair play—Wājib bartāw, munsifāna sulūk, imāndārī kā bartāw.

Fair, n. Hasin 'aurai; sundari. The fair—Unas; 'auraten.

Fair, n. Melā, dadrī,

Fairly, ad Sāf sāf yā safāyī se; fish fāsh; sāf-dilī se; bilā-kashīdagī-i-, khātır, tawāzu' yā khulq ke sāth; īmāndātī se, muwāfaqat se, achchhī tarah, khushī se

FAIT, (Lat.) Wasiqa; nawishta.

Faith, n 1.—I'tibu, yaqin, bharosa; takiya; istidlal, kisi ke bayan ko khis usi ke sadaqat ani sunad par qabul k, shahadat par takiya ya istidlal, is bat par iae ka qaim hojina ki fulan ka bayan ya uski shahadat sahih hai

The court has no furth in the testimony of that witness—Us gawāh ki shahā-dat par 'adālat mutlaq i'tibān nahīn karti (uske bayān par 'adālat ko kuchh bharosā nahīn hai)

2 — Qaul; zabān; 'ahd; wa'da; qarār; wafā; bāt; bachan.

To break one's faith - Bad quali bad ahdi ya khilai-wa'dagi k, apni zaban (bat) ka pas na k, wa'da wafa na k, be-warayi k

3 - Sachāyi; sadāgat; diyānat, îmāndārī,

Breach of fuith—Bad-diyanati; be īmānī; khryānat—In good faith—Nek-niyati se, īmāndārī ke sāth, khush niyatī ke sāth; fareb se nahīn dhokhā dene ke maqsad se nahīn. In bad faith—Bad-diyān it se, be-īmānī se; īmāndārī se nahīn, fareb ki niyat se, dhokhā dene ki garaz se.

4 —Kisī gism kā mazhabī 'agīda, īmān, i'tigād; isht

Faithful, n. 1.—Muhabbut yā wafā dārī men sachchā aur sābit qadam, apne farz ke anjām men must iqil yā mazbūt, bā-wafī; wafā-dārī men sachchā, wafā-dār; khan khwāh, namak-halāl, īmāndār; mutadaryan, rāst bāz; sādiq; sābit-qadam; mutalawwin nahīn, jo apne qaul-o-qarār 'ahd o parmān yā mu'āhadāt kā khūb lihāz rakkhe, bāt kā pakkā; qaul kā sachchā yā pūrā

2.—Sahih, bijusihi, thik thik, jo kuchh manshā ho waisā hī. [na ho

3.—Sachchā, sādiq, sachāyī se mutābaqat rakhne wālā, jismen jhuth Faithfully, ad. Īmāudātī se, wafādātī se; thīk wa'de yā mu'āhade wagaira ke mutāliq, thīk thīk; sachāyī se, mazbūtī se, sach-sach, be-kamo-kāst; huwa-huwa; bagair naqs fareb yā ibhām ke.

Faithfulness, n Wasa dārī, namak-halālī, sachāyī; sadāgat-bayānī, ahkām anr lewāzīm ki barī pā-baudī; muhabbat men sabīt-gadmi

Faithless, a. Kāfir, be-īmān; namak-hmām; dagā-bāz, be-wafā, jhūthā, bad-qanl; bad-'ahd; jisse mājūsī yā dhokhā ho.

Fall, v 1. 1 — Yakāyak yā ālusta ālusta ūnchī jagah se nīchī jagah men ānā, girnī yā gir paruā; sirf quwwat-i-jāziba ke zoi se nīche ko ānā, jharnā, tapakuā.

Ripe finits full from trees-Pakke phal darakht se girte hain (tapakte hain)

2—Istāda (kharā) na rahnā; munh ke bal gir jānā; yakāyak let jānā, aundhā parnā.

The tree has fallan—Woh darakht gir gayā (kharā nahīn hai)—The prisoner fall

on his knees — Woh qaidī apue gluthuon ke bal sijda karne lagā [men gunā 3.—Kisī daryā wagaira ke pānīkā bahkai kisī jhīl yā samundar wagaira With *into*.

4 —Gu-kar marjīnā—jause larne ki hālat men; khap jānā; halāk hojānā; nest ho-jīnā, gāib ho-jānā; rah na jānā

5 — Kısı sharkî tezî ya shiddat ka jata rahna—jarse hawa ya gusse ka; dhima ho-jana, par jana; band ho jana; zari ho-jana.

6.—Paidā h.; girnā; biyānā—jaise ba'z jānwaion ke bachehon kā 7.—Ikhtiyār buzuigi daulat yā waq'at kā ghat jānā; wazu yi qīmat men kam bo-jānā; nā chiz yā zalīl bau-jānā, kam ho jānā, pas ho-jānā, mindā ho-jānā.

8.— Žillat men painā; ruswā yā be-ābrū h.; khwār h.; musiba men parnā; badī gumiāhī yā gunāh men par jānā, be-īmān yā bad diyānat ho-jānā [ho-jānā, kisī burāyī men daf atan par-jānā

9.—Phans jānā, phande men par jānā; pahle kī nisbat aur buis 10.—Zaid-iū ho jānā; nigāh nīchi kai-lenā, sharminda yā māyūs

ma'lüm h ; chihre kā utar jānā; nigāh kā jhip jānā

11—Jism yā qalb (badan yā dil) kā ek hālat se dūsrī hālat men dafatar aur be-ikhtiyār ho-jānā, ho-jānā, parnā [love—'Āshiq ho jānā To fall csleep—Šo jānā—To fall sick—Bimār parnā yā honā—To fall in 12—Wāqi'h, parnā; ānā, yakāyak pā jānā, pahunch jānā, anjām ko pahunchuā, khatm h.

13 -- Koyī fi'l jald juld musta idi yā shiddat se kaine lagnā; jhapit

They fell to blows-Unmed yakayak mār pit hone lagi

14 — Ittifaqiya khwah bazail'a qul'a-andazi taqsim ya wiiasat

wagana ke kisî ko pahunchua ya uskî tiraf muntiqil hona

A's estate fell to his brother—Zaid kā tarka uske bliāyi ko pahunchā (mlā)
The property has fallen into other hands.—Woh milkiyat auron ke hāth ayī
(11gī yā pahunchī)

15.—Besākhta nikal ānā; yakāyak zahān par ā-jānā yā nikal paļuā Not a word fe'l from him on the subject - Us bab men ek bat bhi uskt zaban se na mili.—It fell from his hps-Yah bāt be-aākhta nekī zabān se mkal ayī To jall aboard of-Ek kashti ya jahaz ka düsri kashti ya düsre jahaz se takrā jāuā (lar yā bbir jānā)—To fall among—Kisī ke darmiyān ittifāqiya jā yakāyak ā parnā — To fall away — (a) Dublā h , lāgai h., tablil h.; ghul jānā. (6) Itā'at tark kar-d , bagāwat k.; sarkashī k (6) Dīn chhor d.; kufr ikhtıyar k : badi men parnā (d) Zāil h , tabāh h., kho jānā, fanā h (e) Āhista abista ghat jānā, ur jānā, faq ho-jānā; mandā pai jānā -- To fall back-(a) Pichhe bat jānā, pas-pā h (b) Bad-'ahdi k, apuā gaul pūrā na k.—To full calm.—Bahnā band ho-jānā, dhīmā par jānā —To full down—(a) Sijda k ; dandawat k (b) Baith jānā, zamīn par gir parnā — To fall foul-Hamla k; tūt-parnā; mārpīt karne lagnā; charh jānā—To fall from -(a) Gurez k , mhirāi k ; ta'mil na k.—jaise kisī qaul yā mu'āhade kī (b) Nā farmānī k , begāwat k — To fall vi-(a) Ittuāq k ; rāc men muttrfiq h (b) Mānuē; ta'mīl k; qabūl k; kisī ke mutābiq k (c) Ā-jānā; sliāmil h, ā-milnā, dākhil h — To fall in with — Milnā — jaise jahāz kā Dekhi pānā yā nazdik ā-pahunchuā-jaise zamīn kā yā ke-To fall off-(a) Alag yā kanars kash ho jānā, judā ho-jānā; tūt jānā; phūt ho-jānā, bichhujuā jaise doston kā. (b) Zāid ho-jānā, qāim na rahnā, bāqī na rahnā (c) Kufr ikhtiyār k ; īmān chhor d. (d) Chhornā, tark k ; dast-bardār h ; kanāra kashī îkhtıyar k. (e) Tapakna; zamin par gırnā—jaise pakke phalon kā Waq'at yā'umdagī men ghat jānā; ba-nisbat pable ke kam-'umda yā dīl-chasp rah-jānā. To fall on -(a) Daf'atan aur shauq se shurū' k ; yakbārgī aur dil se karne laguā. (b) Charh jānā; hamla-āwar h ; mārne laguā. (c) Kisī par girnā yā chūnā.—To fall out-(d) Takrār k ; qaziya k.; larne lagnā. (b.) Wāqi' h ;

ho-painā, ittifāqiya ho-jānā.—To fall over-(a) Sar-kashi k.; ek farīq ko chhorlar dusre fariq kî taraf ho jana. - To fall short - Kam h , naqis h , kotābī k -To fall to-(a) Uzlat aur shauq se shurū' k (b) Kisī kām men masrüf h (usko karne lagnā) — To fall under - Kisi ke mā taht h , kisi ki had men parnā, kisī ke zer i-hukūmat zer-i nazar yā zer-i-ikhtivār wagura (b) Kisî men dakhil h, kisî ke sath shumar kiya jana -To fall upon -(a) See To fall on -(b) Iqdām k; koshish k, fikr k (c) Kisī se bhir janā

Fall, n. 1 —Girnā, nīche utarnā, gir parnā, larkharā-kar gir jānā

2 — Barbādī, tabāhī; maut. [yā hukūmat kā hāth se jātā rahnā

3. – Zawal, tanazzul, buzurgi ya mansab ka kho jana; ikhtiyar

4 — Qimat ya maliyat men kami.

5 — Utār jaise āwāz kā Dhāl jaise zamīn yā pahār ki.

6 - Jharnā; āb-shār, kharī jagah se pānī kā nīche girnā. wagaira ke pāni kā samundai yā jhil wagaira men gunā, utār ; jahān tak kısī shaı kā utāi ho.

7 — Khizān, patihār.

8 —Bānsh; jhar yā jharī, meh kā gunā.

Fallacious, a. 1.—Fareb dih; jisse dhokhā ho, gumrāh k w; galatī paidā k w ; zalālat men dalne wālā , jo ba-zāhu jhūth ho , jiskī sūiat se ma'lum ho ki yah jhuth hai

A fallacious argument - Aisī bahs jisse dhokhā ho, aisī dalīl jisse giimiāhī ho

2.—Fareb-amez, danog, jhūth, fāsid; be asl; jisse māyūsī paidā ho; jiski ummed na h A fallacious hope – Ummed-i-be-asl; ummed-i-fasid

Fallacy, n. 1 — Jbūth yā farcb dene walī zībirī sūrat; makr-āmezī: fareb dih h , jisse änkh yā dil ko dhokhā ho , fueb; galatī , tazwīr. 2 - Aisī dalīl yā bahs jisse ba zāhi qat'-i-nizā' hojāwe pai dar-haqī-

Idhokhe men ä-sake, khatä-pazir. gat aisā na ho.

Fallible, a. Jisse bhūl yā chūk ho; jo dūsion ko dhokhā de-sake jā khud Fallow, a Jismen hal chalane ke ba'd bij na boye gaye hon; gurmazrū'a, uftāda, partī, be-taraddud, jo baras do baras jotne bone ke ba'd yünhin durasti ki nazar se chhor di jawe.

Fallow ground - Woh zamin jis men hai chalaya gaya ho par tukhm-rezi na huyī ho, aisī ārāzī jo kuchh din tak jotne bone ke ba'd uskī haisīyat ki taraqqi ki nazar se ba taur-khud chbor di jawe.

Fallow, v. t Zamîn men hal aur henga chalakar use be boyî chhor d. jismen khatāb ghās waguta nikal-jāe aur zamīn mulāim bo jāe

False, a. 1.—Jhūthā; Jhūth bolne wālā yā darog-bayān, Jismen sadāqat-kalāmī na ho; dagā kī 'adī yā dagā-bāz; be-īmān, bad-diyānat; aisî bat kahne wala jîska na wujud ho na wuqu' ya jo na to kahi gayî ho aur na uskā kisī ko khayāl ho.

A false witness - Jhūthā gawāh; shīhid-i kāzibul-bayān, aisā gawāh jiskā bayān rāst (sachchā) na ho

2 — Be-wafa; bad-'abd; bad-qaul; jhūtha; dagā-bāz; jo apne caul yā wa'da wagaira kā pā band na ho, kāzib; sādiq nahīn, muzawwir: jismen sabāt (sābit-qadmī) na ho

A false friend - Dost-i-sādiq nahīn; yār-i-be-wafā - False to promises - Bad-'ahd ; bad-gaul; jiske wa'de pure na hon, jo jhuth wa'de kare.

3.—Jo sachāyī yā asliyat se mutābaqat na rakkhe; sachchā nahîn; jismen uhokhā dene yā māyūsī padā karne kī salāhnyat kā ihtimāl ho; jhūthū; khotā, fāsid, kāsid, galat

A fulse statement or report — Bayan ya khabar i-galat; aisa bayan ya aisi khabar iismen sachayi ya asliyat na ho — A false weight — Kami-wazn bāi; aisa bat

kharā jo kisī andāz i mua'ıyan ke mutābiq na ho

4 — Taibīsī, masnū'ī, ja'lī, banāyā hnā yā banāwat kā, aslī nahīn, khotā. A false com—Sikka i talbisī, khotā sikka —A false bill of exchange—Ja'lī jā banāyī huyī hundī, masnū'ī handī.

5 -Mazbūt yā thos nahm, jisse ākbir men dhokhā uthe.

A false foundation - Bunyad : be asl, aisi bunyad jo mazbūt na ho.

6 — Jo muzbūt bunyād par mabnī na ho, be-asl, jo mustahkam yā qābil-1-i'tibāt na ho, galat. [galat, rāc-i-galat

A false cann.—Da'wur-be-asl; be-bunyād da'wā A false conclusion.—Natīja r-7.—Banāwat kā, iddi'āyī, jo dhokhā dene kī nīyat se banāyā yā iķtuyāt kiyā gayā ho; makt-āmez; falebī, jismen rangan-i-qāz malā

gayā no, asli nahin.

Filse imprisonment—(Lau) Kisi shakhs ko bila warant ya be-sabab khwah qandu be khilaf giriftar kaike qani iakhua

R.dsc ietus n-(Love) Jis ahlı kār ko koyî hukm-nama-r'adülat ta'mil ke liye mile uskā vski ta'mil ki nı-bat jhūthi kaifiyat lıkhana, kaifiyat-i-darog

False-hearted, a Dagā-bāz; dhokhā dene-w False-hood, n. 1 — Jhuthāyī, jhūṭbā (galat) bayān.

2.—Be-īmānī; dogā-bīzī, fareb dihī. 3.—Banāwat; idni'ayi sūrat, taqlīd.

Falsely, ad Jhūth, sach nahîn; dagā-bāzī se; dhokhā dene kī nīyat se. Falseness, n. Jhuthāyī; be-īmāuī; dagā bāzī; zāhu men kuchh aur asl men kuchh.

FALSI CRIMEN, [Lat] (Law) Ja'l banane (ja'l-sazi) kā jurm.

Falsification. 2. Jhûth banānā, iltibās; masnūr'yat; kisī chīz kī aisī sūrat banānā jo asl men na ho; takzīb [nū'ī banānā Falsify, v. t l.—Jhūthā banānā, talbīsī banānā; naqlī banānā; mas

To falsify com - Jhūthā sikka banānā, sikka rialbīsī banānā.

2.—Bātil thahrānā, darog sabit k.; jhūthā yā nā-qabil-ri'tibār sabit

k, rad k; taidīd k; māyūs k,, na ummed k, bātil k

To fulsify a record—Kisi kāgaz ko rad k (jhūth būtil yā nā qābil-i-i tibār thahrānā). To falsify one's hopes—Kisi ki ummed ko bātil k , kisi ko nā-um med jā māyns k

3.—Bātil k , ka-l'adam k , jhūth sābit k — jaise kisī tajwīz ko. .

4 — Muhāsaha fahmī men kisī kharch kī raqam ko galat thabrānā To fatsify one's word—Bad qaulī k; apnā qaul na r.; jhūth kahlar apne qaul se be-qaul ho jānā; apnī bāt ko muļā d.

Falsify, v. z. Jhuth bolua, darog-goyi k

Falsity, n Jhuth h., jhuthayi

Falter, v. 1 1.—Chūknā; khatā k.; hiklānā; luknat k; ruk-ruk ke bolnā; bolue kī hālai men zabān kā kanpnā

2 — Tharrānā, lagzish k.; na thaharnā; hilne lagnā.

3.—Samajh meń futür ānā; zihn men nags h.

Fame, n 'Umda khabar; achchhe yā bare bare kāmon kā shuhra; shuhrat; nāmwarī, jas, shuhra.

Familiar, a 1.—Khāndānī, ghar kā; gharailā.

2. — Jisseaksar bāt ebīt kai tekarte iabt hojāe ; jisse ba khūbī wāqifiyat ho; jisse bahut iabt-zabt ho, jisse bahut khalā-malā ho, mālūf; mānūs.

A familiar finend or companion—Dost yā sāthī jisse bahut rabt-zabt ho.

3.—Kisi shai se ba khūbī wāqif, kisî bāt ko uske karte karte achehlī taiah jānue w. (usse mālūf yā mānūs).

4.—Be-takalluf, hāt-chīt men takalluf na r. w.; āzād; mukhallābi-t-tab'; atsā ki dūsie ko bār-yābī mushkil na ho; hilā-milā (huā.

5 —Ba-khūbī ma'lūm, kasiat-i-isti'māl se khūb sīkhā yā samihā

6 —Sahl; roz-maire kī, bol chāl kī—jaise 'ibārat.

7.—Nā-jāiz āshnāyī yā rabt-zabt r. w.

Familiar spirit - Muwakkil, bīr; woh shenān jiskī nisbat yah tasawwur kiyā jātā hai ki woh bulāte hī hāzir hotā hai.

Familiarity, n. Māuūs rahnā; aksar dıl-khol kar āpas men būt-chīt k. aur suhbat r.; be-takallufāna bartāw; be-takallufī aur āzādī; ikhtilāt; barā mel-jol, nihāyat rabt-zabt (khalā-malā); barā sat-sang; bahut māuūs o-mālūf h. [yā bāt chīt se bakhūbī wāqif ho-jānā

Familiarize, v t 1 — Mānūs k.; 'ādī k , khū-gar k.; kasiat-i-isti'māl 2 — Kisī kām ko mashq karke use sahl kar-d.; kisī 'ilm wagana

kī tahsīl ko parhte parhte āsān kai-d.

Familiarly, ad 1.—Be-takallufāna (be-takallufī ke sāth); bilā-lihāz ilusūm-lzāhnī; dil se; be kisī dabāw ke.

2 —'Umuman; aksaı, beshtar; us suhulat aur be-fiki se jo bahut

dinon ki muzawalat ya waqiliyat se hasil ho.

Family, n 1.—Woh jumla ashkhās jo ek hī makān men aur afsar yā muhtamım-ı-wāhıd ke mātaht rahen, woh sab log jo ek hī ghar men rahen aur inmen mān-bāp larke-bāle naukar-chākar aur bāz auqāt kirāya-dār wagaira bhī dākhil hote hain, kunbā, khāudān; 'ayāl-o-atfal, āl-o-'ayāl, larke-bāle, bāl-bachche; qabāil; kutumb, ghar-bār; gharānā

2 - Woh log jo ek műris-i-a'la se parda hon; yak-jaddi; ek ghar ya

gharane ke, yagana, nasl; kul; bans, goti; santan.

3.—Mūrtson kā silsila; pusht; pīrhī.

4 — 'Ālī-khāndānī, 'ālī-nīzhādī, khāndān-i-sharīf se honā; najīb yā mīdazzaz h, bare bāp-dādā kā, nāmī-girāmī gharāne kā.

Famine, n. 1 — Qaht yā qaht-sālī; gnānī, akāl; manhgī.

Famish, v t 1.—Bhūkhon mārnā; bhūkhā rakh ke halāk k.

2 — Bhūkh se be-dam kar-d.; bhūkh yā pyās se bi-l-kul kamzoi kar d, bhūkhā rakh ke taklīf d.

3.—Kısı zarüli chiz ke le-lene ya uske na dene se halak k ; kısı läbudi shal ke na hone se gayat dalle ki taklıf d.

Famish, v. i 1 — Bhūkhon maınā, fāqa-kashī k

2 —Bahut hi bhūkhā yā pyāsā rahnā, khāne-pīne ki chīzon ke na milne se kam-zor yā qarību-l-maig ho-jānā. [taklīf uṭhānā.

3.—Kısı zarüri ya labudi sharse mahrüm kiye jane ki wajh se bari

Famous, α. Mashhūr, nek-nām; sarnām; zabāń-zad-i-'awām, ma'rūf.

Fan, n 1.—Pankhā; pankhī; bād-kash; mirwaha, benā; badan ko thandha karne ke liye par kagaz ya resham wagaira ka pankha

2 - Na pachhorne kî chīz (sūp), ag dhannkne kī chīz (damī vā dhann

kanî) Mor kî dum wagura sî chîz jo pankhe kî tarah pharl jie.

3.—Woh bāt jisse kisī shai kā shu'la bhajak jāe , woh bāt jisse kovī shar ubbir pare khwah taraggi ya mazbūtī pakre

A fan to infame love-'lahq ke shu'le ki bharkane wali chiz

Fan, v t 1.—Pankhe se hawā karke thandhak aur tāzagī lānā, pankhā jhalnā, penkke se munh par hawā k.

2 — Hawā pehunchānā, hawā kā asar pahunchānā, hawā lagānā.

 3 — Pachhomā, sāf k; phataknā.
 Fanatic, (α Mazhabī josh se muta'alliq yā uspar dalālat k w.; rāe Fanatical, men azhas ta'assub zāhu k. w ; nihāyat sar garm vā pur-josh khususan umuiāt-i-mazhabī men

Fanatic, a Woh shikha jiske dil men ummat i-mazhabi ki nishat bara hi josh ho; jiske dil men mutawahhish aur be-hūda khayālāt-i-mazhabi

huā karen, majzūb, muta'assib.

Fanaticism, n Had se ziyāda josh jazba yā sargarmī, mazhab ke mutawahhish aur behūda khayālāt; mazhabī harārat josh yā junūn, ta'assub ı-dīnī. [walimi, waswasi

Fanciful, a 1.—Khayāl-parast, 'aql aur tajribe kā pā-band nahīn;

Applied to persons.

2 - Khavālī, khayāl se paidā, wahmī; qiyāsī

Applied to things

Fancy, n I — Khayal, tasawwur, woh zihni quwwat jisse kisi shar ki sūrat yā shahāh jab chāhen dil par grim ho jāe.

2.—Kisi sha ki surat jo dil par ban-jae, khayal; surat; dhyan, rup. 3 – Woh iže yž kliajši jiske gžim kaine men bahut gain kainž na

pare, umang, tarang; lahar.

4.—Ragabat, pasaud, shanq; 'ishq; chāh. Woh shan juspar tabī'at rāgib ho, j.se dil chāhe (pasaud kare). [112 ho.

5.—Woh shai jisse dil to khush ho par woh dai asl kisi kam ki Fancy, v v. Khaya k ; apne dil men kisi bat ki sunat paida karl , bila subūt Le bāwar yā tase wwu k , givas k., gumān k

Fancy, v f 1 -Kısı kâ dhyan k , kısı shar ka tasawwur dil men k ,

khayāi k ; dil par naqsh banā lenā.

2.—Pasand k ; kisī kī chāh r. ; kīsī se uskī sūrat yā akhlāq-o-ādāb kī wajh se khush rabnā, chāhnā.

Fancy, a Jisse tabī'at khush ho, jiskā mazā tabī'at ko mile.

Fancy ball-Woh nach pismeń nachne ki garaz se log tarah tarah ki posbak pahan-kar jāte hain—Fancy goods—Rang-lang aur tarah-tarah ke reshaul kapre satan wagaira

Fantastic, da 1 —Sırf khayalı wujud r. w ; khayalı; qiyası; aslı

Fantastical, nahin,

2 - Khayāl-parast, wahmi; mutalawwin

3.—Sirf zāhir men rahne w ; namūd-i-be-būd r w.

4.—Be-tartīb; be-qā'ıda, jisko sabūt na ho; be asl; jo tabdīl huā Far, s. 1 —Dūr; kiši jānib ko dūr; nazdīk nahīn, jiske darmiyān bahut bara fasi ho; ba'id; tappe par; palle par.

2. - Manshā se dūr; khwāhish yā irāde ke khilāf.

Far, ad. 1.—Bahut dur tak; bahut kuchh, bahut ziyada.

2 - Bahut zamāna i-ha'id tak, pīchhe ko bahut dinon tak.

3 — Bahut yā bahut kuchh; bahut sā, juzw-i-kasīr.

4 — Nihāyat ziyāda; hahut ziyāda, kahīn barhkar

5 —Kisī khās had darje yā fāsile tak, ek hadd-i-mu'aiyan tak.

By far — Bahut kuchh; mhāyat hī — Far from — Bahut dūr; bare fāsile par Far off — Barī dūr; fāsila-i-ba'id par. — From far — Bahut dūr se; fāsila-i-ba'id se; aisī jagah se jo bahut dūr par ho, bare bu'd se. [kuchh na ho

Farce, n Niiî numāish; mahz tumtarāq; bharampā, jismen dar-asl

A mere farce - Nirā dekhāwā asl men kuchh nahīn

Fare, v. z. 1 - Kısı halat men h chahe woh achchhi ho ya buri,

kısı hāl men tahnā—'ām isse kı khushi ho yā musibat

He fared well—Woh achehhi hālat men thā (khush-hāl fāngu-l-bāl achehhā yā khush-guzrān thā; uskī achehhi guzartī nibhti bīttī yā kaṭtī thi) He fared ill—Woh būrī hālat men thā (taklīf yā musībat men thā, uskī achehhi nahin guzartī thī)

2 —Khānā pīnā, tawāzu'-mudārāt (khātır-bāt) kā kıyā jānā.

3 - Honā chāhe achchhā ho yā burā.

Used impersonally.

Fare, n. 1 — Knāyā; bhājā; khewā, mahsūl; woh rupaye ĵo kisī shakhs ke khushkī yā tarī se jāne ke'iwaz men diye jāen yā wājību-l-adā hon

"The price of conveyance over the ocean is now usually called the passage, or passage money Fare is never used for the price of conveying goods, this is called freight or transportation" Webster.

2 — Khānā; gizā; khāne-pine kī chīzen.

Farewell, int. Jāo khush raho; al-widā', Khudā-hāfiz; woh kalām (bāten) jo do shakhson ke bāham judā hone ke waqt ek dūsre ke khush rahne kī nisbat kahī jāen ya'nī jāne wāle ko rahne wālā kahe kī tum khush rahnā yā rahne wāle ko jāne wālā. Ba'z waqt suf judāyī zāhn karne ke liye yah lafz musta'mal hotā hai.

Farewell, n. 1 — Judāyī ke waqt kā salām-kalām, al-widā'.

2.—Rukhsat, judāyī, chhornā

To take one's farewell of a thing—Kîsî shai se judă h. (usko chhornă, usse chale jānā) [ke waqt kā)

Farewell, a Judāyī kā; rūkhsatāne kā; rukhsat hone (jāne yā chhorne

Far-fetched. a. 1.—Dür se läyā huā, fāsile se lāyā huā.

 2 — Jo koshish kai-ke mkālā gayā ho; jo āsānī se yā āp-hī āp (az-khud yā khud) mustakhraj yā mustambat na huā ho; jo khinchkhānch-kar niklā ho; aslī uahīn

Farm, n. 1.—Woh qat' ı-arāzī jo asāmī ke jotne-bone ke liye 'alāhida kar diyā jāwe; woh zamīn kā tukrā jo lagān ke 'iwaz men kāshtkārī kī garaz se diyā jāwe; chak; chās.

2.—Mazra', khet, kisht; jot

. 3.—Thika; mustājnī, yāra; zamīn kā lagān-i-mu'aiyan par diyā jānā [jnī men d., thika d

Farm, v. t. I —Lagān ke 'iwaz men thīke par d.—jaise arāzī kā, mustā-

2. – Kısı jaedad kar-o-bar malguzatı ya kısı istihqaq-ı-khas wagatra kā kisī dēsre ko is shait par sipuid kar denā ki farīq-i-sānī āmadan# men se ek raqam-i-mu'alyan ya ba-hısab-ı-fi-sadî ba taur mu'awaze ke diva kaie, thika d.; nara d., katkina d.

3 —Kısı lagan ya sharh-i-mu'aiyan par lena; saikare ke hisab se

4.—Kāsht-kārī (khetī) ke kām men lānā—jasse zamīn kā; khet kā To falm let or let to farm - Lagan ke 'iwaz men thike par d., patta likh d

Farmer, n 1.—Jo zamīn kā patta likhā ke use jote boye, kāsht-kār, asāmī 2 - Woh shakhs jo kısı fi-sadı-ı-mu'aıyana ke 'iwaz men mahsül wagura ki tahsil apne zimma kar le, thika dar, mustaju, njara-dar

Farme of the revenues - Malguzārī kā mustāju; woh shakhs jisne is shart par mülguzīrī kī tahsīl apne zīmma li ho krusko zar-ı-muhassala seisyidar fī-sadi ba-taur haqqu-s-sa'î ke milega. Farmer of the excise - Muskirat ka thika-dar.

3.--Kāshtkār; mazāri', kisān; khetihar.

Farther, a. & ad. See Further.

Fashion, n 1 - Kısı chiz ki banawat ya surat; tarz shakl surat ya sākht: tarāsh-kharāsh (kāt yā sūrat); dhaj yā saj-dhaj; rūp, daul; waz', damüda.

2.—Rān tarz yā waz'; poshāk yā libās kī waz', poshāk tarz-o-tarīc yā zāhirī baitāw wagaira ke muta'alliq jo iasm jārī ho khusūsan

muhazzab shakhson men

To dress in the fashion - Muhazzab shakhson ki tarah khud bhi kapre pahanna. To dance, sing, tide, &c., in the fashion - Waz'-daron ki taish khud bhi nachnā gānā wagaira.—In fashson—Jārī, murawwaj, jisko waz'-dār log karte hon.

3 - Kār-iawāyī kā taiīq; dhang; tarz; qism; rāh, qaiīna.

After one's farhion - Kisī ke dhang va tirz par.

Fashion, v. t. 1.—Banānī; kiel sorat yā shakl kā banānā; dhālnā yā garhnī Jke muwāfiq waz' k.

2 -Ki-ī ke hasb-i-hāl k., kısī ke mutābıq banānā, kısī kī hālat

With to

3 —Jo qa'ida rawaj ke rū se qaim ho uske mutabiq banīnā.

Fashionable, a Jo langu-l-waqt waz' ke mutabiq ho; jo tarz jan ho uske mutabig bana hua

2 — Ranaj ya isti'mal ke rū se qaim; iaij; 'am, kisi khas zamane 3 — Waz' kā pā-band; waz'-dār; 12sm-0-12wāj ke mutābiq 'amal k. w.

4 - Sharif; muhazzab, husn-rakhlaq r w.; khush-khulq.

Fashionable, n. Waz'-dar shakhs; shakhs-1-ba-waz'.

Used chiefly in the plural

Fast, α 1.—Mazbūt, khūb satā yā lagā huā; dhīlā nahīn, gair mustahkam nahin; je jald harakat yā jumbish na kar-sake; jakar-band yā jakrā huā. Make fust the door - Kewar ko khūb band ya jakar-band kar do

2.—Jispar hamle kā asai mushkil se pahunche; mazbūt, jismen qudratī yā masnū'i mazbūtī yā hīfāzat kā sāmāu ho—jaise koyī jagah

 Sabit qadam : mazbūt, pakkā; juse jald tafriqa yā nifāg na ho; wafa dar ya ba wafa—jaise dost.

4 — Jismen jald intishār na ho-sake; jo jald tūt yā khul na sake; gahrī yā gārhī; gaflat Ki—jaise nind.

5.—Tez-raftār; subuk-ıan; tez; jald chalne wālā—jaise ghorā

Fust and loose—Kabhī lipat jāne wālā aur kabhī chhūt jāne w: mutalawwin; ne-sabāt; jisko qarār na ho — To play fast and loose — Be āgā pichhā soche kısı bāt kā jhat-pat kaı-guzarnā, talawwun-mızājī k.

Fast, ad 1 - Mazbūtī se, jakar ke, kas ke

2 - Jald jald, tezī se; fuzīl-kharchī se; be hūda tarīq par.

Fast by, or fast beside - Kisi ke nazdīk, lag-bhag, ware; qatib.

Fast,v.i.l.—Khānā na khānā; be-khāye rahnā, bhūkhā rahnā; fāqa k.; mutlaq na khānā yā thojā sa khā ke rah jānā, upās k.; langhan k , karākā k

2 — Mazhabî rusûm ke anjām men gızā se parhez k.; badan ke torne yā bhūkh-pyās mitāne khwāh ranj yā musībat ke izhār ke liye khānā pīnā band kar-d; brat k.; rozā rakhnā; upās k.

Fast, n. 1.—Fāqa kashī, gizī na khānā.

2.—Roza, brat; upās [chāhe ek din ho yā ziyāda.

3 — Jab 10za yā brat rakkhā jāe; yaum yā aiyān:-:-saum, brat kā din To break one's fast – Roza kholnë ya iftar k , brat par paran k , khususan subh

ko khānā ; nāshta k ; nahāt munh Luchh khā l. **Fast-day, n** Biat yā roze kā din

Fasten, v. t. 1.-Mazbūt bāndhnī, qufi yā zanjīr wagaira se mahfūz (band) k. [tarah par ek kar d 2 —Ekatthā karke bāndhrā, jojnā yā mazbūtī se milānā, kisī

To fasten a charge upon a person—Kısı shakhs par koyı jurm lagana ya qam k

3 — Lagānā; dālnā, mazbūtī se gām k.; 'āid k. To fasten a blow-Dhaul lagana ya jarna.

Fasten, v. i. Lagnā; pakarnā, chipatnā

Fastening, n. Band karne kī chīz jaise tālā agrī billī wagana. Fastidious, a Jiskā khush k mushkil ho, jo khafif khafif nags yā bhūl-

chūk par nārāz hojāe; tunuk-mizāj, muzā manish; jisko koyī bāt mushkil se bhāye. taivār

Fat, a. 1.—Pur-gosht; moță-tāza; jasīm; farbih; dublā (lāgar) nahīn, A fat man - Motā-tāza shakhs , jo ādmī dublā na ho [ki chiz

2.—Rangan-dar, muraggan; charbī-dar; 'umda—jaise koyī khāne 3 —Be dimāg; kūrh magz, ahmaq.

4 — Jisse barī āmadanī ho; jisse bahut kuchh paidā ho; jismen

mihnat to kam par naf' ziyāda ho; zar khez; naf'-bakhsh.

Fast, n. 1.—Charbī; raugan; chiknāyī

2.—'Umda tarīn pardāwār, sab se achchhā hissa.

Fatal, a Muhlik; qātil, kārī, jisse maut yā barbādī paidā ho, muzil; āfat paidā k w., balā kā, āfat-nāk, gārat-kun; muzir.

A fatal disease -- Maraz-1-muhlık; aısı bimāri jismen bimār ki jān jāwe. A futul wound-Zakhm-i-kārī, aisā zakhm jusse majrūh jān-bar na ho --A fatal day - Āfat nāk-din; balā kā roz-A fatal error - Ģārat karne wālī galatı, aisī galatī jisse zawāl āwe —This error is fatal to the judgment-Yah galatī us tajwīz kī gārat-kun hai; is galatī se us tajwīz pai zawāl ātā hai yā isse woh zāil ho-jātī hai.

Fatally, ad 1 - Taqdir se; qısmat se; bhāg se.

2.—Aısī tarah par ki jān nikal jāe; ba-tarz-i-muhlik.

Fate, n. 1 — Hukm-ı-Ilāhī; taqdīr; qazā, jo chāi-nā-chār ho; mashīyat. 2.— Āķhir, anjām; maut; zawāl; qismat kā likhā, jis bāt kā honā

pable se qarar pā chukā ho; muqaddar [paidā ho Father, n 1—Wāld; qibla-gāh, pidar, bāp, pitā, jiske nutfe se koyī

2 — Mūris i zukūr; kisī khāndān yā gharāne kā bāni; mūris i ā'lā.

Pl Fathers - Müris mürisən yê mürisən.

3 — Jo shakhs misl wālid ke kisī kī parwarish muhabbat hifāzat yā himāyat wagaira kare, woh shakhs jiskī ta'zīm ba-libāz uskī 'umr shafaqat danāyi wagaira kekī jā we, muiabbī, walī-ni'mat, qibla-o-ka'ba;

qıbla-i-hājāt; bāp.

Adoptive father—God l. w, rās banthālne w; woh shakhs jo kisī dūsre ke laņke ko apuā mutsbannā banāwe, mutabannā k. w—Natural father—Waladu-l-harām larkon kā būp, woh shakhs jiske nutfe se waladu-z-zinā laņke paidā hon pidar-i-atīāl-i-waladu-l-barām—Putative father—Pidar-i-farzī, pīdar-i-ma'rūf; pidar-i mujāzī, jo shakhs logon kī dānist men kisī kā bāp ho par dar-asl na ho—Father of the bar—Sab se purānā yā qadīm bāristar wagaira

Father-in-law, n. Sasur; susar; khusar; shauhar ya zauja ka bap; kisi

ke shauhar yā zanja kā bāp.

"A man who marries a woman having children already, is po-

pularly called their father-in-law.' Webster.

Fathom, r Chha fit ki ek lambāyī kī nāp jiskā kām samundai men partā hai. Fathom, v t. Gahiāyī kā patā lagānā, thāh lenā, thahānā; panthhnā; ghusnā, kisī bāt hī tah ko pahunchnā (yah ma'lūm k. ki iskī asl kyā hai yā isko kahān tak wus'at hai)

Fathomless, a. 1 - Jiskī tah kā patā na lage, athāh, itnā 'amīq ki us-

kī gahrāyī kā thekānā na lage.

2.-Jo samajh men na aye; jismen 'aql ko rasayi na ho

Fatigue, n. 1.—Jismānī yā zilmī koshish se thalawat, māndgī; thalan, takān; sustī, zu'f

2 - Thakawat kā ba'is; mihnat; mashaqqat, ryazat.

3—Woh mihnat ke kām jo sipāhī hathiyār chalāne ke 'al'wa karen. Fatigue, v t Mihnat se thakā d.; mihnat lete lete tang kar-dālnā, sust kar d, dhīlā kar-d.

Fatness, n. 1.—Motāyī; dahāzat; pur-gosht h, farhihī. 2.—Zar-khezī, zar-rezī, quwwat-i paidāwār bahut r.

Fatten, v. t. l. - Motā k., zabh karne ke hye khilānā-pilānā; aisī fikr karnā ki gosht charh āwe

2 —Zar khez banānā, paidāwār kī quwwat barhānā.

Fatten, v : Mota h, , jasīm h., bhar ānā; gosht kā charh ānā.

Fatty, a. Raugan-dār, charbī dāt, Jismeň chiknāyī ho.

Fault, n. l.—Galatī; bhūl, chūk, khatā, sahw; 'aıb; naqs; kotāhi;

nuqsan, burayi; woh bat jisse 'umdagi men futur pare.

2—Anjām-i-farz men kotāhī; jāda-i-munāsabat se inhirāf; qusūr; gunāh; taqsīr; dosh; jurm-i-khafīf, 'adam tawajjuhī khwāh be-'aqlī hī waih se us fil ke anjām men gaflat k jo lāzimī yā munāsib bo aur go ki is qism kī gaflat bil-irāda khwāh ranj-dihī kī nīyat se wuqū' men nahin ātī par woh qābil-ři'tirāz yā chashm-numāyī hotī hai.

At fanlt-Ghabrā-kar yah na jānnā ki ab kyā karnā chāhiye; hanān, pareshān; shash-dar; ulykere men, ghabrājā hoā; 12h khojā huā — To find fault — Ilzām dene pā shikājat karne ki wajh pānā, nārāzī zāhir k , shākī h., gilā k , shikwa k , dosh d ; ilzāni lagānā, nukta-chīnī k ; migs nikālnā.

Followed by with before the thing complained of

Faultless, a Be-'ash; be naqs; naqs yā na-mukammal nahīn, jismen koyī galatī yā bulāyī na ho; kāmil. [nā tamām; adhūrā; nākāna.

Faulty, a. 1.—Jismen 'aib nags yā kotāhī ho; nāgis, nā-mukammal; 2 — Gunāh yā gunāhon kā mojrim, qābil i-ilzām, sazāwār i-sar-

zanish; chashm-numāyī jā malāmat ke laiq. [kaiam; nawāzish. Favour, a. 1 .- 'Ināyat, nazar-1-'māyat; shafaqat; mihrbānī; lutf;

2 — Himāyat; dastgirī; ranat; sahārā, pushtī, tāyīd, taqwiyat. To be in favour of a measure-Kisi tajwîz men taqwiyat dene ya uske 'amal men läne ki ragabat yā khwāhish. To be in faiour of a paity-Kisi faiiq ki himāyat karne uski kār-rawāiyon ko jāiz thahrāne aur uske magāsid ke taraqqi dene par āmāda h

3.—Mihibini kā kām, 'māyat, khair khwāhī ba-zarī'a-i-qaul yā

To pardon the guilty is a favour; to punish them is an act of justice - Mujrimon kī mu'āfī ri'āyat men dākhil hai unki sazā dihi nisfat hai.

4 — Subkī, sazā kī naimī ķbiffat yā mulāimat.

5.—Janib-darī; taraf-darī; pās-darī [zish-nāma.

6 —Khat; chitthī; 'māyat-nāma; mihibānī-nāma; shugqa, nawā 7 - Atīya; bakhshish, m'ām, naor, jo kuch batau subūt-inekkhwāhī diyā jāe, muhabbat kī mshānī, reshmī fīte kā guchchhā; jo chīz izhāi-i muhabbat ke hye pahnī jāe

In favour of - Kisi ki taraf yā jāmb, kisi ke haq men yā ba-haq kisi ke; kisi ke liye mufid, ismī-i-fulān, banām-i fulān, mausūma i-fulān, fulān ke nām se, kısı ke rakkhe ya kisi ke jog In favour with - Kısı kı zill i-inayat ya hımāyat men, pispar kisī ki mihrbānī yā madad ho, kisī kā pyātā ('aziz) With or by one's favour - Ijāzat se; ba-nāzat; irshād se, īmā se, manzūrī se

Favour, v t. 1 — Mihrbānī kī nazar r; sahīlā d.; madad d, imdad par māil h , kāmyā'ā kā khwāhān h ; muwāfiq h ; pushtī d , kaiam

k., jānib dārī yā taraf-dārī k.; taqviyat d.; himmat dālnā.

2 — Kāmyābī kī nazar se hai talah kā fālda bakhshnā, sahl k;

āsān k.; kisī shai ke liye mufīd h.

ayourable, a. 1 — Mihrbānī se bharā huā; shafaqat-āmez; jisse ri'āyat yā 'māyat mutarashshih ho; jisse jānib dārī zāhn ho; mihibān; sa'īd; muwāfiq; mukhālif nahīn.

2.—Mu'āwm; muaiyid; mufīd; nāfi'; ārām-dih, jisse kisi kām men suhūlat yā taraqqī ho ,bā'ıs-ı suhūlat ,zaıī'a ı-tashīl ;subhīte kā, ārām kā. 'avourably, ad Mihrbani ki nazar se; lihaz ya muhabbat ke sath; pas

ke sāth; shafaqat ke sāth.

Favourite, n Woh shakhs yā shai jispar khās mihr bānī kī nazar iahe; woh shakhs jiskā pās kiyā jāe, jisko auron par taijīh den (dūsion se barh-kar chāhen), --khusūsan aisā shakhs jo kisī 'ālī i utba gā zīīkhtīyār shakhs kā barā hī mu'tamad azīz aur maund-1-altāf ho; munh-lagā, nāk kā bāl, sar-charhā.

Fayourite, α Jispar qism-i-khās kī mihibānī kī nazar rakkliī jāe; jo 'azīz iakkhājāe; jiskī qadr karen, jisko auron pai taijīh den.

Favouritism, n. Janib dārī; pās-dārī, kisī azīz yā shakhs-i-wāhid ko auron par tarjih dekar uske sāth mihrbānī se pesh ānā yā use madad aur taraqqī d

Fawn, v i. I — Kutte ki tarah chātuā-chūtuā idhar-udhar dum-dahāye

yā hilāte phiinā; zalīl taur par khushāmad k

2.—Zillat yā kamīnagī ke sāth kisi kī khushāmad-barāmad k., use apnā mihrbān-i-hāl karne ke liye kisī ke āge jhuk jhuk salām k aur hāth jore rabnā

Often followed by on or upon

Fealty, n Mālik se wafā-dārī; zamīndār aur uske asāmī ke mā-bain wafā-dārī kā bāhamī qasam yā uskā mu'ābada; kisī riyāsat se namakhalīlī khan-khwāhī jā wafā dārī.

Fear,n 1 — Khauf; dahshat, dar; bhar; andesha, khatkā; dil kī woh bechanījo kisī āfat i muhtamilu-l wuqū' ke khajāl se paidā ho, dagdaga

2.—Bā'ıs ı-khauf, jıski nisbat khauf ho

Fear. v. t 1.—Daruā. khauf khānā, hirāsān h; dahshat yā dar r.

2.—Ru b māunā, mar'ūb rahnā, kisī kī nā khushī bachāne kī fikr r.

3.—Daţānā; khauf dilānā, kisī ko dar dekhā ke dūr r. yā use apne pās āne na d. [par mutafakkir rahnā. Fear. v. z. Kisī badī kā ihtimāl r ; darnā; kisī āne-wālī āfat kī ummed

Fearful, a. 1 — Khauf nāk, mukhawwaf, darā huz. [buz-dil, dar-poknā.

2 — Khāif; darne-nālā; jo jald dai jāe; jisko himmat vā jurat na ho,

3.-Jisse khauf zāhir ho; jo khauf ki wajh se paidā ho.

4 — Jisse dar ho, jisse khauf-paidā ho, daiāne w., khauf-nāk.

Fearless, a Nidar, be-dar; be khauf; dilei, juwān maid; sāliasī Feasibility, n Ho-saknā; anjām kī salāhiyat; imkān-i-insilām; kiye

jāne ke qābil h

Feasible, a Kiye jāne ke qābil, anjām ke lāiq; hone ke lāiq; insirāmpazīr, jismen 'amal men lāye jāne kī salāhiyat ho (jo 'amal men lāyā jā sake), mumkinu-t ta'mīl; honhār; shudanī; jo insān lī tadbīr yā uske tavassut se ho-sake. [shuki kā din

Feast, n 1 — Tewhār; parb, kisī shai kī yādgār meu khushī aur adā i-2 — Zijāfat; tanāzu; jewnār; bare dhūm-dhām kā khānā-pīnā

nāch rang wagaira jismen bahut se log sharīk-kiye jāen [mi'mat. 3.—Jisko khushī se khāen; koyī lazīz yā mhāyat margūb shai, Feast, v. 1.—Tewhāron ke din majma' baike din yā rāt ko 'uinda

*umda khānā khānā 2 —Nihāyat khush yā mahzūz h.

Feast, v t 1.—'Umda 'umda khānā khilānā; dhūm-dhām kī da'wat k. 2.—Khush k.; masiūi k; mihāyat shād k.; bāg-bāg k.

Feat. n. I. Kām; fi'l, koyī barā kām

2 — Quwaat hunar mandî ya châlâkî ka koyî numayan fi'l.

Feather, n 1.—Pai, pankh; pakhuā [bhaunii; sānpan 2.—Woh mshān jo ghoje ki peshāni yā gardan pai hotā hai; A feriker in the cap—'Izzat yā 'izzat ki mshāni—To be in high feather—Nihāyat khush aur sahik-o-sālim dekh parnā, kurīz men h—To show the white feather—Buz-dili ki 'alāmaten zāhir k.

Feather, v. t 1.—Par lagānā, paron se ārāsta k.; par jamānā. [baland k. 2.—Ārāsta k.; san ārā; sajnā; daulat-mand banānā; martaba To feather one's nest—Dūsre ke māi se jo apne īķhtījār men ho apuā band obast kar-l (apnā ghar banā yā bhar-l); dūsre kī daulat se khud daulat-mand ban-jānā

Feature, n. 1 — Insān ke chihie kī banāwaţ daul yā sūiat; khusūsan chihie ke kisī ek khās hisse kī banāwaţ wagana; chihra; rukhsār;

khat-o-khāl; chihra-muhra; haiat.

2 — Koyī numīyān khusūsīyat, khāssa, aisī khās khās bāten jīn se koyī chīz pahchānī jāwe, ajzā i aham yā numāyān hīsse. [paīdā ho. Febrile, a. Bukhār ke muta'allıq; jīsse tap pāyī jāe; jo bukhār se Federal, a. Kisī 'ahd-o-paimān yā qaul o-qarār se nīsbat r. w.; do qau mon ke mā-bain kisī 'ahd-o-paimān se mīklā hūā, rīyāsaton yā unke qāim-magāmon ke mā-bain mu'āhade ke zaiī'e se qāim.

Federate, u. 'Ahd-o-paimāu se bāham muttafiq—jaise bādshāhaten riyā-

saten yā qaumen; mu'ābade men sharīk; muttafiq.

Fee, n 1.—Milkīyat; qabza; ikhtiyār

2.—Un khidmat kā aji jo kī gayī yā kī-jāne-wālī hon 'alal-khusūs woh haqqu-s-sa'ī jo kisī ahl-i-pesha ko uske peshe ke muta'alliq khidmat ke 'iwaz men diyā jāwe 'ām isse ki uskī ta'dād dene-wāle kī marzī pai munhasir ho yā ba-zaiī'a rawāj khwāh qānūn ke mu-'aiyan ho masalan wukalā wagaira kā mihnatāna mu'ālij kā nazarāna rusūm-i-muta'alliqa-i-'uhda rusūm i-shādī marsam yā rusūm-i-patwarī wagaira. [sharāit par qābiz ho.

3.—Arāzī yā haqqīyat jispar koyī min-jānib-i-mālik-i-ā'lā khās khās An absolute fee, or fee-simple—Woh arāzī jispai koyī hamesha ke hye khud aur apne wurasā lī taraf se qābiz rahe—Bil-fi'l fee yā fee-simple us haqqīyat par dalālat kartā hai jo wirā-atan mile—A limited fee—Haqqīyat-i-mashrūt—A qualified or base fee—Woh haqqīyat jo ba'z quyūd ke sāqīt hone par phir qāim na rahe—A conditional fee—Woh haqqīyat jo khās khās wiiasā par mahdūd ho.

par mandud no.

Fee, v. t. Jo kām anjām pā-chukā ho khwāh anjām pāne wālā ho ushā ajr d., haqqu-l-mihuat d, mihnatāna d.; rusūm d; ajūra yā ajr d, kirāye yā bhāre pai r; bhāra yā kirāya d.; iishwat d.

Feeble, a. 1.—Kamzor; nir-bal; tāqat-war nahīn; za'īf; nā-tuwān; jiske

jism men quwnat kam ho; bīmāi yā bīmāii se kamzor.

2 — Pūrī yā baland nahīn—jaise āwāz, qawī yā mazbūt nahīn—jaise dil kī koshishen; shokh yā tez nahīn—jaise raushanī yā rang, jismen tezī ('ujlat) na ho—jaise harakat. [susti.

Feebleness, n. Kam-zorī; nā-tuwānī; zu'f; quwwat yā tāqat kā na r; Feed, v t 1—Khilānā; qūt baham pahunchānā, gizā d; khāne kī chizen muhaiyā k. [sha khaich yā zā'i ho khwāh kām men āye.

- 2.—Ihtiyāj yā zarūrat 1af' k ; denā, us chīz ko pūrī k jo hame-Springs feed ponds—Soton se tālābon men pāvī jātā hai—To feed a furnace with coal—Bhatthi men koelā jhonknā.
- 3.—Charā yā charwā d., maweshī se ūpar kā hissā khilwā d. jaise galle ke darakht ghās wagaira kā.

4 —Khane ke liye d.—jaise jānwaron ko; khilānā. [jam khilao). Feed out turnips to the cows-Gayon ko khane ke live shallam do (unko shalf Feed, v z. 1 — Khānā.

2.—Khākar jinā (guzrān k.); shikār k. khāte ham.

Feed, a. 1.— Janwaron ki khurish; chara, ghas bhūsā wagaira jo janwar 2.—Charāyī ki zamīn, zamīn jispar jānwar charen.

3.—Jisqadar chāra gāe ghore wagaira ko diyā jāe.

Feel, v. t. 1.—Chhūnā; chhū-kar ma'lūm k.; quwwat 1-lāmisa se jānnā: fimtihān k.; jānchnā; āzmāish k lams ya n.as k.

2.—Cohū-kar dekhnā; hāth lagā kar dekhnā bhālnā; kisī shai kā 3.—Kısı sharkā khayālr, apue dil men ma'lum k; tajrība k;

kisī shai kā asai ma'lūm k., samajhnā. [apue dil men yaqın länä. 4 - Janna, waqıf h.; waqı'ı aur thik thik janna, kısı bat par To feel, or to feel out - Azmana, thah I; pata I, dhundhna, tatol-kar ma lum k.

Reci, v. 1 i - Chhūkar ma'lūm k yā jānnā. [hil uthnā (uspar chot ānā).

2 —Dard ma'ium k ; taras khānā , kisī kī musībat wagana par dil kā 3. - Dil men ma'lum k , dil ki kisî kaifiyat se waqif h., apnî nis-

Webster bat kısı halat ka samajhna

"Followed by an adjective describing the inward state, &c." To feel assured or graved—Dil men kisi amr kā tayaqquur yā rang ma'lūm k.

4 — Yaqın ke sath (yaqınan ya bi-l-yaqın) janna; pakka junu. jk. 5 —Chhāue men ma'lūm h ; ma'lūm paruā; jān paruā, khayāl pardā

"Followed by an adjective describing the kind of sensation or impression." Webster.

"Blind men say black feels rough, and white feels smooth."—Dryden - Andhe kabte bata ki kālī chīz darbarī aur ujlī chilnī ma'lūm hotī hai

Feeler, n. Koyî tajwîz ya bat wagaira jo 18 garaz se zahir kî ya kabî jae ki düsron kī rāc ma'lum ho, aisī bāt jo dūsron ke dil kā hāl titolne ke liye kaliî jäe.

Feeling, p. a. 1 - Jismen bahut kuchh datd ho; jo jald hil yā dol jāe; jismenham-dardî ke khayalat jald paida bo-jaen —jaise nisan ya uska dil

2. - Jisse barī naqat zāhir ho; pur-dard, jiski chhot dil par lage; chotīlī; riqqat kī yā riqqat-āmez—jaise bāt schhüne se ma'lum ho. Feeling n 1.—Hiss; lams; woh quwwat pese kisi khariji shar ka hal

2.—Khayal; 'ılım; waqıfiyat; ıühani kaıfiyat ka hal ma'lüm k. yā h.; qua wat i-lāmisa se ma'lūm k yā h.

3.—Dard: magat (khayāl.

4.—Koyī dīlī karfiyat; dil men kīsī qism kā josh; kisī qism kā Feelingly, ad. Dard ke sath; 11qqat se; dil-sozi se; assī tarah par ki dil par asar ho; narmī yā mulāimat se

Peiga. v. t. Kisī shai ko jo aslī yā wāqi'ī na ho khayālī wnjād d; khajāl k.; kwī shar kī sūrat zihn se nikālnā, koyī bāt banā kar bataur sach ke kahnā; ikhtirā' k , garhuā, jhūth bayān k.

2 — Süratı iddi'ayı ikhtiyar k., hila k.; bahana ya bhagal k.; jhüthi sürat banā l ; kisi shai kī jhüthī numāish k. Feigned, r. a Iddraji; banāwat kā, jhūthā; masnūī; ijād kijā huā; Felicitate, v. t. l.—Bahut khush k ; mahzüz k.

2.—Kisî se khushî kā izhār k.; tahniyat k.; mubārakbād d.

Fell, a Be rahm; saug-dil; wahshi; sakhi, kathor, khūn-khār.

Fell, v t Gnā d.; zamīn par loṭā d.; kīṭ yā mār-kar zamīn par girā d.; mār yā kāṭ girānā.

Fellow, n 1 — Sharīk; sāthī; rafīq; sājhī, ham-iāhī.

2.—Kaj-khulq yā nā-lāiq shakhs; zalīl shakhs, mardak; nigorā.

3.—Ikhtiyar ya rutbe wagana men kisi ke balabar

4 — Jo do chīzen ek sāth kām men lāyī jāen unmen se ek, sāth kā; joi kā masalan dastāne kā jorā

5.—Shakhs; ādmī, mard yā 'aurat.

Kisī 'ılmī majme' kā sharīk.
 Fellow-creature, n Ham-jins; ek hī khālıq kā makhlūq.

Fellow-feeling, n. Ham-dardī, bāhamī dilsozī Fellowship, n. 1.—Sāthī yā sharīk h; shirkat.

 Logon kā bāham ek tarah kā aur dostāna bartāw r.; dost dārī; suhbat; khalā-malā; sāth, sangat yā sat-sang.

3 —Sāth, ekatthā rahne kī hālat.

4.—Kısı fi'l musibat ya naf'-o nuqsan wagaira men shirkat.

5.—Majma'; giroh; jhund.

Good fellowship - Yär-bāshī, suhbat-dārī kā shauq, khush khulqī

FE'LO-DE SE, [Lat.] (Law) Jo shakhs jānbūjh-kar apnī tayīn halāk kare, woh shakhs jo koyī aısā fi'l-1-nā jāzz kare ki uske natīje men khud usī ki jān jāwe; khud-kush, apnī jān āphī lene w

Felon, n 1 — (Law) Woh shakhs jo felony kā murtakib huā ho.

2.—Woh shakhs jo kisi jurmi-sangin kā murtakib huā ho, jo shakhs

koyî sangîn jurm kar sake, kattaî.

Felonious, a Jismen felony ki sifat ho; jo bugz yā kīne kī wajh se huā ho; dagā-bāzī yā be-imāuī kā; jo dil kī khabāsat yā badnīyatī se zuhūr men āwe yā uspar dalālat kaie, jo 'amadan ba-garaz-i-iitikāb-i-jurm kiyā jāwe.

A felonious deed - Woh fi'l jo bugz kina dagā-bāzī be-īmāni yā dil kī burāyī yā

bad niyatî ke sabab se kıya jae; fi'l 1-qabîh, fi'l-i-zabûn

Felony, n. 1—(Law) Woh jurm jiski pādāsh men arāzī yā asbāb khwāh donon bi-l-kul zabt ho jāwen vor uske 'alāwa jurm kī sangīnī ke mutābiq sazā-i-maut khwāh dūsiī sazā bhī ho.

2.—Jurm-1-saugin , jui m-1-kabir. Female, n Māda ; nisā ; 'aurat

Female, a 1 -Mida, nar nahin.

2.—Niswāń ('auraton) se muta'allıq; mansüb-ba-unās; zanāna.

3 - 'Auraton sā, zanāna; nāznīn, kamzor, nāzuk.

FEME-COVERT, } (Fr) (Law) Zau-1-mankūha; byāhī 'aurat, sohā-FEMME-COVERT, } gin yā sohāgan, woh 'aurat jo apne shauhar kī hīmāyat men ho.

FEME-SOLE, (Fr.) (Law) Zan-i-gair-mankūha; be-byāhi 'aurat. FEMME-SOLE, (Fr.) (Law) Zan-i-gair-mankūha; be-byāhi 'aurat.

Fence, n. 1.—Ji-se hamla yā khatra daf ho-jāe; bachāw; hifazat; āṛ, 2.—Dīwāi tattī khandaq pushtī yā jaugla wagaīra jo is garaz se bane ki jānwar uske bhītar se bahak-kar bāhar na jāen na bāhai ke maweshī khet men ghus jāen, chār-dīwārī tattī ihāta wagaira.

3.—Pate-bāzī; phenk; paṭā.

Rung fence—Chār-diwārī wagaira jo kisī jāedād ki chāron taraf no.—To be on, the fence—Do fariq yā tadbīr-i-mukhālif kī nisbat kisī tajwīz i qat'i kā qāim na k (koyī do tūk bāt tai na kai d)

Fence, v t. 1 — Khatre se dū r., bachānā; mahfūz r.; panāh d 2-—Tattī wagaira se gher ke bachāw k , chāi-dīwāi wagana se gher

Fence, v. i I — Bachāw k , hifāzat k , khatre se mahfūz r 2.—Talwār se apnā bachāw k , talwāi yā paṭā phenknā.

Fend, v t. 1 - Dut r., ane na d.; rok r., baz r.

Offen with off.

Fend. v. z. Roknā, bāz r.; tāl d.; haṭā d.

Ferment, n. 1.—Khamir; māwā; māya
2—Andurūnī khal-fishār; hangāma; dhūm-dhām; balwa; Josh-o-

Ferment, v t. Josh paidā k., hilā d , harakat men lānā; josh d. yā paidā k , ubāl d , bhītaiī-bhītar ubhāi d Ferment, v t 1.—Josh khānā, ubalnā; khamīt uthnā, pās uthnā.

2 —Gusse se josh men ānā, josh-o-kharosh men h., mushta'il h.

Fermentation, n 1.—Khamir, ubal; josh, pas.

2—Dimīgi yā zihnī quwwaton kā kām d Ferocious, a. Wahshī, kattar; sang-dd; jisse be-rahmī zāhir ho; darında; khūnkhār, gazab-nā'k.

Ferocity, n. Wahshat; gazab-nākī; be-rahmī

Ferry, v. t. Kashtî par kisî darya wagana ke us par le-jana, naw par par utarna ya utarna; 'ubur-i-darya k ya karana. Ferry, n. 1 — Woh jagah jahan log guzare ki kashti par darya wagana

'ubūr karke jāte hain, guzāra, ghāt, ma'bar; utārā. [utārne kā haq 2—Guzāre kā haq; ghāt kī kashtī (nāw) par daryā wagaira ke pār

Ferry-boat. n Guzare ki kashti; utare ki naw, ghataha.

Ferry-man, n Ghāt w , jiske ihtimām men guzāia (ma'bar) ho aur musāfir pār utarte hon (daiyā 'ubūr karte hon). [liyā jāwe. Ferry-toll, n Guzāre kā mahsūl; 'abi; jo mahsūl 'ubūi-i-daryā ke waqt Fertile, a 1.—Zar-khez; upjāū, jismen bahut kuchh paidā ho; jiskī pai

dāwār bahut ho masalan arāzī yā khet.

2—Jaiyıd, bharā-pūrā, jismen barī āmad ho; mūjid; jismen bāton ke ifrāt se paidā karne kī salāhiyat ho, masalauzihn tabī'at yā khayāl. Fertility, n Zarkhezī; kasaat se phal paidā kaine kī quwwat; barī

āmad; ījād kī barī quwwat

Fertilize, v t. Zar-khez k.; bār-āwar k; upjāū banānā; paidā-wār kī
Fervent, a. 1.—Gaim; dahaktā huā; khaultā huā, pui-josh. [huā

2.—Garm josh; garm mızāj; sargarm; mazhabī ta'assub se bharā

Fervid, a. 1—Nihāyat garm, jaltā yā khaultā huā.

Sargarm; tez; shauq se bhaiā huā.
 Fervour, n. 1.—Garmī; hiddat; sakht garmī.

2.—Garm joshî, mazhabî halarat: barî sargarmî

Festival, a. Tewhār ke muta'allıq; 'îd-mansüb, khushî se bharā huā. Festival,n.Tewhār; khāne pīne yā khusbī manāne kā din; sālāna 'ibādat

yā khushī kā roz [shāsh. Festive, a. Khushī se bharā huā; zīyāfat se ta'alluq r. w ; khush; bash-

- 'etch, v t I.—Lūnā, jā-kar lānā; le kar ānā; mutakallım kī taraf lejānā; us shakhs yā chīz kī taraf le-jānā jiskī jānib se us fi'l (le-jāne) kā sudūr matlūb ho. [1-saman milnā.
 - 2 Qīmat uthaā yā milnā; dām milnā; kisī qīmat par biknā; zar-This article, if properly sold, will fetch a high price — Agar yah chīz munāsib taur par bike to iskī qīmat bahut milegī (yah bare dām par jāegī yā bikegi)
 - Karnā; anjām ko pahunchīnā; khamehnā, bharnā

To fetch a bound or leap—Jast k. yā kūdnā; chaukarī bharnā. To fetch a blow—Zurb mārnā, wār k., ghūsā chalānā. To fetch a sigh—Āh khainehnā yā bharnā.

4.—Pahunchnā; kahīn wārīd yā sādīr h.

To fetch out—Zuhūr men lānā; zāhir k; namūdār k—To fetch to—Aslī hālat par kar-d., grsbī se hosh men lānā—To fetch up—Ūpar lānā, zāhir yā paidā k—To fetch a pump—Dambale men is hye pānī bharnā ki woh usko khanche

Fetch, n. Woh käristäni jiske bā is kisi amr kā wuqū' pech-o-tāb khākar ho; woh hirfat jiskā manshā zābir men kuchh ho aui bātin men kuchh; mār-pech; jul; buttā, hīla; maki-o fareb

FÊTE, [Fr.] (Fat) Tewhar; koyî khushî ka din, jis din khana-pîna

aur hai taiah kī khushī ho.

Fetid, a Jismen bad bū ho; muta'affin; saṭā huā; ubsā huā; ganda. Fetter, n 1—Pair kī zaujīr; paikarī; beṭī; jaulān, zaujīr jo qaidī ke pauon men dālī-jīwe yā jisse kisī jīnwar ke agle pichble pair is garaz se jakar-band kar diye-jīwen ki woh bhāg na sake.

2 -Rok; är; zabt; koyī bāt jo dūsiī bāt ko roke.

Used chiefly in the plural

Fetter, v. t 1 — Paikare bharnā; berī pahnānā yā dālnā; pā ba-zanjīr k., bāndhnā; jakar band k.

2 — Harakat se bāz r , roknā, kisī ko pāband-i-quyūd k.; band k ; jakar-band k ; chalne na d. [jātā hai. Fetus, n. Janīn , bachcha; bachcha jab māń ke pet meň pūrā pūrā ban-

Fend, n 1.—Ek khāndān ke logon kā is garaz se muttafiq hojānā ki jis shakhs ne unmen se kisī ko nuqsān pahunchāyā ho yā uskī tauhin kī ho usse uskā badlā len.

2.—Jhagrā; takrār; do gharāuon yā firqon men khusūmat i-shadīd; jānī dushmanī; aisā jhagrā jo beguir kusht-e-khūn ke raf na ho

Feud, n. (Law) Zamīn ke muta'allıq woh haqqiyat jo ba-'iwaz ajr yā mushāhare ke kısī khıdmat kī 'iwaz men hāsıl ho; woh haq jo asāmı yā ıa'aıyat ko arāzi khwāh dūsıi jāedād-ı-ganı-manqūla kī nısbat ıs bāt kā hāsıl ho ki woh us arāzi khwāh dīgar jāedād-ı-gar-manqūla kī pusht dar pusht mutasarrif ho aur uske 'iwaz men zamīndār kā kām larāyī ke waqt anjām de par shait yah ho ki jāedād-ı-arāzī bamesha zamīndār hī kī mikīyat rahe, jāgīr ba-'iwaz-ı-khıdmāt-ı-muta'allıqa-ı-ahl-ı-saıf

Feudal, α . Khidmāt-i-faujī ke haq par mabnī yā unke muta'allıq Feudatory, α Jo düsre se kisî shart i-khidmat ke 'iwaz men hāsil ho.

A feudatory little—Haqqiyat jo khidmat-i-ma'hūda ke anjām par mashrūt ho Fever, n. 1.—Bukhār; tap; harānat.

2.—Garmī; josh; kisī aisī shai kī wajh se tahrīk ji kā dil par baiā asar ho; kisi qism ki qawi tahiik; bukhar. [kaifiyat ho—jaise mariz Feverish, a. I.—Khafif sā buhkhār r. w , jiske mizāj men haidiat kī sī

2.—Garm; khamastā huā, jaltā huā. 3.—Jisko qaiar na ho, jise sabat na ho; kabhi garm kabhi said;

Few, a 1 -Bahut nahîn; ta'dad men kam ya mahdud; thore; chand, qalil; gintî le, do-chār; do ek.

2.-Chaud ashkhās, kuchh log; thore log

Frat, n. Hukm, itshad, hukm-1-qati', farman. Bickle, a Mustahkam yā mazbūt nahīn, jo badlā (tabdīl huā) kare; jisko sahīt na bo, mutalawwin-mizāj, jiskī rāc yā irāde koʻistiqlāl na ho chanchal

Fiction, n. 1 —Banāyī ījād kī huyī yā khayālī bāt; ikhtirā'; banāyī huyī kıhanı ya dastan 'am isse ki woh zabanı ho ya tahilil, banawat ki bat yā banāwat; kahānī, afsāna, bāt jo dhokhā dene ke live garh lī-jāe 2 —(L. in) Qānun men aısı bat ka jo mumkin ho par asl men bi-l-kul

sach na ho is garaz se taslim kar leua ki jo baten gan-mutanaza' hon unse Juld guzar kar un umür par lihāz kiyā jāwe jinkī nisbat asl men baks ho , farz i-mumkināt

Fictitious. a. Banawwā banāyā huā yā banāwat kā; khayālī, aslī nahīń. sāķhta; talbīsī yā multalas; jhūth, masnū'i; ja'li, wāqr'i yā sachchā

nahīn, farzī, mujāzī

Fidelity, n 1.—Wafidātī, haq ba jānib h., us bāt par ba khūbī lihāz r jiskā anjām farz ho; ihtivāt ke sāth farz kā anjām ; jis shakhs yā farīq kā koyī pāband ho uskī taraf se uskā na hatnā; namak-balālī, khan klawähi.

2 — Apne wa'de yā qaul par rahnā; sachāyī, sadāqāt-bayām, 3 — Zanj yā zauja ki bāhamī wafādārī, mu'āhada-1-nīkāh ki pā

bandî, shādî ke waqt jo qanl o qarar ho uspar sabit qadmî

Fiducial, a 1 — Yanin ke sath, bila-shak-o-shubba; mazbūt; i'tiqad ke [amānatāna. sāth , i'tibār ke sāch.

2.—Jo sipurd-dārī yā amāvat kī qism se ho, sipuid-dārāna; Fiduciary, a 1 — Jismen waswasa (āgā pichhā) na ho; mazbūt; mus-

taqıl, ı'tiqad ke sath, sabit qadmi se.

2.—Amānat r w yā jo amānatan rakkhā bo; amānat par mabnī, sipurd-dārāna yā sīpuīd dārī kā fapne pās ba-taur amānat ke rakkhe Fiduciary, n Sipuid-dâr; amanat dâr; amin; woh shakhs jo kisî ki chîz Fief,n.(Law)Woh zamin yā haqqīyat jo zamindār se is shart par lī jāwe ki larāyi ke waqt asami zamindār ki kumak kare; jāgir, tamgi.

Field, n 1 - Khet, mazra', kisht; arāzī i-mazrū'ā

2.—Kisī qısm kā khulā maidān; kisi kār-rawāyī yā kisī kām ke anjam kā mauqa'-i-munāsib yā be-khalish; barī wus'at; barī gun jaish; bahut jagab

3.-Maidān-1 jang, larāyī kā maidān; larāyī; jang; kār zār.

Field of ice - Bart La bara dhoka jo pani par tairta ho - Field or field of view -Dür-bin ya khurd-bin ke lagaye jane par woh kul fasıla jahan tak chizen dekn peren -To keep the field - Larayi qaim r.; khaimon men rahna ya larte rahnā; maidān thānbhe rahnā

Field-book, n Paimāish kī kitāb; woh kitāb jismen paimāish ke natīje

darj krye jāte ham, khasra

Fierce, a Tund, tez; shadid, sakht; jo jhonke se chale—jaise hawā; wahshī-mizāj, khūn-khār; gazab-nāk; maglūbu-l-gaiz; zālim; barā be-rahm, kisī bāt men urhāyathī sai-garm yā pur josh. [banāye huye. Fiercely, ad Shiddat se, gazab-nākī se, gusse ke sāth; wahshī sī sūrat FĪ ERĪ F PCIAS [Lat] (Law) Hukmnāma-i-adālat jismen sharif ko yah hukm diyā jās ki fulān shakhs ke haq men dain yā zar i-khisāra

kī digrī buyī hai uske iupaye madyūn ke māl-o asbāb se wusūl karo. Fiery, a 1.—Ātashī, āg sā, āg kī tarah, āg babūlā, raushan, damak-

tā huā.

2 —Tez; tund; ātashi yā āg kī tarah garm.

3 - Gazab nāk, khishm-nāk, jisko jald ishti'āl ho, zūd-ranj.

4 — Barā tez; jisko āsānī se rok na saken—jaise ghorā

Fig. n. 1 - Anju kā phal yā daraķht.

2—Koyī be-qadi yā be kir chīz. Yah ek tahqīrī kalima hai [fikr na k. Not to care a fg—Klišk yā khāk barābar na samajhnā, kuchh bhi paswā yā Fight, v i. 1—Lirnā; mujādala k.; apne dushman ko maglūb karne kī koshish k; haiba k.

Followed by with or against by with when two persons or pairies contend in person, and by against when one speaks of the carrying on of a war.

2 — Kisî ke khilaf 'amal k ; roknā ; mukhālafat k [karke qāim r. Fight, v. t l.—Laruā ; larte rahnā ; lar-bhir ke jītnā yā hāsil k.; jang

2.-Larāyī men laruā, jang k.; maidān k.

3. - Larana, larayî men kam l.

Fight, n Larayi, jung, mujādala; muhātaba, haibe kā chalnā; mārpīt. Figurable, a Jo kisī khās sūtat kā ban-sake yā uspat qātm tah-sake; sūrat-pazīt

sūrat-pazīr.

Figurative, a. 1.—Jisse kuchh aur zāhir ho; mushābahat ke zaīve se zāhir k. w., sūrat-numā, kisī aslī shai ko bataur uske qāim-maqām ke batlāne yā zāhir k w [isti'āre kā.

2 — Lafzī nahīn, gan-sarīhī (sīdhā nabīn), mujāzī, murādī, istilānī;

3 —Rangiu, jismen sau'aten bhari hon, musaya'-o-muqaffa

Figure, n I — Kisi chīz kī sūtat; shakl; waz', tatāsh-khatāsh; banāwat; saj-dhaj, hatat [taswīr; sūrat.

Iusān kī shabīh jo taswīr wagaira men banāyī jāe; mūrat; but;
 Kīsī shai kī shabīh jo kapre yā kāgaz wagaira par banāyī jāe.

4.—Woh khayāl jo kisī shakhs ke tarīq yā kār iawāyī se paidā ho.

5.—Handasa, ank; 'adad—jaise 1,2,3 wagana.

6 -- Qīmat; mol; dām.

To be sold at a high or low figure—Kam yā ziyāda qīmat par biknā

7.—Isti'āra; istilāh.

To cut a figure—Nām-o-nishān k yā paidā k , aise kām k jinse log mutahaiyir hon yā ta'rīf karen ; numāyān h. yā kār-i-numīyān k

Figure, v. t. 1.—Sürat banānā; daul dālnā; naqsha khanich-kar yā sanche men dhālkar kisī kī shabih banānā.

- 2 Naqsh-o-nıgar banana; gul büte banana; naqqashi k.
 3.—Handason se zahu k; hısab k., ginna, shumar k
- 4.—Istr'ārtan batlanā; zāhir k., kisī shar par dalālat k
- 5.—Dil men sūrat banānā, qiyās k; khayāl k; sochnā.
- 6 Pahle se zābir k., ķisī bāt kī 'alāmat uske wugu' ke qabl batlānā.

To figure out-Hisab karke ta'dal daryait k-To figure up-Jorna, gintī k. ilch, v & Chorana; chupke se le-l.; koyī khafīf chīz chorā l; dūsre se nājāiz taur par le l.

řile, n. 1.—Woh dhāgā dorī yā tár wagana jismeň kāgazāt tartīb ke sāth lagā-kar is garaz se rakkhe jāte ham ki we hitāzat se iahen aur zarūrat ke waqt āsauī se nikal āwen, woh kul kāgazāt jo tār wagana men lagā kar ek sāth rakkhe jāwen; 'adālat kī misl; kāgazāt kī natthī yā unkā mutthā.

On file—Bahut se kāgazāt wagaira jo tartīb se ek sāth rakkhe hon.

2 — Fihiist; faid; rajistar; woh kitāb jismen kisī qism ke kāgazāt

wasl ya chaspān kiye jāte hain.

State of the file-Muqaddamāt-1-mutadāra kī kaifīyat ya'nī yah ki kıtne muqaddamāt dāir huye aur kitne faisal —A heavy file—Muqaddamāt kā kasrat se dair rahnā.— A light *file*—Muqaddamon kā kam zer i-bāqiyāt rahnā A clear file-Muqaddamoù ka fihrist-i-baqıyat per na rahna ya'nı 30 kuchh rujū' huye hon un sab kā faisal hoke kuchh bāqī na rahnā —To bring a case on the file-Kiel muqaddame ko fihrist jā ragistar men qālia k --To strike a case off the file-Ki-i muqaddame ko fihrist-i-bāqijāt se khānij kar-d.—To restore a case to the file-Kisi muqaddame ko fihrist par phir qaim k. (baz "ba-nambar i-sābiq qāim k.)

3.—Qatār; patā; saf.

řile, v t. 1.—Tartib se r.; muiattab k.—khusüsan kägazät kä is garaz se ek sath tartib se r ki we mahfuz rahen aur 'inda-l-zaiurat fauran nıkal äwen; shimil-i-kāgazāt k, munsalık k., natthi k.; jo kägazāt tartīb-wār rakkhe hon unlin ke shumül men düsie kāgazāt mauqa'-imunāsib par rakh d.; ham-rīshta k.

2.—'Adālat yā majma'-ı-wāzr'ān-ı-qawānin ke rū-ba-rū kūgnzāt kā bā zābīta pesh k.; dākhil k.; guzīānnā, dākhil-ī-sarīshta k. [pesh k.

To file a petition or bill - Darkhwast ya musawwada-i qanun ka ba-zabita

3 —(Law) Shāmil-i-misl k.; 'adālat ke kāgazāt kī natthī men munsalık k ; kăgazāt ı-maujūda-ı-'adālat ke shumūl men r ; kisī kāgaz par jo 'adālat men pesh ho uskā dākhila ba-qaid-i-tārīkh likh d. 'île, v. a Qatar bandh ke age-pichhe chalnă.

Generally with off

To file with-Kisī ke sāth hi sāth rahnā, kisī ke pīchhe lage rahnā.

Hial, a Farzandî ya dukhtarî, bete ya betî se nisbat r w ; jo larke ke hye apne wālīdain kī nīsbat munāsīb ho

"iliation,n, 1.—Rishta-i-farzandī yādukhtarī; bāpse bete yā betī kā rishta.

2.—Kısı waladu-l-haram ki paidaish kısı khas shakhs se mansub k. FILIUS NULLIUS, (Lat] Kısı kā betā nahīń.

- Fill, v t 1 —Bharnā; pur k , jisqadar kisi zaif men rah yā samā sake . utnā usmen dāl d., kisi zaif men yahān tak 1. yā udelnī ki phir usmen ziyāda kī gunjātsh na rahe, mulabbab kar d , nakh sikh bhar d.
 - 2 —Ifrāt se d , jisqadar matlūb yā pasandīda ho utnā d.; āsūda k., dil ser kai-d.
 - 3 Kisî mansab kā r anr uske faiāiz kā anjām k; kisî 'uhde par māmūr rahnā; qābiz yā māmūi iahnā; mutamakkiu h.

4.—Kisi mansab par kisi kā muqarrar k. (māmūr yā nasab k).

To fill an office—Kisi 'uhde par kısı ko muqarıar kar d—To fill a vacancy—Kısı ko kısı mausab wagura pur jo khāli ho muqarrar k—To fill an—Is tarah dākhil k kı bhar jāe; pur k., bharnā, darj k; dīkhil k—To fill up—Bi-l-kul bhar d., pur k; labilab bhar d.; mutlaq gunjāish na ehhornā, pūrā kar d., labrez yā mulabbab kar-d.—To fill out—Jisqadar matlūb ho wahāù tak phallānā yā barbānā.

Fill, v. z. 1 --- Bhar jūnā, pur ho-jānā; ser ho-jānā, gunjāish tak bhar jānā, ifiāt se r., mūlāmāi h

2 —Sharāb pīne ke līye piyāla yā gılās bharnā; pīne ke liye d. To fill up—Bi-l-kul bhar jānā; pat jānā.

Fill, n Pūrī miqdār; jisse bakhūbī jī bhar-jāe; jisse zarūrat raf' ho-jāe; bhar pet yā pet-bhar, itnā krārzū bāqī na rahe

To weep one's fill-Ituāronā kiphir rone kī ārzūna rah jīe —To sat one's fill-Pet-bhar khānā, shikam-sei khānā, itnā khānā ki tabi'atser ho jāe (jī bhar jāe). Filter, n Chhannā; sāfī; ūnī kapre kā tukņā kāgaz yā aur koyī chīz

jismeń araq tapkāyā jāe.

Filter, v. t Chhanni, sat k.—jarse 'araq wngana. Filter, v t Chhanna; chhan ke mkalna ya guna.

Filth, n 1 — Mailā; koyī shai jisse najāsat yā gundagī paidā ho; najāsat; gandagī, gilāzat, ālāish. [kharābī; abtaiī.

2 - Koyî bût jisse nek-kudîrî men futur pare ya dhabba lage;

Filthy, a Mula; ganda; najs; nā-pāk; gulīs; kharāb. Final, a. 1.—Āķhirī; ākhir kā; aķhīr, pichhlā

2—Qatī, qīti, kāmil; uātiq; ākhir; jisse kisī bāt kā khātima ho-jīe; jiske hone par phu kuchh iah na jāe; jiske sudūr yā wugū'ke ba'd qat'-i-tasalsul ho jāwe. [na hosake, nātiq, qat'ī.

3 - Murāfa'a ke qūbil nahīn, nā qābil-i-apīl, jiskā murāfa'a (apīl)

4.—Gīyī; us maushā se ta'alluq r. w. j.skā husūl maqsūd ho.

Final cause-'Illiti gāyī, woh amr jiske hiye koyî fi'l kiyā jāe

Finally, ad 1 — Khātime par;ākhii men; anjām ko; ākhiru-l-amr; bi-l-ākhir; ākhirash, pīt lihe ko

2.—Ri-l-kul; tamāmtar; is tarah par ki 'uhda-barāyi ki ummed na

ho; aisī tarah pai ki phu sar sabz na ho sake; ba-tarz i-lā-'ilāj.

Finance, n Kisî farmān-rawā yā saltanat kī āmadanī; mālguzārī yā zar-i-sarkārī, zar-i-maujūda-i-khazīna-i 'āmma, woh rupaye jo khazāna-i-sarkārī men āwen; sarmāya-i-naqdī.

Often used in the plural.

Financial, a Mālī; zar-i-sarkārī ke muta'allıq; mālguzārī i-sarkārī se ta'alluq r. w., bādshāhat kī āmad (mahīsii) se msbat r. w.

inancialist, a Woh shakhs jo mālī umūr men wāqıfiyat-ı-tāmma rakkhe. inancially, ad Ba-lıhāz-ı-umūr-ı-muta'allıqa-ı-māl; mālī tarīq par; mīlguzārī vā mahāsıl ı-sarkārī kī nisbat; ausī tarah par ki sarkārī mālguzārī (āmadanī yā mahāsıl) kā nikās ho

inancier, n 1 — Muhtamım-1-umür-1-mäli; woh ahl-kāt jo satkātī

mahāsil kā ihtimām kaie, fota-dār, sīga-i-māl kā afsar

2.—Kār-rawāyī-i-muta'allıqa-i-āmad-i sarkārī men māhir, jisko umūr-i naqdī se wāqifiyat ho; woh ahl-kār jo mahsūl wagana ke zarī'e se āmadarī ke qām hone am uskā kifāyat ke sāth kharch men lāye jāne lā hāl bakhūbī samajhtā ho

ind, v. t 1.—Kısı chīz kā ittifāqiya pā-jānā yā uskā dekh-pānā; pahlī martaba dekhnā yā wāqifiyat hāsil k masalan kisi aisi chīz kī nisbat jo nayī yā lā-ma'lūm ho yā jiskī ummed pahle se na iahī ho; milnā, mulāqāt h [ma'lūm k ; samajhnā.

2.—Tajrībe vā imtihān se daiyāft k , samajh yā dil se ma'lūm k ,

3 — Dhundh kar nikālnā; thah lekar daryāft k., kisī shai kā hal bazaria-i-imtihān jā tahsīl daryāft k.; jis shai ke milue kī khwāhish yā koshish ho uskā milnā hāsil honā jā hāth ānā, pānā, hāsil k., hāthlagnā.

4.—Kısı natije par pahunchna; kısı rae-lakbu ka qaim k.; ba-taur sahih ke thahıana, qarar d; jın waqı'at ki nısbat bahs bo unki asliyat danyaft kanke apnı rae ka zahır k; rae i-akhır qaım karke

faifgain ki nizā tai kar d , tajnīz k.; dilānā, sābit garār d.

The jury find a verdict for the plaintiff or defendant—Ahl 1-jūrī mudda'i yā mudda'i 'alaih ke haq men i ze dete ham (tajwiz karte ham)—The court finds the accused to be gunty of the offence charged—'Adālat mulzam ko mujim-1-jurm-1 'zid shuda qarār detī hai—The court has found a large sum in damages for the plaintiff—'Adālat ne mudda ī ke haq men ķinsūre kī ragam—i-kasīr tajwīz kī hai (usko dilāyī hai).

5. —Jaraim i-'āid shuda kā sābit gaiār d.

The jury have found a bill against the accused, or they find a true bill—Ahl iyūrī ne mudda'ā 'alaih ki nisbat jurm-i-'nid shuda sābit quiār diyā hai yā unki rāe men jurm-i-mundarja-i-taid i qarāi-dād-jurm sahīh hai

6 —Denā, baham pahuncbānā, muhaiyāk; maujūd k.

To find food for an army—Fauj ko rasad d (khāne-pine kī chizeā muharyā k)
—He finds his nephew in money—Woh apne bhatīje ko rupaye-paise detā hai
To find out—(a) Hai daryāt k; hāt ma'lūm k, hāt khol d masalan kisi
chor yā chorī kā (b) Jāu jānā, wāqiffyat hāsil kar lenā, parda darī k
masalan kisī bhed (rāz kī bāt) kī (c) 'Uqda kurhāyī k; 'aqda bal k; hai
k.; būjhnā—jaise kisī chīstān yā pahelī ke ma'nī kā samajhnā—To find fault
with—Ilzām lagānā; 'aib lagānā; malāmat k., sarzanish k; dosh d—To find
one's self—Honā; ārām khwāh taklif sihhat yā 'alālat ke lihāz se mizāj kī
kailīyat r.—How do you find yourself this morning ?—Āj subh ko tum kaise
ho 'āj subh ko tumhāre mizāj (tumhārī tibī'at) kī kyā kailīyat hai (tumhāra
mizāj kaisā hai, tumhārī tabī'at kā kyā dhang hai)

Find, v. r. (Law) Amr-1-tajwīz-talab-muta'allıq-1-wāqi'āt kī nisbat tajwīz

karke apul tajwiz kā izhār 'adālat par k.

On the issue of possession, the jury found for the plaintiff—Amr-i-qabza ki mahet ahl-i-jūrī ne ba-haqq-i-mudda'i tajwīz karke apnī rāc kā izhār 'adālat par kar diyā

Finding, n. (Law) Kisî amr khusûsan amr-i muta'allıq-i-wāqı'āt kī nisbat tahqiqat ya taftish 1-'adalat ka natiju; tajwiz-1-'adalat; faisala-1-'adālat; ahl-1-jūrī kī tajwīz, jūrī kā farsala.

Fine, n. Jaiimīna yā jurmāna, tāwān, daud, dānd; woh rupaye jo kisi shakhs se ba-taur sazā-ı juim ke dilaye jawen.

In fine – Ākhiru-l-amr, hāsil-i-kalām; natīja-i-kalām, al-garaz, qıssa-kotāh.

Fine, v t Jurm ya khılaf-warzi-ı-qanun ke 'ıwaz kısı par tawan-ı-naqdı 'aid k.; ba-zarī'a-i-tajwīz-i-'adālat kisī par jurmāna k., sazā-i jui māna vā jurmāne kī sazā k.

Fine, a 1 -Patla; barik; mahīu; jiske rezī bahut chhoțe chhote hon. $F_{inestlik}$ —Bārik resham — F_{ine} sand —Bāl $ec{u}$ jiske zarre bahut chhote chhote hon

2 — Patlā, raqīq, gāihā nahīn.

3 —Bārīk; tez masalan usture ki bārh yā dhār.

Bārīk; patlā, motī yā dabīz nahīn, mahīn—jaise kaprā.

5.—Sāf; khālis, kharā, jismen milāvat yā āmezish na ho. 6.—Nafīs; latīf, jismen husn-o-qubuh kī bārīkiyon kī tamīz ho.

7.—Nihāyat hasīn, bahut khūbsūtat, jismen nūr kā jalāl ho.

8.—Muhazzab, sähib-i-salīga, jiske taiīg 'umda hon

9 —'Ilm men kamāl 1. w ; kāmīl; fāzīl. 10 — Jo dekhne men khush numā ho, 'azīmu-sh-shān, 'umda

Finely, ad. 1 —'Umdagī ke sāth; ta'rīf ke qābil, khūbsūitī ke sāth; natā-at aur mazāg ke sāth.

2 — Latāfat ke sāth; bānīkī ke sāth; nazākat se nok banakar 3.-Bail, chhote chhote tukron men, patli ya tez barh khwah Fineness, n 1.—'Umda h , nafīs h kharāyī).

2.—Safāyī, khālis h , bilā āmezish h ; kharā h (kharāpan yā

3.--Khūbsūrtī; husn-o-jamāl, kamāl, nafāsat, 'umdagī.

4 — Lutafat; nazākat; shustagi, safājī

5.—Bārikī, chhotāyī, patlā pau; mahin yā tezh; tezī.

Bharak; āb-o-tāb; khush-numāyī, nafāsat.

FINESSE, n. (F1.) Kisî maqsad ke anjām ke liye tarah tarah ki fitrat; fann-o fareb; māi pech; kal-bal, bal-chhal, hīla-sāzī, 'aiyārī; jugat-bāzī.

Finger, n. 1 — Anguli yā unglī; angusht; asba', anmil

The fore-finger — Angusht-1-shahādat, angusht-i dushnām, sabbāba; Khudākhān; angusht-i-Allah-khān -- The middle-finger -- Angusht-i-darāz, wustā; bich ki ungli; manjhli ungli -The ring-finger - Binsir; asba'-i-khätim, angusht-1-muhr —The little-finger - Khinsir, kāloj, angusht-i-kihtarin, gāyat-i-asāba; kāni núgulī yā kan-unglī, chitli unglī — The thumb -- Angūthā, nar-angusht; suturk; ıbhām. mal hoti har

2.—Angul, augulī kī chawrāyi jo ba'z augāt paimāish men musta'-A finger's breadth—Angul bhar; ek ungli ke barabar chawra, ungli ki chawrayi The breadth of the four fingers, or of the three fingers - Tin ya char ungul kī chawrāyi — To have a finger in — Kisī bāt men sharīk rahnā (usse ta'alluq r)

FINIS, [Lat.] Khātīma, ākhir, anjām.

rnish, v t 1 - Kisi chīz ko khātime par pahunchānā; anjām ko pahunchānā; khatm k.; tamām k.; ākhir ko pahunchānā; pūiā k.

2.-Mukammal k ; kısı amr ke anjam men jısqadar mihnat akhır men darkār ho uskā kar d., pūlā k., takmila k , kisī shai men jis-

qadar mihnat ho-sake uskā k ; hatta-l-wasa' khūb mihnat k., sijil k ; jilā k ; takmīl yā takmila k

Finish, n Takmila, woh bat ya fi'l jisse koyi shai anjam ko pahunch

jāe, woh palastar jo ākbir men dīwār men lagāyā jātā hai.

Finished, p a. Sijil; jiski 'umdagi men koyî daqiqa uthā na takkhā gayā ho; kāmil; pūrā; mukammal [huā, jiskī ek had qāim ho; mutanāhī Finite, a. Mahdud ; mıqdar ya darje wagane men kisi had ko pahunchaya

Opposed to infinite

Fire, n 1 - Ag; ātash; jalnā; sokhtagī

2 - Augathī yā bhatthe men jaltī huyī laktī koelā wagara, āg,

kısı makan ya shahr ba julna, atash-zadagi; ag-lahi

3 - Kisi qism ka dili josh - jaise josh i-muhabbat wagiita; bari garmī yā harārat; mızāj ki barī sakhtī, mızāj kā āg kī tarah h 4.—Zihnī aur dilī sar-garmī; josh-i-tabī'at; ķhayālāt kā barlā

charhā h.; 'umda 'umda bāton kā shauq 5 —Ranshanī, jalva; nūr; āh-o tāb

6 —Jalā-ke sakht taklīf d.; musībat-1-shadīd

7 — Top waguna kā chhūtnā.

On fire-Jaka hua; j dae vi halat men, sozān -To set on fire, to set fire to-Āg logā d : jalāuā mushru'il k , bahut hi bharkānā yā ubhār d.

ko bharka d Fire, v. t 1 -- Ag laga d ; jala d 2.-Mushta'ıl k , afrokhta k ; ag laga d., gusse wagaira ke shu'le

3.-Zında-dıl k ; kısı men jan dal d.

4.—Chhomā, dāgnā; chalānā, sar k — jaise top wagaira To fire $up - \bar{A}g$ falá ya raushan kar d-jarse kusi kal (engine) ki

Fire, v i 1.—Jalue lagnā yā jaluā, mushta'il h , baluā [sulag uthna. 2.—Gusse wagura se afrokhta h i julnā); bar-augekhta h , āg lag jānā,

ā — Top wagara chhornī chalānā yā dāgnā.

They fired on the town-Unhon ne shahr pur topen chalayin -To fire up-Khijhla uthva, guse men a-java, gussa kar baithva, mizaj ka taish men ājānā, bar-angekhta h

Fire-arms, n. pl. Bārāt se chhātne wile silāh—jaise bandāq wag ma.

Fire-insurance, n. Āg se nuqsānī kā bīma

Fire office, n Woh mahkuma jahān ag kī nuqsānī kā bīma ho.

Fire-policy, n. Woh nawishta ya wasiqa jiske zari'e se us unqsani ka

bīma kīyā jāne jo āg kī wajh se pahuncho

Fire proof, a. Jismen ag na lag sake, jo jal na sake, jo atashgir na ho Fire-side, a. Ag yī ātash-dān ke nazdīk jagah; ghai; watan lujkebālon men rahnā, kanāra kasbī, [jāte ham

Fire-work, n Ātash-bāzi, hawāyī. Bāu wagaira jo larāyī men chhore Usually in the plural.

Firm, a 1.—Khāb ganthā haā; sakht; thos; mastahkam; mazbūt.

2.—Mustaqıl mıziq, pıski tabi'at jald na badle; sābit-qadam; mazbāt; bā-wafā, lā tajum; jismen jald lagzish na ho

A firm believer, - Rānkhu-l-i tiqud ; jiskā 'aqida jald na badlo-A firm friend-Wisigyi-widid; alsi dost lisiaen legash na bo, pakki yir - A film men-Dil ka mazbat shakha; aisā shakha jo apne frāde par qārm rahe

3.—Thos; saryāl nahīu

4 — Jisse sābit-qadmī wagana zāhir ho.

Firm, n. Woh nanı laqab ya khıtab yıske zari'e se kisi kampanı (jama'at) ka kar-o-bar lıo, shurakat ka karkhana; kothı, sayhe ki kothı

Firmly, ad. Mazbūtī se; pukhtagī se, pakkā; sābit-qadmī se; istihkām ke sāth, aisī tarah ki logzish na kare (tabdīl na ho; bile-dole nahīn)

Firmness, n. Mazbūtī; sakhtī; karāyī; istihkām, istiqlāl, sabit-qadmī, tayaqqun; sihhat; durustī. [ke āge

First, a. 1.—Silsile men sab se muqaddam; pahlā, aglā; awwal, sab 2 — Nihāyat barā; ā'lā; baitar, afral; khās; sab se barh-kar;

rutbe buzurgî yā 'umdagî men sab par fauq r. w.
First, ad. Waqt yā jagah ke lihāz se kisi dūsie se pahle, silsile men auron par muqaddam, kār-rawāyī yā tawajjuh ke i'tibāi se auron par muqaddam, ruthe men sab se barh-kar; sab se pahle, awwal, sab se muqaddam barhkar yā afzal.

At fost, at the fost-Shurü' men, abtidā men; awall men; awwalan - Frest or last-Kabhī na kabhī, shurū' yā ākhir men.

First-born, a Paidāish men sab se muqaddam; jethā; sab se barā; pah lautā [men; aur sab par muqaddam

Firstly, ad. Pable: sab se pable; awwal ya awwalan; shuru' ya 'ibtida Improperly used for first.

First-class, a. Awwal darje kā; ā'lā qism kā; mhāyat hī 'umda, 'umdagī

wagaira men sab se barh-kai, sire kā, choṭi kā.

First-rate, a. Nihāyat hī 'umda, sifat qad-o-qāmat yā tauqīr men sab se barhkar yā afzal, awwal daije kā, sab se barā, sire kā.

Fiscal, a. Sarkārī khazāne yā mālguzārī ke muta'allıq, mālī

Fiscal arrangements -- Intizāmāt-imālī, āmadanī ke muti alliq intizām kī bāten (unkā band-o-bast)

Fish, n. Machhlì, māhì ('ām 1886 ki zinda ho yā bataur gizā ke kām men īye. [kā shikār k.

Fish, v z 1 — Machhli pakarne kī koshish k.; bansī yā jāl se machhlī 2 — Makr-o-fareb se hāsil karne kī koshish k; kisī bāt ke gairsarīhī taur pai (ghumā-phitāke yā dam dhāgā dekar) kaiāne kī fikr k
To jish foi compliments—Makr-o-fareb se (kisī dhang se) ta'rīf kaiāne ki koshish k

Fish, v. t. Pakainā, khanich-kar bāhar yā ūpar nikālnā; ubhāṛnā.

Fist, n. Ghūsā; mūkā, duk; musht; mūthī.

Fist, v † Ghūsā māmā; mūkon se mārnā. Fit, a. Lāiq, qābil, sazāwār, mauzūn, munāsib; hasb-i-hāl; muzaiyab; wājib, subhīte kā, shāyān, chāhiye

Fit, $v.\ t$ 1 — Lāiq k.; mauzūn k; jis amr ke liye koyî shai maqsūd ho usīke

hasb ı-hāl use kaı-d; kısī shaı kī salāhıyat d; taıyār k

2 — Kisi shar koʻusi shakl ya surat ki banana jo matlub ho; namune ke mutabiq taryar k., murattab k; taryar k; kisi shakhs ya chiz ke hiye woh sab saz o-saman muharya kar d jo uske liye munasib ya matlub ho.

**Said especially of the work of a carpenter, tailor, &c." Webster. 3.—Kisī ke hasb-i-hāl h.; kisī kī hājat-iawājī ke lije kāfī h., thik

h.; baithnā; kisī ke qad par rāstānā.

To st out-Murattab k., durust k ; zarūrī sāz-o sāmān muhaiyā karke taryār kar d — Tofit up - Sagoā, murattab k ; taijār k ; is qābil kar d ki kisī shakhs ke masraf yā ākar thaharne ke lāiq ho —To fit up a house for a guest — Kisi

mibmān ke utarne (firokash hone yā thahaine) ke liye makān ko hur tarah par durust (murattab k.). [ma'iūm h. Fit, v & I - Monasıb h., shayan h ; sazawar h.; chihna; phabna, bhala

2.—Jis mutābiq taiyār karne ke liye kahā jāe usī mutābiq h.; thik h ; qad par rāst yā durust ānā; mauzūn h ; baithnā; ānā yā honā

Fit, n 1.—Kisî bimarî ka yakayak aur zor se a jana; kisî maraz ka bar. ı-awwal h yā aud k. (palatnā yā phir se h.); bīmāiī (chāhe woh kitne hī din kī no).

A cold nt-Large ke bukhār kā phir ānā -A fit of the gout or stone - Nigris yā pathri ki bimāri kā pahle-pahal yā mukarrar h. - A fit of sickness - Bīmāri, [hawās ho jātā yā uskā badan ankrāne lagtā hau.

 Mırgî wagaıra si bimārī kā yakāyak ho jänā jismen marīz bad-3 —Kısı bat ka dafatan thore 'arse tak galaba ho-jana ya qaım rahnā; mizāj kī kaifīyat jismen kuchh 'arse tak koyī mubtalā rahe, kısı halat ka thori der tak qaım rahke nıkal jana

A fit of pession - Gusse kā josh (uskā ānā aui nikal jānā)-A fit of laughter -Qahqaha, hansī kā ekbārgī zor se ā jānā —A fainting fit— Gashī, gashī kā

'alam —A drunken fit – Nashā

4 — Tarang, umang, walwala; josh; kisī bāt kā bilā-ta'aiyun-i-waqt dafatan ho-jinā l(achchhī tarah honā yā rāst ānā). 5 —Kısı pahınne ke kapre kā khūb aur āsānī se badan par barth-jānā

By fits, by fits and starts-Haule-haule; dam-le-le kar, kabhī kisī bāt kā karnā aur kabhī uskā na karnā, kusī bāt lā bilā pābaudī kisī sīlsile ke kainā ; ukhrā-pukhrā [rar na ho, jo rah rah kar tabdīl huā kaie

Fitful, a Jiske bahut se daure hon; jiske badalne kā koyī waqt muqar-Fitly, ad Munāsib tatīq par, munāsibāna, ba-tarz i mauzūn yā mauzūmyat se, sabhīte se; subūlat se.

Fitness, n. Munāsib h. (munāsabat); mauzūniyat; lāiq h (liyāqat), qābil h.; wājibīyat; ma'qūliyat; durustī, taiyār h.; kisī ke hasb-i hāl (uske liye muwāfiq) h

Fitted, pp Laiq; qabil; sazawai; mauzūn; taiyar, salahiyat r. w

Fitting, n. Woh chīz jo kisī shar ke murattab karne men kām īye; zarūrī chīzen jo makān wagaira ke murattab kaine men kām men lāyī jāen. Especially in the plural.

Fitting, p. a. Munāsib; laiq, mauzun; sazāwār.

Fitting out, } n.Zarūi isāz-o sāmān ;lawāzimāt-i-zarūrī [pher(Colloquial). Fix, n Ghabrabut; dushwārī; pareshānī; hais-bais; shash-o-panj, dubdhā;

Fix, v. t 1.—Mustahkam k ; mazbūt k., dawām (hamesha) ke liye gāim k., muqarrar k.; qāim k ; mahdūd k ; mu'aiyan k , thahiānā , qarār d ; bāndhrā; mazbūtī se lagānā.

2 — Garāye rahnā; lagāye rahnā — jaise ānkhon ko kisī chīz par dhyān ko kisī shakhs kī bāt par 'alā-hāza-l qiyās, jamāye iahnā; mazbūtī se qāim r ; bilne na d. rahnā, thaubhnā Fix, v 1. 1.—Hamesha qaim rahna; idhar-udhar na ghumua; sakin

2.—Isqudai sakht ho-jānā ki phir bukhār banke ur na jāe; bahnā (rawānī) band ho-jānā; jam jānā; munjamid ho-jānā, sakht aur pit-kar barhāye jāne ke gābil ho-jānā—jaise kisī dhāt kā.

To na on - Kisi dat par iāc yā irāda qām k ; kisi dāt ko thahrā l ; kisī amr kī nisbat iiāda-i musammam kar-l ; ta'aiyun k [mu'aiyan; bandhā huā.

Fixed, p a. Qāim; mustahkam; mazbūt, ustuwāi, sābit; muqarrar, Fixture, z l — Woh shai jo kisī chīz men hamesha lagī rahe, makān i-maskūna ke muta'alliq woh chīzen jinko kuāya-dār makān chhorne ke waqt jāiz taur par apue sāth dūsie makān men nahīn le-jā saktā

2.—(Law) Woh chîzen jo makanat ya arazî men nasab aur unhî ke

juzw ke taur par mutasawwar hon

Flag, n Pharahiā; jhandā, nishān; 'alam; lawā

Black flag—Kālā jhandā jiske dekhlāne se yah maqsūd hotī hai ki farīq z maglūb par mutlaq rahm na kiyā jāegā yā yah ki uskā qusūi mu'āt na hogā Flag of tiuce—Sufed jhandā jo is gaiaz se dekhlāyā jāe ki dushman ākar sulh kī bāt chīt kare—Red flag—Suikh jhandī jiske dekhlāne se yah samjhā jātā hai ki ganān se larāyī chāhī jātī hai.—To hang out the vhite flag—Sufed jhandā dekhā ke mu'āt māngnā yā ba'z augāt sulh kī niyat cāhir k—To hang the flag half-mast high or half-staff—Jhande ko ādhe mustāl tak khajā-kaike mātain kā izhīi k—To stride or lover the flag—Ta'zīm itā'at yā larāyi ki hālat men apnī tayīn dushman ke qābū men kai dene ki khwāhish zāh r karne ke lije jhandā jhulā d

Flagitious, a. 1 — Nihāyat hī burā qabīh yā mujrimāna, palle sne kā 2 — Bare baie jatām kā mujrim, bad, khatāb, fājir, fāsiq.

Said of persons

3 —Jo nihāyat khaiāb jarāim yā 'ayūb ke liye bad nām ho yā jismen aise jurm yā aisī badīyān wuqū' men āyī hon

Flagations times - Nihāyat kharāb 'aiyām , aisā zamāna jismen bahut bare bare

jurm jā badīyon kā wuqu' huā ko

Flagrancy, n Sangīnī; zīyādatī; bahut bajā yā qabīh h. [sangīn; kabīr. Flagrant, a Namūdār yā numāyān; fāsh, mashhū; 'azīm; bahut bajā; A flagrant cime - Jurm-i-sangīn, bahut bajā jurm

FLAGRANTE DELICTO, (Lat) Ba-hālat-: irtikāb-i-jurm; jurm kaine kī hālat men; jurm karte waqt; 'aiu wuqū'-i-jurm kī hālat men.

The thief was caught flagrante delicto—Woh sāriq (chor) ba hālat i-irtikāb i-sariqa gniftāi huā, woh chor chorī karte waqt (chorī karne hī ki hālat

men) pakrā gayā
Flame, n 1 — Shu'ha, āg kī lau, lat, jot [bharaknā; 'ishq
2.—Kamāl shauq yā josh; barī hī ishtiyāq; khayāl kā bahut hi

3.—Garmī; gussa; danga o fasād; barā Jhagrā.

4.—Shiddat; sakhti.

5 — Pyūrā; mahhūb; jise koyī chāhe (Colloquial).

Flap, n 1.—Koyî chaurî aur lachîlî chîz jo lataktî rahe ya ek goshe men khwah ek taraf lagî rahe aur asanî se hil uthe—jarse kisî pariahan ka damam kan kî lar ya angrezî topî ka kanara.

2.—Kısı aısı shar ki harakat (uska hilna-dolna) jo chauri aur dhili

ho ya uskā kisī dūsrī shai se takiā-jānā; pharpharāhat.

säf säf

Flap, v. t. 1 — Dāman se mārnā; mārnā; phatkārnā

2.—Pharpharana—jaise kisi parind kā apne dainon ko; gnā d. yā nīche ko jhukā d.—jaise topī (hat) ke hāshiye ko.

To flap in the mouth - Ta'nā māinā, tanz ki bāten kahnā , muih pur māinā

Flap, v. 1 - Hilnā, pharpharānā [chīz kā.

2.—Niche ko lataknā-- jaise topi ke hishiye yā kisi dūsi i chamī

Flare, v z. 1.—Lahaknā, laplapānā, sham' wagana ke jalne ki hālat men uske shu'le kā darakhshān tahuā pat hilā yā lahtāyā k. 2 — Yakāyak khūb raushan ho jānā, raushanī kā daf atan namūdār

hokar lahı aya k.

3 —Khul yā phad jānā. [pat guesa kar baithna To flure up - Yakāyak hasārst yā sosh men ā jāna; ekbāsgi garmā uṭhuā, jhat Flash, v 1 — Raushanī kā dafatan namūdār b ; raushanī jo nazai ākar

fauran gāib ho-jāe, kaund lapak yā chamak—jaise bijlī kī 2 — Jhalak, chamak, ek lahze men namudai ho jana.

3 - Lamha; lahza, nihāvat mukhtasar zamāna, ān, pal. dam.

Flash, v 2. 1 - Dafatan namūdai honā-- jaise ranshani kā; yakāyak khūb dekh parnā, chamak uthnā, daf atan jalwa dekhā-kai gāib hojanā

2.—Bhabhak uthnā; un-kar ekbārgī unjelā hojānā, shu'le aur rauahanî ka phût pama

The powder flashed in the pan-Plyale men barût bhabhak uthi, piyale men

ranjak ke urte hi ek bārgi unjelā ho-gayā 3 -Phūt patuā, jhat se nikal parnī, ek bāigī ho-jānā (wuqū' men

ā jāuī yā guzainā) [kā dekar pahunchā d

Flash, v t Chamkānā, dafatan shu'le jā raushanī samet nikāl d. ; jh it-To dash a me-sage along the wires - Tar he zan'e se khabar fauran puhuncha l

To fish conviction on the mind - Kisi amr La tayaqquin ekbarg, dil par paida Lara-d. (uskā yaqīn dil ko dilā d) []191.5 namud be bud ho Flashy, a 1 — Mahz numārshī, jiske jalne kā zuhūr suf dam bhar tahe,

2 - Numāishī, fauqu-l-bharak, zarq-baiq, miā dekhāwe kā [phikā 3. Ismen kuchh maza na ho, jisse kuchh haz na uthe, bejan, Flat, a. 1.—Musattali; chamas; ham-war, barabar, nichā-unchā nahīn 2 —Zamîa par lambā yā phatlā patā huā; zamīn ke hamwāt, zamīn

doz; girā huā, uftāda, past, tabāli, baibād

To lay flat - Zamin doz (past yā barbād)kur d

3 - Jismen tarah tarah ki baten na hone ke sabab se kuchh lutf na ho, jisse kuchh haz (dil ko khushi) na ho, phikā; be-lazzat.

4.-Mandā, girā huā, sust, bāzār kī woh hālat jab kharīd farokht wagaira kasrat se uz hone kī waja se bikii kam aur chîzen sasti hen.

5 —Qıt'ī, chhūţte hī; sāf-sāf; bı-l-kul yā kullīyatan; zāhır, sīdhā, khulā khulā; sacībī.

A Ast demal - Inkār-1-qat'ī; kīsī bāt se bi l-kul inkār kai jānā

6 — Tez vahin nichi yā bhānī — j.use āwāz.

Fiatly, ad Barabar; chamas; be-dam, be-mazagī se, qut'an; bi-l-kul, To refuse flatin - Qat'an ınkar k , bi-l kul munkir ho-jana, saf saf kah dena ki ham fulan amr na karenge

Flatter, v. t 1 --- Makr-o-fir-b jhuthāyī yā zalil bāton se kisī ko apnā

mihibān-i-bāi karānā; ķhushāmad k.; lallo patto k, raugan-i qāz malnā; obāplūsī k

2 — Kısı ko uskı ta'ııf karke khush k ; kisi ki ta'zım-o-tauqır ya aur khush-kun baten karke use khush k , apnı matlab bararı ke liye kısı

kī ta'rīf aur usse makkārī kā bartān k.

3 — Jhūthī ummedon se khush k; be-bunrād yā dhokhā-dene wālī bāten kah-kar taqvīyat d, sabz-bāg dekhānā, dil-dārī k, jhūthītasallid Flatterer, n. Khushāmadī, chāplūs, woh shakhs jo kisī ko khush yā apnā mihr-bān-i-hāl karne khwāh kisī dūsre magsad ke anjām ke hye uskī ta'iīf kare.

[dilāse se

Flatteringly, ad Khushāmad se, tamalluq se; lallo-patto karke; dam-Flattery, n. Khushāmad, chāp-lūsī, tamlaluq, zamāna-sāzī, nā-munāsib

ta'rif; jhūthi sanā-khānī, lallo patto.

Flavour, n 1.—Khush-bū; mahak, bās. sugandh

2 — Zāiga, mazā, laozat, sawād, ias [yā zāiga paidā ho-jāe.

3.—Woh shai jiski wajh se kisi chiz men ek qismi-i-khas ki khushbu Flaw, n 1 —Shigaf; daiz, woh naqs jo tutue ya chitakne se paida ho, bil, jium; kisi shai ke musalsal na rahne khwah ba-ham chaspan na hone ke ba'is jo'aib usmen paida ho

2 — Koyî naqs ya 'arb jo giflit wagana kî wajh se parda ho; naqs;

'aib, dhabba, kotahi; dosh, batta, pai, suqm

Flea, n Pissū, ek qism kā kitā jiske kitne se barī taklif hoti hai.

A flea in the car — Koyî na guwar ishara ya aisa jawab ji-kî ummed na rahî ho; inkar ya jawab ji-se dil ko ranj ho — To have a flea in the car — Kisî tadbîr ke anjam men îs taralı na ka n hona ki log hinsen, kisî na guwar ishare ka pa na ya aisî bat ka sochayî jana jisse ranj paîda ho

Flee, v 1. Khatre yā āfat se bhāguā; khauf yā buz-dilī ke sabab se kanā-

ra-kash ho-jānā, nikal bhāgnā, bachā-kar nikal jānā.

Usually with from

To flee the question, or from the question—Majma-i-wāzi'ān i-jawānīn men is 'ibārat se kisī bahs ki nisbat iās ke dene se kunāra-kash bonā sainjbā jātā hai

Fleece, v t 1.—Bherî ke bal katarua ; ün katar lena

2 —Rupaye yā māl-o-matī' chhīn l; qānūn ki oṭ men māl-o-asbāb kā be-rahmī se le-L, andāz se ziyāda yā sakht tagāzā karke jo kuchh hisī ke pās ho usse le l.; zor-o-zulm karke kisī ko tangī men dāl d.; zarūrat ke hīle yā hukūmat ke zor se kisī kā māl-o-matā' usse le l Flexible a. 1.—Lachīlā, jise jhukā saken; jise kham kar-saken; jo is

dexible a. 1.—Lachila, jise jhukā saken; jise kham kai saken; jo is qābil ho ki jhuk jie yā maror uthe par tūte nahin, jo dabāne se dab

jae; karī (sakht nahīn)

2—Jo gairon ke dabāw ko māne; itnā hathī (ziddī) nabīn ki kisī kā kahnī na māne, jo qā'nī men ā sake; jisko phei-phār ke jild apne dhang par kar-len, jo kahne sunne yā bahs wagara se qāil ho jāe (usko mān le), jiskī ta'sī'at atsī ho ki samjhāne-bujhāne se badal jāe.

3 — Woh bāt jise kisī manshā ke hasb i-hāl kar-saken; jise mauzūn

vā muwāfiq kar saken

Flight, n 1.—Firār; kısī khatre yā āfat se bachne ke lıye bhāg jānā; 'ujlat ke sāth chale jānā; bhager.

2.—Pai wāz (urnā); ujān yā urne kā dhang; tairān.

3.—Buland-parwāzī; charhān; umańg; taraṅg; uthān; su'ūd

4 -- Parindon kī gol jo hawā men uie, tîr wagaira ke qism kī chīzen jo ek-bārgī hawā se gurren [Shagā d; bhāg jāne par majbūr k.

Flight of stairs - Sightyan, zine, nard ban - To put to flight, to turn to flight - Flimsy, z Za'if, kamzor, khafif; be hūda, la-tāti, mazbūt yā qawi nahīn;

be-bunyad; pūj; bila-wajh, jo zahur men bhī rast na ho, lachar.

Flinsy objections—'Uzrāt-i-za'ıf yā lā tāll; i'tirāzāt i be-bunyād yā khafīf, aise i'tirāzāt 30 mazbūt (qavī) na bob —A flinsy excuse—Pūj (licharyā bebūda)'uzr Filach, v. z. Bāc-ānā; taklīf yā khatre ke lihāz se kisī amr se kanāta-kash ho-jānā (haṭ jānā yā hāth khainch 1), na-kainā; karne men qāsir h.;

pairawi band kar d.; izhar-i-taklif k

Fling, v t. 1 — Phenknā, hāth se phenknā; zor se phenknā. [d.; harā d. 2 — Gurā d; pachhārnā; zamīn par paṭak (gurā) d; maglūb k., shikast To fling a parby in htigation—Kisī farīq ko tanāzu' men shikast d kisī ko laṭāyī men harā d.—The wreatler flung his antagonist—Us kushtī bāz ne apne

barif ko pachbar dili (patak diya).

To fing away—Nikāl d, dūrk; chhor d.—To fing down—Dhā d, zamīn par girā d; mismārk, munhadim kar d; bar-bād k.—To fing in—Chhor d, mujrā yā minhā kar d, hisāb meo qāim na k, hisāb meò na jornā for In setting accounts, one party fings in a small sum, or a few days' work—To fing of—Shikār men mahiūm k; shikār hāth āne na d; galā chhuiānā, subuk-doshi uāuā.—To fing open—Khol d; yakāyak yā zor se khol d, dhar se khol d.—To fing out—Kahnā; malfūz k; daf atan yā be tamīzī se bol uṭhnā, kah uṭinā kah baṭṭinā—Jaise karī bāten—To fing up—Tark k; dast-bar iār h; ohhor d.—jaise koyī mansūba yā urāda

Fling, v. i. 1.—Idhar-udhar zor se uchhaluā-kūduā.

2.—Sakht-kalāmi k; la'nat-malāmat k., thukkā fazīhat k.

To King out - Munh zori ya sakhti karne lagna

Flippancy, n. Tarrārī; tez zabānī; kalām men safāyi aur rawānī; khushtagrīrī, zabān kā tezī aur safāyī se obalnā.

Flippant, a 1.—Be rūkāwat aur jald jald safāyī se būt-chīt k. w ; suhūlat aur 'ujlat se kalām k. w ; laffāz; taurār; charb-zabān, bātūnī

2.—Be jīne aur samjhe būjhe tayaqqun ke sāth jald jald kalām k w : bad lihāz; bad lagām, kalla darāz.

Flippantness, n See Flippancy.

Float, v i 1.—Kisī saiyāl shai kī sath par rahnā, tairnā; uplānā; utrānā. 2.—Fānī par be-ma'lūm yā āhista āhista chalnā—jaise berc kā; pānī

par be chalaye chalua: ahısta ahısta be rukawat ke chalua

Floating debt, enpital, ée —Qarz piske sīlāna sūd ke adā ke liye koyī mustahkem āmadani qāim na kī-gayī ho yā sarmāya jo mu'aiyan na ho khwāh uski ta'dād gair mutahaqqaq ho yā is bāt kī tashkhīs na huyī ho ki woh kis khās kām men āye gā

Flock, n 1 - Jhund; galla.

"Applied to sheep and other small animals. A flock of sheep answers to a herd of larger cattle." Webster

2 — Parındoń (tuyür yāchıryon) kijhund; jo parind eksäth uçrahe hoń.
 3. — İsayıon ki ummat. [khwäh bekär ün yä rüyi

4. Gadde wagaira men bharne ke hye uni ya suti kapyon ki kattan

- Flock, v i. Gol kî gol (jhund kī jhund) jam' h ; bahut sā ekatthā h ; hujum h. ; jamā'at-ı-kasīr kā jam' ho
- Flog, v t Chharî ya châbuk se marna; kore se marna; taziyana lagana; bed maina; tambih ke liye mutawatir marna. [ment" Webster.
- "A colloquial word applied to whipping or beating for punish-Flood, n 1.—Sailab, bārh, tugyānī, pānī jo charh aun phail kar kisī aisī zamīn ko jo 'umuman khulī rahtī ho tah-lāb kai-de.

2.—Juār; madd; charhāw.

Opposed to ebb.

3 --Kasrat; bahutāit; ifrāt, rel-pel; ubal-parnā; bad se ziyāda honā. A flood of bank notes, a flood of paper currency -- Bank ke loton yā kāgaz-i-zar ki kasrat (uukā ifrāt se muyassar ānā)

Kısı saıyal shaı kı kasrat, kısı shaı (khususan buri shai) ki kasrat.

5.—Ha12

Flood, v. t. Ģarqāb kar-d.; sarlāb k; pānī men dūbā d.; tah-1-āb kar-d. Floor, n. 1—Makān yā kamre wagarra kā hissa jispar log chalte hain; farsh; gach.

Makān men manzil darja yā marātib.

The first floor - Makan kā dūsrā marātib yā darja (the second story).

Floor, v. t. 1 — Farsh lagānā; gach banānā.

2 — Malgūb k.; māt k.; munh band kar-d.; zabān baud kar-d; qāil-ma'qūl karke āge chalne na d.

Florid, a 1 — Chamaktā huā ; tābān ; darakhshān ; surkh ; damaktā huā, lāl-bhabhūkā—jaise chihra. [wa muqaffa—jaise ibārat.

2 —Rangīn; jismeň 'ilm-i-sanāi'-o-badāi' kī san'aten hon; musajja' Flourish, v. 1 —Khūb barbnā; barā honā aur phailnā, phalnā-phūlnā.

2.—'Urūj pānā; taraqqi pānā; iqbāl mand h.; daulat 'izzat ārām khushī yā un kul umūr men taraqqī k. jo pasandīda hon; sarsabz h; phalnā-phūlnā; dūdhon nahānā aun pūton phalnā; har tarah se barhuā.

3.—Rangīn 'ībārat likhnā, tahrīr yā taqrīr men 'uiūz kī san'aten kām men lānā; kasrat se sukhau-ārāyī k. [sūraten banānā

4.—Khat-i-gulzār yā tugrā likhnā; qalam se khūbsūrat khūbsūrat 5.—Numāsh yā dhamkī wagaira kī garaz se jism ko tarah talah se harakat d. [nikālnā]

6 —Bāje ke bajāne men apne hasb-khwāh tarah tarah kī āwāz

Flourish, v. t. 1 .- Taraqqi d., phadana; wus'at d.

Asli yā banāwat ke gul-phūl khwāh khūbsūrat sūraton se ārāsta
 k.; sajnā; sanwārnā, kisī numāishi shai se ārāish d. [bhar d.

Rangini k ; sukhan-ārāyī k ; qāfiye aur 'urūz ki san'aton se

4 — Hilānā ; ghumānā ; chamkānā—jaise talwār wagaira Flourish, n. I.—Khūb sūrtī , jalwa ; jamāl ; zāhirī chamak-damak.

2.—Numāishī ārāish; hausale se kisī kalām ki tawālat; bare bare alfīz aur 'urūz kī seu'aton kā kastat se isti'māl; numāish; dekhāwā.

3 —Bel-būte (nagsh-o-mgār) jo galam se banāye jāen.

4.—Kısî hathıyar wagama kā hılâna ya ghumana (uski chamak), Flow, v. i 1 —Bahna; rawan h.; jarî h

2.—Patdā h., malnā; suhūlat ke sāth zabān se malfūz h (bolā jānā); khush-uslūbī se sun parnā [h., ıfrāt se h.

3. - Kasrat se r. yā h ; mālāmāl h.; bharā h.; labres h ; nak-sikh

4.—Lahrānā—jaise kākul kā, dhīlā letkā k.—jaise kisī pairā...

5.—Charhuā—Jaise samundar kī juār kā, barhnā yā ānā.

Flow, n 1 - Kisi saival shai ki tawani, bahaw ; Jiryan ; idiar

2.—Pānī ke dhāre kā charhāw , julu , madd ; hārli

3.—Kasrat, ifiāt; bahutāit, relpel; ziyādatī, josh, ubāl [suhūlat

4.—Goyāyī; laffāzī, lassānī, guftgū men alfāz kī āmad aur bolne kī Flower, n l.—Gul; phūl. | ftar-o-tāza aur 'umda ho. 2.—K·sī sha. kā woh juzw je uske aur ajzā (h.sson) se khūb sūrat

The flower of life—Shabāb, juwānī, t.bhār, woh quwwat jo awāil t'umr men hott hii—The flower of the treops—Ki-l faul kā woh hussa jismen sab se musta'ıd aur mazbūt sijābi hon—The flower of a nation—Kisī qaum ke kam sin qawi aur diler ādmi

3.- San'at-ı-'uruzî, ; sanār'-o-badār'; 'ıbārat kā zewar.

Flower, v. z. 1 -Phūluā, gul kiniānā, phūl ānā.

2.—Shabāb-i-'umr men h, kamsın tar-o-tüza aur qawî h., johan par h

Flowery, a 1.— Phūloisebhatāhuā, jismen bahut segul-phūl hou; guldāt.
2 — Nihāyat rangiu—jaise 'rbārat [ko harakat k

Fluctuate. v i 1 — Labrānā; mauj-zau h ; kabhī āge aux kabhī pichhe 2 — Kabhī ek taraf aur kabhī dūsrī taraf chahrā, mutazalzal zā gur-sābit-qadam rahuā; mustaqil zā mustahkam na rahuā

Public opinion often fuctuates — Awam Miss aksai kabhi ek taraf aur kabhi dusi taiaf (mutazalzul) raha karti han.

3.—Ghainā barhuā; kam o-besh h, charhnā-utarnā; ek hālat men (ek thekāne par) na rahuā, rah rah kar badlā yā tabdīl huā k.

The prices of stocks fuctuate - Loton ki qimat ghatti-barhti hai (rah rah kar taldil hua kartinai)

Fluctuation, n. 1 — Lahron kī sī harakat; idhar udhar chalnā

2.—Tazalzul, be-sabātī; ek bāt par gāim na iahnā;

3. - Daf'atan kamî-beshî, charhaw-utar, ghatna bajhna.

Fluency, n 1 —Rawāvī; goyāyî; tulāqat; shīvīn-kalāroī, lassānī, charbzabānī, tarrārī, kalām kā bar-jasta adā k.

Fluent, a 1 — Rawān yā rawānī kī salāhiyat r w., jārī; bahtā huā, suhūlat se chaltā bahtā yā iawān.

2 - Barjasta kalām k w.; laffāz, lassān; sāhib-i kalām; chaib zabān,

khush-guftar, fasih-jaise bolne wala (muqarrir)

3 —Jo suhulat so adā kiye jāen, shīrin—jaise kalām; charb; khush.

Fluid, a. Saryāl; jismen rawānī ho; raqīq

Fluid, a Saiyal shai; raqiq shai, woh shai jismen tawani ho.

Finvial, c. Daryā vā nadī se muta'allıq; daryā yā nadī men paidā hone khwāh tahne wālā.

[(bhīr)—juse logon kā

Ylux, « I —Babāw, sailān; kisī bāt kā paiham h.; tabādala; majma' 2.—Juār; jazr.

Flux and reflux — Juac bhatha; madd-o-jazr; samundar kī lahar kā charhāw-utār.

3.—Bīmārī kī wajh se badan se khūn wagaira kā hasiat se nikalnā, woh shai jo bīmārī ke bā'is jism se nikle [chalnā [chalnā] y, v. i. l.—Uṛnā; jald nikal yā guzar jānā; parind kī tarah tezī se

- 2 —Khatie yā khauf se bhāgnā; nikal bhāgne kī koshish k.; firār h., gurez k [ho jānā.
 - 3 -- Yukāyak yā zor se harakat k.; alag ho jānā, phūţ kar tukṛetukre

 Gar Usually with a qualifying word, as, a door files open Kewār phat se khul

 iātā hu
 - To fly at Age ko jhapatnā tūt parnā; kisī par yakāyak girnā yā hamla āwar h To fly in the face of Tauhīn k, chot k, muqābala kar-baithnā, mukhā lafat k., ta'ariuz k, rokuā To fly eff Daf'atan judā ho-jānā yā nikal-jānā Bagāwat k To fly on Hamla k To fly open Daf'atan (yakāyak) yā zor se khul jānā To fly out (a) Jhapat-kar bāhar mkalnā (b) Jhat se guisa kar baithnā To let fly Chhornā jaise tīr, zor se phenknā yā chalānā jaise neze
- Fly, v t 1 Buchā jānā. lag na lagnā, ijtināb k, dūr (kanāte rahnā) 2 — Urā d — jatse kisī patind ko; utānā masalan patang.
- Fly-leaf, a Sādu waraq jo kitāb ke shurū' yā ākhir men lagā rahtā har. Foe, n. 1 'Adāwitī; dushman, dūsre se 'adāwat nafrat kīna yā bugz r. w ; bauī.
 - 2 Gunim, dushman jisse jang ho; qaumi dushman, fauj i mukhalif
 - 3 Kisi shai men mukhālafit k. w.; dushman, bad-khwāh
- Forble, n Woh khās arb (nags) jo kisī shakhs men ho, khatā; koyi khatīf nags, za'f, kisī bāt men kam-zorī
- Foil, v.t. Bekār (raegān) kai-d—jaise kisi koshish yā fikr ko; mahi ām k... shikast d, haiānā; kāmyāb na hone d, māyūs k [kāmī
- Foil, n. 1 Ain kāmyābī ke waqt nā-kāmī, shikast; hār, mahiāmī; nā-2.—Gadkā wagana jo patā bhānjue men kām ātā hai.
- Foist, v. t Khufyatan ba-tarz-ı-nājārz yā bilā-ijāzat dāklni kar-d jaise alfāz wagana, bataur aslī yā sahīh ke chalā d, bainu-s-sutūr men likh d

 Usually followed by m
- Fold, n. 1 Tah, chiu; slukan, part
 - 2 Bāi; maitabi, gūna, chand.
 - Two-fold Dūnā jā dugnā -Ten-fold Das gunā, dah-chand
- Fold, v t. 1.—Lapeţnā; tah k yā lagānā—jaise kapre kī; pechnā; mor yā tor ke ek hisse ko dūsre hisse ke andar dīl d.—jiise kisī khat ko. 2.—Tale-ūpar rakhnā—jaise donon bāzū yā hāth ko jjornā, bāndhnā
- Fold, v. z. Duhrā jānā, ek hī qism kī dūsiī shat par jä-kat bhu jānā.

 The leaves of the door fold—Kewār ke pat duhrā jāte ham.
- Folio, n 1.-Kāgaz kā tikhta jise tor-kai do waiaq hon.
 - 3.—Do warql kitāb, kāgaz ke takhton ke do do waraq kī kitāb.
 - 3 Hısāb kī kıtāb kā ek safha; ba'z waqt hısāb kī kıtāb ke muqābil ke safhe jupar ek bī nambar-r-shumār parā ho.
- Folk, n Log, is lafz kā 'itlāq 'umūmau 'awām par yā ba'z waqt khās khās qism ke logon par bhi hotā hai [jective (Colloquial)" Webster.

 """ Generally used in the plural, and often with a qualifying adFollow, v t 1—Kisī ke pīchhe jānā yā ānā, ek hī samt ko kisī ke pīchhe
 - chalna; pīchhā k. [ta'āqub k.
 - 2 Kisī shai ki pairawi k.; kisī shai ke hāni karne ki koshish k.,
 - 3.—Kisī rah-numā ke sīth jānā; ham-rāh jūnā, ma'īyat men jānā, ham-rīkāb h.; ba-taur sanad ke taslīm k.; dūsron bī rāeon ko māunā

ya ikhtiyar k ; dûsron se muttafiqu-r rae h.; dûsre kî tarah khayaj ya bawar k.; mutaha'at k ; taslîm ya qabül k ; apui kan nawayî men bataur hidayat ke mānuā; kisi ke mutābiq 'amal k. manınd k.

4.-Taqlīd k.; dūsie ko dekh-kar usī ke muwāfiq 'amal k', dūsre kī 5.—Ba-lıhāz waqt rutba ya mansab ke kısı ke ba'd hona waqı'

kaluā. h, yā āpā. 6.—Ba-taur natīje ke nikalnā; mustambat h; mustakhraj h., ni-It follows from these facts that the accused is guilty - In waqi'at se yah natija mkaltā bai (yah mustanibat hotā yā nikaltā bai) ti yah mulkain mujrim bri

7 — Karnā kisī peshe wagaira men masrūf h., koyī tarīq ikhtiyār k.; koyî rah pakarba

Wnat profession does he follow?-Woh kaunga pesha kaita hai, uska pesha kya 8 — Samt yā tariq-i-wāhid pai chalnā, ek hī rāh pai chalnā; kisī kī

pairawī k.

9.-Kisî shai ko jo pîchhe ko hatî jatî ho dekha k.; kisî shai i mutaharrık ki taraf takā k.; kısī shai ke daulān men uspar mutawajjih rahnā; kisī ke baiābar chalnā, kisī bahs wagaira ke mafhūmta'allıq ya waq'at ko samajhna. staur natīje ke nīkalījā.

Follow, v. i Pîcahe jana ya ana, pairawî k.; kısî ke ba'd bi hona, ba Follower, n. Pairau; ham-ikāb, muqallid, jo kisī ke masāil yā rāe wagnira par 'amal kare, jo kisī ko dekhkar usī ke mutābig kām kare, murīd; chelā., sāthī; ham-tāltī; sharīk; tābi', mahkūm, kisi farīq kā sharīk.

Following, a. Äyında; jo düsre ke ba'd hî ho; mā-ba'd kā, āge āne w

2.—Mufassala ı-zail; musarraha-ı zail, nīche likhā huā yā likhī huyî; jo age likha ya likbî hai; hasbirzail [zail (basb-1 zail) bam. The following are the facts of this case—Is mugaddame he waqi'at mufassala-i-

Folly, n. 1.—Zu'f-1'aql, dil ki kam-zorî; be-samjhi, be-'aqlî; be-wuqüfî; humuq.

lshi'āiī, mūiakh kā kām. 2 —Be-wuqufāna fi'l; kām jo samajh būjh ke na kijā jāc, hamāgat Foment, v. t. 1 —Garm pānī wagaira se tarerā d.; falālīn ko garam pānī men tar karke usse tar k., senknā. [ishtiāl d , barangekhta k.

2 — Targīb de-kar baihānā, taqwiyat d; madad d.; mbhārnā; Often used in a bad sense.

Fond, a. 1.—Had se zujāda muhabbat r. w.; jo kisī par hamatan fidā ho (usko bahut châhe yā pyār kaie); shaidā, maftūn 2.—Bahut hi khush, mhāyat mushtāq, kusī bāt men khushi uthāne

wālā, jisko kisi bāt kā bahut hi mazā mile; shāiq (shauq r. w)

Followed by of.

Fondle, v. t. Pyār k ; dulārnā; muhabbat k ; chumkārnā; chūmnāchātnā; lād-pyār k. (zīyāda muhabbat ke sāth. Fondly, ad 1.—Bewuqufi se; be aqli se; be-tamizi ke sath, andaz se

2.—Nihāyat-muhabbat se; bare pyār se.

Fondness, z. Shauq; kamāl muhabbat; barī rogbat yā ķhwāhish; kısī shai ki barī tamannā yā uskā barā shauq; kisī shai ki jānib shiddat se mailán i-tabi'at. [gizā ; qūt , khunsh ; khānā ; ta'ām.

Food, a. I.—Woh shai jisse jāú-dār kī parwarish ho yā nabātāt palen; 2.—Woh shai jisse kisī dūsrī shai ko qiyam taqwiyat aur taraqqī ho. Fool, n. I.—'Aql se khāli shakhs, woh shakhs jismen ma'mūlī qism kī bhí samajh bújh na ho; paidáishí khabt ya be-wuquf; sada-lauh, jarh.

2 — Woh shakhs jiskī 'aql men kuchh futur ho; 30 'aql ke khilāf kām kare; jo 'aqılana bartaw na kare; be-wuquf; ahmaq; murakh; gawda.

3.—Maskharā, agle waqton (amān-r-salaf) men woh shakhs jo maskharagî ke liye badshahon aur düsre umara ke yahan rakkha jata tha

Fool's errund-Kisi shai ki bebūda yā 'abas talāsh, kisi bebūda yā be-kār bare kām kā uthānā ; us shai kī patrawī jo mil na sake ; aise kām kā birā uthānā jiskā anjām mumkin na ho -- To make a fool of -- Ba rāhir aisā banā d ku log bansen , kisī ko istarah rok d. ki uskā dil ranjida ho jāe, aisī tarah nā-kām k. yā dhokhā d ki sharm äye yā log mazhaka karen, māyūs k , mahrum k ; nā-murād k - To play the fool-Maskhara pan k , thattha k , khelk: be 'aul kī sī chāl chalnā - To put the fool on - Bewuguf banānā, uliū banānā, dhokhā d . dām-i fareb meh lānā

Fool, v. 2. Bewuqūfī kā kām k., khafīfu-l-haiakātī k.; sustī khel-kūd yā khushi men saif-i-augat k. dhokhā d ; fareb men lānā.

Fool, v + 1-Tahqîr k ; mâyûs k ; mahrûm k .; kāmyāb na hone d .;

2 — Pāgal banā d.; bewnqūf banānā.

3.—Dagā k ; thaguā, chhaluā; buttā dekar le l.

To fool one out of his money - Kîsî ko dagā dekar (use chhal yā thag ke) usse rupaye le l.—To fool anay-(a) Khafifu l-barakātī kāhilī be-wuqūfī yā aise kāmon men sarf k jinse kuchh fāida na ho -To fool away time-Tazī'a i augāt k-; behūda bāton men waqt gabnānā (b) Arsī chīzon men sarf k (lagana ya kharch k) jo be qadr ya be-kar hoù, be-'aqli so kharch k ; urana, phenk d.—jaise rapaye (zai)

Foolish, a 1 - Jismen be-wuqufi pāyī jāe khwāh zāhir ho; 'aql se khālī,

kam-fahm, be-tamīz; gāwdā, be-wuqūt

2 -- Jaisa kı be-wuquf kare; jo be-'aqlî ki wajh se ho; jisse betamīzī zāhir; khafīf; behūda, lagw.

Foolishly, ad Bewuqufana; be-'aqli se; besamjhe; be-tamīzī ke sāth, khılaf-ı-'aql, himaqat se. be tamiai.

Foolishness, n. Bewuqufi, be-'aqli; hımaqat; be-hudagi, murakhpan; Foot, n 1—Pānw; pair; qadam; pā; charan. 2—Pāya; gorā—jaise mez yā kuisī waguira kā

3.—Sab se nīche kā hissa pahār kā dāman yā hazīz; zail, pāyīn, kisî saf sılsıle yā qatār men ākhir.

4 — Bārah meh (tasē) kā māp.

faur laren 5.-- Usul, bunyad; bina

6.—Pıyada ya'nı sawar nahın—jaise sipahı; sipahı jo paidal chalen By foot, or rather, on foot-(a) Pıyada-pa; padal; pa piyada; par ke zor se; sawārī par nahîn; pairon — To go on foot - Paidal chalnā. (b) Hal-kar — To pass a stream on foot-Kısı nadı wagaıra ko hal-kar par kar-jana - To be on foot-Mutaharrik h ; daurām-rkār rawāyi men h., hotā rahnā, hālat-i anjām yā nafāz men h,; chal mkalnā; jārī h -- To set on foot - Qām k.; bunyād dalna; khara k , shuru' k.; chalana -To set on foot a subscription - Chanda khajā k (lagāpā yā shurū' k.).

Footing, n. 1.—Pair rakhne kî jagah; khare hone kī jagah; khare hone karne kī gunjāish; sabāt; istigrār. kī mazbūt bunyād. 2. - Mazbūt yā pakkā thekānā; istiqāmāt, istiqlāl; jar; kām ('amal) 3 - Hālat, kisi dūsre ke muqābale men jo hālat ho.

To be on an equal jooting, or on a footing of equality, with—Kisî dûsre ke barābar h ; kisī dûsre se darja-i-musāwāt r

4 -- Qudam; chāl, ābat; parchāl; parr kī āwāz.

'oot-mark, n. Pāwn kā nishān, naqsh-i-pā, pair kā chhāpā.

'oot-note, n. Safhe ke niche je 'ibarat bataui təmbih ke likh di jātī hai. 'oot-path, n. Pagdandī; woh tang rāh jo sırf paidal chalne wālon ke kām ātī hai [zāhii 'alāmat, 'alāmat; nıshānī 'oot-step, n. Pair ki nıshānī yā pair kā dāg, naqsh-1-pā; kısī tanīq kī 'or, prep. 1.— Jagah men; ba-jāe, badle men, kısī ke 'ıwaz men; jısse düsie shai kā barābar jā ma'qūl mu'āwaza ho-jāe, jisse kısī kī pādāsh ho jāe (sazā men barābar badlā miljāe).

Infe for hie-Jan ke badle jan-Word for word-Lafz he badle lafz

2.—Ba-tuur kisi ke qaim-maqam le, kisi ki jagah par; kisi ke 'waz pu usike ke barabar ikhtiyar rakhta hua.

An attorney acts for his principal—Makhtār apre āgā kī jagah (uske gāmumagām ke taur pai) kār ranāyi kartā hai—Do this for me—Yali kām mere 'iwaz men jā mere nai' ke lije kar do.

3.—Kı-î düsrî shar ke badal kî tarah (uske badle ya 'iwaz men)

To quit one profession for another—Dk petha thhor-kar uske'awan men (bataur uske badal ke) düsrä petha ikhtiyär k

4 - Kısı shaklıs ya shai ki haisijat se, ba-taur, manind.

To know a thing for a truth—Kisi būt ko ba-taur asl haqiqat ke jūnuā—I have heard this for certain—Main ne yah būt bataur haqiqat ke (mutahaqqaq yā thik thik) sunī hai.

5 — Jānih, samt men; taraf ko; kiej dūsii jagah ko jāne ke irāde se. They sailed for Egypt — We Misr ki jāmb (wahub jāne ke iiāde se) jahāz par rawāna huje

6—K.sî ke naf ke liye; nāste; garaz se; kisī kām fāide yā manshā se; kisī sbai kī taiaqqī yā i'ānat ke live, kisī shai ke haq men mufid. 7—Kisī shai ke pahunchue āne yā milno kī garaz se.

He is waiting for his friend-Woh apne dost kā (uske āne kā) muntazir hai

S — Kisî shai ke husûl (pâne ya hasil karne) ke liye, kisî maqsad ko pahunchne ya uske hasil karne ki garaz se.

After all our exertions, we depend on divine and for success—Bā-wujūd apni tamān: Poshishon ke apnī kāmyābī (uske husūl) kā madāi ham log madadıilabī par rakhte haio [ke hiye

9.—Kisi shai se hifazat ke liye; kisî shai ko rokne aur dür karne A remedi for the headache—Sar-dard kā (uske rokne aur daf karne kā) 'ilāj To provide elothes for winter—Jāre ke liye (sardi se bachne ke liye) kapre munaiyā k

10.-Ba-wajh, ba-sabab; bā'ıs se; sabab se.

11 — Ba nisbat, bāb men, kisī ke muta'allıq, kisī kī taraf yī jāmb se [i-mu'aiyan tak,

12.—Kısı zamān-i-mahdūd meň; kisī waqt-i-mu'aiyan tak, kisī jāc-For five days-Pānch din .tak—For life-'Umi bhar, muddatu-l'umr tak; jab tak jīya tab tak.—For ten miles—Das mil tak. 13.—Kisī se milne ke liye.

I am ready for you - Main tum se milne ke liye taiyar hun

14.—Kisī shar kī taraf, kısī shar kī jānīb mailān.

An inclination for drink-Sharab ki taraf ragbat.

15.—Kısı shai ke haq men; kısı shai ki janıb ya'nı uski taraf ragbat (rujban) r w ; kısı shai ka chahne wala.

He is for a free government-Weh chāhtī has ki hukūmat āzādāna ho

16.—Bā-wujūd; bā-wasf, kisī ke khilāf, woh bāt jiske hote huye koyī dūsiī bāt ho wuqū' men āye yā kī-jāe; jahān tak, ba-mūjib.

Generally followed by all, aught, anything, &c.

17.—Kisi shar ke andāz se; kisi bāt ke lihāz yā khayāl se; kisi shar par nazar karke; ba-lihāz. [ziyāda lambā (darāz qad) har.

He is tall for one of his years, or tall for his age—Apne sin ke linaz se woh For as much as, or for asmuch as—Ba-lināz iske ki; chūnki; is bat par khayāl kar-ke ki, az-āojā ki, az-bos ki.—For ever—Hamesha, har-waqt azal-o abad tak, mudām—O for—Kyā khūb hotā ki mujhe fulān bāt hāsil hotī, merī yah du'ā hai ki fulān shai Khudā kī barakit se mujhe mîle.—Were it not for, or if it were not for—Kisī dūsri bāt ko nazar andāz (qat'-uazar yā chhor) kar-ke, agai fulān amr darmiyān men hāil na hotā to; agar fulān bāt na hotī to—For, or us for—Jahān tak ta'alluq hai; nisbat, bāb men, ba-lihāz.

For, conj. Kyūnkī, is liye ki, is sabab se ki.

Forbear, v. i. 1.—Kār-rawāyī se bāz rahnā; apnī tayīn rok r.; ishti'āl kī hālat men apne dil ko qābū men r., taamul k.; tawaqquf k.; ruk jānā. 2—Inkār k; na mānnā

Forbear, v 🐔 1 —Kanāra-kash h ; ihtirāz k ; bāz rahnā ; dar-guzarnā yā

dar-guzar k , na karnā; chhor d ; karne se bāz ānā.

2.—Rı āyat se pesh änā yā li'āyat k.; multafit h.; gam khānā; gam-gusālī k.; bardāsht k; sahnā. [jānā; jāne d. Forbearance, n. l.—Darguzar, litināb, firoguzāsht; chhor d.; bachā 2.—Dil ko apne qābū men r.; tabī'at par zabt

3 —Bardāsht; tahammul, dushman kī ri'āyat; narmī, intiqām yā ta'zīr men taammul. [māni' h.

Forbid, v. t 1 — Man' k.; bāz rahne yā na karne kā hukm d.; rok d, 2.—Kahīn yā kisī ke pās jāne kī mumāna'at k.; andar āne se bāz r; yah hukm d. ki bhītai mat ā.

I have forbidden him my house or presence—Main no use yah hukm diya hai ki mere ghar khwah mere samne na a. [paidā k

3—Roksa, māni' h.; sadd-i-rāh h., muzāhīm h.; rukāwaṭ dālnā yā Forbid, v. i. Man' k., māni' h.; roknā, bāz r. [rukāwaṭ ho. Forbidden, p. a Mamuū'; jo man' kiyā gayā ho; mumtana'; jiski nisbat Forbidding, p. a Jisko dekhkar us tak jāne kī ragbat na ho, jisse tabi'at ko nafiat ho, jisse tanaffur yā nā-pasandīdagī paidā ho; nā-guwār; zisht, kharāb, burā

A for bidding aspect—Aisī sūrat jisse dil ko-nafrat ho; karih yā burī sūrat Force, n. 1.—Zihnī yā jismānī tāqat, quwwat; mazbūtī tāsīr yā natīja paidā karne kī salāhiyat; dil par tayaqqun paidā karne kī tāqat; kisī tarah kī quwwat yā salāhiyat; zor; jawāz; khās ma'nī yā mafhūm.

2 — Jabr; tashaddud, kısı ki khwahish ya marzı ke khilaf ikhtıyar kā nafāz, zabardastī; ta'addī

3 .- Fauj : bairī yā bahiī faut

4 - (Law) (a) Qanun ke khılaf kisi shakhs ya chīz ki nisbat zor ya ıkhtıyar kā nafāz, jabr, zulm, ta'addi. (b) Jawaz; tasır, quwwat;

waq'at, pa-band kar rakhue ki quwwat, mazbūti, pukhtagi.

In force, or of force-Jiski tasir men futur na aya ho ; janz , jiski tasir puri pūrī qāum ho; nāfiz, Jismen rukāwat na ho-gayī ho, jo mansūkh na huā ho ; jārī —Is that law still en force ?- Kyā woh qanon abtak nafiz (jārī) hai, kva voh ganan abtak mansukh nahin hua !- Physical force-Quwwat-i-usmani - Mental force - Quwwat-i-zihni.

Force, v f. 1 -Majbūr k.; zor vā zabardastī se karānā; dabānā; tang k.: 'ajız k.; zer k ; kısī kām ke karne yā na karne ke liye majbūr k.

(use jabran karānā)

2 — Subūt ke zor se zibn-nashin (ma'qūl yā majbūi) k.

To force conviction on the mind-Subut ke zor se dil par tavaqque karana.

3.-Bigārnā, kharāb k., kisī 'aurat ke sāth zinā bi-l-jabr k ; bechhāpā māinā. hurmat k.

4 -Zabardastī se ienā, tashaddud se hāsil k.; māipīt kaikel, 5 —Zor ya tashaddud ke zaire se age chalana hatana nikal d

chhin l. akhz k hāsil k. 'alā-hāza-l-qıyās

With a following word, as along, away, from, into, through, out &c The money was forced from him - Woh rupaye usse Jabriya (zabardasti ya tashaddud selliye gaye -To force a person out of his possessions - Jo shar kisi ke gabze men ho usko usse jabrīya (tashaddud ke sāth) le yā chhin l —To force a thing upon one-Royi chiz jabriya kisi ke zimme k (uske gale lagana ya mandhuā, uske sar mārnā).

Forcible, a. 1 — Mazbūt; qawī; bā-tāsīr; muassīr; tāsir paidā k. w.

Foreible arguments - Dalail-1-qawi ya ma'qul ; aısı dalilen jinse mukhatab qail ho jāc. — Forcible words - Kahmāt-i-bā-tāsīr , aisī bāten jinkā asar sunne wale ke dil par ho.

2 — Jabrīya, jo zor yā zabardastī se hāsal kyā jāe; jaskā wagū' tashaddud ke zari'e se ho; jo sakhti tashaddud yā mārpit karke kiyā jāe. Fricible entry (Law) - Dakhl-i-bil-jaor, kisi ke makan men ya uski zamin par

mārpit kar-ke (tashaddud ke zari'e se) ghus jānā. - Forcible detamer - (Law) -- Muqibazat-i br-l-jabr ; kisi ki arazi wagaira ko zabardasti apne qabze men rakh chhornā

Forcibly, ad. Bi-l-jabr; ba-zor; jibrīya yā jabran; zabardastī se; tashaddud se; mārpīt kar yā kar-ke; majbūr karke; mazbūtī se; zor se; [haiwān hal-kar is pār se uspār chalā jāe, tāsīr ke sāth.

Ford, n. 1.—Daryā wagaira men woh maqām jahān koyi insan yā 2 — Dhár; bahtā pānī; nadī.

Ford, v t. Daryā wagaira ko hal-kar 'ubūr (pār) kar-jānā; hal-kar is pār se us pār nikal jānā. lage se jatana. Forebode, v. t. 1 - Peshin-goyī k.; pahle se batlanā; agam dekhānā;

2 —Pable se jān jānā; āge se ma'lūm karl; kisī musībat wagaira kā jo āne wālī ho pahle hā se dil men khayāl paidā h ; māyūsī kā khayāl peshtar hi se paidā k.

Foreclose, v t. Mani'h ; rokna; insidid k , baz r.; band kar-d

To foreclose a montgage: -(Law) 'Adālat ke faisale ke zarī'e se kisī rāhin ko uske istihqāq-i-infikāk-i rihu se mahrūm k

Webster —Bai'bāt karānā; bai'-i-kāmil karānā, bai'-i-bi-l-wafā yā rihu i-mashrūt ke mu'āmalāt men rāhin yā bāi'-i-shartī kī jānib se infikāk-i rihu na hone par bai' yā rihu kā qat'ī (puķhta yā mukaumal) karā d

Foreclosure, n (Law) Bai'bat; bai'-i kāmil; jāe-dād-i-marhūna ke infikāk

ke istihqaq se rahin ki mahrumi. Forefather, n Jad; buzurg; mūris; purkha

Forego, v t Kısı shar ke tasarruf ya naf se dast-bardar h.; chor d.; tark k.; dast-bardar h.,jine d., chhor barthna; tajna, tyagna ya tyag k

"Said either of a thing already enjoyed, or of one within reach, or anticipated." Webster [jiskī tangīh bahs se muqqaddam ho jāe Foregone conclusion - Woli natīja jo bahs yā taftīsh ke pahle qāim ho-jāe; natīja

Foregoing. ppr. Jo age guzar gayā ho; waqt yā mauqa' (zamān yā makān) ke lihāz se jo age nikal gayā ho; muqaddam; mā qabl; mashūqu z-zikr; peshīn; guzashta. [beiūnī, gair mulk kā: ajnabī. Foreign, a. 1.—Kisī ke khās mulk (des) kā nahīn, watanī nahīn; khārijī;

2 — Bi'id; gair-muta'alliq; jisko 'alāqa na ho; jisko sarokār na ho; be mauqa', muuāsib-i-hāl uzhīn; muwāfiq nahīn, gair-munāsib; khāij;

gan mauzūń, chaspāń nahīń.

With to or from.

The observation is foreign to the subject under consideration. Jo but zer-itagwiz has usee is kalam ko kuchh 'alaqa nahin has

3 -Jo dür ke mulk ya 'alaqe men pada ho; jo gar mulk se aya ho.

A foreign bill, or a foreign bill of exchange—Woh hundavî jo ek mulk men likhî jae par uske rupaye düsre mulk men wusûl hon.

"Distinguished from an inland bill, which is one drawn and payable in the same country" Webster

A foreign plea -- (Law) 'Uzi-i-'adam-i-ikhtiyār-i-samā'at; woh 'uzr jo kisī hākim ke rū ba-rū is mazmūn se pesh kiyā jāwe ki amr-ī nizā'i kī tajwīz is wajh se nahīn ho-saktī ki uskī samā'at kā ikhtiyār is 'adālat ko nahīn hai

Foreigner, n Gair mulk kā shakhs; jis mulk kā mazkūr ho wahān kā mutawattin nahīn, ajnabī; pardesī, bidesī.

Forejudge, v t Pahle hi se rāe qāum kar-d ; wāqı'āt aur subūt ki samā'at (unke sunne) ke pahle 1ās qāim kar-I.

Forelock, n. Sar kī peshānī par ke bāl.

To take time, or occasion, by the forelock—Kisī shar se fauran mustafīd h. (usse phat-paṭ apnā kām nikāl l); mauq'e ko hāth se nikal jāne na d.; jab kisī bāt kā mauqa' mil jāe use fi l-faur kar dālnā.

Foreman, n. 1.—Afsar; sardār; sadr-nashin; sarkhail-i ahl-i-jūrī jisko jūrī kī taraf se bāt-chīt karne kā mansab hotā hai; mir-majhs.

2 —Kısı kar khane men woh shakhs jo baqıya ashkhas ki nigranı kare; sardar; mukhıya; karora; sarbaralı; sardar. [se barhkar. Foremost, α Sab se muqaddam; sab ke age; rutbe ya dane men sab

Forensie, a 'Adālat ke muta'aliiq, jo 'adālaton khwāh unkī kāi-rawāiyon men musta'mal ho, 'ām bahson se ta'alluq r. w yā uumen musta'mal; bahs ke liye munāsib.

[men isti'mal kiyā jāc

A forensie term - 'Adālat kā latz; woh latz jo 'adālaton khwāh unki kār rawā iyon Forerun, v. t Kisī ke āge āge uhalnā, jo bāt hone-wālī ho uskī 'alāmat pahle se zāhir k, kisī bāt kī khabar pahle se d (uske āsār dekhānā).

Rorerunner, n. Woh shakhs jo dūsron kī āmad kī khabar puhunchāne ke liye puhle se bhej diyā jāe; naqīb, woh 'alāmat Jisse kisī amr kā wuqī' pahle se ma'lūm ho.

Certain pains in the head, back, and limbs, are the forerunness of a fever—Sar pith aur ā'zā men kuchh kuchh dard kā mahsūs bonā (ma'lūm d) bukhār kī (uske āne kī) 'alāmat hai [jūn l.; āgam jānuā yā ma'lūm k

Foressee, v t Pesh-bīnī k; qabl-az-wuqū' dekhnā yā jān jānā, pahle se Foreshow, v. t Pahle se dekhlāuā, pahle se batlā d.; pahle se kah d Foresight, n 1.—Pesh-bīnī; pahle se jān l

2 — Aqıbat-andeshi, pesh-bini se ayında ki ihtiyat; balaon se

mahfūz rahne men dūr-andeshī, 'āqilāna pesh-bīnī.

Forestall, v. t 1 -Pahle se ma'lum kar-l; pahle se jan jana.

2—Kısı düsri shai par sabaqat lejkul yase woh ya to bi-l-kul matrük ho-jae ya usko kuchh nuqsan pahunche; pahlo se ghus-paith ya tadbir karke düsre ko ane na d use rok d ya mani' h.; qabl use ki sahih sahih rae qaim karne ka zari'a ya mauqa' mile koyi asar i-khariji pahuncha d.

To forestall the market—(Law) Qimat barhākar bechne ke hye kizī chīz ko jo bāzār men bikne ke waste jātī ho asnā-i rāh men kharīd i yā uskī kharīdarī kī bā chīt kar l., bāzīr men apne ashāb yā jins ke le-jāne se logon ko targīb dekar bīz r yā unko is bāt par rāgīb k kī bā sār men pahunch kar

we apne mal ki qimat barha den.

Foreteil, v. t Peshin-goyi k., kwī bāt ke wāqi' hone ke pahle uske waqu' kā hāl batlā d; āgam dekhānā, pable se 'alāmat zāhır k.

Forewarn, v t Pahle se jatā d ; kisī ko pahle se khabar-dāi āgāh yā muttala' kar d , pahle hī se ittilā' de d. (janā d)

Forfeit a. Jo shai kisi junn ki pādāsh men kho yā muntaqil ho jāe; jo kisi jurm ki ta zīi men zabt ho sake; zabti ke qābil, munzabita.

All his property has become for felt to the state—Uski kul jāedād ba pādūsh ijurm usce sarkār men muntaqul yā zabt ho-gayī.

Forfeit, n. Jo shai jurm ki ta'zir men le li jāe; woh shai jo kisī h'l r-bad ki sazā men le-li-gayī yā li-jā saktī ho, woh shai jo kisī jurm yā farz ke anjām men tagāful yā khilāf warzī-i-mu'āhada ke 'iwaz men khojāwe yā uskī haqqīyat muntaqil ho-jāwe; jurmāna; tāwān; dand

Borfeik, v. t. Qusür gunāh yā jurm kī wajh se kisī shai yā uske muta'alliq ke istihqāq ko kho d, bad-ā'mālī ke sabab se apnī taym kisī shai se mahrūm kiye jāne kā mustaujib k.; gallat yā jurm ke badle men kisī shai ke qabza-o-dakhi kā haq dūsre kī jānib muntaqil kar d.

Porfeiture n 1 — Kisi haqqiyat jäedäd yä mausab wagaira kā kisi jurm yā khilāj warzi i-mu'āhada wagaira ke badle men kho d.; 12āla ihaqqiyat ma'ishat yā mausab wagaira jo naqz-i-mu'āhada yā dūsre fi'l

ke ba'ın ho; sabti; qurqi.

2 — Woh shai yā jāedād jo jurm wagaira ke 'iwaz men zāil bo jāe; jāedād-i munzabita, jurmāna, dand.

Forge, v i Jhūthā banānā gair-sahīb yā gair-aslī bāt yā shai kā paidā k, sākht k., banāwat k, talbīs k; kīsī dūsiī shai ke mushābih banānā; ja'l k; libāsī banānā. [msīd banānā]

To forge coin—Qalbī (talbīsī yā jhūthā) sikka banānā—To forge a receipt—Ja'li Forger, n Ja'lasāz, jhūthā banāne w ; woh shakha jo ja'lī wasiqa banāye

yā use kām men lāye.

Forgery, n. 1 — Ju'l ya ju'l-sazī; ju'l banāna; sakht k ya jhūthā banāna; dūsie kī mazairat ke liye koyī wasīqa az-rāh-i-faieb banānā ya use tabdīl k.; dhokhā aur faieb-dihī kī niyat se ek shai kā dūsrī shai ke mushābih banānā; lihāsī banānā.

2.—Jo shar ja'lī masnū'i yā talbīsī banāyī jāe

Forget, v t. 1 — Bhūl jānā, yād na r ; dil men rahne na d. (chit se utār d); farāmosh kar-d ; sahw kar-jānā; knayāl men na lānā.

2.—Be-iltifātī k.; 'adam-tawajinhī k.; gaflat k.

To joiget one's self—Jo tät apne liye muzaiyab na ho uslā kar-guzamā, apnī be-waqiī k., gusse men ā-jānā yā apne āp (apne qābū) men ua rahnā; nazar-andāz kar d [hisi shai kī yād jald jūtī rahe.

Forgetful, a. 1 — Jo bāton ko bhūl jāyā kare; nisyānī, bhulakkar; jise 2.—Be-khabar; be-parwā, gafiat shi'āi; 'adam-mutawajjih [paidā ho.

3 — Jisse koyî bat bhûl jîe, bhulane wala, jisse faramoshî ya nisyan Forgetfulness, n 1.—Nisyan, baton ko bhula dene ki taraf malan

2. - Bāton kā bhūl jānā (unkā yād na r), sahw, falāmosbī. [juhī

3—Ģaflat se bhulā d.; be-ihtiyātī se matrūk kar-d.; 'adam-tawaj-Forgive, v t. l.—Kisī ianj dene wālī yā nuqeān kī bāt par burā na māunā yā uske badlā lene kā khayāl chhor d.; mu'āf kar d.; dar-guzar k.; 'afw k.

2 — Jis shakhs ne koyî nuqsan ya burayî kî ho usse bura na manna ya badla lene ke khayal se dar guzar k.; barau z-zimma k; mu'af k.;

chhord; dar-guzar k.

Forgiveness, n 1.—Mu'āfī, kisī mujrim ke qusūr se dar-gazar; kisī ranjish jurm dain yā tāwān kā mu'āfī (usse dar-gazar); magfarat; najāt; 'afw.

2 - 'Afw ki jānib mailān; mu'āfi kī ragbat.

Forisfamiliate, v. t. (Law) Khāndān se khārij kar d.; is tarah par hīssa de d. ki āyinda par da'nī i wirāsat na ho sake; mīrās-i-pidarī men phir hissa-dārī ke ist.hqāq-i-jāiz kī peshī se dast-bardār h.

Forisfamiliation, n Îrs-i pidari ki nisbat da'wi-i mazid se dast-bardari.

"When a child has received a portion of his father's estate, and renounces all title to a further share, his act is called forisfamiliation, and he is said to be forisfamiliated" Webster.

Form, n. 1 — Kisī shai ki shakl aur banāwat, sūrat-shakl; daul; zāhirī

sūrat; tarāsb-kharāsh; hasat; rūp; ākār; dhānchā

2.—Tariq; sılsıla; ıntızam; nazm-o-nasq; tartib hanawat wagaira.
3.—Dastür, kar-rawayi ka mu'aiyan tariq; oz'ıda; zahıta, sarrish-

3.—Dastūr, kār-rawāyī kā mu'aiyan tarīq; qā'ida; zābita, sarrishta; rawaiya; dastūr-i-mustamira (bandhā huā tarīq); jo tarz pahle se chalā ātā ho. [banāyī jāeń.

4.—Daul, naqsha; namuns; woh shai jiske mutabiq aur ashya

5.—Numāish i-be-asl; mahz zāhirī sūrat yā zāhir-dārī, nnī rasmī bāt; nuā rasm yā rasm 1-zāhuī. [banānā; paidā k., tarkīb d.

form, v t. 1.—Banānā, kisī shai ko sūrat d.; ta'mīr k.; kisī daul par 2.—Kisī shai ko ek khās sūrat d., kisī khīs hālat men kai-d., taitīb d; ta'lim-o-tarbiyat ke zari'e se sudhārnā; ta'līm d.

3.—Nikāluā; ījād k., kharā k., bāndhuā. To form a design or scheme - Koyī mansūba nīkālnā (kharā k), kisī tadbīr kā 4.—Qáim k ; qarār d , 'aqlī natījon par qāim k.; thahrānā.

To form an opinion - Rāc gāim k yā thahrānā, 'aqli natāij par tajwīz gāim k. 5.—Kısı shai ke banne ka zarı'a h.; kısı shai ki tarkıb men madad d.; kuī shai kā juzw-i-khās h.; kuī bāt men kām ānā.

These facts form a safe foundation for our conclusions - In waqi'at ki bunyad par Lam log tamäniyat se spnī i ge qāim kar sakte hain.

Formal, a. 1 .- Jo kuchh qa'ide ke mutabiq ya sanjidagi se kiya jae: sarîhî; qa'ıda ya tariq-i-mu'aiyana ke mutabiq, zunnan daf'atan ya khilāf-i-qā'ida nahin, bā-zābita; sarishte ke mutābiq.

Did the defendant give his formal consent to the dead !- Kya mudda'a 'alaih ne us dastāwez kī nisbat apnī manzūrī sanjidagī ke sāth. (sarāhatan yā qā'ide ke mutābiq) zāhir kī "

2 —Zāhiri, jo asl men kuchli na ho.

Formality, n Rasm-ı mu'aiyan, qa'ida-i-mu'aiyan; kir rawayı ki tariq; tarz-1-ma'mūlī wa khās, hamesha kā dastūi; zābita, sarishta; sürat-ı-zāhir, jo kuchh üpar se dekh pare

Formally, ad. Dastūr-i-mustamira qā'ide silsile yā rasm ke mutābiq; khās karke sā kisī khās amr kī nisbat; saiīhī, bā gā'ida; thīk-thīk; takalluf ke sāth, ba-zāhir, ba-asbāb-i-zāhir.

FOR MA PAUPERIS, [Lat] Shakl-1-muffis, muffis ki sürat.

In forma paupeus - Ba shakl ı-muffis, ba sīga-i-muffisî ya muffisî ke sîge men , musisana - To sue in jorná paupo is - Siga i-musisi men nalish k , musisāna nāhshī h ; pāpar k.; kharcha-t-nālish se bachne ke hye apnī be maqduri kā 12hāi karke nālishī h.

Formation, n. l. Banānā, paidā k. yā wojūd d.; sūrat-garī; kisī shakl yā sūrat kā banānā; kisī shakl par qāim k.

2.—Jis tarīq par koyi shai banāyī jāe, banāwat, sākht; taikīb.

Former, a. 1.—Pahlā; aglā, waqt ke silsile ke lihāz se kisi shakhs yā shai se muqqaddam; awwal ya sabiq; pabla.

Opposed to latter.

2.—Guzashta, jise bite bahut din huye hon; qadim; salaf.

3. - Im do chîzon kā ek sath mazkur ha unmen se pahla; awwaluz-zikr; jiskā bayān pahle huā he.

Formerly, ad. Zamāna-1-guzashta men 'ām 1880 kī woh hāl hī men guzrā ho yā kise aise waqt jiskā ta'aiyun na ho-sake; sābiq men yā sūbiqau; isse qabl; agle zamāne men; āge, pahle.

Formudable, a. Jisse khanf paidā ho; haul-nāk; muhib; jiski sūrat darāani ho, itnā harā ki usse khanf khā-kar uske nazdik na jāen yā

muqabil hon khwah uska zimma ya bira utbayen

Formula, n Tariq-1-mu'aiyan; qa'ida-1 mustamira; kisi shat ke karue tartib dene ya kahne wagana ka muqarrar khwah rasmi tariq; dastür;

zābīta; qā'īda

[chhinālā k.; harām-kārī k.

Fornicate, v. c. Zma va zma-kari k.; na-jaiz taniq par mujama at k.; Fornication, n. Zinā yā zinā kārī; be-byāhe maid yā be-byāhī 'auiat ki āwānagī; byāhe mard kā be-byāhī 'amat ke sāth nā-jāiz tarīq par ham-

Fornicator, n. Be byāhā mard jo be-byīhī 'aurat se yā be-byāhī 'aurat 10 be-byālie mard se nā-jāiz tarīq par ham-bistai ho, byāhā mard jo

be-byāhī 'amat se ham-suhbat ho; zānī; harām-kār.

Forsake, v t. Bi-l kul chhor d.; kulligatan taik k.; kanaia-kash ya dast-bardār h , chhor kai chale jānā; chhornā; alag ho-jānā, rū gar-

đãn h , munh phei l

Fort, n. Qal'a, garh, kot, koyî chhotî jagah jahan qal'a-bandî ho, woh jagah jiske ird-gud khāyīn aur fasil wagama hifāzat kī nazar se banī hon; woh jagah jahāu dushman se bachāw ke liye har tarah kī hifāzat kar lī-jāe.

Forte, n. Woh bat jismen koji khûb mazbût ho, woh shar jismen kojî [1 mu'aiyana ke age düsron par tarjih rakkhe (unse barh kar ho)

Forth, ad. 1.—Age, waqt ya jagah ke lihaz se age ko, kisi waqt ja jae. From that day forth - Us roz se age ke; bu abar usi din se One, two, three, and so forth - Ek do tin aur isi tarah age bhi ('ala haza-l qıyas ya wagarra)

2 —Ikhfā habs yā 'adam-shiguftagī wagaira kī bālat ko dür karke bāhai, bāhar; aisī hālut meń ki logon ko uasai pare; 'awāri ke dekhue men; kısı 'anı har-iyat se.

The plants in spring put forth leaves - Fasl-1-bahär men paudhon men pattiyān nikal äti hain — Your country calls you forth into service — Chähiye ki apne mulk [hāzır, maujūd, sāmne. ke liye tum barmala ya barı. am kar-rıwayî karo

Forthcoming, a. Hāzir hone (maujūd hone yā pesh āne) ke liye taiyār; Not for the conting - Gum; gaib, maique, gair hazir. [na pare; jhat, jhatpat

Forthwith, ad. I - Fauran, fi-l-faur, bila-tawaqquf; abbi; jismen waqfa 2.—(Law) Qānūnī 'amal-dar-āmad men jab is lafz kā isti'māl hotā hai to iske yah ma'ni hote ham ki jis fil ha anjam matlub hai use jahān tak munāsih tarīq par koshish ho saktī ho koshish karke fauran

anjām karnā chāhiye, fikr-i-ma'qūl se jisqadar jald mumkiu ho. Fortification, n. Qal'a bandī, garh-bandī, ganīm se bachāw ke hye jo frokue ke liye quwwat d. kuchh ta'mīrāt hon, qal'a; garh.

Fortify, v t 1 - Quwwat barha d.; mazbūt k ; istihkām d.; hamle ke 2.—Qal'a-bandī k., morcha-bandhnā, ganim kī yūrish se bachne

yā muhāsare ki hālat men be-zarar rahne ke liye mahfūz k.

3.—Mazbūt k , mustahkam k.; mustaqıl k , sabāt d. 4.—Zor tashaddud yā zad-o zarb ko rokne kī quwwat yā uslā zari'a

baham pahunchānā yā denā

Fortitude, n. Dil ki woh mazbūtī jisse insān khatre kī hālat men ghabia kar himmat nahîn harta ya ranj khwah musibat ko chupchap anr istıqlal ke sath sah leta har, mazbüti se taklif wagarra ki bardacht, khatre wagana ki bālat men mizāj kā mustaqıl r.

Fortnight, n. Chaudah din, do hafte.

Formightly, ad Chauhdah din men ek martaba; do do hafte par Formess, n Woh jagah jahan qal'a-bandi ho, qal'a, gaib; hifazat ki jagah; sbahr jismen morcha-bandi ho.

Fortuitous, a. Ittifāqī, yakāyak āne yā hone wālā; jiskā wuqū' begair

kısı wajh ı-ma'rüf ke ho, nagahani; az-gaibi

Fortunate, a 1.—Muhārak; mas'ūd; farrukh; humāyūn; khush-nasibî yā khush-waqtī se hone wālī, jisse kisī aisī achebbī bāt kā zubūr ho jiskā tayaqquu pahle se na rahā ho

A fortunate event—Woh bāt jiskā honā mubārak ho—A fortunate concurrence of circumstances—Khush-nasībī yā khush waqti se kayī bāton kā ekaṭṭhā h

2.—Khush-nasib, kām-gāi; jisse koyi aisī shai hāth lag-jāe jiskī ummed pahle se na rahī ho yā jiske hāsil hone kā madār uskī hunar mandī yā koshish par na rahā ho, khush-qismat; juwāh-bakht, kām-yān; khush; sāhih-i iqbāl; bakhtāwar

A fortunate adventurer in a lottery—Woh shakhs jise khush-nasibî se qur'a andāzī men kayī qur'a mil-jāc—I was most fortunate thus unexpectedly to meet my hiend—Mere nasīb nihāyat achehbe the ki is tarah par yakāyak

apne dost se mulaqat ho-gaya

Fortunately, ad. Khush-qiemati jā khush-nasībi se, kām-gārī se, khushi se, achchhe nasīb se, hush i-ittifāq se, khūbi-i waqt se, khush-tub'ī se Fortune, n 1.—Taqdīr, qismat, nasīb; bakht, tāli'; bhāg, ratī. [nasīb.

2—Qısmatkalıkhā, honhār; wohhālat jo āne wall ho; muqaddarāt, 3—Jo kuchh ādmi par bīte; sar-anjām; mail i-kār; jis kām kā bīrā kisi ne utbāyā ho uskā natija; kisi kār-rawāyī kā samia; kām yābī yā nākāmī, nek nat ja; achebhā anjām; naŋd-i-muiād kī hāth ānā.

4.—Ma'shat, māl-o-matā', daulat; dhan jo kuchh saimāya kisi ke pās ho khusūsan ma'ishat-i-kasīr (bahut māl o-matā), barī daulat, barā dhan [se shādī kī fikr rakkhe jisko hahut kuchh jahez men mile Fortune-hunter, n. Woh shakha jo daulat-mand hone ke liye aisī 'aurat Fortune-hunting, n. Shādī ke zaif'e se daulat kī talāsh yā fikr.

Fortune-teller, 2. Woh shakhs jo düsre ke äyında ke halat batlaye

masalan munajim rammal wagana

Forum, n. 'Adālat; kachahi'i; won jamā'āt jise muqaddamāt ke sunne aur faisal karne (nuki samā'at wa infisāl) kā ikhtiyār diyā gayā ho.

Forward, ad. Age; age ko; us hisse ya jagah ki taraf jo samne ya Forwards, pesh-i-nazar ho.

Backward and forward - Age-piobhe, pas-o pesh.

Forward, a. 1 .-- Aglā; nazdīk; agle bisse par; kisī dūsre ke āge

The forward gun in a ship-Jahaz par kī aglī top-The forward horse in a team-Jorī wagaira ke ghoron men jo aglā ghorā ho

2—Taiyār; musta'id; kamar-basta; bahut hī māil; isqadar musta'idi yā 'ujlat a\u00e4hir k. w. ki woh ma'y\u00fab ho

3 —Sar-garm; shāiq; tan-dih; josh se bharā huā.

4.—Dhīthā; shokh; be-bāk; munh-phat yā be-hayā; munh-zor.

The boy is too farward for his years—Apni 'umr ke i'tibar se yah larka had se ziyada shokh bai ; ze sin ke larke men jisqadar sukut ya haya chabiye utni is larke men nahin hai.

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5 —Ma'mül se ziyāda; barhā huā; fasl yā mausım ke lihāz se ziyāda barhā huā [jitnā ki fael men chāhiye usse ziyāda baih āyā hai.

The grain is forward, or forward for the season-Naj ma'mul se ziyada ya

6 — Ta'jīl-kār; jald-bāz; jitnā chāhiye usse ziyāda māil

Forward. v t. 1 — Madad de kar age ko chalânā; taragqī d; himāyat k; 'ujlat karānā, ta'jīl kā bā'is li

2 — Rawāna k ; irsāl k , jahāń bhejnā maqsūd ho wahāń bhejnā;

bheyna; chālān k. [ke gilānā

Foster, v t. 1 — Khilānā pilīnā; pālnā; posnā; parwarish k.; khilā-pilā 2.—Barhānā; barhne (bālīdagī) men madad d.—jaise darakht wagaira kī, taqwiyat k., taraqqī d , qāim r. aur barhānā—jaise zihn yā kisī bāt ke shauq ko.

Foster-brother, n Woh do larke jinhon ne ek hî dâyî kâ dûdh pîya ho par ek hî man-bap se paida na hon; razî'; ham-shīr; baradar-1-raza'î; koka.

Foster-child, n Woh larhā yā larkī jise kisī mard ne jo uskā būp na ho yā kisī 'aurat ne jo uskī mān na ho pālā yā dūdh pilā kar jilāyā ho; pisar yā dukhtar-i-razā'ī [aur ta'līm de.

Foster-father, n Woh shakhs jo kısî larke ko ba-jāe uske bāp ke pāle Foster-mother, n Woh 'autat jo kısî gar ke larke ko ba-jāe uskî mān

ke paiwarish kare, dayi, dudh-pilayi. anna.

Foster-sister, n. Woh do larkıyan jo ek man bap se na hon par unkî parwarısh ek hi man ya ek hi bap khwah walıdamı-ı-wahıd ne ki ho; razi'a; hamshir-ı raza'i [parwarish kare aur ta'lim de. Foster-son, n Woh larka jıse koyi shakhs ba taur apne pısar-i-sulbi ke Foul, a. 1.—Ganda, maıla; saf nahin, khalab; jısmen aisi shal kasrat se

ho jo muzir yā ranj-dih ho; najis.

Foul hands - Maile hath - A foul cloth - Maila (nujis ya ganda) kapra

2.—Nāpāk; fuhsh, dushnām āmez; nāqus, mugalliz; phūhar. [bāteù. Poul words, or language-Kalmāt-i-fuhsh; gāliyān, mugallizāt; burī burī 3.—Bādal ghirā huā yā menh barastā huā; jab badlī ho aur hawā khūb tund chaltī ho, jab āsmān sāf vā phuraliā na ha.

Said of the weather, sky, &c

4.—Mukhālif, nā-muwāfiq, ultī; jidhar jānā ho udhar kī nahīn; khatar-nāk; jahān qiyām men khatra ho, jo chalne yā thaharne ke lije mahfūz na ho.

A foul wind — Bād-i-mukhālif; jis samt ko jānā manzār ho us jānīb kī hawā nahīh; ultī hawā — A foul road — Woh sarak jispar chalne yā thaharne men khatra ho; khatar-nāk rāh.

5 — Jo dastūr yā qā'ida mu'aiyan ho uske khilāf, nā jāiz, jismen imāndārī kām men na lāyī jāe; jo dagā kī nīyat se ho, jo bila-lihāz-i-ābrū kiyā jāe, nā-wājib, īmān yā diyānat ke khilāf.

Foul play - Woh kār rawāyī jo dastūr yā qā'ida: mustamīra ke khilāf kī-jāwe; kār-rawāyī: nā-jāiz, be-īmānī kā bartāw, be-īmānī kā mu'āmala; bad-mu'āmalagi; fareb; dagā-bāzī [qabīh--jause fi'l.

6.—Zabūn; kharāb; nafrat ke qābil; makrūh; jispar sharm āye;

7.—Gadlā, gārhā, kīchar kī tarah—jaişe pānī. 8.—Uljhā huā, jo chal na sake. A foul copy - Kısî tahrîr kā awwal musawwada je jā ba-jā qalam zad ho.—To fall foul - Takrar k , larna , jhegarna, bigar khare h .-- To run or fall foul of --Dûsre se takrā (lar yā bhir) jānā, charh jānā, dūsre par larkha;ā-ke gir parnā.

Foul, v. a. 1.—Mailā k ; najis k ; ganda k. ; mail lagānā yā potnā. 2 — Phańsānā, kisi aisi shai ke muqābil kar d. Jisse harakat ruk-jāc.

Foully, ad. Buritarah se; najis taur pai; aisi tarah ki kaiāhiyat ho; arse dhang se ki sharmindagi ho; be imani se; bad-dijanati se: be-abiūyī se

Foul-monthed, a. Jiskī zabān se fuhsh gaude yā nā mulāim kalimāt nıklā karen, zabān kā kharāb (bad-zabān); be-lagām; munh kā phūar Found, v. t 1 -Kısı chiz ki bunyad dalna, kisi shar par qirm ya mabni

k.; mazbūtī se gāim k.; binā dālnā.

2.—Mūjid h., wujūd d ; hastī men lanā; sāmān i-ibtidāyī baham pahunchānā, kharā yā qāim k.; shuru' k.; qāim karne kā ibtidāyī fi'l

k, bunyad daine ki tadbir k.

Found, v t Dhat ko gala aur sanche men dhalkar kuchh banana, dhalna. Foundation, n 1 .- Woh shai jispar kisî chîz ki bunyad pare; woh shai jupat koyî chîz kharî rahe aur usse sahara pawe, bunyad; bina, bekh; ael, madār, ne yā new.

2 — Ibtidā, āgāz; shurū'.

3.-Woh 'atīja yī hiba-i-wasīyatī jo kisī khairāt ke qāim rakhue ke garaz se hamesha ke liye kıya jawe; waqf Schalava jawe.

4.-Woh klauati kar khana jo ba-zari'a hiba-i-wasiyati ya 'atiya ke

Founded, pp. Qaim; mabni, kisi jar par thahra hua, mustahkam.

Founder, n Bauī, bunyad dalue w.; gam k. w.; banī mabanī; asl; woh shakis jiskī zāt se koyī shai paidā ho, mūjid, waqf k. w. yā wāqif; woh shakhs jo kısı khanatı karkhana wagana ke dawamı qıyam ke hye rupaye wagaira de de.

Founder, n Dhalue w.; jo dhat ko dhal-kan tarah tarah li chizen banaye. Foundling, n Tiffer uftäda; woh larka jiske man-bap ne usse dast-bardar hone ki niyat se use phenk diya ya tan-ba-taqdir chhor diya ho; be man bap ja wait wans ha haisa ju para mile.

Shikastagi. Fracture, n 1,-Tor d.; assa kar d. ki tut jae. 2 - Kısı sakht chīz kā mār-pit ke sadme se tút yā phūt jānā;

Simple fracture - Sirf haddi kā tūt jānā; sirf haddi kā do yā kayi tiikre ho jānā Compound fracture-Haddi tüt kar chamre (jild-i-badan) ka is tarah phat [Webster jaua ki apar se le-kar bhitar tak zakhm khul jae

"Fracture is applied to hard substances, as the fracture of a bone" Fracture, v. t. Tor d ; phor d ; do tukre kar d ; kisi chiz ke bāham lage

huye hisson ko alag alag kar d khopri phor d To fracture a bone-Haddi tor d .- To fracture the akull-Kasa l-sar ko tor d , Fragile, a Jo sanl men tūt jāe; jo jhat se tūt jāe, hodā, ārar, jo

purza. āsānī se bigar jāc; nāzuk; kamzor. Fragment, n 1.--Tukrā; pāra; hissa jo tor-kar judā kar-liyā jāe, reza;

2.—Hissa jo baqiya shat se alag bo; nā-tamām bissa; Juzw-1-uāqis. Fragrance, | 2. Khushbū; mithi mahak, sugandh; bū jusse dimāg Fragrancy, f mu'attar ho jae. mu'attar.

Fragrant, a. Khushbū-dār; jiski bū achehbi ho, jiski mahak bhali ho,

Frail, a. 1.—Jo āsānī se tūt jāe; mazbūt yā pāedār nahin, sarī'u-z zawāl, kam-zor; juspar hawādis kā asar pahunch sake; fanā-pazīr.

2.—Dil kā kamzor, jo gumrāh hojāe yā dhokhā khā jāe, jo badī kī cargīb se bach na sake; mom ki nāk; jiskī thāu mazbūt na ho (jismen tasmīm 1-īrādat na ho), ljānā, māde kī be sabātī

Frailty, n. 1 - Kamzori, za'ifu-l-bunyāni, dhokhe men a-jānā vā bahak

2 —'Aıb, naqs; khatā, gunāh jo dil kī kamzorī se ho.

Frame, n 1.—That, dhancha; dhachar; daul, kisī sharı-murakkab ke arzā jo durust karke āpas men jor diye jāen.

2.—Chankathā, gherā, halqa; girdā; khāna [thaṭiī, qālib-i-tan. 3.—Jism kī tarkīb, quwa-i-jismānī, kisī ke badan kī banāwat; kāthī;

4 — Daul; nazm; tarkīb, silsila, tarīg. qāim kījāe.

5.—Khās hālat—jaise tabi'at kī; mizāj; qā'ida; jo hālat sudhār ke To be always in a happy frame—Hamesha khush rabnā (dil ko harwaqt khush iakhnā)—He is out of frame—Uskā mizāj barbam hai

Trame, v. t. 1 —Banānā, taiyār k.; ta'mir k.—jaise makān.

2.—Banānā, murattab k., waz' k.; qāim k.

To frame a law - Kisi qunun ku banana mulattab ya war' k .- To frame an issue – Amr i-tanqīh talab gām k ; tanqīh k.

3.—Soch kar nikālnā; paidā k ; ijād k ; mansiiba karke gāim k.,

ıkhtıra' ya sakht k ; ıjid k — jaise koyi jhüthi bat

4.—Sudhāinā, kisi ke hasb-i-hāl yā kisi khās maqsad ke lije banānā, hasb-i-hāl banānā, kisī ke mutābiq k; sudhārnā; murattab k.; thik k : durust k.

5.—Chaukathā lagānā yā jarnā—jaise taswīr men.

Frame-work, n. Same as No. 2 of Frame.

Franchise, n. (Law) 1.—Woh istihqaq ya ikhtiyar i-khas jo ashkhas ko kısı badshalı ya riyasat ki taraf se ata ho; ma'müli ıkhtıyar-ı-hukümat se barāat yā āzādī.

2.—Us bār yā mahsūl se barāat jo auron par 'āid hotā ho.

3.—Woh zil' yā 'alāqa jiske muta'alliq koyi ikhtiyār-i-khās hāsil ho; woh hudud jiske andai äzädi rahe; jäe-panäh; panäh-gäh.

Frangible, a. Same as Fragile.

Frank, a. Apnā asli hāl dilkhol-kar kahne w ; kashida-khātir nahin; jo apuā bhed na chhipāwe; sāf dīl; sīna-sāf, sachchā. Frank, v. t. 1.—Saikārī sawārī par bilā akhz-i-masārif (be-kharch liye)

2.—Chitthi wagaira ko dak ke mahsul se mustasna k (uspar mahsul na l.) Frank, n. Woh chîthî jispar dak ka mahsûl na liya jae, woh bat jisse chithi mahsul se ban ki-jawe masalan us shakhs ka dastkhat jisko bila ada-i-mahsül dak ke zari'e se chithi wagana bhejne ka ikhtiyar

takalluf; kbanda peshani se. hāsil ho. Frankly, ad. Dil khol ke, khulā-khulī, dil kī safāyī se; be-rukāwat yā

Frantic, a 1 — Majnūn; pāgal; dīwāna; gazab-nāk; pareshān khātur jaise koyî shakhs. ijaise koyī bāt.

2.—Jismen gazab intishār aur shiddat pāyī jāe; pur-shor; be qā'ida Fraternal, a. Barādar āna, jo bhāyion ko zeb de (unko phabe yā unke laig ho); bhayion ke muta'allig.

Fraternity, v. 1.—Baiādarī; bhāyī-chāra; bhaiwād.

2.—Woh log jo kisi naf' kār-o-bār yā khushī ke līye bāham shirkat

rakhte hon, jamī'at, majma', un logon kī jamā'at jo ham-qism hampesha ham-mashgala vā ham-atwār hon

Fratricide. n 1.— Bhayî ke mar dalne ka jurm; baradar-kushî.

2 —Woh shakhs jo apne bhāyī kā khūn kare; batādar-kush.
Fraud, n Fareb yā fireb; naf-i-nā jātz yā nā-munāsib hāsil katne ke liye

bi-l'amd mugalata-dihī; woh fitrut jiskī wajh se düsre ke haq yā istihqāq men mazariat pahuūche; farebi kār-rawāyī; dhokhā dene kī giraz se 'ai,āiī; chhal [fareb-dih Frandulent, a 1—Jo mu'āhadon ke karne (in'iqād) men faieb kare,

Applied to persons.

2.—Farch-amez; jamen fareb ho, mabnī-ba fareb. Jo fareb par gām ho, jo natīja-i-tareb ho (fareb se paidā ho), farebī; khotā.

A fraudulest transaction - Mu'amala i-farebi; assa mu'amala jismen fareb ho,

jo mabni-os-fareb khwah fareb se paidā ho

3—Jo fareb (kār tawāyt-t-fareb-āmez) se hāsil ho; jiske anjām men fareb kām men lāyā gayā ho

A fraudulent gain - Woh ust jo fareb yā kār-rawāyi-i fareb-āmez se hāsil ho Fraudulently, ad. Fareb se, az-rū i-fareb; fareb kī rāh se; chhal-bal se, dagā-bāsī se; makkārī se, tadbīr-i-fāsid se; dhokhā dekar.

Fraught, a. Bharā huā: pur; sar-ba-sar. [ba-sar nuqsān ho

Fraught with mischief-Niiqsān se bhaiā haā; pur-ar-mazarrat; jiemen sar. Freak, n Tabi'at kā yakājak bilā-wajh badal yā phir jānā; tarang;

nmang, lahar; manj

Free, a. l.—Dūsroù kī marzī ke tābi' nahīn; jispar koyī rok zabt yā jahr na ho; jo apnī ragbat yā khwāhish ke mutābiq 'amal kar-sake, jo gair par munhasir na ho, āzād; fārīgu-l-bāl, jo hasb-khwāh apne 'amal kare

2 — Jise mulkī āzādī hāsil ho, jo kisī khud mukhtār yā mutlaqu-l-'ivān farmān-rawā ke tābi' na ho, jo sirf gawānīn-i-mu'aiyana kā pāband ho. [kī bukumat se baiī ho-jāc.

3.—Jo kisi 'umr-i-mu'aiyan ko pahunchkar wālidain wali yā āqā 4 — Mahbūs yā muqaiyad nahīn, band se āzād; giriftārī se khalās; chhūtā huā. [karne kī salāhiyat ho; jismen dil kī āzādī ho.

5 — Jo zanūrat-i-jismānī ke tābi' na ho; jismen bi-r-ragbat 'amal

Said of the will

6 — Jismen buz-dılı ya be-i'tıqadı na ho; jo kasbıda khatir na ho, saf-dil; jo dıl men kuchh rakh na le; manns; saf-dılı ke sath bartaw k. w; khanda-peshani ke sath (dıl kholkaı) bartaw k. w.; jıske dıl men kuchh rah na jae.

He is not free with any one — Woh kisi ke sath saf dili se pesh nahin ata — We had a free conversation together — Ham logoù ne ba ham dil khol-kar guftgû ki, hamne apas men is tarah bat-chit ki ki ek dûsre ke dil men kuchh rah na gaya. 7.— Be-rukawat; be-andaz, be takan; be-lagam; be-takalluf; behûda.

Used in a bad sense

8.—Barī; pā-band nahīn, āzād. [band nahīn bar]. He is free from his obligations—Woh spine farāiz se barī (āzād) hai (unkā pā

をあたいなるではないだね

9 — Jo tang talabī se yā bazarī'a-i-kharīdārī hāsil na kiyā jāe, jo muft mile; juskā badal yā mu'āwaza na ho, jo be-talab (be-mānge

yā az-khud) mile, jo be kharch ke hāsıl ho.

He made him a fiee offer of his services—Usne usse kahā ki ham tumhārā kām bilā mu'āwaza yā ajr kar-denge—It is a fiee gift—Yah hiba bilā badal yā mu'āwaza hai, is hiba ke 'iwaz men wāhib ne mauhūb-lahū se kuchh na hyā; yah hiba maubūb lahū ke haq men bilā talab yā bi-r-ragbat kiyā gayā

10 - Khud-sar yā zālım nahīn, jo āzādī kā yaqīn dilīwe, jo har shakhs ke huquq ko düsron kī mudākhalat-1-bejā se mahfuz rakkhe.

Said of a government, institutions, &c.

Jispar kid qısm kā bāi yā muākhaza na h; muākhaze se barī.
 Jurm yā gunāh se baiī, be-jurm; be-gunāh; sāt, pāk; ma'sūm.

Free, v. t. 1.—Āzād k ; rihā k ; khalās k ; kisī band qaid yā bār wagana se najāt d ; sāf kai-d , gulū-khalāsī k ; iukāwat dūr kar d. 2.—Āzād i , baiī k ; mahfūz i . [gai , dākū ; lutetā , qazzāq.

Free-booter. n Jo lūt-pāt karne ke liye idhar-ndhar phirā kare, gārat-

Free-booting, n Lut, ganimat; dakaiti, quzzāqī.

Free-born, a Jo āzād paidā ho; gulāmī men nahīn, jisko apne mūrison se āzādī hāsil ho, hur. [hurriyat; sāf-dilī, be-qaid h

Freedom, n 1 —Āzādī; dūsre kī hukūmat se barāat, ķhud-mukhtārī; 2 —Huqūq 1-khās, barāat, ma'mūlī ikhtiyār 1-hukūmat se āzādī

3.—Gustākhī; he-adabī, āzādāna bartāw; mubādarat; īķhtīlāt-ī-nā-

munāsib, be-takailufī

Freely, ad Azādāna: bilā-muzābamat yā jabr; az-khud; bi-r-ragbat; begair dabāye yā targīb diye jāne ke, bi-t-tau'-wa-r-rizā; bilā j. br-o-ikiāh, ifiāt se; bahut sā; bilā-waswasa yā be-takalluf; dil khol kar, be rukāwat, bilā-imtinā'; mutthī khol kar, faiyāzi se; muft yā muft men, bilā-mu'āwaza yā zar i-samau.

Free-minded, a. Pareshān-khātu nahīn, be-fikr; jiske dil meń kisī bāt kā taraddud na ho; āzād-manish; be-gam; lā parwā [dabāw na dālā jāe.

Free will, n Apnī khās ragbat yā marzī; khwāhish jispar koyī nā jāiz To do a thing of one's free will—Kisi bāt kā apnī ragbat so k., kisī ami kā bilā jabr-o-ikrāh k; koyī fi'l bi r-ragbat (apnī khās marzī se ya'nī begair kisī dabāw ke) k. [ho.

Free-will, a Jo apnī tabī'at se kiyā yā diyā jāe, jiskā wugā' bi-r-ragbat. Freeze, v. z. 1 — Sardī se jam jānā; garmī khinch jāne ke sabab riqqat se hālat i-iujimād men ho-jānā; sakht hokar yakh yā usīkī mānind sakht hojānā; bandhnā yā basta ho-jānā, munjamid ho-jānā.

2.—Thithur jānā goyā sardī se; harāi at men kamī ho-jānā; garmī ke na hone se be jān ho-jānā; sardī kī wajah se ek jagah ho jānā (jam jānā).

[uthuā jā ankar jānā]

To freeze to death—Sardī ke sabab se mar-jānā (thithur ke rah jānā; ankar Freeze, v. t 1.—Jamā d., munjamid kar-d.; yakh sā kar-d; sakht kar-d. [halāk kar-d]

2.—Sardī kī wajh se be-jān kal-d., sardī se mār dālna (thandhā yā To freeze one to death—Sardī kī shiddat se halāk kar-d. (thandhā kar-d)

Freight, n. 1.—Woh bojh (asbāb yā jins wagaira) jo jahāz yā rel kī gājā wagaira men bhar kai (uspar rakh lād yā churhā-kar) ek maqām

se düsre maqam par pahunchaya jae; bar-bardail ki chiz; ladayi; bar-bardari. [bar-bardari; naul

2—Jahāz wagaira kā kirāya jo bār-bardāri ke liye diyā jāe; bhārā; Freight, v t. Ek jagah se dūstī jagah le-jāne ke liye juhāz wagaira par boju lādnā (usko bojunā), bharmā; lādnā; boju takbnā [dil kā intishār. Frenzy, n Wahshat; junūu, sakht dilī ghabrāhat; shiddat se am be-andāz Frequency, n. Kisī bāt kā aksar wuqū' men ānā; kisī bāt kā thore thore 'aise ke ba'd phir phir h; aksarīyat; kasrat; bārbār palatnā yā honā; i'āda; takrār.

The frequency of crimes—Jurmon kā bār-bār (aksur yā jald jald) wuqū' men Frequent, a 1—Jo thore thore 'arse ke ba'd wuqū' men āwe; jiskā i'āda yā jiskī takrār kasrat se ho; jo mutawātir zuhūr men āye, jo aksar dekhā yā kiyā jāe. [se kiyā kaie

2—Jo kisī bāt ke karne kā 'ādī ho; jo kisī bāt ko aksar ragbat se Frequent, v t. Aksar ānā jānā, aksar yā 'ādatan kahīti āmad o-raft r; āyā yā jāyā k , āyā-jāyā k ; kasrat se ānā-jānā. [bārhā 'umūman Frequently, ad. Bīn-bār, thore thore 'arse ke ba'd; beshtar, kasrat se; Fresh,a.l.—Tez; kisīqadar tund jā karī—jaise hawā; thandbī, mufarrih.

2.—Tar-o-tāza; shādāb; murjhāyā yā pazhmurda nahin. [haib. The fields look frest and green - Khot tar-o-tāza (shālāb) aur bare dekh parte 3.—Jiskī sūrat se shabāb aur tandurustī pāyī jāe; surķh-suped; gul 'izār; jispar joban chbāyā ho; jispar joban ki bahār ho

A fresh-coloured young man-Kam-sin shakhs pispar babar ka 'alam ho.

4 — Tāza, bāl hī kā paidā jā trita huā.

Fresh vegetsbles-Tazī tāzī sabzī (tarkārī wagaira jo hāl hī kī mklī jā tāṭī ho)

5 — Jismen imtidād-i-aiyām ('arsa guzarne ke sabab) se zawāl na
āyā ho; jo bhūlā yā dil se miṭā na ho; jo hanoz tāza ho, jon kā tou

The story is fiesh in my mind-Woh bāt mere dil se nahīn bhūlī (hanoz mere
dil men tāza han)

6.-Nayā, hāl kī banā yā āyā huā.

A fresh supply of goods - Māi jo bāi bī men banā yā syā ho, nayā māi

7.—Jismen shoriyat (khāiī-pan) na ho; mīthā, shuin—jaise pānī; jo thore hī 'arse ke pahle kuen wagaira se niklā ho; sāf aur thaudhā; garm yā bad-mara nahīn, tāza; dāl kā yā dibkā—jaise pānī

8.- Tāza; jadīd; nayā; hāl kā āyā yā pahunchā huā.

Fresh news - Nayi khabar. - Presh communications - Hal ke aye huye murāsalāt.

9 -Be-namak milāyā huā-juse gosht.

10.—Anārī, nau āmoz; jisko kām kī mashshāqī yā mahārat na ho; jisne pahle kām na kiyā ho; nā-āzmūda-kār. (o chālāk. 11.—Tāza-dam; kār-rawāyī ke liye phir mazbūt musta'id jā chust-

Freshen, v. v. kisī chīz kī shorīyat dūr kar-d.; mīthā k.; namak nikāl d. Freshen, v. v. l. — Mithā hojānā, shorīyat kā jātā rahnā.

Tez ho-jāuā, tund h — jause hawā kā.

Freshly, ad. Tar-o-tāzagi ke sāth; nayā nayā; az sar-i-nan; naye sar se; surkh-o-suped; tandurust; tez yā tezl se; khunuk yā khunkī liye huye.
Freshness, n. l.—Nayā h.; tezl; quwwat; tāzagī; phike-pan yā bad-mazagī kā na h—jaise 'ar-qon yā khushbūon men [wagura kā. Z.—Tāzagī; tar-o-tāzagī; murjhāyā (pazhmurda) na h—jaise paudhe

3 — Quwwat ke ı'tıbar se tar-o-tazagı; thakawat ya mandagı ka dür ho-kar phir se chaq-o-chauband ho jana.

4 —Khunki; thandhak, farabat dene ki quwwat.

[bahāi

5.—Shabāb aur sihhat-i-badanī kī surķbī; surķbī-o-supaidī; joban;

6 —Shīrinī, mithās; shorīyat kā na rahnā.

7.—Nā-āzmūda-kārī, nayā-pan; anārī-pan.

8 —Tezī, tundī - jaise hawā kī

Priction, n. Ragar, khaiāsh, ek shai kā dūsrī shai par ragarnā.

Friend, n 1 — Düste se mubabbat r w; düsre ki qadr izzat aur chāh k. w aur uski khushi aur bihtari kā chāhue w.; dost; shafiq; muhib; yār; khair-khwāh; hawā khwāh; bihi-khwāh, yār-i-gār yā gam-gusār. [mu'in; madad-gār.

2.—Hāmī, mukhālif nahīn; dushman nahīn; taraqqī chāhue w;

A friend to commerce - Tijārat kī taraqqī chāhne w. (uskā hāmī)

3 —Ba'z waqt khitāb karne men bhī is lafz kā isti'māl hotā hai.

Friend, how are you? Dost (at dost) tumbārā mizāj kaisā hat —A friend at court or in court—Woh shikhs jo kisī mauqa'i kūā; par dostāna kār rawāyī karne par rāgib ho, jisko dūsre ke kām ke karne men kāfi ta'alluq-i-khātir ho (uskā kām khūb ji se kare)

[ho, be kas.

Friendless, a. Jiske dost na hoù, jiskā koyî hāmī madad-gār yā rafīq na Friendly, a. 1.—Dost ki sī tabī at aur mizāj r. w; dūsie ki bhalāyī chāhue w, mihibān, karam-farmī; shafīq-i-hāl; dost-dār

2 — Dostī ke liye mauzūn yā jisse dostī zāhir ho, jo doston ko zeb

de; dostāna; sulh par māil.

Mukhālif nahīn, jisse dushmanī na ho.

4.—Muwāfiq; jisse kisī kī bihtarī ho, mubārak; hasb-i-hāl. Friendship, n. 1.—Dostī; yārī, ulfat, muhabbat; uus; āshuāyī

2 — Khulūs ; rabt-zabt , hel-mel , dostāna rasm yā bartāw; 'ināyat ;

shafaqat, milubānī

3 — Dostāna imdād; kisī ki l'ānat jo dosti ki rāh se ki jāc Fright, n Khanf jo khatre ke dafatan zāhir hone se paidā ho; dar jo yakāyak shiddat se ho-jāe; dahal, chamak; bhanak, hanl.

To take fright - Dar uthnä; bharak jana; chamak uthnä

Fright, \v t Darā d., mukhawwaf kar-d ; dar se bharkā d.; hhatre Frighten, \v kī dahshat ek-bārgī paidā kar-d ; kisī balā kī āmad se yakāyak khauf-nāk kar-d.

[huye

Frightful, a. 1.—Dar se bharā huā; khauf-zada, darā huā, khauf khāye 2.—Khauf-nāk; haul-nāk, darāne w; khauf paidā k. w.; haibat-

nāk; muhīb. [se; mukbawwafāna; khauf-nākī se. Frightfully, ad 1.—Aise taur par jisse khauf paidā ho; haibat-nākī

2 —Nihāyat burî tarah ; aise dhang se ki tabi'at mutapaffir ho.

Frigid, a. 1.—Thandha; sard; barid; jahan garmī na ho.

2 —Josh-1-muhabbat yā sargarmī wag ura se khālī; sard-mihr; be-dard; be-jān; Jisse tabī'at mutanaffir ho, Jisse kuchh lutf na uthe; rūkhā aur phīkā. [thandhā; sust.

3.—Jismen taulīd kī aslī quwwat kāfī taur par na ho; nā mard; Privolous, a. 1.—Jismen bahut kam waq'at yā 'azmat ho; lihāz ke qābil nahīa; khafīf; nā-kāra, pūj, nikammā, lagw; lā-ya'nī yā be-ma'nī. lā tāil; be-hūda; bād-hawāyī.

A frivolous argument - Dabil jo hhāz ke qābil na ho; bahs-i-fuzūl lā-tāni yā be-hilda.— A fravolous objection or pretext—I tirāz yā hila i lagw yā lā tūll. aisā 'vzr gā hila jismen kuchh waq'at na ho

Frivolousness, n. Khiffat; be-waq'ati; subukî; nā-chizi; bahut kam waq'at yā 'azmat r , bād hawāyī-pau.

Front, n 1 — Rū, chihra; munh

2.—Peshānī yā chihra jisse mizāj kī kaifīyat zāhir ho. [mī, be-hayāvi A bold front - Dileri: jurat; behüdagi; gustākhi - A hardened front - Be-shar

3.-Kısı chīz kā woh hıssa 10 age ko niklā ho; samne ya age ka hissa; agwārā; sāmnā, āgā, hissa-i-pesbīn yā mingābil.

The front of a house-Makan ke age ka hissa, makan ka agwara

4.—Woh mauqa' jo thik kısı ke munh ke samne ho; kisi chiz ka aglā hissa; sāmnā, rū; pesh; mahāzī [(age se) guzrī yā nikal gavī hai The read passes in front of his house-Woh sarak uske maken ke samme se

Front, v. f 1,-Muqabala k ; dū-ba-dū muqabil h., samna k., milna.

2 — Muqābale men h. yā wāqi' h.; sāmne h , mahāzī h.

Front, v. i 1 .- Age h; samne h 2.—Kisî taraf ko muhh r ; kisî janib ko lukh r.; kisî rukh ya

Front, a Age kā, sāmne kā; pesbin, aglā, rā kā, madd-1-nazar yā muqābil. Frontage, n. Makan kā agwārā; sahu-i-makān, ghar ke samue kā hissa. Prontier, a Kısı mulk ki woh hıssa jo düsre mulk ke samne (mahazı) ho; ek mulk kā kanārā jo dūsre mulk ke ham kanār ho; had, sarhad;

dāūda; sikāu. ke dande-mende par Frontier, a. Hissa-i-berūnī par wāqi'; ham-sarhad, ham-dānda; dūsre

Froward, a. Be-kahā; jo kahnā na māne; khud-rāe, khud-pasaud, nāfarman-bardar, ziddi, hattlii—jaise larkā (tewil charhānā yā badalnā. Frown, v. 2 1 - Chiń-ba-jabin h; tursh-iū h.; nak-bhaun charhans;

2 — Nārāzī zāhir k , nā-khushī kā izhār k ; khafagi ki nazar se dekh-

nā, ānkhen dekhānā; apnī sūrat se khauf paidā k. Followed by on or at

Prown, v t Nārāzī zāhū karke dabā d., ghuraknā; ānkheń dekhā ke sar-Prown, n 1.—Charhi huji tewar jisse uā-rāzī zāhu ho, khafagi wagaira ke sabab se chīn ba-ļabinī; chīn-i-abrū; karwī yā sakht nīgāh.

2.—Kısı terah par na khushi ka ızhar, qahr, gazab, bargashtagı. Frugal, a. Rupaye-paise māl-o-asbāb yā aur qısm kī chīzon ke tasarruf yā isti māl men kıfāyat-shi'ai ; kısī shan ke sarf men fuzüliyāt kā muhtāt; kifāyat-shi'ār; kam-kharch; muhtāt; musrif (fuzūl-kharch) nahîn; juz ras, bachā bachā ke sarf k. w.

Followed by of before the thing saved.

Frugality, * 1.—Kifiyat-shi'ari, juz rasi; aqilana taur par har shai ka tasarruf-umunasib; kisi shai ka aise tarīq par isti'mal k. ki usmen se kuchh rāegāu na jāe; rupaye paise māl-o-asbāb wagaira kā is ihtiyst se tasarrof k. ki kuchh fuzul hath se nikal na jie; har ek qimati shai kā ihtiyāt nur naf' ke sāth kām men lānā.

Kisi shar kā āqdāns aur ba mtryāt tassaruf yā istl'māl.

Frugally, al Kıfāyat (kıfāyat sln'ārī) se; husn-ı-ıntızām (achehhe bando-bast) se, bachā ke

Fruit, n 1.—Phal; mewā, bāi; samar; jo kuchh paidā ho (unje).

2 — Natīja, samra 'ām isse ki nek ho yā bad, achchhā yā burā phal; asar-i nek yā bad.

3.-Aulad, nasl, bal bachche.

Fruitful. a Samai-dāi; jisse yā jismen phal kasrat se paidā hon, upjāu, zar-khez, bāi-āwai, bachcha-kash, jiske larke-bāle hon; bānjh nahīn, ser-hāsil, mūjid; jisse koyī shai ifrāt se paidā ho, jaiyid.

Fruitless, a 1.—Jismen phal na lage, jo na phale; bānjh; gair-musmir jaise darakht. [kār; be-sūd, lā-hāsil

2.—Jisse koyî naf' ya natîja i-nek paida na ho; 'abas, iaegan; be-

A f. villess attempt - Koshish-i-la-hasil, ai-i koshish jiska koyi natija i-l nek na ho-

3 - Jisse koyī aulād na ho, jisse larke-bāle na hon

A fi uttless marriage - Shā lī jiskā kuchh phal na ho (jisse larke-bāle na hon).

Frustrate, v t 1.—Ma'dūm k, maqsad ke husūl men māni' h, māyūs k., tornā, rāegān k, shikast k, faskh k; natīja-i-maqsūd paidā hone na d.; barbād kai-d.

To fi ustrate a plan, design, or attempt-Kisi mansübe made ja koshish ko

2.—Bātil k ; ka-l-'adam k. ; nā-jāiz yā be-tāsīr k. , 1ad k

To finstrate a conveyance or deed—Kisi intiqal-nāme yā wasīqe ko bātil (ka-l-adam nā-jāiz yā be tā-īt) kar-d.

Fugitive, a. 1 — Jo ur jā nikal jāe; jo gaib ho-jāe; nā pāedāi, be sabāt; jispar bhaiosa na ho-sake; jisko qiyām na ho, gair-mustahkam.

2 — Farz yā khidinat ke anjām khwāh khatre wagnira se nikal bhāg-

ne w jaise koyī shakhs. [shakhs khatre se bhāge. Fugitive, n 1.—Jo apne 'inde yā naukatī se bhāg jāe; bhagorā; jo

2.—Jo shakhs bhag kar düsri rıyasat men panah lo, woh shakhs jo saza se bachne ke liye bhag jae

Fugitive from justice—(Law) Woh shakhs jo ek 'alage men kisī jurm kā murtakib ho aur sazā se bachne te hye dūsre 'alage men bbāg jāe.

Fulfill, v t. Pūrā yā anjām k masalan kusī irāde wa'de peshīn-goyī khwāhish du'ā yā mutālabe wag uta kā , kisī kām ko kaike pūrā k. , kisī shai ke matālib ko bar-lānā; anjām ko pahunchānā; bajā lānā, adā k , wafā k.; nibāhnā [āwarī, ta'mīl.

Fulfilment, n. Takmīl; pūrā k.; anjām; insvām; wafā; īfā, adā, bajā-Full, a.l.—Lab-rez; pur, mulabbab, jisqadai kisī zaif men ā-sake utnā bharā huū; khālī nahīn. [logon se bharā huā makān.

A cup full of water, or a house full of people-Pānī se bharā huā pyāla yā 2.—Bahutāit yā seil ke sāth; miqdār sifat yā darje men kāfi; wāfi; ifrāt se; kāfi. [athon.—Mu'awaza-i kāfi yā wāfi

A full meal-Isqadar guzī ki serī ho jāc; pet bhar bhojan.-A full compens-

3.—Jismen koyī shai kasrat yā ifrāt se ho; ladā huā, bhaiā huā

A house full of furniture—Makān jismen āsāish aur ālāish ke asbāb kasrat se hon (lage yā chune hon).

4 — Jismen kısı wasfı-lābudi ki kamı na ho; nāqis nahin; pūrā-pūrā; mukammal, tamām-o-kamāl; musallam; kāmıl.

A full narrative—Bayān-i-kāmil; pūri pūrī kaifiyat, aisā bayān jismen koyi bāt rah na jāe—A person of full age—Pūrī 'umr kā shakhs—At full—Jab pūrā yā kāmil ho, bi-kul, sab kā sab—Full moon—Māh-i-kāmil, pūrnamāsi kā chānd; pūrā chānd, badr [yā darja; kul. sārā serī ki hīlat.

Full, n. Pūrā audāz; badd-ī gārt, jahān tak mumkin he utnā, gārt hālat

Furl of the moon—Woh waqt jub mūh-ī kāmd ho, pūruamāsī

Full, ad. B. l-kul; utnā hī, be kam-o-kāst (be ghat-barh), pūre zor yā asar ke sāth; pūnā-pūnā; thìk-thīk; tamāmtar, sārā; sīdhe

Fullness, n Bhatā yā pūtā h, putī, kullīyat, kamāliyat; kasrat, iktifā;

ohara-pūrā h ; ba-qadı ı kāfî h , 'uındagi, kamal

Fully, ad Ba-tarz i kāmil, tamām-o kamāl. pūrā-pūrā; bi l-kul; Jismen kisī shai kī kami na ho, nāqis nahīn; ba-tarz ī-kāfī; ba-wajh-i-ahsan; bi itmāmihī; khātii-khuāh, Jituā chāliye utnā hī

Fully committed ~ (Law) Tahqiqat i-'adalat ke liye qaid med rakkha gaya

In distinction from being previously detained for examination " Webster.

Fulsome, a Apnī ziyādatī (had se ziyāda hone ke sabab) se nārāzī yā nafrat paidā k w , nafrat-angez : burā, khilāf i-tahzīb yā ādāb , fuhsh. Fume, n. 1.—Dhuān, bukhār , lakrī yā tambākū ke jalne se jo dhuān nikie : dūd. [khayāl ; khayāl-i-khām yā bātil.

nikle; dūd. [khayāi; khayāi-i-khām yā bātil. 2.—Koyī shai jisko bukhār (bhāph) kī tarah sabāt na ho; behūda

Fume, v i. 1 -Dhuan paida k ya d , bukhar uthua.

2 — Bukhāi (bhāph) hokar uikal jānā. [kharosh men h.

3.—Gussa h, gazab-nāk h; lāl-pilā h., khishm-nāk h, josh-o-To jume away - Barangekhta aur nā khush h.

Function, n 1.—Koyī fi'l-i-lāzīmī yā kār rawāyī jo kisī mansab yā haisīyat-i khās se muta'alliq ho; woh kār-iawāyī jo kisī 'uhda dār ke liye makhsūs ho, woh kām jiskā anjām kisī khūs mansab yā haisīyat wāle shakhs par farz ho; kūm, 'uhda; khidmat.

The functions of a parent or guardian—Woh fil jinkā karnā kisi bāp yā mān khwāh wali par farz ho—The functions of a judge—Woh lawāzim-i mansabi jinkā anjām kisi mujawwiz par farz ho [kām; harakat

2—Woh 'amal jo jism ke khās hisse ('uzw) ke hiye makhsūs ho, 3.—Quwwat-i-haiwānī yā zihnī [zimme kisī khās farz kā anjām ho Functionary, n 'Uhda-dāi, kār-guzār, mansah-dār; woh shakhs jiske FUNCTUS OFFICIO. (Lat.) Koyī farz anjām karke, kisī kāi-i-mu-

ta'alliqa ke karve ke ba'd; be-kār;sāqıtu-I-mansab.

Fund, n. 1.—Rupaye jo is garaz se jam' kar-diye jāeû ki unmen se hasbi zarūrat sarf huā kare; pūnjī; sarmāya; jam', bazā'at; woh rupaye
jo 'aisī tijārat yā dūsre kāi o-bār ke qāim karne ke liye ba-ummed-inaf-i-āyinda lagāye jāen aur unmen jam'-kharch huā kaie, rupaye jo
kisī rozgār men is gaiaz se lagā diye jāen ki unkī āmadanī kisī kār ikhās men sarf ho, iupaye jo kisī ke pās hon; rupaye-paise jo koyī kisī
kām men lagāye.

No prudent man undertakes an expensive business without funds—Koyî dana shakha kisi sarî angez kam men be pûnjî rakkhe hath nahin lagata.

2.—Woh rupaye jo ba-taur qaumî qarz ke gavarmınt ko diye jāch;

kafālat-nāmjāt-1-sarkārī masalan lot wagaira jinkā sūd auqāt-i-mu'ai-yana par miltā hai aur unko *public funds* bhī kahte hain

"The funds are said to rise or fall when a given amount of that debt sells for more or less in the market." Webster.

3.—Kısî chīz ki pūnjī; kısī shar kī bharī pūrī maujūdāt yā rasad; kasrat; sarmāya-r-wāfir, khazāna, jam'iyat.

A fund of wisdom or good sense-'Aql kī pūnjī; māya-i-dānish.

Sinking fund.—Woh rupaye jo sarkārī lot kī kharīd men lagāye jāen yā juse dam-ı-sarkātī adā kiyā jāe

Fund, v. t 1.—Kısı shaı ke süd dene ke lıye sarmaya ya amadanı-ı-dawamı ka intizam k.; kısı shai ke zar-ı-süd-ı-salana ke ada kıye jane kı garaz se amadanı ke qaım karne ka bandobastı-dawamı k.

To fund government notes – Kāgaz-ı sarkā:ī ke süd ke dene ke hye sarmāya

yā āmadanī-i-dawāmī gāim k.

2 —Kisi sarmāye men tupaye jam' k

Į≀agana.

時間は国際の

3 — Kāgaz-i-sarkārī wagana men jiskā sūd barābar miltā ho rupaye Fundamental, a. Kisī shai kī asl se muta'alliq, jisse kisī shai kī bunyād pare, lābudī; zarūrī, aslī, ihtidāyī. [ho; aslī juzw. Fundamental, a Woh usūl gāi'da yā gānūn jispar kisī silsile kā madār

Fundamentally, ad. Asl men, dar-asl, haqiqatan; jar se; fi-aslihi; bi-z-zātihi [qarra ho.

Funded, p α. 1.—Jiske sūd ke barābar adā hone ke liye sarmāya mu-Funded debt—Woh dain-i-sarkārī jiske 'iwaz sūdī kafālat-nāmjāt dāmon ke liye muqarrar hon.

2 — Kafālat-nāmjāt-i-sarkārī men lagā huā.

Funded property — Woh māl jo kafālat nāmjāt r-sarkārī men lagā ho [hāsīl hon Fund-holder, n Woh shakhs jisko kafālat-nāmjāt-i-sarkārī bataur mālik ke Funding, $p \ \alpha \ 1$. — Sūd ke adā ke liye sarmāya qām k.

2 — Kafālat nāmjāt-1-sarkārī men rupaye lagānā. [hye kıyā jātā hai Funding system – Woh mālī intizām jo dam-1-sarkārī ke sālāna sūd ke adā ke

Funeral, n. 1.—Insān kī läsh ke dafn karne kā rasm; tajbīz-o-takfīn; kafan-dafn, kafan-kāthī [ke waqt ho.

2 — Woh log jo kisī ke janāze ke sāth jāen; julūs wagaira jo dafn Funeral, α Tajhīz o-takfin ke muta'allıq, kafan-dafn se mausūb, jo tajhīz yā tadfīn ke waqt kām men lāyā jāe (bartā jāe)

Funeral rates or ceremonies - Rusiim 1-tajhīz o-takfin, woh rusüm jo murde ke

dafn karne ke waqt adā kiye yā baite jāen.

Furious, a 1 — Gazab-nāk; gusse kī wajh se jāme se bāhar, tund, gusse men bharā huā, khishm-nāk; pur-josh. [chalne w.), shadīd, sakht

2.—Tezi se chalne w, tund ya tundi ke sath harakat k. w. (zor se

3.—Majnūn; pāgal; bāwlā.

Furiously, ad. Josh ke sāth; josh-o-kharosh se; tundī tezī yā shiddat se, sakhtī se; zor se; tez-raftālī se; gazab nākī se.

Furnish, v. t 1 — Zarūrī yā kār-āmad chīz kā baham pahunchānā; juhānā; juţānā, pahunchānā, muhaiyā k, maujūd k.

To furnish a person with provisions—Kisi shakbs ko uske khāne-pine ki chīzen baham pahunchānā (juṭā d.)—To furnish one with arms for defence—Kisi shakhs ko hitāzat ke liye eilāh muhaiyā kaf d.

2 — Kām mon lāne kī garaz se d.; denā; baham pahunchānā.

To furnish food to the hungry - Bhūkhe ko khānā d .- To furnish proof - Su-

būt d ; sābit k.

3.—Muiattab k.; sāz-o-sāmān se durust k.; zaiūrī asbāb yā āiāish kī chīzon se ārāsta k.; ārāsta k., sajnā. karke makān ko ārāsta k.

To furnish a house-Makān ko murattab k ; zarūrī asbāb wagaira muhaiyā Farniture, n. 1 -- Woh sab chīzen jo kisī makān yā kamre wagana men is garaz se muhaijā kī jāen ki unse ārām mile yā makān wagaira

rahne ke qabil ho-jae, woh asbab anı zarüf wagaira jo khana dail ke hye zarûrî ya aram-dih hon; jo kuchh chîzen kisî makan ya kamre men kām yā ārām ke liye maujūd kī jāen, asāsu-l-bait; lawāzima;

asbāb, sāz o sāmān, atālā. wagaira kā. 2 -Kısı shat ka zatüri sazo saman masalan kal gati mez ghore

Further, a. 1.-Au du ; ziyada tar fasile par, au age barh-kar; aur ave, us taraf, pare; age. 2.—Zāid, aur ziyāda, mazīd, kuchh aur; aur bhī; kisī ke 'alāwa aur

There is a further reason for this opinion - Is the ke gaim karne ki wath tmazīd (ek aur bhī wajh) hai

Further, ad Aur du tak, 'alawa, siwa

Fartner, v t Madad de kar age chalana, taqwiyat d , baihana; madad d , r'ānat k.; upkār k , hīmāyat k.

Furtherance, n. Imdad; i'anat, taqwiyat, taraqqi, upkar

Furthermore, ad or conj. 'Alawa-azin, iske 'alawa, iske siwa; iske sath hī; ma' hāzā. jo kuchh kahā-jī-chukā hai uske siwā; uske ūpar,

Fury. n 1.—Tundī, shiddat kī tezī; baie zoi se chalnā (bahnā)—jaise nawa ka

2 — Shiddat kā gussa; qahi, gazab; josh yā josh-o kharosh; junūn,

3 —Barī tund-mizīj 'aurat, karkasā

Fuss, v Shor-o-gul; gul gapārā; dhū-n-dhām; fuzūl taklīf; be-faida dard sar; jhallahat, thaen-thaen (Colloquial)

Fussy, a. Jo shor-o-gul kare; khafif khafif baton ki misbat 'abas dardsar

k. w.; chhotī chhotī bāton men dhūm-dhām machāne w.

Futile, a. Be-waq'at, gair-aham, jisse koyî bara maqsad bar na awe; jiskā natija māyūsī ho, jusse matlab batātī na ho; nā kāta, be kāt. be tāsī, be fāida, wāhiyāt, hech-kāra, khafīf yā nā-chīz; pūj, behaqiqat; lachar, jisse koyi 'umda mudda'a hasil na ho

Futility, n Be-asarī; be tāsītī; hechkāra h; be-waq'atī, khiffat; fuzūlī; be-haqiqati, be-kār h; rāegān jānā, kojī natija-1-ma'qul paidā na k;

ochhāpan, subkī

Future, a. Hone w.; zamāna-rāyında men (āge chalkar) hone yā āne w.; zamāna i-hāl ke ba'd kisî waqt wujūd r w., āyında yā āyanda ,mustaqbil.

Future, n. Ane wālā zamāna (waqt); zamāna-1-hāl ke ba'd jo waqt lye. ıstıqbal; woh baten jo ayında hone wali hon, honi; shudavi, honhar.

Futurity, n 1 - Aqıbat, akhırat, ma'ad; wujud ki halat 10 iske ba'd (bar-āyında) hone wālī ho

2 — Istiqbāl; zamāna -āyinda; jo waqt āne wālā ho; āgam.

3 - Jis amr kā wuqu' hone wālā ho, jo bāt hone wālī ho; shudani; honi, honhar.

O

Gag, v t. 1 — Kisi ke munh ko usmen kuchh thus yā bhar kar is tarah band kar d. ki bolā na jāe, munh men dhaṭṭnā d, munh band kai d. 2 — Hukūmat yā tashaddud ke zor se chup (khāmosh) kaiā d.;

bolne na d.

Gain. v t. 1 — Pānā jaise manāfi' yā naf', bāsil k., koshish yā mihuat se paudā k, mihuat kaike yā rupaye (pūnji) lagā kār hāsil k.; milnā; hāth lagnā.

To gain a hving - Rāziqa hāsil k; roṭī kamā khānā -- Money at interest may gain five, six, or seven per cent -- Sūdī rupaye kā pāoch chha yā sāt rūpaye

saikarā sūd mīl-saktā hai

2.—Jîtnā yā fathyāb h ; kisî chīz men kāmyāb h.; muqābala karke hāsıl k.; gālib h.; sabaqat le-jānā, sar-sabz h.

To gam a battle—Larayī jītnā (usmen fathyāb h)—To gain a case at law—Muqaddama-i-'adālat men kāmyāb h; muqaddama jītnā, muqaddame kā sar sabz h. [taraf milā l; apnī taraf kar l.

3.—Kisî naf nuqsan men khwah kisî farîq ka sharîk kar l.; kisî ki

4 -- Pahunchnā; kahīn jā pahunchnā.

To gain the top of a house-Kisi matan ke upar ja-pahunchna-

To gain ground - Kisi kār-i-aham men taraqqī k ;gālb ānā, mazbūtī yā wusa'at hāsil k , barhnā; ziyāda h — To gain over - Dūsre farīq kā sharīk banā l ; dūsie ke naf'-o-nuqsān men sharīk kar l, phor kar milā l, apnī taraf kar-l

Gain v i Faida yā naf hāsil k., fāida uthānā; naf uthānā; daulatmand h ; ziyāda ikhtiyār yā khushī hāsil k. [rakhtā hai. He expects to gain by this case—Is muqaddama se woh naf uthāne ki ummed To gain on, or upon—Kisī par barh jānā: āge barhnā, āhista āhista āge barhnā; kisī par gālib ānī; kisī par asar paidā k; daur yā larāyī men kisī par saba qat le jānā; kisī par igtidār hāsil k (uspir bāwi h.)—The river gains on the land—Woh daryā āhista āhista khushki ki taraf barhtā ātā hai

Gain. n. 1.—Fāida, naf', manāfi', manfa'at; hāsil yā husūl, sūd.

Opposed to loss

2.—Beshī; afzūnī; fāzil; barhotrī; taufīr; jo hisāb se barh jāe. Gainer, n. Fāida yā naf uthāne w, jo kisī shai se muntafa'-bih ho. Gainful, a. 1.—Fāida bakhsh; sūd-mand; nāfi', mufīd, naf yā khushī barhāne w.

2 —Zar-khez; naf-angez; jismen daulat mile.

Gainsay, v t Tardīd k , takhūluf-i-lafzī k.; dūsre kī bāt se muokir b. (kahnā ki yah bāt sach nahīn hai), rad k ; hujjat k.; palatuā; bāt kāt d ; bāt duhrānā; jarah k.

Gait, n 1.—Rāh, rāsta; chāl.

2 - Raftaı; chal, rawish; chalne kā dhang yā uskī waz'.

Gallant, a. I — Diler, 'ālī-hummat, jarī; juwān-mard; shujā', bahādur; gāzī-mard; bīr; sūr, jāń-bāz.

2.—'Auraton se akhlaq ke sath pesh ane w.; niswan ke sath khush-khulqi aur tawazu' ke sath baratne w.; ba akhlaq; khaliq; shaista.

Gailant, n. 1 — Khush-mizāj aur zında-dıl shakhs, waz'-dar shakhs, rangila; banka; chhaila. 2.—Pyar k. w.; 'āshiq; chāhne w.

3 - Jo burī niyat se kisī 'aurat ko pyār kare. [āna; dil khol kar. Gallantly, ad. 1.-D.leri se, 'ālī himmati se; juwān-mardī se; bahādur-2.—Aise tarīq par ki khush-numa ho; jalwe ke sāth.

Gallantry, n 1.—Dilerî; jurat. juwāŭ-mardî; bahādurî; be-khaufī.
2.—Niswāń ('auratoń) ke sāth tawāzu' yā khush akhlāqī se pesh ānā.
3.—Aubāshi; tamāshbīnī, burī nīyat se 'auraton kī khātir dārī k.; harī nīyat se 'ıshq-bāzī.

Gallows, n Dar; sūlī, phānsī.

Used in the singular number and preceded by a.

Gamble, v. i. Qımar-bazi k., jüz kheluz. kar-d. Gamble, v. t. Qimār-bāzi men kho yā urā d. ; jūye men hār jānā yā barbād

Usually with away Gambler, n. Qımar baz; juarı; woh shakhs jo rupaye-paise ya düsri chīz bāzī lagā kar hār jīt kare, phar bāz.

Game, n 1.—Kisī qısın kā khel; khel-kūd.

2.—Khel je dil bahlane ya har-jît ke liye khela jae ; bazî

A game of cricket-Kirkit (gend) kā khel-A game of chess-Shatranj kā khel; shatranj kī bāzī

3 — Khel men bāzī lagāne (hār-jīt karne) se jo mile, dāwň; burd; 4.—Jānwar jinko shikārī pakarte hain, shikārī jānwaron kā gosht 10 khāne ke liye maqsūd ho yā khāne ke liye chunā jāe; shikār.

5. — Kār-rawāyī kā tarīg ; 'amal darāmad kā silstia jo tajwīz karke

gāim kiyā jās, woh tadbīr jo kī jās, mansūba; tajwīz

To make game of - Kisi ke sati. khel k ; kisi se hansi dillagi ya thattha k ; kisi kā muih bijānā (uspar thatthā māruā).

Game, a 1 -Jo larāyi ke mung sī thān thāne; jo dam-rākhir tak jang par kamar-basta rahe, jarī; shujā', diler; dil kā mazbūt.

2.—Shikarî janwaron ka ya unse nisbat r. w. To die game - Akhir tak himmat na chhornā (hārnā); apne nāde se marte dam

Game, v. z. 1.—Koyî khel khelnă.

2 —Hār-jīt ke liye khelnā; rupaye-paise yā koyī chīz dāwu par rakh-kai (bāzī lagākar) ganjīfa tāsh chausar yā shatrani wagaira khelnā; jūā khelna, gimār bāzī k. ki hār-jit.

Gaming, n Jūā, qimār-bāzī; tāsh pāsa kaurī wagaira se rupaye wagaira Gaming-house, a. Qımaı-khana ; jüye ka ghar; woh makan jismen jüä khelā jāe. (bisāt, phar.

Gaming-table, n Woh mez yā chaukī wagarra jispar jūž khelā jāe ; Gang,n Woh bahut se log jo kisi maqsad-i-khās ke līye bāham sharīk hon; logon kā woh guroh jo kisī khās kām ke liye shirkat i-bāhamī rakhtā ho, tāifa; guroh; zurga, toli, dal; jātha yā jathā, gol "Ordinarily used in respect to persons in low or service positions"

A gang of thieves - Tāifa-i duzdāu, choron kī toli yā jathā, sāniqon kā guroh. Gaol, n. Mahbas; qaid-khāna; zındān; woh jagah jahān aise ashkhās qaid yā hirāsat men rakkhe jāen jo kīsī jurm men muqaiyad yā zer-i-tajwīz hon ya muqaddamat-i-faujdari men muchalka ya zamanat ke dakhil karne men qasır rahe khwan tahqır-i-'adalat ke padash men qard ya kisi aur wajh se hrasat-1-jarz men rakkhe gaye hon.

"Written also, and preferably, jail."

Gaol-delivery, n. Jo ashkhās mahbas men zer-i-tajwīz hon unkī nīsbat tajwīz 'amal men lā kar mahbas ko unse khālī kar d.

Gaoler, n. Dāroga-1-mahbas; jelar.

Gap, n Woh süräkh jo kısı chiz men uske tütne ya ajza ke juda juda hone se ho-jae, guzar ya andar jane kı rah, ane-jane ka rasta, shiq; shigaf; darz, rakhna, naqs; 'aıb, waqfa jo darmıyan men par jae; kisı qısm ka khulü'

To stand in the gap—Kisi shai ki hifazat ke liye apni tayin khatre (apni jān jokhim) men dālnā, jīs khatre kā zuhūr ho rahā ho usse oachānā—To stop a gap—Kisī khāmī ko mitānā; kisī naqs ko raf'k; jis amr men zu'f ho usse hifāzat kī tadbīr k.

Gape, v i. i.—Nind ünghi yā kāhıli se munh bānā ; jamhāyi l

2 - Khāne ke liye munh kholuā-jaise parind ke bachchon kā

3 — Darāz ho-jānā, shigāf yā shiq ho-jānā; phat yā khul jīnā.

4.—Harrat yā achambhe se munh khol d.; ummed yā tawaqqu' men munh khole rahnā

To gape for, or after, rarely with at—Kisi shai ko dhündhul, kisi shai ki barî ārzū r. ; tamaunl r ; kisi bāt ki ummed aur uskā ishtiyāq r.

Garb, n. 1.—Poshāk, hbās; khusūsan woh poshāk jo kisī mansab dār yā aur shakhs ke liye makhsūs ho.

2 — Waz'; sürat-ı-zāhiri jisse dil ki kaifiyat yā tabi'at ki khūbi zāhir

ho; chitwan; taiīq—jaise kalām kā

Garble, v t Kisī shakhs kī tahtīr yā taqtīr ke woh ajzā chun yā muntukhab kar-lenā jo kisī bāt ke liye kār-āmad hon, bigār d., khatāb kar-d Garden, n 1.—Bāg, phulwārī, chaman, woh zamīn jismen phal phūl aur sabzī waguta lagāyī jāwe.

2.—Woh jagah jo nihāyat zar-khez ho anr jahān khūb zirā'at hotī ho; koyî khush-numā maqām, junat, bahisht; indrāsan. [lagāyī jās-

Ho; köyi khush-numa maqam, jumat, banisht; indrasad. [lagayi jäs.

Kutchen garden—Sabzi-bāg, woh bāg Jismen khāne ke liye tarkāri wagura
Garden, v. v. Bāg lagānā, bāg men kām k; bāg-bānī k.

Garment, n 1 - Pahinne kā koyī kaprā

2-(pl) 'Umūman palinne ke kapre; poshāk; libās. Garnish, v. t. (Law) Mutanabbih k.; muttala' k. yā ittilā' d.

Garnishee, n (Law) Woh shakhs jiske qabze men kişî farîq-i-salis ki nalish par ek shakhs ka mal quiq ho aur use is kar-rawayî kî ittila' dekar batla diya jie ki aisî halat men kya karna chahiye, sipurd-dar

Garnishment, n. (Law) I. — Ittilā' jo qānūnan kisī shakhs ko is garaz se dī jāe ki woh hāzīr-i-'adālat ho-kai kisī ami kī nisbat 'adālat ko

khabar de ya muttala' kare

2.—Jis shakhs ke qabze men düsre kā māl qurq huā ho usko is bāt se āgūh kar-d ki woh rupaye yā asbāb de na de balki 'adālat men hāzir ho-kar ba-haisiyat-i-sipurd-dār ittilā'-i-hāl kare. [rakkhī jāe.

Garrison, n. Qal'e kī fauj yā qal'a jismen uskī hifāzat ke liye fauj In garrison—Qal'e kī fauj kī hālat men; qal'e kī fauj ke sipāhī kī tarah qal'e men kām kartā huā (ta'māt)

Garrison, v. t. Hıfazat ke liye fauj muta'aiyan k.—jaise qal'e men; fauj ta'ınat k. ya r , qal'a-bandı karke mahfuz k.

Gasp, v. i. Sans lene men munh khol d.; tanaffus khususan marne kī

hālat men munh phanlā d. (khol d yā bānā), tarpharāhat ke sāth dam ı; zor se hänphnä

Gasp, v t Sāos ke sāth mkāl d.

With forth, out, away. &c.

Gaso, a Sān lene ke liye munh khol d.; tanaffus; dam jo muslikil se are, sans pske khamchne men takif ho, halat-i-naz' ki sans, dam--ākhir vā wāpasin

At the last gusp - Qaribud mang; halat-i-naz' men, bari shiddat tangi ya Gate, n Shahr-panāh gal'a mandir mahal yā kisī dūsrī barī 'imārat kā phātak (usmen jāne lā berā dar yā darwāza) aur kewār yā takhte wagara jisse woh band ho; takri ya lohe wagaira ka phatak 10 kisa sohn bag ya düsii ghiri huyi jagah men laga ho; handh wagana ke pānī ke rokne kā phātak; rāh , rāsta , guzar kā zarī'a.

Gather. v. t 1.—Yakjīk, bahut sī judī judī chizon ko ek jagah yā ek shumul men jam'k., ekatthā k , jam'k. [men jam' k. jaise galla.

2.—Chunna, chun chun kar ekattha k; jam' k; kat kar khaliyan

3 -Ba-zarī'a kifāyat aur ijtimā' ke jam' k ; bahut sā batornā. 4.—Chunnă jaise kapre ka, dhage se kapre men chunan dalnă.

5 —Natīja nikālnā, hālāt yā dalāil se hāsil-i-kalām nikālnā (natīja akbz yā mustambat k); samajhnā, būjhnā, tajnīz k.

Gather, v. i. 1.—Jam' h., ekatthā h., yakjā h.; baturnā.

2. Barhaā; ek qism kī chīz ke milne se afzāish pānā (aur barā h).

3—Pakuā aur mawād d.

 Natija nikāluā, rāc qāim k; ākhir men samajhuā. Gathering, n. 1 — Ekattha ya jim'k, jo kuchh jam'kiya jae.

2.- Majma', jama'at, bhīr, bator; jalsa

3.—Abila wagaira jismen mawad a jae (jo pak jae); mawad, iim; pib Gauge, v. t 1 .-- Pîpe wagara men jo kuchh ho usko napna ya ia bat ko tuhçiq karna ki kısı pipe wagana men kısqadar samayı han (usmen kituā tharā jā saktā hai) takhmina k.

2 —Kisī shar kī gunjāish yā harsīyat daryāft k , andāz daryāft k ; Gauge, n. 1.—Pamāna, nāp yā māp; kisī bāt ke daryāft karne kā ustil, ıs bat kî tahqiq ka ala kı fulan shar ka lambaya chauşayî wagana kya hai yā usmen kisqadai chīz ke iahne kī samāyī (gunjāish) hai.

2 — Taskķhis, takhmina; andāza.

 Woh ăla jo khās khās chīzon li lambāyī chaurāyī barāyī chhotāyī wagaira ke daryāft khwāh unkī sūrat ke thin qām karne ke hye banā ho. Gauntlet, n -

To throw, or throw down, the gauntlet-Lalkana; larayi chahna, yah kahna k. larnā ho to āo laro-To tale up the gauntlet-Larayi qabūl k.; larnā

Gay, a. 1.--Khush; bashshāsh; bāg-bāg; jisse ma'mūl se ziyāde khel kūd yā bashāshat zāhir ho; jisse masariat paidā ho

2 — Jismen tarah tarah ke ya khush-numa rang hon; bharkila;

numārshī, nafīs ; dekhnauk ; chamkīlā , zarq-barq.

Gayety, n 1 —Khushī, bashāshat; woh bāten yā khānā piuā nāch-rang ragaira je khushi ki wajh se ho ya juse dil ko khushi ho.

Often used in the plaral,

2.—Numāish; zarq-baig; bharak; chamak damak; bharkīlā-pan. Gaze, v 1. Ankhen garā-ke shauq se delhā k ; shauq hairat yā tawajjuh se dekbnā, takā k , ţaktakī lagīnā, ghūrnā, tāk lagānā.

Gaze. n I — Taktakī; ghūi, gerī huyī nazar, shauq hanat yā ta'nīf kī nazar, tawajjuh ke sāth der tak takā k taki lag jae

2.—Wo shar jise shauq se dekhā karen; woh shar jisse kisi ko tak-Gazette, n Gazat; sarkārī akbbār jismen nyāsat ke mtizām aur gāmūnī

bāton kī ittilā' 'awām ko dī jātī hai.

Gazette, v. t Gazat men mushtahan yā rlān k.; umūrāt i- qīnūnī yā nazm-o-nasqi-nyāsat ki utulā' avām ko bā zāluta d , gazat men chhāpnā yā darj k [baron ke mushtahar karne ke liye muqarrar ho. Gazetteer, n 1 -Akhbar nawis, woh ahl-1 kar jo hakim ki talaf se kha-

2 --- Woh kıtāb jismen saltanaton shahron wagana ke hālāt hurūf-i-

tahajî kî tartîb se likhe hon

Genealogical, a. 1.—Nasab-nāma khwāh ashkhās yā khāndānon ke silsila-i-paidāish se ta'alluq r. w.; jisse khāndānon kī paidāish kā silsila unke mūrīs-i ā'lā se zāhir ho.

A genealogical table - Kursi nāma; nasab-nāma, bansāwalī

2.—Mūris se kisī shakhs yā khāndān kī paidāish ke silsile ke Genealogical order - Jis silsile se kisi shakhs ya khandan ki paidaish uske mūris se ho, silsila-i-paidāish yā khāndān —Genealogical ti ce - Shajra, nasabnāma: kursī-nāma

Genealogy, n. 1 —Ba-lihāz uske mūris ke kisī shakhs yā ķhāndān kī paidāish kā bayān; jis silsile se mūris aur uskī nasl kī paidāish zuhūr men āyī ho uskī tashrih; nasab-nāma; bansāwali kā silsila.

2 — Silsıla-ı-khāudān; pīrhī, pusht; mūris se barābar paidāish General, a. 1.—Bi-l-kul qism ya silsile se ta'alluq r. w.; juzw se nabin balkı kul se ta'allıqı w; naw' ya jıns se muta'allıq.

2 — Jismen bahut se afrād yā aqsām shāmil hon; khās yā makheūs

nahīn, jo kul par bāwī ho; 'ām.

3 - Jiske ma'ni mahdud na hoù, takheisi nahin; wasi'u-l-ma'ni.

4.—Jo kasrat par dalālat kaie, jo bahut hī phailā ho; jāiī yā murawwaj, jo kasrat se phaila ho, 'am par a.sa nahin ki usmen istısnäven na hon.

Sab se nisbat i w ; kul par mushtarak.

To plead the general issue (Law) - Be-gair kisi tardid i khās ke mudda'i ke kul da'ne ya bayan se qat'an mkar k

"The word general, annexed to a name of office, usually denotes chief or superior" Webster.

General, n 1.—Kul, jami', jo sab par hāwī ho; jismen kul yā juzw-ikasıı dakhıl ho, koyi khās shaı nahin.

Opposed to particular.

In general - Beshtar , kasrat se, hamesha ya 'ala-l-'umum nahin

 Kısı sige ya mahkame ka afsaı jiske zımme düsre ahl-karon ke kām kī nīgrānī bo khusūsan daija i ā'lā kā ek faujī afsar.

Generality, n 1 —'Am h., khās khās bāton par hāwī h; kullīyat; {bayān yā 'nbānat. 'umumiyat,

2.—'Am; mutlaq; jismen takhsis na ho, koyi 'am khwah muhmal

3.—Kasrat , juzw ı-kasīr ; jumhūr. Generalize, v. t. 1.—Jınswar k. , jus yā ajuās ke i'tibār se līhāz k.

Generalize, v. t. I.—Jinswār k., jins ya ajuas ke i'tibār se lihāz k. 2.—Dūsrī qismon yā jiuson par itlāq k., ziyāda-tar wus'at d.; dūsre afrād par itlāq d.; istaiah wus'at d. ki kul khās khās hālaten dākhil hojāen, umuman ('awām se) muta'alliq k., 'ām k.; bahuteron par itlāq k.

3. — Bataur usül-ı-'ām Le mustambat k.

Generally, ad 1.—'Ala-l'umūn, aksar; 'umūman; bahut yā kasrat se; beshtar par is tarah nahīn ki istisnāyen na hon

2.—Mujmalan; am tarīq par, ba-lihāz i-jumla-marātib; fi-l-jumla;

bilā sarāhat, bi-l-jumla; sab bāton pai khayāl karke.

Generate, v t. 1.—Paidā k., jannā, taulīd k , hastī d ; wujūd d.; kisī 'amal se paidā k.; kisī shai ke wujūd men āne kā bā'is h. [baunā. Generation, n 1.—Taulīd; paidāish, janm, kisī 'amal se paidā honā yā

2.—Pusht; pirhī, silsıla-i-padaish kā ek darja ya marhala masalan ek hī mān-bāp ke larke; woh log jinkā silsila-i-padaish mūris-i-wāhid se ho; woh log jo ek hī zamāne men hon; zamāna, waqt, 'umr.

3 - Khāndān, nasl, gharānā, jins; zāt, qaum.

Generosity, n. Sakhāwat, faivāzī; daryā-dīlī; taufīq; dād-dīhish men kushāda dīlī; faizān-i-tabī'at; kamīnagī yā bukhl nabīn, khūb dīl kholkai logon ko d yā unpai mihibānī k [sala; himmat-wālā,

Generous, a. 1.—Sharīf; mu'azzas; 'ālī-himmat, 'āli manish; sāhib-i-hau-2.—Dast-kushāda (jiskī mūthī deue men band na ho); sal.hī, faiyāz; tang-dil yā balhīl nahīn, dātā; dāmyā, faiz iasān; karīm.

3.—Bharā-pūrā; sab chīzen nīrāt se r. w., kasīr; mālāmāl. [sharāb.

4—Tez, qawī, dil men josh yā haiārat paidā karne wālī jaise Genīus, n. 1.—Woh khās qism kī tabī'at jo har fard-i-bashai ko qudratī hāsil ho; woh mailān yā tabī'at kī munāsabat jo har ek insān men ho aur jiskī wajh se woh khās khās qism ke û l kai-saktī yā kisī ami kī pairawī khwāh kisī shagī men khusūsiyat ke sāth kām-yāb hotā hai, qism-i khās kī tabī'at iagbat yā mazāq

2 — Ma'rūf zihni fazilat, ma'mūl se barb-kar zihānat; har qism ki bāt ki ijād yā bārikiyon ke nikālne men â'lā dane ki quwwat, zihn

zukā, barī fahm-o-firāsat

3 — Woh shakhs jisko 'awām se barh kar zor i tabi'at Ķhudā dād hāsil ho; bajā hī fahīm shakhs, zakī; 'ālī-tab', zahīn

4.—Khās qism kī tarkīb yā naw'īyat.

Genteel, a. I.—Khaliq, muhazzab, jiske tariq ya dhang pasandida hon jismen tahzib-yafta logon ke akhlaq-o-adab paye jaen

2 — Shāista; bhalā; khush, jo muhazzab shakhson ke liye zebā ho.

3.—Tariq yā sūrat men khush-numā; pākīza, latīf, sāf-suthrā, nafis Gentle, a. 1.—Narm, mullim; halīm, salīm; munkasn, miskin; jismer 'yz aur khush akhlāqī ho; psmen kaj khulqī rukhāyī yā sakhtī na h jaise mizāj tabī'at bol-chāl yā āwāz

2 – Wahshi mızaj karua ya munhzor nahîn, munh ka narm; be

shar; sidhā, garīb—jaise ghorā yā koyī dūsrā jānwar. 3.—Taskīn bakhsh, jiske bā'is dil ko ārām mile.

Gentleman n. 1 - Sharif; najib; 'ālī-khāndān; achchhe ghaiane kā.

2.—Bhalā-mānus; muhazzab shakhs, jismen tahzīb aur khusl akhlāqī ho, mard-i-sharīf, miyān-ādmī; mard-i-ādmī. 3.—(pl) Shahr ke rayīs; roasā; log, is ma'nī men lafz-i hāzā kā isti'māl us hālat men hotā hai jab 'awām ke jalson men hāzirīn se bilā lihāz-i-haisīyat unke ķintāb karte hain

Gentleman-like, a. Sharifon (shurafā) kā; sharifon sā; sharifon ke hasb Gentlemanly, a. i-hāl (jo unko phabe yā zeb de), khush-akhlāq;

bhalmansahat rakhta hua.

Gentleness, a. Sharāfat; salīmu t-tab'ī, bhalmansāhat; narmī, gurbat; mizāj kī khūbī [yā tashaddud ke.

Gently, ad. Mulāimat se; narmī se; āhistagī se; dhīre se; begair sakhtī Gentry, n. Ta'līm-yāfta aui muhazzab log; shuiafā; roasā; 'amāid.

Genume, a Aslî, khotā jhūthā yā milāyā huā nahin, haqīqī; paidāishī; sachhā, jismen kuchh milāwat (āmezish) na ho, kharā, jismen kuchh adal-badal (tagaiyur-o-tabaddul) na huā ho; jismen ja'l na banā yā tabādala na huā ho

Genuineness, n Aslīyat; sachāyī, wāqi'iat; tabādale yā kharābī se barāat; gair-masnū'iat, bilā-tagaiyur-o-tabaddul h.; iāstī; kharāyī; bilā-āmez-

ısh (sāf yā khaiā) h , sadāqat

The evidence, both internal and external, against the genumeness of these letters, is overwhelming—In khutūt kā aslīyat ke khilāf subūt-i-zāhirī wa bātinī mālāmāl hai (in khutūt kā masnū'ī honā khud unhī se aur nīz subūt i-khārijī se bahut kuchh sābit hai)

Germ, n. 1.—Ankhuā gābh yā ghābā, ankur.

2 —Ibtidā; bunyād, asl; jai, woh shai jīsse koyī chīz paidā ho.

German, a Nazdiki rishta r. w , qarabat-i-qariba r. w

Cousins german — Bhā:yon yā bahinon ke larke yā larkiyān, haqīqî chachere bhāyī yā chacherī bahinen, ek hī dādā kī aulād.

Germane, a. Nihāyat mauzūn; munāsīb, hasb-ī-hāl; chaspān, muta'allīq. Germinate, v v Nikalnā; khiluā, ankhuā mkalnā yā ankhwānā, nikalne lagnā; phūṭnā.

Gesture, n Jism yā a'zā ki harakat jisse dil kā khayāl zāhir ho; badan kā kisī tarah par hilānā-dulānā jisse kisī qism kā khayāl zāhir ho yā jo kisī bahs yā iāe par dalālat kare; adā; waz'. [kisī sabīl se pānā. Get, v. t. 1.—Hāsil k., pānā, qabza pānā, hāth ānā; paidā k; kamānā;

2.—Paidā k ; jannā

Has he got a child !- Kyā use koyī larkā pudā huā hai !

3.—Sikhnā; yād k.; zīhn-nashīn k.

To get a lesson - Sabaq yād k - Get this by heart - Ise hifz (zabānī yād) kar lo 4. - Taigīb d.; kisī se kisī bāt kā kaiānā, iāgīb k.; āmāda k.

It was the police who got the accused to make a confession—Ahl-kāiān-i-pulis hi ne mulzam ko targib de-kar usse iqrār karāyā.

6.—Karānā ; wuqū' meň āue kā bā'is b.

Get this despatched soon—Ise jald rawana kara do.

To get off—(a) Utārnā, nikāl l., haṭā d; dūr kar-d. (b) Bechnā, farokht k—

To get on—Pahinnā, pahin I; charhā !—To get in—Jam' yā ekaṭtha karka
sāye men r; lākar ār men r.—To get out—Khīnch-khānch kar nikālnā; penchpānch kar-ke daryāft k—To get out a sepret—Kisī bhed ko pench-pānch karke daryāft k.—To get the day—Jītnā; fath pānā; gālib ānā.—To get together

—Jam' k; ekaṭṭhā k., farāham k,—To get over—Rat' k.; daf' k; gālīb ānā,

bilā rukāwaṭ guzar jānā, sihhat pānā; achchhā h.—To get over difficulties—

Mushkilat ko raf' k, qabahaton ko daf' k.: mushkil bāton kā hal k —To get over siekness — Bīmārī se sinhat pānā (achchbā b.)

To get up -(a)'Awam ke rū ba-lū pesh karne ke hye taiyār k,; murattab k.; pesh k (b) Likhnā chhāpuā yā chhapuānā, mushtahai k yā i'lān d —To get up a faise case—Jhūthā muqaddama kharā k; banāwai kā mu'āmala qāim k.

v. i. 1 - Hāsil k ; naf pānā yā h ; baihnā; taraqqī h.

2.-Kısî halat men ho-jana, hona, ba-tadrij h.

Followed by an adjective belonging to the subject of the verb.

To get ahead - Āgo barh jānā, taraqqī k., bibtarī kī hālat men h — To get along - Age bathua; age chalua - To get a mile or other distance - Safar men mu k (ek mil yā jisqadar fānla ho) —To get among—Kisi ke darmiyān pahunchná, kisí ke shumul men ho-jārā; kisí ke zirge (guioh yā shumār) men dekhil hojānā — To get asleep — So jānā ; nīnd ā jānā — To get at — Pahunchnā, kahin daķhi guzar yā rasāgi pānā — To get back — Wāpas ānā: palat apā, rawānagi ke muqām par phir pahunchnā, mu'āwadat k.—To get before -Samne ya age pahunchua; aur age mkal jana - To get clear - Kisi phande (ul)baw) se apui tayın nıkalna, qaid muakhaze ya bar se makhlasi hasıl k.; khatre ya pareshani se bachna ya chhütna — To get drunk - Nashe men ho-jāuā, matwālā yā bad-mast ho jūnā - To get forward - Āge barbnā. taraqqi k; daulat men taraqqi pana.-To get home - Ghar pahunchna: makāu-1-maskuna par pahunchnā — To get loose or free - Chhutkara pana. band se āzād houā; makhlasī yā rībāyī pānā —To get near - Nazdīl pahunchnā: garib ā-jānā — To get on - Taraqqi k.; āge barhnā — To get rid of - Kisi shai se apnī gulū-khalā-ī k ; kisī shat se najāt ohhutkā-ā yā makhlasī pānā . kisi shar se appā ji chhorānā; tāl d., dūsre par dāl d ; subuk-doshī hani k.-To get away-Chale jana, mkal jana; tafu-chakkar ho-jana, naudo-gyārah ho-jāna - To get down - Utarnā, nīche ānā - To get up - Uthnā khususun bistar jā nishast se (chārpāyī yā baithne kī jagah se).—To get in— Andar ana ya jana, bhitar ana ya jana - To get out - Kiel ghiri huyi jagah (ihāta wagnīra) khwāh qaid se nikal jānā, bhāgnā; firār h.; paiesbānī ya ulihaw se makhlasi hāsil k ; kisi phande ya pech se nikaluā khwāh ohhūtnā -To get through - Tu k ; kisī shai se guzar kar maqlin i maqsūd par pahuhchnā; pūrā k; khatm k, anjām ko pahuhchānā, kar chuknā -To get to - Pahunchua - To get off - Utarua, kisi sawāti se utarua ya niche ana; bach jana; saf mkal ana; bath jhar ke mkal ana - To get together - Jam' h ; ekatthā h , yak-jā h ; baturnā. bhayanak.

hastly, a 1.—Shartan sī sūrat r. w, murde kī mānind; zard; faq, 2.—Khauf-nāk; muhīb; jisse dīl men dar paidā ho.

hastly, ad. Aisi tarah ki dekhue se dar lage (khauf ma'lum ho).

liant, $n \mid I$ — Va'mūl se ziyāda qad-o-qāmat r. w. shakhs, dew; qawī-haikal shakhs; dait; asui.

2.—Ma'mūl se zīyāda zihul yā jismāni quwwat r. w.

Aiddily, ad. Pareshānī ke sāth; be-sabātī yā be-ihtiyātī se; bilā-istiqlāl; gastat ke sāth, gāsilāna.

Giddiness, n. 1 — Daurān; chakkar; ghumrī yā ghumtā, sar kā ghūmnā. 2 — Be-sabātī; 'adam-i-istiqlāl (mustaqil na h.), talawwun; gaflat-shi'ārī yā be-parwāyī, subkī; ochhāpan. Giddy, a 1.—Jisko daurān i-sar ho; jisko ghumtā āta (ghumrī ātī) ho.

2.—Daurān-1-sai paidā k. w., jisse ghumtā āwe, jisse chakkar āye. 3 —Ghūmtā huā, chhakkar khātā huā; jald jald chāron taraf phutā huā. mustahkam

 Gair-mustaqil, mutalawwin, be-sabāt; mutazalzal,

5.—Be çarwā; wahshī-mızāj, be-fikr, allhar Gift, n 1 —Jo shar dī yā 'atā kī-jāe; koyi māl jo ek shakhs dūsre shakhs ko bilā-mu āwaza wa bi r-ragbat de de, hiba, bakhshish, nazr, dan, arpan, woh shanjo ba tanr ushwat ke di-jawe; jo kuchh dil par nā jāiz asar paidā karāne ke liye diyā jāc

2 —(Law) Ek shakhs kā dūsre shakhs ko jāedād-i-manqūla yā gairmanqula ap-hi-ap be-gair kisī badal (mu'awaze) ke de d , hiba; bakh-

shish; dān.

A gift in futuro - Hiba i-istiqbali .-- A gift by will, or a testamentary gift -Hiba-ba-zarī'a-i-wasiyat-nāma, hiba-i-wasiyatī — A gift made ore tenus, or a verbal gift-Hība-i zabānī - A coluntary gift-Hība i-bi-i-ragbat -- A mutual gift, or a gift for a consideration - Hiba-i-bi-l-iwaz - An implied gift - Hiba bi-l-kınaya - A conditional gift - Hiba-i-sharti ya mashrüt - A gift of an undefined or undivided property—Hiba-i-mushā' —A qualified gift—Hibba-i muqaiyad ya mashriit -- An absolute and unconditional gift or an unqualified gift -- Hıba-i-mutlaq, hıba-ı-kāmıl wa gaır mashriit -- A residuary gift -- Hıba-1-jäedäd 1-mä-baqā -A death bed gift, or a gift made in contemplation of death - Hiba-ba hālat-i-marazu-l maut; hiba jo marte waqt kiyā jāe - A gift on promise of a consideration-Hiba-ba-shartil-'iwaz-One who makes a gift - Wāhib ; bakushinda , hiba k w , dān k. w

2.—Koyî Khuda-did sıfat, liyaqat-ı-khās jo düsron se bankar ho; quwwat; zihnī tāqat, jauhar-i-zātī

3-Denā, bakhshnā yā bakhshish k.; dān k; dād-dihish, dān;

4 — Dene jā 'atā karne kā haq ikhtiyār vā igtidār

Gigantic, a. 1.—Qawi-baikal; bahut hī barā, dew sā; 'azīmu-sh-shān.
2 —'Azīm, kabīr; bahut bajā, bhāiī, sangīn. [gilat gilat k. Gild, v. t. 1 - Sone kā mulamma' k., sone kī qal i k; sonā charhānā;

2.—Raushan k., munawwar k.; darakhshān k., cham\ā d

3.—Zāhir men khūb-sūrat (khush-numā) banā d ; ātāish i-zāhiri se

pasand ke qābil banā d , rangan-i-qāz malnā; qalī k.

Gist, n. (Law) Koyī khās amr jo kisī bahs men gābil-i-tasfīva vā tajwīztalab ho, woh amr jispar kisi da'we ya muqaddame ka madar ho; kısı bat ka nıchor, magz-i-sakbun.

Give, v t 1 - Begur-mu'awaze ke d. 'ata k. ya bakhshna, begair badal ke d., de-denā—jaise qabza, 'atā k. masalan ikhtiyār yā ijāzat;

bakhshish ya hiba k , dan k.

2.—Kısı shar ka qabza de d.; de-dena—jrise ek chiz ke badle men düsrī chīz; adā k. likhtiyar d.

3.—Kisi ko ikhtiyar ya ijazat d., ijazat d.; rawa r.; apni talaf se 4 —Ba-taur natije yā magsūm-ilaih ke dekhlanā, dekblanā; paulā k.

The number of candidates, divided by the number of appointments gives one to each candidate - Jab ummed waroù ki ta'dad ko 'uhoon ki ta'dad se banten to fi ummedwār ek 'uhda hotā (maqsūm-ilaih nikaltā) hai,

Batlauā yā zāhir k.; i'lān d.

To give an opinion - Rāe batlānā yā denā -- To give notice -- Ittilā' yā khabar d 6.—Sādir k ; sunānā

To give sentence or judgment-Hukm 1-saza khwah faisala sadir k ya sunana 7.-- Ması üf k.: 'ādī k ; lagānā. [the passive particle." Webster "Followed by the reciprocal pronoun, used very frequently in 8. - Faiz kar I.; tasawwar kar I.: man I

To give away - Düsre ko de d ; ıntıqal k , kısı chiz ki haqqıyat ya milkiyat ko muntaqil k .- To gwe back - Wapas k ; pher d - To gwe chase - Pichha k ; ta'aqub k ; pīchhe lage chale janā, pachherā k.—To gwe ear—Sunnā, shinwāyi k , kīn d - To gwe forth - I'lān k ; mushtahar k , kahnā, bār 1-'ām zāhir k., phanānā.—To gwe in-(u) Kisī da'we se michā yā mujrā k ; jis shai kā mutālava wājib ho uskā d (b) Zāhir k.; khol ke kah d, 1 lān k — To give one's celf up-(a) Kisi maiīz kā apnī sibhat se māyūs h, apnī nisbat yah ramajn i ki ab na bachenge -(b) Nisār k; kisī par apnī tayīn chhor d : f.dā k -(c) Khū-pazīr k.; 'ādī k ; b: l-kul ho-jānā - To gwe out -(a) Barmalā kannā; rlank, sab se kahnā, mushtahar k; phanlānā—(b) Nikālnā, paidā k To give over -(u) Chhor d ; tark k ; dast-kash h. ; hath khainch baithna yā utha l ; darguzar k. (b) Sihhat se nā ummed b , lā-ilāj tasawwar k . hath dho baithna - To give the hand - Dosti ya wafa dari la wa'da k. . hath mārnā yā hāth men hāth d -To give up - Chhor d ; dast-bardār h. . nā. unmed ho-kar chher d ; kāmyābī kī ummed ko munqat' samajh kar kanārakash h , de-d — To give way - (a) Kanaie ho-jana, düsre ke liye jagah karne ki garaz se hat jānā ; dūsre ke liye gunjātsh k (b) Zor bojh yā dabāw kā sanbhāl na sakuā; tūt jānā; gir parnā, phat jānā

Give, v. z. 1 — Dahāw yā bojh se dab jānā ; dabne ke lāiq mulāim ho-tānā.

2.—Chalnā; pichhe ko hatnā

To give in &- (a) Manzūr k , ikhtyār k. (b) Apnī khurdī (chhotāyī) taslīm k, jhuknā, zer-dastī kā gāil h — To give out - Koshish se bāz-ānā, hār baithnā: thak beithna - To give over - Hath thainch l . kam k band kar d ; tark k. To give up-Chhor d., hath beta i ; koshish mauqiif kar d.; thak baithna.

Giver, n Dene w , hiba k w.; wahib; bakhshinda ya bakhshish k. w.: dau k. w.; daniya; dihanda; 'atā kunanda, bantne w., qasım.

Glad, a. 1.—Khush; masrūr, shād; āsūda.

Usually followed by of, and sometimes by at

2.—Khush-numā, bharkīlā; chamkīlā; jīsse ķhushī zāhir yā paidā ho; mufarrih, jisse dil ko masarrat (khushi) ho.

v. t Khush k ; shād k , dil kī khushī kā bā'is h ; masrūr k. Glad.

masarrat bakhshnā; farahat d , mahzūz k Gladden, Gladden, v. z. Khush h.; shād h ; mahzūz yā masrūr h.

Giadness. n Khushī; masarrat; shādī yā shādmānī; haz yā ihtizāz darja-i-ı'tıdal ki khushi anı farahat.

Glance, n. 1.—Lapak; chamak; damak—jaise byli ki.

2.—Nazar kā kisī chîz par ek-bargî (daf atan) par janā; kisī shai k ānkh se jbatpat dekh l.; jbalak; sarāsarī nīgāh; dekh pānā.

Glance, v. z. 1.—Chamaknā; raushan ho-jānā; laplapānā

Tirchhe nikal-jānā, uchat jānā; katrā jānā; sidhā na jānā.

3.—Ek jhalak dekh l.; sarāsarī nīgāh kar-l.; lamhe bhar yā jaldī se dekh l. [taur par kuchh kah-d.

4.—Kınāya k ; ishāre se kabnā; kısī kī nisbat zimnan yā sanāsarī 5 — Jald jald chalnā is tarah pan ki dekhte dekhte gub ho-jānā;

sırf ek lamhe bhar nazar ana, nık ruk ke chalna; jhalak marna. Glance, v t Daf'atan ya tırcıbhe dalna; sarasarı taur par dalna—jaıse nigah. Glare, n 1.—Tez raushanı jısse ankh tırınıra uthe; aısı saf tabısh chamak damak ya abdarı jıspar nigih thahar na sake; raushanı jısse tabi'at ghabıa uthe (chaka-chaundhi lage)

2.--Gazab-nāk garī yā danti huyī chitwan yā nigāh.

Glare, v. 2 1.—Nihāyat iaushan h. yā chamaknā, darakhshār h

2 -- Ānkhen mkāl-mkāl ghūmā; gazab ke sāth ānkhen garā ke dekhuā. [chamānā; fauqu l-bharak dekh-parnā.

3 —Nihāyat āb-o-tāb dekblānā; zarq baiq h, jagmagānā, cham-Glare, v t Aisī raushanī nikālnā jisse ānkhen channdhiyā jāen (na saken Glaring, p a 1 —Chamchamātā; isqadai raushan ki ānkhen uspar thahar

2 —Khulā-khulā, 'ayān, āshkārā; fāsh; zāhir; ma'iūf; jismen parda yā tbiūkā lihāzu i ho, jisinen hayā kā pās na kiyā jāe; jo be-bākāna kiyā jāe Gleam, v s. 1 —Khafīf sī raushauī, jhalak; shu'ā'; kiran.

2.—Chamak, damak; ābdārī, bharak

Gleam, v i. 1 -Raushani kī shu'ā' kā mkalnā yā phūtuā.

2.—Chamaknā; raushan h , nūr dālnā.

Glean, v. t 1.—Nāj kī un shākhon au bālon ko chunnā jinko kātne wāle chhor jāen; girā patā gaila chun-kar uthā l

2—Sabr aur mashaqqat ke sath ekattha k; jo chizen bahut muntashar hon unko yak-ja k; jo chizen mutafarriq hon unko ek jagah k Glib, a. 1.—Chikna, jispar koji chiz iakhne se phisal jae; phislaba.

2.—Charb; bolue men tez; jald jald chalue wālī—jaise zabān

Glide, v. i. Ahista ābista yā barābar chalnā ; istarah chale chalnā ki na to shor ho aur na zāhir men haiakat kī tabrīk pāyī jāe; jald jald aur suhūlat se guzarnā; phisalte chalnā yā phisalnī; subkī se chalnā.

Glimmer, v z. Ţimtimānā; jigjigānā; jhilmilānā; raushauī kā kam phūt nā, kuchh kuchh unjelā rahuā [kam aur phailī ho. Glimmer, n Timtimāhat, jhilmilāhat; khafīf raushauī, raushanī jo Glimpse, n 1.—Chamak; raushauī jo yakājak ho-jāe; jhalak; kaund;

raushanî jo hote hî gaib ho-jae.

2 — Jhalak; kısı bat ka jbatpat ma'lüm kar-lena; sarasanı ki nigah. Glitter, v 1 1 — Chamakna, dunakhshan h., laplapana, abdan zahır kar d.

2 — Fauqu l-bharak h, dil-fireb yā dil-chasp h; numāishī h.

Glitter, n. Chamchamähat; chamak; damak; darakushānī; tajallī; jolwa; āb-o-tāb; zarq-barq. [golā; golī. Globe, n. 1.—Koyī gol chūz chābe woh bhītar se bharī ho yā khālī;

2.—Koyī shar jo gol mudawwar yā golāyī liye ho jaise ānkh kā golā

lamp kā golā shishe yā kānch kā golā wagaira. 3.—Zamīn yā kura-i-zamīn; arz., dharti

4—Zamin yā āsmān kī gol shabīh jo kisī dhāt yā kāgaz wagarra kī banī ho; kura-i-arzī yā samāwī. [liye huye. Globular, α. Jo ba-shakl-i-kura ho; gol goļā yā mudawwar, golāyī Gloom, n. 1.—Tārīkī-1-nāqıs yā kāmil; barī audherī; zulmat.

2.-Dil par gubār-i-malāl kā chhāyā rahnā; dil kī udāsī; iani k sürat: sukūt ke sāth tabī at kī barhamī.

3.—Ayında ki ummed ki taribi (uska manhum h)

Gloominess, n. Tārīkī, andherā h ; tīragī; zulmat; udāsī, rapī; kulfat Gloomy, a 1 - Dhundhla, khub taushan nahin, andhera; dhumla

2 — Jispar udāsī chhājī ho, malūl; mukaddar, ranjīda; pazhmurda:

afsurda; magmum, jisse ranj zāhir ho.

Glorify, v t 1 -Buzurgi dekar buzurg banana, hurmat aur 'izzat d ; 'uru balandi ya bartan d.; madh sana tausif ya ta'rif k.; hamd k ta'rīf ke qābil k.

2 —Buzung samajhnā yā dil se mānnā; kisī kī fazilat yā bartarī ko

taslim k.; ta'zīm o-takrīm k.; 'ibādat yā parastish k., pūjuā.

Glorious, a. 1.—Buzurg, qābil-i-ta'rīf; wast ke lāiq; afzal, bartar, nihāyat 'amda; zu ljalāl; jalīlu l-qadr; rafī'u-sh-shān, 'azīmu-sh-shān.

2 -Bara, nihāyat 'umda; mashhūr, ma'ıûf; jalilul-qadr; buzurg,

bahut hi wu'azzaz.

Glory, n. 1 -Kişî shakha ya shan ki ta'nîf 'izzat ya barayî jo 'awam muttafiq hokar karen; humd, sana, bari neknāmī; shuhrat; hurmat.

2 —Kısı shakhs ya sharmen woh sıfat jıski ta'rıf ya ta'zım 'awamun-nās karen, woh shat jiske bā'is neknāmi yā shuhtat ho, fakhr ki chīz, woh shu jispar kisī ko gairā ho; ta'ilf kī būt, buzuigī, barāyī, shān. Ab o tāh yā abdārī; jalwa.

3.—Guiti, garri, ghamand, fakhr, shekhi, nakhwat.

4 -Bāri ta ālā kī huzūrī, jannatiyon kî janib mihr-i-Ilāhi kā izhār; bahisht; jannat, jo ābiū bahisht men mile Glory, v : 1 -- Khushi se phul uthua, big bag h; khushi k.

2 — Fakhr k ; gantā k , ghamand k ; itrānā. ; nāz k. ; nāzīn h. Gloss, n 1 — Chamak; āb, ābdūrī; jhalak.

rāe men khatā ho. 2 — Sūrat yā bajān jo ba-zāhn sahīh ho; woh numūish-i-zāhirī jisse 3.—Ta'bīr; tāwīl, sharh, tauzīh; tīkā.

Gloss, v. t 1 -Jili d , chiknā am chamkīlā banānā; kalap d ; op k. 2.--Rāst-numā banīnā, aisā kar d ki zāhir men sahīh aur durust ma'lüm hı; kısı shar ki burayı ko aisı aısı baten kah-kar kan kar-d. jo dekhne men sach ma'lūm den.

[wag una dekar sāf kar-d. 3—Tauzīh k.; sharh d : tashrīh k ; tikā k.; bayān k.; misāl Gloss, v. i. I.—Tikā k.; sharh liklinā yā d , kisī mazmūn ke sāf sāf ma'ium karane ke liye kuchh likhaa ya kahna

2.—Makkārī kī bāten kahnā; fan-faieb kī bāten kahnā

Glossary, n. Woh lugat ya farhang jismen mujmal purane ya aise alfaz kī tauzīh kī jāc jo kīsī ķhās maqām men musta'amal hon: kīsī khās tasnīf yā zabān wagana kī lugat; un alfāz kā majmū'a jinkī tauzīh khusüsiyat ke säth darkar ho. Itaushau h., munawwar h. Głow, v i 1 - Damakna; lahakna; durakhshan h , taban h ; khub

2 —Surkh hojānā yā dekh paruā, goyā garmī se dahaknā; garmī josh shaim wagana se surkh ya iaushan ho-jana (jalne bhabhakne ya

timt mane lagna).

3 — Garm ho-jānā; jalne lagnā, tapnā.

4.—Josh men a jana, jazbe men ana; ishq sargarmi gusse wagara ki shiddat se garm-joshi men ā-jānā; taish men ānā.

[kisî ke mutabiq 'amal k

w, n. 1.—Damak, jhalak; woh suped rangat jo garmi se paidā ho

2.—Rang ki shokhi, surkhi; läli; durakhshani, tımtimahat

3.—Nibāyat harārat josh sargarmī yā jazba; kisī josh-i-tabī at kī nddat (uskā zo1).

t, v. t. 1.—Nigal jānā; bhakosnā; munh men tliūs (ek-bārgī bhar) 1.

2.—Itnā bhar d. ki pher gumāisk hāoī na raher ser kar-d.; kisī k

2.—Itnā bhai d. ki phir gunjāish bāqī na rahe; ser kar-d; kisī kī hwāhish yā tamannā ko bi-i-kul pūi ī kar-d, āsūda kar-d, aghānā.

To glat the market—Tijārat kī koyī chīz bāzār men isifrāt se bhar d, ki uskī bikrī na ho

v. 1. 1.—Ek jagah se düsrî jagah jānā; harakat men rahnā; jānā; halnā; āge barhnā; taraqqī k [ya'nī daur kar yā tez na chalnā

2 —Pair se yā qadam qadam chalnā; ṭahalnā; āhista āhista chalnā
 3 —Safar k.; ḥhushkī yā tarī se jānā.

4.--Jānā; kisī jagah se chalnā. [rujū' h.; badalnā; tabdīl h.

5.—Ek hālat se dūsrī hālat men h.; ek rāe se dūsrī rāe kī taraf

6 —Kısî maqsad ke anjām men madad d , mu'in h

7.—Itlāq 1., muta'allıq h; lagnā; chaspān yā mauzūń h [12-joyī k. 8 — Kısīkī taraf 1 ujū' h; istı'ānat k; madad chāhnā; kısī se apnī chārogo to law — Qāuūn kī taraf rujū' h; qānūn ke zarī'e se apnī chāra-joyī k,

nēlish k., qanūnī da'wē pesh k

[chāhnā]

9—Kisī kām ke 'anqarīb karne kā nāda k ; kisī kām kā jald karnā

He is going to sue his brother - Uskā irāda hai ki apne bliāyi par jald nālish kare, woh apne bhāyī par jald nālish kiyā chāhtā hai (uspar jald nālish karne wālā hai).

10 — Phailnā; masbhūr h.; zabān-zad h.

mante haiñ.

The story goes—Yah dīstān phailā hai , yah bāt zabān-zad (mashhūr hai). 11.—Samahī jānā ; mutasawwai h ; mānā jānā.

Among us, he goes for an old man—Ham logoù meñ woh ek bûrba ādmī samjhā yā tasawwur kiyā jātā hai, ham log use ba-taur ek bûrba shakha ke

- 12—Pā-band h. yā pā-bandī k.; kisī usūl'yā qāi'de par chalnā, We are now to go by the provisions of the new Procedure Code—Ham logon ko ab majmū'a-1-zawābit i-jadīd kī pā bandī karnī chābiye, ab ham logon ko majmū'a i-zawābit-i-jadīd ke ahkām ke mutābiq 'amal ('amal dar-āmad') karnā chābiye. [se barī kar-diyā jānā.
- 13 Chhor yā khol diyā jānā; āzād kar diyā jānā, rukāwat yā qaid Let the prisoner go— Qaidi yā is qaidi ko chhor do (jāne do, rihā yā āzād kar do)
- Let the prisoner go—Qaidi ya is qaidi ko chhor do (jane do, rina ya azad kar do) 14 —Phailnā, pahunchnā, kisī tarafkojānā yā kisī tarafkī rāh dekhānā.
- The line goes from one end to the other—Woh lakir ek sire se düsre sire tak phaili hai—His land goes to the bank of the Ganges—Uski zamin daryā-i-Gang ke kanāre tak hai yā paliunchti hai—This road goes to Mirzāpūr—Yah sarak Mirzāpūr kī taraf (Mirzāpūr ko) jātī hai, is sarak se Mirzāpūr kī rāh jātī hai yā wahāu kī rāh hai
- 15 —Chalnā; jānī rahnā; hotā jānā. [hai (ho rahā han)
 The business goes well—Woh kām achchbā chaltā hai yā achchhī tarah se jārī

16 - Khātime ko pahuńchnā, anjām ko pahuńchnā

The case will go against him—Yah muqaddama uske khilaf anjam ko pahun chega (iska anjam uske khilaf hoga).

17 — Mailān yā asar 1.; tāsīt paidā k.; 'amal k.

These ralings go to show that the constitution put upon the document in question is wrong - In nazīron se yah eabit hotā hai ki dastāwez-i-mutanā za'a ki jo ta'bîr ki-gayî har woh galat hai

- 18.—Chalnā, achchhī yā butī hālat men h.
- 19.—Madad d.; mu in h., kısı shar ka juzw h.

With to or into.

- 20 Kām-kā h ; kār-āmad h., mufīd h.; naf' d ; waq'at r.; ma'nī ke dene men muntaqıl h . manshā paidā k
 - 21 Kharch ho-jānā, kisī shar kī qīmat ke adā karne yā uske badal

22 — Jānā, ham-qimat h.

- 23 —Kho jānā, barbād ho-jānā marjānā, qazā kar-jānā; guzar jānā 24 — Chalnā, basar h.; katnā, bītnā; ākhu h ; anjām ko pahunchnā; atīja i ākhu ko pahunchna; maāl-i-kāi b bîra uthana
 - 25 Sharākat r.; sājhā r , hissa r yā l.; kisī bāt kā zimma yā To go about-Apri tayin kisi kām men lagānā yā masrūf k.; koslash k fikr k - To go against - (a) Yūrish k ; charbāyī k ; charb jānā. (b) Khilāf yā mukhālir b.: nā pasaudīda h — To go astray — Ghūmuā, phunā ; kisī band jagah ee mkal kar bahar jana, bahak jana, gumrah ho-jana, rah-1-1asti se qănun ya qui'de ke kbilaf k , gunab k .- To go away - Chale jānā, kahin fāsile par jānā — To go between — Miyānji bannā, darmiyānī h; sulh yā trafīya i-nizā' ki koshish k . bich men par-kar sulh karā d. (jhagrā mptā d)-To go by-Nazar-andāz kard , chhor jānā, tark kar d; firoguzāsht k — To go for nothing - Be-tāsīr h , koyī matlalı yā manshā na r ; Luchh kārgar na h , be sūd h , rāegān h.—To go hard with-Aisā khatra paidā k nısse kısı ko mezarrat pahunche; kısı ko bahut taklıf ya kbatıa pahun chānā, bachnā mushkil h , jīn barī dushwār b.-To go an-Andar jānā, bhītar jānā yā dāķhil h-To go in or out-(a) Dunyā kā kām dhām k ; dunyāwi kār-o-bāc k (b) Āzādāna jānā, āzād rahnā - To go on -(a) Chale chalna, age buhna (b) Pahina jana -jaise koyi libas (pahinne ka kapra) To go off-(a) Dür janā, kisī jagah jā maqām se jānā. (b) Chhūṭnā; dagnā, chalnā, ser h - To go out - (a) Nest ho-jānā - jaise zindagi kā, bujhnā yā gul no jānā—jaise sham' yā āg kā (6) Mushtahar ho-jānā , 'awām ko ma'lum ho jānā tasht-az bām ho jānā -- To go over -(a) Parhnā, mutāla'a k, tahsil k (b) Jānebnā, untihāo k; dekhnā-bhālnā—To go orce an account - Kisī hi-āb kā jānchnā (c) Kisi bāt ko sochnā, dil hi dil men khayāl k.; bhitar hi bhitar her-pher ke samajhnā būjhnā khayāl yā yād k—(d) Ek farīq ko chhor kar düsre faniq ki taraf ho-janā, ek tanaf se düsri taraf ho rahnā; pahlū badalnā, mil jāpā. (e) Bagāwat k sar kashi k. (f) Is taraf se us taraf jānā-jaise kisī daryā ke, 'ubūr k-To go through-(1) Pūrā k; anjām ko pahuńchānā, khatm k tamām-o-kamāl kar-d (2) Baidāsht k; uthānā, ākbir tak tahammul k , sahnā — To go under — Kisī laqab yā nām se mazkūr yā ma'rūf h (jānā yā bolā jūnā), jise log kisi laqab yā nām se jānte khwāh uskī nisbat charchā karte hon —To go up—Charhnā; uthnā, su'ūd k.

To go upon—Chalnā jaise kisī bunyād par; kisī amr ko ba-taur usūl ke tasawwur k. yā māunā 'ām 188e ki woh usūl farzī ho yā musallam —In this case there is nothing for the court to go upon—Is muqaddame men koyi amr aisa nahin hai jispar 'adālat chale (jiskī bunyād par 'adālat 'amal yā kāi-rawāyī kare yā jisko ba-taur usūl ke tasawwur kare).—I cannot go upon that—Maiń us amr ko ba-taui usūl ke nahīn tasawwur kar saktā; ham us bāt par 'amal dai-āmad nahīn kar sakte yā use mān nahīn sakte —To go without—Khālī tnuhtāj yā tihidast h. yā rahnā —To let go—Jāne d, rok na r; qaid na kar r., chhor d, rihā kar-d—To go one's uay—Chalnā, rawāna h., rāh l., rāsta pakarnā, āge ko sidhāinā

Goad, n Ek nok-dār āla jisse dabā-dabā kar kisī jānwar ko jald jald āge barhāte ham—jaise ānkus wagama; koyī shai jisse kisī ko kīsī fi'l ke

karne kî ragbat ya tabrîk ho

Goad, v /. Godnā; ānkus se chalānā; tahrīk k; taigīb d.; ubhārnā, uksānā; mushta'il k, khyhlānā [mishān.

Goal, n 1 — Woh maqām jis tak yā jisse muqābale ki daur men dauļen; 2 — Maāl-1-kāt, manshā i gāyī, woh natīja-tākhir jiskā zuhūt maqsūd ho; woh bātjiske anjām ki koshish ho; manzil-i-maqsūd; matma'-i nazar Go-between, n. Darmiyāni; miyānji, bichwayī, jo shakhs do farīq ke darmiyān kār-rawāyī kaie; dallāl.

Go-by, n 1.—Guiez; makkārī ('aiyātī yā chhal-bal) se nikal-jānā.

2 — Dar-guzai, igmāz; ṭāl jānā, hīla-hawāla kaike bachā-jānā.
To give a proposal the go-by - Kisi aisī bāt ko jo karne ke hye kabī jāe hīla-hawāla kar-ke tīl d (use bachā jānā yā usse igmāz kar jāuā).

Godown, n. Godām; māl khāna; māl godām.

Gold, n 1 -Sonā, tilā, zar.

2. Rupayā-paisā, daulat, māl; zar.

3 sonahrā zard rang, sone kā sā pīlā rang.

Golden, a 1.—Sone kā hanā huā, sone kā, tilāyi; zairīn, sunahrā.

2 - Jiski rangat sone ki si ho; sone ki manind, 2ard.

3 — Nihāyat 'umda, bahut hī achchhā yā mubārak, qism-i-ā'lā kā, nihāyat qīmatī; afzal

Good, a. 1.—Jāiz; qawī; qānūnau mazbūt yā mustahkam, kamzor yā za'īf nahīn, nāgis nahīn; is-qadai mazbūt ki gāim rah sake

A gnod tirle – Istihqāq-i-jārz yā qawī, aisā istihqāq jo qānūnan mazbūt yā mustahkam ho (zw'īt khwāh nāqis na ho) [na ho, tāst

2.—Sahih, ma'qūl, qawi, jo kamzor yā jhūth nā ho; jisse dhokhā. A good argument—Dalil i qawi sahih yā ma'qūl; aisi,dalil jo kamzor yā jhūth na ho khwāh jisse mugālata na ho

na ho khwāh piese mugālata na ho 3 — Apnie qism kā kāmil yā pūrā; jisse kār-iawāyī bakhūbī ho sake, nāqis adhūrā kharāb yā zaiai-racīda nābīn, achchhā, jismen nags na ho; be-'aib.

4.—Parhez-gār; muttaqī; dīn-dār; nek; nīko kār utharāb bad yā hadkār nahīn—jaise shakhs, achchhā; nek; kharāb nahīn, hasana jaise fi'l.

5.—Munāsib; hasb-r-hāl, suhtilat subīte jā ārām kā; mauqe kā; jassā chābīve waisā bī.

He arrived in good time—Woh waqt-i-mināsih par pahunchē (jis waqt pahunchnā chāhtā thā usī waqt pahunchā , achchha mauqe' se pahunchā). [achchhā

6 — Kār-āmad; maslahat 1-waqt, qarīn-i-maslahat; jisse khushī ho, It is not good that you should waste your time—Qarīn-i-maslahat nahīn hai kī tum apnā waqt zār'a karo, tumhāre hye apne waqt kā khonā mūjib-1-khushī nahīn hai; yah bāt achehhī nahīn hai ki tum tazī'a-i auqāt karo.

7 —Sihhat-āwar, khush-zāiga; nā-pasandīda yā muzir nahīn; 10 ihhat paida karne men mu'in ho, jisse maraz men kami ya sihhat 10, jismen dawā ki khāsiyat ho; mufid fāida-bakhsh yā nāfi', muqawwi quwwat-bakhsh yā tāqat dene wālā.

8 — Musāwī, barābar; kāfī, zī istitā'at, zī i'tibār yā mu'tamad; uske i'tibar (jiskî sak) men futür na para ho; jispai ada-i-qarz ke liye 'tımād yā bharosā ho-sake; jo īfā 1-dam kar-sake, jo nā-dār na ho.

bahut barā; bahut kasıat se

His security is good for the amount of the debt-Uski zamanet zar-i-qarz ke musāwi (uske adā ke līye kāfi) hai 9 — Hoshyār; kārīgar; tez-dast; lāiq, jise kisī bāt kī liyāqat ba-

khūbī ho, fāiq; jo apnā kām hoshyārī aui īm indārī se kare. 10.-Mihrban, khair-khwah, muhabbat i w., wafa dai.

11.—Nek, Jismen ilzām yā dhabbā na lagāyā gayā ho, mu'azzaz.

A goedname – Năm î-nel yauek nămî, aisā nām jismen badî kādhabbāna lagāho. 12.—Chhota khafif ya na-chīz nahīn; bara; 'azīm, na chhota na

He has a good deal of lessure-Use babut fursat rabti has -He is a good way off—Woh bari yā bahut dûr ha: , woh fāsıla 1-ba'id par ha:

13 — Asli; haqiqi, waqi'i, sach much, iddi'ayi ya banawat ka nahin He said so in good earnest—Yah bat usne sach-much ya begair banawat ke kahi 14.—Suhbat ke laiq, sangat ke qabil, ashna parast, khush-mizal.

As good as - Kısı düsre se kam nahın , düsre ke muqabale men thora ya qılıl nahīn; barābar; musāwī dūsie se barh-kar nahīn; waisāhī jaisaki dūsiā -As good as one's word-Bat ka pakka, wa'de ke mutabiq k aqaul ka sachchā, bāt kā dhanī; wa'da wafā k w ; jitnā kahe utnā karne wāla.— Good for nothing-Be-waq'at; nikammā, nā kāra, hech kāra, nā-chīz, kisi kām kā nahin , be-kān,—To hold or stand good—Qānn nahnā, mazbūt yā mustahkam rahnā, nātiz yā jārī rahnā, jāiz 12hnā; har qarār r—To make good-(a) Pūrā k, aujām k., wafā k, ta'mīl k-To make good one's word or promise-Apne qavl yā wa'de ko pātā yā wafā k (b) Sābit k, pāya i-subut ko pahunchānā; qāim k , tasdīq k ; sachchā thahiānā —To make good a claim, charge, or accusation - Kisi da'we istigüse ya ilzam ko sabit k (c) Kısı kami ke pürü k , kisi naqs ke rəf' k , kısı 'aıb ke dür k —I will make good what is wanting-Jo kuchh lawi hai use main pūrā karūngā (d) Nuqsān kā mu'āwaza d , khisāra d , tūtā bharnā.—Who will make good this loss?— Is noqsān kā mu'āwaza kaun degā? (e) 'Amal men lānā, kisī bāt kā karguzarnā — To make good a retreat — Bhag jānā , firār h., nikal jānā — To think good – Pasand yā manzūr k., rāvī yā mutmayin h , qarīn-i-maslahat yā munā aib samajhnä

ood, n 1. Nekî, bhalāyī, bihtarī, jisse kāmyābī bihbūdī yā khūshī men taraqqı ho, jo kar amad 'umda mıhıban ya khair-khwah wagarra ho Opposed to evil

2.-Naf ya khushi ki taraqqi; bihbudi, sar-sabzi, bhalayi; faida; Opposed to hurt, harm, or the like

3 — Koyî qîmatî chîz jo kısî ke qabze men ho; māl, māl-i-manqtîla; asāsu-l bait, asbāb, saudāgarī kā asbāb; woh chīzen jo saudāgar khandfarokht karte hain

"Especially, and almost universally, in the plural." Webster For good, or for good and oil—Hamesha ke liye, dawam ke liye, ba-martaba-i-akhr; sab chhor-chhār ke, bi l maqta'; mustaqil taur par.

Good-breeding, n. Khush khulqi jo ta'lim ki 'umdagi ka natija ho; tahzib, shāistagi, akhlāq-o-ādāb ki durusti. [bāni; nek-nihādi.

Good-nature, n Nek-mizājī, nek sīratī, mizāj kī aslī mulāimat aur mihr-Good-natured, a Nek-mihād; nek-mizāj; nek-sīrat; jiskā mizāj paidāish hī se mulāim ho; jo jald khijlā na uthe.

Goodness, n. Kisī shai kī 'umdagī, kisī bāt kī achhāyī; khūbī; nekī, mihi-bānī, nek-khwāhī, meāniyat kā bartāw. [bhalāyī chāhnā.

Good-will, n. 1 — Khair-khwāhī; nek-khwāhī; nek-andeshī, khair-sigālī, 2.—(Lnw) Kisī tijārat yā rozgār ke gāhak; rozgār ke kisī maqām-i-mu'aiyan par logon ya'nī sābiq ke gāhakon aur dūsron ke āne jāne kī ragbat; 10 fāida ki is ragbat se hāsil ho, tijārat kā kārkhāna.

Gordian, a. Pechida; uljhāw kā; mushkil; dushwār.

tiondian knot - 'Uqda-1 lä-hal, woh mushkil jo hal (rai) na ho-sake; assī kathın bat jisko suljhä na saken.—To cut the Gordian knot - Kisi dushwari ko jawanmardana khwah gair-ma'müli tadbiron se raf' k

Gorgeous, a. Zarq-barq; khush-numā, 'umda, chatkīlā; chamkīlā; bharkīlā, jismen tarah tarah ke yā 'umda 'umda rangon ke hone se

tabi'at khush ho.

Govern, v t 1.—Hukūmat k., hukm-rānī k ; jo had qānūn ke iū se yā bādshāh kī marzī ke mutābiq mu'aiyan ho uske bāhar jāne na d (usse mutajāwiz na hone d), hukm ke zor se chalānā; faimān iawāyī k.; hukm-rānī k.; rāj k

2—Qā'ide se chalānā; apne ikhtiyār men r.; zabt men r.; apne rok men r, insirām yā ihtimām k; mutī'r.; apne qābū men r, chalānā. Govern, v. i. Ikhtiyāi yā iqtidār nāfiz k.; qawānīn ko nāfiz k. yā nafāz

dılana; 'ınan-ı-hukümat r ; hakım h.

Government, n. 1.—Hukūmat, hukmrānī; siyāsat; 'amal; natāz-i-iqtidāi, qānūn kā bartāw; tahakkum; ikhtiyār; 'inān-i-hukūmat.

2 Tarz-i-hukūmat; nazm-o-nasq; qānūn kā tarīq-i mu'aiyan; nizāmat, ıntizām; bandobast. [rānī kā ikhtiyār.

nat, intizam, bandosası. 3.—Hukümat ya qanun ke nafaz ka istibqaq ya ikhtiyar, hukm-

4.—Woh shakhs yā ashkhās jinko hukm-rānī yā qānūn ke nafāz dilāne kā ikhtiyār hāsil ho, farmān-rawæ; hukm rān; 'āmil.

5 — Saltanat, bādshāhat; rīyāsat; sarkār; iāj. Governor, n. 1.—Hakim; 'āmil, nāzīm, gawarnai.

2.—Atālīq, kisi kam-sin shakhs kā muhāfiz yā walī.

Gown, n. 1 —Sāya; gawan.

2.—Woh jubba yā choga jo ā'lā darje ke madrason ke muntahī tulabā yā bāristar wagaira pahinte hain, mulaī afsar; ahl-i-qalam ya'nī jangī afsar (ahl i-saif) nahīn. [men pahinte hain

3.—Woh dhīlī-dhālī poshāk (choga wagaira) jo bhale mānus ghar

4.—Kīsī qīsm kī poshāk yā lībās

Grace, n. 1.—'Înāyat; shafaqat; mihrbānī; dūsre ko naf' pahuuchāne yā mamuun karne ki khwāhish; ri'āyat; lutf, karam.

2.—Khilqī yā jibillî khūbī, koyī aisī sifat jisse log uske mausūf par 'māyat karen yā usse khush hon khwāh use faida pahunchāyen; khūbsürtī yā jamāl 'ām isse ki jismāni ho zihnī yā dilī, khūbī-i-atwār yā tarz-o-tarīq, kamāl-i-aŭrat.

3.—Insān par 'māyat-i-Ilāhī; Khodā kā rahm sur uskī barakut, Khodā kī mihibānī aur uskī bakhshish; mihr yā 'afw-i-Ilāhī; Bārī-ta'alā kī huzūr men maqbūl h; maund-i-marāhim-i-Ilāhī h. [ta'mal hotā hai.

4 -- Bare pādrī yā dūk kī taraf khitāb karne men bhī yah lafz mus-

5—Ek mukhtisar si du'ā jo khānā khāne ke pahle yā pichchhe parhī jātī hai, du'ā jo māngī jāe yā shukrīya jo adā ho

Days of grace—Woh siyām jo kiel hundavī wagsira kī mitl pūjne ke ba'd hi wāui' hote aur madyūn yā adā-kuninda-i-zar ko adā-1-1aqam-1-wājibu-l-adā ke hiye milte hain; aiyām i-muhlat; tín din kī mitl—Period or terin of grace—Aiyām yā mī'ād i-muhlat—Year of grace—Sāl-1-muhlat—Good graces—Mihrbānī, shafaqat, dostī [aur urūj d

Grace, v t 1.—Ārāsta k ; sajnā ; sanwārnā , zīnat aur buzurgī d., raunaq 2.—Kisī qism ki 'ināyat ri'āyat yā mihrbānī se saifāz yā mumtāz

k : 'ızzat d , äbrü bakhshnä.

Graceful, a Husin aur buzuug, nafis; dekhne men achohhā, chāl chitwan aur bol-chāl ke i'tibār se achohhā, khush, khush-uslūbi rakhtā huā, khush-uumā; khūbsūrat, bhalā, pasandīda; sughar.

Gracefully, ad. Husn ke sāth. khūb-sūrtī se, nafāsat se; aslī suhūlat aur munāsabat se, khush uslūbī se; aisī tarah kr dekhue yā sunne

men bhala ma'lum de; ba tarz-1-ahsan ya pasandida.

Graceless, a Zalīl; kharāb; bad; fāsid, qabīh

Gracious, a. 1 — Barā rahim; nā-lāiq lāchāi yā zalīl par mihrbān; kaiīm, amurz-gār, gaffār, mihrbān, gunābon kā mu'āf k w. aur ni'maten d. w

'Umda , maqbūl-i-khātir ; jisko log chāhen.
 Hasīn ; pasandīda , nafīs , achchhā.

4 —Jo 'māyat-ı-Ilāhī se paidā ho; qudratī

GR (DATIM, (Lat) Rafta-rafta; qadam-ba-qadam; ba tadrij.

Grade, n. Rutba, martaba; darja, pāya.

Gradual, a Jo darja-ba darja ho; jo qadam-ba-qadam yā darja-ba-darja ghate yā barhe; jo rafta-rafta wuqū men āwe; jīskā wuqū ahistagi se ho, ba-tadrij h. w.

Gradually, a. Rafta-rafta; ba-tadı ııı; darja-ba-darıa; qadam-qadam ya qadam-ba qadam; shuda-shada; thora-thora, ahısta-ahısta; hote hote Graduate, v. t. 1.—Darjon ka nıshan kar-d., darje ya fasl qaım karke

judā kar d. [wagaira men fazīlat kī sanad d. 2.—Kisī daije yā rutbe par sarfarāz k khusūsan kisī bare madrase

3.—Ba-tadrīj taiyūr k.; ābista ābista taiyār yā durust k. khwāh kuchh milā ke i'tidal par k.; taraqqī d [uskā khitāb pānā.

Graduate, v. s. 1.—Kisî bare madrasa wagaira men fazilat ki sanad ya

2 —Ba-tadrīj guzarnā ; āhista āhista badal-jānā.

Grain, n 1.—Reza, zarra—jaise bālū kā.

2.-Nāj, galla; ann.

3.-Kırmızî rang; lal rang.

4 —Bahut hi qalil hıssa ya juzw ; zarre ke barabar ; zara sa.

Against the grain—Tabi'at ke khilaf, nā-khushī se; afsos ke sath, mushkil se In grain—Mazbūt; mustahkam, jam-kar baithā huā.—To dye in grain—Pakkā rang rangnā — To go against the gram of — Na guwar h $\,$ yā guzarnā; nārāzī ranj yā taklīt kā bā is h $\,$, akharnā

Grand, a. 1 — Darāz-qad, barā lambā-chaujā; bajā; kisī ke mingābale med barā; sab se barā, khās, azīm, akbai

2.—Qad men barā aur sūrat men khūb yā dil-fareb; zī-shān yā 'azīmu-sh-shān; mashbūr, amīr-kabīn, zī jāh, zī rutba, barī, 'āli-shān.

3—'Umi yā mansab men barā, kabīi sin; mansab i-'azīm r. w. Grand-child, n. (a)—Bete kā larkā; potā; nabīra, bete kī larkī; potī.

(A)—Betî kā betā, nātī, nawāsa; betī kī betī; natnī; nawāsì

Grand-daughter, a. Poti (bete kī beti), natnī (betī kī betī)

Grandeur, n. Barājī; datāzī; shān-o-shan'at; 'azmat; 'azīmu-sh-shān h., dabdaba; rāe qaul yā fi'l kī buzurgī; jāh-o-jalāl.

Grand-father. n. (a)—Bāp kā bāp; dādā; jadd. (b)—Mān kā bāp; nānā.
Great grand-father—Dādā kā bāp, pardāda, nānā kā bāp parnānā

Grand-mother, n. (a)—Bāp kî mān; dādī. (b)—Mān kī mān, nānī.

Grand-son, n. 1.—Potā; nabīta; bete kā betā

2.—Nātī; nawāsa, betī kā betā [yā uskā haq de-d , muntaqil k. Grant. v t 1 —De d ; kisī shai ko muntaqil k.i.-d ; kisī shai kā qabza

2.—Darkhwāst yā istid'ā ke mutābiq bakhshnā yā 'atā k 'ām isse ki 'atīya bā-mu'āwaza ho yā bilā-mu'āwaza, denā, bakhshnā, 'atā k., manzūr k.

3.—Kisī aise anır ko jiski nisbat nızā' ho yā jo ba-khūbī sābit na ho ba-tauı sahih ke mān l, yaqīn yā bāwar kar-l.; manzūr kar l.; taslīm k.; farz k., qabūl k., mān l (mān l, farz, taslīm. Grant, n l—Denā, 'atī yā bakhshish; kisī bāt ko sach kī tarah par

2.-Jo shai 'atā kī yā dī jāe; 'atīya; bakhshish

3 — (Law) Intiqāl-i-jāedād ba-sarf'a-i-wasīqa yā tahiir—'ala-l-khusūs woh intiqāl 10 minjānib-i-farmān rawā-i-waqt kiyā jāwe; 'atīya-i-saikāiī.

A mant of land -'Atīya-i-arāzī; jāgīr; mu'āfi.—A royal grant - Altamgā, 'atīyai-shāhī ['atā huyī ho

Grantee, n (Law) Mauhūb-ilaih; 'atīya-dār, muntaqil ilaih; jisko koyî shar Granter, n. Dene w.; 'atā k w.; bakhshish k. w.

Grantor, n. (Law) 'Atī-kunuda; wāhib; bakhshiuda, intiqāl kuninda Grapple, v. t. Pakar l.; hāthoù yā kānton se zor se dhar l (mazbūti se

pakar r). [bluy jānā

Grapple, v i. Pakaruā; lipat kar kushti k.; khūb lipat jānā; guth yā
To grapple with—Muqābala k, bhimā, dilerī se larnā; muqābale mea
muāh na chotānā.

Grapple, n Pakar: larīyī jo bhir-kar ho, guttham-gutthā, muṭhbher; kushtī-bāz kī pakar (uskī guift). [qabze men kar-l. Grasp, v. t. Hāth yā bāzū se pakar r.; thāubh r, gah l; pakar r, apne

Grasp, v t. Pakarnā ; girift k. ; thānbh r

To grasp at -- Pakarne ki barî koshish k., apne qabze men line ke liye nihayat jidd-o-jahd k.; kisî shai ke lijail karne ki barî fikr-o-pairawî k

Grasp, n. I.—Pakar; girift, panja; changul, qabza.

2.—Bas; dast-ras; ikhtiyar.

Within one's grasp—Kisi ke bas yā ikhtiyār men, kisi ke panje men

Grateful, a. 1.—Shukr-guzār; ihsān-mand; mamnum, jo fāida pahuńchā

ho usko taslim karne aur uske mu'āwaze ke dene par āmāda; jo kuchh naf' pahunchā ho uskā khayāl r. w. (uskā gun mānne w.).

2.-Khush-guwār; jisse khushī ho; ma'qūl, khush-zāiqa; lazīz; maze dār; pasandīda. [mamnūn ho-kar, aisī tarah par ki khushī ho. Gratefully, ad Shukr-guzārī ke sāth; ihsāu-mandī ke sāth, mashkūr yā

Gratification, n 1—'Iwaz; jazā, ajr; m'ām, pādāsh; mā-bihi l-ihtizāz.

2.—Khushī; ihtizāz; khush k; woh shai jisse khushī hāsil ho.
Gratify, i t. 1—Khush k; khushī d; masiūr yā mahzūz k.; masairat

bakhshnā, thandhā k , taskīn d 2 —'Iwaz d., mu'āwaza k.; badlā d.

GRATIS. ad. (Lat.) Ri'āyatan yā mihrbānī kī nazar se ; muft yā muft men; bitā mu'āwaza yā ajr, yūnhīn; phokat yā sent men.

To give a thing gratis—Kīsī chīz ko ri'ājatan mihrbānī kī nazar se yā muft (bilā mu'āwaza) de d —To perform service gratis—Bilā ajr (be-kanrī-parse ke) khidmat yā kām k [bi-r-ragbat kiyā jāe GRATIS DICTUM, [Lat.] (Law) Bayān-i-mahz, jo bayān az-khud yā

Gratitude u. Shukr; shuki iya, shukr-guzari, mamnunyat, ihsanmandi, jo shakhs apne sath bhalayi kare usseneki ka bai taw sipas dali, haq-shinasi, mihritani ke badle men mihrbani; haq guzari, ada i-shuki-i-ni'mat.

Gratutous, a. 1 — Jo begair mu'āwaza yā ajr ke diyā jāe, jo kuchh aisī hālat men diyā jāe ki pāne-wāle kā na to uspar da'wā rahā ho aui na woh uskā sazāwār ho; jo insāf ke iū se zaiūiī na ho; jo az-khud diyā jāe; jo muft diyā jāe

2.—Jo hālat ke lihāz se zaiūr na ho; bilā-wajh sabab yā subūt; 30 bilā-wajh-i muwajjih iķhtijār yā zāhir kijā jāe, gair-zarūrī, gan

sābīt, be-bunyād fyā bilā subūt mān lī jāe A gratuitous assumption—Taslim-1-bilā subūt, woh bāt jo bilā-wajh-1 ma qūl

Gratuitously, ad. Muft men; bilā mu'awaza yā badal; bilā-isbāt. Gratuity n Jo kuchh muft yā bilā-'iwaz diyā jāe; bakhshish, in'ām;

hība; zar-i-m'ām. [nālish. GRAVĀ'MEN [Lat] (Law) Faryād; da'wā, nālish ki asli wajh; binā i

Grave, n. 1.—Qabr; mazāi, goi; madfan, samādh.
2.—Woh maqām jahān bahut se log mare yā halāk huye hon.

3 - Maut; wafāt, nestī, fanā, barbādī.

Grave, a. 1.—Bhari, zī-waq'āt, aham, sanjida, barā; sangīn.

2 - Shokh nahīn, sāda, sūfīyāna; nīm-nang.

Gravity, n Waq'at; barāyī, sangīnī; sangīdagī.
Gray, α 1.—Suped bālon Le rang kā, supaid, kuchh kuchh suped aur siyāh; lon-mirch ke rang kā, khākī; dhaulā; siyāhī supedī milī huyī

2.—Purānā . pukhta ; jahān-dīda , pukhta-kār

Graze, v. t. 1 — Ahısta se ragərte ya chhüte nıkal jana, guzarne ki halat men kısı shar par khafif sa kharash kar d. [pahunchana 2 — Marrocki ko chas bulaya rad — navçeki ko liya chas bekarı

2 — Maweshī ko ghās khilānā yā d , maweshī ke hye ghās baham

3 —Charnā , jamī huyī ghās wagarra khānā

4.—Chaiānā; charwāhe kā kām k.; maweshī ko charāyī par le-jānā. Graze, v. z. 1.—See *supra* No 3.

2 — Ghās paidā k. (upjānā).

Great, a 1.—Wus'at mıqdar ya tül-o-'arz men bara; bara, khūb ya dūr tak phaıla hua, 'azīmu-sh-shān, bara bhānī.

2.—Ta'dād yā shumār men barā; bahut.

3.—Dei-pā, jo bahut dinon tak rahe; tawīlu l-aiyām; jo muddat-i-darāz tak qāim rahe. [ke qābil

4.—Dūsia ke muqibale men barā; afzal; akbar; jalil; hamīd; ta'rīf

Applied to thoughts, actions, and feelings.

5—Jisko Khodā ne gair-ma'mūli tāqat wagana 'atā ki ho; jisko Knodā-dāu barī zihnī tāqat ho, jismen bare bare kāmon ke anjām kī salāhiyat ho; qawī, mazbūt; jalīl; ālī-shān. [afsar.

6 —'Alī-martaba; barī haisīyat kā; mashhūr, mumtāz; sar-khail; 7 — Jispar bahut hī lihāz dar-kāi ho, aham; bā-waq'at, barā (dalīl.

A great argument - Bahs - sham; aisi bahs jispar babut hi lihan dar kar ho; bari

8.—Kisī se ek pusht ki bariyī chhotāyi yā dūrī r. w.

Often used before grand to indicate one degree more remote, in the ascending or descending line.

Great grandfather—See under Grandfather. Great grandson—Parpotā, pote kā betā, painātī, nātī kā betā—By the great—Kul; bi-l-kul, tamām, pūrā pūrā—The great—Mashhūr yā mumtāz log, daulat-mand log; zī-iķhtiyār log

Greatly, ad I -Bahut; bahut kuchh; nihāyat; shiddat se; ifrāt se.

2 —Bare nām-o-nishān ke sāth , jalīlu-l-qadrī se

3 —'Alī hummatī se, jī se, gil o-jān se; mardānagī ke sāth; dilerāna. Greatness, n. 1.—Qad miqdāi ta dād yā 'arz-o-tūl kī barāyī

2.—Barā martaba; 'urūj; sarfarāzī, nām-o nishān, buzurgī, iķhtiyār; hukūmat; shāu-o-shaukat; tum-taiāq; barāyī; 'azmat.

3.—Tamkanat, banāwat, fakhr.

4.—Tabi'at yā dil kī barāyī, 'ālī-hausalagī; 'ālī-dimāgī.]

5 —'Aql kī quwwat yā wus'at; barāyî; kamāl.

6 —Zoi, shiddat; tundi.

Greed, n. Bazā shauq yā barī tamannā, lālach; tam'; hirs; lobh.

Greedily, ad. Bare shauq se; hawke se; be-sabrise; bhūkhe kutte kî tarah; bari lālach se.

Greediness, n. Lālach; hawkā, hirs; tam'; bajā hī shauq yā bajī hī ārzū.
Greedy, a. 1 — Khāne-pīne kī bajī talab r. w; bhukkhar; petū, bahut hī bhūkhā; khāne ko tarsā haā.
[harīs.

2.—Kisī shai kā baiā tālib, pāne kā mushtāq; lobhī; lālchī; tāmi';

Followed by of

Green, α 1 — Harā; sabz; zamurradīù.

2 — Marīz kā sā rang r. w ; zard, pīlā. [hāl kā ; harā ; tāza,

3 - Josh aur quwwat se bharā huā; tar-o-tāza aur tawānā; nayā;

4 — Be-pakā; kachchā; khām, nā-rasīda, harā; adh-kachā.

5 — Sın-ıasıda ya jahan-dida nahin, kham; kachcha, na-tarbiyat-yafta; nadan; kam-sın.

6.—Harī; gīlî, tar; kachchî; sūkhī yā pakī nahīd—jaise lakṛī. Greeting, n. Mihrbānī yā khushī kā izhār; mulāqāt ke waqt sāhib salā-

kresting, n. Mihrbānī yā khushī kā izhār; mulāqāt ke waqt sahibs mat; us shakhs kā bhejā huā sālam jo fāsile par ho

Grief, n. 1.—Woh dilī sadma jo kisī aise amr kī nisbat ho jo guzar chukā ho; woh taklif jo dil ko kisī wajh se ho masalan musībat doston kī nuqsānī khwāh apnī yā galion kī bad-chalnī wagaira se; ranj; afsos; gam; kulfat; alam; huzn, malāl.

2.—Ranj yā malāl kā bāi's, jiskī wajh se taklīf ho; amr-i-bā'i's-i-taklīf yā nanjish [īzā; sakhtī; zarar, ziyān.

Grievance, n. Be-qarātī aur shikāyat kī wajh; jabr, zulm; ta'addī, āzār;

"Applied only to the effects of human conduct" Webster.

To redress one's grænces - Kisī kī faryād rasī k., kisī kī dād-rasī k., jo kuchh wajh-i-shikāyat aur be-qarārī kisī ke ho use raf k.

Grieve, v. t. Kısî ko ranı pahunchānā, kisi kā dil dukhānā; kısī ke dil ko sadma pahunchānā; kisi kā dil zakhmî k., nanjīda k. yā ranj d, taklīf yā dukh d.; zarar pahunchānā, kalpānā.

Grieve, v. i. Ranjida h., ranj k.; kisi afot ki wajh se ranjida-khātir h, afsos k. yā mutaassif h., mātam k.; kalapnā, kurhnā, ihīkhnā.

Often followed by at or for.

Grievous, a I.—Ranj-dih, afsos paidā karāne w.; pur-āzār; jiskā sahnā (tahammul) mushkil ho, pur-zarar yā zarar-rasān, taklīf-dih; jisse jī khijhlā uthe [hāyat ranj-dih thi

The thing was very grievous in his sight-Woh but uski nazron men m-

Nihayāt shadīd yā qabīh; sangīn; ķhaiāb; baṣā.

A greeious crime - Jurm-i-sangin -Grievous hurt - Zaiar-i shadid

3—Pur-alam; gam nāk; daid-nāk, ranj se bharā huā; jisse bahut afsos yā ianj aāhir ho. [zāhir ho.

A grasious cry - Nāla i-gam-vāk, aisā shor jā ronā dhonā jisse bahut rang Grievously, ad. Taklīf ke sāth, rang ke sāth, bare rang yā taklīf se, mhāyat hī, bahut bi; shiddat se; barī be-qarārī yā dukh se

Grievousness, n. Girānī, gilān-bātī; kisī shai ke bojh (bār) kā ituā bhātī h ki usse taklīf yā sadma ho; ranj, taklīf; musībat; āfat, sakhtī, sangīnī, shiddat; shadīd h. [datāuuā, bhayāoak; khauf-nāk.

Grim, a. Karīh-manzar; zīsht-rū; jīske dekhne se khauf paidā ho; Grimace, n. 'Ādatan yā banāwat kī rāh se munh kā bigārnā; hiqārat yā nārāzī wagana zāhīr karne ke liye munh banānā; banāyā huā munh; banāwat kī sūrat.

Grin, v. i Dānt nīkālnā—jaise khushī nanj yā nafiat zāhir karne kī hālat men; khīs nīkālnā (kārhnā), batīsī dekhānā.

Grind, v t. 1.—Pîsna; dalna—jaise chakkî men ya dant se.

2 —Ghis yā iagar ke tez k.; san charhānā; chiknā tez yā nokīlā k.

3.—Tang talabi se tang k., kısī ko ıanı taklif yā îzā d.; satānā; tang k.; hanān k., pīsnā.

Grind, v. i 1.—Chakki chalana, pisna.

2.-Pis jānā; pispā yā pis uthnā.

3 —Ragar khā ke chiknā yā tez ho-jānā.

Grind-stone, n. Sān, woh chauras gol patthar jispar auzār wagaira sān charhāye (tez kiye) jāte hain

To hold one's nose to the grandstone - Kisī ko satānā yā uspar zulm k; kisī ko apuā gulām banā r; kisī se nāk ragarwāyā k,

Gripe, v. t. 1.—Pakarnā, pakai kar mūthī men dabā r.; mazbūtī se pakar r.; apne qabze men lā-kar jald na chhornā; god men pakar r. 2.—Pechish k.; marornā, murrā d.; ainļinā. [dālnā.

3.—Dabānā; tang k. yā tangī men dālnā, taklīf d.; musībat men

Gripe, v. z 1.—Müthî men pakar r., zalîl tarîqon se rupaye khinchkhānch kar hāsil k.

2. Maror yā pechish se taklīf uthānā.

Gripe, n 1 --Girift, pakar; mūthī; panja, qabza.

2 —Qabza; mūthī, dasta—jaise talwar kā.

3.--Zulm, shiddat; sakhtī, barī taklīf, musibat; taklīf-i-jānkāh.

4.—pl. Marorā yā maror, pechīsh, kurkurī, murrā.

Groan, v. z. Dard yā iauj se hāe hāe yā āh āh k., kaiāhnā; āh mārnā yā bharnā, ek tarah kī gahrī marmarāhat kī āwāz paidā k.; zulm sahnā; sadme uṭhānā; zulm kī shikāyat k., nāla-o faryād k.

Groan, n. Dard ranj yā taklīf ki halat men nāla o-faryād; wāwailā; nāla yā nāla-o-fugān, āh yā āh-o-zārī; dhīmī gharghaiāhat kī āwāz; karrāhat

Grope, v. v. Andhere men andhe kī tarah tatolte tatolte koyī chīz dhūndhnā yā uske pāne kī koshish k., tārīkī men idhar-udhar bhatakte phirnā; hāthoù se apnī iāh ṭatolte (tote) chalnā; to-to yā tatolte chalnā.

Grope, v. t 1. Andhere men tatol-kar nikālnā (daryāft yā mallūm k.).

2—Jānchnā; thāh l.; ṭaṭolnā; tonā. [farbih. Gross, a. 1.—Barā; bahut hī yā andāz se ziyāda barā; jasīm; moṭā;

Particularly applied to animals.

2 — Motā; bhaddā, bārīk yā nāzuk nahīn 3.—Zalil, fuhsh, ganda; 'ām; nīchā.

4 - Barā; 'azīm; fāsh, sarīh.

A gross mistake - Barī yā fāsh galatī; galatī i 'azīm yā sarīh. [majmū'ī.

5.—Bi-l-kul, pūrā, musallam, tamām-o kamāl, jumla; kul; The gross sum, or gross amount—Ta'dād-i-majmū'i, jumla raqam (Webster.

"Opposed to a sum consisting of separate or specified parts" 6.—Saugin; 'azīm; barā; jispar sharm āye (jisse nadāmat paidā

ho); mazmūm

Gross, n. 1.—Hissa-i 'āzam; juzw-i-kasīr; khās hissa; kasrat. [chawwālīs. 2 — Bārah darjan; bārah kā bārah-gūna; shumār meň ek sau A gross of bottles—Bārah darjan yā ek sau chawwālīs botal. [Webster. "This word never has the plural form; as nve gross or ten gross." Gross weight—Khām wazn, jis sandūg wagaira meň saudāgarī sā māl yā asbāb

Gross weight—Khām wazn, jis sandūq wagaira meń saudāgarī kā māl yā asbāb ho yā jis chīz men woh lapetā yā rakkhā ho uskā aur uske gard-o-gubāi kā majmū'ī wazn—Gross collections or receipts—Ämadanī-i-khām, kachchī tahsīl; kul āmadanī jismen se masāriī minhā na huye hon—Gross produce—Paidāwār-i-khām, kachchī nikāsī; jisqadar paidāwār ma'mūlī minhāyī ke ba'd bache—By, or in, the gross; in gross—Musallam, bi-l-kul; be-bahṭā, bi-l-ijmāl, sab kāsab

Grossly,ad.1.—Bahut hī; fāsh-fāsh, sarīhī; andāza se ziyāda. [ki gayī haī. The matter has been grossly misrepresented—Woh bāt bahut hī galat bayān

2.-Shiddat se; nihāyat; bahut kuchh, gāit darje par.

Grossly criminal—Shuddat se yā nihāyat mujrimāna.

3.—Bhadde pan se; bilā shustagī yā latāfat ke; hunarmandī se nahīn; kārīgarī ke sāth nahīn

Grotesque, a. Be-tartib banā huā; khayālī, be-hūda; and-band; be-tor. he-mel, anghar-bejor, be-sar o-pa; jispar hansī āye.

Ground, n 1 — Sath-i-zamīn, zamīn; farsh gach yā chhat [dıyār; iqlīm. 2.— Sath-i-zamīn kā hissa jo 'alāhıda kar dıyā gayā ho; mulk;

3. - Jāedād-i-arāzī; milkīyat yā milk; jo jāedād kisī ke qabze men ho.

4.—Bunyād, binā, kisī shai kā madār; woh shai jispar koyī düsrī shar qaim mabni va mutamakkın rabe, madar; wajh ya asli wath. asl; usul; kısı shar ke wuqu' va wnıud ka bar's

On what ground do you base your argument !- Apnī dalīl tum kis binā par qām karte ho (āp kī bahe kā madār kyā kyā hai) !- State the grounds of your complaint-Apne istigase ke wnjuh (ya asli wujuh) bayan karo: batlao ki tumhari nalish ki bunyad kya hai.

5,-nl Talchhat; duid; mail, sharāb wagaira sī saivāl chīzon men

jo kuchh nichebaith jätä hai

6.-Maidan; larayî ki jagah; jahan larayî ho.

Ground of clarm or action - Madai-1-da'wi; biva i-da'wi; manat-1-nalish; wajh-i-nālish; woh shai jispar koyī da'nā yā nālish qāim yā mabnī ho.—To gain ground-(a) Āge barīnā, lajāyi men āge h; nazdīk pahunchnā, galib ānā; kisīgadar kāmyāb h -(b) Jārī h, phailnā; siyāda iawāj pānā yā zīyāda phailuā, ramāj pakarnā yā ramāj pānā, rān h , xiyāda-tar maqbūli h.—The opinion gains ground—Woh i he phailti jäti hai (ziyada rawaj pakarti vā pāti jūtī hai (zivādatar magbūl hotī jūtī hai).—To lose ground—(a) Hatna. bhāgnā, pas-pā h, apnī jagah se bat jānā; maglūb b. (b) Sāk yā r'tibār khonā ; nek-nāmī khonā, zāil h yā ghat jānā ; waq'at yā wusa'at men kam ho-ranā

Ground, v t. 1 - Zamin par r ya gaim k.

2 — Qāim k.; kısī bunyād wajh sabab yā usūl par qāim yā mabnī k, binā dālnā; mazbūtī se gāim k.; kısī amr kī wajh baham pahunchānā; kisī shai kā madāi gāim k. yā uskī binā garār d.

Arguments grounded on reason - Woh dalāil jo 'aql par qāim yā mabnī hon, ma'qul dalileo.—This suit is grounded on a lease - Yah nalish ek natte par qam ya mabui hai ; 18 nalish ka madar ek patta (uski bunyad ek patte par) har, is muqaddame men ek patta manāt-i-da'wi hai.—This claim is not wellqrounded -- Yah da'wā rāsiķhu-l-bunyād (rāsikhu-l-bunyān yā khūb mazbūt) nahin hai; issi jar khūb porhi nahin hai

3.—Ibtidāyī usūl sikhlānā, maiātib i-ibtidāyī men ta'līm d. Groundless, a. Bilā-wajh yā be-bunyād; jiskā koyī sabab na bo; jiskī koyî wajh-i-muwajjih na ho; be jar, be asl; jiskî koyî sanad ya tâyîd na ho; jhūth; be-sar-o-pā; nā-haq

Ground-plan, n. Woh naqsha jismen makān ke jude jude hisse dekhāye ıäwen. l'imārat kī kursī.

Greund-plot, n 1.—Woh zamin jispar 'imāi at banāyī jāwe; kursī yā

2 - Nīche kī 'ımārat kā naqsha Ground-tent, n Woh kıraya jo düsre kî zamin par istihqaq hasıl karne ke liye diya jawe, parjant. fasl; usul; aslī wajh.

Ground-work, 2. Kisî shat kā madār (uski jar yā bunyād); khās juzw ; Group. n. Majma'; amboh, jhund; jama'at; bhir; bahut se shakhson yā bahat sī chīzon kā ek jagah ekstthā h.; bilā-lihāz i-tartīb bahut sī chizon kā ek jagah jam' h.; tabqa.

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蒙斯 五 致華知 法人典等

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ī

tup, v. t. Yak-jā k.; nisbat-i-bāhamī ke hhāz se tahqa karke is tarab tartīb d. ki bahut dī 'umda asar paidā ho

covel, v. i. 1.—Zamîn par rengnă; munh ke bal zamīn par ābista ābistā chaluā; pat ho-kar zamīn par parvā, aundhā ho-kar kuchh k.

2.—Zalīl h ; past h.; nichāvī k.

row, v . 1 — Jamnā, ugnā, 'amal-i-qudratī se qad men barbnā; bai bnā.

"Said of animals and vegetables and their organs." Webster

2 — Paidā h.; upajnā; qudratī tarīq par jamnā aur pukhtagī ko pahuńehuā (paknā); honā

Wheat grows in temperate climates—Gehūā un mulkon men paidā hotā (upajtā yā hotā) hai jahān na bahut garmi partī ho na sardī.

3.-Barhnā; phailnā; afzāish pāuā.

Intemperance is a growing evil—Sharab khwarî ek aisî badî hai jo barhtî jütî bai.

4.-Barhnā; taraqqī k; phailnā.

The young man is growing in reputation, or his reputation is growing—Woh nau jawan shakha neludini men bajhta jata hai ya uski neknami bajhta ya phailii jati hai.

5.—Honā yā ba-tadrīj h.; kisī hālat ko pahunchrā, hotā jānā.

He orcus more prudent - Woh ziyāda-tar danā hotā jūtā hai; uskī dānāyī ba-tadrij barhtī jātī hai [ho-jānā

6.—Ek hâlat se tabdîl hokar düslî hâlat men h ; ba tadiî, h ya To grow pale—Zaid ho-jana ya'nî jo rangat asli ho uska tabdîl ho-kar zardî ka a jûsa. [natîje ka

7 — Kisī sabab yā wajh se paidā bo; paidā h yā nikalnā—jaise kisī

8 - Barbuā; tūmār bāndhuā; taraggī pānā

The wind grew to a tempest—Hawā barhte barhte āndhi hogapi—To grow out of—Kisi se paidā h—jaine darakhtoù kā zamīn se pā shākh kā dāl se; kini shai ke natije ki tarah paidā h., muntaj h; natīja h—To grow up—Bulūg ko pahunchoā, pūre qad kā h yā pukhtagi ko pahunchoā, siyānā h, jawān h.—To grow up, or grow together—Jut aur sat jānā, barh-kar ek ho-jānā (ek dil h, yā simat jānā).

Grow, v t Paidā k., upjānā; khetī kar-ke paidā k.: jot aur bo ke paidā k.

A farmer grows large quantities of wheat—Kisān babut sā gebūn paidā kartā

yā upjātā hai

Growth, n. 1.—Balidagi; royidagi; jamuā; upajuā, baihnā yā bāih; haiwānāt aur nabātāt kā ba-tadrīj baihnā; bīj ankhuye yā jai se nikal kar pūre qad yā pukhtagi ko pahunchnā, qad ta'dād yā quwwat wagara men afzārsh; taraqqi; pardārsh, pharluā yā asar k

2.-Jo kuchh paida ho; jo kuchh upje; paidawai; natija; phal;

samra; mā-hasal.

Grudge, v t. 1.—Düsron kā fāida yā jo kuchh unke pīs ho use dekh kar nā-khush h. aur yah chāhnā ki woh fāida hamko ho yā woh chīz hamko mile; rashk hasad yā dāh k.; tam' k.; jalnā. [khwāhish r.

2.—Nā-khushī se d yā l; afsos ke sūth d; direg r; wāpasī kī
He grudges his gaus—Jo kuchh use miltā hai uspar woh nā khush hotā hai
(uske fāde par use rashk hotā hai).—You orght not to grudge him his
income.—Munāsih nahth hai ki tum uskī āmadanī par nā-khush ho yā uspar
hasad karo
[remote object" Webster.

"Followed by the direct object only, or by both the direct and

Grudge, v i. Tam' yā hasad r.; lālach yā dāh k.; nārāzī zāhir k ; shikāyat k , chirchnānā; kurkurīnā; nārāz yā mutaassif h.

Grudge not one against another-Ek düsse se (bāham) hasad na rakkho ... Grudge not to do this-Iske karne men mutaassit na ho (afsos na karo yā na-raz na ho)

Gradge, n Woh be qarātī jo dūsre ke pās kisī chīz ke hone se paidā ho woh kina jishā izhār na kiyā jāwe, woh kina yā 'adāwat jo dil hi men rahe; chhipī dushmani, kudūrat-i-khātu; gubār; girah yā gānth. khusūmat, jalan; ban.

An old grudge-Khusumati qadim, purānī (bahut dinon kī) 'adāwat, purāna Grudgingly, ad Nā rāzī ke sāth, razāmandī jā iagbat se nahīn; khushī i khātīr se nahīn; afsos ke sāth, mutaassīfāna; marmar ke, ro ro ke; direg ke sāth

Grumble, v. v 1.—Kisī amr se nā tāz ho-kar aisī tarah, kuchh kahnā ki khūb sun na pare; muuh hī munh men nā tāzī kā tzhāt k.; burburātā: murmujānā, shāki rahnā, gila k. yā ronā.

2 —Gurrānā, gurrālat k.

Guarantee, n (Law) 1 -- Jo qarz düsre ke zimme ho ya jis kam ka anjam dusre par fuz ho us qaiz ke dilane ya us kam he anjim karane ki zımma daiī, zımma daiî, zınıma; kafalat, zamanat; zamını; is bat ka zımma kı fuldu ne jo mu'ahada ya qaul kıya hai uskî ta'mîl kî jaegi 2.—Woh shakhs jo kısî düsie ke mu'ahade ki ta'mîl ka zımma

uthāwe; kafīl; zimma dār; zāmin.

|zamānat kī-jāe

3 --Woh shakhs pisse kisi ki kafalat ki jawe; jis shakhs se kisi ki The correlative of guarantor

Guarantee, v t. (Law) Jo qarz kisî düsre ke zımme ho khwah jis kam kā k kisī dūsie pai farz ho us qarz ke adā kaiāne khwāh us kām ke anjām kā zimma uthānā, is bāt kā bīrā uthānā ki fulān ne jo gaul oqarar kiya hai use woh pûla kalega; apul tayin is amr ka pa-band k kı kısı düsre ke mu'ahade ko ham püra karayenge, kısı se is bat ka zimma uthana ki fulan bat tumhare haq men zarur hogi, tayaqqun k., pakkā k ; kisī kām kā aujīm mutahaqqaq kar d., zimma dār yā zim ına-kar h.; zamın h ; zamınî k

Guarantor, n (Law) Zamanat karne ya parne wala, zamın; kafil; jo is bāt kā mu'āhada kare kī fulān ne jo qaul-o-qarār kīyā har usko ham pūrā (wafā) karā denge, jo dūsre se yah mu'āhada kare ki ham fikr

karke tumhārā haq jā qabza qūim rakhā denge.

Guard, v. t Khatre se bachānā, hamle yūrish yā nuqsān se mahfūz r; hifazat men ya mahfüz r; muhafazat ya hifazat k.; bachana, pushti d.; hımayat k.; manjud rah-kar hıfazat k, kışı ki bıfazat ke lıye uske sāth rahnā; nigahbānī yā pāsbānī k.; pahrā d.; chaukī d.

Guard, v. i. Ihtiyat ya hifazat ki nazar se nigahbani k.; hoshyar rahna,

khabardar rahua, ihtiyat k , mahfuz rahua, panah men rahua.

Guard against mistakes—Galtiyon se ihtiyat karo; khabar dar raho ki bhūl chūk na hone pāye hifazat

Guard, n 1.—Hıfazat; himāyat; bachāw; sadme nuqsān yā hamle se 2.—Khabardātī, hoshyārī, chaukasī, tāki koyī amr nāgahān wuqū' men na āye is bāt kā khayāl r ki kyā ho rahā hai, ihtiyāt; tawajjuh khayāl; nigrānî.

Be on your guard — Hoshyār (khabardār yā chaukas) raho. [gahān bach jāwe. 3.—Woh amr jo bā 18-1-hifāzat ho; jisse koyī nuqsān yā sadma-i-nā-Modesty 18 the guard of innocence — Hijāb bā 18-1 hifāzut-i-'asmat hat. [kalām

4 — Woh kalām jissei tirāz yā sai-zauish kā dūr r magsūd ho, ihtiyāt ke 5.— Woh shakhs yā ashkhās jo kisī shakhs yā jagah kī hifāzat ke liye mugairar hou, muhāfiz; nigahbāh, pās-bāh, chaukīdāi; pahiā d. w.; woh shakhs jo dāk kī chitthiyon kī gārī yā rel kī gārīyoh ke

sāth hifāzat ke liye ta'ināt ho

Off the guard—Gifil, gaflat kā hālat men; gair mutawajjih.—On guard—Pahre par, hifāzat ke kām men masnūf; gārad par—On the guard—Hosh-yār, khabardār, chaukas, bedār

Guarded, a 1-Muhtat, khabardar; hoshvar; chaukas.

He was guarded in his expressions - Woh appe kalam men muhtat tha

2.—Jo ihtiyāt yā khabardārī se likhâ yā nolā jāwe. [ihtiyāt thi. His expressions were guarded—Usne ihtiyāt se kalām kahe; uske kalāmon men

Guardian, n. 1 — Jo shakhs nigahbānī yā bifazat kare; woh shakbs jise hifazat yā nugsānī se bachue ke liye koyī shakhs yā chīz sipurd

ho; muhāfiz, amin.

2—(Law) Woh shakhs jise kisi tifl-i-shīr-khwār yā nā-bālig yatīm khwāh aise shakhs kī zāt yā jāedād bifāzat ke liye sipurd hojo apno kāi-o-bār kā ihtinām na kar-sake; woh shakhs jise is qism kī bifāzat karne kā istihqāq ho, walī, sar-parast [ward" Webster

"The person committed to the care of a guardian is called his Guardianship, n Wilāyat; sai-parastī, walī kā mansab; muhāfazat, amānat; wiqāyat; nigabbānī

Guess, v. t 1.—Kısı bāt kā atkal-pachchū tajwiz k., kısı bāt kī nisbat bilā-zarī a i-wāgifiyat khwāh be gair kısı usūl-i-mutahaqqaq ke rāe qaim

k,; atkaluā; lakhnā; qıyās k

2.—Aise wujūh parjoqāti'na hon kısi amr ki nısbat təjwiz k. yārāe gāim k.; wujūh-i makhfi yā khafif ki bunyād par qiyās k. khwāh iāe qīim k.

3.—Sahīh sahīh qiyās karke kisi 'inqde ko hal k , qiyās i-sahīh k.
To guess a rīddle—Kisī mu'ammā (pahelī) ko qiyā, ke zor se hal k (būjhnā)
To guess out the meaning of an obscure passage—Kisī 'ibārat-i-muhmal ke
ma'nī ko qiyās karke sohīh sahīh nikālnā.

Guess, v. i Qiyas k., aḥkal-pachchū tajwīz k; andāz se samajhnā; aḥkal se nikālnā; kisī bunyād par nahīn balki yūnhīn khayāl kai l. With of, at, about, &c. [andāza

Guess, n Tajwiz jo bilā-subūt-i-kātī yā wujūh i-qat'i kī jāe; qiyās; atkal; Guessingiy, ad. Andāzan; andāz se; atkal se; qiyāsī taur par; atkalpachchū. [qiyās, atkal.

Guess-work, n. Jo kām atkal yā mahz qiyās se kiyā jāe, natīja-i-qiyāsī;

Guest, n Mihman; pahun.

Guidance, n Hidāyat; rahnumāyi; ihtimām; hukūmat yā hukmiāni, kisi afsar ki nigrāni; rāh dekhiānā yā batānā.

Guide, v. t 1.—Rahnumāyī k.; rāh dekhlānā; rahbarī k; kisī rāh par lechalnā; rahnumūnī k.; jise rāh ma'lūm na ho use dekhā d.; rāsta batānā.

2—Insirām yā ihtimām k.; intizām o ihtimām ā; nazm-o-nasq k, hidāyat k.; īmā k. hukm d, nigrārī k; kiel ki ta'līm yā tai biyat kī nigrānī k.; sihbānā-paihānā; ta'līm d.; asar pahunchānā.

Guide, n. 1.—Kah-numā; rah-numūn; rahbai; jo shakhs kisī ko rāh

batlaye jā dekhāye, hādī; peshwā

2—Jo shakhs kısı ko uske tarıq ki nısbat hidayat kare; rah-numa; hādī; woh bāt jıske mutābig 'amal kıya jāe.

A spiritual guide – Guru; pīr, murshid, imām; hādī-ī dīū [bāzī; bālā-butta Guile, n Makr; makr-o-hreb, chhal bal; 'aiyārī, makkāiî; tazwīj; dagā-

Usually in a bad sense.

Gnileful. a. 1 — Makkāi; farebī, dagā-bāz, hīla-bāz, khoṭā; 'arbuda-jū—
jaise shakbs.
[bāten

2—Jisse dhokhā denā maqsūd ho, dhokhe kā yā kī; makr kī—jaise Guileless, a. Jismen makr yā fareb na ho; sīdhā-sāda; sāda-lauh; sāfdil,

sachchā; īmāndār, be-rīyā, khaiā

Gult, n 1.—Woh fi'l jisse uskā fā'il mujim aur mustalzim-i-sazā ho; mujrimī; juim; gunāh; gunahgāiī, qusūr, tagsīr; qānūn kī khilāfwarzī jo amadan kī-jāe, usūl-i-wājib pai amal na k. (uskī khilāf-warzī).

2—Zabtī-1-jāedād yā kisī dūsie tāwān khwāh ta'zīr 1-mahkūma-1
qānūu kā mustaujib h. [Jispar kisī Jurm kā ilzām 'āid na ho-sake
Guiltless, a. Be-qusūi; be jurm; mujim nabīn; be-gunāh; ma'sūm;
Guilty, a Mujim, gunahgāi, jisne jānbūjh-kar iitikāb-i-jurm kiyā ho;
jo kisī nīyat-1-mujimāna khwāh gaflat se koyī fi'l-1-fāsh karke khilāf
warzī-1-qānūn kare aur us fi'l yā gaflat kī wajh se mustaujib-1-sazā ho;
jo ba tarz-1-wājib mustalzīm-1-sazā yā wājibu-t-ta'zīi ho.

W Used with of and usually followed by the crime." Webster.

To plead guilty—April mujilmi kā iqiži k, muqir i-jurm h; jurm qabūl k; apne 'uzr men yah kahnā ki ham se jurm yā qusūr huā—To plead not guilty

-Apri mujrimî se inkêr k ; apre jurm se munkir h , yah 'uzr pesh k. ya kahnê ki bam se jurm nabîn huê.

Gaise, n. 1.—Tariq yā poshāk ke r'tıbar se sarat-ı-zāhnī; lıbās; bhes, bānā; tarz o-tariq; dhang, daul, chāl-dhāl (tariq)

2.—Dastūr, ma'mūl; rabt, guftgū yā 'amal kā ma'mūlī dhang Gull, v t Dhokhā d, fareb d., bbulāwā d., dhokhā de-kar gumiāh kard.; chhalnā; dām-i-fireb men lāuā.

H

HĀ'BEAS CÔR'PUS (Lat), (Law)—Woh hukmnāma jismen 'adālat men khwāh hākun ke rū-ba-rū kusī farīq ke hāzir kaine kā hukm ho—a'la-l-khusūs woh hukm-nāma jismen is bāt kī tahqīqāt kā hukm ho ki fulīn ne fulān shakhs ko kyūn qaid men yā rok rakkhā. [1 sānī, HABENDUM [Lat.] (Law) Kisī dastāwez yā wasīqa-i-intiqāl kā juzw-

Opposed to premises

Habiliment, n. Poshāk, lībās; 'umuman pahinne ke kapre; kapre-latte.

Usually in the plural.

Habit, n. I.—Mizāj; tabī'at, sirisht.

A costive hubit of body-Kisā misāj ki qabs rahā kare ya'ni ijābat sāf na ho.

Z.—Jo dastūr ki bandh jāwe yā qānm ho jāwe; ma'mūlī tarīq; 'ādat; kho; raht; bān, khaslat; lat, watīra; shewa; qā'ida; rasm; waz'; tarīq, dhang; chāl-dhāl; chāl-chalan.

Habit is second nature—'Ādet tabi'at-r-sāniya hai—Ā person of retired habits—
Woh shakha jislā tarīq go-ha-nash.nī kā ho; jo shakha hamesha yā 'ādatan
tanhāyi men rahā kare—Ā person of bad habits—Bad-waz', bad tarīq, badchalan; jis shakha kī chā! achchhī na ho, jiskī 'ādat yū khaslat kharāb ho;
bad-kho; jiskā watīra burā ho.

3.—Poshāk, l'būs; jāma, ek khās qism kī bālāyī (ūpar kī) poshish; ek mhāyat chust kaprā jo Inglistān men shurafā kī bībiyān pahmti hain. Habitable, a Jismen koyī ābād yā sukūnat-pazīr ho sake: jismen msān rah-saken, rahme ke lāiq; ābādī ke lāiq. [koyī hamesha rahe; sukūnat. Habitation, n. Jāc-i-sukūnat: maskan; jāc-i-istiqāmat; woh makān jahān Habited, p. a. Poshāk pahme huye; kapre pahme huye, malbūs.

Habitual, a 1.—Jo 'ādat kasrat-i-isri'māl yā ma'mūl se hāsil yā gāim ho: 10 musāwāt se paidā ho.

2.—'Ādat yā ma'mūl ke mutāhiq; ma'mūlī; jo dākhil-i-'ādat ho.
The habituai practice of sin—'Ādat ke mutābiq ('ādatan) guvāh kā k, ba-taur

ma'mīl ke gunāh kā k.—An habitual offender—Woh shakhs jo apnī 'ādat ke mutābu jurm kiyā kartā hai; jurm kā ādī; mujrīm-i-pukhta-kār, jurm-pesha Habitually. ad. 'Ādatau: ma'mūlau: ba-taur 'ādat yā ma'mūl ke.

Habitually, ad. 'Adatau; ma'mūlan; ba-taur 'ādat yā ma'mūl ke 'ādat ke bā'is, kasrat-i-istimāl se; aksar karte-karte.

Hair, n. Bāl; mū; roān; rongtā.

When hair means a single filament, it has a plural, hairs." Webster. To split hairs—Mū-shigātī k.; bāt kī khāi khihchnā; aisī sisī sisī bārīkiyāti nikālnā juss kuchh sūd (fāida) na ho.—Not worth a hair—Bāl barābar bhī nahin; be-waq'at, nā-chīz: kauņī ke mol kā bhī nahīn, nā-kāra—To a hair—Nihā-yat hī bārīkī se; bahut hī thīk-thīk; thik-thīk—He judges to a hair—Woh nihāyat hī bārīkī se tajwīz karīā hai; uskī tajwīz meū sari-mū (bāl barābar bhī) farq nahīh hotā, woh uihāyat hī tamīs ke sath tajwīz kartā hai.

Hair-breadth, n. Bal ki chaugayi; babut hi thoua fasıla.

Hair-breadth, α. Bil barabar; bahut hi tang, mbayat qalil ya kam.

Hale, a. Sahih-o-sālum; tandurust; mazbūt, bhalā-changā; hatṭā-kaṭṭā; be-zarar. [baōṭe uskā ek hussa.

Half, n. Nisf; ādhā; nīm; jo chīz do barābar hisson men bantī ho yā

"In practice, of is often or usually omitted after half." Webster.

Half a mile—Adh mīl; pāw kos—Half sharer—Nisfi sharīk; ādhs kā sājhī,
adhiyār yā adhiyā—In half—Ādhoń-ādh, nisfā-nisf; do tukre (Colloquial
and low)—To ory halves—Barābar hissa māngnā—To go halves—Barābar
hissa pānā yā lenā.

Half, ad. Kuchh; qadre; barābar; ba-hissa-i-musāwi.

Haif-binding, n. Ek qism ki jild-baudi jismen jild ki pith aur konon

par chamra ho aur putthon par kapra ya kagaz.

Half-blood, 2. Woh rishta jo un ashkhās ke mābam ho jinkī paidāish ek hī bān yā ek hī mān se ho par bāp aur mān donon se nahīn; ek hī bāp khwāh ek hī mān se jane huye shakhson kī nisbat-i-bāhamī.

A brother or sister of the hulf-blood - Santela bhayi ya santeli bahan.

Half-bound a Jiski uld-bandi men sirf pith aur konon par chamra mān bāp se paidā na ho, sautelā bhāvi Half-brother, n. Ek bāp yā ek mān se paidā huā bhāyī; jo bhāyī ek hī Half-heard, a. Jiski sana'at naqıs rah gayi ho; jo bi-l-kul ya akbır tak na sunā gayā ho, jo kisiqudar sunā gayā ho aut kisiqadat nahīn: 10 kuchh to suna gaya ho aurkuchh be-suna rahjae, adh-suna; na-tamam Half-sister, n Woh bahın jo ek bap ya oek man se paida huyi ho par [nahīn, tamāni-o-kamāl nahīn. donoń se nahīn; sautelī bahan. Half-way, ad. Bich amen, ādhi dūr par; kuchh, kısi-qadar; pūrā pūrā

Half-year, n Nisf sal; shash-mahi, chha mahine ki muddat. Half-yearly, a Sal men do; nīm-sala; shash-mābāna.

Half yearly, ad. Sal men do martaba; shashmahi shashmahi; chha chha mahīne par thahar jana

Halt, v. z. 1.—Chalne men ruk jānā, thahar jānā; kūch kī hālat men Langrana; lang k.; langra kar chalua. [rahna; biohkichana.

3.-Taammul k ; pas-o-pesh k .; aga-pichha k .; dubdhe men pare Halt, v. t. Rok d.; thahrā d., age chalnā band kar-d., rok r. Halt. n 1.—Thahraw, qıyam, paraw; chalte chalte ruk ya thahar

2.—Lang, langra-pau. ldő takre k. Halve, v. t. Do barābar hisson par bāntnā, ādhon ādh k.; msfā nisf k.;

Halves, n. (pl of Half)-To do things by halves-Kamon ka adhara (na mukammal ya naqis taur

Hamper, v. t. Phansā d. juljhā d ; harakat yā rawānī kī hālat men rok d , age chalna dushwar kar-d.

Hand, n. 1.—Hath; dast; yad.

2.—Jo ınsan ke hath ki manınd ho ya kisi gadar waisa hi kam de (a)—Ba'z jānwaion kā ek 'azw masalan ghore kā aglā pair. (b)—Gharī kī woh sūyī jisse ghantā yā minit ma'lūm bo.

3 —Hath ki chaurāji kā ek māp, chāi inch yā tasū; mutthī.

*S" Often applied to the measurement of a horse's height," Webster. 4-Taraf; hissa, jānib, saint; dāhine yā bāyen; hāth.

This is admitted on all hands - Yab kat charon tarai taslim ki jätl kai ya'ni sab log is bat ke tasiim ya qabul karte han -On the one hand or the other -Ek taraf ya düsri, ek ya düsri janıb -The right hand -Dabini taraf, dast-i-rāst; jānib 1-rāst; yamīo yā yad i-yumnā — The left hand - Bāyin taraf. dastichap; dast-1-yacar; yusiā

 Kısı kam ke anjam kı taqat, zarı'a ranjam; qudrat ya taqat, liyāqat; hunar; tezdastī. lkā tarīg

6.—Kisi kām kā wāqr'i anjām; fi'l, tarz-i-anjām i-kār; kām karne

7.—Shirkat; kisî kam ke karne ya anjam men shirkat.

He had no hard in that affair.—Us mu'āmale men uskī shirkat mutlag us th (us mu'āmale men woh sharik na tha).

8.—Qabza; ıqtıdar; ıkhtıyar; hukumat, hath; milkiyat.

Usually in the plural.

The estate is in the hands of the owner. - Woh imlak malik he qabze men hat. - The papers are in his hands - Woh kagazat uske gabze (ikhtiyar y hāth) men hain

9 -- Shakhs; kām k.w; mezdūr; mulāzim, jo shakhs kisī kām yā idmat par muta'aiyan kiyā jāe; woh shakhs jise kisī khās kām kī līm dī gayī ho jā jo kisī kār-1-khās ke anjām kī salāhiyat rakkhe. Twenty kands were employed on the building -- Us 'imārat men bis (bīs nafar) mazdūr kām karte the.

10.—Khat yā sawād-1-khat; tahrīr; likhāwaţ (khat (khush-nawīs) hai. He writes a good kund-Uskā khat yā sawād-ī khat 'umda hai, woh khush-11.—Ek shakhs se düsre shakhs ki taraf muntaqil karne kā fi'l

To buy at first hand—Nayā kharīd k; kisī shai kā uske banāne wāle se kharīd k—To buy at second hand—Parānā kharīd k; kisī shai kā us waqt kharīd k jab woh banāne wāle ke hāth se nikal gayī ho.

12.—Jitnā hāth men ek martaba ho yā ā-sake; hāth; muṭṭhī.

At all hands, or on all hands - Sab taraf he logon se; jumla ashkhās se - See under No 4 -At any hand, at no hand-Kisi tarah par, kisi tarah nahin .-At hand - Waqt ye jagah (zaman ya makan) ke lihaz se nazdik; ya to manjid aur pahunch ke bhitar ya bahut dur nahin -At the hand of - Kisi ke dene yā 'atā karne se; kisi se ba-taur 'atiya yā bakhshish ke — By hand -Hāth se va'nī kisī āla kai yā jānwar ke zarī'e se nahīs -- To lift, draw, or carry by hand - Hath se uthana khinchna ya le-jana. - Clean hands - Be-gunahi; be-jurmi, furm se barāat. - From hand to hand - Ek shakhs se dusre ke pas: dastba-dast; hāthor hāth — Hand in kand—Bi-l-ittifāq; bi-l-ishtirāk, muttafiq yā ek ho-kar. -- Hand-made -- Hāth kā banāyā huā; kal kā banā huā nahīh. -- Handmade paper-Hāth kā banāyā huā kāgaz; aisā kāgaz jo kal ke zarī'e se na banā ho - Hand to hand - Sat kar; nehāşat nazdik ho-kar, sate sate; layāyi men uzzdik yā dast-ba-dast - Hund to mouth - Roz-ba-roz yā yauman-favauman, Jyinda kā bandobast na takh kar.-To live from hand to mouth-Roz navā kužu khoduā aur roz pānī pinā, jie qadar zarūrat ho utuā hī bar wact muhaiyā kar l aur pable se uskā kuchh band-o-bast na r.-In hond-(a) Kısı yabında kā sprī yaftanî fauran panā —(b) Jishā sanian ho reha ho; jo he raba he; 10 darpesh he; 10 hath men he -He has a great work in hand -Woh ek barā kām kar rabā bai. - Off hand, or out of hand -(1) Bilā-tawaqquf pas-o-pesh ya qabahat, fauran, jhat; wohin; jiska saman pahle se na ho rahe.—(2) Fi-l-faur, dast-ba dast; naqd; jiske adā karne men tawaqqui na ho; kiel ko uski yattani fauran de dena -Off ore's hand-Kiel ke qabze yā hifazat se-On hand-Maujūd; hāth men; qabne men: taivar -- He has a large supply of goods on hand-Uske pas babut se asbāb maujūd hai - Right hand - Izzat ikhtiyār aur mazbūtī tī jagah -To be hand and glove-Nihayat khala-mala ya khalt-malt r; bahut meljol r ; hamdam yā ek dil h.; bāham nihāyat mālūf o-mānūs rahnā; apas men bahut hi dosti r - To be on the mending hand-Ruba sihat h : ruba-taraqqi h.; achchhā hone par h.-To change hands-Pahla badalnā; ek jānib se dūsrī jānib jānā; ek mālik se dūsie mālik ke pās muntaqil buā k. --To clop hands - Khushi zahir k.; Ifrin k ; tali bajana - To come to hand -Pahuńchna: mausūl h.; milna - His letter came to hand yesterday. - Uskā khat kal pahunchā (mausūl huā yā milā.)—To have a hand in—Kisī kām men aharik h.; kisi bāt ke karne men shirkat yā ta'alluq r.; kisi amr men kārrawā rahnā, masrūf rahnā — To have in hand Kisī kām kā zimma uthānī:

kısı kām men mashgul rahuā; kisi kām ke anjām men lage rahnā , chalānā. -To have one's hands full-Kasrat se kam ka h ; mihnat ya mashgalon ka bahut hī h ; jisqadar kām koyī kar sake yā jitnā kām āsānī se ho-sake utnā yā usse ziyāda kām kā h; kām se chhuttī na pānā.—To his hand, to my hand, &c - Taiyar; pahle se taiyar; muhaiya, maujud. - To lend a hand -Madad d.; 'anat k , mu'yin h .-- To put the hand to, or to lay hands on-Pakarnā; apne qabze men k ; kisī chīz ko apne hāth men k -- To mut the last or finishing hand to - Ba-martaba-i akhir galtiyon ki sihhat k.; mukammal k., pûrā k., takmîl d.—To strike hands - Mu'āhada k.; hāth mār ke kisî mu'amate ko pakka k , kisî ke qarz ya uskî nek-chalnî ka zamın h. To take in hand-Kiei bet ka iqdam ya uski koshish k ; zimma uthana : apne ikhtiyar men karke kar- rawayi k.—To wash the hands-Be-jurmi va be gunāhı zähir k - Under the hand of - Kisī ke nawishte ya dastkhat se musaddaq, kisi le dastkhat se; kısı la lılba ya uska dastkhatı -The deed ıs executed under the hand and seal of the owner-Woh dastawez malik ke dastkhat aur muhr se mukammal hai,

Hand, v. t. 1 .- Hath se d.; dast-ba-dast d.

Hand this letter to him - Yah khat use dast-ba-dast (apne hath se) de-do.

2.—Le jānā aur hāth ke bal uthā d.; le-jānā; pahunchānā. To hand a lady into a carriage—Kisi mard-1-sharit ki bībī kā hāth pakar ke lejānā aur uthā kar use gērī par sawār karā d.

To hand down—'Alä-sabili t-tartib (sılsıla-war) pahunchana masalan bap se bete ko ya shakhs-ı muqaddam se uske ja-nashin ko.

Hand-ouff, n. Hath-kail

Hand-cuff, v. t. Hath-kari pahinana ya dalna.

(juzwī.

Hand-ful, n. Jituā hāth men ā sake, miqdār yā ta'dād-i-qalīl; thojā sā; Handle, v t. 1 — Chhūnā; hāth se tonā yā ma'lūm k; hāth se isti'māl k, yā pakamā. [wagaira; hosbyārī se isti'māl k.

2.—Munāsib tarīq par kām men lānā; chalānā—jaise bandūq

3 —Bīr-bār ehhü-kar parchānā.

4.—'Amal-dar-āmad k.; nafāz d ; kām men lānā; baratnā.

To handle the law — Qānūn ko nafāz d yā uspar 'amal k , ta'mīl-i-qānūn k qānūn ko baratuā

5.—Kısī ke sāth pesh āuā; sulūk k.; bartāw k.; burā yā bhak sulūk k. [zarī'e se bayān k

6—Kısı ki nisbat kuchh kahna ya lıkhna; tahrır ya taqın ke Handle, n. 1—Qabza; dasta; müth; bent; kara. [hila; wasıla

2—Jıs shaı ko kām men lāyen; kısı maqsad ke anjām kā zarī'a; āla To give a kandle—Mauqa' d; sabab yā bā'is h.

Handsel, n Kisī silsile kā pahlā fi'l jisse bāqī kī achchhī yā burī ummec qāim ho, bohnī, woh rupaye-paise jo subh ko pahle-pahal chizon k farokht se milen yā nayī dūkāu kī pahlī bikrī kī āmadanī wagaira barāna; pahlī qist

Handsome, a. 1.—Jo ānkhon ko margūb ho; khushnumā sūrat yā bashr r w.; hasīn; malīh; dīdārū; dekhnauk; suḍaul; khush-qat'; khūt sūrat; shakīl; khūb-rū.

ž

A handsome man or woman, person or face—Hasit mard yā 'aurat shakl yā chihra—A handsome house—Sudaul makān; khūh-sūrat achchhā banā huā yā khush-qat makān.

2 —Munāsīb; jismen munāsabat aur suhūlat ho; shāista; bāista; sāf aur suthrā; dorja-1-1'tīdāl par 'umda.

3.—Jisse sakhāwat yā faiyāzī zāhir ho; ma'qūl; barā, kasīr; wālir.

4.-Bahut; barā, darja-i i'tidāl par barā

Handwriting, n. 1 — Har shakhs ke likhue kā khās tarīq yā dhang; tarz-i-kitābat jo hai ek kātib ke liye makhsūs ho; sawād-i khat; khat dast-khat yā likhāwat

His handuriting is excellent—Ushā khat pā sawād-1-khat nihāyat 'umda hai; uskā dast-khat (uskī likhāwat) bahut hi khūh hai; woh azbas khush khat hat

2.—Hāth kā likhā huā; nawishta, tahtīr. [tumbārā nawishta hai? Is that your handwriting?—Kyā woh tumbāre hāth kā likhā hai; kyā woh Handv. a. 1.—Tez-dast; hoshyār, chālāk; musta'id. [kā

2.—Taiyār, jisko āiām ke sāth hāth se kām men lā-saken; subhīte Hang v. t. 1.—Latkānā; kisī ūnchī jagah par is taiah lagānā ki nīche se koyī sahārā na ho, āwezān k ; khulī jagah men latkānā; aisī jagah awezān k. jahān dekhne wālon ko nazar pare.

Often used with up or out.

To harg a coat on a hook—Kurte ko kāûte par latkā d.—To hang up a sigu— Jis makān men koyi rozgār (pesha) botā ho uske bāhar ek kāgaz yā takhtī par us rozgār ke i'lau ke liye ek ishtihār unchāyī par lagā d.

2.—Kisî shu ko is tarah par latka d ki jahan woh latkayî jae wahan

āp bī āp barakat kiyā kare; latkānā; ţānguā.

Said of a pendulum, a swing, a door, gate, &c.

3 —Latkā-kar jān-l.; phānsī d., sūlī par charbānā; dār par khinchuā. To hang a murderer—Kisī ķhūnī ko phānsī d.

4.—Taswîr wagaira latkā kar (lagā yā marh kar ārāsta) k. yā sajnā.

Said of a wall, a room, &c.

To hang down—Niche har d; jhukā d; nīche ko laţkā d.—To hang down the head, or, elliptically, to hang the head—Sar jhukā d; sar ko nīche laṭkā d.; sar-nigūū h.

Hang, v. i. 1.—Lataknā; latkā rahnā; kisī chīz men tangā rahnā.

2.-Muuhasir 1ahnā; mauquf h.; kiel shat par madār r.

Usually with on or upon

This question hangs on a single point—Is bahs kš madār ek hī amr par hai; yah bahs ek hī bāt par munhasir yā mauqūf hai

3.—Lipațnă ya lipță rahnă; gale se lagă rahnă. [ke gale se lage rahnă. To hang on the neck of a person—Kisī kī gardan men lipte rahnă; kisī shakhs 4.—Bār yā bojh h.; bā'is-i-'azāb yā taklīf h.; wabāl h.

Life hangs upon him - Zındagi uske liye bojb hal; jina uske liye wabal hal;

woh zîst se tang bar.

5.—Sar par maujūd h ; dhamkī kī sūrat dekhānā ; qarīb pahunchnā yā ā-pahunchnā ; mendrānā ; qarību-l-wuqū' h.

Usually with over.

Evil hangs over the country—Us mulk par afat ya bala a-pahunchi

6 — Garr-mutahaqqaq h., tazabzub kī hālat men h.; pakkā na h; atkā rahnā. [kā pīchhā na chhornā yā use tang k

To hang on, or upon, a person—Kisī ke gale kā hār h yā uske gale parnā; kisī Hanger-on, n. Jo shakhs kisī dūsre shakhs maqām yā mansūhe se lagā liptī inhe yā use na chhore, jo shakhs dūsre se uskī mihrbānī kā hamesha mustada'ī wa mutaqāzī rahe yā uskā pīchhā na chhore;

jo shakhs düsron ke sāth fuzūl lagā rahe, tufailī. [paṛegā, Hanging, p a. 1.—Jiske dekhne se ma'lūm ho ki yah shakhs phānsi What a hanging face!—Kaisā chihra hai iske dekhne se ma'lūm hotā hai ki

yah shakus phānsī paregā †

2 — Jishī sazā phānsī se ho-sake yā jo phānsī kī sazā ke lāig ho.

A hanging matter—Phävsi dene ki bāt; aisi bāt ki uske badle phānsī ho.

Hanging, n. 1.—Phānsī yā sūlī ke zarī'e se maut; phānsī parnā yā sūlī par charhīyā jānā. [zebāish ke liye mandhā jātā hai

2.—Woh kāgaz yā mugarraq phūldār kapiā wagaira jo diwār men

Usually in the plural.

Hangman, n. 1.—Woh shakhs jo logon ko phānsī dene ke liye hākim kī taraf se muqarrar ho, jallād.

2.—Ek hiqārat kā lafz; ek zalīl shakhs

Hanker, v. i Bare shauq balkı be-qararı se kısı bat ki khwahish r., kamal rehtiyaq r.; urhayat hi chahna ya khastgar h.

Usually followed by for or after

Hap-hazard, n. Ittifaq; sanjog.

Happen, v i. Ā jānā; ā-parnā; ittīfāqan ā-jānā; us hālat men ānā ki pahle se āne kī unined na rahī ho; wāqi'h; wuqū'men ānā; zuhūr men ānā yā zuhūr pazīr h.; sādir yā sar-zadh, honā ho-jānā yā bītnā.

To happen on — Milnā, ma'lūm h; yalāyak pā-jānā.

Happily, ad. 1.—Khush-nasibi se; khush-qismati se; khush-waqti se.

2.—Khush-hāl, āsūda-hāl yā āsūda-hālī se; khushī se.

Happiness, n. 1.—Woh rūhāni khushi jo kisi bhalāyi se paidā ho; khush-hāl rahuā; khushi; āsūda hālī; ārām; falāh; sukh; chain.

2.-Nek-bakhtī, kāmgārī; kāmrāuī, iqbāl.

Happy, a. 1.—Mubārak; farkhuuda-fāl, sa'ādat-maqıūn yā sa'id; kāmgār yā kāmyāb. [sūda-dīl, mutmayīn.

2 - Har tarah kī bhalāyī sulh chain aur ārām r. w.; khush; ā-

3.--Nek-akhtaı; sähıb-i-iqbāl; khush

4 — Jisse khushi hāsil ho; pasandīda; khushi paidā k. w.

5.—Tez-dast; musta'ıd; lāıq. [ham muhabbat ho. 6.—Jismen ittifaq ho, āpas men mel yā irtibāt r. w.; jismen bā-

A happy family—Aisā khāudān jiske shurakā ke mābain bā-ham ittifāq yā irtibāt ho; jis khāndān ke log āpas men muhabbat rakkhen.

7.-Achchhā; mubārak; nek.

A kappy omen - Fāl-i-mubārak; achchhā shugun.

Harass, v t.i.—Bahut hī thakā d.; mihnat se harā d.; daurā mārnā [līf d 2.—Taqāza fikr yā pareshānī se tang k.; diq k.; pareshān k , tak.

3.—Dafatan aur mutawātīr hamla kurke tang k—paise dushman ko. [khabar ho; āgam dekhāne-wālā. Harbinger, * Peshwā; woh bāt jisse kisi dūsrī āyinda hone wāli bāt kī Harbour, n. 1.— Panāh-gāh; hifāzat kī jagah; woh jagah jahān khatre se panāh mile (bachāw ho); hifāzat aur ārām kī jigah.

2 —Bandar; bandar-gāh; jahāz-gāh.

Harbour, v t 1.—Panāh d.; mahfūz r., chhipā r; poshīda r. [ke chhipī r. To karbour an offender—Kisī mujim ke panāh d yā hifāzat meā r; kisī mujim

2.-Rakhnā; dil men rahne yā thahaine d, dil men jagah d.

To harbour malice—Kina yā bugz r; kīne to dil men jagah d [pinā. Harbour, v i. Kuchh der tak qayām k. yā rahuā; panāh l; ṭiknā, khānā-Hard, α l.—Sakht; karā, jismen kuchh jald dhans na sake yā jisko āsānī se judā judā na kar sakeū; jo dabāne se na dabe, thos.

Applied to material bodies, and opposed to soft.

2.—Jo jaid samajlı men na äye; dushwar fahm; mushkil; āsān nahīn. 3.—Jiskā anjām (uskā k) mushkil ho, jo āsānī yā suhūlat se na ho-sake; pur az-qabāhat; jismen barī mihnat karnī pare; jiske karne

men thakānat ā-jīwe; taklīf-dih, dushwār; karā, sakht; bhārī.
4.—Jiskā baidāsht k (sahnā) mushkil ho; jiskā tahammul yā manzūr k sahl na ho, sakht, shadīd, taklīf-dih; nā-ma'qūl yā 'aql

ke khilāf, khilāf-i-msāf; be-jā; shadīd; shiddat kā, guāń-bār.
5—Jiskā khush k yā jispai asai pahunchānā mushkil ho, jisputāsīr pahunchānā āsān na ho, sakht, be-rahm, iūkhā; tursh, dush-

nām-āmez, jisse dil kī sakhtī zābir ho.
6.—Jo dil ko margūb na ho; jo khush zāiqa na ho.; jibillī nahīn;

aslī nahīn, jo jabrīja yā tabī'at par zor de kar paidā kryā jāwe.

Hard money (as distinguished from paper money) - Naqd; rok yā rokar, sīkkaHard, adv 1 --- Mihnat se, dil se; shang se. [dars men garg har

1, adv 1 — Milinat se, dil se; shanq se. [dars men garq hai He is hard at study – Woh milinat yā shanq se tahsil i-'ilm kar rahā hai, woh

2.—Mushkil yā dushwāiī se.

The vehicle moves haid - Woh sawātī mushkil se chaltī hai

3 — Is tarah par kı qabāhaten wāqı' hon.

The question is hard set—Woh suwāl is taiah par murattab kiyā gayā hai ki uske jawāb men qabāhaten wāqi' hoň. [būtī se

4.—Jald yā jaldī se, subukī se, tezī se; zor se; musta'idī se; maz-

5 — Tund yā tundī se, sakht yā sakhtī se; tez; zor se; shiddat se. It blows hard, or the wind blows hard—Hawā tund (tez yā sakht chal rahī) hai; hawā zor yā shiddat se bah rahī hai—It rains hard—Menh zor se baras rahā hai, pāoi shiddat se bairastā hai, zor khwāh shiddat se bārlah hotī hai.

Hard by - Nazdík, muttasıl, bahut dür nahin — Hard up - Bahut muhtaj ya lächar, be-zar, kaurıyon ko tang, bari taklif ya tangi men (Collogural). [k., thos k.

Harden, v i 1.—Sakht yā ziyāda-tar sakht k , karā yā aur karā k. mazbūt 2 —Sakht aur mazbūt banā d; mazbūtī d; quwwat d; karāyī paidā k; mihnat yā taklīf se 'ādī k; kisī burāyī meň pakkā (pukhta) k.

Harden, v 2. Sakht (kajā yī thos) ban-jānā; kušī achchhî yā burī bāt men pakkā (pukhta) ho-jānā [pākath. Hardened, p. a. Sakht; kajā; be-rahm, burāyī men pakkā; pukhta kār; A hardened offender - Mujrim-i-pukhta-kār; jo shakhs jurm karne men pakkā ho Hard-hearted, a. Be-iahm, sang dil; sakht-mizāj, jiskā dil patthar sā ho, jo kahnā sunnā na māne; jo manāne se na māne; be-daid [sarī se.

Hardly, ad. 1 — Mushkil se, dushwārī se; barī mihnat se; barī dard 2.—Shāyad hī; mushkil se, bi l kul nahīn, yak-gūna nahīn; thorā thorā 3 — Sakhtī se, bid'at se; durushtī se; zulm ke sāth.

The prisoners were hardly used or treated—Un quidiyon par bid'at huyî (un ke sath s khtî se bartaw kiya gaya ya un par zulm hua).

Hardness, n Mazbūtī; sakhtī, karāyī; mjimād; karakhtagī; dushwārī jo kisī bāt ke samajhne yā karne men ho; tangī—jaise rupaye-paise ke milne men; be dardī, be-rahmī, sang-dilī; badī men mizāj kī sakhtī; shiddat—jaise sardī kī. [nidar.

Hardy, a. 1.—Diler, jawān mard; dil kā mazbūt; mardāna; be-khauf;

3. -Hatthī, shokh; gustākh, barā dhīthā.

3 — Mazbūt; mustahkam, pāedāt. [būt hojāe — jaise purānā sipāhī. 4.—Jo ādat kī wajh se mihnat se na thake; jo mihnat karte karte maz

Harm, n. Nuqsan; ziyan; zarar; khisara, mazlamat; badī, burayî. Harm, v t. Zarar pahunchana, ziyan k ; nuqsan pahunchana.

Harmful, a. Muzir, zaiai-rasān; jisse nuqsān ho; nuqsān pahunchāne w. Harmless, a 1.—Be-zarar; jisse kuchh nuqsān na ho

2 —Be-jokhim; be gazand, sadme se mahfūz yā barī.

3.—Be-gunāh, be-jurm, ma'sūm

Harmonious, a 1—Bāham munāsabat r. w.; jiske ajzā āpas men mu-

nāsabat rakkhen, mauzūn, sudaul

2 —Jo log kısı maqsadı'am ke anjam men shari't hokar kar-rawayı karen, jısmen ba-lıhaz kar-rawayı ya khayalat ke ittifiq ho, jo apas men sulh aur dosti rakkhen; muttanq, baham ittifaq r. w.

An harmonious family - Aisā khāndān jiske shurakā āpas men har tarah par

ittifaq rakkilen; jis khāndān ke logon men bāham sulh aur dostī ho.

3.—Ham-āhang, āwāz yā sur men mel r. w.

Harmoniously, ad Sulh yā mel se; muhabbat aur dostī se; ittifāq ke sāth; bi-l-ittifāq; munāsabat ke sāth; āwāz yā sur men mel milā ke; mel ke sāth [muwāfiq h; mazmūn yā manshā men yaksān yā muttafiq h.

Harmonize, v i 1.—Fi'l munāsabat yā dil par tāsīr paidā karne men The arguments harmonize—Yah dalāri muttafiqu-l-mazmūn ham (in dalīlon kā manshā yaksād khwāh wihid hai)—The facts stated by the different witnesses harmonize—Mukhtalif gavāhon ne jo wāqi'āt bayān kiye woh ham-mazmūn ham (unkā manshā wāhid hai) [shakhson yā khāndānon kā.

Apas men mel-jol r.; bā-ham sulh aur muhabbat r.— jaise
 Ham-āwāz h, ek sur r.; sur aur tāl baiābar r., mel men milnā.

Harmonize, v. t. 1.— Munāsib tarīq par sudhārnā; milānā yā ek mel kā k., kisī shai men jo takhāluf-i-zāhnī ho uskā raf k.

2.—Sur aur tāl durust k.; khush-āwāz k.; qā'ida-i-'ilm-i-mūsiqī ke wutābiq murattab yā durust k. [nāsabat i-ma'qūl r.

Harmony, n. i.—Kisī shai-i-mujmal ke ajzā-i mukhtalīfa kā bāham mu 2.—Wāqi'āt rāe tarz-o-taiīq khwāh naf'-o-niqsān wagaira men ittifāq; ittifāq i-kullī; sulh aur dostī; mudārāt, yak-dilī; mel yā mel-jol; banāw; ittihād; rabt-zabt.

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To live in karmony—Āpas men mel yā mel-jol r.; mil-jul rahnā; āpas men banāw (ittihād yā rabt-zabt) r ; ek-dil ho-kar rahnā.

3.—Sur; tāl; sur kā charhāw-utār. [ho; nā-hamwār; bīhar; arbar. Harsh,a 1 —Chiknā yā hamwār nahīn, jo chhūne meň khurkhurā ma'lūm Opposed to smooth.

2 — Talkh; karuā; tursh; khattā, khush-guwār yā maza-dār oahīn.

3 —Sunne men kharāb, jisse kān phat jāen; karīhu s-saut, khushāwāz nahīu; be āhaug; karī

4.—Sakht; tund; tez; chirchira; karuā, karā

A harsh temper - Sakht mızāj; karnā karā yā chirchirā mızāj [bāteň.

5.—Sakht; durusht; zisht; dushnām āmez; karī yā karwī—jaise Harshly, ad. Sakhtī turshī yā karwāyī se, chirchirā ke; tundī se; jāhilāna tarīq par; jabr ke sāth; aisī tarah par ki nāguwār ho, aisī tarah par ki sunne men na bhāye yā pasandīda ma'lūm ho.

Harvest, 1.—Kharif; galla yā dūsri fasi kātne aur jam' karne kā waqt;

galla yā nāj batorne kā waqt; waqt-i-dirau.

2.—Jo kuchh kāṭā (dirau kiyā) jāe, pakkā (pukhta) nāj yā galla jab kāṭkar ekaṭṭhā kiyā jāe, khirmau.

o kaskar ekanona kija jae, kuntman.

Vernal harvest—Fasl-i-rabi'; chatī; babār yā mausīm-i-babāt.—Autumnal harvest—Fasl-i kharīf, khizān; asārbī yā asārh kī fasl

3 — Kısı qism ki mihnat ka samra ya phal; faida; hasil; natija. Harvest, v t. Jab naj ya phal pak jae to use msan aur haiwan ke sarf ke liye katua ya jam'k. [tawaqquf nahin.

Haste, n. 1 —Harakat kī tezi, 'ujlat; ta'jīl; jaldī; shitābī; utāwlī;
This business requires haste—Is lām men 'ujlat darkār hai (isko jhatpat yā

turant karnā chāhiye) [tezī.

2.—Kām kī shiddat, harbarī; ghabrāhat; josh; pareshānī; 'ujlat; Haste, \ v.t. Āge barhānā; āge ko chalānā; jhonke se āge ko harakat Hasten. \ d; harakat men rawānī d.; jald jald chalānā; 'ujlat d. yā 'ujlat se karānā.

Haste, de i Jaldī se chalnā; 'ujlat se, harakat k.; ta'jīl k.; chatpaţī k.

Hastily, ad 1 — Ujlat se; juldī se, shutābī se, jhat pat; phurtī se; subuk-rawī se. [andhe kī tarah, sar ke bal; utāwlī se.

Be khūb soche-bichārī, achchhī tarah samajh būjh kar nahin;
 Yakāyak josh men ā kar; tāw khākar, be sabīī ke 'ālam men.

Hasty, a. 1.—Jald-bāz, phurtilā; utāwalā, sust yā dbīrā nabiū [ta']īl-kār.

2.—Gair-mutaammil, be-soche kam k. w; jald josh men a-jaue w.;

3.—Jo gusse se paidā ho yā jisse gussa zāhir ho.

Hatchet, n Kulhārī, tabar, basūlā.

To bury the hatchet—Sulh k; talwar miyan men k.—To take up the hatchet— Lazayi (jang) k; talwar khainchnā. [pher i

Hate, v. t. Kisī se barī nafrat r., nā-pasaud k.; muhabbat na r.; muhh Hate, n Barī bī nafrat; sakht nā-rāzī.

Hateful, α. 1.—Jisse barī nafrat zāhir ho; buiāyī chāhne w.; badandesh.

2.—Makiūh; barī nafrat paidā k. w.; is qābil ki usse nafrat karen; Hatred, n. Barī hi nā-rāzī yā nafrat, dushmani; 'adāwat; kīna; bugz. Haughty, a. 1 - Gurur aut naftat r w.; apne ko auron se barh-kar samajbue w.; ghamandi, magrūr.

2. - Jo gurur aur nafrat ke sabab se ho yā jisse yah baten zahir hon. Haunt, v t. 1.—Bāi-bāi ānā-jānā, aksarāmad-o-raftr; hamesha dhūndhā k; kahīn hamesha yā nā-jāiz tarīq par jāyā k; kisī bī khwāhish yā

marzī ke khilif ghus jānā, aksar jā ke diq k ; dum ke pichhe lage r. 2 — Shayatin (bbūt paret wagarra) kā rahnā yā āyā-jāyā k.

Haunt, v. v. Isiār ke sāth thaharnā yā āmad-o-iaft r.

Have, v t. 1 — Rakhnā; pās yā qabze khwāh ikhtiyār men r. flugat hai He kas a good dectionary - Woh'ek achchhi lugat rakhtā hai; uske pās ek 'umda To have and to hold - Qabza-o dakhl r., qabiz aur dakhil rahna

"Terms used in a deed of conveyance"

2 —Kısī aisī shai kā r. jisko rakhne wāle se ta'alluq ho jā jo uspar muassır ho. [fever yesterday-Kal use bukhar tha

Hate you another brother?-Kyā tumhāre koyī aur bhāyī hat?—He had a

3.—Tauqīr k., samajhnā, māunā.

To have in honour—Qidr tauqir yā 'izzat k [məjbür kiya jana

4.—Zaimat jā farz se majbūr kijā jānā; kisi kām ke karne par Followed by an infinitive. [ko kām karnā partā hai

We have to work even during the holidays - Aryam-i ta'til men bhi ham logon 5 — Rakhnā; kisī shai men ek dūsiī shai kā rahnā.

That work has many beauties and many faults-Us litab men bahut husn oquibh hai (usmen hahut sı khūbiyāń aur bahutere nags haiń)

6 —Hāsıl k; pānā, kharīd k.

7.—Jaunā; paidā k — jaise larkā

8 —Kısı shai kā l. qabul k., lenā, qabul k.

Had rather (a corruption of would rather) - In alfaz se kirnāhīsh yā tarjīh zāhīr hotī hai — To have a care - Intiyāt k. yā r , khabar-dār rahvā; chaukas rahvā — To have on — Pahinnā

Haven, n. 1 — Bandar; jahāz ke qiyām ki mahfūz jagah,

2—Panāh kī jagah, jāe-1-panāh, hīfāzat-gāh

Havoc, n Barbādī; wîrānī, tabāhī jo wasi' aur 'ām ho. Havoc, v t. Wîrān k.; barbād k ; tabāh k ; gārat kar-d ; njār d.

Hazard, n 1.-Jo bāt dafatan yā nāgahān zuhūr men äye, jo bāt yakāyak ho-jāwe; hādisa; wāqi'a; ittifaq; nāgahānī.

2.—Khatra, jokhim.

To run the hazard—Khatra uthāvā ; jokhim uthāvā yā sahuā; aisī bāt kā k yā areī tāt ke karne men gadat k juskā anjām-i-kār pahle se na ma'lüm ho aur va uskā qīyās k. mumkin bo

Hazard, v. t. Khatie men dalna; ittifaq par chhor d; aisī halat men chhor d. ki nuqsan ya ziyan ka andesha ho; qismat par chhor d., kisî bat ka tan-ba-taqdîr ho-kar (qısmat thok-kar) k.

Hazard, v. a Jokhim uthānā; khatre men parnā.

Kazardons, a Khatar nāk; pui-khatar; jismen nuqsān yā burājī kā khatkā ho; jokhim se bharā huā.

Head, n. 1 - Sar; farq; kapār; mūnd.

2.—Kısı be-jan chiz ka-sab se üpar ka ya sab se 'umda hissa.

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3.—Sar ke rakhne Lī jagah; sirbānā; bālīn

4 — Afsar; sar-guroh, sardār; sar khail; mīr; peshwā

5.—'Izzat yā hukūmat kī jagah; sadar maqām, āgā; sāmnā.

6.—Bahut se shumār men se ek ek, nafar, kas; rās.

Let the labourers be paid at the rate of 2 annas per head—In mazdūron ko fi kas yā fi nafar do kue do —20 head of oxen—Bīs rās ball. 7.—Dīmāg; 'aql; fahm; idrāk; zihn; samajh.

It never entered his head-Yah bat kabhi uske diraag men na paithi (uske zihn yā 'aqi men na āyi), 18 bāt kā use kabhi khayāl na huā.—Of one's own head - Apne khayai ya apni khwahish se

8.—Mabdā; masdar, asl; jahān se koyī shar nikle khwāh pardā yā shuru' ho. [manshā-1-kalām; asl mazmūn.

9.—Kisī kalām kā hissa i-judāgāna; fasl; bāb; mad; khāna; sīga;

10.—Darja, mustaba; naubat, zor,

Head and ears - Sa: a badan ya tamam jism, khûb gabira, bi-l-kul; tamamtar; sarāsar; sarārā —He plunged heads and ears in water - Uskā sārā badan pānī men dūb gayā; woh pānī men dūr tak chalā gayā —He was head and east in debt-Woh qarz men duba ya garq tha; woh nihayat hi maqruz tha, woh bal-bal zer-bar tha - Head and shoulders - (a) Jahriya; zor ya zabardesti se; khinch-khānch kai; kashā kashi se. (b) Bahut hī, bahut kuchh; az-bas.-Head or tail-le taiaf ya us taref; yah ya woh, yah bat khwah woh bat. Weither head nor tail - Be sar-o-pa, be sar-pair ha, jiska na agaz ho na anjām, na yah bāt na woh būt; saf yā mutahaqqaq nahin, muntashir. He could make neither head nor tail of the matter - Usko is mu'amale kā sar-pair ma'lūm na hoā (iskā āgāz yā anjām daryāft na hoā; yah bāt usko sāf sāi ma'lūm na ho-sahi) To come to a head-Pahnā, mawāi kā ājānā, pib kā bhar jānā. The boil has come to a head-Woh phorā pak gayā To give one the head, or to give head - Hukumat ya zabt chhor d., khol d; āzād k., khud-sar banā d.—To one's head - Kisī ke rū-ba-rū; bi-l-mushāfaha, munh par. To make head, or to make head against - Kamyani ke sath mingabala ya ta'arruz k, age barbna, galib ana - To turn head - Munh pher l

"Head, as an adjective, or in composition, chief, principal; as

a head workman." Webster

lead, v. t 1 — Afsar h.; apnī tayīn sar dār sar-guroh yā sarkhail banāl.; apnī mā tahtī men chalānā; msirām k.; chalānā.

2.—Snā banānā yā lagānā.

 Kısı ke age ya samne ho-jana; kısı ke muqabıl a kar use baz r. yā rok d.; roknā, māui' h.; msidād k.

To head down.—Kāṭnā, chhānṭnā, tarāshnā; qalam ķ.—To head off —Rāste men pakar l.; age pahunch-kar rok d., [par likhā jāe; mad, surkhī eading, n. Sarnāma, 'unwān; peshānī; jo kuchh kisī kāgaz ke sire eadlong, ad. 1.—Sar ke bal; aundhā; munh ke bal.

2. - Jhapat ke, be-tabāshā, be-soche-bichāre, be-gair samilie-būjhe.

3.—Jaldī se; 'ujlat ke sāth, bilā-tawaqquf, be-taammul.

eadlong, a. 1 - Kharā; jismen bahut dhāl ho.

3 — Be-sar-pan kā; be-soche bichāre; jismen 'nilat ko dakhl ho. ead-quarters, n pl Kisī afsar-i-ā'lā ke rahņe kā magām; sadr magām; woh jagah jahān se ahkām jārī hon, marja.

Headstrong, α 1.—Tund-mızāj; hatthī; jo qābū men na rah sake; jo kahnā na māne, jo apnī bī rāh par chale; bad-lagām; munh-zor; jo apnī hī khwāhish ke mutābiq kām kaie.

2.-Jo hath ki wajh se ho; man mānī ghar jānī.

Heal, v. t 1.—Ārām k ; sihhat d ; shifā' hakhshnā ; achchhā k.; dür k : raf k ; bhali-changā kar-d., sahīh-o-sālım kar-d.; bhar ānā yā angūr bhar Iānā.

2 ---Raf'-ı shar k.; mel karā d.; tasfīya karā d.; sulh karā d.

Heal, v. i Achehhā ho-jānā; changā ho-jānā, angūr bharlānā yā bhar ānā. Sometimes with up or over.

Health, n 1. Sihbat; tandurustī; 'āfiyat; dard yā amrāz se jism kā barī rahnā; salāmatī, khair-o-'āfiyat.

2 —Sihhat aur khushī kī du'ā

(sahih o-sālīm, Healthful, a. 1.—Taudurust; marīz (bīmār) nahīn, achchhā; sahīh;

2.—Sihhat-āwar, jisse tabī'at ko ārām mile.

3 — Jisse tandurustī zāhir ho, jo sihhat kā natīja ho.

To drink one's health-Sharāb pine ke qabl kısı ki sihbat aur khushi kā izhār k. ya'nī usse du'āan kahnā ku tum sahih aur khush raho yā Khudā tum ko tandurust aur khush rakkhe.

Healthy. a. 1 — Sahih; tandurust; sahih-o-sālim, bhalā-changā, tanomand. 2.— Mu'in-ı sihhat ya sihhat-awar, sihhat-bakhsh, jisse ya jiske karne se tabi'at sahih rahe.

Heap, n Tūda, ambār, dhei; ganj; rās; tāl.

Heap, v. t. 1.—Tuda k.; ambar k.; dher lagana, ras ya tal lagana.

Often with up or on

2.—Bahut sā jam' k.; ekatthā k., khūb mujtama' k., betornā.

Usually with up

Hear, v t 1.—Sunuā; kān se ma'lūm k.; quwwat-1-sāmi'a se ma'lūm k. 2.—Kısı ki taraf mukhātab ho kar uski bāt sunnā; mutawayıh h.; kān d. yā dharnā

 Kısi muqaddame men waqi'at shahadat aur babs ka sunna; 'adālat-ı-qānān yā ınsāf men tajwīz k ; 'adālat men tajwīz k ; samā'at k.; shinwayi k. [yā istid'ā ko manzūr k, sunkar jawāb i-bā-sawāb d.

4 — Tawayuh se mukhātab h; lihāz yā pās k.; kisī kī khwāhish To hear a bird sing (Colloquial)—Khufyatan (chhip ke yā poshīda) khabar pānā

To hear say (Colloquial)-Kisi ki zabānī sunnā, afwāhan sunnā; logon ko kahte sunnā ; sama'i ķliabar pānā

Hear, v.i. 1 —Quwwat-i-sāmi'a r.; äwāz ke ma'lūm karne ki tāqat ko kām men lānā, sunnā; mukhātab h; dhyān se sunnā [dūsre kī kahī sunnā. 2.—Zabāni muttala' kiyā jānā, zabāni khabar pānī; auron se sunnā;

Hearing, n. 1.—Samā'at, quwwati-sāmi'a, āwāz ma'lūm karne ki [mā'at kā mauqa'; shinwāyī. quŵwat.

2.—Jo kuchh kabā jāc uskī taraf tawajjuh; sune jāne yā sa-3.—Tajwīz yā infisāl kī galaz se wāqi'āt aur shahādat wagaila ki

samā'at; tajwīz i-'adālatāna. kî pahunch. 4.—Jahān tak kān se sun pare; jahān tak ki awāz sun pare; awāz He was not within hearing - Woh aisi jagah tha jahan Iwaz sunayi nahin deti

thi; woh nazdik na thā Hearsay, n. Suni-sunayi bat; afwah; shuhra; zaban-zad-1-'awam; qaul

とない 大きちゃん

His account depends entirely on hearsay—Uskā bayān bi-l-kul sama'i hai; jo kuchh woh kahtā hai woh sab sunī-sanāyī h.i. [Webster

"It is sometimes used as an adjective; as, hearsay evidence."

Ieart, n. 1 —Dil, qalb, khātii; man; hiyā; jigar.

2.—Jo hissa markaz se bahut hi nazdīk ho yā kisī shai ke bich kā hissā; sab se bhītar kā hissa, woh shai jiskī wajh se koyī düsrī shai qāim rahe, khās hissa; kisī chīz kī jān.

3 — Himmat; juiat; dilerī. [quwwat.

4.—Zar-khezī, zor (jaise zamīn kā), paidā-wārī; paidā karne kī

5. — Ma'nī jo poshīda ho; aslī maushā, bhed; rāz

At heart—Fi-ashbī; dal se; jī se; dar-asl; sachmuch; wāqi'ī; haqīqat men.—
To get or learn by heart—Az-bar k; zabānī yād k; hifz k, kanth k—For
my heart—Apnī jān kī qasam, agar merī jān bhī kām ātī.—Hardness of heart—Dil kī sakhtī; be-rahmī; patthar kā sā jīgar h, be-dardī.—
To break the heart of—(a) Nā-ummed yā bahut ranjīda k; mutaassīf k; ran;
se nihāyat hī dil tor d—(b) Qarību-l-ikhtītām k, goyā ķhātīme ko pahunohā d; qarīb qarīb ķbatm kar chuknā yā anjām ko pahunchā d. Æ Said
of any thīng undertaken—To find in the heart—Rāgīb yā māil h, chāhā.—
To have in the heart—līāda k; 'azm i, qasd k—To have the heart in a nutshell—Nihāyat tang-dil past-himmat yā buz-dil h.—To have the heart in the
mouth—Bahut darnā; inhāyat khauf-zada yā mukhawwaf h—To take to heart
—Kisī bāt par ianjīda h; kisī amr kī nisbat te'alluq i-khātīr i (mutafakkir
i)—To set the heart at vēst—Qarār pakarnā; mutmayīn h, dil jam'ī r—To
set the heart on or upon—Kisī shai par dil lagānā, kisī shai kā mhāyat mushtāq b; kisī bāt kā bahut shauq r. yā shāiq h

Ieart-burning, n. Nā-khushi; 'adāwat; kīna; chhipī chhipī dushmanī.

Heartily,ad 1 — Dilse, Dil-o-jān se, sachche dil se; sachāyīse, sach-much.

2 —Dil se; sargarmī se, musta'idī se; tandihī ke sāth. 3.—Shang se, khūb; dil khol-kar, bahut

To eat heartily - Shauq se (dil khol-kar bahut yā khūb) khānā

Hearty, a. 1.—Jismen dil kā laguā zāhir ho; sar-garm; garm-josh; musta'id; jismen nihāyat musta'idī zāhir kī jāwe.

2 — Jo dil se paida ho; sachcha; jismen garm-joshi ho.

3.—Mazbūt; qawī; pur-kār, za'īf yā kam-zor nahīn.

4.—Jisse tāqat barhe, muqawwī; 'umdā; bahut sā, kasīr. [we; peṭā A hearty eater-Bisyār-khwār, jo shauq se aur khūb khāwe; jo dīl khol ke khā-

Heat, n. 1.—Garmī; harārat; hiddat. 2.—Woh kaifiyat jo āg yā dhūp wagaira ke sabab se jism ko mah-

sūs ho, gaimī, sardī kā zid.

[tamāzat.
3 — Gaim hawā; gaimā; garmī; tapish; harārat; sozish; Jalan;

4.—Kısı jısın ki sürat halat ya rangat jısse uski garmi zahır ho; surkhi; tımtımahat, damak. [garmana; taw d.

5.—Ek bar garmaye jane ya garm hone ki halat, garmi d. ya Give the non another heat—Us lohe ko ek bar aur garmao (ek taw aur do).

6—Sakht koshish jo ek martaba begair rukāwat ke ki-jāe; koshishi-wāhid, daur jo ek hī bār daurī jāe; daur. [sargarmī; tāw.

Nihāyat daije kī shiddat; josh; garmī yā garmā-garmī; harārat;

8.—Dil kā josh; shu'la; harārat; bharak uthnā.

9.—Gaim-joshi; tezi; khayālāt yā taqrīr ke muta'allıq josh.

10 -Josh, ubil.

Heat, v. t Garm k , garmī pahunchānā yā d ; garmānā; harārat paidā L; tahrīk d, josh men lanā yā josh paidā k, ubhārnā; bhackānā.

Heat, v & Garm ho-j mā, garmā-uthnā

Heavily, ad. 1 -Guan-bail se, bare both se, bahut hi; shiddat se. To bean heavely on a thing-Kisi char par giran-bar h ya guzarna -To be hearīly lozded - Bahut bojhā rahnā, khūb ladā rahnā

2 -Bare ranj se, gam ke sāth, udāsī se, malāl ke sāth.

3.—Ālusta ālusta aur milinat se, dushwārī se, diqqat se.

Heavy.c.1. - Jo miniat se uthe : halka nahin , bhari ; wazna; qad wus'at ya middai men bara; mazbūt, jo mushkil se chale ya jumbish kare 2.— Jiskā tahammul sahl ya asan na ho, jo mushkil se bardasht

ho, girāń-bār; ranj-dih; dil-āzār; pese jabr mutasawwar ho; piskā sahnā yā karnā dushwār bo.

3.-Bojh se dabā hoā; jhukā huā; bojh fikr ranj dard māyūsī yā hımaqat wagaira se daba hua se bhara hua. 4 — Sust; kāhil, be jān, himāqat se bharā huā; be-lutf; be-'aqlı

5 — Girān-bār, jo jald na kate yā bite

Heavy hours - Change jo jaid jaid nekal na jāch; waqt jo girān bar ho 6 - Jo mi'de par hojh sa pare, jo jald hazm na ho (na pache); saqil,

giran yā girānī paidā k w., jise mi'da qabūl na kare. 7.—Nam, tar, gahıra; mulaim; kichar sa; jispar chaine ya hal

wagana ke chaline men diqqat (rukāwat) bo-jame zamīu rāh wagana 8.—Mawwāj; jismen lahar khūb zor se uthe—jaise samundar.

9.—Mıqdar men bara; bara; kasır—jarse sanf dain wagarra.

10 — Gabnā, ghanā, galīz; kālā—jaise bādal.

11 —Jismen barî mihuat ya bahut kuchh saif darkar bo—jaise koyî kām riskā bhā utbāyā rīe

12.—Raland-awaz, zor-shor kā, bhārī, jismen barī awaz ho-jaise 13.—Bādal chhāyā huā, jiske dekhne se ma lūm bo ki pānī baisā

chāhtā hai; tāiīk — jaise āsmāu. kasī; be dārī Heed, z. Tawaguh; hhāz, khayāl; dhyān; thtiyāt; khabar-dārī, chau

Often with grile or take Heed, v. z. Khayāl meń lānā; mānnā, samajhnā.

Heedful, a Mutawayıh, lihāz r. w , khajāl r. w ; chaukas; hosbyār , khabar-dār. bachāw ki sudh na r w

Heedless, a. Be-khabar, be-parwā; be-fikr, gāfil; allhar, apni jā apne Heel,n 1 - Eri - jaise pair jūte moze wag ira kī; kanta jo būt ki er men lagāyā jātā hai, ba'z waqt is lafz (heel) se kul pair bhi samyhā jātā hai

Neck and heels-Sara badan; sar se pawn tak -To be at the heels of - Khub pi chhā k , zarā bhi piehhā na chhornā; ta'āqub i-shadid k , sāth hi sāth rahnā To be out at the heels - Tabah-hal h ; khasta-hal h , shikasta-hal h , buri halat men (tang yā tang hāl) rahmā — To cool the heels — lutizār k ; muutazir rahua, thabre rahnā, dam l — To go keels over head — Jald jald yā be-tahāshā chalna To have the heels of - Kisi ke age nikal jānā; kisi par sabaqat le jānā — To lay by the keels-Qaid kar-lips ba jaulan k-To show or take to the heels-Bhag jānā; rafū-chakkar ko jānā, nau-do-gyārah ho-jānā; chal d.

Height, n. 1 — Balandī; unchāyī.

2 — Tikiā; dhūhā; choti, tilā yā pahār

3 — Kısı bat men buzurgi masalan ilhtiyar 'ilm ya hunar men; raf'at; fauq; 'awam men fauqiyat; logon par barayi ya'ızzat; 'urun. 4.—Kamal shıddat ya sakhti, nihayat danje ki ziyadati; intiha;

gārt darja yā martaba

5 —Bartanî men tanaqqî; danja; rutba, mantaba.

Heighten, v. t 1 - Unchā k ; baland k., aur upar ko uthānā.

2 — Taraqqi k. yā d., 'umdagi yā achbāyi men auron se barhā d ;

īzād k.; afzāish k. [kai-d.; kisī burāyi men taiaqqī d. 3.—Aur burā k. yā banā d.; shiddat barhā d.; aur sangīn yā qabīb

Heinous, a Barā; sangin, 'azīm; kabīr; sakht; shadīd,

A keinous crime – Jum-r-sangin yā kabir.

Heinousness, n Sanginī, barā h; shadid h; sakhtī.

Heir, n. 1 — Wāi is; woh shakhs jisko koyī jāedād uske mālik ke marne ke ba'd mile, woh shakhs jisko kisī milkījat kā haq ba'd wafāt uske mālik ke hāsil ho; jis shakhs ko kisī dūsre ke marne ke ba'd koyī haq yā matrūka qānūnan hāsil ho.

[nek-nāmī yā bimāiī wagura.

2 — Woh shakhs jisko koyî bāt uske mūris se hāsil ho masalan Heir appurent—See Apparent — Heir at law — Wātis-i-qānūnī ya'm aisā shakhs jo apne mūris ke marne ke ba'd uskī kul jāedād-i-bilā-wasiyat kī nisbat haqq i-witāsat rakkhe — Heir presumptire — Woh shakhs jo mūris ke fi-l-faur mar jāne kī hālat men uskā wāris ho sake par yah mumkin ho ki agar koyī wāris-i-qarīb tar paidā ho yā koyī dūsiā ami i-rittlāgī wuqū' men āye to shakhsimazkūi kā haqq-i-witāsat zāil ho jāwe. — Residuary heir — 'Asaba. M. L.

mazkūi kā haqq-i-wirāsat zāii ho jāwe.—Residuary heir—'Ai Heiress, n Wānsa; woh 'aunat jisko wināsat kā haq ho. Heirless, a. Lī-wāns, be-wāns; jiskā kojī wāns na ho.

Heir loom, n Asāsu-l-bait yā māl-i-manqūla jo qānūn yā wirāsat ke rū se irs ke shumūl men wāns ko mile, koyī jins jo kayī pusht se kisī khāndūn men ho [wirāsat, mīrās.

Heirship, n Wāris kī hālat haisīvat yā uske huqūq; wirāsat, haqqi-Help,v.t.l —Madad d yā k , i'ānat k , kisī kām ke anjām khwāh kisī maqsad ke husūl ke liye quwwat bakhshnā yā zarī'a baham pahunchānā

2—Taklīf yā qabāhat se najāt pāne kā wasīla baham pahunchānā; gulū khalāsī men madad d, madad-gār h.; madad himāyat yā dast-gīrī karke kisī taklīf se bachānā.

3 — Dard yā bīmāiī meň chāra-kār baham pahuńchānā; chhorānā; ghatānā yā takhfīf k; achchhā k; suhhat d,

4.—'Ilāj k.; raf' k.; bure ko bhale se tabdīl k.

5.—Roknā; bāz r.; insidād k., māni' h.

6.—Bāz rahuā; chhor d , bachā jānā.

To help for ward—Madad de kar āge chalānā yā barhānā—To help on—Taraqqī d. madad karke taraqqī bakhahnā.—To help ont—Qıbāhat se chhorāne yā kisī mansūbe ke pūtā karne men madad k—To help over—Raf' yā dūr karne ke lāiq k; is qābil k ki hal kar sake—To help one orer a difficulty—Kisī ko is lāiq k ki woh kisī qabāhat ko dūr yā raf' kar sake (dushwārī ko hal kar sake).—To help to—Kisī ko kuchh d. yā baham pahuhchānā i khāne ke waqt kisī ko kuchh d. nike āge pēsh yā maujūd k.—To help one

to a dish of sweet meats—Khāne ke waqt kisi ke āge mithāyi kī tashtarī rakh d. yā usko khāne ke liye mithālyān d

Help, v 1. Madad d.; mu'in h ; quwwat yā zarī'a d.

To help out-I'anat k , koyî shar baham pahunchana.

Help, n 1.—l'anat, imdad; madad, kısı kam ke anjam khwah dushwari yā musībat se chhutkārī pāne ke liye jo tadbīi kar dī jāwe , yārī; 'aun. 2 - Chāra yā chāra kār, 'rlāj, upāe; woh bāt jisse kisī qism ki taklīf 1af' ho.

There is no help for it—Iskā koyî 'ilēj nahīn hai, isse yā ismen lāchārī hai.

Helpless, a Jisko madad na pahunche ya quwwat na ho; jo imdad ka muhtaj ho; lachar, kam-zor, na tawan; be-chara; be-bal-o par.

Hem, n. Got, sanjāf; magzī; kor; kanāla, hāshiya Hem, n. t. Magzī got yā sanjāf lagānā, kor lagānā, hāshiya lagānā. [dald To hem about, around, or in-Gher ke bhitar kar 1., gher 1; muhasare men

Hence, ad. 1.—Is jagah se; yahān se. 2.-Is waqt se, ab se; ayında ko, age ko, ba'd; pichhe [haza; isliye.

3 —Is salab bā'ıs yā wajh se, bacaur natije yā māhasal ke; pas; li-

4.--Isse, is masdar jā bunyād se 5.—Yahan se chala ja, chal, dur ho; nikal ja; kanare ho.

In the last sense, "used, elaptically and imperatively, for go hence; depart hence; away; be gone.' Webster.

Henceforth. Henceforward, ad., Ab se; age, ba'd iske.

Here, ad 1 — Yahān; is jagah; is maqām par.

2.—Is zındagi men; yahan ya dunya men.

Here and there - Ja-ba-15; jahān tahān; muntashir; thorā thorā, chintar-bitar It is neither here nor there-Na yahān na wahān; kahīn nahīi, nā chiz, gair-muta'alliq

Hereditable, a. Qibil i-tauris; jo wirāsatan mil yā pahunch sake.

Hereditament, n (Law) Kisi qism kā māl jiskī nisbat wirāsat pahunche, māl-1-maulūsī , 175 , dirās.

A corporeal hereditament - Woh mal i-maurūsī jo ānkhon se dekh pare aut jisko apne qabre men la-saken; māl-1-matuūsī-i-mujassam —An theo poreal heredita ment — Ek khayālī istihqāq jo qānūnan māl-i-maurūsī-i mujassam se paidā ho.

Hereditary, a. 1.—Jo wu asatan ya muris se mile; maurusi [par qabiz hai He is in possession of a large kereditary estate - Woh ek bari milk i-maurusi 2 — Jo mūris se wāris ko pahunch sake; jo wāris-i-qānūnī ko wirā-

satan mil sake. The post of Qanungo is hereditary - Qanungo kā 'uhda maurūsī hotā hai,

Qanungoyi ek maurusi 'uhda har ya 'uhda ı-qanungo pusht-dar-pusht (nasa lan ba'da naslin) chalā ātā hai. [abāyī, pushtamī, maurūsī

3 — Jo bāp yā māń se larke kī taraf muntagul huā ho yā ho sake; Hereditary bravery -- Maurūsī shujā at, woh dilerī yā bahādurī jo kisī ke bāp yā mēn men rahi ho — Hereditary disease — Ābāyī maraz; msī bimārī 10 krai ko uske bāp yā mān se lāhiq ho ; puchtumi bīmārī

Heritable, a. Qubil-i-taurīs; jo wirāsatan mil-sake.

いっかいはいから、からいていて、「はない」である。 とかなっかいしょう しんかい しんかいかしょう かんかんない ななない なれない ななない

Heritage, n Ira; warsa; mitās, jo kuchh mūris se uske wāns ko pahunche Hezitate, v. t. 1 — Kisī bāt kī nisbat rāe-i-qat i qāim karne yā kār-rawāyi men ruknā khwāh taammul k.; kisi amr kī mebat mashkūk rahnā; pas-o-pesh men rahnā yā pas-o-besh k.; āgā-pīchhā k.; dubdhā k yā duodbā men rahuā ; shash-o-panj men jahnā ; muzabzah rahnā.

2.-Rukruk ke bāt k , bolne men ruknā ;hiklānā ; luknat k [ruk ke,]

Hesitatingly, ad Pas-o-posh ke sath, ba-taammul; shak ke sath; ruk Hesitation, n. 1 - Pas-o-pesh . shubha, shak; dubdha, aga-pichha; taammul, hais-bais, shash-o panj.

2 -Bolne men rukāwat; luknat; hiklāhat; ek ek bāt ruk ruk ke Hew. v. t 1 - Kulhārī se kātnā; kisī tez āle se kāt-kar girā d; chīrnā; kātnā; tarāshnā, rukhānī se kūtnā; chikuā k.; tukrā tukrā k.

Often with down, or off.

Hide, v t. 1 — Chhipāvā, nazar se dūr yā nazar ke bāhar r., maķbfīr; poshida r , kisi ko jaune na d.; la 'ılm r., ıqıar na k. bachānā

2.—Khatre se bachānā; mahfūz r.; muhāfazat k., bachāw k; Hide. v. z. Chhipi rahuā, apne ko chhipāye rahuā; nazar se dūr rahuā, dekh na parna.

Hideous, a 1 - Dekhne men bhayanak; khauf-nak, jiske dekhne se dar paida ho. haulnāk.

2 -Sunne men kaith yā burā, jiske sunne se dar paidā ho; mubīb;

3.—Makrūh; nafrat ke qābil, ganda High, a I —Baland, unchā, rafī', 'āli-shān.

2.—Adāb aur akhlāq yā 'aql men barā.

3 — Rutbe nekuāmī 'uhde yā haisīyat wagaira men barā.

4.—'Ālī-nizhād, 'ālī-khāndān ; uutfu-i- sharīf se paidā , amīr-o-kabīr se paidā , mu'azzaz.

5 — Nihāyat qawī tez yā 'azīm wagaira, tund; shadīd, zī-jāh; [bo; gahui-jaise bat. gawi; tāqat-dār.

6 -Nihāyat mujmal, bahut hi mushkil; jiskā samajhuā dushwār

7 —Gıran-baha, barı qımat ka; besh qımat; manhga

8.—Gastākh; magaur, numāishi.

9 —Koyī sifat-1-khās numāyān taur par r. w. High heat-(a) Sakht ya shiddat ki garmi (b) High noon-Thik do-pahar, am chāsht. (c) High colour - Shekh rang, gahirā rang.

10 - Bādshāh se muta'allıq; saltanat-mansüb,

High treason — Bādshāh se bagāwat

High time-'Ain waqt; thik waqt, kisi kām ke karne kā pūrā pūrā waqt yā mauqa'—High life-Amīron yā daulatmandon kī suhbat men zindagī basar k. (unkī suhbat r.)—High living—'Umda aur besh qīmat gizā (khānā) khānā.

High, ad Baland; barī unchāyî tak; bahut hī; nihāyat hī; bare gaur yā khauz se ; khūb dūb ke [bāt kā khayāl na rakkhā jāe. High-handed, a Zālimāna, magrūr; jismen sakhtī bī jāe, jismen kisī

Highness, n 1.—Unchāyī; balandī wagaira.

2 — Ek 'ızzat kā khitāb jo bâdshāhon yā aur zī-rutba shakhson ke lıye kām men laya jawe-masalan wala-jah, 'ali-jah; 'ali janab wagsira. Highway, n. Shāri'-i-'ām ; shāh-rāh ; aisī rāh Jahān sab log āmad-o raft rakkhen ya jispar sab ka guzar ho

Highway-man, n Jo shan'-i-'am par sanga-i-bi-l-jabi kare; iah-zan ya iah-zan , gutta'u-t-tailg. muzāhim h

Hinder, v t 1 - Age chalne na d.; rok d, chalne na d.; mukhil h.:

2.-Kisi shai ki talaqqi ko rok d ; insidad k., mani' h.

3 - Manium k.; māni h.; mahjub k.; baz 1.70kna.

Hinderance, n. 1.—Rokuā; māni' yā muzāhim h; rukāwat k. [rok-tok. Hindrance,

2 - Amr-i-mani'; 10kawat ki bat, muzabamat; mumana'at, 10kawat. Hinge, n. 1 - Woh kanta ya jor jispar darwaza phatak ya dhapna wagaira ghume, cabza narmadagi; chul, paiza. [kullīva; kisī amr ka madar 2.—Woh bat uspar koyī dūstī bat munhasu ya maugūf ho; asl usīl.

This argument was the hinge on which the question turned - Us amri-mu tanāzi'a fili kā madāi isī dalīl par thā — To be off the hinges - Daibam-barham vā pareshān h., mushawwish yā mustanb h., be-thekāne rahnā

Hinge, v. t. Qāim munhasii yā mauquf h; natīje yā tasfīye ke live khās kar munhasir h

Usually with on or upon.

[191 ek bat par munhasır hai

The decision of the case hinges on this single point - Us muqaddame ha faisals Hint, v t Khafif zikr ya kisi dur ke ishaie se yad dilana, ishaia k . kināya k., īmā k., ishāratan yā kināyatan kahnā yā sochānā

Hint. v. i .--

(khafif mazkür k

To hint at-Ishāre yā kināye se kahnā, kisī bột ki nisbat kuchh zarā sā kah d (Hint, n Ishāra; îmā, kināya, ziki-i-khafif, do ek bāt jo ittilā' yā yād-dihi ke liye kan di jāe [liye kisī shai kā dūsre se l ; kirāye par l , thīke par l, Hira, v. t. 1.--Mu awaze ya badal ke 'iwaz men chaud-ioza isti'mal ke

2.—Thike par r., ujrat par r.; mazdūrī thahrā kar r.

3.--Kısı ko haqqu-s-sa i ke 'iwaz men bure ya na-jaiz kam men lagana ya masi uf k ; rishwat d.

4.-Knäye par d.; thike par d, bhāre par d Usually with out, and often used reflexively.

He has his ed out his house-Usne appa makan kiraye par de-diya - To hire one s self out - In am ya mu'awaze ke badle men kisi lam ka kaina manzūr k Hire, n 1.—Woh mu'āwaza wagana jo kisi shan ke isti'māl-i-'ārizi ke liye diya jae; mazduii, ujiat, knaya, bhara, ajura. [khidmat

2 - Muzd (mazdūrī), milinatāna, haggu-l-khidmat; mu'āwaza i-

3 —Zalīl yā nā jāiz khidmat kā sila; rishwat.

4 — (Law) Kisî qîmat ya mu'awaza-î-mu'aiyan ke 'iwaz men kisi shar ke tasarruf ya kisi shakhs ki khidmat ya inihnat ka mu'ahada. Historian, n Muwairikh, tālikh-nawīs, tawālīkh dān.

Historic.

Historical. } a 1.—Tawātīkhī, jismen wāqi'āt kā bayān ho.

2 — Tawārīkh se muta'allıq, mansüb-ba-tawārīkh [hāsīl bo yā nikle. 3 - Jo tanārīkh men ho, mundarja i tawārīkh, jo tawārīkh se History, n. 1.—Tawarikh yā tārīkh; qaumon yā 111 āsaton ke wāqi at yā hālāt; ma' wujūh aur natāji ke wāgi'at kā musalsal bayan.

2.—Bayān; dastān, wāqi'at yā sawānih kā zabānī bayān; ashyā-imanjūda kā bayān; kaifīyat, kisī shakhe yā shar ke muta'alliq hālāt kā sarāhat yā tafsīl [yā use chhūnā; zor se mārnā yā chhūnā. Hit, v. t. 1.—Mārnā; jis obiz par shest lagā-kar māren uspar pahunchnā

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2.—Thik-thik h ; jaisī zarūrat rā jaisā mauqa' ho waisā hī h., kāmyābī se aujāla k.; mutābaqat r , iāst āna , mār l.; til-ba-hadaf h. Hit, v i 1.—Chhū jānā; lagnā; lag jānā; takkar khā jānā.

Followed by against or an.

2—Kisī shai-i-maqsūd tak pahunchuž yā usko pānā; kisī koshish men litifāqan yā khush qismatī se kāmyāb h.; na chūkuž. [jānā.

To hit on or upon-Ittifaqiya pānā yā milnā; pā-jānā, nasar yā khayāl par Hit, n. 1—Zaib; hakkar; ek shai kā dūsrī shai se lag yā bhir jānā; zarb jo kisī shai par ittifāq yā khush-qismatī se lag jāe; itttifāq; sanjog; amr-i-ittifāqī, koyī achchhī hāt jo ittifāq se ho jāe [se ho-jāe

A lucky hit-Ittifaq : hasana; busn-i-ittifaq; achchhā sanjog, jo khush nasībi

2.—Koyī bar-jasta kalām yā khayāl; aisā kalām jo nihāyat mauzūn yā chaspān ho, kalām yā khayāl jo tīr-ba-hadaf ho

Hither, ad. Idhar; yahāū. 18 jagah [waids the speaker." Webster.

"Used with verbs signifying motion, and implying motion to-Hither and thither—Idhar-udhar; yehan wehan; ja-ba-ja

Hither, a. Bahut nazdīk; bolne wāle (mutakallim) kī taraf. dūr nabīn. -Hitherto, ad. 1.—Is waqt tak; ab tak; hanoz, zamānā-i-bāl (is waqt) ke pable.

2 - Is jagah tak; yahān tak; kisī hadd-i-mu'aiyan tak.

Hoax, n. Dhokhā jo khel ki tāh se diyā jāe; dhokhe yā hadsī kī bāt; dhokhā jismen bad-nīyatī na bo; jhīnsā, jul, buttā [d; buttā d. Hoax, v. t Bhokhā d.; khel yā hadsī ke tarīq par kisī ke chhalnā, dam Hold, v. t. I.—Pakţe rahnā, rakkhe rahnā; giruc yā mikal jāne na d.; roke rahnā, kisī hālat-i-ḥhās men mauqa'-i-mu'aiyan par yā hudūd-i-mu'aiyana ke audar r [chhoṇnā; tark na k.; bachāye rahnā, mahfūz r.

2 — Apnī hifāzat men r ; kisī shai par qubza yā ikhtiyār r ; na

3.—Kısı skaı par qabiz rahua; apne qabze ya taht men r.

4 —Roknā, zabt khwāh qābū men r , chalne yā harakat karne na d : mahdūd k.; muqaiyad k ; qānūn yā nasāih ke rū se pā-band k.

5.—Wund ya kan nawayi ke lihaz se qaim r.; chilaye chalna; panawi k jaise kisi tariq ya bahs ki; saqit na hone d.; bar qarar r.; qaim r. [aujam mansab ke iu se k.

6 —Koyî kam bi-l-ittifaq ya sharik bo-kar k , kisî fi'l ka insiram aur

7.—Kisi chīz kī gunjāushī, kisī chīz ke rakhne kī salāhiyatr.; kisī zarf (bartan) wagara kī is qābil h ki usmen koyī chīz rakkhī jāwe yā samāwe; bahne yā gir jāne na d.

8.—Taslīm k. jaise kisī iāe ko, kisī bāt par khul-ke yā chhipe chhipe sābit qadam rahnā, kisī irāde par istār ke sāth gāim rahnā; qāim rahnā.

[k., apne dil men samajānā, thahrānā; qarār d

9 — Khayāl k, sochnā, samajhnā, tasawwur k.; tajwīz k; shumār To hold a wager—Bīzī lagūnā, dāwā pur rakhnā yā lagūnā, kisī chīz kī hārjīt k.—To hold forth—Zāhir k; pesh k., koyī hāt tajwīz yū qabūl karne ke liye pesh k.—To hold in—Roknā, raht men r., āge barhne na d—To hold off—Fāsile par yā dūr r—To hold on—Qāim r; chalāye chalnā—To hold one's own—Apnī halati-maujūda par qāim r; jagzish na k.; hār na jānā—To hold out—Denā; lene ke liye kahnā; phailānā; āge barhā d.—To hold out hopes or

promises-Ummed d; ummed-war ya mau'ud k.-To hold up-Uthana. ūpar k ; qāim r , sanbbāle rahnā.

old. v z. l.—Sach thaharnā, dhokhā na d, ba-taur wāqi'a vā nafsulamr ke qaim rahna: na-katī gair muta'alliq ya jhūth na thaharna. jāiz h. yā rahnā, imtihān ke ba'd qāim iahnā.

To hold to ue - Sach thaharna; ba taur waqi'a ya nafsu-l-amr ke qaim rahna -To hold good - Jāiz rahnā, nāfiz rahnā, qāim yā mustahkam rahnā; rawā h

[mā-tahtī qabūl (taslīm) k. 2 — Apnī tavīn roknā, bāz ānā.

3. - Haq ya istihqaq hasil k ; kisi shai ke qabze ki nisbat düsre ki To hold for th - Bar-1-'amkahna; mushtahar k , sunana, wa'z k ; i'lan k ; talqin k

To hold in - April tayin zabt men r. (roke rahna) -- To hold off - Dür rahna kanāre rahnā, ta'allug na hone d ; wāsta bachā jānā.—To hold on—Mazbuta se gāim rahnā, gāim rahnā; chalā chalnā — To hold out — Apnī tayin sanbhāle rahnā, rujū' na h , sanbhle rahnā, qāim rahnā; chalnā; tābi' na h.; itā at na qabiti k ; magliib na h — To hold orer - Kisi mansab ya shai-i-maqbuza wagaira par aiyām-i mu'aiyana se zāid tak qāim yā dakhīl rahnā -- To hold of or from - Kısı se haq ya ıstıhqaq lanıl k ; kısı ahai ke qabze ki mıshat kısı kı mā-tahtī taslim k -To hold to or with-Kisī shakhs yā rāc kī taraf ho-janā, k sī shakhs kā yā kisī rās men sharik ho-jānā — To hold together — Shāmil rahnā, judā na h ; milā-julā rahnā, ekatthā rahnā; muttafiq rahnā — To hold up -(1) Sābit qadam rahnā, mustaqil rahnā, shikasta-khātir na h. 100 (2) Mehh kā barsanā band ho-jānā: kā toń rahnā; bal na khānā; na tūtnā mauguf ho jānā, ruk jānā; thahar-jānā

Hold, n. 1.—Pakarnā; paksīne kā tarīg; girift; pakar.

Often used with the verbs take and lay.

2.—Kısı shaı ke lene ya rakhne ka ikhtıyar ya uski bunyad, da'wa 3 - Woh shar jise sahire ke liye pakren; woh shar jise koyi pakre yā jise pakar kar woh sanbhlā rahe.

4 —Qaid-khāna , mahbas ; hawālāt.

5 — Hıfazat ki jagah ; qal'a ; garh yā garhi

Often called a stronghold.

Holder, n 1 —Jo shakhs kisî shat ko pakar qatd rok ya apne qabze men rakkhe uspar bāwar kare 'alā-hāza-l-qıyās. liahe

Kāsht-kār; asāmī; jo shakhs dūsre se zamīn lekar uspar dakhīl

3.—Kisī shai kā mālik yā qābiz.

4.—Woh shat jisse koyî chîz rukî rahe fshat jo kisî ke qabze men rahe.

Holding, n 1 — Haqqiyat, woh arāzi jo ba-tau shikmī ke li jāe; kāsht. 2 — Ikhtiyar, dab, ru'b [rābat ; tewhār ; ta'tīl.

Holiday, n Mihnat se fursat kā din; tafrīh aur khushī kā din, yaumu r-The holidays — Tafrīh yā ķhushī ke mu'aıyan khwāh ma'mŭlī aıyām

Hollow, n. Ģār; garhā ; jauf, kisī shai ke andar jo jagah khālī ho ; gufā ; sürākh; mānd; kisi shai men chauri khuli jagah

Hellow, a. 1.—Pola, polkhā; thos nahīn; mujawwaf, bhitar se khālī, pet kā khāli ; andar se khāli ; bhītar se bharā nahīn ; chhūchbā

2.—Sachchā yā wafā dār nahīn ; jhūthā , dagā bāz, riyā-kār ſbanānā Hollow, v. f. Khod kāt yā kanda karke khālī k ; khālī k.; khokhlā yā polā

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Hollow, ad is tarah pai ki be-qâbû ho-jâe ya taqat wagaira baqi na rahe, bi-l-kul; tamamtar, kuliyatan; be-gair diqqat ke; sahl men.

Chiefly after the verb to beat, and often with all. (Colloquial.)

Holograph, n. Woh nawishta masalan khat dast awez wasiyat-nama ya yad-dasht wagaira jise uske likhne wale ya'ni katib muqir ya musi wagaira ne bi l-kul apne hath se likha ho.

Home, a 1 — Makān yā makān-i-maskūna, rahnekā ghar jāc-t-sukūnat, khāna

2 - Khās apnā mulk vā des; watan; wilāyat. [rahe.

3.—Hamesha rahue li jugah yā woh maqām juhān kopi hamesha At kome—Apse bi makān yā dere par, ghar par.—To be at kome on any sudject—Kisī hāt se hakhūbī wāqri h., kisi amr men māhir h. [desī; wilāyati.

Home, a 1.—Mulk jā watan mansūb; makān se ta'alluq r. w , khāngī; 2.—Sakht, karı, nihāyat daid nāk.

Home, adv 1 - Apue makan ya ghar ko.

Go kone – Apne malan ko jao, ghar jao

2 — Apue mulk des yā watau ko.

Opposed to abroad, or in a foreign country.

3 -- Nazdik-nazdik; sat-kar, thik, bar-jasta; bahut hi,

This consideration comes home to our interest—Ham lugon he naf'-nuqsan par is khayal ya tajwiz ka bahut bi asar pahunchta hai.

Homely, a. 1.—Sāda; hasīn yā khūb-sūrat nahīn.

2—Bhadda, sīdhā-sāda, motā; 'nunda yā nafis nahīn; usī tarah kā jo ghat ke ma'mūlī sarf ke liye bane. [banā huā Home-made, a. Ghat kā banā huā; khāna-sāz; apne mulk yā des kā Home-stezd, n 1.—Makān kī jagah; woh zamīn yā thāta jo makān se mulbiq ho; basgīt. [tagah.

2.—Kısı khandan ke logon kā abtidāyi maskan; asli būd-o bash ki 3.—(Law) Kisi kā makān-i-maskūna aur woh jāedād-i-arāzī jo uske ard gird aur mulhiq ho [jānā; mardum-kushī.

Homicide, n. 1.—Qatl-i-insăn; ek insân kā düsie insân se halāk kiyā 2.—Qātil-i insâu, woh shakhs jo düsre shakhs ko halāk kare.

Homogeneous, α. Ek qısm yā naw' ke; ham-qism; ham-naw'; ham-jins yā yak-jins; jiski taikib ajzā i-ham-qısm se ho; jo ek tarah ke hisson se bana ho.
[lagā ho.

Honest, a. l.—Achchhā; nek, jiski nek-nāmī meń dāg yā dhabbā na A man of honest report—Nek nam shakha; jisko log achchhā kahen

2.—1) ūsron se len den (dād-sītad) men sāf; dhokhe aur fareb se barī, jo hamesha msāf yā mān ke tū se kām kare khwāh kām karne par mān ho; īmān-dār; rāst-bāz; mutadaym, khatā.

Applied to persons

3 — Jismen fareb na ho; fareb-āmez yā farebi nahīn; wājib, jo di-yānat yā rāst-bāzī se kiyā jāe, munsifāna, wājib; sachehā, nek-nīyatīkā. An honest transaction — Aisā mu'āmala piemen fareb na huā ho, jo mu'āmala rāst-bāzī se mun'aqid ho, sachehā mu'āmala.

4.—Sachohā; dil khol ke, sādiq. [-i khātir) kiyā jās An Aonest confession.—Sachchā sgrār; aisā igrār jo dil khol ke (bilā kashīdagi-

5.—Jo kisī nek kām ki taraf rujū' ho; jo wajib usūl par mabnī ho; 10 sachche dil se ho, sachcha, wajib

Honestly, ad. Diyanat-darī se, īman-darī se, sachāyī se, bila-fareb: khontāyi se nahin, tāst-bāzi se; dil khol-kar, sāf dilī se

Honesty, n Diyanat dani; rast bazî; îmandani; kharayî, sidq, sachayî

Honour, n. 1.—Ta'zim , takıim , hurmat; ihtiram, khulus wa 'ubudiyat 2 - Woh shai jiskî 'izzat qadı ya tauqın wajıb tariq par ki jawe.

aisī shai jo bā'is-i-fakhi zīnat yā zebāish ho, shaiāfat, buzurgī, 'izz o wıqaı, ganat, ıast-bazi, dıyanat, paki ya pak-damani; 'ıffat ya 'asmat.

3 — J) kuch wājib sahīh aur munāsib ho uskā barā khayāl. 4 —Rutba, martaba; shān, qadi-o-manzilat, 'izzat o ābrū; nek-

nāmī, nāmūs; nang-o-nāmūs.

5 — Izzat ki nishāni, woh chizen jo kisi ko uski liyāqat ki yādgār kî tarah di jaen , aisî baten jo kisî ki nisbat uskî ta'zim ya tauqîr ki garaz se kahî ya ki jaen ; qadı-o-manzilat kā subūt.

On one's honour – Halafan nahih balkı apne iman ke rü se, apne iman ka wasta dekar, Imānan — To do the honours—'Izzat k , ta'zīm yā tauqīr k — jaise kisī

mihmān kī; husn-i-skhlāq yā tiwāzu' ke sāth pesh ānā

Honour, v. t 1.—'Izzat ta'zīm yā tauqu ke sāth pesh ānā yā baitāw k, adab k , ta'zīm takrīm yā tahrīm k. , parastish k.

2 — Izzat bakhshnā; jalilu l-qadı bananā, mumtaz k.; sar-faiāz k , rutba yā darja baihānā, baland pāya k , mashhūr banānā yā shuhrat d. [ke munqazī hone ke ba'd rupaye chukā d

3 — Sakārnā aur mitī pūjne par iupaye (dām) de-d ; sakār kar mi'ād To honour a bill of exchange-Kisi hundavi ko sakaina aur uski muddat khatm hone (mitī pūjne) par iupaye (dām) de-d

Honourable, a 1.—'Izzat ke laiq, qadr ya iltifat ke qabil; qabil-i-tauqir; mashbür, nāmwar; mu'azzaz; najīb; sāhīb-ī-taugīr; zī-'izzat yā [nāmī kā bahut khayāl yā pās rakkhe. hurmat.

2.—Girāmī manish, baland-hausala, jo diyānat iāst-bīzī yā nek-

3 — Jiskā madār kisī amr-i ma'qūl par ho; jisse kisī amr i-wājib wa munasib ka anjam maqsud ho; zalil nahin; haqir nahin; jo ma'yūb na ho, wājīb; munāsīb; nek, ma qūl.

An honourable motive - Wajh-1-tahrīk-i ma'qūl, achchhī nīyat yā achchhā manslıä.—An honourable proceeding.—Aisi kāi rawāyi jo zalil yā ma'yūb na ho, aisī kār-rawāyī jisse kisī amr i-wājib wa munāsib kā anjām maqsūd ho

4.—'Izzat ke qabıl; wajıbu-t ta'zim, jiski tanqır ya qadr-o-manzılat

5.—Jo 'ızzat ke sāth yā mu'azzaz tarīq par kiyā jāe; jiske sāth aisī ausī bāten kī jāen jo tauqīt jā tazīm par dalālat katen, un bāton samet jinse qadr-o-manzilat sābit ho.

6.—Woh sıfatî kalıma jo kısı mausüf ke mā-qabl izhār-ı-ta'zim ke

līye lāyā jāwe; ek izzat kā tausīfī kalīma

7.—Jo jalilu-l-qadr aur mu'azzaz shakhson ke liye mauzün yā munāsib ho; jo kisi shakhs kī qadr-o-manzilat qāim iakhne ke liye uske hasb-i-hāl ho; ma'qul, khatī.

An honouruble salary — Assa ugushabara jo yabında ke rutbe aur 'izzat ke lihaz se (yā uske qāim rakhne ke bye) munāmb ho, mushāhara-i-ma'qūl yā khatīr

Honourably, ad 'Izzat ke sāth; tauqīr ke sāth; 'ālī-himmatī se; faiyāzī se, khush-nīyatī se, nek-nāmī se, bad-nāmī ke sāth nahīn.

Honorary, α. 1.— Izzat-bakhsh yā jisse sirf 'izzat-bakhshi maqsūd ho.

An honorary degree — Aisī darja jisse koyī sirf ba taur 'izzat-bakhshi ke mam-

tāz kiyā jāe yā jo kisi shakhs ko sirf uskī 'izzat ke hye diyā jāe

2.—Jise koyī khitāb yā mansab bilā anjām-i-kār khwāh be-gair muāwaze ke hāsil ho, kisī khitāb yā 'ubde kā be-gaii kām kiye yā aji pāye i

An honorary magistrate—Ara in distret (hakim i facilitat) jise apne 'uhde ke 'iwaz men mushahara wagama na mile—An honorary member of a society—Kisi palse ka maa sharik ya ruku jo us palse ke muta'alhu noyi kam na karta ho

Hook, n. Kāntā; kantīyā; qulāba, ānkiā, hansuā; huk.

Py kook or by crook-Kisi na kisi tarah. terhe ya sidhe, jis tariq par ho --Off the hooks-Pareshan, barham ya darham-barham.

Hook, v t. 1.—Kānte se pakarnā yā atkānā; kānte se pakar ke khamchnā.
2.—Hīle se lenā yā bāsil k.; phande men phansānā.

To hook on-Kānta lagānā; kānte se atkānā yā phansīnā

Hope, n. 1.—Ummed; tawaqqu'; rijā; chashm yā chashm-dāsht; taraqqub, āsrā ās yā āsā; bhalosā; kisi bhalāyi ki khwāhish aur uske pāne yā mumkinu l-husul hone ki tawaqqu'yā uskā tayaqqun; kisi qābil-i-pasand (maigūb) shai ki ummed.

2 —Ummed dene wāli shai; woh bāt jiskī nishat kuchh ummed ho; woh shakhs yā woh shai jisse kisi bhalāy i kī ummed ho; ummed-gāh, honhāi shakhs yā bāt [mutaraqqaba.

3.—Woh bāt jiskī ummed ki jāwe; shai-i-māmūl yā maijū; amr-i-

Hope, v. s. Ummed r. yā k , tawaqqu' r.; ummedwār yā mutawaqqu' h ; ās r , kısī par bharosā k. yā ı ; kısī se bhalāyi ki mazbūt ummed r.; kısī ko apnā ummed-gāh banānā.

Hopeful, a 1.—Aisī sīfaten r w juise ummed paidā ho; jismen bhalāyī

yā kāmyābī kī ummed pāvī jāwe; honhār

2 — Ümmed yā khwābish r. w.; mutawaqqu', mutamannī; mutarajjī; ummed-wār. [med na r w.; māyūs; mrās.

Hopeless, a. 1.—Be-ummed yā nā ummed, jis bāt ko jī chāhe uskī um-2.—Jismen ummed kī gunjāish na pāyī jāe, jismen bhalāyī kī tawaqqu' na ho, jismen koyī aisī bāt na pāyī jāe jo tabī at ko margūb ho, radī—jaise hālat.

Horoscope, n. Zāicha, janm-patr yā jaum-kundalī.

Horrible, a. Jisse khauf paidā ho; baulnāk; bhayānak; daiāwnā; muhīb, wahshat-nāk, mutawahhish; karih.

Horrid, a Jisse khauf aur karāhiyat paidā ho; khaufnāk, dahshat-angez; wahshat nāk; nihāyat maki ūh nā guwār yā nā-pasandida

Horror, n 1 —Larza kapkapi yā tharrāhāṭ jo bukhār āne ke pable jāre kī tap meň ma'lūm hotī hai.

2—Khauf aur karāhiyat; dahshat aur nafrat kī wajh se badan kā kanp yā tharrā uṭhnā; woh khāyal jo dil men kisī aisī shai se paidā ho jo khauf-nāk aur makrūh ho.

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3—Jisse khauf aur karāhiyat paidā ho; tārīkī, sannāṭā, wahshat-

nāk khayālāt, aisī kaifīyat jisse dil ko ranj pahunche Hospitable, a. 1 — Mihmān-nawāz, jo ajnab shakhson ko mihrbānāna aur bilā-ajr iakkhe aur khilāye-pilāye, jo ajnab shakhson aur mihmānon ke sāth mihrbānī aur shafaqat se pesh āye; jiskī tabi'at mihmān-nawāzī par māil ho, mihmāndār yā mihmān-parwar; garībnawāz, musāfii-nawāz

2.—Jisse gairon kī nisbat faiyāzī zāhir ho yā izhār-i sakhāwat ho; jo bāt mihmān-nawāzī ke khayāl se kī-jāe, jiskā madār mihmān-par warī par ho [dārī se.

Hospitably, ad Mihmān-nawāzī se; mihmān parwarī se; barī khātir-Hospital, n Shifā-khāna; dāin-hahifā; bīmār yā tīmār-khāna, woh makān ('ām isse ki 'ām ho yā khās) jahān marīz 'ilāj ke liye bataur khairāt ke rakkhe jāen yā unse unke mu'ālaja wagana kā sarf liyā jāe.

Hospitality,n. Mihmān-nawāzī ; mihmān parwaiī ; musāfir-nawāzī ; mihmān dārī ; mihmānī. [aur khilāye-pilāye, sāhib-i khāna.

Host, n Mezbān; mihmān-dār; jo shakhs dūsre ko apne ghar rakkhe

Host, n 1 — Lashkar, fan, dal.

2.—Kisī qiem kā barā shumār yā barī jamā'at; amboh, bhīr; hujūm. Hostage, n Woh shakhs jo kisī dushman (ganīm) ko kisī 'ahd o-paimān kī shaiāit kī ta'mīl ke liye ba-taur kafālat ke hawāla kar diyā jāe aur ba'd īfā-i-mu'āhada chhor diyā jāe, yargamāl.

Hostile, a. Dushman ke muta'allıq; ganīm ke liye makhsûs yā mauzūn, jisse dushmanî khusümat yā bad-khwāhī zīhir ho, jisse mukhālafat aur mazarrat ki khwāhish kā izhār ho, jo dushman ke qabze men ho, mukhālifāna, mutazād, nā muwāfiq

Hostility, n 1 — Dushwani; khusumat; 'adawat; mukhalafat; lag, bair. 2.—Us shakhs kā fi'l jo khul-kar dushmani rakkhe, fi'l-i-mukhalif-

āna; larāyī, hamla, charhāyī.

In the latter sense, especially in the plural [tattā

Hot,a.1.—Garm; jismen mahsūs hone ke qābil garmī ho, thandhā nahīn, 2—Mahrūru-l-mizāj; maglūbu-l-gaiz, jisko jald ranjīda yā khafā kar saken, tund-mizāj, tez-mizāj [musta'id, chust-o-chālāk

3.—Sakht, shadīd yā shiddat kā; bahut zor o shor se; sar-garm, A hot engagement—Sakht larāyī; aisī laiāyī jo zor-o shor yā shiddat se ho A hot puisuit, or a person hot in a pursuit—Woh pichhā yā ta'āqub jo sar-garmī yā musta'idī se kiyā jāe yā woh shakhs jo sar-garmī yā chusti se ta'āqub kare

€.—Karuā ; tez, talķh.

Hot as mustard or pepper-Räyl ya mirch ki tarah karua tez ya talkh

Hotly, c. Garmā-garmī se, zor se; shiddat se, sargarmī ke sāth, nihāyat yā bahut hī, sakht.

Henr, n. 1.—Din kā chaubīswān hissa; sāth minit; ghanta.

2—Din kā woh hissa jo kiel gharī wagaira men ghante minit wagaira ke zarī'e se ma'lūm ho, din kā koyi khās hissa.

What is the hour !-Kai baje, waqt kya hai ?

^{3.—}Kayī waqt-ı-mu'aıyan, waqt ya mauqa', koyi khas waqt.

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The hour of death—Maut kā waqt, maut kī gharī—Good hour—Jald, barwaqt khwāh achchhe waqt se—You have arrived at a good hour—Tum jald āye, tum bar-waqt yā achchhe waqt pahunche—To keep good hours—Waqt-imunāsib par (waqt se) ghar ā-jānā, der tak ya'nī sone ke ma'mūli waqt ke ba'd bāhar ua rahnā

Hourly, a Jo har gharī he yā kijā jāe; jo sā'at-ba-sā'at he, mutawātir; bāihā yā haidam hone wālā [beshtar; baiābar; har-dam.

Hourly, ad. Har sa'at, har gharī, gharī gharī, gnante ghante; aksar; House, n. 1.—Woh 'mārat jo kisī qism ke jāndār ke rahne yā hifazat ke liye maqsūd ho, 'ala-l-khusūs woh makān yā 'imāi at jo insān ke būd-o-bāsh ke liye ho; makān yā makān i-maskūna, ghar; havelī; bakhiī, khāna; bait. [dārī yā 'iyāl-dāi.

2 — Umürāt-1-khāna-dārī, ta'alluqīt-1-khāna-dārī; girhastī; khāna-To keep house— Khāna-dārī k , guhastī chalānā — To heep a good house— Umū-

rāt-i-khāna-dātī ko kāmyāhī ke sāth anjām d; khusūsan mihmānen kī ta wāzu'-takrīm khūb k ya'nī unko achehhī tarah khalāuā-pilānā; khāne-pine kā dhang yā intizām achehhā r

3 - Woh log jo ek makān men ekatthā rahen; gharānā; khāndān

4.—Nasl; khāndāu, jo log ek hī mūris se paidā hon; āl; aulād; khusūsan ek barā yā sharīf gharāuā, ek mashhūr khāndān.

5—Kısı badshahat ke ek tabqe ke log jo parliment ya jalsa-i-wazı'ın-ı-qawanın men jam' hon; woh log jo ba harsıyat-i-wazı'an-ı-qa-wanın muttafiq bon

6.—Kothī, saudāgarī yā tijārat kā kārkhāna; mahājanī kothī.

House of God-Khāna-ı-Khudā, girjā mandır yā masjid.—Religious house-Khānqāh; dair; manth

House, v t 1 — Garmī-sardī yā khushki-tarī se bachānā; mahfūz r.; sāye yā ār men rakh ke bachānā;; hifāzat se r.; panāh d

To house wood or cattle - Lakri yā maweshī ko sāye men rakh kar mahfūz r. ya'nī garmi sardī wagaira se bachānā

2. —Qabr men rakh-ke chhipā d. ; gār-top d.

House-breaker, n. Jo shakhs chou wagaira ki niyat se roz i-raushan men makan ko tor ya phor kan usmen ghus jae; naqb-zan; sendh marne ya lagane w.

House-breaking, n Chorī wagaira kī nīyat se roz-î-raushan men kisī makān ko tor yā phor kar usmen ghus jānā, naqb-zanī, sendh

māmā lagānā tornā yā phornā.

If the crime is committed at night, it is called burglary

Household, n 1.—Ķhāudān; kunba, larke-bāle; bāl-bachche; gharānā; parīwār, jo log ek-hi makān men iahen aur ek gharāne ke hon; woh log jo ek khāndān ke hon, qabāil; kutumb

2.—Ghar kā band-o bast; khāna-dāni; girhasti.

House-hold, a. Ghar aur khāndān se muta'allıq; ghar ke muta'allıq yā khāngī, khāna-dārī kā, khāna-mansūb; larke-bālon kā; bāl-bachchon kā, girhastī kā

Household furniture—Khāna-dārī ke asbāb yā sāz-c sāmān, asāsu l-bait.— Household affairs—Umūrāt-i khāngī yā khāna-dārī, girhastī kā kān-dhām. House-keeping, n. Ķhāna-dārī; girhastī; ta'alluqāt-i-khāngī kī fikr, umūrāt-i khāngī kā rhtīmām yā band-o-bast.

Housewarming, n. Woh khānā-khīlānā yā khusbī wagaira jo naye makān

men jā-kar rahne ke waqt kī-jāe

Hover, v i 1 — Hawā men pharpharāte yā urte phitnā; kisī jagah yā chīz ke ūpai hi ūpai urā k; menirānā yā mendlānā, hawā men idharudhar ūpai hī ūpar phirā k.

2 — Idhar-udhar phuā k ; kisi jagah ke ird-gird yā qarīb dhamkī

kî tāh se yā mgiānī ke hye khwāh yūnhi phirā k , menrrāyā k.

How, ad. 1 — Kis tarah yā kis tarah par; kis sabīl yā tadbīr se, kyūnkar. 2.—Kis darje yā had tak, kis-qadar, kis andāz se, pamāish

māp yā wazn men kitnā, kntnā. [kāhe ko; kis wāste 3—Kyūn, kis sabab wajh yā bāi's se, sabab batlāo; kāhe yā

4 -Kıs hālat men, kyūnkaı, kis tarah.

However, ad. 1 — Kaisāhī; kitnāhī, kittahī yā kittāhī.

2 — Ba-har-hāl, ba har-taqdīr; ba-har-sūrat; ba-daija-i-aqall. 3 — Bā-in hama, ispar bhī; tispai bhī, taubhī, tāham, lekin; inagar.

Hub, n ---

Up to the hub-Kinchar men dhanse huye pahiye ki tarah uljhaw ya mushkil men para hua; bahut hi; nihayat hi, dübtü-utrata; be-tarah mubtala phansa hua ya giriftar—He is in debt up to the hub—Wih nihayat hi maqriiz hai, woh be-tarah (nihayat ya bahut hi) qarz men mubtala hai.

Huddle, v t. Bhīr k; hujūm k.; ghus-paith ek hī men mil jul jānā; paresnānī yā khauf wagana kī wajh se bāham be-imtiyāzī se mil jānā, pareshān ho-kai ekatthā ho jānā yā jald jald chalvā. [be-parwāyī se k Huddle, v t 1.—'Ujlat be-ihtiyātī aur gaflat ke sāth k.; jald jald aur

2—Jald jald aur be-tartībī se pahm l—jasse kapre; 'ujlat yā be-ihtiyātī se chhipā l., 'ujlat aur pareshānī ke sāth k ; khalt-malt yā makhlūt kar-d, bilā-lihāz i-silsila khwāh tartīb ekatthā kai-d.

Usually with a following preposition or adverb; as, on, up, together Huddle, n. Bhīr, hujūm, bahut se log yā chīzen jo bāham makhlūt hon (milejule ekaṭthe hoń); abtarī, darhamī-barhamī; gol-māl; intishār

Hue and cry, n (Law) Shor-o-gul hānk-pukār yā chillāhat ke sāth (ya'nī dharo pakro kahte huye) kisī mujum kā ta'āqub yā pīchhā; dār-o-gīr, gul-gapārā, guhār.

Hue, n. Rang.

Huge,a. Bahut barā; 'azīm; 'azīmu-sh shān; qawī-haikal; wasī'; qad-o qā-mat lambāyī-chaurāyī darāzī aur darje ke i'tībār se bahut barā, kalān

Human, α Insān yā banī-ādam se muta'allıq; jismen insān kī sifaten hon; nasl-i-msānī se ta'alluq r. w.; msānī; basharī; insān (ādmī) kā.
Humans, α Insān sī tabī'at i. w , naimī hamdardī aur dūsron ke sāth mihibānī se maslūk hone kī khwāhish r. w.; musībat-zadon yā lā-

chāroù ki taklif iaf karne ki khwāhish r. w.; misroāt-zadon ya iachāroù ki taklif iaf karne ki khwāhish r. w.; mihrbān, khair-andesh; karīm; rahīm; sāhib-i murawwat; insān. [rahm-dilī se; dardmandī se. Humanely, ad. Insāniyat ke sāth, mihrbānī muhabbat yā rahm ke sāth;

Humanity, n. 1.—Insānīyat yā ādmīyat; woh khās qism kī tabī'at jusse insān dūsre makhlūq se pakehānā jātā han.

2.—Banī ādam yā jms-1-ādam; kul msān.

3 — Mihrbāni; khair-khwāhī yā nek-andeshī; jo log taklīf men hon. unke raf'ı-taklıf aur jumla makhlüq bi nisbat narmdıli ke sath bartāw kī khwāhish, dard.

Human-kind, n. Banī-ādam ; ādam-zād ; pins-1-ādam , ādmī ; msān.

Humanly, ad. Jaisā insin kaite hain; ba-tarz-i-insān, logoń ki rāe yā 'ılm ke mutabıq. [nīchā, 'ālī-shāu nahīn, zalīl.

Humble, α. 1.— Unchā yā baland nahīń, past; fauqu-l-bharak nahīń;

2.-Fino-tan, jo apui tayîn haqîn samjhe; jo kisi bat ka da'wa apnī nisbat na kare, magiūr yā mutakabbii nahīn, miskīn, 'ājiz, munkasiı; khāk-sāī.

Hamble, v t. Past k., ghatānā, tor d, 'ājuz k; maglūb k., nīchā kai d, zalīl banā d.; tāq it āzādī yā 'm ūj ko kam kar-d., nādim k ; munkasir banā d.; ghamand tor d , gurūr ḍhā d., tapī'at men mkisārī paidā k.; 'ārz aur mutī' banā d yā filotanī se, niyāz-mandana.

Humbly, ad 'Ajızî ke sath, 'ıjz se, ınkısaıı ke sath, khak-sarı se, garıbı Humbug, n 1.—Latăifu-l-hijal (achobbe achobbe hilon) ke zaii'e se dhokhā; dhokhā dekar gumrāh kaine ke liye jo bāt nikālī jāe; chhal,

buttā, jul, dhokhe bāzī

2 — Dhokhe-bāz; jo shakhs dhokhā de; chhalī; makkār

Humbug, v. t. Dhokhā d.; fareb d , jul d.; buttā d ; makr k (Colloquial) Humid, n Gîlā; odā, tar, nam, martūb, jismen isqadar rutūbat ho ki mahsüs ho sake, kisiqadar nam, jismen päni kā laus ho.

Humidity, n Narmī; tarī, rutūbat, ısqadar narmī jo dekhne yā chhūne se ma'ium ho; odapan; gilapan. [zalīl k, dil tor d.

Humiliate, v t. Apnī yā dūsron kī nazron men haqīt k.; past k., 'ājiz k., Humiliation, n 1.—Gurui-shikani; pasti, khiffat, mchāyi; hethi.

2 — 'Ājizī; 'ijz; inkisātī; itā'at; firotanī.

Humility, n 'Apzī, firo tanī; gurūr aur shokhi kā na r.; gurbat; miskīnī; apnī līvāgat wagaira kā khayāl kam r.; tawāzu'; nags aur gunāh kī wajh se apnī tayīn nā-laig samajhnā.

Humour, n 1 .- Namī, taii, rutūbat.

2.—Uıl kī kaıfiyat 'ām ısse kı dawāmī ho yā 'ārizī, mizāj, man kā pher; mauj; lahar; tarang; khayalat jo badia karen.

3 —Zarāfat; khush-tab'ī

4.—Zūd-ranjī, tunuk-mizājī; bad-mizājī; chirchirāhat

Humour, v. t. 1.—Kisî ki khwahish pürî kar-ke use khush k.; jo kuchh koyî chāhe wahî kar-ke use ıāzī r.; khītır k., dıl-dīri k., nāz-bardārī k; istarah hai bat ka k. ki zaiūiat wag ma bakhūbī iaf ho jāe

2.—Madad d, kısı bāt ki qaid na lagā kar balkı taraqqı men gahgāh madad dekar i'ānat k.; rı'āyat yā bīmār dārī ke zarī'e se chalāye

chaluā; dil joyî k.

Humorous, a 1.—Mutalawwin, khayāl-paiast, iah rah kar badalne-wālā;

be-savāt, jisko qiyām yā istiqlāl na bo; tarangī, man-maujī

2.—Zarīf; zarāfat se bharā huā, thathol, khush-tab', hansor; jo hansī paidā kare, jismen khel kī bāten hon, khelārī.

Hunger, n. 1.-Bhūkh, gursanagī; jū', ishtihā; gizā kī talab yā khwā-2.—Kısı bāt ki barı ragbat yakhwahısh, kısı shaı ka kamal ıshtıyaq.

Hungry, a. 1.—Bhūkbā; gursana; barī ishtihā r. w.

- 2.—Kamāl shauq r w , barī tamaunā r w. pāyī jāe
- 3 —Bhūkh se dublā yā tahlīl; jisse bhūkh kī 'alāmat yā barī ragbat 4.—Zar-khez nahîn ; jismen paidāwār kī quwwat na ho, ūsar ; banjar
- Hunt, v t ! -Kısı ko talası k ya uske pichhe jana masalan sınkar ya nuhshi janwaron ke; pakarne ya halak karne ki garaz se pichha k , khel ja warzish ke liye shikari kutton ko le kar pichha k

2. Kısı chiz ko milmat se talash k.; pichha k.; pichhe pichhe jana

Often followed by out, up, or after.

3 —Hankā d , khadernā; piebhā katuā aur khader-kar nikāl d.

With down, from, away, and the like.

Hunt, v. i 1 — Shikar ke pichhe jana, shikar ki pairawi men ya tafrihan khwāh dūsre mag ad se bāhar mkal jānā

2 — Khūb pīchhā karke dhūndhnā, talāsh yā justjū k.

With for.

Hurl, v. s Is tarah pheňknā ki hawā men chakkar khātā yā bhanbhanā tā jāe, zor se phenknā; bare sadme se chalānā

Hurry, v. t 1.-Jaldi karnā, jald jald karānā, tahrīk karke 'ujlat karānā, auz tez chalānā yā jald jald kām karānā; utāwiī machānā.

2.—Chabiā d; muntashir kar-d., harbarā d; harbarī men dal d;

uthal-pathal machā d.

To hurry away - Lekar jhatpat chal d

chalna

Hurry, v i Jaldī se chalnā yā kām k., tez yā khūb qadam barbāye Hnrry, n Haiakat yā anjām-i-kār men 'ujlat; chalne yā kām karne men utāwlī (jeld-bāzi), jaldī, shītābī; ghabrāhat; hajbarī, khalbalī; pare [chot pahunchīnā ki usse dard pardā ho shānī; dhūm-dhām

Hurt, v. t. 1.—Kısı ko jismanı taklıf pahunchana; is tarah par zaklım ya 2.—Kısī shai kī waq'at khūbsūrtī khushī yā sād-mandī men nuqsān pahunchana, zarar pahunchana; nuqsan pahunchana; sadma pahun [men khala] dilnā

3.-Kısı ka dıl dukhana, ranjıda k.; azar d; kisi ki zatı tanqır Hurt, n 1.—Zakhm yā chot wagara; woh jismānī sadma jisse taklīf ho.

2 — Zarar, nugsān; khisāra; ziyān.

Hurtful, a. Nuqsan-rasanī ya zawal pahunchane par mail; muzir; zararıasan; jisse nuqsan ya barbadî ho.

Hurtless, a Be-zarar; jisse kuchh nuqsan na pahunche; be-gazand, jisko kuchh sadma āseb yā mazarrat na pahunche.

Husband, n 1 - Shauhar; khasam, khāwind, zauj; katkhudā, ādmī,

The correlative of unfe Jo dür-andeshi aur kıfayat-shi'ari se ihtimam-o-msuam kare;

k fāyatī; kifāyat shi'ār; juz-ras.

Husband, v. t 1 — Kıfayat se chalana, bacha bacha ke kharch k.; kam men lagānā yā lānā, aisī tarah kām men lānā ki barā hī asar paidā ho; jugat yā dhang chalānā.

2.-Jotna-bona, khetī k., kāshtkātī k.

Husbandman, n. Kāshtkār; kisān; mazāri'; khetī k. w , khetihar.

Husbandry, a 1.—Umūrāt-khāngī kī khabar-gīrī; khāna dārī men kližyat-sbi'ārī ; ihtimām , juz-rasī.

2 — Kishtkāri, zirā'at; kisān kā kām dhām yā kār-o-bār; khetā.

Iush, a Sākit, chup, khāmosh, chupkā

Hush, v. t 1.—Chup k , sākit k ; khāmosh k.; shor band kar d ; sukūt men kar d [dūr k.

2 — Dhīmā kar-d,; thandhā kar-d; firo k; sākin kar-d; miţānā yā To hvsh up a matter — Kisi bāt ko dabā d, kisī bāt ko ubharne khulue yā zāhir hone na d (use chhipī yā poshīda r; uskī misbat kuchh na bolnā yā kahnā).

Hush, int. Khāmosh; chup raho, chup, na bolo; gul na karo, shor na machāo.

Hush-money, n. Woh rishwat jo sukūt-warzi ki garaz se dī-jāe, woh rupaye jo is garaz se diye jāen ki fulān wāqi'a kī nishat mukhbiri na ki jāe yā uskā inkishāf na hone pāye; chupkarāyī.

Hypocrisy, n Makkārī; jhūthī sūrat banānā; apnī aslī ķhāsīyat yā nīyat ko chhipā d, jhūthmūth nek yā dīndār ban-jānā; dīn-dāri kā iddi'ā-i-

ko ennipa d , jininmuin nek ya dindar ban-jana; din-dar danog; farebi surat; do-rangi; do-ruyi, jinuth bahana.

Hypocrite, n Makkār; riyā-kār, 'aiyār, jhūthî sūrat banāne w.; dhokhā dene yā kisī ko apnā mihrbān-i-hāl kaine ke liye zāhir men achchhī sūrat banā l. w, gandum numā i-jau-farosh; nekī yā dindārī kā jhūth da'wā k w, munāfiq, murāyī.

Hypocritic, (a Hila-saz; makkār, munāfiq, jhūthī aur farebī sūrat Hypocritical, ikhtiyār k w., iddi'ā-i mazhab k. w., apnī aslī khās-sīyat yā nīyat chhipāne w., jo makkālī kī wijh se ho yā jisse makkālī zāhir ho [yī se; sidq dilī se nabīn

Hypocritically, ad Makkārī se; riyākārī se; kapat se, jhūth, jhuthā-Hypothecate, v t (Law) Kisī jāedād par dain (qarze) kā bār qāim k. par uskā qabza murtahin ko na d yā intiqāl-i-haq jānib-i-murtahin na k, kisī jāedād ko makfūl k. par uspar dakhl na d., dishtban-

dhak k ya disht-bandhak rihn r ; bandhak k., ar men r

Hypothecation, n (Law) Ribu-i disht-bandhak, nibu i-mahz ya'nī aisā ribu jismen murtahin ko shai i-marhūna kā qabza na diyā jāe; woh haq jo kisī dām ko uske madyūn kī jāedād men hāsil ho aur jiske zarī'e se woh jāedād i-marhūna ko nīlām karā ke uske zar-i saman se apnā qaiz chukā le, istigrāq; kafālat, nibu i bi-l- kafālat.

Hypothecator, n. (Law) Jo shakhs apnī jāedād adā-i-dain ke liye makfūl

kare, disht-bandhak k w.

Hypothesis, n Qıyas, khayal; tasawwur; woh bat ya usul jo is garaz se tasawwur ya farz kar lıya jae kı amr-i mutanazia'-fih ke subut ke liye usse natija nıkala jae; aisi bat jo sabıt na ho lekin dalil ke liye man li-jawe

Hypothetic, a Qıyası; qiyas par mabnı, mashrut ya shartı, jo Hypothetical, dalıl karne aur natija nıkalne kı garaz se bıla subut

mān liyā gayā ho. Kypothetically, ad. Bataur qiyās ke; farzī tarīq par; shartīya

Ĭ.

IBIDEM, ad. [Lat. abbreviated ibid] Usi jagah; wahin. Ice, n. 1.—Bari; yakh.

jamäyen.

A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH

2.—Bālāyī yā dūdh jise mīthā aur khushbū-dīr banākar barf men

To break the see-Kisi bat ki koshish shuru'k; ibtidayi qabahaton ya dushwariyon ko raf' k , rāh kholnā, besmillāh k

Ice, v t 1 — Barf se chhipā d; yakh kar d.

2.—Thandhā k — jaise baif se, jamā d. Idea, n 1.—Kisī shai kī sūiat shabih yā taswīi jo dil par ban jāe; jo kuchh zihn yā fahm (samajh) men ā-jāe [kiyā jāe; nāda; manshā.

2.-Khayal; tasawwur, dhyan; woh shall haqiqi jiska tasawwur Aqīda; masala, rāe, bāt jo kahī jāe

Ideal, a. 1 - Zihnī, 'aqlī, dimāgī; jo khayāl men rahe.

2 —Hukmī; faizī

-Mahz khayālī, wahmī, jo mahz tasawwur meń rahe.

IDEM, [Lat] Wal-ī jaisā ūpai mozkūi huā; waliī; aizan. Identical, a Wal-ī, mukhtalif nal-īn; ek hī; dūsrā nal-īn, yaksān; ham qālib; ham-shakl, ek sā [wahī shakbs hai jo kal 'adālat men hāzir thā

He is the identical person who appeared before the court yesterday-Woh Identification, n Kisī shai kī mutābagat sābit k.; kisī shai kī nisbat

yah sābit k. ki yah wahī hai; shinākht.

Identify, v t, i - Kisi shai ki wahdat sabit k ; kisi shai ki nisbat yah thahiana ki yah wahi hai, yah sabit k. ki fulan shai wahi hai jiska bayān da'wā yā izhār kiyā gayā hai; shinākht k.; pabchānuā.

To adentify stolen goods-Chori kā māl pahchānnā ya'ni use dekh kar yah sābit k kı yah wahi mil haı je cherî gayā thā

2-Ek kar denā, aisī tarah se milānā shāmil yā makhlūt k ki ek hojāe, ek hī yā yak-sān samajhnā, har tarah par ek (wāhid yā vak-sān) khayāl k.

Identify, v v. Ek taiah kā (yak-sān vā wāhid) hojānā; naf nugsān manshā kām tāsīr wagaira men ek ho-jānā; ek ho-jānā, bāham mu khālif na h

Identity, n Kısı sha: ki wahdat; wahi h; düsra ya mukhtalıf na h; kısı sharka uske muta'allıq bayan ızhar ya da'we ke mutabıq tlık tlik h

To prove the identity of a person or of stolen goods-Kisi shakhs ya malimas ūga kī nisbat yah sābit k ki yah wahi shakhs yā chorī kā māl hai jiskā zikr huā hai.

ID EST, [Lat. abbreviated i. e.] Ya'ni.

Idiom, n. 1 — Muhāwara; istilāh, woh 'ibārat jo kisī zabān men rawāj ke iū se qaim hogayi ho aur usko sarfi-o-nahwi ma'ni se kuchh ta'alluq na ho Sakhun

2 — Žabān kā dhang (uskī tarāsh-kharāsh); khās tarz 1-kalām yā Idiomatic, { a Kisī zabān ke liye makhsūs, kisī zabān ke khās tarz-Idiomatical. i i-kalām ke muta'allıq, bā muhāwara; muhāware kā;

ıstilābī, majāzī Idiot. n. Padaishi be-wuquf; janam ka murakh; padaishi khabt,

mukhabbat-i-fitrī, dīwāna-i-mādar-zīd; sāda-lauh. Idle, a 1.—Be-kār, jo kisi kām kā na ho; jisse koyī kām nikal na sake; be sud; jisse koyî naf' ya natîja hasil na ho, la-basil; be huda; be-ma'nî. 2.—Jo kām men na lāyā jāe; be-kār; khāiī; jiskā isti'māl-i

munāsib na kiyā jāwe. [be-kar; kuchh karta nahīn, sust

3.—Jo kām men masrūf na ho; jo kār-o-bār men mashgul na ho,

4.—Jo ārām aur chain kā 'ādī ho; mihnat yā kām kā dushmau; kām-chor, ārām-talab; āskatī; sust, kābil

Idle, v t Susti men khonā, zāi'a k , rāegān k., kāhilī men kāṭnā, 'abas yā behūda tarīq par sarf k ; ganwānā.

◆ Often followed by away

To idle away time - Waqt ko sustī men khonā kātnā yā ganwānā.

Idleness, n Be-kārī, be-shaglī, kuchh na karnā; kisī mihuat men masrūf na rahuā; kisī mashgale men lage na rahnā; sust pare rahnā; sustī, hāth par hāth rakkhe bathe rahnā.

Idler, n Jo kuchh na kare; jo apuā waqt be kārī men ganwāye, jiskī augāt be shaglī men zāra ho, sust yā kāhilu-l-wujūd shakhs.

Idiy, ad Be-shagli men, be-kārī men, sustī men; be-wuqūfāna; wāhi-yāt, behūda tarīq par, be parwāyī yā 'adam-tawajjubī se, 'abas; be-sūd; be-tāsīr; nā-haq

If, con; 1.—Dar-hāle ki; jis hālat men ki; agar yah bāt farz taslīm yā tasawwur kar lī jāwe ki; agar yah mān len ki, bi-l-farz yā ba-farz is amr ke ki, ba-shaite ki

2 — Yā nahīn; ki nahīn.

I doubt if he will succeed - Mujhe chubha hai ki woh kām yāb hogā yā nahīn Ignīte, v t. Āg lagā d ; sulgānā, dadhkānā, garmi se suikh kar d.

Ignite, v 2. Jalne lagua, sulagua, garmi se lal hojana

Ignoble, a 1 — Zulil paidāish yā khāndān kā, i azīl, sharīf nahīn; kamīna; nāmī-girāmī nahīn, kam-asl.

2 — Mu'azzaz baland yā faiyīz nahīn, zalīl, past—jaise khayālāt yā fi'l. Ignominious, a. 1 — Ruswā; zalīt; kamīna, buzdil. [jisse badnāmī ho.

2 — Jismen barî ruswâyî ya sharmindagî ho; ma'yub, badnamî ka;

3 —Ruswāyī ke qābil, qābil-i-tahqīi; nafrat ke lāiq

Ignominy, 2. Ruswāyī; 'awām men be-ābrūyī; nadāmat; 'illat, badnāmī fazihat, ruswāyī jo badnīyatī yā bad-chalnī ke ittihām kī wajh se ho. [mūrakh-pan

Ignorance, n Lā-'ilmi, na-jānnā; 'adam-wāqifīyat: jahālat, jihl, Ignorant, α Lā-'ilm, nā-wāqif, be-khabar, jāhil, niparh; tira-dil; mū-rakh, nā dān, nā-kh wānda; be-sīkhā-parhā, kor-bātin.

Ignore, v t. 1.—(Law) Jhūth yā be asl samajh kar nā manzūr k Webster

"Said of a bill rejected by a grand jury for want of evidence 2—Kisi shai par lihāz karne se inkār k., khayāl yā iltifāt na karnā; kisi shai kī taraf se ānkhen baudkar lenā; taslīm na karnā, jānbūjh kar aur bilā wajh 'adam-tawajjuhī k. [nā-rawā

III, a. 1.—Bad; kharāb, zabūn, achchbā nabīn; burā; qabīh; be-jā;
His ways are ill—Uske tarīq bad hain, uske dhang bute hain.

2.—Jisse badī yā musībat paidā ho; nahs yā manhūs; bad, nā mubātāk; nā-muwātīq. [ill end —Burā anjām

An ill star or plinet - Nahs sitāra yā saiyāra; burā nachhattar yā grah - An

3.—Bad, kharāb; chirchirā, zūd-rang, tunuk

Generally with nature, temper, and the like
4.—Mariz; mubtalā-i-maraz, 'alīl; bīmār; achehhā nahīn; nā-sāz;
māndā, kasal-maud.

He is ill of a fever-Woh bukhar men mubials has (use tap ati has) -The man is all - Woh shakhs 'alil (bīmār yā māndā) hai

5.-Marīzī, achehhī nahīn

An ill state of health - Halat-1- marizi (bimāri).

6.—Qi'ide ya munasabat ke khilaf, gair-sahih; gair-fasih; napasandīda, karīh; burā; bad.

7.—Achchhā nahīn; mashkūk; mushtabah. [ma'lûm detā bai

This affair bears an ill look or aspect—Yah mu'āmala mashkūk yā mushtaban Ill, n. 1 — Aısī bāt jisse dil ko ranj pahunche yā khushī zāil ho-jāe kuwah na-kami ho; kisi qısm ki burayi, musibat, taklif, bimari dukh, daid, pîrā.

2 -Badī, burāyī, 'aib; kharābī; jo kuchh gair-mustahsan ho.

Ill.ad. 1 — Taklif ya dushwari se; ba-mushkil; ba-qabahat, asaui se nahin 2.-Achchhi tarah nahin, khub ya bakhubi nahin, tamam o kamal (gair-muhazzab; kaj-khulq Ill-bred, a. Nā-shāista, jiski ta'līm yā tarbiyat achebbī na buyī ho Illegal, a. Qanun ke mutabiq nahin; ayin ke khulaf; na jaz; shar' ya

shāstra ke khilāf, qānunan mamnu', khilāf-i-çānun shar' yā shāstra Illegality, a. Khilaf-r-qantin h.; mukhalafat-r-qantin; shar' ya shastra ke

klulāf h , nā-jawāzī, 'adam-i jawāz,

Illegalize, v t Nā jāiz k , qānūu ke khilāt thahi ānā.

Illegally, ad. Aisī tarah par jo hukm-1-qānūn ke khilīf ho; nā-jārz taur se; ba tarz-1-nā-rawā, gānun ke bar-'aks, āyin ke manshā ke khilāf. alse tariq par jo qanunan durust na ho.

Illegible, a Parhe jane ke laiq nahin, jo subulat se porha na jae: jise parh na saken, mā-yuqrā nahīn; aisā andinā yā mitā huā ki alfāz

ma'lūm na hoñ

Illegibly, ad Aısı tarah par ki parhā nā jāe; ba-tarz 1-mā-yugrā nahîn Illegitimacy, n. 1 - Haram-zādagi, waladu-l harami, dogla-pan.

2.—Bad-asliyati, asli na h., kam-asl h.

Illegitimate, a 1.—Qānūn shar' yā shāstia ke mutābiq nahīn, bā-zābita yā jāiz nahīn, nā-jāiz; nā-munāsib; nā-rawā

2. —Waladu l-harām; waladu z-zunī, harām-zāda, jiski paidāish nā

jāiz taur par huyī ho, nikāh-i jaiz se paidā nahīn.

An illegitimate son or daughter - Waladu-l-haiām larkā yā larki, bejā yā beta Jakī pardāish nikāh-i jaiz se na ho.

3.—Jo jāiz tarīq par mustambat us huā ho; jo mantiq ke mutābiq na ho, khilif-1-aql, galat

An illegitimate inference - Aisā natīja jo 'aql yā mantiq ke khilāf ho.

4.—Jo rawāj-1-ma'qūl ke iū se jāiz qaiār nā pāyā ho, gair-mustanad. An illegitimate word - Lafz-i-gair-mustanad

Illegitimately, ad. Nā-jārz taur par; barām kārī se, bilā-sanad; aise tariq par jo wājib na ho.

Micit, a Jorawā jūz yā mar'ī na rakkhā gayā ho, mamnū', najāz; nā-rawā; jiskī ijāzat na dīgayī ho.

An illiefé trade - Tijārat-i nā jāiz; aisī tijārat jiške karne kā hukin na diyā Illicitly, ad. Nā-jāiz tai īg par; ba-tarz-i nā-rawā.

Illisterate, a. Nākhwānda; likhā-parhā nahīn; jiene 'ilm men ta'līm na pāyī ho; jāhil; mparh.

An illiterate man – Be-likhā-parhā ādmī, niperb ādmī, shakhs i nā-khwānda III-natured, a 1.—Bad-mızāj ; chirchirā ; tunuk m.zāj ; karuā ; bad-nihād.

2.—Jo bad mizājī kī wajh se ho; jisse bad nihādī zāhir ho; muzir. Illness, n. 1 —Bimāi i; 'alālat; sihhat men futūr; maraz; rog; āzār; dukh; kasl; tanaggus i-tab'.

Bad-atwārī, badī, burāyī; khotāyī, be-dīnī.

Illogical, a 1 — Qawa'id-1-mantiq se nā-wāqif jā unpar lihāz na r. w, sanīh sahīh dalīl ke qā'ide na jānne jā unpar tawajjuh na k. w.

2 — Qawā'id-i-mantiq ke khılāf; bahs-ı-sahīh ke qā'ide ke mutābiq

rahīn, ma'qūl nahīn, nā-ma'qūl.

Illustrate, v. t 1 - Saf saf dekhlana; wazıh ya numayan k.; munkashif k.

2.—Wāzih yā samajhne ke qībil k., aisā karnā ki samajb men ājāwe; tashih yā tauzīh k; misāl wagaira ke zaiī'e se samjhne ke lāiq kar-denā [o-nigār wagaira banā ke kisī shai ko tauzīh aur zīnat d.

3 — Taswnon yā shaklon se musejjal aur wāzīh k , ārāsta k., nagsh-

Illustration, n. 1 — Tauzīh, tashrīh, tasrīh; sāf yā wāzih kar-denā.

2 — Jiske zari'e se tauzīh ki jāwe; woh misāl yā nazīr jo kisī bāt ke wāzih yā qābil i-fahm karne khwāh raf'-i-tazabzub ke liye maqsūd ho; taswīr yā shabih wagana jo tauzīhan banāji jāe.

Illustratīve, a. Tashrīhī, tauzīhī, tamsīlī, jisse kisī muzabzab amr kī tauzīh ho yā uskā honā maqsūd ho [qadr; wālā-shān; nāmī-giiāmī. Illustrious, a. 1.—Bajāyī yā sharāfat wagura se mumtāz; mashhūr; zī-

Applied to persons

2 -- Izzat-bakhsh; jalīl; mashhūr, ma'rūf.

Illustrious deeds or titles - Aise fi'l ya khitab jinse 'izzat hasil ho.

Ill-will, n. Dushmani; 'adāwat; bad-andeshi; bad-khwāhī; burāyī chāhnā. Ill-wisher, n. Bad-khwāh; bad-andesh; kisī kī burāyī chāhne w; dushman. [jiskā khayāl men lānā yā ānā mumkin ho.

Imaginable, α Jo qıyas ya khayal men a sake; jahan tak qıyas ho sake;

Imaginary, a. Qıyası khayalı; aslı nahın, farzı.

Imagination, n 1 — Quwwat-i-mutakhaiyila; woh zihui quwwat jisse un chizon ke khayalat zihu men bandh aur ban jate hain jo hawas-ikhamsa ke zaii'e se usmen pahunchte hain

2 — Khayal, tasawwur; qıyas, taswir-i-khayali; kısi shar ki sürat 10 dil men bandh jati har [koyi be-bunyad ya arsi rae 10 mahz qıyasi ho.

3.—Tadbīr; mansūba, baudish jo dil men bāndhī jāe; gumān; Imaginative. a. Jo khayālat kiyā kare; mutakhaiyil; mutawahh.m, khayālāt kā 'ādi, khayāl-parast; khayālāt se bharā huā; pur-fikr.

Imagine, v. t. I.—Dil men kisī shai kā tasawwur k., khayāl k.; qiyās se nikālnā.

2.-Mausūba k., ijād yā iķhtirā'k.; baudish bāndhnā; soch ke

3.—Apne dil se kahnā; sochnā; khayāl k.

Imagine, v. i Khayāl k ; qiyās k.; tasawwur k.; rāe qāim k.; sochnā ; bichāinā ; dil men sūrat banānā yā samajhnā.

Imbank, v. t. See Embank.

Imbankment, n See Embankment.

tuwan.

Imbecile, a. Quwwat-i-jismānī yā zihnī se khālī; kamzor; za[†]īf; nā-Imbecility, n. Zu'f; kamzorī; nā tuwānī, zn'f-i-jīsmānī yā 'aqlī. Imbibe, v. t. 1.—Pî l.; sokh l.; jazb kar-l., khainch l; chūs l. 2.—Le-kar dil men iakh chhornā, zihn-nashin kar-l., qabül k.; jī

men paithne au thaharne d.

Imbitter, v. 1 — Talkh k., karuā k.; munaggas k., īzā tasān yā taklif dih banā d , aisā kai d. l. khushī bāqī na rahe; ranj kā bā'is banā d.

2.-Zıyada shadid ya taklifdih bana d ; shiddat baiha d., aur ziyāda kar-d , bharkā d., mushta'il kar d. [pareshānī; jhanjhat. Imbroglio, n. [Written also embroglio] Uljhāw; intishār, bakherā;

Imitable, a. Jiski naql ho-sake; qabil i-taqlid; is laiq ki taqlid karen, is qısm kā ki use dekh kaı düsiā bhī waisāhî kare

Imitate, v. t. 1.—Tariq men kısı kı paırawı k.; kısı ko bataur namune yā nazīr ke mān ke waisāhī k.; fi'l yā tarīq wagaira men kisī dūsre kī pairawī kī koshish k.; tatabbu' k.; naql k yā uskī koshish k; taqlid k.; kısı düsre ki manınd hone ya karne ki fikr k ; dekhadekbi k 2.—Sürat langat ya sıfat wagana men kısı kı tashbih paida k.,

utārā utāmā; taglīd k. Imitation, n 1 .- Nagl; taqlid; pairawi; tatabbu.'

2 — Tashbih; shabahat, utaia; naql

Immaterial, a 1.—Gair-māddī; jise wujūd na ho; gair jismāuī; iūhāui

2.-Jisse kojî bajā natīja na nikle, be-wag'at; khafif, adnā; gairkarnā bi-l-kul 'abas bai aham; lā-hāsil; 'ahas, gir-zatūri. It is whony immaterial whether he does so or not-Uskā is fi'l kā karnā yā na Immediate, a 1.—Nazdíkī; bilā wisātat 'amal karne wālā, jiske 'amal

men koyî dûstî wajh ya koyî sur zatî'a hatl na ho, jo apna natîja apne hī 'amal se paidā kare; suīhī; badīhī

2 — F1-l-faur; maujūd; b1-l-fi'l; jiske darmiyān dūsrā zemāna hāil Immediately, ad 1 - Sarihī, bilā wisātat kisī dūsre ke; bi z-zātihī

Opposed to mediately.

The transfer, whether accepted immediately by himself, or mediately by his agent, vests in him the property—Us intigal se-bagg-1-milkiyat use hasil hojātā hai chāhe woh use bi z-zātihī manzūr kare yā ba-zarī a apne kār-pardāz ke (mukhtartan)

2.-Fauran, fi l-faur; isī yā usī waqt, jhatpat; turant, wohin. Immemorial, a. Yād ke bāhar, itne dinon kā ki uskā āg iz yād na ho yā

uskā patā lag na sake, isqadar zamāne kā ki uskā patā na to kisī nawishfbahut bī pwānā rawāj yā dastār te se ma'lām ho aur na riwāyat se. Immemorial usage or custom - Aisā rawā; yā dastūr jiskī ibtidā kā patā na ho;

Immense, a. Be-had; lā-intíhā; jisko pāyān na ho; babut wasī'; bahut

hī baŗā; 'azīm; 'azīmu-sh-shān yā qawī-haikal

Immensely, ad Be-had; be-andaz, be-payan, bahut hi, bara bi; ba-sh.ddat: ba-kasrat, had se bāhar yā zīyāda.

Immethodical, a. Be-tartīb; be-rabt; be-silsila; be-qā'ıda; jismen qā'ide yā tartīb kā lihāz un ho, muntashar; pareshān, be dhangā.

Immigrant, n. Woh shakhs jo sukūnat-i-dawāmī ki garaz se kisi mulk men jana jo apnā watan na ho.

Immigrate, v i Sukūnat i-dawāmī ikhtiyār karne kī garaz se aise mulk Imminent, a Jiske a-parne ya fauran waqi' hone ka ihtimal ho; jo babut nazdīk ho; bar-sar-rasīda; jo sar par pabuneh gayā ho; qarību-lwuou'; nazdīk; jo ba-zāhir jald nāzil hone wālī ho.

Said especially of misfortune or peril

Immoderate, a l'tidal par nahiù, wajib ya ma'muli had ke bahar; hudūd-i-munāsib ke andar nahîn, bahut in ziyāda, be andāsa; be-had, khilāf-i-aul. [ziyāda, 'ayl ke khılaf, be andaz, ıtnā ki nājīb na ho. Immoderately, ad. Bahut hi zvyáda, andáz se zvyáda; jitná cháhiye usse Immodest, a 1 -Bad-lihāz, be-ga.rat; be-hayā; be-shaim, bad-uslūb.

2.—Jismed ismat yā pāk-dāmani na ho, khatāb, fāhisha—jaise 'aurat.

3.—Ganda; zalil; pūj—jaise khayāl, fuhsh; mugallız—jaise kalam Immodesty, n. Be-garrati, be-hayāyī, be-sharmi; bad-lihāzī, be-hijābi; na-pākdāmanī; be-'ismatī; be-'iffatī

Immoral, a. 1 —Shar' yā shāstra ke khilāf; bad; nā wājih; diyānat ke khilāf; qabih; zabūn, hukm-i-Ilābi yā farāiz-i-insānī ke khilāf.

An immoral deed - Fi'l-1-bad.

fäsig. 2 - Bad kār; bad fi'l, jo fi'l-1-nā-wājīb kare; be îmān, kharāb; fājīr; An immoral person - Shakhs-1-bad-kar, khatan be-iman ya buta shakhs.

Immorality, n. Koyî fi'l ya 'anıal jo hukm-ı-llabî ya farazz-ı-msanî ke khilif ho, bad-kātī, bad-fi'lī, fisq-o-fujūr, burā kām, tindī

Immortal, a 1.-La-zawal, gair faul, jo kabbi na mare, azali-o-abadi. hamesha gaim rahne wala; lavazal; wujud i gair-nintanahi r. w.; la

ramut.

2 — Daimî; jo kabhî zad ya saqıt na ho—jaise ummed khwahish wagaira, jo dunya men haniesha qaim rabe, jispar zawal na aye, jo mahw aus mansī na ho jāc (bhūl aur mit na jīc); pācdār; jisko baqā ho.

Immortality, n 1.—La-zawālī; hayāt-jāwidānī, mant ani nestī se baiāat; baqā, lā-yazālī. na h.

2.—Qıyam-ı-dawamî, hameshagî, mahw aur mansî hone ke qabil Immovable, a. 1.—Jise uski jazah se bata na saken; khub jama hua; mazbūt; mustahkam, achai; atal; gur mutaharuk.

An immorable foundation - Masbut oungad

2.—Jisko uske irāde se hatā na saken; sābit-gadam; mazbūt; mnstaqil; jiske dil ko taigib dekar phei ya badal na saken, la-tajum; jiske dil men lagzish na ho

A man who remains immo-able—Mazbūt sābit-gadam yā lā-tajum shakhs

 Jismen lagzish na ho; lā-tagaiyur; jo badal na sake; mazbūt; mustahkam. [ho; mazbūt maqaad yā 'azm-i-bi-l-jazm.

An ammurable purpose or resolution - Aus magead ya made pismen laggish na 4 - Jiske dil par ham-dardi kā asar jald na ho, sang-dil; be-rahm; foŭla; jo kisi jagah par hamesha ke live gaim ho. kathor

5 — (Law) Jise ek jagah se düsti jagah hata na saken; gair-man-

Immovable estate - Jāedād-i-gair-mangūla. See infra

Immovables, n. pl (Law) Zamîn aur woh obîzen jo usse lagî hon masalan darakht 'imarat wagaira; woh chizen jiako makan wagaira chhorne ke wagt gänünan utbā na lejā saken

Immunity, n I.—Kısı farz se azadı; kısı kharch kı zimmadarı ya mahsul wagara se baraat, koyi ri'ayat ya ıstıhqaq-ı-khus.

2.—Āzādī; baiī yā pāk iahuā. [dal, gair tabādala-pazīr Immutable, a Lā-tagaiyur, jo tabdīl na ho; jo na badle, gair-mubad-Impair, v t Bad-tar yā khaiāb-tai k.; miqdār qīmat 'umdagī yā tāqat kam k., ikhtiyāi ghatānā, kam-zor k, bigār d.; aur burā bailā d.; nāqis kar-d Impanel, v. t [Written also empanel] Fihrist yā chanire ke kāgaz pai likhuā yā daij k.—jaise ahl-i-jūlī ke nām, 'adālat men ahl-i-jūlī kī

fihrist banānā mukamnial ya murattab k.

Imparl, v. z. (Law) Kısı muqaddame men tasfiya-ı-bāhamî ki ıjāzat pānā, kısı mu'āmale ke āpas men tar kar lene ki muhlat pānā, jawāb-dihi karne ke pahle muhlat pānā [ko kısı chiz men sharīk hone ki ijāzat d Impart, v. t. 1.—Kısı chīz men hissa d.; denā, 'atā yā 'ınāyat k.; dūsre

To impart food to the poor-Garibon ko khānā d

2.—Batlanā, zāhir k., lafzon yā nishānon se zāhir k.

Impartial, a. 1.—Gair-jānib-dār; jo ek faiīq kī nisbat dūsie faiīq kī taraf ziyāda māil na ho, be-lagāw, be-ta'alluq; 'ādil, munsif, jismen janba dāiī na ho. [farīq kī taraf ziyāda māil na ho.

An imparital arbitrator—Sālis-i-'ādil, aisā pauch jo min-jumla do faifq ke ek 2.—Jo ek farīq kī nisbat dūsre fulfq ke haq men ziyāda mufīd na ho; munsif-āna, wājib.

An impartial judgment—Tajwiz-i-munsif-āna. [be-ta'alluqī, munsif Impartiality, n Rāe yā tajwiz men janba-dātī kā na h ; gair-jānib-dārī; Impartially, ad. Bilā-rū-o-ri'āyat; be gair jānib-dātī ke, be-taraf-dārī ke; maāt ke tū se, muusifi ke sāth; wājib taur par; wājib-wājib; haqqan. Impartible, a. 1 —Nā-qābil-i-taqsīm; jo bant na sake.

An taspartible estate - Milk-i-nā qābil-i-tagsīm

2 — Diye bakhshe yā batlāye khwāh zāhii kiye jāne ke qābil. Impassable, α Li-guzat, jismen koyī na jā sake, nā-qābil-i-guzār.

Impatience, n. Be-sabrī; sabr kā na h.; be-chamī; be-qarārī, woh iztirābī jo kisī aisī bhalāyī ke na hone par ho jiskī ummed ho; nā-shikebāyī.

Impatient, a. Be-cham, be-sabr; be-tāb, be-qarān; ganr-mutahammul, kisī hālat-1-khās men be-zāc aur uske tabdīl karne kā khwāhān; ta'jīl-kār; byākul, utāwala, tawaqquf kā tahammul na r. w.

Often followed by at, for, of, and under.

Impeach, v. t 1—Kısı jurm ya bad-tarıqgı ka ittiham lagana; muttahım k 'ala-l-khusüs kısı ahlı-kar par ıs bat ka ıttıham lagana kı usne apni zi-khtiyarı men fulan qısm kı bad-atwarı kı; 'uhde ke muta'allıq bad-a malı kı tajwiz ke liye 'adalat ke rü-ba-rü pesh k., hakım kı taraf se ilzam lagana.

2 — Ittihām-1'adam-munāsabat 'āid k., mashkük yā mushtabah qarār d., jarah k.; bāz-purs k.; jawāb-dih yā zimma-dār qarāi d.

To impeach one's motives or conduct—Kısı ki niyat ya uske tariq ko mashkük qarar d. ya uski nisbat yah kahna ki woh na-munasib hai

"When used in law with reference to a witness, the term signifies to discredit, to show or prove unreliable or unworthy of belief; when

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used in reference to the credit of a witness, the term denotes to impair, to lessen, to disparage, to destroy." Webster.

Impeachment, n 1 —Kisi sar-kāi i uhde-dar se bad-nazmī kā muhāsaba; Ittıhām; ilzām; niyat kī safāyī yā tarīq ki rāstī par i'tırāz.

Impede, v t. Rok d ; āge barhne na d.; māni' h., muzāhim h., sadd-i-rāh h, mukhil h; bāz i.

Impediment, n Woh amr jo taraqqi ya harakat men manı' ho; amr-imāni', lukāwat; insidād, 'āniza, qabāhat; saddirāh, atkāw; atak

Impel, v. t. Zor-dekar āge barhāna, āge ko chalānā; kisi fi'l kī tahrīk k.; dabāw yā targīb wagaira se age barbānā.

Impending, p a. Bar-sai-rasīda; jo sar par yā qaiīb pahunch gayā ho; nazdīk āyā yā pahunchā huā; jisse kisī bāt kā khauf paida ho.

Impenetrable, a. 1 — Jismen kuchh dhans ya chubh na sake; jismen

aur chizon kā dakhl yā guzar na ho; nā qāhil-i-dukhūl

2 — Jispar kisi bāt kā asar na ho, jiske dil men kojī bāt na dhanse; lī-tajum; gair-muassir; jismen nigāh guzar na kare (nazar na dhanse); jismen 'aql kam na kare; jo samajh ke bahar ho

Imperative, a. 1.—Jisse hukm zāhir ho; jismen tākīdī hukm ho; tahakkum-āna; tākīdī, qat'ī, nātiq.

Imperative orders - Ahkām-i tākīdī yā gat'i.

2.—Jisse dai-guzar na ho-sake; jo khwāhī-na-khwāhî karnā pāre; lābudī, lāzīmī, zarūrī.; jiskī pā-bandī karnī pare, wājību-l-ittibā'.

An imperative duty or necessity - Farz va zarūrat-i-lazimī.

Imperceptible, a. 1.—Nā qābil-i-hiss; jo hawās-i-khamsa ko mahsūs na ho-sake, lā-ma'lūm, jisko dil se tamīz na kar-saken; jo jald samajh men na āve Bahut ähista ähista ho.

2 — Bahut khafif; bārik; qad-o qāmat men bahut chhotā; jiskī taraqqī Imperfect, a. 1.—Jo khātime ko na pahunchā ho, nā-tamām, gair mukain-

mal, khām; adhūrā, nāgis.

2.—Nāgis, pūrā samūchā vā kāmil nahīn; jiske sab ajzā na hon.

3 - Jise 'aqi 1 salim na ho, jo gumrāh ho-sake.

4 -- Jo shar' yā shāstra ke rū se pūrā na ho; jo ahkām-ı-Tiāhī ke mutābiq na ho, jo qā'ide ke mutābiq na ho, jisse dil ko tamāniyat na ho; jisse 'aib yā buiāyî zāhir ho yā jismen 'aib khwāh burāyi ho [qasr.

Imperfection, n. Nags; khāmī, adhūrā-pan; 'adam-i-takmīl; khotāyī; kamī;

Imperfectly, ad. Nā-mukammal yā nā-mukammal taur par; nāqis taur par; adhūrā; pūrā pūrā nahīn; sārā yā bi-l-kul nahīn; tamām-o-kamāl nahīn. [shāhanshāhī; 'ālā, akbar.

Imperial, a. 1.—Saltanat yā shāhanshāh se muta'alliq; bādshāhī; 2 — Lambāyi-chaurāyi yā 'umdagi men afzal. wagaira.

Imperial paper, tea, &c - Barā lambā chaura kāgaz yā 'umda-tar qism kī chāe Imperil, v t. Khatre men dalna; jokhim men dalna.

Imperishable, a Nā-qābil-i-zawāl; jo qābilu-z-zawāl na ho, jo talaf hone ke lāiq na ho; hamesha gāim rahne wālā; pāe-dār; jisko bagā ho.

Impertinence,) n. 1.—Be ta'alluqī; be-'alāqagī; jis amr kī nisbat guftgū Impertmency, ho usse 'alāqa yā ta'alluq na r.; be waq'at h.

. 2.—Gustāķhī; shokhī; be-tamīzī; pā munāsib dakhl-dar-ma'qūlāt

yā mudākhalat; kalām yā fi'l se assī mudākhalat je mudākhalatkuninda ki 'umr yā haisīyat ke khilāf ho. [bhī waq'at na ho,

3.—Koyī nā-chīz yā khafīf bāt; aisī bāt jisko bahut kam yā kuchh Impertinent, a. l.—Gair-muta'alliq; jo amr pesh ho usse ta'alluq na r w; mauq'e kānahin; chaspān yā mauzun nahīn, be-jā, be-mauqa'.

2.—Gustākh, be tamīz; be adab, bad-lihāz, nāhaq dakhl dene wālā, jāhilāna aur nā shāista kalām yā fil kā murtakib yā uspar māil; bemanga dakhl-dar-ma'qūlāt k w.

3 — Pūj; khafīf; behūda, lagw; wālnyāt; 'abas; be-ma'nī.

Impervious, a Jismen guzar na h , lā-guzar; jismen jā na saken; jismen koyī nok-dār āla dhansā na saken; jismen raushani yā pānī wagarra sarāat na kar sake (paith na sake).

Impetuosity, n. 1.—Tundī, shiddat; zor, tezī.

2.—Josh; taish; mizāj kī gazab-nākī.

Impetuous, a 1 Zor aur shiddat se chalne w.; shadid, tund, tez, gazab.
nāk; jhoke se chalne yā harakat k w.

2 — Tund-mızāj; jald-bāz, utāwala, gusse-war; maglūbu 1 gaiz. Impetus. n Harakat kā zor, jis zor se koyī shar āge ko mutaharrik ho:

quwwat-i-lafta, samat.

Implacable, a Jise thandhā na kar saken; jisko taskin dekar usse sulh na kar saken, jo ma'zalat par bhi na māne; jo khusumat na chhore;

jo raf' yā dūr na ho-sake Implant, v. t. Jamānā, qām k ; lagānā; jā-guzīn k.; nasab k, ; barthālnā. Implead, v. t (Law) Kisī par 'adālat meh nālish k ; qānūn ke nā se

nālish jā da'wā k., mudda'ā 'alaih banānā gardāninā yā qaiār d. Implement, n. Woh shai jisse koji hājat rawāyi ho masalan auzār āla

bartan zanāf wagnira. [ke auzār yā hathiyār The implements of trade, of husbandry, or of war - Hirfa kāsht-kārī yā laisy.

A word of very extensive signification

Implicate, v. Kısı se muta'allıq k ; ta'allıq ya shirkat zahır ya sabıt k, phasana ya phasana; sanna, lapetna; uljuaw ya phasaw men dalna The evidence does not implicate the accused person in this conspiracy—Shaba dat ke ru se is bandish men mulzam ki shirkat payı nahın jatı (usmen uska shalik hona sabıt nahın hota).

Implication, n 1 - Phansaw; uljhaw; ta'alluq.

2.—Jo bāt zimnan ma'lūm ho lekin saiāhatan zāhir na kī gayī ho; ishāia; kināya; who natīja yā aur kuchh jo bakhūbī samajh men āsake go alfīz ke zai'e se bayān na kiyā gayā ho.

By implication—Kināyatan; ishāratan; zimnan; sarāhatan nahifi.

Implicit, α 1.—Jo chupchāp samajh liyā jāwe; jo 'ibāi at men bayān na huā ho par achchhī tarah samajh pare, zumnī; ma'nawī

An *implicit* contract — Mu'āhada-i zimnī; aisā mu'āhada jo zabān se yā likh-kar zāhir na kiyā gayā ho par dil hī dīl men samajh hiyā gayā ho.

2.—Bılā shakk o shubha yā bılā tahqīqāt dūsre ki bāt par i'tibār k. Implicat credit should not be given to the declarations of a person who is not of known veracity—Jis shaghs ki sadāqat bayāni ma'rūf na ho uske bayān

par bliš shakk-o-shubba yā, bilā tahqīqāt i'tibāt karnā na chāhiye.

IMPLICITE, [Lat] See By implication under Implication [men.
Implicitly, ad. I — Zimnan; kināyatan; dil hī dii men; dar-asl; haqīqat
2 — Pūre i'tibār se; bilā hujjat; bilā taftīsh-i subūt; be-kam-o-kāst,

ānkh band karke, be-pūchhe, be-chūn-o-charā.

Implore, v. t. Iltıjā k.; minuat k., dil se māngnā; suwāl k. yā sāil h.; minuat-o samājat k.; nihāyat multajî h.; barī ārzā se darkhwāst k.

Implore, v. i Ārzū k.; minnat k.; 'arz-ma'iūz k.

Imply, v. t Zimnan shāmil r.; muiād r.; ma'nī r.; dalālat k.; jab kisī amr kā izhār ba-zaii'a-i tahrīr yā taqiīr na huā ho to uskā manshā i-kalām khwāh natīja i-'aqlī yā ta'bū-i-qānūnī se samjhā jānā.

Where a malicious act is proved, a malicious intention is implied—Jab 'adawat kā fi'l sabit ho-jātā hai to yah thi samihā jātā hai ki uske karne ki nīyat 'adawat se thī.

Impolitie, a.Khilāf-i-maslahat; hikmat-i-'amalī ke khilāf, be-tadbīr; badnazm; mudabbir nahīn, be-'aql yā be-'aqlī kā; aisī aisī tadbīi en ījād karne aur 'amal men lāne wālā jiuse 'awām ko mazarrat ho, naf'-i-'awām men zaiar pahunchāne w.; mu'āmalāt-i-zātī men be-'aql; kotah-andesh.

Impoliticly, ad Be-'aqli se; dür bini aur dür-andeshi-i-munāsib ke sāth nabin; aise tariq par jisse mazarrat-i-'ām yā khās ho; be-tadbīrī se;

nā dāuī se.

Import, v t 1.—Bāhar se andar lānā; dūsrī jagah se lākar kahīn dākhil k., saudāgarī wagaira kā māl kisī dūsre mulk 'alāqe yā riyāsat se apue mulk men lānā.

Opposed to export.

2.—Ma'nī i ; mafhūm i ; murād r.; maushā r.; zāhir k.; dalālat k. S.—Waq'at yā tāsīr r.; ta'alluq r.; saiokār r., 'alāqa r ; kisī ko

naf ya nuqsan pahunchana [māl ki āmadanī.

Import, n. 1.—Tijārat kā māi jo ek mulk se dūsre mulk men lāyā jāwe;
2 — Kisī lafz 'ibārat yā wasīqe kā manshā yā mafhūm; ma'nī;
murād; alfāz kā mafhūm jiskā zihn-nashīn kainā maqsūd ho yā jo ta'bīri sahīh se paidā ho.

3 — Waq'at; 'azmat; barāyi, buzurgi; natīja.

Importance, n Waq'at; 'azmat, bajāyī, buzurgī, kisī naf' yā nuqsān kī bāt se ta'alluq; qadr, manzilat, rutba; shān.

Important, a. Barā, aham, bā-waq'at; 'azīm; bhārī, jisse koyī barā natīja nikle; kisī naf'-nuqsān kī bāt se ta'alluq rakhne-walā, jisse koyī bhalā yā burā natīja paidā ho; jisko kisī bāt se barā ta'alluq ho; jis men koyī 'umda yā barī bāt shāmil ho.

Importation, n. 1.—Kisī dūsre mulk yā nyāsat se lānā.

2.—Woh shai jo bāhar se apue mulk men lāyen; woh jins yā māl jo ek mulk yā riyāsat se dūsre mulk yā riyāsat men āwe

Importunate, a. Mutaqāzī; ba jīdd h w, tang-talab; jo koyī mutālaba yā darkhwāst nihāyat isiār se kaie, arīyal; jo apnī garaz istarah bār bār pesh kaie ki usse taklīf ma'lūm ho, jo apne matlab ke izhār men jā-bejā yā mauqa'-be-mauqa' kā khayāl na rakkhe; taklīf dih; jismen tang-talabī shiddat yā karāyī kī jāe.

Importunately, ad. Mutaqāzī yā ba-jidd hokar; taqāze ke sāth; tākīd ke sāth, ba-tākīd yā ba-isrār; barī minnat-b-samājat se mustad'ī ho-kar.

Importune, v t. Tagaze ke sath istid'a k.; darkhwast se tang k.: bar bār wagt-be wagt yā taklīf dihī se kisī bāt kî iltijā k, tang yā dio k: ta-jidd h; pichhā na chhoinā; pīchhe pare iahuā

Importunity, n. Taqāza; tang-talabī, ısrān ke sāth astid'ā; ar; kisī amr kī daikhwāst mutawātir yā hath ke sāth k

Impose, v. t. Qaim ya aid k — jaise koyi bai kharch mahsul rusum faiz wagaira; lagānā, dālnā; nāzil k , sādīr k. [dalna; chhalna; thagna.

To impose on - Dhokhā d ; makr yž hile se gumrāh k , āūkbon men dhūl (khāk)

Imposition, n. 1.-Lagānā; qāim k ; sādir k ; dālnā; gale lagānā vā mandbuā. hukm.

2.—Jo kuchh dālā lagāyā yā qāim kıyā jāe; bār; bojh; mahsūl: 3.-Makr va fareb jo düsron ke sath kıya jae, dhokha; daga, fareb;

buttā; jul; chhal.

Impossibility, n. 1.—Muhāl yā gair-mumkin h.; ba'idu-l-imkāniyat 2 —Shai-i-muhāl, amr-i-muhāl, jo na ho sake; jiskā honā yā kiyā

jānā mumkiu na ho; jisko kisī taiah na kar-saken.

Impossible, a Gair-mumkin; nā mumkin, jo na ho-sake; jo na kiyā jā sake; nā shudanī, jo fi nafsihī hāsil na ho sake; hālāt ke lihāz se nıhāvat hi mushkil; behūda yā nā-qābil i-anjām.

Impost, n Jo kuchh lagāyā yā aid kiyā jāwe; mahsūl khirāj yā rusūm: woh mahsul jo aksar sarkār kī talaf se un chīzon par lagārā jāe jo

kısı gaır mulk se ek mulk men awen.

Impostor, n Düsich ko dhokhā d. w.; düsron ko apne dām i-fareb men lāne ke liye koyī haisīyat-ı-masnu'i ikhtiyar k. w., thag; makkar; dagābāz, muzawwir; pākhandī. [ikhtiyār karke de, pākhand, chhal. Imposture, n Dagā-bāzī; fareb, dhokhā jo koyī jhūthī sūrat yā harsīyat Impotence, \ n. 1 - Quwwat i-haiwani zihni ya 'aqli ka na rakhna; zu'f:

kamzorī; kisī shai ke anjām kī quwwat kā nags, 'adam-Impotency, \(\) Trakhuā, ı-salāhivat.

2 — (Law) Rujūliyat kā na honā; nasl kī paidāish kī quwwat na

Impotent, a. 1.—Za'īfu-l-'aql za'īful-l-badan yā za'īfu-l-qalb; kam-zor; mızāj. nā-tuwāń

2 —Jo apne ko qābū men na rakh sake; maglūbu-l-gaiz; tund-3.--(Law) Nā-mard, rujūliyat se khālī; jise larke-bāle na hon

Impound, v. t 1 -Bahke huye maweshī ko sar-kārī maweshī-khāne men rakh chhorna ya band kar rakhna, ihata-i-saikaii men r. ya band kar r. 2.—Zabt k.; rok r; quiq k.

To impound an insufficiently stamped document-Kisi aisi dast liwez ko zabt kar-rakhnā jispar pūrī qīmat kā istāmp lagā yā chhapā na ho.

Impoverish, v. t. 1.—Garib kar-denā; muflisī yā muhtājī kī hālat men kar-denā; muflis banā d.; tibī-dast kar d.

2.—Quwwat ya zor khinch lena; zar-khezī baqī rahne na d.; kamzor yā shor kar-denā.

To imposeresh land by frequent cropping—Bar-bar fasl upjā kar zamīn kā zor Impracticable, 1.—Jo na ho-sake, nā-qābil-i-anjām; jo tadbīren kī gayī hon ya ho sakti hon unse na kiye jane hone ya anjam pane ke qabil, je kiai tarah na ho sake, jiska anjam insan ki maujuda tadhiron se na ho-sake.

2.—Sakht; kārā; jise jald gābū men na lā-saken.

3.—Jise kisi ma'qul tariq per maglub na kar saken ya targib na de saken. jishi nisbat asani se kar-rawayi ya 'amal-dar-amad na ho-sake.

4.—Lā-guzar; dushwār-guzār; jispai chal na sakeu—jaise iāsta. Impregnable, a Jise charhāyi hallā yā hamla karke na le sakeň, jise bazor apne qābū men na kar-sakeň, jo hamla rok sake, gair-mumkinu-tasklir; mani'.

Imprescriptible, α Jo gaflat ki wajh se kām men na lāne khwāh kisi dūsie shakhs ke da'we ke bā'is se jiski bunyād haqq-i-shudāmad par ho zāil yā nuqsān na ho sake.

Applied to rights.

Impress, v t. 1.—Kisi chīz par dabākar nishān yā shakl banānā; nagsh yā nishān k.; chhāpnā. [khwāh jamānā; dil par munaqqash k.

2.—Zihu-nashīn yā khātur-nashīn k.; dul-nashīn k. yā dil par baithālnā

Sarkārī kām ke liye jabi īya lenā yā begār pakarnā.

Impress, n 1 — Nishān jo dabāne se ban-jāe, naqsh; chhāpā; kisi shai ki sbakl yā shabīh jo dabāne yā chhāpne se ban-jāe; muhi; sāncha; haisīyat jo dūsre ne paidā karā dī ho.

Tamīz kā nishān; muhr, chhāpā.
 Khayāl yā aser jo dil par paidā ho.

4 —Be-gār; sarkātī kām ke liye zabardastī lenā yā dhar-pakar k.

Impression, n. 1.—Ek shar kā dūsrī shar par dabānā; dabāw.

2 —Nishān; naqsh, chhāpā; thappā; muhr.

3.—Kısı shai ka asar jo dil par paida ho; naqsh ya surat jo dil par ban-jae; khayal; tasawwur, kısı shai ka natija ya asar jo mahsus ho-sake

4.—Kisī kitāb kā ek tab' (chhāpā); jis qadar kitāben ek bār A copy of the last impression—Tab'-i-ākhir ki ek jild.—The whole impression of the work was sold in a month—Jisqadar kitāben chhapī thiù woh kul ek mahīne men bik gayīn.

Impressive, α 1.—Asar paidā k w. yā uspai māil, asar pahuhchāne kī quwwat r. w.; muassir; is qābil ki uskā asai dil par ho (uskī choṭ dil par lage).
[kisī shai kī tāsīr ho-sake.

2.—Naqsh-pazīr; sürat-pazīr; asar pahunchāye jāne ke lāiq, jispar

Imprest, n. Ek qısm kā zar-i-bar'ana, udhar, zar-i qarz.

Imprest, v t. Qaiz d.; bataur dam ke d. [awwalan.

IMPRIMIS, [Lat.] Pahle; pahle to; sab se muqaddam; awwal yā Imprint, n Jo kuchh kitāb wagaira ke sarnāme yā sufha-i-awwal par chhāpā jāe-'alal-khusūs chhāpue yā shāi' kaine wāle kā nām baqaid-i-maqām wa zamāna.

Imprint, v. t 1.—Thappā k , chhāpnā.

2.—Dil yā bāfize par nagsh k.; dil-nashīn zihn-nashin yā khātir-nashin k.; dil par aisā jamā yā baithāl d. ki kabhī na miţe yā na bhūle.

Imprison, v. t 1.—Zındân men dâlna; qaid-khāne yā mahbas men rakhna; qaid k ; muqaiyad k., mahbūs k.; giriftār karke hirāsat men r. [jāne na d.

2.—Band kar-r.; rok r.; nikal jane na d.; ek jagah se düsri jagah

Imprisonment, n. Qard k. yā qaid h.; qaid, asirī; band; habs; āzādī kī rukāwat. [1-qiyās na h.

Improbability, n Ba'īdu-l-qiyāsī, qiyās se dūr jā uske khilāf h, qarīn-Improbable, a. Jiskā sach honā ihtimāl se ba'īd ho; jiskī ummed hālāt ke lihāz se na hosake; jo 'aql jā qiyās ke khilāf ho; ba īd az-'aql, ba'īdu-l-aql, 'aql se dūr; gaii-muhtamal; anhonī [fi-l-badīha.

Impromptu, ad. or a Be soche-bichare; pahle se gaur-o-fikr karke nahin, Impreper, a I — Nā-munāsib; be jā; jisse matlab kaiārīna ho [zā-wār; bad.

2—Nā shāista; nā ma'qul; qabīh; burā; be-mahal, be-mauga'; nā-sa-3.—Kisī zabān ke bandhe huye dastūr (rawāj-i-mustamirra) jā

o.—Kisi zaban ke baddhe huye dastur (rawag-i-mustamırra) ya qa'ide ke khilat. [na r. w

4.—Kısı khās jagah yā 'uhde ke lāng nahīn; nā lāng; munāsabat Improperly, ad. Nā-munāsab taur yā tanīg par; be-jā; aise tanīg par jo suhbat wagt jagah aur hālāt ke lihāz se munāsab na ho, be-manal; bad-uslūbī se, khilāf-rdastūr yā qā'ida; sahhat ke sāth nahīn.

Impropriety, n. 1.—'Adam-i-munāsabat; bad-uslūbī; waqt maqām yā hālāt wagana ke hasb-i-hāl na h. yā unke khilāf h., be-mauqa'gī; nā-shāistagī; gair-ma'qūliyat. [yā usūl ho.

2—Fi'l-i-nā-munāsib; qaul-i-nā-munāsib; jo kuchh khilāf-i-dastūr Improve, v. t 1.—Bihtar k; aur achchhā banānā, mālīyat yā khūbī

men taraqqī d , ihtiyāt yā taraqqī ke zaiī'e se 'umda k.

2—Achchhe kām men lānā; kisī chīz ko aisā banāna ki usse kuchh paidā ho, kisī naf ke kām men lagānā; fāide ke liye isti'māl k, fāida nek-nāmī jā khushī ke taraqqī dene men kām men lānā, mustafīd h.; fāida uthānā. [taraqqī k, bihtai kī 'alāmat zāhir k.

Improve. v. z. 1.—Bihtar yā aur achchhā h, kisî achchhî bāt men

2 - Barhnā, ziyāda h; charhnā yā uthnā.

The price of cotton improves, or is improved—Rūyī kī qīmat barhtī yā charhtī hai—To improve on or upon—Kīsī bāt meh aur kām kī bāten milānā yā tarmim k, qarīb qarīb kamāl ko pahunchāvā; yak-gūna mukammal k; takmīl k, isiāh yā tarmīm karke aur unda banānā yā taraqqī d.

Improvement, a 1 — Taraqqi k jā pānā, achchhī bāton men taraqqi;

bihtarī yā bihtarī men taraqqī; ābādī, māliyat kī afzāish.

2.—Nāfi yā kār-āmad bāton men musta'mal h. yā lagāyā jānā; achehhe yā mufīd kām men lānā; kisī usul yā masale kā itlāq yā uspar 'amal.

3.—We shai jisse koji düstî shai taraqqî paye ya je kisî düstî shai men use tarqqî dene ke liye milayî jawe; wen shai jisse kisî düstî shai

kī mālīyat haisīyat yā 'umdagī wagaira baih jāe.

4.—(pl.) Makān nahr dānda wagama ke bamāne yā jangal kī safāyī se jo kuchh haisīyat jāedād mazī jā mazra' kī barhāyī jāe.

Improvidence, n. Nā-aqıbat-andeshī; peshbīnī kā na h.; pahle se kısi bāt kā khayāl na r.; un tadbīron se gāfil rahuā jo hıfāzat yā naf ke liye dür-andeshī kī walb se zarūr hon; kotah-andeshī

Improvident, a. Nā-aqıbat-andesh; jismen dür-andeshī na ho; jo zarürī yā ārām kī bāton par pahle se khayal na kare; un tadbīron se gāfil jo muqtazā-i-dūr andeshī hon; jismen āyinda kī zarūraton kī nisbat bandobast kī fikr na ho, kotah-andesh; be-tadbīr.

Imprudence, n. Be-'aqlī, be tamīzī; qaul yā fi'l men be-ihtiyātī ya'nī uske natije par bakhūbi lihāz na r.; be-parwāyī, be-soche bichāre kuchh kah ya kai d.; ta'jil kaii.

Imprudent, a. Be-'aql, be-tamīz, nā-'āqibat-andesh; kotah-andesh; be-soche-bichāre kām k. w.; qaul yā fi'l ke natīje par lihāz na r. w ;

ta'ıil-kar; be-khabar; be-shu'ür; be-ihtiyat.

Impudence, n. Be-sharmī; be-hayāyī, be-huābī, shokhī; dhithāyī; shokh-chashmī, gustākhī-ı shadīd ; aısī dhithāyî jismen dūsron kî maujūdagī yā unkī rāe kā kuchh lihāz na jakkhā jāe

Impudent, a Shokh; be-sharm; be-haya, dhīthā; shokh-chashm; khîra-

chashm, pāk be-hayā; dhīthā aur bad-lihāz.

Impugn, v. t. Kalām yā dalāil se yūrish k.; takhāluf k ; i'tirāz k.; jarah k., kalām k.; tardīd k.; muzāhamat k.; rad k.; kātnā; khandan k., kısî shai ke khılaf kuchh ısharatan kahna.

Impulse, n. 1 — Tahrīk jo dafatan zor pahuichne ki wajh se age ko ho;

harakat jo kısi shat ke zor pahuńchne se yakāyak ho.

2.-Kısı shar kā asar jo dafatan dil par ho; wajh-ı-tahrik; khayāl; tahrīk ; targīb ; kisī qism kā mailān jo jhatpat paidā ho.

Impulsive, a 1.-Muharrik; jismen tahtik ki quwwat ho; jismen age

barhāne kī tāgat ho.

2 —Us wajh-i-tahiik par 'amal k. w. jo daf'atan dil men paida ho. Impunity, n 1.—Sazā yā ta'zīi se baiāat; sazā kā na pānā, 'adam-i-'uqūbat , hadr , sīyāsat se baiāat.

With impunity - Be sazā pāye, bilā ta'zīr, be siyāsat, hadaran. 2.—Sadme yā nuqsāu se barāat; muhāfazat; bachāw

Impure, a. I.—Jismen khārijī chizen milī hon, khālis nahīn; pāk sāf yā suthiā nahīn, ganda; jismen gilāzat ho; mailā.

2.—Nā-pāk ; gunah gār ; taqsīr-wāi — jaise shakhs.

3.— Nā-pāk ; najīs ; harām—jaise chīzen. 4.—Qabih ; ganda , kharāb—jaise fi'l.

5.—Fuhsh—jaise kalām; mugallız, phühar. Impurity, n. 1 —Gandagī, mailāpan; najāsat, ālāish; gilāzat; burā yā fuhsh h; na-paki. (kalām wagana.

2.—Woh shar jismen gandagi wagarra ho; buri bat bura fi'l bure Imputable, a. Mansūb hone ke laiq; jisko dūsre se nisbat de-saken; lagāye jāne ke lāiq; jo lag sake yā mansūb ho-sake.

Imputation, n. 1, -Nisbat d ; lagana; mausūb k., jo bat mausūb kī

2 —Badī kā ilzām, burāyī kī tuhmat; la'nat-malāmat; sarzanish; [kısī ke sar yā uskī gardan par dālnā.

Impute, v. t. 1.—Lagana; nisbat d.; mansūb k.; kisī ke zimme laganā; 2.—Koyī burāyī kisī se mansūb k. yā usko us badī kā bānī thahrānā khwāh yah kahnā ki fulān nags is shakhs men hai.

In prep 1.—Jagah waqt ya halat ke lihaz se hudud ke andar rahna yā wāqi' h.; men; andar; bīch; dar; bhītar; bāhar nahīm; minjumla.

Opposed to out of, or from.

2.—Kisī nayī hālat wagaira men dāķhil h.

To put in operation - Nafiz k; jārī k - In blank (Law) - Sirf nam hkh kar. "A term applied to the indorsement of a bill or note by merely writing on it the indorser's name." Webster—In that—Kyūnki, is wajh se ki, is bū'is yā sabab se ki.—In the name of—Kisī kī taraf se; kisī kī jāmb se; kisī kī ijāzat se; kisī ke 'iwaz men yā uske liye of Often used in invocation, swearing, priying, and the like—To be or leep in with (a)—Nazdik rahnā: pās rahuā; muttasi rahnā. (b)—Dostī rabt-zabt yā ķhalā-malā r.; kisī ko apnā mihrbān i bāl karke uskī mihrbānī ko qāim 1. (Colloquial).

In. ad. 1.—Bāhar nabīn; andar, bhītar.

2.—(Law) Qabza dakhl haqqiyat ya haq rakhte huye.

In by purchase—Bar'-dārī ke zarī e se qābiz.

In. n 1.—Woh shakhs jo apne mansab par māmūr yā qāim ho.
The opposite of out.

2—Gosha; kona [that is, nooks and corners." Webster.

"Usually in the plural, and especially in the phrase ins and outs.

Inability, n. Nā-qāuilīyat; 'adam-i qābilīyat; jismānī quwwat yā istitā'at kā baqadr-i-kāfī na r., nā-tuwānī, be maqdūtī; 'adam-i-istitā'at; gair-mustatī' h; zihn yā 'aql men uaqs

Inaccessible, a Jis tak rasāyī na ho-sake; jahāń bāryābī na ho sake; jis tak pahunch na saken; jo mil na sake; jo dast-yāb na ho-sake, jiskā milnā munkin na ho. [galatī, bhūl; chūk, naqs

Inaccuracy, n. Gair i sahih h., sahih yā thik na h; 'adani-i sihhat; Inaccurate, a. Sahih nahīn, jisse be-ihtiyāti yā 'adam tawajjuhi pāyi jāe; thik yā durust nahīn, sachāyī yā haqiqat ke mutābiq nahīn; galat; nā-durust.

[galati yā bhūl-chūk se Inaccurately, ad Thik thik nahīn; galat; nā-durust yā nā-durust se,

Inaction, n Sustī; mihnat se dast-kashī; āiām; be kārī.

Inactive, a. I.—Gair-mutaharrik; jismen harakat kī quwwat na ho.

2—Kām yā koshish karne par māil nahīn; mihnatī nahīn; kām men lagā huā (masrūf) uabīn; be-kār; sust, kāhil; majhūl.

Inactivity, n 1.—'Adam-qābilīyat i-harakat, idhai-udhar chalne-phìrne hilne-doine kī tāqat na r. fragbat na r.

2—Susti; majhūliyat, kāhilī; koshish yā kisī kām ke karne kī Inadequacy, n Kisī shai kā kisī maqsad ke anjām ke hiye kāfī yā bas na h.; 'adam i-iktifā; kāfī na h. yā iktifā na k.; kotāhī; kamī; kasar, gairmuktafī h., naqs, barābai na h; naqs jo nā wājib yā nā-munāsib ho.

Inadequate, a Jo anjām-i-maqsad ke liye kāfī na ho; jisse matlab-barārī ba-khūbī na ho; gair-musāwī; nā-mukammal; nāqis; nā-kāfī; wājib yā jitnā chāhiye utnā nabīn; munāsib andāz ke muwāfiq nahīn.

Inadequately, ad. Ba-tarz i-nā-kāfī; pāiā pūrā yā kāfī nahīń, kam; nāqis taur par.

Inadmissibility, a. 'Adam-qāhılīyat-i pazīrāyī; sun liye yā manzūr kıy jāne ke lānq na h; qabūl yā taslīm kiye jāne ke qābıl nahîn.

Inadmissible, α Pazītāyī yā taslīm ke qābil nahīn, jo aisā na ho ki dākhil mauzūr yā taslīm kiyā jāsake; jo hye jāne ke lāiq na ho, nā qābil-i pazītāyī; mamnū'u-s-samā'at; nā-qābil i-samā'at.

Inadvertence, n 1.—Be-tawaijuhī; be-ihtiyātī; gaffat; dil na lagānā,

Inadvertency, he-parwayi; he-khabari.

2.—Tawajjuh na karne kā natīja; sahw bhūl chūk yā khatā jo kisi bāt par khajāl na rabhne kī wajh se ho. Inadvertent, a. Kısî bät men dıl na lagane w.; be parwa; be-khabar; gaflat-shı'ar

Inadvertently, ad. Be-tawajjuhī ke bā'ns, tawajjuh na karne ke sabab se, gaflat kī wajh se, be fiknī yā be khabanī kī wajh se; be-soche-bichāne [taraf muntaqil na ho-sake.

Inalienable, a. Nā-qābil-i-ıntiqāl, jo qānūn yā ınsāf ke rū se dūsie kī Inanimate, a Be-jān; be-jī; murda.

Inappealable, a. Jiskā murāfa'a na ho-sake; nī-gābil-i apīl

Inapplicable, a Gan-muta'allıq; jiskā itlāq kisī dūsne par na ho-sake; jo kisī ke hasb-i-hāl na ho, jisko dūsne se 'alāqa na ho, jo kāi-āmad na ho; gair-chaspān; gan-mauzūn.

The argument or the testimony is inapplicable to the case—Yah dalil yā shahādat is muqaddame se gair muta'alliq hai (uske liye kār-āmad nabīn hai)

Inapplicability, n Gair-munäsabat, 'adam-i-itlāq; munāsib mauzūn yā chaspān na h. [zebā; nā-shāista; nā munāsib.

Inappropriate, a. Gair-muta'allıq; gair mauzūn; hasb-i-hāl nahîn; nā-Inasmuch, ad. Is lihāz se ki, ba-khayāl iske ki; chūń-ki, kyūnki.

Followed by as

Inattention, n. Be-tawajjuhī; kisī shai par khūb dhyān na d; beparwāyī; be khabaiī; gaflat. [gaflat-shi'ār, be-fikr, be-parwā.

Inattentive, a. Gair-mutawajjih: jo kisī bāt par dil na lagāye; gāfil yā Inaugurate, v. t 1—Rusūm-i-mazhabī yā muuāsib ke adā karpe ke ba'd kisī ko kisī mansab pai qāim k.; qī'ide ke mutābiq kisī 'uhde ke ikhtiyārāt tafwīz k [uumāish 'awām men bār-i-awwal k.

2.—Shutu katānā; āgāz karānā; jātī k.; chalānā; kisī shat kī Inauguration, n. 1.—Rusūm-i-munāsib ke anjām ke ba'd kisī mansab wagaita par kisī ko māmūr k., tusūm-i-mazhabī adā kar-ke kisī mansab pat qātm k.

2 — Koyi nayi bāt tarz-i-kārwāyi yā numāish wagaira mazhabi yā

qa'ıde ke ıusum ke ada karne ke ba'd shuru' k (uskā āgāz).

Inauspicious, a Nā-mubārak; nā-mas'ūd, manhūs yā nahs; kam-bakht; burā, nā-muwāfiq, bad-shugūn, subh (shubh) nahīn.

Inborn, a. Jibillî; aslî; paidāishī, khilqī; zātī; tabī'i, bātinī.

Inbred, a. Vide supra

Incalculable, a. Jiskî gintî na ho-sake ; be shumar ; be-hisab.

Incapability, n 1.— Nā qābilīyat; 'adam-i-liyāqat; 'adam-i salāhiyat; kisī bāt kī aslī salāhiyat yā quwwat kā na r [qābilīyat yā ne-ikhtiyārī.

2—(Law) Qābilīyat yā ikhtiyār-i-qānūnī kā na r.; qānūnī nā-Incapable, a. 1.—Jismen kāfī wus'at yā gunjāish na ho; jismen quwwat-i-jismānī na ho, dil kā kam-zor; jo apnī tabī'at kī mazbūtī yā istiqlāl kī wajh se kisī būre fi'l ke karne par rāgīb yā āmāda na karāyā jā sake.

2.—Aısı halat men kı uspar koyı fi'l sadın na ho-sake; is qabıl

nahīn ki uski nisbat kuchh kiyā jā sake; nā qābil; lāiq nahīn

A bridge incapable of reparation - Pul jiski marammat na ho sake (jo marammat ke qabil na ho)

3.—(Luw.) Jismen qanun salahıyat liyaqat ya qabiliyat na ho; jismen woh baten na hon jo qanun ke ruse dar-kar hon.

Incapacitate, v. t. 1.—Kısı shar ki salahiyat baqı na r.; kısı bat ke

jānne samajhne yā karne kī aslī quwwat se mahrūm k ; nā-qābil banānā yā k ; ma'zūr k , he-kār kar-d.; nīkammā banā d.

2.—(Lau) Un bāton ke karne se ma'zūr kar d. jo qānūnan zarūr i.on; ba'z af'āl-i-muta'allıq-ı-lıuqüq ke anjām kī salāhiyat yā qābıliyat se mahrūm k; nā-qābil yā nā-lāiq kai d.

Conviction of a crime incapacitates one to be a witness-Kisi shakhs ka jurn men mākhūz h. use ādā i shabādat ki salāhiyat i-qānūni se mahrūm kar

Incapacity, n 1.---'Adam-i-liyāqat, naqs-i-fahm; kisī amr-i-rūhānī ke kame kî salāhıyat bi-l-kul na r. yā kam r.; kisī farz yā mansab ke

anjām kī liyāgat na r.

2-(Law) Kisî fi'l ke karne khwah kısî shar ke lene dene ya mun taqıl karne ki qanuni salahıyat ıstıta'at ya qabiliyat na r., qanuni na-

lıyaqatı ya 'adam-ı-qabiliyat, qanunı ma'züri

The ircapacity of miners to make binding contracts is obvious - Zahir hai ki nābāligon men is bāt ki salāhiyat nahin hotī ki we aise mu'āhade karen jo qanquen wājibu-t-ta'mil hon, nībālig mu'āhadāt i qābilu-n-nafāz nahīń kar sakte.

Incarcerate, v. t Qaid k., band k , mahbūs k , qaid khāne men r.

Incarceration, a. Qaid, asīrī; band

Incendiarism, n. Makānāt men 'adāwatan āg lagānā (ātash-zani).

Incendiary, n 1.-Woh shakhs jo kisi makan men ag lagawe; woh shakhs jo gair ke makan-i-maskuna khwab dusie ghar ko 'adawat ke sabab se jalā de, ātash-zan; ātish-zanī kā mujrim.

2.—Woh shaklıs jo do fariq-ı-mukhālıf ko targīb de kar unke mā bain khūb takiār kaiā de, mufsid, fitna angez; ag lagāne w.; shu'la

bharkāne w.

Incendiary, a. 1.—'Adāwatan ātash-zanī se nisbat r w.; āg lagāne kā

2 — Jisse jhagrā fasād bagāwat yā takiār paidā ho; shu'la-angez; fag-kar-d. yā āg lagā d.; taish men lāuā āg-lagāū Incense, v. t. Nihāyat bī gussa dīlānā; chhernā , nā rāz k.; khuhlānā;

Incentive, a. Tahrik k w.; muharrık; taqwiyat ya harakat d. w., jisse kısî bāt kî tahılk targib yā taqwiyat ho.

Incentive, n Woh bat jisse dil ko jumbish ho; woh bat jiski wajh se kısî 'azm yā fi'l ke karne kî targib ho, aisî bāt jo dil ko bhalāyi khwāb burāyī ki taraf māil kaie, wajh-i-tahrīk; bā'is; sabab

The love of money and the desire of promotion are two most powerful incentnes to action—Zar ki muhabbat aur taraqqi ki khwähish yah donon baten

aısı hain 30 dil ko kam karne ki taraf pıhayat hi mail kartı hain.

Incessant, a. Jo yak-lakht qāim rahe yā pai-ham hotā jāe, jiskā silsila na tūte; jo band na ho; jismen khalal wāqi' na ho; jiskā tār lagā rabe; lagā-tār. [barābar barastā jāe aur band na ho

Incessant rams-Lagātār bārish, aisī bārish jiskā silsila na tūte; aisā menh jo Incest, n. Aise qarābat-mandon ke mā-bam zma-kārī jo bā-ham shādi ke mujāz na hon; ziuā-i bi l-muhārim.

Incestnous, a. Aise rishtadāron se zinā kā murtakib jinmen bāham shādī mamnū' ho yā jisse yah jurm paidā ho.

Ince, n. i.—Lambāyī (tūl) kā ek paimāna jo fut kā bārahwān hissa hotā hai ; tīn jau kī lambāyī , tasū

2.—Waqt yā jagah kā thorā fāsila yā darja; miqdār-i-qalīl, nāzuk waqt, 'ain waqt.

By inches - Ahista-āhista, rafta-rafta, ba-tadīj,

Inch-meal, n Ek meh lambā tukra

By inch-meal - Thora-thora; qadre-qadre

Inch-meal, ad. Thora-thora, qadre-qadre; shuda-shuda; rafta-rafta

Incheate. a. Jiskā agaz hāl men ya thore hi der pahle hua ho; bahut hāl kā yā koyī dam kā, jiskā mahz agāz ho, ibtidāyī; nā-mukammal.

Incident, a 1.—Jo ittifāqiya āye yā wāqi ho; jiškā waqū ma'mūlī tarīq par na ho; jo ummed ke mutābiq zuhūr-pazīr na ho; jo kisi aslī manshā ke muta'alliq zuhūr men na āwe; ittifāqī; nāgahān

2 — Sai-zad h. w., wuqu' men ane w., hone w; bi-t tab' waqi' h w.,

asli ta'alluq r. w. [qūf.

 $3 - (La\hat{w})$ Qāuūnan kisī dūsi asl shai se muta'alliq yā uspar mau-

Incident, n 1.—Amr-i ittifāqī; ittifāq; sanjog, mājarā, wāqi's; sāniha

2.—Fi'l-i-adnā; woh fi'l jo kisī aslī fi'l-i-maqsūd ke 'alāwa wāqi' he 3.—(Law) Woh shai jo qānūnan kisī dūsiī aslī shai se muta'aliiq

ho vā jiskā madār us dūsi asli shar par ho

Incidental, a. 1 — Ittitīqī; jiskā wuqū' barābar na ho; jo hamesha na huā kare; jo begair pahle se irāda kiye ho-jīe; 'ārizī.

An uncidental conversation - Bat chit jo ittifaqiya ho-jae.

2 - Jo kısı maqsad-ı-khās ke lıye lazimi ua ho, 'arizi.

Incipient, a Ibtidāyī; jisse koyī bāt shurū' ho, shurū' kā

Incised, 1/p. or a. Kata hua; jo katne ki wajh se bo.

An incised wound - Zakhm jo chamre ke kat jane ki wajh se ho Incised lips -Kate huye lab; kati hothen

Incision, n. 1.--Kāţnā, kisī chīz men kāţ k

2—Kāt; lambā aur gahirā zakbm; kisī tez yā nok-dār āle se kisī shai kī sath (uske berūnī hisse) ko judā kar-d

Incite, v. t. 1.--Targīb yā tahtīk se dil ko kisī fi'l ke karne par rāgib k.; ubhārnā; uksānā, tahtīk karke āge barhānā, āmāda k.

Incitement, n. 1.—Tahrīk, targīb.

2 — Woh shar jisse dil ko tahrik ho; woh bat jiski wajh se kisi kam ke kame par tabi'at ragib ho; wajh-i tahrik; sabab; ba'is.

Incivility, n. 1 — Kaj-khulqī; bad akhlāqī; dūsron se khush akhlāqī ke sāth pesh ānā.

2.—Koyî fi'l jo tahzîb ke khılāf ho; jahālat kī bat.

Usually in the plural

Inclemency, n. 1.—Be-dardī; be rahmī; muzāj men narmī kā na h; dil kī sakhtī, karāyī; durushtī

Applied to persons

2.—Hawā kā shiddat se chalnā menh kā barasnā yā sardī kā khūb paṛnā 'alā-hāza l-qiyās

Applied to the weather

Inclement. a. 1.—Be-rahm, dil kā sakht; sakht-mizāj; be-daid; karā; nirdayī; nir-mohī [qısm kī koyī kaifīyat ho.

2.—Jab hawā bārish yā sardī kī shiddæt ho yā āb-o-hawā men isī

Inclination n. 1.—Jhukānā; jhukāw, khamī

2 — Tabi'at yā khwāhish kā mailān, nagbat; mail; mail-i-khātir; ek shai ki nisbat dūsiī shai kī ziyāda khwāhish.

Followed by to.

3.-Shauq; chāh, uns; khwāhish.

With for.

Incline, v 1. 1 — Jhuknā, khatt-i-mustaqīm yā mutawāzī se muŗ-kar kisī shai kī taraf phunā, muṛnā

The road inclines to the south-Woh sarak dakkhin ko muri hai

2.—Khwāhish yā mailān r.; māil h.; kisīqadar chāhnā; kisī rīe tarīq yā shakhs se ittifāq k., iāgib b., chāhnā.

Incline, v. t. 1.—Jhukānā; mornā, phernā.

Incline your head to the right-Apna sar dahine teraf jhukao.

2 —Phernā; māil yā rāgib k; dil ko kiei taraf lagānā.

3 - Jhukānā, nigūn k; nihurānā

Inclose, v. t I.—(Written also enclose) Ghernā; band kar-ke bhītar har-l; muhīt k.; ihāta gher l, chāron taiaf se qaid yā jakar-band kai-d; chāi-dīwāiī ke bhītar kar l.

2 - Lifafe wagaira men band k.; malfüf k.

Inclosure, n. 1.—Īhāta; chār-dīwārī; bāṭa; ghetā; sahn [t-mahmūla. 2.—Woh shat jokisī lifāfe men malfūf yā band ho masalan kāgaz,shat-Include, v. t. 1.—Andar r.; ek chīz ke bhītar düstī chīz r., rahnā yā h

A pearl is included in a shell-Moti sip men (sip ke andar) hotā hai.

2—Shāmil r; dāķhil k.; darj k; ta'alluq r. yā muta'alliq h; mutazammin h; muhtawī h; mushtamil h. [muhtawī-bar. Including, ppr. Ma'; sāth; ba-shumūl; mutazammin yā mushtamil-bar;

Inclusion, n. Shāmil k. yā h.; shumūl; ishtimāl; adkhāl; indirāj. Inclusive, a. Had yā hudūd-i-mu'aiyana shāmil rakhtā huā; jismen kisī

shai ki ibtida ya intiha khwah donon shamil hon.

From Saturday to Tuesday *anchuswe*—Sanīchar se Mangal tak ya'nī jis aıyām kā zukr hai usmen Sanīchar aur Mangal donon shāmil hain (usse koyī mus tasuā nahīn hai).

INCOGNITO. a. or adv. Lā-ma'lūm; chhip-kar; khufyatan; bhes yā sūrat badal kar; farzī haisiyat banā aur farzī nām rakh kar.

Incognizable, a. Nā-gābilī samā at; jise tamīz na karsaken; jise jān

yā pahchān na saken.

Incoherence, \ n. 1 —Bā-ham chaspān na h ; ek se dūsre kā lagā na Incoherency, \ rahnā; kisī shai ke ajzā kā bāham milā na rahnā (khulā rahnā).

2.—'Adam-ı-ıttifāq; nā-muwāfaqat; tanāquz; be-mel h.; ek juzw

kā dūsre juzw se ta'alluq na r.; gair-i munāsabat.

Incoherent, a. 1 — Phīlā, be mel; ek dūsre se lagā yā mīlā huā nahīn; jo bāham basta na hon

2 —Bejor; be-mel, gair mutābiq; nā-muwāfiq; mutanāqiz; jiskā

ek hissa düsre hisse se laga na ho, be-thaur-thekane; be-rabt.

Incoherently, ad. Be-jor; be-thaur-thekane; ukhra-pukhra; be-sar-o-pa; be-mel; be-silsıla.

Incombustible, a Jo ag se jal na sake, atash-gir nahin

Income, n. Jo kuchh mihnat kār-o-bār yā kisī qism kī jāedād se hāsil ho; paidāwār-i-mezra', makānāt kā kurāya; peshe ke muta'alliq kār-o-bār kī āmadanī; tijānat yā peshe kā manāfi', rupaye yā lot wagana kā sūd, māl-guzārī, mahāsil; jo kuchh kisī shakhs yā jamā'at ko ushā jāedād se sāl-dar-sāl mile, naf' yā manāfi'.

Income is often used synonymously with revenue. but income is more generally applied to the gain of private persons, and revenue to that of a sovereign or of a state." IVebster

Intome tav — Woh mahsül jo kısı shakha ki ku! ämadanı wa mauāfi' wegaira par yā usmen se kısıqadar muhā karke zar-ı-bīqi par hyā jāe, imadanı par mahsül

Incommensurate, a Andāz ya miqdāi men barābai nahīn; gair-musāwī; barābar nahīn, gair-muktafī, nā kāfī. [khalal yā futūr dālnā

Incommode, v t. Taklīf d, bā'ıs-ı-taklīf h.; diq k, īzā d; āiām men Incommodious, α Subhīte kā iiahīn, jisse ārām na mile yā naf na ho; hash-ı-khwāh nahīn, taklīf-dili par bahut muzir nahīn.

Incomparable, a Jisse muqābala na ho sake, jo dūsre se takkar yā jov na khāe, anūthā, anokhā, lā-sānī, be-misāl, be-nazīr, bahut hī barā. Incompatible, a. Mukhālif, khilāf; mutazād; jo dūsre ke sāth na rah sake, itnā khilāf ki bā-ham qiyām-pazīi na ho yā ittifaq-o sulh se 'amal na kai-sake; nihāyat hī be-mel; mutanāqiz, bi-l-'aks, be-jor. Followed by with.

Incompetence, \(\) n. 1.—Be-maqdūtī, jismānī yā zihnī quwwat kā bakhūbī Incompetency, \(\) yā kāfī taur par na h., 'adam-kifāyat, kisī shat kā ba-qadr-ri-kāfī na h.[sifat qānūti yā qā'ide ke rū se darkār ho uskā na r.

2.—(Law) Nā-qābilīyat i qānūnī; qānūnī liyāqat kā na r.; jo kuchh Incompetent, a I — Kāfī quwwat maqdaiat liyāqat yā istitā'at wagana na r. w; nā-lāiq, ma'zūr; zihnī quwwat wagana ba-qadr-i-kāfī na r. w; nā-qābil; nā-kāfī; nāqis; kam.

2.—(Law.) Salāhiyat-i-qānūnī na r. w.; qābilīyat-i-mahkūma-i qānūn

kā muhtā;; qānūnan nā-lāiq yā nā qābil.

A person wanting in religious belief is an incompetent witness in a court of law or equity.

[qāntūnan adā-i-shahādat nahīn kar saktā.]

Jo shakhs 'aqīda-i mazhabi nahīn rakhtā woh 'adālat-i-qūnūn yā maāf men 3 — Nā-munāsih heliā i ikhti vār se hāhar oūnūnan hekār vā 'abaz

3.—Nā-munāsib; be-jā; ikhtiyār se bāhar, qūnūnan be-kār yā 'abas It is incompetent for the defendant to make this defence. Mudda'ā 'alah kā is 'uzr kā pesh k qūnūnan be-kār hai yā is 'uzr kā karnā qānūnan uske

ikhtyār se bāhar hai
Incomplete a. Nā mukammal, adhūrā; pūrā nahīn; jo khātune ko na
pahunchā ho; jiskā khātima na huā ho; nāqis; nā-tamām, jo anjām ko
na pahunchā ho. [samajh men na āye; nā-qābil-i-idrāk; ba'īdu-l-fahm
Inconceivable, a. Jo khayāl men na ā-sake; jo zihn men na ā-sake; jo

Inconclusive, a. Gair-i qāti', jiskā natīja yā maāl-i-kār kuchh na ho, jusse kisī bahs yā amr-i-mashkūk kā tasfīya na ho; gau-i-shāfī; gair-i-mukhtatim.

Incongruity, n Gair-munāsbat yā 'adam-munāsabat; be-mel h.; ek shar kā dūsrī shar se nisbat na r.; tanāquz; nā-muwāfaqat; gair-mauzūmyat.